Pathfinder Roleplaying Game Core Reference Document

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By Mike Dusseault

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1. Playing the Game

actions of the players and the characters controlled by the thoughts when the rules are in doubt. Game Master (frequently called non-player characters, or NPCs) are not certain. Most actions require dice rolls to determine success, with some tasks being more difficult than others. Each character is better at some things than he is at other things, granting him bonuses based on his skills and The Pathfinder RPG uses a number of terms, abbreviations, abilities.

Whenever a roll is required, the roll is noted as "d#," with the "#" representing the number of sides on the die. If you Ability Score: Each creature has six ability scores: Strength, results together. Sometimes there will be a + or - after the character possesses. notation, meaning that you add that number to, or subtract it from, the total results of the dice (not to each individual die rolled). Most die rolls in the game use a d20 with a number of modifiers based on the character's skills, his or her abilities, and the situation. Generally speaking, rolling high is better than rolling low. Percentile rolls are a special case, indicated as rolling d%. You can generate a random number in this range by rolling two differently colored ten-sided dice Alignment: Alignment represents a creature's basic moral easier. Unless otherwise noted, whenever you must round a are neutral in both components are denoted by a single "N." number, always round down.

items, and experience points. Gold can be used to purchase better equipment, while magic items possess powerful abilities that enhance your character. Experience points are awarded for overcoming challenges and completing major storylines. When your character has earned enough experience points, he increases his character level by one, granting him new powers and abilities that allow him to take on even greater challenges.

The Most Important Rule

The rules in this book are here to help you breathe life into your characters and the world they explore. While they are designed to make your game easy and exciting, you might find that some of them do not suit the style of play that your Caster Level (CL): Caster level represents a creature's gaming group enjoys. Remember that these rules are yours. power and ability when casting spells. When a creature casts

You can change them to fit your needs. Most Game Masters have a number of "house rules" that they use in their games. The Game Master and players should always discuss any While playing the Pathfinder RPG, the Game Master rules changes to make sure that everyone understands how describes the events that occur in the game world, and the game will be played. Although the Game Master is the players take turns describing what their characters do in final arbiter of the rules, the Pathfinder RPG is a shared response to those events. Unlike storytelling, however, the experience, and all of the players should contribute their

Common Terms

and definitions in presenting the rules of the game. The following are among the most common.

need to roll multiple dice of the same type, there will be a Dexterity, Constitution, Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma. number before the "d." For example, if you are required to These scores represent a creature's most basic attributes. The roll 4d6, you should roll four six-sided dice and add the higher the score, the more raw potential and talent your

> **Action**: An action is a discrete measurement of time during a round of combat. Using abilities, casting spells, and making attacks all require actions to perform. There are a number of different kinds of actions, such as a standard action, move action, swift action, free action, and full-round action (see Combat).

(2d10). Pick one color to represent the tens digit, then roll and ethical attitude. Alignment has two components: one both dice. If the die chosen to be the tens digit rolls a "4" and describing whether a creature is lawful, neutral, or chaotic, the other d10 rolls a "2," then you've generated a 42. A zero followed by another that describes whether a character is on the tens digit die indicates a result from 1 to 9, or 100 if good, neutral, or evil. Alignments are usually abbreviated both dice result in a zero. Some d10s are printed with "10," using the first letter of each alignment component, such as "20," "30," and so on in order to make reading d% rolls LN for lawful neutral or CE for chaotic evil. Creatures that

Armor Class (AC): All creatures in the game have an Armor As your character goes on adventures, he earns gold, magic Class. This score represents how hard it is to hit a creature in combat. As with other scores, higher is better.

> **Base Attack Bonus (BAB)**: Each creature has a base attack bonus and it represents its skill in combat. As a character gains levels or Hit Dice, his base attack bonus improves. When a creature's base attack bonus reaches +6, +11, or +16, he receives an additional attack in combat when he takes a full-attack action (which is one type of full-round actionsee Combat).

> **Bonus:** Bonuses are numerical values that are added to checks and statistical scores. Most bonuses have a type, and as a general rule, bonuses of the same type are not cumulative (do not "stack")—only the greater bonus granted

a spell, it often contains a number of variables, such as range when they reach or surpass a specific value, the character or damage, that are based on the caster's level.

characters and some other creatures. Classes give a host of allow creatures to circumvent rules or restrictions. Creatures bonuses and allow characters to take actions that they receive a number of feats based off their Hit Dice, but some otherwise could not, such as casting spells or changing classes and other abilities grant bonus feats. shape. As a creature gains levels in a given class, it gains new, more powerful abilities. Most PCs gain levels in the core classes or prestige classes, since these are the most powerful. Most NPCs gain levels in NPC classes, which are less powerful (see Creating NPCs).

Check: A check is a d20 roll which may or may not be modified by another value. The most common types are attack rolls, skill checks, and saving throws.

does not directly cause harm to your opponent, such as attempting to trip him, disarm him, or grapple with him (see value is used to determine a creature's total hit points. In this Combat).

Combat Maneuver Bonus (CMB): This value represents how skilled a creature is at performing a combat maneuver. When attempting to perform a combat maneuver, this value **Hit Points** (hp): Hit points are an abstraction signifying how is added to the character's d20 roll.

Combat Maneuver Defense (CMD): This score represents how hard it is to perform a combat maneuver against this creature. A creature's CMD is used as the difficulty class when performing a maneuver against that creature.

concentration check or fail to cast the spell (see Magic).

Creature: A creature is an active participant in the story or world. This includes PCs, NPCs, and monsters.

Damage Reduction (DR): Creatures that are resistant to harm typically have damage reduction. This amount is subtracted from any damage dealt to them from a physical source. Most types of DR can be bypassed by certain types of weapons. This is denoted by a "/" followed by the type, such as "10/cold iron." Some types of DR apply to all Level: A character's level represents his overall ability and physical attacks. Such DR is denoted by the "—" symbol. See Special Abilities for more information.

Difficulty Class (DC): Whenever a creature attempts to perform an action whose success is not guaranteed, he must make some sort of check (usually a skill check). The result of that check must meet or exceed the Difficulty Class of the action that the creature is attempting to perform in order for the action to be successful.

Exceptional Abilities (Ex): Exceptional abilities are unusual abilities that do not rely on magic to function.

Experience Points (XP): As a character overcomes challenges, defeats monsters, and completes quests, he gains experience points. These points accumulate over time, and

gains a level.

Class: Classes represent chosen professions taken by Feat: A feat is an ability a creature has mastered. Feats often

Game Master (GM): A Game Master is the person who adjudicates the rules and controls all of the elements of the story and world that the players explore. A GM's duty is to provide a fair and fun game.

Hit Dice (HD): Hit Dice represent a creature's general level of power and skill. As a creature gains levels, it gains additional Hit Dice. Monsters, on the other hand, gain racial Hit Dice, which represent the monster's general prowess and Combat Maneuver: This is an action taken in combat that ability. Hit Dice are represented by the number the creature possesses followed by a type of die, such as "3d8." This example, the creature has 3 Hit Dice. When rolling for this creature's hit points, you would roll a d8 three times and add the results together, along with other modifiers.

robust and healthy a creature is at the current moment. To determine a creature's hit points, roll the dice indicated by its Hit Dice. A creature gains maximum hit points if its first Hit Die roll is for a character class level. Creatures whose first Hit Die comes from an NPC class or from his race roll their first Hit Die normally. Wounds subtract hit points, while Concentration Check: When a creature is casting a spell, healing (both natural and magical) restores hit points. Some but is disrupted during the casting, he must make a abilities and spells grant temporary hit points that disappear after a specific duration. When a creature's hit points drop below 0, it becomes unconscious. When a creature's hit points reach a negative total equal to its Constitution score, it

> Initiative: Whenever combat begins, all creatures involved in the battle must make an initiative check to determine the order in which creatures act during combat. The higher the result of the check, the earlier a creature gets to act.

> power. There are three types of levels. Class level is the number of levels of a specific class possessed by a character. Character level is the sum of all of the levels possessed by a character in all of his classes. In addition, spells have a level associated with them numbered from 0 to 9. This level indicates the general power of the spell. As a spellcaster gains levels, he learns to cast spells of a higher level.

> **Monster**: Monsters are creatures that rely on racial Hit Dice instead of class levels for their powers and abilities (although some possess class levels as well). PCs are usually not monsters.

> Multiplying: When you are asked to apply more than one multiplier to a roll, the multipliers are not multiplied by one another. Instead, you combine them into a single multiplier,

with each extra multiple adding 1 less than its value to the do not stack. Instead, only the highest bonus applies. Most first multiple. For example, if you are asked to apply a $\times 2$ penalties do stack, meaning that their values are added multiplier twice, the result would be $\times 3$, not $\times 4$.

Nonplayer Character (NPC): These controlled by the GM.

Penalty: Penalties are numerical values that are subtracted from a check or statistical score. Penalties do not have a type and most penalties stack with one another.

Player Character (Character, PC): These are the characters information on how it is used and its effects. portrayed by the players.

round, all creatures have a chance to take a turn to act, in course of one turn, a character can perform one standard order of initiative. A round represents 6 seconds in the game action, one move action, one swift action, and a number of world.

Rounding: Occasionally the rules ask you to round a result or value. Unless otherwise stated, always round down. For example, if you are asked to take half of 7, the result would be 3.

dangerous spell or effect, it often receives a saving throw to RPG allows you to make the character you want to play. mitigate the damage or result. Saving throws are passive, When generating a character, start with your character's meaning that a character does not need to take an action to concept. Do you want a character who goes toe-to-toe with make a saving throw—they are made automatically. There terrible monsters, matching sword and shield against claws are three types of saving throws: Fortitude (used to resist and fangs? Or do you want a mystical seer who draws his poisons, diseases, and other bodily ailments), Reflex (used to powers from the great beyond to further his own ends? avoid effects that target an entire area, such as fireball), and Nearly anything is possible. Will (used to resist mental attacks and spells).

Skill: A skill represents a creature's ability to perform an ordinary task, such as climb a wall, sneak down a hallway, or spot an intruder. The number of ranks possessed by a creature in a given skill represents its proficiency in that skill. As a creature gains Hit Dice, it also gains additional skill ranks that can be added to its skills.

Spell: Spells can perform a wide variety of tasks, from harming enemies to bringing the dead back to life. Spells they can be resisted or negated.

gained by spellcasting classes as a character gains levels).

Spell Resistance (SR): Some creatures are resistant to magic and gain spell resistance. When a creature with spell resistance is targeted by a spell, the caster of the spell must make a caster level check to see if the spell affects the target. The DC of this check is equal to the target creature's SR Step 3-Pick Your Class: A character's class represents a (some spells do not allow SR checks).

Stacking: Stacking refers to the act of adding together bonuses or penalties that apply to one particular check or statistic. Generally speaking, most bonuses of the same type

together. Penalties and bonuses generally stack with one another, meaning that the penalties might negate or exceed part or all of the bonuses, and vice versa.

Supernatural Abilities (Su): Supernatural abilities are magical attacks, defenses, and qualities. These abilities can be always active or they can require a specific action to utilize. The supernatural ability's description includes

Turn: In a round, a creature receives one turn, during which Round: Combat is measured in rounds. During an individual it can perform a wide variety of actions. Generally in the free actions. Less-common combinations of actions are permissible as well, see Combat for more details.

Generating a Character

Saving Throw: When a creature is the subject of a From the sly rogue to the stalwart paladin, the Pathfinder

Once you have a general concept worked out, use the following steps to bring your idea to life, recording the resulting information and statistics on your Pathfinder RPG character sheet, which can be found at the back of this book and photocopied for your convenience.

Step 1—Determine Ability Scores: Start by generating your character's ability scores. These six scores determine your character's most basic attributes and are used to decide a wide variety of details and statistics. Some class selections specify what they can target, what their effects are, and how require you to have better than average scores for some of your abilities.

Spell-Like Abilities (Sp): Spell-like abilities function just Step 2—Pick Your Race: Next, pick your character's race, like spells, but are granted through a special racial ability or noting any modifiers to your ability scores and any other by a specific class ability (as opposed to spells, which are racial traits (see Races). There are seven basic races to choose from, although your GM might have others to add to the list. Each race lists the languages your character automatically knows, as well as a number of bonus languages. A character knows a number of additional bonus languages equal to his or her Intelligence modifier.

> profession, such as fighter or wizard. If this is a new character, he starts at 1st level in his chosen class. As he gains experience points (XP) for defeating monsters, he goes up in level, granting him new powers and abilities.

Step 4—Pick Skills and Select Feats: Determine the Classic: Roll 3d6 and add the dice together. Record this total his class and Intelligence modifier (and any other bonuses, Assign these results to your ability scores as you see fit. This select them from those presented in Feats.

Step 5—Buy Equipment: Each new character begins the game with an amount of gold, based on his class, that can be Heroic: Roll 2d6 and add 6 to the sum of the dice. Record use this starting money to buy magic items without the generates characters with mostly above-average scores. consent of your GM.

Step 6—Finishing Details: Finally, you need to determine statistics. Before the dice are rolled, the player selects the all of a character's details, including his starting hit points number of dice to roll for each score, with a minimum of 3d6 (hp), Armor Class (AC), saving throws, initiative modifier, for each ability. Once the dice have been assigned, the player and attack values. All of these numbers are determined by the rolls each group and totals the result of the three highest dice. decisions made in previous steps. Aside from these, you need For more high-powered games, the GM should increase the to decide on your character's name, alignment, and physical total number of dice to 28. This method generates characters appearance. It is best to jot down a few personality traits as of a similar power to the Standard method. well, to help you play the character during the game. Additional rules (like age and alignment) are described in Additional Rules.

Ability Scores

Each character has six ability scores that represent his character's most basic attributes. They are his raw talent and prowess. While a character rarely rolls a check using just an ability score, these scores, and the modifiers they create, affect nearly every aspect of a character's skills and abilities. Each ability score generally ranges from 3 to 18, although racial bonuses and penalties can alter this; an average ability score is 10.

Generating Ability Scores

There are a number of different methods used to generate ability scores. Each of these methods gives a different level of flexibility and randomness to character generation.

Racial modifiers (adjustments made to your ability scores due to your character's race—see Races) are applied after the scores are generated.

Standard: Roll 4d6, discard the lowest die result, and add the three remaining results together. Record this total and repeat the process until six numbers are generated. Assign these totals to your ability scores as you see fit. This method is less random than Classic and tends to create characters with above-average ability scores.

number of skill ranks possessed by your character, based on and repeat the process until you generate six numbers. such as the bonus received by humans). Then spend these method is quite random, and some characters will have ranks on skills, but remember that you cannot have more clearly superior abilities. This randomness can be taken one ranks than your level in any one skill (for a starting character, step further, with the totals applied to specific ability scores this is usually one). After skills, determine how many feats in the order they are rolled. Characters generated using this your character receives, based on his class and level, and method are difficult to fit to predetermined concepts, as their scores might not support given classes or personalities, and instead are best designed around their ability scores.

spent on a wide range of equipment and gear, from chainmail this total and repeat the process until six numbers are armor to leather backpacks. This gear helps your character generated. Assign these totals to your ability scores as you survive while adventuring. Generally speaking, you cannot see fit. This is less random than the Standard method and

Dice Pool: Each character has a pool of 24d6 to assign to his

Purchase: Each character receives a number of points to spend on increasing his basic attributes. In this method, all attributes start at a base of 10. A character can increase an individual score by spending some of his points. Likewise, he can gain more points to spend on other scores by decreasing one or more of his ability scores. No score can be reduced below 7 or raised above 18 using this method. See Table: Ability Score Costs for the costs of each score. After all the points are spent, apply any racial modifiers the character might have.

Table 1-1: Ability Score Costs

Score	Points
7	-4
8	-2
9	-1
10	0
11	1
12	2
13	3
14	5
15	7
16	10
17	13
18	17

Table 1-2: Ability Score Points

Campaign Type	Points
Low Fantasy	10
Standard Fantasy	15
High Fantasy	20
Epic Fantasy	25

The number of points you have to spend using the purchase method depends on the type of campaign you are playing. The standard value for a character is 15 points. Average nonplayer characters (NPCs) are typically built using as few as 3 points. See Table: Ability Score Points for a number of possible point values depending on the style of campaign. The purchase method emphasizes player choice and creates equally balanced characters. This system is typically used for organized play events, such as the Pathfinder Society (visit paizo.com/pathfinderSociety for more details on this exciting campaign).

Determine Bonuses

Each ability, after changes made because of race, has a modifier ranging from –5 to +5. Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells shows the modifier for each score. The modifier is the number you apply to the die roll when your character tries to do something related to that ability. You also use the modifier with some numbers that aren't die rolls. A positive modifier is called a bonus, and a negative modifier is called a penalty. The table also shows bonus spells, which you'll need to know about if your character is a spellcaster.

Abilities and Spellcasters

The ability that governs bonus spells depends on what type of spellcaster your character is: Intelligence for wizards; Wisdom for clerics, druids, and rangers; and Charisma for bards, paladins, and sorcerers. In addition to having a high ability score, a spellcaster must be of a high enough class level to be able to cast spells of a given spell level. See the class descriptions in Classes for details.

Table 1-3: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells

Ability Score	Modifier			Bo	nus Spel	lls per D	ay (by S	pell Le	vel)		
Ability Score	Mounter	0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
1	-5			(Can't cas	st spells	tied to th	is ability	y		
2–3	-4			(Can't cas	st spells	tied to th	is ability	y		
4–5	-3			(Can't cas	st spells	tied to th	is ability	y		
6–7	-2			(Can't cas	st spells	tied to th	is ability	y		
8–9	-1			(Can't cas	st spells	tied to th	is ability	y		
10–11	0	_	_	_	—	_	—	_	—	_	—
12–13	+1	_	1	_	_		_		_	—	
14–15	+2	_	1	1	—	_	—	_	—	_	—
16–17	+3	_	1	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	
18–19	+4	_	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
20–21	+5		2	1	1	1	1	_		_	
22–23	+6	_	2	2	1	1	1	1	—	—	—
24–25	+7		2	2	2	1	1	1	1		
26–27	+8	_	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	—
28–29	+9		3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
30–31	+10	_	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
32–33	+11	_	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1
34–35	+12	_	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1
36–37	+13	_	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
38–39	+14	_	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
40–41	+15	_	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2
42–43	+16	_	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	2
44–45	+17	_	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3

The Abilities

Each ability partially describes your character and affects some of his actions.

Strength (Str)

Strength measures muscle and physical power. This ability is important for those who engage in hand-to-hand (or "melee") combat, such as fighters, monks, paladins, and some rangers. Strength also sets the maximum amount of weight your character can carry. A character with a Strength score of 0 is too weak to move in any way and is unconscious. Some creatures do not possess a Strength score and have no modifier at all to Strength-based skills or checks.

You apply your character's Strength modifier to:

- Melee attack rolls.
- Damage rolls when using a melee weapon or a thrown weapon, including a sling. (Exceptions: Offhand attacks receive only half the character's Strength bonus, while two-handed attacks receive 1-1/2 times the Strength bonus. A Strength penalty, but not a bonus, applies to attacks made with a bow that is not a composite bow.)
- Climb and Swim checks.
- Strength checks (for breaking down doors and the like).

Dexterity (Dex)

Dexterity measures agility, reflexes, and balance. This ability You apply your character's Intelligence modifier to: is the most important one for rogues, but it's also useful for characters who wear light or medium armor or no armor at all. This ability is vital for characters seeking to excel with ranged weapons, such as the bow or sling. A character with a Dexterity score of 0 is incapable of moving and is effectively immobile (but not unconscious).

You apply your character's Dexterity modifier to:

- Ranged attack rolls, including those for attacks made with bows, crossbows, throwing axes, and many ranged spell attacks like scorching ray or searing light.
- Armor Class (AC), provided that the character can react to the attack.
- Reflex saving throws, for avoiding fireballs and other attacks that you can escape by moving quickly.
- Acrobatics, Disable Device, Escape Artist, Fly, Wisdom (Wis) Ride, Sleight of Hand, and Stealth checks.

Constitution (Con)

Constitution represents your character's health and stamina. A Constitution bonus increases a character's hit points, so the ability is important for all classes. Some creatures, such as undead and constructs, do not have a Constitution score. Their modifier is +0 for any Constitution-based checks. A character with a Constitution score of 0 is dead.

You apply your character's Constitution modifier to:

- Each roll of a Hit Die (though a penalty can never drop a result below 1—that is, a character always gains at least 1 hit point each time he advances in level).
- Fortitude saving throws, for resisting poison, disease, and similar threats.

If a character's Constitution score changes enough to alter his or her Constitution modifier, the character's hit points also increase or decrease accordingly.

Intelligence (Int)

Intelligence determines how well your character learns and reasons. This ability is important for wizards because it affects their spellcasting ability in many ways. Creatures of animal-level instinct have Intelligence scores of 1 or 2. Any creature capable of understanding speech has a score of at least 3. A character with an Intelligence score of 0 is comatose. Some creatures do not possess an Intelligence score. Their modifier is +0 for any Intelligence-based skills or checks.

- The number of bonus languages your character knows at the start of the game. These are in addition to any starting racial languages and Common. If you have a penalty, you can still read and speak your racial languages unless your Intelligence is lower
- The number of skill points gained each level, though your character always gets at least 1 skill point per level.
- Appraise, Craft, Knowledge, Linguistics, and Spellcraft checks.

A wizard gains bonus spells based on his Intelligence score. The minimum Intelligence score needed to cast a wizard spell is 10 + the spell's level.

Wisdom describes a character's willpower, common sense, awareness, and intuition. Wisdom is the most important ability for clerics and druids, and it is also important for

paladins and rangers. If you want your character to have acute senses, put a high score in Wisdom. Every creature has a Wisdom score. A character with a Wisdom score of 0 is incapable of rational thought and is unconscious.

You apply your character's Wisdom modifier to:

- Will saving throws (for negating the effects of *charm person* and other spells).
- Heal, Perception, Profession, Sense Motive, and Survival checks.

Clerics, druids, and rangers get bonus spells based on their Wisdom scores. The minimum Wisdom score needed to cast a cleric, druid, or ranger spell is 10 + the spell's level.

Charisma (Cha)

Charisma measures a character's personality, personal magnetism, ability to lead, and appearance. It is the most important ability for paladins, sorcerers, and bards. It is also important for clerics, since it affects their ability to channel energy. For undead creatures, Charisma is a measure of their unnatural "lifeforce." Every creature has a Charisma score. A character with a Charisma score of 0 is not able to exert himself in any way and is unconscious.

You apply your character's Charisma modifier to:

- Bluff, Diplomacy, Disguise, Handle Animal, Intimidate, Perform, and Use Magic Device checks.
- Checks that represent attempts to influence others.
- Channel energy DCs for clerics and paladins attempting to harm undead foes.
- Bards, paladins, and sorcerers gain a number of bonus spells based on their Charisma scores. The minimum Charisma score needed to cast a bard, paladin, or sorcerer spell is 10 + the spell's level.

and barbarians.

Dwarves are a stoic but stern race, ensconced in cities carved from the hearts of mountains and fiercely determined to repel the depredations of savage races like orcs and goblins. More than any other race, the dwarves have acquired a reputation as dour and humorless craftsmen of the earth. It could be said that dwarven history shapes the dark disposition of many dwarves, for they reside in high mountains and dangerous **Darkvision**: Dwarves can see in the dark up to 60 feet. realms below the earth, constantly at war with giants, goblins, and other such horrors.

Physical Description: Dwarves are a short and stocky race, and stand about a foot shorter than most humans, with wide, compact bodies that account for their burly appearance. Male and female dwarves pride themselves on the length of their hair, and men often decorate their beards with a variety of Hatred: Dwarves receive a +1 bonus on attack rolls against clasps and intricate braids. A clean-shaven male dwarf is a humanoid creatures of the orc and goblinoid subtypes due to sure sign of madness, or worse—no one familiar with their special training against these hated foes. race trusts a beardless dwarf.

Society: The great distances between their mountain citadels against poison, spells, and spell-like abilities. account for many of the cultural differences that exist within dwarven society. Despite these schisms, dwarves throughout the world are characterized by their love of stonework, their passion for stone- and metal-based craftsmanship and architecture, and a fierce hatred of giants, orcs, and Stonecunning: Dwarves receive a +2 bonus on Perception goblinoids.

Relations: Dwarves and orcs have long dwelt in proximity, theirs a history of violence as old as both their races. Dwarves generally distrust and shun half-orcs. They find halflings, elves, and gnomes to be too frail, flighty, or "pretty" to be worthy of proper respect. It is with humans Weapon Familiarity: Dwarves are proficient the dwarven ideal.

Alignment and Religion: Dwarves are driven by honor and Languages: Dwarves begin play speaking Common and who win their trust understand that, while they work hard, Undercommon. they play even harder—especially when good ale is involved. Most dwarves are lawful good.

Adventurers: Although dwarven adventurers are rare compared to humans, they can be found in most regions of the world. Dwarves often leave the confines of their redoubts to seek glory for their clans, to find wealth with which to enrich the fortress-homes of their birth, or to reclaim fallen dwarven citadels from racial enemies. Dwarven warfare is often characterized by tunnel fighting and melee combat, and as such most dwarves tend toward classes such as fighters

Dwarf Racial Traits

Dwarves +2 Constitution, +2 Wisdom, -2 Charisma: Dwarves are both tough and wise, but also a bit gruff.

> Medium: Dwarves are Medium creatures and have no bonuses or penalties due to their size.

> Slow and Steady: Dwarves have a base speed of 20 feet, but their speed is never modified by armor or encumbrance.

Defensive Training: Dwarves get a +4 dodge bonus to AC against monsters of the giant subtype.

Greed: Dwarves receive a +2 racial bonus on Appraise skill checks made to determine the price of nonmagical goods that contain precious metals or gemstones.

Hardy: Dwarves receive a +2 racial bonus on saving throws

Stability: Dwarves receive a +4 racial bonus to their Combat Maneuver Defense when resisting a bull rush or trip attempt while standing on the ground.

checks to potentially notice unusual stonework, such as traps and hidden doors located in stone walls or floors. They receive a check to notice such features whenever they pass within 10 feet of them, whether or not they are actively looking.

that dwarves share the strongest link, for humans' industrious battleaxes, heavy picks, and warhammers, and treat any nature and hearty appetites come closest to matching those of weapon with the word "dwarven" in its name as a martial weapon.

tradition, and while they are often satirized as standoffish, Dwarven. Dwarves with high Intelligence scores can choose they have a strong sense of friendship and justice, and those from the following: Giant, Gnome, Goblin, Orc, Terran, and

Elves

The long-lived elves are children of the natural world, similar in many superficial ways to fey creatures, yet different as well. Elves value their privacy and traditions, and while they are often slow to make friends, at both the personal and national levels, once an outsider is accepted as a comrade, such alliances can last for generations. Elves have a

curious attachment to their surroundings, perhaps as a result **Normal Speed**: Elves have a base speed of 30 feet. of their incredibly long lifespans or some deeper, more mystical reason. Elves who dwell in a region for long find themselves physically adapting to match their surroundings, most noticeably taking on coloration reflecting the local Elven Immunities: Elves are immune to magic sleep effects environment. Those elves that spend their lives among the and get a +2 racial saving throw bonus against enchantment short-lived races, on the other hand, often develop a skewed spells and effects. perception of mortality and become morose, the result of watching wave after wave of companions age and die before their eyes.

Physical Description: Although generally taller than identify the properties of magic items. humans, elves possess a graceful, fragile physique that is accentuated by their long, pointed ears. Their eyes are wide and almond-shaped, and filled with large, vibrantly colored pupils. While elven clothing often plays off the beauty of the Weapon Familiarity: Elves are proficient with longbows natural world, those elves that live in cities tend to bedeck themselves in the latest fashion.

Society: Many elves feel a bond with nature and strive to live in harmony with the natural world. Most, however, find manipulating earth and stone to be distasteful, and prefer Languages: Elves begin play speaking Common and Elven. instead to indulge in the finer arts, with their inborn patience making them particularly suited to wizardry.

Relations: Elves are prone to dismissing other races, writing them off as rash and impulsive, yet they are excellent judges of character. An elf might not want a dwarf neighbor, but would be the first to acknowledge that dwarf's skill at smithing. They regard gnomes as strange (and sometimes dangerous) curiosities, and halflings with a measure of pity, for these small folk seem to the elves to be adrift, without a traditional home. Elves are fascinated with humans, as evidenced by the number of half-elves in the world, even if they usually disown such offspring. They regard half-orcs with distrust and suspicion.

Alignment and Religion: Elves are emotional and capricious, yet value kindness and beauty. Most elves are chaotic good.

pursue classes such as wizards and rangers.

Elf Racial Traits

+2 Dexterity, +2 Intelligence, -2 Constitution: Elves are nimble, both in body and mind, but their form is frail.

Medium: Elves are Medium creatures and have no bonuses or penalties due to their size.

Low-Light Vision: Elves can see twice as far as humans in conditions of dim light. See Additional Rules.

Elven Magic: Elves receive a +2 racial bonus on caster level checks made to overcome spell resistance. In addition, elves receive a +2 racial bonus on Spellcraft skill checks made to

Keen Senses: Elves receive a +2 racial bonus on Perception skill checks.

(including composite longbows), longswords, rapiers, and shortbows (including composite shortbows), and treat any weapon with the word "elven" in its name as a martial weapon.

Elves with high Intelligence scores can choose from the following: Celestial, Draconic, Gnoll, Gnome, Goblin, Orc, and Sylvan.

Gnomes

Gnomes trace their lineage back to the mysterious realm of the fey, a place where colors are brighter, the wildlands wilder, and emotions more primal. Unknown forces drove the ancient gnomes from that realm long ago, forcing them to seek refuge in this world; despite this, the gnomes have never completely abandoned their fey roots or adapted to mortal culture. As a result, gnomes are widely regarded by the other races as alien and strange.

Physical Description: Gnomes are one of the smallest of the common races, generally standing just over 3 feet in height. Adventurers: Many elves embark on adventures out of a Their hair tends toward vibrant colors such as the fiery desire to explore the world, leaving their secluded forest orange of autumn leaves, the verdant green of forests at realms to reclaim forgotten elven magic or search out lost springtime, or the deep reds and purples of wildflowers in kingdoms established millennia ago by their forefathers. For bloom. Similarly, their flesh tones range from earthy browns those raised among humans, the ephemeral and unfettered to floral pinks, frequently with little regard for heredity. life of an adventurer holds natural appeal. Elves generally Gnomes possess highly mutable facial characteristics, and eschew melee because of their frailty, preferring instead to many have overly large mouths and eyes, an effect which can be both disturbing and stunning, depending on the individual.

> Society: Unlike most races, gnomes do not generally organize themselves within classic societal structures. Whimsical creatures at heart, they typically travel alone or with temporary companions, ever seeking new and more exciting experiences. They rarely form relationships among themselves or with members of other races, instead pursuing crafts, professions, or collections with a passion that borders on zealotry. Male gnomes have a strange fondness for unusual hats and headgear, while

females often proudly wear elaborate and hairstyles.

Relations: Gnomes have difficulty interacting with the other bonus against illusion spells or effects. races, on both emotional and physical levels. Gnome humor is hard to translate and often comes across as malicious or senseless to other races, while gnomes in turn tend to think of the taller races as dull and lumbering giants. They get Obsessive: Gnomes receive a +2 racial bonus on a Craft or along well with halflings and humans, but are overly fond of Profession skill of their choice. playing jokes on dwarves and half-orcs, whom most gnomes feel need to lighten up. They respect elves, but often grow frustrated with the comparatively slow pace at which members of the long-lived race make decisions. To the Languages: Gnomes begin play speaking Common, Gnome, all times to keep themselves entertained during rest periods.

Alignment and Religion: Although gnomes are impulsive tricksters, with sometimes inscrutable motives and equally confusing methods, their hearts are generally in the right place. They are prone to powerful fits of emotion, and find themselves most at peace within the natural world.

uncounted dangers facing adventurers. Gnomes make up for their weakness with a proclivity for sorcery or bardic music.

Gnome Racial Traits

+2 Constitution, +2 Charisma, -2 Strength: Gnomes are physically weak but surprisingly hardy, and their attitude makes them naturally agreeable.

Small: Gnomes are Small creatures and gain a +1 size bonus to their AC, a +1 size bonus on attack rolls, a -1 penalty to their Combat Maneuver Bonus and Combat Maneuver Defense, and a +4 size bonus on Stealth checks.

Slow Speed: Gnomes have a base speed of 20 feet.

Low-Light Vision: Gnomes can see twice as far as humans in conditions of dim light. See Additional Rules.

Defensive Training: Gnomes get a +4 dodge bonus to AC against monsters of the giant type.

Gnome Magic: Gnomes add +1 to the DC of any saving throws against illusion spells that they cast. Gnomes with a Charisma of 11 or higher also gain the following spell-like Society: The lack of a unified homeland and culture forces abilities: 1/day—dancing lights, ghost prestidigitation, and speak with animals. The caster level for environment. While often attractive to both races for the these effects is equal to the gnome's level. The DC for these spells is equal to 10 + the spell's level + the gnome's Charisma modifier.

Hatred: Gnomes receive a +1 bonus on attack rolls against humanoid creatures of the reptilian and goblinoid subtypes

eccentric due to special training against these hated foes.

Illusion Resistance: Gnomes get a +2 racial saving throw

Keen Senses: Gnomes receive a +2 racial bonus on Perception skill checks.

Weapon Familiarity: Gnomes treat any weapon with the word "gnome" in its name as a martial weapon.

gnomes, action is always better than inaction, and many and Sylvan. Gnomes with high Intelligence scores can gnomes carry several highly involved projects with them at choose from the following: Draconic, Dwarven, Elven, Giant, Goblin, and Orc.

Half-elves

Elves have long drawn the covetous gazes of other races. Their generous life spans, magical affinity, and inherent Adventurers: Gnomes' propensity for wanderlust makes grace each contribute to the admiration or bitter envy of their them natural adventurers. They often become wanderers to neighbors. Of all their traits, however, none so entrance their experience new aspects of life, for nothing is as novel as the human associates as their beauty. Since the two races first came into contact with each other, the humans have held up elves as models of physical perfection, seeing in the fair folk idealized versions of themselves. For their part, many elves find humans attractive despite their comparatively barbaric ways, drawn to the passion and impetuosity with which members of the younger race play out their brief lives.

> Sometimes this mutual infatuation leads to romantic relationships. Though usually short-lived, even by human standards, these trysts commonly lead to the birth of halfelves, a race descended of two cultures yet inheritor of neither. Half-elves can breed with one another, but even these "pureblood" half-elves tend to be viewed as bastards by humans and elves alike.

> Physical Description: Half-elves stand taller than humans but shorter than elves. They inherit the lean build and comely features of their elven lineage, but their skin color is dictated by their human side. While half-elves retain the pointed ears of elves, theirs are more rounded and less pronounced. A half-elf's human-like eyes tend to range a spectrum of exotic colors running from amber or violet to emerald green and deep blue.

sound, half-elves to remain versatile, able to conform to nearly any same reasons as their parents, half-elves rarely fit in with either humans or elves, as both races see too much evidence of the other in them. This lack of acceptance weighs heavily on many half-elves, yet others are bolstered by their unique status, seeing in their lack of a formalized culture the ultimate freedom. As a result, half-elves are incredibly

adaptable, capable of adjusting their mindsets and talents to whatever societies they find themselves in.

experience. As such, half-elves are often open to friendships and alliances with other races, and less likely to rely on first impressions when forming opinions of new acquaintances.

Alignment and Religion: Half-elves' isolation strongly influences their characters and philosophies. Cruelty does not come naturally to them, nor does blending in and bending to societal convention—as a result, most half-elves are chaotic good. Half-elves' lack of a unified culture makes them less likely to turn to religion, but those who do generally follow the common faiths of their homeland.

Adventurers: Half-elves tend to be itinerants, wandering the lands in search of a place they might finally call home. The desire to prove oneself to the community and establish a personal identity—or even a legacy—drives many half-elf adventurers to lives of bravery.

Half-Elf Racial Traits

+2 to One Ability Score: Half-elf characters get a +2 bonus to one ability score of their choice at creation to represent their varied nature.

Medium: Half-elves are Medium creatures and have no bonuses or penalties due to their size.

Normal Speed: Half-elves have a base speed of 30 feet.

Low-Light Vision: Half-elves can see twice as far as humans Relations: A lifetime of persecution leaves the average halfin conditions of dim light. See Additional Rules.

Adaptability: Half-elves receive Skill Focus as a bonus feat at 1st level.

Elf Blood: Half-elves count as both elves and humans for any effect related to race.

Elven Immunities: Half-elves are immune to magic sleep effects and get a +2 racial saving throw bonus against enchantment spells and effects.

Keen Senses: Half-elves receive a +2 racial bonus on Perception skill checks.

take a level in either one of those classes. See Classes for benefits themselves. more information about favored classes.

Druidic).

Relations: A half-elf understands loneliness, and knows that Half-orcs are monstrosities, their tragic births the result of character is often less a product of race than of life perversion and violence—or at least, that's how other races see them. It's true that half-orcs are rarely the result of loving unions, and as such are usually forced to grow up hard and fast, constantly fighting for protection or to make names for themselves. Feared, distrusted, and spat upon, half-orcs still consistently manage to surprise their detractors with great deeds and unexpected wisdom—though sometimes it's easier just to crack a few skulls.

> Physical Description: Both genders of half-orc stand between 6 and 7 feet tall, with powerful builds and greenish or grayish skin. Their canines often grow long enough to protrude from their mouths, and these "tusks," combined with heavy brows and slightly pointed ears, give them their notoriously bestial appearance. While half-orcs may be impressive, few ever describe them as beautiful.

> Society: Unlike half-elves, where at least part of society's discrimination is born out of jealousy or attraction, half-orcs get the worst of both worlds: physically weaker than their orc kin, they also tend to be feared or attacked outright by the legions of humans who don't bother making the distinction between full orcs and halfbloods. Still, while not exactly accepted, half-orcs in civilized societies tend to be valued for their martial prowess, and orc leaders have actually been known to spawn them intentionally, as the halfbreeds regularly make up for their lack of physical strength with increased cunning and aggression, making them natural chieftains and strategic advisors.

> orc wary and quick to anger, yet those who break through his savage exterior might find a well-hidden core of empathy. Elves and dwarves tend to be the least accepting of half-orcs, seeing in them too great a resemblance to their racial enemies, but other races aren't much more understanding. Human societies with few orc problems tend to be the most accommodating, and there half-orcs make mercenaries and enforcers.

Alignment & Religion: Forced to live either among brutish orcs or as lonely outcasts in civilized lands, most half-orcs are bitter, violent, and reclusive. Evil comes easily to them, but they are not evil by nature—rather, most half-orcs are Multitalented: Half-elves choose two favored classes at first chaotic neutral, having been taught by long experience that level and gain +1 hit point or +1 skill point whenever they there's no point doing anything but that which directly

Adventurers: Staunchly independent, many half-orcs take to Languages: Half-elves begin play speaking Common and lives of adventure out of necessity, seeking to escape their Elven. Half-elves with high Intelligence scores can choose painful pasts or improve their lot through force of arms. any languages they want (except secret languages, such as Others, more optimistic or desperate for acceptance, take up the mantle of crusaders in order to prove their worth to the world.

Half-Orc Racial Traits

+2 to One Ability Score: Half-orc characters get a +2 bonus to one ability score of their choice at creation to represent their varied nature.

Medium: Half-orcs are Medium creatures and have no bonuses or penalties due to their size.

Normal Speed: Half-orcs have a base speed of 30 feet.

Darkvision: Half-orcs can see in the dark up to 60 feet.

Intimidating: Half-orcs receive a +2 racial bonus on Intimidate skill checks due to their fearsome nature.

Orc Blood: Half-orcs count as both humans and orcs for any effect related to race.

Orc Ferocity: Once per day, when a half-orc is brought below 0 hit points but not killed, he can fight on for one brought to above 0 hit points, he immediately falls unconscious and begins dying.

Weapon Familiarity: Half-orcs are proficient with greataxes and falchions and treat any weapon with the word "orc" in its name as a martial weapon.

Languages: Half-orcs begin play speaking Common and Orc. Half-orcs with high Intelligence scores can choose from the following: Abyssal, Draconic, Giant, Gnoll, and Goblin.

Halflings

Optimistic and cheerful by nature, blessed with uncanny luck and driven by a powerful wanderlust, halflings make up for their short stature with an abundance of bravado and curiosity. At once excitable and easy-going, halflings like to Adventurers: Their inherent luck coupled with their keep an even temper and a steady eye on opportunity, and are insatiable wanderlust makes halflings ideal for lives of not as prone as some of the more volatile races to violent or adventure. Other such vagabonds tend to put up with the emotional outbursts. Even in the jaws of catastrophe, a curious race in hopes that some of their mystical luck will halfling almost never loses his sense of humor.

Halflings are inveterate opportunists. Unable to physically defend themselves from the rigors of the world, they know when to bend with the wind and when to hide away. Yet a halfling's curiosity often overwhelms his good sense, leading +2 Dexterity, +2 Charisma, -2 Strength: Halflings are to poor decisions and narrow escapes.

Though their curiosity drives them to travel and seek new places and experiences, halflings possess a strong sense of Small: Halflings are Small creatures and gain a +1 size house and home, often spending above their means to enhance the comforts of home life.

Physical Description: Halflings rise to a humble height of 3 feet. They prefer to walk barefoot, leading to the bottoms of Slow Speed: Halflings have a base speed of 20 feet. their feet being roughly calloused. Tufts of thick, curly hair warm the tops of their broad, tanned feet. Their skin tends toward a rich almond color and their hair toward light shades

of brown. A halfling's ears are pointed, but proportionately not much larger than those of a human.

Society: Halflings claim no cultural homeland and control no settlements larger than rural assemblies of free towns. Far more often, they dwell at the knees of their human cousins in human cities, eking out livings as they can from the scraps of larger societies. Many halflings lead perfectly fulfilling lives in the shadow of their larger neighbors, while some prefer more nomadic lives on the road, traveling the world and experiencing all it has to offer.

Relations: A typical halfling prides himself on his ability to go unnoticed by other races—it is this trait that allows so many halflings to excel at thievery and trickery. Most halflings, knowing full well the stereotyped view other races take of them as a result, go out of their way to be forthcoming and friendly to the bigger races when they're not trying to go unnoticed. They get along fairly well with more round as if disabled. At the end of his next turn, unless gnomes, although most halflings regard these eccentric creatures with a hefty dose of caution. Halflings coexist well with humans as a general rule, but since some of the more aggressive human societies value halflings as slaves, halflings try not to grow too complacent when dealing with them. Halflings respect elves and dwarves, but these races generally live in remote regions far from the comforts of civilization that halflings enjoy, thus limiting opportunities for interaction. Only half-orcs are generally shunned by halflings, for their great size and violent natures are a bit too intimidating for most halflings to cope with.

> **Alignment and Religion**: Halflings are loyal to their friends and families, but since they dwell in a world dominated by races twice as large as themselves, they've come to grips with the fact that sometimes they'll need to scrap and scrounge for survival. Most halflings are neutral as a result.

> rub off.

Halfling Racial Traits

nimble and strong-willed, but their small stature makes them weaker than other races.

bonus to their AC, a +1 size bonus on attack rolls, a -1 penalty to their Combat Maneuver Bonus and Combat Maneuver Defense, and a +4 size bonus on Stealth checks.

Fearless: Halflings receive a +2 racial bonus on all saving throws against fear. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted

by halfling luck.

Halfling Luck: Halflings receive a +1 racial bonus on all saving throws.

Perception skill checks.

Sure-Footed: Halflings receive a +2 racial bonus on Alignment and Religion: Humanity is perhaps the most Acrobatics and Climb skill checks.

Weapon Familiarity: Halflings are proficient with slings and treat any weapon with the word "halfling" in its name as a martial weapon.

Languages: Halflings begin play speaking Common and Halfling. Halflings with high Intelligence scores can choose from the following: Dwarven, Elven, Gnome, and Goblin.

Humans

Humans possess exceptional drive and a great capacity to endure and expand, and as such are currently the dominant race in the world. Their empires and nations are vast, sprawling things, and the citizens of these societies carve Names: Unlike other races, who generally cleave to specific names for themselves with the strength of their sword arms traditions and shared histories, humanity's diversity has and the power of their spells. Humanity is best characterized by its tumultuousness and diversity, and human cultures run northern barbarian tribe have much different names than the gamut from savage but honorable tribes to decadent, those hailing from a subtropical nation of sailors and devil-worshiping noble families in the most cosmopolitan tradesmen. Throughout most of the world humans speak cities. Human curiosity and ambition often triumph over their Common, yet their names are as varied as their beliefs and predilection for a sedentary lifestyle, and many leave their homes to explore the innumerable forgotten corners of the world or lead mighty armies to conquer their neighbors, simply because they can.

Physical Description: The physical characteristics of +2 to One Ability Score: Human characters get a +2 bonus skinned tribesmen of the southern continents to the pale and barbaric raiders of the northern lands, humans possess a wide variety of skin colors, body types, and facial features. Generally speaking, humans' skin color assumes a darker hue the closer to the equator they live.

Society: Human society comprises a multitude of **Bonus Feat**: Humans select one extra feat at 1st level. governments, attitudes, and lifestyles. Though the oldest human cultures trace their histories thousands of years into the past, when compared to the societies of common races like elves and dwarves, human society seems to be in a state of constant flux as empires fragment and new kingdoms subsume the old. In general, humans are known for their flexibility, ingenuity, and ambition.

Relations: Humans are fecund, and their drive and numbers often spur them into contact with other races during bouts of territorial expansion and colonization. In many cases, this leads to violence and war, yet humans are also swift to forgive and forge alliances with races who do not try to match or exceed them in violence. Proud, sometimes to the

point of arrogance, humans might look upon dwarves as miserly drunkards, elves as flighty fops, halflings as craven thieves, gnomes as twisted maniacs, and half-elves and halforcs as embarrassments—but the race's diversity among its Keen Senses: Halflings receive a +2 racial bonus on own members also makes humans quite adept at accepting others for what they are.

> heterogeneous of all the common races, with a capacity for great evil and boundless good. Some assemble into vast barbaric hordes, while others build sprawling cities that cover miles. Taken as a whole, most humans are neutral, yet they generally tend to congregate in nations and civilizations with specific alignments. Humans also have the widest range in gods and religion, lacking other races' ties to tradition and eager to turn to anyone offering them glory or protection.

> Adventurers: Ambition alone drives countless humans, and for many, adventuring serves as a means to an end, whether it be wealth, acclaim, social status, or arcane knowledge. A few pursue adventuring careers simply for the thrill of danger. Humans hail from myriad regions and backgrounds, and as such can fill any role within an adventuring party.

> resulted in a near-infinite set of names. The humans of a appearances.

Human Racial Traits

humans are as varied as the world's climes. From the dark- to one ability score of their choice at creation to represent their varied nature.

> Medium: Humans are Medium creatures and have no bonuses or penalties due to their size.

Normal Speed: Humans have a base speed of 30 feet.

Skilled: Humans gain an additional skill rank at first level and one additional rank whenever they gain a level.

Languages: Humans begin play speaking Common. Humans with high Intelligence scores can choose any languages they want (except secret languages, such as Druidic).

3. Classes

Barbarian: The barbarian is a brutal berserker from beyond the edge of civilized lands.

Bard: The bard uses skill and spell alike to bolster his allies, confound his enemies, and build upon his fame.

Cleric: A devout follower of a deity, the cleric can heal wounds, raise the dead, and call down the wrath of the gods.

Druid: The druid is a worshiper of all things natural—a spellcaster, a friend to animals, and a skilled shapechanger.

Fighter: Brave and stalwart, the fighter is a master of all manner of arms and armor.

Monk: A student of martial arts, the monk trains his body to be his greatest weapon and defense.

Paladin: The paladin is the knight in shining armor, a devoted follower of law and good.

Ranger: A tracker and hunter, the ranger is a creature of the wild and of tracking down his favored foes.

Rogue: The rogue is a thief and a scout, an opportunist capable of delivering brutal strikes against unwary foes.

Sorcerer: The spellcasting sorcerer is born with an innate knack for magic and has strange, eldritch powers.

Wizard: The wizard masters magic through constant study that gives him incredible magical power.

Character Adva<u>ncement</u>

player characters overcome challenges, they gain experience points. As these points accumulate, PCs advance in level and power. The rate of this advancement depends on the type of game that your group wants to play. Some prefer a fast-paced game, where characters gain levels every few sessions, while others prefer a game advancement occurs where frequently. In the end, it is up to your group to decide what rate fits you best. Characters advance in level according to Table: Character Advancement and Level-Dependent Bonuses.

Advancing Your Character

A character advances in level as soon as he earns enough experience points to do so—typically, this occurs at the end of a game session, when your GM hands out that session's experience point awards.

The process of advancing a character works in much the same way as generating a character, except that your ability scores, race, and previous choices concerning class, skills, and feats cannot be changed. Adding a level generally gives you new abilities, additional skill points to spend, more hit points, and possibly an ability score increase or additional feat (see Table: Character Advancement and Level-Dependent Bonuses). Over time, as your character rises to higher levels, he becomes a truly powerful force in the game world, capable of ruling nations or bringing them to their knees.

When adding new levels of an existing class or adding levels of a new class (see Multiclassing, below), make sure to take the following steps in order. First, select your new class level. You must be able to qualify for this level before any of the following adjustments are made. Second, apply any

Table 3-1: Character Advancement and Level-Dependent Bonuses

Character	Expe	rience Point	Total	E4-	Ability
Level	Slow	Medium	Fast	Feats	Score
1st	_	_	_	1st	_
2nd	3000	2,000	1,300	_	_
3rd	7,500	5,000	3,300	2nd	_
4th	14,000	9,000	6,000	_	1st
5th	23,000	15,000	10,000	3rd	_
6th	35,000	23,000	15,000	_	_
7th	53,000	35,000	23,000	4th	_
8th	77,000	51,000	34,000	_	2nd
9th	115,000	75,000	50,000	5th	_
10th	160,000	105,000	71,000	_	_
11th	235,000	155,000	105,000	6th	_
12th	330,000	220,000	145,000	_	3rd
13th	475,000	315,000	210,000	7th	_
14th	665,000	445,000	295,000	_	_
15th	955,000	635,000	425,000	8th	_
16th	1,350,000	890,000	600,000	_	4th
17th	1,900,000	1,300,000	850,000	9th	_
18th	2,700,000	1,800,000	1,200,000	_	_
19th	3,850,000	2,550,000	1,700,000	10th	_
20th	5,350,000	3,600,000	2,400,000	_	5th

ability score increases due to gaining a level. Third, integrate attack bonuses, and saving throw bonuses from a 1st-level all of the level's class abilities and then roll for additional hit wizard on top of those gained from being a 5th-level fighter. points. Finally, add new skills and feats. For more information on when you gain new feats and ability score increases, see Table: Character Advancement and Level-Dependent Bonuses.

Multiclassing

Instead of gaining the abilities granted by the next level in your character's current class, he can instead gain the 1stlevel abilities of a new class, adding all of those abilities to Favored Class his existing ones. This is known as "multiclassing."

picks an arcane school. He adds all of the hit points, base favored class.

Note that there are a number of effects and prerequisites that rely on a character's level or Hit Dice. Such effects are always based on the total number of levels or Hit Dice a character possesses, not just those from one class. The exception to this is class abilities, most of which are based on the total number of class levels that a character possesses of that particular class.

Each character begins play with a single favored class of his For example, let's say a 5th-level fighter decides to dabble in choosing—typically, this is the same class as the one he the arcane arts, and adds one level of wizard when he chooses at 1st level. Whenever a character gains a level in his advances to 6th level. Such a character would have the favored class, he receives either + 1 hit point or + 1 skill powers and abilities of both a 5th-level fighter and a 1st-level rank. The choice of favored class cannot be changed once the wizard, but would still be considered a 6th-level character. character is created, and the choice of gaining a hit point or a (His class levels would be 5th and 1st, but his total character skill rank each time a character gains a level (including his level is 6th.) He keeps all of his bonus feats gained from 5 first level) cannot be changed once made for a particular levels of fighter, but can now also cast 1st-level spells and level. Prestige classes (see Prestige Classes) can never be a

Barbarian Class Skills

the fury of their passion, in the howl of battle, conflict is all Craft (Int), Handle Animal (Cha), Intimidate (Cha), these brutal souls know. Savages, hired muscle, masters of Knowledge (nature) (Int), Perception (Wis), Ride (Dex), vicious martial techniques, they are not soldiers or Survival (Wis), and Swim (Str). professional warriors—they are the battle possessed, creatures of slaughter and spirits of war. Known as barbarians, these warmongers know little of training, preparation, or the rules of warfare; for them, only the moment exists, with the foes that stand before them and the knowledge that the next moment might hold their death. All of the following are class features of the barbarian. They possess a sixth sense in regard to danger and the endurance to weather all that might entail. These brutal warriors might rise from all walks of life, both civilized and savage, though whole societies embracing such philosophies roam the wild places of the world. Within barbarians storms Fast Movement (Ex): A barbarian's land speed is faster than the primal spirit of battle, and woe to those who face their rage.

Role: Barbarians excel in combat, possessing the martial prowess and fortitude to take on foes seemingly far superior to themselves. With rage granting them boldness and daring beyond that of most other warriors, barbarians charge furiously into battle and ruin all who would stand in their Rage (Ex): A barbarian can call upon inner reserves of way.

Alignment: Any nonlawful.

Hit Die: d12.

For some, there is only rage. In the ways of their people, in The barbarian's class skills are Acrobatics (Dex), Climb (Str),

Skill Ranks per Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Class Features

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: A barbarian is proficient with all simple and martial weapons, light armor, medium armor, and shields (except tower shields).

the norm for her race by +10 feet. This benefit applies only when she is wearing no armor, light armor, or medium armor, and not carrying a heavy load. Apply this bonus before modifying the barbarian's speed because of any load carried or armor worn. This bonus stacks with any other bonuses to the barbarian's land speed.

strength and ferocity, granting her additional combat prowess. Starting at 1st level, a barbarian can rage for a number of rounds per day equal to 4 + her Constitution modifier. At each level after 1st, she can rage for 2 additional rounds. Temporary increases to Constitution, such as those

Table 3-2: Barbarian

1st			Ref Save	Will Save	Special
150	+1	+2	+0	+0	Fast movement, rage
2nd	+2	+3	+0	+0	Rage power, uncanny dodge
3rd	+3	+3	+1	+1	Trap sense +1
4th	+4	+4	+1	+1	Rage power
5th	+5	+4	+1	+1	Improved uncanny dodge
6th	+6/+1	+5	+2	+2	Rage power, Trap sense +2
7th	+7/+2	+5	+2	+2	Damage reduction 1/—
8th	+8/+3	+6	+2	+2	Rage power
9th	+9/+4	+6	+3	+3	Trap sense +3
10th	+10/+5	+7	+3	+3	Damage reduction 2/—, Rage power
11th	+11/+6/+1	+7	+3	+3	Greater rage
12th	+12/+7/+2	+8	+4	+4	Rage power, Trap sense +4
13th	+13/+8/+3	+8	+4	+4	Damage reduction 3/—
14th	+14/+9/+4	+9	+4	+4	Indomitable will, Rage power
15th	+15/+10/+5	+9	+5	+5	Trap sense +5
16th	+16/+11/+6/+1	+10	+5	+5	Damage reduction 4/—, Rage power
17th	+17/+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+5	Tireless rage
18th	+18/+13/+8/+3	+11	+6	+6	Rage power, Trap sense +6
19th	+19/+14/+9/+4	+11	+6	+6	Damage reduction 5/—
20th	+20/+15/+10/+5	+12	+6	+6	Mighty rage, Rage power

8 hours, although these hours do not need to be consecutive.

While in rage, a barbarian gains a +4 morale bonus to her concentration.

A barbarian can end her rage as a free action and is fatigued after rage for a number of rounds equal to 2 times the Clear Mind (Ex): A barbarian may reroll a failed Will save. number of rounds spent in the rage. A barbarian cannot enter This power is used as an immediate action after the first save a new rage while fatigued or exhausted but can otherwise is attempted, but before the results are revealed by the GM. enter rage multiple times during a single encounter or The barbarian must take the second result, even if it is worse. combat. If a barbarian falls unconscious, her rage A barbarian must be at least 8th level before selecting this immediately ends, placing her in peril of death.

gained from rage and spells like bear's endurance, do not gains a rage power. She gains another rage power for every increase the total number of rounds that a barbarian can rage two levels of barbarian attained after 2nd level. A barbarian per day. A barbarian can enter rage as a free action. The total gains the benefits of rage powers only while raging, and number of rounds of rage per day is renewed after resting for some of these powers require the barbarian to take an action first. Unless otherwise noted, a barbarian cannot select an individual power more than once.

Strength and Constitution, as well as a +2 morale bonus on Animal Fury (Ex): While raging, the barbarian gains a bite Will saves. In addition, she takes a −2 penalty to Armor attack. If used as part of a full attack action, the bite attack is Class. The increase to Constitution grants the barbarian 2 hit made at the barbarian's full base attack bonus -5. If the bite points per Hit Dice, but these disappear when the rage ends hits, it deals 1d4 points of damage (assuming the barbarian is and are not lost first like temporary hit points. While in rage, Medium; 1d3 points of damage if Small) plus half the a barbarian cannot use any Charisma-, Dexterity-, or barbarian's Strength modifier. A barbarian can make a bite Intelligence-based skills (except Acrobatics, Fly, Intimidate, attack as part of the action to maintain or break free from a and Ride) or any ability that requires patience or grapple. This attack is resolved before the grapple check is made. If the bite attack hits, any grapple checks made by the barbarian against the target this round are at a + 2 bonus.

power. This power can only be used once per rage.

Rage Powers (Ex): As a barbarian gains levels, she learns to *Fearless Rage (Ex)*: While raging, the barbarian is immune use her rage in new ways. Starting at 2nd level, a barbarian to the shaken and frightened conditions. A barbarian must be at least 12th level before selecting this rage power.

Guarded Stance (Ex): The barbarian gains a + 1 dodge bonus to her Armor Class against melee attacks for a number of rounds equal to the barbarian's current Constitution modifier (minimum 1). This bonus increases by +1 for every 6 levels the barbarian has attained. Activating this ability is a move Quick Reflexes (Ex): While raging, the barbarian can make action that does not provoke an attack of opportunity.

Increased Damage Reduction (Ex): The barbarian's damage Raging Climber (Ex): When raging, the barbarian adds her reduction increases by 1/—. This increase is always active level as an enhancement bonus on all Climb skill checks. while the barbarian is raging. A barbarian can select this rage power up to three times. Its effects stack. A barbarian must be at least 8th level before selecting this rage power.

Internal Fortitude. (Ex): While raging the barbarian is immune to the sickened and nauseated conditions. A

barbarian must be at least 8th level before selecting this rage power.

Intimidating Glare (Ex): The barbarian can make an Intimidate check against one adjacent foe as a move action. If the barbarian successfully demoralizes her opponent, the foe is shaken for 1d4 rounds + 1 round for every 5 points by which the barbarian's check exceeds the DC.

Knockback (Ex): Once per round, the barbarian can make a once per day and only while raging. bull rush attempt against one target in place of a melee attack. If successful, the target takes damage equal to the barbarian's Strength modifier and is moved back as normal. The barbarian does not need to move with the target if successful. This does not provoke an attack of opportunity.

she gains low-light vision while raging.

least 12th level before selecting this power. This power can only be used once per rage.

Moment of Clarity (Ex): The barbarian does not gain any Abilities for rules on the scent ability). benefits or take any of the penalties from rage for 1 round. This includes the penalty to Armor Class and the restriction on what actions can be performed. This round still counts against her total number of rounds of rage per day. This power can only be used once per rage.

Night Vision (Ex): The barbarian's senses grow incredibly sharp while raging and she gains darkvision 60 feet. A barbarian must have low-light vision as a rage power or a racial trait to select this rage power.

this ability when an adjacent foe uses a withdraw action to move away from her. She must end her movement adjacent to the enemy that used the withdraw action. The barbarian provokes attacks of opportunity as normal during this movement. This power can only be used once per rage.

Powerful Blow (Ex): The barbarian gains a + 1 bonus on a single damage roll. This bonus increases by +1 for every 4 levels the barbarian has attained. This power is used as a swift action before the roll to hit is made. This power can only be used once per rage.

one additional attack of opportunity per round.

Raging Leaper (Ex): When raging, the barbarian adds her level as an enhancement bonus on all Acrobatics skill checks made to jump. When making a jump in this way, the barbarian is always considered to have a running start.

Raging Swimmer (Ex): When raging, the barbarian adds her

level as an enhancement bonus on all Swim skill checks.

Renewed Vigor (Ex): As a standard action, the barbarian heals 1d8 points of damage + her Constitution modifier. For every four levels the barbarian has attained above 4th, this amount of damage healed increases by 1d8, to a maximum of 5d8 at 20th level. A barbarian must be at least 4th level before selecting this power. This power can be used only

Rolling Dodge (Ex): The barbarian gains a + 1 dodge bonus to her Armor Class against ranged attacks for a number of rounds equal to the barbarian's current Constitution modifier (minimum 1). This bonus increases by +1 for every 6 levels the barbarian has attained. Activating this ability is a move Low-Light Vision (Ex): The barbarian's senses sharpen and action that does not provoke an attack of opportunity.

Roused Anger (Ex): The barbarian may enter a rage even if Mighty Swing (Ex): The barbarian automatically confirms a fatigued. While raging after using this ability, the barbarian is critical hit. This power is used as an immediate action once a immune to the fatigued condition. Once this rage ends, the critical threat has been determined. A barbarian must be at barbarian is exhausted for 10 minutes per round spent raging.

> Scent (Ex): The barbarian gains the scent ability while raging and can use this ability to locate unseen foes (see Special

> Strength Surge (Ex): The barbarian adds her barbarian level on one Strength check or combat maneuver check, or to her Combat Maneuver Defense when an opponent attempts a maneuver against her. This power is used as an immediate action. This power can only be used once per rage.

Superstition (Ex): The barbarian gains a +2 morale bonus on saving throws made to resist spells, supernatural abilities, and spell-like abilities. This bonus increases by +1 for every 4 levels the barbarian has attained. While raging, the No Escape (Ex): The barbarian can move up to double her barbarian cannot be a willing target of any spell and must normal speed as an immediate action but she can only use make saving throws to resist all spells, even those cast by allies.

> Surprise Accuracy (Ex): The barbarian gains a +1 morale bonus on one attack roll. This bonus increases by +1 for every 4 levels the barbarian has attained. This power is used

as a swift action before the roll to hit is made. This power +1 every three barbarian levels thereafter (6th, 9th, 12th, can only be used once per rage.

Swift Foot (Ex): The barbarian gains a 5-foot enhancement bonus to her speed. This increase is always active while the **Improved Uncanny Dodge (Ex)**: At 5th level and higher, a barbarian is raging. A barbarian can select this rage power up barbarian can no longer be flanked. This defense denies a to three times. Its effects stack.

Terrifying Howl (Ex): The barbarian unleashes a terrifying howl as a standard action. All shaken enemies within 30 feet must make a Will save (DC equal to 10 + 1/2 the barbarian's If a character already has uncanny dodge (see above) from level + the barbarian's Strength modifier) or be panicked for another class, the levels from the classes that grant uncanny terrifying howl (successful or not), it is immune to this power to flank the character. for 24 hours. A barbarian must have the intimidating glare rage power to select this rage power. A barbarian must be at least 8th level before selecting this power.

movement would normally provoke an attack of opportunity. but not below 0. This power can only be used once per rage. A barbarian must be at least 8th level before selecting this power.

ability to react to danger before her senses would normally allow her to do so. She cannot be caught flat-footed, even if the attacker is invisible. She still loses her Dexterity bonus to AC if immobilized. A barbarian with this ability can still lose her Dexterity bonus to AC if an opponent successfully uses the feint action against her.

If a barbarian already has uncanny dodge from a different class, she automatically gains improved uncanny dodge (see below) instead.

Trap Sense (Ex): At 3rd level, a barbarian gains a +1 bonus on Reflex saves made to avoid traps and a +1 dodge bonus to AC against attacks made by traps. These bonuses increase by

15th, and 18th level). Trap sense bonuses gained from multiple classes stack.

rogue the ability to sneak attack the barbarian by flanking her, unless the attacker has at least four more rogue levels than the target has barbarian levels.

1d4+1 rounds. Once an enemy has made a save versus dodge stack to determine the minimum rogue level required

Damage Reduction (Ex): At 7th level, a barbarian gains damage reduction. Subtract 1 from the damage the barbarian takes each time she is dealt damage from a weapon or a Unexpected Strike (Ex): The barbarian can make an attack of natural attack. At 10th level, and every three barbarian levels opportunity against a foe that moves into any square thereafter (13th, 16th, and 19th level), this damage reduction threatened by the barbarian, regardless of whether or not that rises by 1 point. Damage reduction can reduce damage to 0

Greater Rage (Ex): At 11th level, when a barbarian enters rage, the morale bonus to her Strength and Constitution Uncanny Dodge (Ex): At 2nd level, a barbarian gains the increases to +6 and the morale bonus on her Will saves increases to +3.

> Indomitable Will (Ex): While in rage, a barbarian of 14th level or higher gains a +4 bonus on Will saves to resist enchantment spells. This bonus stacks with all other modifiers, including the morale bonus on Will saves she also receives during her rage.

> Tireless Rage (Ex): Starting at 17th level, a barbarian no longer becomes fatigued at the end of her rage.

> Mighty Rage (Ex): At 20th level, when a barbarian enters rage, the morale bonus to her Strength and Constitution increases to +8 and the morale bonus on her Will saves increases to +4.

Untold wonders and secrets exist for those skillful enough to Role: Bards capably confuse and confound their foes while discover them. Through cleverness, talent, and magic, these cunning few unravel the wiles of the world, becoming adept Typically masters of one or many forms of artistry, bards possess an uncanny ability to know more than they should and use what they learn to keep themselves and their allies ever one step ahead of danger. Bards are quick-witted and captivating, and their skills might lead them down many paths, be they gamblers or jacks-of-all-trades, scholars or performers, leaders or scoundrels, or even all of the above. For bards, every day brings its own opportunities, adventures, and challenges, and only by bucking the odds,

knowing the most, and being the best might they claim the treasures of each.

inspiring their allies to ever-greater daring. While accomplished with both weapons and magic, the true in the arts of persuasion, manipulation, and inspiration. strength of bards lies outside melee, where they can support their companions and undermine their foes without fear of interruptions to their performances.

Alignment: Any.

Hit Die: d8.

Class Skills

The bard's class skills are Acrobatics (Dex), Appraise (Int), Bluff (Cha), Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Diplomacy (Cha), Disguise (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), still incurs the normal arcane spell failure chance for arcane Knowledge (all) (Int), Linguistics (Int), Perception (Wis), spells received from other classes. Perform (Cha), Profession (Wis), Sense Motive (Wis), Sleight of Hand (Dex), Spellcraft (Int), Stealth (Dex), and Use Magic Device (Cha).

Skill Ranks per Level: 6 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the bard.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: A bard is proficient with all simple weapons, plus the longsword, rapier, sap, short sword, shortbow, and whip. Bards are also proficient with light armor and shields (except tower shields). A bard can cast bard spells while wearing light armor and use a shield

without incurring the normal arcane spell failure chance. Like any other arcane spellcaster, a bard wearing medium or heavy armor incurs a chance of arcane spell failure if the spell in question has a somatic component. A multiclass bard

Spells: A bard casts arcane spells drawn from the bard spell list presented in Spell Lists. He can cast any spell he knows without preparing it ahead of time. Every bard spell has a verbal component (song, recitation, or music). To learn or cast a spell, a bard must have a Charisma score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty Class for a saving throw against a bard's spell is 10 + the spell level + the bard's Charisma modifier.

Like other spellcasters, a bard can cast only a certain number of spells of each spell level per day. His base daily spell allotment is given on Table: Bard. In addition, he receives bonus spells per day if he has a high Charisma score (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells).

Table 3-3: Bard

Level	Base Attack	Fort	Ref	Will	Special		Sp	ells p	er D	ay	
LCVCI	Bonus	Save	Save	Save	Michael	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th (5th
1st	+0	+0	+2	+2	Bardic knowledge, bardic performance, cantrips, countersong, distraction, fascinate, inspire courage +1	1	_	_	_	_	_
2nd	+1	+0	+3	+3	Versatile performance, well-versed	2	—	—	—	_	_
3rd	+2	+1	+3	+3	Inspire competence +2	3	_	_	_	_	_
4th	+3	+1	+4	+4		3	1	_	_	_	_
5th	+3	+1	+4	+4	inspire courage +2, lore master 1/day	4	2	_	_	_	—
6th	+4	+2	+5	+5	Suggestion, Versatile performance	4	3	—	—	—	—
7th	+5	+2	+5	+5	Inspire competence +3	4	3	1	_	_	
8th	+6/+1	+2	+6	+6	Dirge of doom	4	4	2	—	—	—
9th	+6/+1	+3	+6	+6	Inspire greatness	5	4	3	_	_	
10th	+7/+2	+3	+7	+7	Jack-of-all-trades, Versatile performance	5	4	3	1	—	—
11th	+8/+3	+3	+7	+7	Inspire competence +4, inspire courage +3, lore master 2/day	5	4	4	2	—	_
12th	+9/+4	+4	+8	+8	Soothing performance	5	5	4	3	_	_
13th	+9/+4	+4	+8	+8		5	5	4	3	1	_
14th	+10/+5	+4	+9	+9	Frightening tune, Versatile performance	5	5	4	4	2	_
15th	+11/+6/+1	+5	+9	+9	Inspire competence +5, inspire heroics	5	5	5	4	3	_
16th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+10	+10		5	5	5	4	3	1
17th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+10	+10	inspire courage +4, lore master 3/day	5	5	5	4	4	2
18th	+13/+8/+3	+6	+11	+11	Mass suggestion, Versatile performance	5	5	5	5	4	3
19th	+14/+9/+4	+6	+11	+11	Inspire competence +6	5	5	5	5	5	4
20th	+15/+10/+5	+6	+12	+12	Deadly performance	5	5	5	5	5	5

Table: Bard Spells Known are fixed.)

Table 3-4: Bard Spells Known

		Spe	lls Kno	own		
0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
4	2	_	_	_	_	_
5	3	_	_	_	_	_
6	4	_	_	_	_	_
6	4	2	_	_	_	_
6	4	3	_	_	_	_
6	4	4	_	_	_	_
6	5	4	2	_	_	_
6	5	4	3	_	_	_
6	5	4	4	_	_	_
6	5	5	4	2	_	_
6	6	5	4	3	_	_
6	6	5	4	4	_	_
6	6	5	5	4	2	_
6	6	6	5	4	3	_
6	6	6	5	4	4	_
6	6	6	5	5	4	2
6	6	6	6	5	4	3
6	6	6	6	5	4	4
6	6	6	6	5	5	4
6	6	6	6	6	5	5
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Upon reaching 5th level, and at every third bard level after that (8th, 11th, and so on), a bard can choose to learn a new spell in place of one he already knows. In effect, the bard Countersong (Su): At 1st level, a bard learns to counter "loses" the old spell in exchange for the new one. The new spell's level must be the same as that of the spell being verbal components). Each round of the countersong he exchanged, and it must be at least one level lower than the makes a Perform (keyboard, percussion, wind, string, or highest-level bard spell the bard can cast. A bard may swap sing) skill check. Any creature within 30 feet of the bard only a single spell at any given level and must choose (including the bard himself) that is affected by a sonic or gains new spells known for the level.

A bard need not prepare his spells in advance. He can cast any spell he knows at any time, assuming he has not yet used up his allotment of spells per day for the spell's level.

Bardic Knowledge (Ex): A bard adds half his class level (minimum 1) to all Knowledge skill checks and may make all Knowledge skill checks untrained.

The bard's selection of spells is extremely limited. A bard Bardic Performance: A bard is trained to use the Perform begins play knowing four 0-level spells and two 1st-level skill to create magical effects on those around him, including spells of the bard's choice. At each new bard level, he gains himself if desired. He can use this ability for a number of one or more new spells, as indicated on Table: Bard Spells rounds per day equal to 4 + his Charisma modifier. At each Known. (Unlike spells per day, the number of spells a bard level after 1st a bard can use bardic performance for 2 knows is not affected by his Charisma score. The numbers on additional rounds per day. Each round, the bard can produce any one of the types of bardic performance that he has mastered, as indicated by his level.

> Starting a bardic performance is a standard action, but it can be maintained each round as a free action. Changing a bardic performance from one effect to another requires the bard to stop the previous performance and start a new one as a standard action. A bardic performance cannot be disrupted, but it ends immediately if the bard is killed, paralyzed, stunned, knocked unconscious, or otherwise prevented from taking a free action to maintain it each round. A bard cannot have more than one bardic performance in effect at one time.

> At 7th level, a bard can start a bardic performance as a move action instead of a standard action. At 13th level, a bard can start a bardic performance as a swift action.

> Each bardic performance has audible components, visual components, or both.

> If a bardic performance has audible components, the targets must be able to hear the bard for the performance to have any effect, and such performances are language dependent. A deaf bard has a 20% chance to fail when attempting to use a bardic performance with an audible component. If he fails this check, the attempt still counts against his daily limit. Deaf creatures are immune to bardic performances with audible components.

> If a bardic performance has a visual component, the targets must have line of sight to the bard for the performance to have any effect. A blind bard has a 50% chance to fail when attempting to use a bardic performance with a visual component. If he fails this check, the attempt still counts against his daily limit. Blind creatures are immune to bardic performances with visual components.

magic effects that depend on sound (but not spells that have whether or not to swap the spell at the same time that he language-dependent magical attack may use the bard's Perform check result in place of its saving throw if, after the saving throw is rolled, the Perform check result proves to be higher. If a creature within range of the countersong is already under the effect of a noninstantaneous sonic or language-dependent magical attack, it gains another saving throw against the effect each round it hears the countersong, but it must use the bard's Perform skill check result for the save. Countersong does not work on effects that don't allow saves. Countersong relies on audible components.

Distraction (Su): At 1st level, a bard can use his performance use his performance to help an ally succeed at a task. That to counter magic effects that depend on sight. Each round of ally must be within 30 feet and be able to hear the bard. The the distraction, he makes a Perform (act, comedy, dance, or ally gets a +2 competence bonus on skill checks with a oratory) skill check. Any creature within 30 feet of the bard particular skill as long as she continues to hear the bard's (including the bard himself) that is affected by an illusion performance. This bonus increases by +1 for every four (pattern) or illusion (figment) magical attack may use the levels the bard has attained beyond 3rd (+3 at 7th, +4 at 11th, bard's Perform check result in place of its saving throw if, +5 at 15th, and +6 at 19th). Certain uses of this ability are after the saving throw is rolled, the Perform skill check infeasible, such as Stealth, and may be disallowed at the proves to be higher. If a creature within range of the GM's discretion. A bard can't inspire competence in himself. distraction is already under the effect of a noninstantaneous Inspire competence relies on audible components. illusion (pattern) or illusion (figment) magical attack, it gains another saving throw against the effect each round it sees the distraction, but it must use the bard's Perform skill check result for the save. Distraction does not work on effects that don't allow saves. Distraction relies on visual components.

to cause one or more creatures to become fascinated with him. Each creature to be fascinated must be within 90 feet, able to see and hear the bard, and capable of paying attention to him. The bard must also be able to see the creatures affected. The distraction of a nearby combat or other dangers prevents this ability from working. For every three levels the bard has attained beyond 1st, he can target one additional creature with this ability.

Each creature within range receives a Will save (DC 10 + 1/2 the bard's level + the bard's Cha modifier) to negate the effect. If a creature's saving throw succeeds, the bard cannot attempt to fascinate that creature again for 24 hours. If its saving throw fails, the creature sits quietly and observes the performance for as long as the bard continues to maintain it. While fascinated, a target takes a -4 penalty on all skill checks made as reactions, such as Perception checks. Any potential threat to the target allows the target to make a new saving throw against the effect. Any obvious threat, such as someone drawing a weapon, casting a spell, or aiming a weapon at the target, automatically breaks the effect.

Fascinate is an enchantment (compulsion), mind-affecting ability. Fascinate relies on audible and visual components in order to function.

choose which component to use when starting his components. performance.

Suggestion (Sp): A bard of 6th level or higher can use his performance to make a suggestion (as per the spell) to a creature he has already fascinated (see above). Using this ability does not disrupt the fascinate effect, but it does require a standard action to activate (in addition to the free Fascinate (Su): At 1st level, a bard can use his performance action to continue the fascinate effect). A bard can use this ability more than once against an individual creature during an individual performance.

> Making a *suggestion* does not count against a bard's daily use of bardic performance. A Will saving throw (DC 10 + 1/2 the bard's level + the bard's Cha modifier) negates the effect. This ability affects only a single creature. Suggestion is an enchantment (compulsion), mind affecting, languagedependent ability and relies on audible components.

> Dirge of Doom (Su): A bard of 8th level or higher can use his performance to foster a sense of growing dread in his enemies, causing them to become shaken. To be affected, an enemy must be within 30 feet and able to see and hear the bard's performance. The effect persists for as long as the enemy is within 30 feet and the bard continues his performance. This performance cannot cause a creature to become frightened or panicked, even if the targets are already shaken from another effect. Dirge of doom is a mindaffecting fear effect, and it relies on audible and visual components.

Inspire Greatness (Su): A bard of 9th level or higher can use his performance to inspire greatness in himself or a single willing ally within 30 feet, granting extra fighting capability. For every three levels the bard attains beyond 9th, he can Inspire Courage (Su): A 1st-level bard can use his target an additional ally while using this performance (up to a performance to inspire courage in his allies (including maximum of four targets at 18th level). To inspire greatness, himself), bolstering them against fear and improving their all of the targets must be able to see and hear the bard. A combat abilities. To be affected, an ally must be able to creature inspired with greatness gains 2 bonus Hit Dice perceive the bard's performance. An affected ally receives a (d10s), the commensurate number of temporary hit points +1 morale bonus on saving throws against charm and fear (apply the target's Constitution modifier, if any, to these effects and a +1 competence bonus on attack and weapon bonus Hit Dice), a +2 competence bonus on attack rolls, and damage rolls. At 5th level, and every six bard levels a +1 competence bonus on Fortitude saves. The bonus Hit thereafter, this bonus increases by +1, to a maximum of +4 at Dice count as regular Hit Dice for determining the effect of 17th level. Inspire courage is a mind-affecting ability. Inspire spells that are Hit Dice dependent. Inspire greatness is a courage can use audible or visual components. The bard must mind-affecting ability and it relies on audible and visual

Soothing Performance (Su): A bard of 12th level or higher Inspire Competence (Su): A bard of 3rd level or higher can use his performance to create an effect equivalent to a

Using this ability requires 4 rounds of continuous relies on audible and visual components. performance, and the targets must be able to see and hear the bard throughout the performance. Soothing performance affects all targets that remain within 30 feet throughout the performance. Soothing performance relies on audible and visual components.

Frightening Tune (Sp): A bard of 14th level or higher can use his performance to cause fear in his enemies. To be affected, an enemy must be able to hear the bard perform and be within 30 feet. Each enemy within range receives a Will save (DC 10 + 1/2 the bard's level + the bard's Cha modifier) to negate the effect. If the save succeeds, the creature is immune to this ability for 24 hours. If the save fails, the target becomes frightened and flees for as long as the target can hear the bard's performance. Frightening tune relies on The types of Perform and their associated skills are: Act audible components.

Inspire Heroics (Su): A bard of 15th level or higher can inspire tremendous heroism in himself or a single ally within 30 feet. For every three bard levels the character attains beyond 15th, he can inspire heroics in an additional creature. To inspire heroics, all of the targets must be able to see and hear the bard. Inspired creatures gain a +4 morale bonus on Well-Versed (Ex): At 2nd level, the bard becomes resistant audible and visual components.

that relies on audible components.

Deadly Performance (Su): A bard of 20th level or higher can use his performance to cause one enemy to die from joy or sorrow. To be affected, the target must be able to see and hear Jack-of-All-Trades (Ex): At 10th level, the bard can use any saving throw succeeds, the target is staggered for 1d4 rounds, is not normally allowed.

mass cure serious wounds, using the bard's level as the caster and the bard cannot use deadly performance on that creature level. In addition, this performance removes the fatigued, again for 24 hours. If a creature's saving throw fails, it dies. sickened, and shaken conditions from all those affected. Deadly performance is a mind-affecting death effect that

> Cantrips: Bards learn a number of cantrips, or 0-level spells, as noted on Table: Bard Spells Known under "Spells Known." These spells are cast like any other spell, but they do not consume any slots and may be used again.

> Versatile Performance (Ex): At 2nd level, a bard can choose one type of Perform skill. He can use his bonus in that skill in place of his bonus in associated skills. When substituting in this way, the bard uses his total Perform skill bonus, including class skill bonus, in place of its associated skill's bonus, whether or not he has ranks in that skill or if it is a class skill. At 6th level, and every 4 levels thereafter, the bard can select an additional type of Perform to substitute.

> (Bluff, Disguise), Comedy (Bluff, Intimidate), Dance (Acrobatics, Fly), Keyboard Instruments (Diplomacy, Intimidate), Oratory (Diplomacy, Sense Motive), Percussion (Handle Animal, Intimidate), Sing (Bluff, Sense Motive), String (Bluff, Diplomacy), and Wind (Diplomacy, Handle Animal).

saving throws and a +4 dodge bonus to AC. This effect lasts to the bardic performance of others, and to sonic effects in for as long as the targets are able to witness the performance. general. The bard gains a +4 bonus on saving throws made Inspire heroics is a mind-affecting ability that relies on against bardic performance, sonic, and language-dependent effects.

Mass Suggestion (Sp): This ability functions just like Lore Master (Ex): At 5th level, the bard becomes a master suggestion, but allows a bard of 18th level or higher to make of lore and can take 10 on any Knowledge skill check that he a suggestion simultaneously to any number of creatures that has ranks in. A bard can choose not to take 10 and can he has already fascinated. Mass suggestion is an enchantment instead roll normally. In addition, once per day, the bard can (compulsion), mind-affecting, language-dependent ability take 20 on any Knowledge skill check as a standard action. He can use this ability one additional time per day for every six levels he possesses beyond 5th, to a maximum of three times per day at 17th level.

the bard perform for 1 full round and be within 30 feet. The skill, even if the skill normally requires him to be trained. At target receives a Will save (DC 10 + 1/2 the bard's level + the 16th level, the bard considers all skills to be class skills. At bard's Cha modifier) to negate the effect. If a creature's 19th level, the bard can take 10 on any skill check, even if it

Cleric

In faith and the miracles of the divine, many find a greater purpose. Called to serve powers beyond most mortal understanding, all priests preach wonders and provide for the spiritual needs of their people. Clerics are more than mere priests, though; these emissaries of the divine work the will of their deities through strength of arms and the magic of

their gods. Devoted to the tenets of the religions and philosophies that inspire them, these ecclesiastics quest to spread the knowledge and influence of their faith. Yet while they might share similar abilities, clerics prove as different from one another as the divinities they serve, with some offering healing and redemption, others judging law and truth, and still others spreading conflict and corruption. The ways of the cleric are varied, yet all who tread these paths walk with the mightiest of allies and bear the arms of the

gods themselves.

Role: More than capable of upholding the honor of their deities in battle, clerics often prove stalwart and capable combatants. Their true strength lies in their capability to draw upon the power of their deities, whether to increase their own and their allies' prowess in battle, to vex their foes with divine magic, or to lend healing to companions in need.

As their powers are influenced by their faith, all clerics must focus their worship upon a divine source. While the vast majority of clerics revere a specific deity, a small number dedicate themselves to a divine concept worthy of devotion -such as battle, death, justice, or knowledge-free of a deific abstraction. (Work with your GM if you prefer this The following are class features of the cleric. path to selecting a specific deity.)

Alignment: A cleric's alignment must be within one step of her deity's, along either the law/chaos axis or the good/evil axis (see Additional Rules).

Hit Die: d8.

Class Skills

The cleric's class skills are Appraise (Int), Craft (Int), Diplomacy (Cha), Heal (Wis), Knowledge (arcana) (Int), Knowledge (history) (Int), Knowledge (nobility) (Int), Knowledge (planes) (Int), Knowledge (religion) (Int), Linguistics (Int), Profession (Wis), Sense Motive (Wis), and Spellcraft (Int).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Class Features

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Clerics are proficient with all simple weapons, light armor, medium armor, and shields (except tower shields). Clerics are also proficient with the favored weapon of their deity.

Aura (Ex): A cleric of a chaotic, evil, good, or lawful deity has a particularly powerful aura corresponding to the deity's

Table 3-5: Cleric

Level	Base Attack	Fort	Ref	Will	Special		Spells per Day
I IIVI	Bonus	Save	Save	Save	Chamin	0	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th
1st	0	+2	+0	+2	Aura, channel energy 1d6,domains, orisons	3	1+1
2nd	+1	+3	+0	+3		4	2+1 — — — — — —
3rd	+2	+3	+1	+3	Channel energy 2d6	4	2+1 1+1 — — — — — —
4th	+3	+4	+1	+4		4	3+1 2+1 — — — — —
5th	+3	+4	+1	+4	Channel energy 3d6	4	3+1 2+1 1+1 — — — — —
6th	+4	+5	+2	+5		4	3+1 3+1 2+1 — — — — —
7th	+5	+5	+2	+5	Channel energy 4d6	4	4+1 3+1 2+1 1+1 — — — — —
8th	+6/+1	+6	+2	+6		4	4+1 3+1 3+1 2+1 — — — —
9th	+6/+1	+6	+3	+6	Channel energy 5d6	4	4+1 4+1 3+1 2+1 1+1 — — — —
10th	+7/+2	+7	+3	+7		4	4+1 4+1 3+1 3+1 2+1 — — —
11th	+8/+3	+7	+3	+7	Channel energy 6d6	4	4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 2+1 1+1 — — —
12th	+9/+4	+8	+4	+8		4	4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 3+1 2+1 — — —
13th	+9/+4	+8	+4	+8	Channel energy 7d6	4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 2+1 1+1
14th	+10/+5	+9	+4	+9		4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 3+1 2+1 — —
15th	+11/+6/+1	+9	+5	+9	Channel energy 8d6	4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 2+1 1+1 —
16th	+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+10		4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 3+1 2+1 —
17th	+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+10	Channel energy 9d6	4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 2+1 1+1
18th	+13/+8/+3	+11	+6	+11		4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 3+1 2+1
19th	+14/+9/+4	+11	+6	+11	Channel energy 10d6	4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 3+1 3+1
20th	+15/+10/+5	+12	+6	+12		4	4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1 4+1

Note: "+1" represents the domain spell slot

alignment (see the *detect evil* spell for details).

Spells: A cleric casts divine spells which are drawn from the cleric spell list presented in Spell Lists. Her alignment, however, may restrict her from casting certain spells opposed **Domains**: A cleric's deity influences her alignment, what advance.

To prepare or cast a spell, a cleric must have a Wisdom score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty Class for a saving throw against a cleric's spell is 10 + the spell level + the cleric's Wisdom modifier.

Like other spellcasters, a cleric can cast only a certain number of spells of each spell level per day. Her base daily spell allotment is given on Table: Cleric. In addition, she receives bonus spells per day if she has a high Wisdom score (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells).

contemplation or supplication to regain her daily allotment of spells. A cleric may prepare and cast any spell on the cleric spell list, provided that she can cast spells of that level, but she must choose which spells to prepare during her daily meditation.

Channel Energy (Su): Regardless of alignment, any cleric can release a wave of energy by channeling the power of her faith through her holy (or unholy) symbol. This energy can be used to cause or heal damage, depending on the type of energy channeled and the creatures targeted.

A good cleric (or one who worships a good deity) channels positive energy and can choose to deal damage to undead creatures or to heal living creatures. An evil cleric (or one who worships an evil deity) channels negative energy and can choose to deal damage to living creatures or to heal undead creatures. A neutral cleric who worships a neutral deity (or one who is not devoted to a particular deity) must An evil cleric (or a neutral cleric who worships an evil deity) choose whether she channels positive or negative energy. can't convert prepared spells to cure spells but can convert Once this choice is made, it cannot be reversed. This decision them to inflict spells (an inflict spell is one with "inflict" in also determines whether the cleric casts spontaneous cure or its name). inflict spells (see spontaneous casting).

one type (either undead or living) in a 30-foot radius or inflict spells (player's choice). Once the player makes this centered on the cleric. The amount of damage dealt or healed choice, it cannot be reversed. This choice also determines is equal to 1d6 points of damage plus 1d6 points of damage whether the cleric channels positive or negative energy (see for every two cleric levels beyond 1st (2d6 at 3rd, 3d6 at 5th, Channel Energy). and so on). Creatures that take damage from channeled energy receive a Will save to halve the damage. The DC of this save is equal to 10 + 1/2 the cleric's level + the cleric's Charisma modifier. Creatures healed by channeled energy cannot exceed their maximum hit point total-all excess healing is lost. A cleric may channel energy a number of times per day equal to 3 + her Charisma modifier. This is a Bonus Languages: A cleric's bonus language options include standard action that does not provoke an attack of

opportunity. A cleric can choose whether or not to include herself in this effect. A cleric must be able to present her holy symbol to use this ability.

to her moral or ethical beliefs; see chaotic, evil, good, and magic she can perform, her values, and how others see her. A lawful spells. A cleric must choose and prepare her spells in cleric chooses two domains from among those belonging to her deity. A cleric can select an alignment domain (Chaos, Evil, Good, or Law) only if her alignment matches that domain. If a cleric is not devoted to a particular deity, she still selects two domains to represent her spiritual inclinations and abilities (subject to GM approval). The restriction on alignment domains still applies.

Each domain grants a number of domain powers, dependent upon the level of the cleric, as well as a number of bonus spells. A cleric gains one domain spell slot for each level of cleric spell she can cast, from 1st on up. Each day, a cleric can prepare one of the spells from her two domains in that Clerics meditate or pray for their spells. Each cleric must slot. If a domain spell is not on the cleric spell list, a cleric choose a time when she must spend 1 hour each day in quiet can prepare it only in her domain spell slot. Domain spells cannot be used to cast spells spontaneously.

> In addition, a cleric gains the listed powers from both of her domains, if she is of a high enough level. Unless otherwise noted, using a domain power is a standard action. Cleric domains are listed at the end of this class entry.

> **Orisons**: Clerics can prepare a number of orisons, or 0-level spells, each day, as noted on Table: Cleric under "Spells per Day." These spells are cast like any other spell, but they are not expended when cast and may be used again.

> **Spontaneous Casting**: A good cleric (or a neutral cleric of a good deity) can channel stored spell energy into healing spells that she did not prepare ahead of time. The cleric can "lose" any prepared spell that is not an orison or domain spell in order to cast any cure spell of the same spell level or lower (a cure spell is any spell with "cure" in its name).

A cleric who is neither good nor evil and whose deity is Channeling energy causes a burst that affects all creatures of neither good nor evil can convert spells to either cure spells

> Chaotic, Evil, Good, and Lawful Spells: A cleric can't cast spells of an alignment opposed to her own or her deity's (if she has one). Spells associated with particular alignments are indicated by the chaotic, evil, good, and lawful descriptors in their spell descriptions.

Celestial, Abyssal, and Infernal (the languages of good,

chaotic evil, and lawful evil outsiders, respectively). These animal companions). choices are in addition to the bonus languages available to the character because of her race.

Ex-Clerics

A cleric who grossly violates the code of conduct required by her god loses all spells and class features, except for armor and shield proficiencies and proficiency with simple weapons. She cannot thereafter gain levels as a cleric of that god until she atones for her deeds (see the atonement spell description).

Domains

Clerics may select any two of the domains granted by their deity. Clerics without a deity may select any two domains (choice are subject to GM approval).

Air Domain

Granted Powers: You can manipulate lightning, mist, and wind, traffic with air creatures, and are resistant to electricity damage.

Lightning Arc (Sp): As a standard action, you can unleash an arc of electricity targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. This arc of electricity deals 1d6 points of electricity damage + 1 point for every two cleric levels you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Electricity Resistance (Ex): At 6th level, you gain resist electricity 10. This resistance increases to 20 at 12th level. At 20th level, you gain immunity to electricity.

Domain Spells: 1st—obscuring mist, 2nd—wind wall, 3rd gaseous form, 4th—air walk, 5th—control winds, 6th chain lightning, 7th—elemental body IV (air only), 8th whirlwind, 9th—elemental swarm (air spell only).

Animal Domain

Granted Powers: You can speak with and befriend animals with ease. In addition, you treat Knowledge (nature) as a class skill.

Speak with Animals (Sp): You can speak with animals, as per **Domain Spells**: 1st—protection from law, 2nd—align the spell, for a number of rounds per day equal to 3 + your cleric level.

Animal Companion (Ex): At 4th level, you gain the service of an animal companion. Your effective druid level for this animal companion is equal to your cleric level -3. (Druids who take this ability through their nature bond class feature use their druid level - 3 to determine the abilities of their

Domain Spells: 1st—calm animals, 2nd—hold animal, 3rd —dominate animal, 4th—summon nature's ally IV (animals only), 5th—beast shape III (animals only), 6th—antilife shell, 7th—animal shapes, 8th—summon nature's ally VIII (animals only), 9th—shapechange.

Artifice Domain

Granted Powers: You can repair damage to objects, animate objects with life, and create objects from nothing.

Artificer's Touch (Sp): You can cast mending at will, using your cleric level as the caster level to repair damaged objects. In addition, you can cause damage to objects and construct creatures by striking them with a melee touch attack. Objects and constructs take 1d6 points of damage +1 for every two cleric levels you possess. This attack bypasses an amount of damage reduction and hardness equal to your cleric level. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Dancing Weapons (Su): At 8th level, you can give a weapon touched the dancing special weapon quality for 4 rounds. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and an additional time per day for every four levels beyond 8th.

Domain Spells: 1st—animate rope, 2nd—wood shape, 3rd -stone shape, 4th-minor creation, 5th-fabricate, 6thmajor creation, 7th—wall of iron, 8th—instant summons, 9th —prismatic sphere.

Chaos Domain

Granted Powers: Your touch infuses life and weapons with chaos, and you revel in all things anarchic.

Touch of Chaos (Sp): You can imbue a target with chaos as a melee touch attack. For the next round, anytime the target rolls a d20, he must roll twice and take the less favorable result. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Chaos Blade (Su): At 8th level, you can give a weapon touched the *anarchic* special weapon quality for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your cleric level. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and an additional time per day for every four levels beyond 8th.

weapon (chaos only), 3rd—magic circle against law, 4th chaos hammer, 5th—dispel law, 6th—animate objects, 7th word of chaos, 8th—cloak of chaos, 9th—summon monster IX (chaos spell only).

Charm Domain

Granted Powers: You can baffle and befuddle foes with a touch or a smile, and your beauty and grace are divine.

Dazing Touch (Sp): You can cause a living creature to become dazed for 1 round as a melee touch attack. Creatures Eyes of Darkness (Su): At 8th level, your vision is not can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + and magic darkness. You can use this ability for a number of your Wisdom modifier.

Charming Smile (Sp): At 8th level, you can cast charm person as a swift action, with a DC of 10 + 1/2 your cleric **Domain** rounds do not need to be consecutive, and you can dismiss word blind, 8th—greater shadow evocation, 9th—shades. the charm at any time as a free action. Each attempt to use this ability consumes 1 round of its duration, whether or not the creature succeeds on its save to resist the effect.

3rd—suggestion, 4th—heroism, 5th—charm monster, 6th—touch, and find comfort in the presence of the dead. geas/quest, 7th—insanity, 8th—demand, 9th—dominate monster.

Community Domain

Granted Powers: Your touch can heal wounds, and your presence instills unity and strengthens emotional bonds.

Calming Touch (Sp): You can touch a creature as a standard Death's Embrace (Ex): At 8th level, you heal damage instead action to heal it of 1d6 points of nonlethal damage + 1 point of taking damage from channeled negative energy. If the per cleric level. This touch also removes the fatigued, channeled negative energy targets undead, you heal hit points shaken, and sickened conditions (but has no effect on more just like undead in the area. severe conditions). You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

you and one or more allies within 30 feet, you can use this undead, 9th-wail of the banshee. ability to allow your allies to use your saving throw against the effect in place of their own. Each ally must decide individually before the rolls are made. Using this ability is an immediate action. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and one additional time per day for every four cleric levels beyond 8th.

Domain Spells: 1st—bless, 2nd—shield other, 3rd—prayer, 4th—status, 5th—telepathic bond, 6th—heroes' feast, 7threfuge, 8th—mass cure critical wounds, 9th—miracle.

Darkness Domain

Granted Power: You manipulate shadows and darkness. In addition, you receive Blind-Fight as a bonus feat.

cause a creature's vision to be fraught with shadows and your cleric level and all critical threats are automatically

darkness. The creature touched treats all other creatures as if they had concealment, suffering a 20% miss chance on all attack rolls. This effect lasts for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum 1). You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

with more Hit Dice than your cleric level are unaffected. You impaired by lighting conditions, even in absolute darkness rounds per day equal to 1/2 your cleric level. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Spells: 1st—obscuring 2nd level + your Wisdom modifier. You can only have one blindness/deafness (only to cause blindness), 3rd—deeper creature charmed in this way at a time. The total number of darkness, 4th-shadow conjuration, 5th-summon monster rounds of this effect per day is equal to your cleric level. The V (summons 1d3 shadows), 6th—shadow walk, 7th—power

Death Domain

Domain Spells: 1st—charm person, 2nd—calm emotions, **Granted Powers**: You can cause the living to bleed at a

Bleeding Touch (Sp): As a melee touch attack, you can cause a living creature to take 1d6 points of damage per round. This effect persists for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum 1) or until stopped with a DC 15 Heal check or any spell or effect that heals damage. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Domain Spells: 1st—cause fear, 2nd—death knell, 3rd animate dead, 4th—death ward, 5th—slay living, 6th— Unity (Su): At 8th level, whenever a spell or effect targets create undead, 7th—destruction, 8th—create greater

Destruction Domain

Granted Powers: You revel in ruin and devastation, and can deliver particularly destructive attacks.

Destructive Smite (Su): You gain the destructive smite power: the supernatural ability to make a single melee attack with a morale bonus on damage rolls equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum 1). You must declare the destructive smite before making the attack. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Destructive Aura (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot aura of destruction for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. All attacks made against targets in this aura Touch of Darkness (Sp): As a melee touch attack, you can (including you) gain a morale bonus on damage equal to 1/2

confirmed. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—true strike, 2nd—shatter, 3rd—rage, 4th—inflict critical wounds, 5th—shout, 6th—harm, 7thdisintegrate, 8th—earthquake, 9th—implosion.

Earth Domain

Granted Powers: You have mastery over earth, metal, and stone, can fire darts of acid, and command earth creatures.

Acid Dart (Sp): As a standard action, you can unleash an acid dart targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. This acid dart deals 1d6 points of acid damage + 1 point for every two cleric levels you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Acid Resistance (Ex): At 6th level, you gain resist acid 10. This resistance increases to 20 at 12th level. At 20th level, you gain immunity to acid.

Domain Spells: 1st—magic stone, 2nd—soften earth and stone, 3rd—stone shape, 4th—spike stones, 5th—wall of stone, 6th—stoneskin, 7th—elemental body IV (earth only), 8th—earthquake, 9th—elemental swarm (earth spell only).

Evil Domain

Granted Powers: You are sinister and cruel, and have wholly pledged your soul to the cause of evil.

Touch of Evil (Sp): You can cause a creature to become sickened as a melee touch attack. Creatures sickened by your touch count as good for the purposes of spells with the evil descriptor. This ability lasts for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum 1). You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Scythe of Evil (Su): At 8th level, you can give a weapon touched the unholy special weapon quality for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your cleric level. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and an additional time per day for every four levels beyond 8th.

Domain Spells: 1st—protection from good, 2nd—align weapon (evil only), 3rd—magic circle against good, 4thunholy blight, 5th—dispel good, 6th—create undead, 7th blasphemy, 8th—unholy aura, 9th—summon monster IX (evil spell only).

Fire Domain

Granted Powers: You can call forth fire, command creatures of the inferno, and your flesh does not burn.

Fire Bolt (Sp): As a standard action, you can unleash a scorching bolt of divine fire from your outstretched hand. Holy Lance (Su): At 8th level, you can give a weapon you

touch attack with this bolt of fire. If you hit the foe, the fire bolt deals 1d6 points of fire damage + 1 point for every two cleric levels you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Fire Resistance (Ex): At 6th level, you gain resist fire 10. This resistance increases to 20 at 12th level. At 20th level, you gain immunity to fire.

Domain Spells: 1st—burning hands, 2nd—produce flame, 3rd—fireball, 4th—wall of fire, 5th—fire shield, 6th—fire seeds, 7th—elemental body IV (fire only), 8th—incendiary cloud, 9th—elemental swarm (fire spell only).

Glory Domain

Granted Powers: You are infused with the glory of the divine, and are a true foe of the undead. In addition, when you channel positive energy to harm undead creatures, the save DC to halve the damage is increased by 2.

Touch of Glory (Sp): You can cause your hand to shimmer with divine radiance, allowing you to touch a creature as a standard action and give it a bonus equal to your cleric level on a single Charisma-based skill check or Charisma ability check. This ability lasts for 1 hour or until the creature touched elects to apply the bonus to a roll. You can use this ability to grant the bonus a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Divine Presence (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot aura of divine presence for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. All allies within this aura are treated as if under the effects of a sanctuary spell with a DC equal to 10 + 1/2 your cleric level + your Wisdom modifier. These rounds do not need to be consecutive. Activating this ability is a standard action. If an ally leaves the area or makes an attack, the effect ends for that ally. If you make an attack, the effect ends for you and your allies.

Domain Spells: 1st—shield of faith, 2nd—bless weapon, 3rd -searing light, 4th-holy smite, 5th-righteous might, 6th -undeath to death, 7th—holy sword, 8th—holy aura, 9th-

Good Domain

Granted Powers: You have pledged your life and soul to goodness and purity.

Touch of Good (Sp): You can touch a creature as a standard action, granting a sacred bonus on attack rolls, skill checks, ability checks, and saving throws equal to half your cleric level (minimum 1) for 1 round. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

You can target any single foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch the holy special weapon quality for a number of rounds

equal to 1/2 your cleric level. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and an additional time per day for every four levels beyond 8th.

Domain Spells: 1st—protection from evil, 2nd—align weapon (good only), 3rd-magic circle against evil, 4thholy smite, 5th—dispel evil, 6th—blade barrier, 7th—holy word, 8th—holy aura, 9th—summon monster IX (good spell only).

Healing Domain

Granted Powers: Your touch staves off pain and death, and your healing magic is particularly vital and potent.

Rebuke Death (Sp): You can touch a living creature as a standard action, healing it for 1d4 points of damage plus 1 for every two cleric levels you possess. You can only use this **Domain Spells**: 1st—protection from chaos, 2nd—align ability on a creature that is below 0 hit points. You can use weapon (law only), 3rd—magic circle against chaos, 4th— Wisdom modifier.

Healer's Blessing (Su): At 6th level, all of your cure spells are treated as if they were empowered, increasing the amount of damage healed by half (+50%). This does not apply to damage dealt to undead with a cure spell. This does not stack with the Empower Spell metamagic feat.

Domain Spells: 1st—cure light wounds, 2nd—cure moderate wounds, 3rd—cure serious wounds, 4th—cure Liberation (Su): You have the ability to ignore impediments critical wounds, 5th—breath of life, 6th—heal, 7th regenerate, 8th—mass cure critical wounds, 9th—mass heal.

Knowledge Domain

Granted Powers: You are a scholar and a sage of legends. In addition, you treat all Knowledge skills as class skills.

Lore Keeper (Sp): You can touch a creature to learn about its abilities and weaknesses. With a successful touch attack, you gain information as if you made the appropriate Knowledge skill check with a result equal to 15 + your cleric level + your Wisdom modifier.

Remote Viewing (Sp): Starting at 6th level, you can use clairvoyance/clairaudience at will as a spell-like ability using your cleric level as the caster level. You can use this ability for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—comprehend languages, 2nd—detect thoughts, 3rd—speak with dead, 4th—divination, 5th—true seeing, 6th—find the path, 7th—legend lore, 8th—discern Luck Domain location, 9th—foresight.

Law Domain

Granted Powers: You follow a strict and ordered code of laws, and in so doing, achieve enlightenment.

Touch of Law (Sp): You can touch a willing creature as a standard action, infusing it with the power of divine order and allowing it to treat all attack rolls, skill checks, ability checks, and saving throws for 1 round as if the natural d20 roll resulted in an 11. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Staff of Order (Su): At 8th level, you can give a weapon touched the axiomatic special weapon quality for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your cleric level. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and an additional time per day for every four levels beyond 8th.

this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your order's wrath, 5th—dispel chaos, 6th—hold monster, 7th dictum, 8th—shield of law, 9th—summon monster IX (law spell only).

Liberation Domain

Granted Powers: You are a spirit of freedom and a staunch foe against all who would enslave and oppress.

to your mobility. For a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level, you can move normally regardless of magical effects that impede movement, as if you were affected by freedom of movement. This effect occurs automatically as soon as it applies. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Freedom's Call (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot aura of freedom for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. Allies within this aura are not affected by the confused, grappled, frightened, panicked, paralyzed, pinned, or shaken conditions. This aura only suppresses these effects, and they return once a creature leaves the aura or when the aura ends, if applicable. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—remove fear, 2nd—remove paralysis, 3rd—remove curse, 4th—freedom of movement, 5th—break enchantment, 6th—greater dispel magic, 7th—refuge, 8th mind blank, 9th—freedom.

Granted Powers: You are infused with luck, and your mere presence can spread good fortune.

Bit of Luck (Sp): You can touch a willing creature as a standard action, giving it a bit of luck. For the next round,

more favorable result. You can use this ability a number of This ability cannot be used to perform a combat maneuver. times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Good Fortune (Ex): At 6th level, you can reroll any one roll that you have just made before the results of the roll are Dispelling Touch (Sp): At 8th level, you can use a targeted day at 6th level, and one additional time per day for every six day for every four cleric levels beyond 8th. cleric levels beyond 6th.

enchantment, 6th—mislead, 7th—spell turning, 8th—protection from spells, 9th—mage's disjunction. moment of prescience, 9th—miracle.

Madness Domain

Granted Powers: You embrace the madness that lurks deep in your heart, and can unleash it to drive your foes insane or to sacrifice certain abilities to hone others.

cleric level (minimum +1) and a penalty to the other two modifier. types of rolls equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum -1). This effect fades after 3 rounds. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Aura of Madness (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot deity (or divine concept if you do not venerate a deity). aura of madness for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. Enemies within this aura are affected by confusion unless they make a Will save with a DC equal to 10 + 1/2 your cleric level + your Wisdom modifier. The confusion effect ends immediately when the creature leaves the area or the aura expires. Creatures that succeed on their saving throw are immune to this aura for 24 hours. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—lesser confusion, 2nd—touch of idiocy, 3rd—*rage*, 4th—confusion, 5th—nightmare, phantasmal killer, 7th—insanity, 8th—scintillating pattern, 9th—weird.

Magic Domain

Granted Powers: You are a true student of all things mystical, and see divinity in the purity of magic.

Hand of the Acolyte (Su): You can cause your melee weapon to fly from your grasp and strike a foe before instantly returning. As a standard action, you can make a single attack using a melee weapon at a range of 30 feet. This attack is treated as a ranged attack with a thrown weapon, except that you add your Wisdom modifier to the attack roll instead of

any time the target rolls a d20, he may roll twice and take the your Dexterity modifier (damage still relies on Strength). You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

revealed. You must take the result of the reroll, even if it's dispel magic effect as a melee touch attack. You can use this worse than the original roll. You can use this ability once per ability once per day at 8th level and one additional time per

Domain Spells: 1st—identify, 2nd—magic mouth, 3rd— **Domain Spells**: 1st—true strike, 2nd—aid, 3rd—protection dispel magic, 4th—imbue with spell ability, 5th—spell from energy, 4th—freedom of movement, 5th—break resistance, 6th—antimagic field, 7th—spell turning, 8th—

Nobility Domain

Granted Powers: You are a great leader, an inspiration to all who follow the teachings of your faith.

Inspiring Word (Sp): As a standard action, you can speak an inspiring word to a creature within 30 feet. That creature Vision of Madness (Sp): You can give a creature a vision of receives a +2 morale bonus on attack rolls, skill checks, madness as a melee touch attack. Choose one of the ability checks, and saving throws for a number of rounds following: attack rolls, saving throws, or skill checks. The equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum 1). You can use this target receives a bonus to the chosen rolls equal to 1/2 your power a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom

> Leadership (Ex): At 8th level, you receive Leadership as a bonus feat. In addition, you gain a +2 bonus on your leadership score as long as you uphold the tenets of your

> **Domain Spells**: 1st—divine favor, 2nd—enthrall, 3rd magic vestment, 4th—discern lies, 5th—greater command, 6th—geas/quest, 7th—repulsion, 8th—demand, 9th—storm of vengeance.

Plant Domain

Granted Powers: You find solace in the green, can grow defensive thorns, and can communicate with plants.

Wooden Fist (Su): As a free action, your hands can become as hard as wood, covered in tiny thorns. While you have wooden fists, your unarmed strikes do not provoke attacks of opportunity, deal lethal damage, and gain a bonus on damage rolls equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum +1). You can use this ability for a number of rounds per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Bramble Armor (Su): At 6th level, you can cause a host of wooden thorns to burst from your skin as a free action. While bramble armor is in effect, any foe striking you with an unarmed strike or a melee weapon without reach takes 1d6 points of piercing damage + 1 point per two cleric levels you possess. You can use this ability for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. These rounds do not need to be

consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—entangle, 2nd—barkskin, 3rd—plant growth, 4th—command plants, 5th—wall of thorns, 6th repel wood, 7th—animate plants, 8th—control plants, 9thshambler.

Protection Domain

Granted Powers: Your faith is your greatest source of protection, and you can use that faith to defend others. In Granted Powers: In strange and eldritch runes you find addition, you receive a +1 resistance bonus on saving throws. potent magic. You gain Scribe Scroll as a bonus feat. This bonus increases by 1 for every 5 levels you possess.

modifier.

Aura of Protection (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot aura of protection for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. You and your allies within this aura gain a +1 deflection bonus to AC and resistance 5 against all elements (acid, cold, electricity, fire, and sonic). The deflection bonus increases by +1 for every four cleric levels you possess beyond 8th. At 14th level, the resistance against Spell Rune (Sp): At 8th level, you can attach another spell consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—sanctuary, 2nd—shield other, 3rd protection from energy, 4th—spell immunity, 5th—spell resistance, 6th—antimagic field, 7th—repulsion, 8th—mind blank, 9th—prismatic sphere.

Repose Domain

Granted Powers: You see death not as something to be feared, but as a final rest and reward for a life well spent. The taint of undeath is a mockery of what you hold dear.

Gentle Rest (Sp): Your touch can fill a creature with lethargy, causing a living creature to become staggered for 1 round as a melee touch attack. If you touch a staggered living creature, that creature falls asleep for 1 round instead. Undead creatures touched are staggered for a number of Strength Surge (Sp): As a standard action, you can touch a modifier.

Ward Against Death (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30foot aura that wards against death for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. Living creatures in this area are immune to all death effects, energy drain, and effects that Might of the Gods (Su): At 8th level, you can add your cleric

levels have no effect while the creature is inside the warded area. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—deathwatch, 2nd—gentle repose, 3rd speak with dead, 4th—death ward, 5th—slay living, 6th undeath to death, 7th—destruction, 8th—waves of exhaustion, 9th—wail of the banshee.

Rune Domain

Blast Rune (Sp): As a standard action, you can create a blast Resistant Touch (Sp): As a standard action, you can touch an rune in any adjacent square. Any creature entering this ally to grant him your resistance bonus for 1 minute. When square takes 1d6 points of damage + 1 point for every two you use this ability, you lose your resistance bonus granted cleric levels you possess. This rune deals either acid, cold, by the Protection domain for 1 minute. You can use this electricity, or fire damage, decided when you create the rune. ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom The rune is invisible and lasts a number of rounds equal to your cleric level or until discharged. You cannot create a blast rune in a square occupied by another creature. This rune counts as a 1st-level spell for the purposes of dispelling. It can be discovered with a DC 26 Perception skill check and disarmed with a DC 26 Disable Device skill check. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

all elements increases to 10. These rounds do not need to be that you cast to one of your blast runes, causing that spell to affect the creature that triggers the rune, in addition to the damage. This spell must be of at least one level lower than the highest-level cleric spell you can cast and it must target one or more creatures. Regardless of the number of targets the spell can normally affect, it only affects the creature that triggers the rune.

> **Domain Spells**: 1st—erase, 2nd—secret page, 3rd—glyph of warding, 4th-explosive runes, 5th-lesser planar binding, 6th—greater glyph of warding, 7th—instant summons, 8th—symbol of death, 9th—teleportation circle.

Strength Domain

Granted Powers: In strength and brawn there is truth—your faith gives you incredible might and power.

rounds equal to your Wisdom modifier. You can use this creature to give it great strength. For 1 round, the target gains ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom an enhancement bonus equal to 1/2 your cleric level (minimum +1) to melee attacks, combat maneuver checks that rely on Strength, Strength-based skills, and Strength checks. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

cause negative levels. This ward does not remove negative level as an enhancement bonus to your Strength score for a levels that a creature has already gained, but the negative number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. This

bonus only applies on Strength checks and Strength-based skill checks. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—enlarge person, 2nd—bull's strength, 3rd—magic vestment, 4th—spell immunity, 5th—righteous might, 6th—stoneskin, 7th—grasping hand, 8th—clenched fist, 9th—crushing hand.

Sun Domain

Granted Powers: You see truth in the pure and burning light of the sun, and can call upon its blessing or wrath to work great deeds.

Sun's Blessing (Su): Whenever you channel positive energy to harm undead creatures, add your cleric level to the damage dealt. Undead do not add their channel resistance to their saves when you channel positive energy.

Nimbus of Light (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot nimbus of light for a number of rounds per day equal to your cleric level. This acts as a daylight spell. In addition, undead within this radius take an amount of damage equal to your cleric level each round that they remain inside the nimbus. Spells and spell-like abilities with the darkness descriptor are automatically dispelled if brought inside this nimbus. These rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—endure elements, 2nd—heat metal, 3rd -searing light, 4th-fire shield, 5th-flame strike, 6th-fire Battle Rage (Sp): You can touch a creature as a standard seeds, 7th—sunbeam, 8th—sunburst, 9th—prismatic sphere.

Travel Domain

Granted Powers: You are an explorer and find combat feat for a number of rounds per day equal to your enlightenment in the simple joy of travel, be it by foot or conveyance or magic. Increase your base speed by 10 feet.

Agile Feet (Su): As a free action, you can gain increased mobility for 1 round. For the next round, you ignore all difficult terrain and do not take any penalties for moving through it. You can use this ability a number of times per day flame strike, 6th—blade barrier, 7th—power word blind, 8th equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Dimensional Hop (Sp): At 8th level, you can teleport up to 10 feet per cleric level per day as a move action. This teleportation must be used in 5-foot increments and such movement does not provoke attacks of opportunity. You must Granted Powers: You can manipulate water and mist and have line of sight to your destination to use this ability. You ice, conjure creatures of water, and resist cold. can bring other willing creatures with you, but you must expend an equal amount of distance for each creature brought.

Domain Spells: 1st—longstrider, 2nd—locate object, 3rd fly, 4th—dimension door, 5th—teleport, 6th—find the path, this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your 7th—greater teleport, 8th—phase door, 9th—astral projection.

Trickery Domain

Granted Powers: You are a master of illusions and deceptions. Bluff, Disguise, and Stealth are class skills.

Copycat (Sp): You can create an illusory double of yourself as a move action. This double functions as a single mirror image and lasts for a number of rounds equal to your cleric level, or until the illusory duplicate is dispelled or destroyed. You can have no more than one copycat at a time. This ability does not stack with the mirror image spell. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Master's Illusion (Sp): At 8th level, you can create an illusion that hides the appearance of yourself and any number of allies within 30 feet for 1 round per cleric level. This ability otherwise functions like the spell veil. The rounds do not need to be consecutive.

Domain Spells: 1st—disguise self, 2nd—invisibility, 3rd nondetection, 4th—confusion, 5th—false vision, 6th mislead, 7th—screen, 8th—mass invisibility, 9th—time stop.

War Domain

Granted Powers: You are a crusader for your god, always ready and willing to fight to defend your faith.

action to give it a bonus on melee damage rolls equal to 1/2 your cleric level for 1 round (minimum +1). You can do so a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Weapon Master (Su): At 8th level, you gain the use of one cleric level. These rounds do not need to be consecutive and you can change the feat chosen each time you use this ability. You must meet the prerequisites to use this feat.

Domain Spells: 1st—magic weapon, weapon, 3rd—magic vestment, 4th—divine power, 5th— —power word stun, 9th—power word kill.

Water Domain

Icicle (Sp): As a standard action, you can fire an icicle from your finger, targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. The icicle deals 1d6 points of cold damage + 1 point for every two cleric levels you possess. You can use Wisdom modifier.

Cold Resistance (Ex): At 6th level, you gain resist cold 10.

This resistance increases to 20 at 12th level. At 20th level, + 1 point for every two cleric levels you possess. In addition, you gain immunity to cold.

Domain Spells: 1st—obscuring mist, 2nd—fog cloud, 3rd water breathing, 4th—control water, 5th—ice storm, 6thcone of cold, 7th-elemental body IV (water only), 8thhorrid wilting, 9th—elemental swarm (water spell only).

Weather Domain

Granted Powers: With power over storm and sky, you can call down the wrath of the gods upon the world below.

Storm Burst (Sp): As a standard action, you can create a storm burst targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. The storm burst deals 1d6 points of nonlethal damage

the target is buffeted by winds and rain, causing it to take a -2 penalty on attack rolls for 1 round. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Wisdom modifier.

Lightning Lord (Sp): At 8th level, you can call down a number of bolts of lightning per day equal to your cleric level. You can call down as many bolts as you want with a single standard action, but no creature can be the target of more than one bolt and no two targets can be more than 30 feet apart. This ability otherwise functions as call lightning.

Domain Spells: 1st—obscuring mist, 2nd—fog cloud, 3rd call lightning, 4th—sleet storm, 5th—ice storm, 6th control winds, 7th—control weather, 8th—whirlwind, 9th storm of vengeance.

Druid (Str).

Skill Ranks per Level: 4 + Int modifier.

lingers a power beyond the marvels of civilization. Furtive yet undeniable, these primal magics are guarded over by servants of philosophical balance known as druids. Allies to beasts and manipulators of nature, these often misunderstood All of the following are class features of the druid. protectors of the wild strive to shield their lands from all who would threaten them and prove the might of the wilds to those who lock themselves behind city walls. Rewarded for their devotion with incredible powers, druids gain unparalleled shape-shifting abilities, the companionship of mighty beasts, and the power to call upon nature's wrath. The mightiest temper powers akin to storms, earthquakes, and Druids are proficient with light and medium armor but are

Within the purity of the elements and the order of the wilds

Role: While some druids might keep to the fringe of battle, allowing companions and summoned creatures to fight while they confound foes with the powers of nature, others transform into deadly beasts and savagely wade into combat. Druids worship personifications of elemental forces, natural A druid who wears prohibited armor or uses a prohibited powers, or nature itself. Typically this means devotion to a shield is unable to cast druid spells or use any of her nature deity, though druids are just as likely to revere vague supernatural or spell-like class abilities while doing so and spirits, animalistic demigods, or even specific awe-inspiring for 24 hours thereafter. natural wonders.

Alignment: Any neutral.

forgotten by civilization.

Hit Die: d8.

Class Features

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Druids are proficient with the following weapons: club, dagger, dart, quarterstaff, scimitar, scythe, sickle, shortspear, sling, and spear. They are also proficient with all natural attacks (claw, bite, and so forth) of any form they assume with wild shape (see below).

volcanoes with primeval wisdom long abandoned and prohibited from wearing metal armor; thus, they may wear only padded, leather, or hide armor. A druid may also wear wooden armor that has been altered by the ironwood spell so that it functions as though it were steel. Druids are proficient with shields (except tower shields) but must use only those crafted from wood.

Spells: A druid casts divine spells which are drawn from the druid spell list presented in Spell Lists. Her alignment may restrict her from casting certain spells opposed to her moral or ethical beliefs; see Chaotic, Evil, Good, and Lawful Spells. A druid must choose and prepare her spells in advance.

To prepare or cast a spell, the druid must have a Wisdom score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty Class for a saving throw against a druid's spell is 10 + the spell level + the druid's Wisdom modifier.

Class Skills

The druid's class skills are Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Fly (Dex), Handle Animal (Cha), Heal (Wis), Knowledge (geography) (Int), Knowledge (nature) (Int), Perception (Wis), Profession (Wis), Ride (Dex), Spellcraft (Int), Survival (Wis), and Swim

receives bonus spells per day if she has a high Wisdom score not expended when cast and may be used again. (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells).

allotment of spells. A druid may prepare and cast any spell because of her race. on the druid spell list, provided that she can cast spells of that level, but she must choose which spells to prepare during her daily meditation.

energy into summoning spells that she hasn't prepared ahead take up a language slot. Druids are forbidden to teach this of time. She can "lose" a prepared spell in order to cast any language to nondruids. summon nature's ally spell of the same level or lower.

Chaotic, Evil, Good, and Lawful Spells: A druid can't cast spells of an alignment opposed to her own or her deity's (if she has one). Spells associated with particular alignments are indicated by the chaos, evil, good, and law descriptors in their spell descriptions.

Like other spellcasters, a druid can cast only a certain **Orisons**: Druids can prepare a number of orisons, or 0-level number of spells of each spell level per day. Her base daily spells, each day, as noted on Table: Druid under "Spells per spell allotment is given on Table: Druid. In addition, she Day." These spells are cast like any other spell, but they are

Bonus Languages: A druid's bonus language options include A druid must spend 1 hour each day in a trance-like Sylvan, the language of woodland creatures. This choice is in meditation on the mysteries of nature to regain her daily addition to the bonus languages available to the character

A druid also knows Druidic, a secret language known only to druids, which she learns upon becoming a 1st-level druid. Druidic is a free language for a druid; that is, she knows it in Spontaneous Casting: A druid can channel stored spell addition to her regular allotment of languages and it doesn't

Druidic has its own alphabet.

Nature Bond (Ex): At 1st level, a druid forms a bond with nature. This bond can take one of two forms. The first is a close tie to the natural world, granting the druid one of the following cleric domains: Air, Animal, Earth, Fire, Plant, Water, or Weather. When determining the powers and bonus

Table 3-6: Druid

Level	Base Attack	Fort	Ref	Will	Special				Sp	ells p	er D	ay			
Level	Bonus	Save	Save	Save	Special	0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
1st	+0	+2	+0	+2	Nature bond, nature sense, orisons, wild empathy	3	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2nd	+1	+3	+0	+3	Woodland stride	4	2	_	_	_	_	_	—	—	_
3rd	+2	+3	+1	+3	Trackless step	4	2	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4th	3	+4	+1	+4	Resist nature's lure, Wild shape (1/day)	4	3	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5th	+3	+4	+1	+4		4	3	2	1	_	_	_	_	_	_
6th	+4	+5	+2	+5	Wild shape (2/day)	4	3	3	2	_	—	—	—	—	_
7th	+5	+5	+2	+5		4	4	3	2	1	_	_	_	_	_
8th	+6/+1	+6	+2	+6	Wild shape (3/day)	4	4	3	3	2	—	—	—	—	_
9th	+6/+1	+6	+3	+6	Venom immunity	4	4	4	3	2	1	_	_	_	_
10th	+7/+2	+7	+3	+7	Wild shape (4/day)	4	4	4	3	3	2	—	—	—	_
11th	+8/+3	+7	+3	+7		4	4	4	4	3	2	1	_	_	_
12th	+9/+4	+8	+4	+8	Wild shape (5/day)	4	4	4	4	3	3	2	—	—	_
13th	+9/+4	+8	+4	+8	A thousand faces	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1	_	_
14th	+10/+5	+9	+4	+9	Wild shape (6/day)	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2	_	_
15th	+11/+6/+1	+9	+5	+9	Timeless body	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1	_
16th	+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+10	Wild shape (7/day)	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2	_
17th	+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+10		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
18th	+13/+8/+3	+11	+6	+11	Wild shape (8/day)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2
19th	+14/+9/+4	+11	+6	+11		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
20th	+15/+10/+5	+12	+6	+12	Wild shape (at will)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

spells granted by this domain, the druid's effective cleric gains a +4 bonus on saving throws against the spell-like and level is equal to her druid level. A druid that selects this supernatural abilities of fey. This bonus also applies to spells option also receives additional domain spell slots, just like a and effects that utilize or target plants, such as blight, cleric. She must prepare the spell from her domain in this entangle, spike growth, and warp wood. slot and this spell cannot be used to cast a spell spontaneously.

companion. A druid may begin play with any of the animals with the animal type. This ability functions like the beast listed in Animal Choices. This animal is a loyal companion shape I spell, except as noted here. The effect lasts for 1 hour that accompanies the druid on her adventures.

Unlike normal animals of its kind, an animal companion's Hit Dice, abilities, skills, and feats advance as the druid advances in level. If a character receives an animal companion from more than one source, her effective druid A druid loses her ability to speak while in animal form service, she may gain a new one by performing a ceremony changing to this form does not permit speech.) requiring 24 uninterrupted hours of prayer in environment where the new companion typically lives. This ceremony can also replace an animal companion that has perished.

Nature Sense (Ex): A druid gains a +2 bonus on Knowledge take on the form of larger and smaller animals, elementals, (nature) and Survival checks.

Wild Empathy (Ex): A druid can improve the attitude of an animal. This ability functions just like a Diplomacy check At 6th level, a druid can also use wild shape to change into a made to improve the attitude of a person (see Using Skills). Large or Tiny animal or a Small elemental. When taking the The druid rolls 1d20 and adds her druid level and her form of an animal, a druid's wild shape now functions as Charisma modifier to determine the wild empathy check beast shape II. When taking the form of an elemental, the result. The typical domestic animal has a starting attitude of druid's wild shape functions as elemental body I. indifferent, while wild animals are usually unfriendly.

time.

A druid can also use this ability to influence a magical beast with an Intelligence score of 1 or 2, but she takes a -4 penalty on the check.

Woodland Stride (Ex): Starting at 2nd level, a druid may move through any sort of undergrowth (such as natural thorns, briars, overgrown areas, and similar terrain) at her normal speed and without taking damage or suffering any other impairment. Thorns, briars, and overgrown areas that At 12th level, a druid can also use wild shape to change into however, still affect her.

Trackless Step (Ex): Starting at 3rd level, a druid leaves no trail in natural surroundings and cannot be tracked. She may choose to leave a trail if so desired.

Resist Nature's Lure (Ex): Starting at 4th level, a druid

Wild Shape (Su): At 4th level, a druid gains the ability to turn herself into any Small or Medium animal and back again The second option is to form a close bond with an animal once per day. Her options for new forms include all creatures per druid level, or until she changes back. Changing form (to animal or back) is a standard action and doesn't provoke an attack of opportunity. The form chosen must be that of an animal with which the druid is familiar.

levels stack for the purposes of determining the statistics and because she is limited to the sounds that a normal, untrained abilities of the companion. Most animal companions increase animal can make, but she can communicate normally with in size when their druid reaches 4th or 7th level, depending other animals of the same general grouping as her new form. on the companion. If a druid releases her companion from (The normal sound a wild parrot makes is a squawk, so

> A druid can use this ability an additional time per day at 6th level and every two levels thereafter, for a total of eight times at 18th level. At 20th level, a druid can use wild shape at will. As a druid gains levels, this ability allows the druid to and plants. Each form expends one daily use of this ability, regardless of the form taken.

At 8th level, a druid can also use wild shape to change into a To use wild empathy, the druid and the animal must be Huge or Diminutive animal, a Medium elemental, or a Small within 30 feet of one another under normal conditions. or Medium plant creature. When taking the form of animals, Generally, influencing an animal in this way takes 1 minute a druid's wild shape now functions as beast shape III. When but, as with influencing people, it might take more or less taking the form of an elemental, the druid's wild shape now functions as elemental body II. When taking the form of a plant creature, the druid's wild shape functions as plant shape I.

> At 10th level, a druid can also use wild shape to change into a Large elemental or a Large plant creature. When taking the form of an elemental, the druid's wild shape now functions as elemental body III. When taking the form of a plant, the druid's wild shape now functions as plant shape II.

have been magically manipulated to impede motion, a Huge elemental or a Huge plant creature. When taking the form of an elemental, the druid's wild shape now functions as elemental body IV. When taking the form of a plant, the druid's wild shape now functions as plant shape III.

> **Venom Immunity** (Ex): At 9th level, a druid gains immunity to all poisons.

ability to change her appearance at will, as if using the alter statistics of the animal companion. They remain creatures of self spell, but only while in her normal form.

Timeless Body (Ex): After attaining 15th level, a druid no longer takes ability score penalties for aging and cannot be magically aged. Any penalties she may have already incurred, however, remain in place. Bonuses still accrue, and the druid still dies of old age when her time is up.

Ex-Druids

A druid who ceases to revere nature, changes to a prohibited alignment, or teaches the Druidic language to a nondruid loses all spells and druid abilities (including her animal companion, but not including weapon, armor, and shield proficiencies). She cannot thereafter gain levels as a druid until she atones (see the *atonement* spell description).

Animal Companions

An animal companion's abilities are determined by druid's level and its animal racial traits. Table: Animal

A Thousand Faces (Su): At 13th level, a druid gains the Companion Base Statistics determines many of the base the animal type for purposes of determining which spells can affect them.

> Class Level: This is the character's druid level. The druid's class levels stack with levels of any other classes that are entitled to an animal companion for the purpose of determining the companion's statistics.

> **HD**: This is the total number of eight-sided (d8) Hit Dice the animal companion possesses, each of which gains a Constitution modifier, as normal.

> **BAB**: This is the animal companion's base attack bonus. An animal companion's base attack bonus is the same as that of a druid of a level equal to the animal's HD. Animal companions do not gain additional attacks using their natural weapons for a high base attack bonus.

> Fort/Ref/Will: These are the animal companion's base saving throw bonuses. An animal companion has good Fortitude and Reflex saves.

the Skills: This lists the animal's total skill ranks. Animal companions can assign skill ranks to any skill listed under

						Table	$J^{-}/.I$	тини сотр	ингон Б а	se siuii	ESITES
Class Level	HD	BAB	Fort	Ref	Will	Skills	Feats	Natural Armor Bonus	Str/Dex Bonus	Bonus Tricks	Special
1st	2	+1	+3	+3	+0	2	1	+0	+0	1	Link, share spells
2nd	3	+2	+3	+3	+1	3	2	+0	+0	1	_
3rd	3	+2	+3	+3	+1	3	2	+2	+1	2	Evasion
4th	4	+3	+4	+4	+1	4	2	+2	+1	2	Ability score increase
5th	5	+3	+4	+4	+1	5	3	+2	+1	2	_
6th	6	+4	+5	+5	+2	6	3	+4	+2	3	Devotion
7th	6	+4	+5	+5	+2	6	3	+4	+2	3	_
8th	7	+5	+5	+5	+2	7	4	+4	+2	3	_
9th	8	+6	+6	+6	+2	8	4	+6	+3	4	Ability score increase, Multiattack
10th	9	+6	+6	+6	+3	9	5	+6	+3	4	_
11th	9	+6	+6	+6	+3	9	5	+6	+3	4	_
12th	10	+7	+7	+7	+3	10	5	+8	+4	5	_
13th	11	+8	+7	+7	+3	11	6	+8	+4	5	_
14th	12	+9	+8	+8	+4	12	6	+8	+4	5	Ability score increase
15th	12	+9	+8	+8	+4	12	6	+10	+5	6	Improved evasion
16th	13	+9	+8	+8	+4	13	7	+10	+5	6	_
17th	14	+10	+9	+9	+4	14	7	+10	+5	6	_
18th	15	+11	+9	+9	+5	15	8	+12	+6	7	_
19th	15	+11	+9	+9	+5	15	8	+12	+6	7	_
20th	16	+12	+10	+10	+5	16	8	+12	+6	7	Ability score increase

Table 3-7: Animal Companion Base Statistics

cannot have more ranks in a skill than it has Hit Dice.

Feats: This is the total number of feats possessed by an Improved Evasion (Ex): When subjected to an attack that companions can select other feats, although they are unable throw and only half damage if the saving throw fails. to utilize some feats (such as Martial Weapon Proficiency). Note that animal companions cannot select a feat with a requirement of base attack bonus +1 until they gain their Animal Skills second feat at 3 Hit Dice.

armor bonus.

Str/Dex Bonus: Add this modifier to the animal companion's Strength and Dexterity scores.

Bonus Tricks: The value given in this column is the total number of "bonus" tricks that the animal knows in addition to any that the druid might choose to teach it (see the Handle Animal Feats Animal skill for more details on how to teach an animal tricks). These bonus tricks don't require any training time or normal limit of tricks known by the animal. The druid selects these bonus tricks, and once selected, they can't be changed.

Special: This includes a number of abilities gained by animal companions as they increase in power. Each of these bonuses is described below.

Link (Ex): A druid can handle her animal companion as a free action, or push it as a move action, even if she doesn't have circumstance bonus on all wild empathy checks and Handle this list to include feats from other sources. Animal checks made regarding an animal companion.

Share Spells (Ex): The druid may cast a spell with a target of Animal Choices "You" on her animal companion (as a spell with a range of touch) instead of on herself. A druid may cast spells on her Each animal companion has different starting sizes, speed, abilities that are not spells, even if they function like spells.

Evasion (Ex): If an animal companion is subjected to an attack that normally allows a Reflex save for half damage, it takes no damage if it makes a successful saving throw.

Ability Score Increase (Ex): The animal companion adds +1to one of its ability scores.

Devotion (Ex): An animal companion gains a +4 morale bonus on Will saves against enchantment spells and effects.

Multiattack: An animal companion gains Multiattack as a

Animal Skills. If an animal companion increases its bonus feat if it has three or more natural attacks and does not Intelligence to 10 or higher, it gains bonus skill ranks as already have that feat. If it does not have the requisite three normal. Animal companions with an Intelligence of 3 or or more natural attacks, the animal companion instead gains higher can purchase ranks in any skill. An animal companion a second attack with one of its natural weapons, albeit at a -5 penalty.

animal companion. Animal companions should select their allows a Reflex saving throw for half damage, an animal feats from those listed under Animal Feats. Animal companion takes no damage if it makes a successful saving

Animal companions can have ranks in any of the following Natural Armor Bonus: The number noted here is an skills: Acrobatics* (Dex), Climb* (Str), Escape Artist (Dex), improvement to the animal companion's existing natural Fly* (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), Perception* (Wis), Stealth* (Dex), Survival (Wis), and Swim* (Str). All of the skills marked with an (*) are class skills for animal companions. Animal companions with an Intelligence of 3 or higher can put ranks into any skill.

Animal companions can select from the following feats: Handle Animal checks, and they don't count against the Acrobatic, Agile Maneuvers, Armor Proficiency (light, medium, and heavy), Athletic, Blind-Fight, Combat Reflexes, Diehard, Dodge, Endurance, Great Fortitude, Improved Bull Rush, Improved Initiative, Improved Natural Armor, Improved Natural Attack, Improved Overrun, Intimidating Prowess, Iron Will, Lightning Reflexes, Mobility, Power Attack, Run, Skill Focus, Spring Attack, Stealthy, Toughness, , and Weapon Focus. Animal companions with an Intelligence of 3 or higher can select any any ranks in the Handle Animal skill. The druid gains a +4 feat they are physically capable of using. GMs might expand

animal companion even if the spells normally do not affect attacks, ability scores, and special qualities. All animal creatures of the companion's type (animal). Spells cast in this attacks are made using the creature's full base attack bonus way must come from a class that grants an animal unless otherwise noted. Animal attacks add the animal's companion. This ability does not allow the animal to share Strength modifier to the damage roll, unless it is its only attack, in which case it adds 1-1/2 its Strength modifier. Some have special abilities, such as scent. See Special Abilities for more information on these abilities. As you gain levels, your animal companion improves as well, usually at 4th or 7th level, in addition to the standard bonuses noted on Table: Animal Companion Base Statistics. Instead of taking the listed benefit at 4th or 7th level, you can instead choose to increase the companion's Dexterity and Constitution by 2.

Ape

Starting Statistics: Size Medium; Speed 30 ft., Climb 30 ft.; low-light vision, scent. AC +1 natural armor; Attack bite (1d4), 2 claws (1d4); **Ability Scores** Str 13, Dex 17, Con 10, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 7; **Special Qualities** low-light vision, scent.

4th-Level Advancement: **Size** Large; **AC** +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d6), 2 claws (1d6); Ability Scores Str +8, Dex -2, Con +4.

Badger (Wolverine)

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 30 ft., burrow 10 ft., climb 10 ft.; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d4), 2 claws (1d3); **Ability Scores** Str 10, Dex 17, Con 15, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 10; Special Attacks rage (as a barbarian for 6 rounds per day); Special Qualities low-light vision, scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d6), 2 Cat, Small (Cheetah, Leopard) claws (1d4); **Ability Scores** Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2.

Bear

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 40 ft.; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d4), 2 claws (1d3); Ability Scores Str 15, Dex 15, Con 13, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 6; Special Qualities low-light vision, scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d6), 2 claws (1d4); **Ability Scores** Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2.

Bird (Eagle/Hawk/Owl)

Starting Statistics: Size Small; **Speed** 10 ft., fly 80 ft. (average); AC +1 natural armor; Attack bite (1d4), 2 talons (1d4); Ability Scores Str 10, Dex 15, Con 12, Int 2, Wis 14, Cha 6; Special Qualities low-light vision.

4th-Level Advancement: **Ability Scores** Str +2, Con +2.

Boar

armor; Attack gore (1d6); Ability Scores Str 13, Dex 12, 11, Dex 17, Con 17, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 14; Special Qualities Con 15, Int 2, Wis 13, Cha 4; Special Qualities low-light low-light vision, scent. vision, scent.

Ability Scores Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2; Special Attacks Ability Scores Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2; Special Attacks ferocity.

Camel

Starting Statistics: Size Large; Speed 50 ft.; AC +1 natural Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 40 ft.; AC +2 natural

is sickened for 1d4 rounds, range 10 feet); Ability Scores Str 18, Dex 16, Con 14, Int 2, Wis 11, Cha 4; Special Qualities

4th-Level Advancement: **Ability Scores** Str +2, Con +2.

Cat, Big (Lion, Tiger)

Starting Statistics: Size Medium; Speed 40 ft.; AC +1 natural armor; Attack bite (1d6), 2 claws (1d4); Ability Scores Str 13, Dex 17, Con 13, Int 2, Wis 15, Cha 10; Special Attacks rake (1d4); Special Qualities low-light vision, scent.

7th-Level Advancement: Size Large; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d8), 2 claws (1d6); Ability Scores Str +8, Dex -2, Con +4; **Special Attacks** grab, pounce, rake (1d6).

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 50 ft.; AC +1 natural armor; Attack bite (1d4 plus trip), 2 claws (1d2); Ability Scores Str 12, Dex 21, Con 13, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 6; Special Qualities low-light vision, scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d6 plus trip), 2 claws (1d3); Ability Scores Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2; **Special Qualities** sprint.

Crocodile (Alligator)

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 20 ft., swim 30 ft.; AC +4 natural armor; Attack bite (1d6); Ability Scores Str 15, Dex 14, Con 15, Int 1, Wis 12, Cha 2; Special Qualities hold breath, low-light vision.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d8) or tail slap (1d12); Ability Scores Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2; **Special Attacks** death roll, grab, sprint.

Dinosaur (Deinonychus, Velociraptor)

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 60 ft.; AC +1 natural Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 40 ft.; AC +6 natural armor; Attack 2 talons (1d6), bite (1d4); Ability Scores Str

7th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; AC +2 natural 4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack gore (1d8); armor; Attack 2 talons (1d8), bite (1d6), 2 claws (1d4) pounce.

Dog

armor; Attack bite (1d4) or spit (ranged touch attack, target armor; Attack bite (1d4); Ability Scores Str 13, Dex 17, Con

15, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 6; **Special Qualities** low-light vision, blindsense. scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d6); **Ability Scores** Str +4, Dex −2, Con +2.

Horse

Starting Statistics: Size Large; Speed 50 ft.; AC +4 natural Qualities low-light vision, scent. *This is a secondary Special Attacks constrict 1d4. natural attack, see Combat for more information on how secondary attacks work.

4th-Level Advancement: Ability Scores Str +2, Con +2; Special Qualities combat trained.

Pony

Starting Statistics: Size Medium; Speed 40 ft.; AC +2 natural armor; Attack 2 hooves (1d3); Ability Scores Str 13, Dex 13, Con 12, Int 2, Wis 11, Cha 4; **Special Qualities** lowlight vision, scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Ability Scores Str +2, Con +2; Special Qualities combat trained.

Shark

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed swim 60 ft.; AC +4 natural armor; Attack bite (1d4); Ability Scores Str 13, Dex 15, Con 15, Int 1, Wis 12, Cha 2; Special Qualities scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d6); Ability Scores Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2; Special Qualities

Snake, Constrictor

Starting Statistics: Size Medium; Speed 20 ft., climb 20 ft., swim 20 ft.; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d3); Ability Scores Str 15, Dex 17, Con 13, Int 1, Wis 12, Cha 2; Special Attacks grab; Special Qualities scent.

armor; Attack bite (1d4), 2 hooves* (1d6); Ability Scores 4th-Level Advancement: Size Large; AC +1 natural armor; Str 16, Dex 13, Con 15, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 6; Special Attack bite (1d4); Ability Scores Str +8, Dex -2, Con +4;

Snake, Viper

Starting Statistics: Size Small; Speed 20 ft., climb 20 ft., swim 20 ft.; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d3 plus poison); Ability Scores Str 8, Dex 17, Con 11, Int 1, Wis 12, Cha 2; Special Attacks poison (Frequency 1 round (6), Effect 1 Con damage, Cure 1 save, Con-based DC); Special **Qualities** scent.

4th-Level Advancement: Size Medium; Attack bite (1d4 plus poison); **Ability Scores** Str +4, Dex -2, Con +2.

Wolf

Starting Statistics: Size Medium; Speed 50 ft.; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d6 plus trip); Ability Scores Str 13, Dex 15, Con 15, Int 2, Wis 12, Cha 6; Special Qualities

7th-Level Advancement: Size Large; AC +2 natural armor; Attack bite (1d8 plus trip); Ability Scores Str +8, Dex -2, Con +4.

Fighter

Some take up arms for glory, wealth, or revenge. Others do battle to prove themselves, to protect others, or because they know nothing else. Still others learn the ways of weaponcraft to hone their bodies in battle and prove their mettle in the forge of war. Lords of the battlefield, fighters are a disparate lot, training with many weapons or just one, perfecting the uses of armor, learning the fighting techniques of exotic masters, and studying the art of combat, all to shape themselves into living weapons. Far more than mere thugs, these skilled warriors reveal the true deadliness of their weapons, turning hunks of metal into arms capable of taming kingdoms, slaughtering monsters, and rousing the hearts of armies. Soldiers, knights, hunters, and artists of war, fighters are unparalleled champions, and woe to those who dare stand against them.

Role: Fighters excel at combat—defeating their enemies, controlling the flow of battle, and surviving such sorties themselves. While their specific weapons and methods grant them a wide variety of tactics, few can match fighters for sheer battle prowess.

Alignment: Any.

Hit Die: d10.

Class Skills

The fighter's class skills are Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Handle Animal (Cha), Intimidate (Cha), Knowledge (dungeoneering) (Int), Knowledge (engineering) (Int), Profession (Wis), Ride (Dex), Survival (Wis), and Swim (Str).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Class Features

The following are class features of the fighter.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: A fighter is proficient with all simple and martial weapons and with all armor (heavy, light, and medium) and shields (including tower shields).

a fighter gains a bonus feat in addition to those gained from +4 increase of the maximum Dexterity bonus allowed. normal advancement (meaning that the fighter gains a feat at every level). These bonus feats must be selected from those listed as combat feats, sometimes also called "fighter bonus feats."

Upon reaching 4th level, and every four levels thereafter (8th, 12th, and so on), a fighter can choose to learn a new bonus feat in place of a bonus feat he has already learned. In effect, the fighter loses the bonus feat in exchange for the new one. The old feat cannot be one that was used as a Every four levels thereafter (9th, 13th, and 17th), a fighter fighter can only change one feat at any given level and must choose whether or not to swap the feat at the time he gains a new bonus feat for the level.

Bravery (Ex): Starting at 2nd level, a fighter gains a +1 bonus on Will saves against fear. This bonus increases by +1for every four levels beyond 2nd.

Armor Training (Ex): Starting at 3rd level, a fighter learns to be more maneuverable while wearing armor. Whenever he is wearing armor, he reduces the armor check penalty by 1 (to a minimum of 0) and increases the maximum Dexterity bonus allowed by his armor by 1. Every four levels thereafter (7th, 11th, and 15th), these bonuses increase by +1 each time, Bonus Feats: At 1st level, and at every even level thereafter, to a maximum -4 reduction of the armor check penalty and a

> In addition, a fighter can also move at his normal speed while wearing medium armor. At 7th level, a fighter can move at his normal speed while wearing heavy armor.

> Weapon Training (Ex): Starting at 5th level, a fighter can select one group of weapons, as noted below. Whenever he attacks with a weapon from this group, he gains a +1 bonus on attack and damage rolls.

prerequisite for another feat, prestige class, or other ability. A becomes further trained in another group of weapons. He gains a +1 bonus on attack and damage rolls when using a weapon from this group. In addition, the bonuses granted by previous weapon groups increase by +1 each. For example,

Fort Save Ref Save Will Save Special Base Attack Bonus

+1	+2	+0	+0	Bonus feat
+2	+3	+0	+0	Bonus feat, bravery +1
+3	+3	+1	+1	Armor training 1
+4	+4	+1	+1	Bonus feat
+5	+4	+1	+1	Weapon training 1
+6/+1	+5	+2	+2	Bonus feat, bravery +2
+7/+2	+5	+2	+2	Armor training 2
+8/+3	+6	+2	+2	Bonus feat
+9/+4	+6	+3	+3	Weapon training 2
+10/+5	+7	+3	+3	Bonus feat, bravery +3
+11/+6/+1	+7	+3	+3	Armor training 3
+12/+7/+2	+8	+4	+4	Bonus feat
+13/+8/+3	+8	+4	+4	Weapon training 3
+14/+9/+4	+9	+4	+4	Bonus feat, bravery +4
+15/+10/+5	+9	+5	+5	Armor training 4
+16/+11/+6/+1	+10	+5	+5	Bonus feat
+17/+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+5	Weapon training 4
+18/+13/+8/+3	+11	+6	+6	Bonus feat, bravery +5
+19/+14/+9/+4	+11	+6	+6	Armor mastery
+20/+15/+10/+5	+12	+6	+6	Bonus feat, weapon mastery
	+2 +3 +4 +5 +6/+1 +7/+2 +8/+3 +9/+4 +10/+5 +11/+6/+1 +12/+7/+2 +13/+8/+3 +14/+9/+4 +15/+10/+5 +16/+11/+6/+1 +17/+12/+7/+2 +18/+13/+8/+3 +19/+14/+9/+4	+2 +3 +3 +3 +4 +4 +4 +4 +5 +4 +4 +5 +4 +5 +5 +4 +6 +1 +5 +5 +7 +2 +5 +8 +3 +6 +9 +4 +6 +10 +5 +7 +11 +6 +1 +7 +12 +7 +2 +8 +13 +8 +3 +8 +14 +9 +4 +4 +9 +4 +15 +10 +5 +9 +16 +11 +6 +1 +10 +17 +12 +7 +2 +10 +18 +13 +8 +3 +11 +19 +14 +9 +4 +11 +11 +19 +14 +9 +4 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +11 +19 +14 +19 +4 +11 +11 +19 +14 +11 +19 +14 +11 +11 +11 +11 +11 +11 +11 +11 +11	+2 +3 +0 +3 +1 +4 +4 +1 +5 +4 +1 +6/+1 +5 +2 +7/+2 +5 +2 +8/+3 +6 +2 +9/+4 +6 +3 +10/+5 +7 +3 +11/+6/+1 +7 +3 +12/+7/+2 +8 +4 +13/+8/+3 +8 +4 +14/+9/+4 +9 +4 +15/+10/+5 +9 +5 +16/+11/+6/+1 +10 +5 +17/+12/+7/+2 +10 +5 +18/+13/+8/+3 +11 +6 +19/+14/+9/+4 +11 +6	+2 +3 +0 +0 +3 +1 +1 +4 +1 +1 +5 +4 +1 +1 +6/+1 +5 +2 +2 +7/+2 +5 +2 +2 +8/+3 +6 +2 +2 +8/+3 +6 +2 +2 +9/+4 +6 +3 +3 +10/+5 +7 +3 +3 +11/+6/+1 +7 +3 +3 +12/+7/+2 +8 +4 +4 +13/+8/+3 +8 +4 +4 +14/+9/+4 +9 +4 +4 +15/+10/+5 +9 +5 +5 +16/+11/+6/+1 +10 +5 +5 +18/+13/+8/+3 +11 +6 +6 +19/+14/+9/+4 +11 +6 +6

Table 3-8: Fighter

when a fighter reaches 9th level, he receives a +1 bonus on heavy repeating crossbow, and light repeating crossbow. attack and damage rolls with one weapon group and a +2 bonus on attack and damage rolls with the weapon group selected at 5th level. Bonuses granted from overlapping groups do not stack. Take the highest bonus granted for a Flails: dire flail, flail, heavy flail, morningstar, nunchaku, weapon if it resides in two or more groups.

A fighter also adds this bonus to any combat maneuver *Hammers*: club, greatclub, heavy mace, light hammer, light checks made with weapons from this group. This bonus also mace, and warhammer. applies to the fighter's Combat Maneuver Defense when defending against disarm and sunder attempts made against weapons from this group.

Weapon groups are defined as follows (GMs may add other weapons to these groups, or add entirely new groups):

Axes: battleaxe, dwarven waraxe, greataxe, handaxe, heavy pick, light pick, orc double axe, and throwing axe.

Blades, Heavy: bastard sword, elven curve blade, falchion, greatsword, longsword, scimitar, scythe, and two-bladed *Thrown*: blowgun, bolas, club, dagger, dart, halfling sling sword.

Blades, Light: dagger, kama, kukri, rapier, sickle, starknife, and short sword.

Bows: composite longbow, composite shortbow, longbow, and shortbow.

Close: gauntlet, heavy shield, light shield, punching dagger, sap, spiked armor, spiked gauntlet, spiked shield, and unarmed strike.

Crossbows: hand crossbow, heavy crossbow, light crossbow, disarmed while wielding a weapon of this type.

Double: dire flail, dwarven urgrosh, gnome hooked hammer, orc double axe, quarterstaff, and two-bladed sword.

spiked chain, and whip.

Monk: kama, nunchaku, quarterstaff, sai, shuriken, siangham, and unarmed strike.

Natural: unarmed strike and all natural weapons, such as bite, claw, gore, tail, and wing.

Pole Arms: glaive, guisarme, halberd, and ranseur.

Spears: javelin, lance, longspear, shortspear, spear, and trident.

staff, javelin, light hammer, net, shortspear, shuriken, sling, spear, starknife, throwing axe, and trident.

Armor Mastery (Ex): At 19th level, a fighter gains DR 5/ whenever he is wearing armor or using a shield.

Weapon Mastery (Ex): At 20th level, a fighter chooses one weapon, such as the longsword, greataxe, or longbow. Any attacks made with that weapon automatically confirm all critical threats and have their damage multiplier increased by 1 (\times 2 becomes \times 3, for example). In addition, he cannot be

Monk Class Skills

battlefield—it is a lifestyle, a doctrine, a state of mind. These Craft (Int), Escape Artist (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), warrior-artists search out methods of battle beyond swords Knowledge (history) (Int), Knowledge (religion) (Int), and shields, finding weapons within themselves just as Perception (Wis), Perform (Cha), Profession (Wis), Ride capable of crippling or killing as any blade. These monks (so (Dex), Sense Motive (Wis), Stealth (Dex), and Swim (Str). called since they adhere to ancient philosophies and strict **Skill Ranks per Level**: 4 + Int modifier. martial disciplines) elevate their bodies to become weapons of war, from battle-minded ascetics to self-taught brawlers. Monks tread the path of discipline, and those with the will to endure that path discover within themselves not what they are, but what they are meant to be.

Role: Monks excel at overcoming even the most daunting Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Monks are proficient with perils, striking where it's least expected, and taking the club, crossbow (light or heavy), dagger, handaxe, javelin, advantage of enemy vulnerabilities. Fleet of foot and skilled kama, nunchaku, quarterstaff, sai, shortspear, short sword, in combat, monks can navigate any battlefield with ease, shuriken, siangham, sling, and spear. aiding allies wherever they are needed most.

Alignment: Any lawful.

Hit Die: d8.

For the truly exemplary, martial skill transcends the The monk's class skills are Acrobatics (Dex), Climb (Str),

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the monk.

Monks are not proficient with any armor or shields.

When wearing armor, using a shield, or carrying a medium or heavy load, a monk loses his AC bonus, as well as his fast movement and flurry of blows abilities.

AC Bonus (Ex): When unarmored and unencumbered, the bonus. monk adds his Wisdom bonus (if any) to his AC and his CMD. In addition, a monk gains a +1 bonus to AC and CMD at 4th level. This bonus increases by 1 for every four monk levels thereafter, up to a maximum of +5 at 20th level.

These bonuses to AC apply even against touch attacks or when the monk is flat-footed. He loses these bonuses when he is immobilized or helpless, when he wears any armor, when he carries a shield, or when he carries a medium or heavy load.

Flurry of Blows (Ex): Starting at 1st level, a monk can make a flurry of blows as a full-attack action. When doing so he may make one additional attack using any combination of unarmed strikes or attacks with a special monk weapon (kama, nunchaku, quarterstaff, sai, shuriken, and siangham) as if using the Two-Weapon Fighting feat (even if the monk does not meet the prerequisites for the feat). For the purpose of these attacks, the monk's base attack bonus is equal to his monk level. For all other purposes, such as qualifying for a feat or a prestige class, the monk uses his normal base attack

At 8th level, the monk can make two additional attacks when he uses flurry of blows, as if using Improved Two-Weapon Fighting (even if the monk does not meet the prerequisites for the feat).

At 15th level, the monk can make three additional attacks using flurry of blows, as if using Greater Two-Weapon Fighting (even if the monk does not meet the prerequisites for the feat).

A monk applies his full Strength bonus to his damage rolls for all successful attacks made with flurry of blows, whether the attacks are made with an off-hand or with a weapon wielded in both hands. A monk may substitute disarm, sunder, and trip combat maneuvers for unarmed attacks as part of a flurry of blows. A monk cannot use any weapon other than an unarmed strike or a special monk weapon as part of a flurry of blows. A monk with natural weapons cannot use such weapons as part of a flurry of blows, nor can he make natural attacks in addition to his flurry of blows attacks.

Table 3-9: Monk

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Flurry of Blows Attack Bonus	Unarmed Damage	AC Bonus	Fast Movement
1st	+0	+2	+2	+2	Bonus feat, flurry of blows, stunning fist, unarmed strike	-1/-1	1d6	+0	+0 ft.
2nd	+1	+3	+3	+3	Bonus feat, evasion	+0/+0	1d6	+0	+0 ft.
3rd	+2	+3	+3	+3	Fast movement, maneuver training, still mind	+1/+1	1d6	+0	+10 ft.
4th	+3	+4	+4	+4	Ki pool (magic), slow fall 20 ft.	+2/+2	1d8	+1	+10 ft.
5th	+3	+4	+4	+4	High jump, purity of body	+3/+3	1d8	+1	+10 ft.
6th	+4	+5	+5	+5	Bonus feat, slow fall 30 ft.	+4/+4/-1	1d8	+1	+20 ft.
7th	+5	+5	+5	+5	Wholeness of body	+5/+5/+0	1d8	+1	+20 ft.
8th	+6/+1	+6	+6	+6	Slow fall 40 ft.	+6/+6/+1/+1	1d10	+2	+20 ft.
9th	+6/+1	+6	+6	+6	Improved evasion	+7/+7/+2/+2	1d10	+2	+30 ft.
10th	+7/+2	+7	+7	+7	Bonus feat, <i>ki</i> pool (lawful), slow fall 50 ft.	+8/+8/+3/+3	1d10	+2	+30 ft.
11th	+8/+3	+7	+7	+7	Diamond body	+9/+9/+4/+4/-1	1d10	+2	+30 ft.
12th	+9/+4	+8	+8	+8	Abundant step, slow fall 60 ft.	+10/+10/+5/+5/+0	2d6	+3	+40 ft.
13th	+9/+4	+8	+8	+8	Diamond soul	+11/+11/+6/+6/+1	2d6	+3	+40 ft.
14th	+10/+5	+9	+9	+9	Bonus feat, slow fall 70 ft.	+12/+12/+7/+7/+2	2d6	+3	+40 ft.
15th	+11/+6/+1	+9	+9	+9	Quivering palm	+13/+13/+8/+8/+3/+3	2d6	+3	+50 ft.
16th	+12/+7/+2	+10	+10	+10	<i>Ki</i> pool (adamantine), slow fall 80 ft.	+14/+14/+9/+9/+4/+4/-1	2d8	+4	+50 ft.
17th	+12/+7/+2	+10	+10	+10	Timeless body, tongue of the sun and moon	+15/+15/+10/+10/+5/+5/+0	2d8	+4	+50 ft.
18th	+13/+8/+3	+11	+11	+11	Bonus feat, slow fall 90 ft.	+16/+16/+11/+11/+6/+6/+1	2d8	+4	+60 ft.
19th	+14/+9/+4	+11	+11	+11	Empty body	+17/+17/+12/+12/+7/+7/+2	2d8	+4	+60 ft.
20th	+15/+10/+5	+12	+12	+12	Perfect self, slow fall any distance	+18/+18/+13/+13/+8/+8/+3	2d10	+5	+60 ft.

damage rolls for all his unarmed strikes.

Usually a monk's unarmed strikes deal lethal damage, but he can choose to deal nonlethal damage instead with no penalty on his attack roll. He has the same choice to deal lethal or Evasion (Ex): At 2nd level or higher, a monk can avoid nonlethal damage while grappling.

A monk's unarmed strike is treated as both a manufactured weapon and a natural weapon for the purpose of spells and effects that enhance or improve either manufactured weapons or natural weapons.

A monk also deals more damage with his unarmed strikes than a normal person would, as shown above on Table: Monk. The unarmed damage values listed on Table: Monk is for Medium monks. A Small monk deals less damage than the amount given there with his unarmed attacks, while a Large monk deals more damage; see Small or Large Monk Maneuver Training (Ex): At 3rd level, a monk uses his Unarmed Damage on the table given below.

Table 3-10: Small or Large Monk Unarmed Damage

Level	Damage (Small Monk)	Damage (Large Monk)
1st-3rd	1d4	1d8
4th-7th	1d6	2d6
8th-11th	1d8	2d8
12th-15th	1d10	3d6
16th-19th	2d6	3d8
20th	2d8	4d8

Bonus Feat: At 1st level, 2nd level, and every 4 levels thereafter, a monk may select a bonus feat. These feats must be taken from the following list: Catch Off-Guard, Combat Reflexes, Deflect Arrows, Dodge, Improved Grapple, following feats are added to the list: Gorgon's Fist, Improved bypassing hardness. Bull Rush, Improved Disarm, Improved Feint, Improved Trip, and Mobility. At 10th level, the following feats are added to the list: Improved Critical, Medusa's Wrath, Snatch Arrows, and Spring Attack. A monk need not have any of the prerequisites normally required for these feats to select them.

Stunning Fist (Ex): At 1st level, the monk gains Stunning Fist as a bonus feat, even if he does not meet the prerequisites. At 4th level, and every 4 levels thereafter, the monk gains the ability to apply a new condition to the target of his Stunning Fist. This condition replaces stunning the target for 1 round, and a successful saving throw still negates the effect. At 4th level, he can choose to make the target

Unarmed Strike: At 1st level, a monk gains Improved fatigued. At 8th level, he can make the target sickened for 1 Unarmed Strike as a bonus feat. A monk's attacks may be minute. At 12th level, he can make the target staggered for with fist, elbows, knees, and feet. This means that a monk 1d6+1 rounds. At 16th level, he can permanently blind or may make unarmed strikes with his hands full. There is no deafen the target. At 20th level, he can paralyze the target for such thing as an off-hand attack for a monk striking 1d6+1 rounds. The monk must choose which condition will unarmed. A monk may thus apply his full Strength bonus on apply before the attack roll is made. These effects do not stack with themselves (a creature sickened by Stunning Fist cannot become nauseated if hit by Stunning Fist again), but additional hits do increase the duration.

> damage from many area-effect attacks. If a monk makes a successful Reflex saving throw against an attack that normally deals half damage on a successful save, he instead takes no damage. Evasion can be used only if a monk is wearing light armor or no armor. A helpless monk does not gain the benefit of evasion.

> Fast Movement (Ex): At 3rd level, a monk gains an enhancement bonus to his land speed, as shown on Table: Monk. A monk in armor or carrying a medium or heavy load loses this extra speed.

> monk level in place of his base attack bonus when calculating his Combat Maneuver Bonus. Base attack bonuses granted from other classes are unaffected and are added normally.

> Still Mind (Ex): A monk of 3rd level or higher gains a +2 bonus on saving throws against enchantment spells and effects.

Ki Pool (Su): At 4th level, a monk gains a pool of ki points, supernatural energy he can use to accomplish amazing feats. The number of points in a monk's ki pool is equal to 1/2 his monk level + his Wisdom modifier. As long as he has at least 1 point in his ki pool, he can make a ki strike. At 4th level, ki strike allows his unarmed attacks to be treated as magic weapons for the purpose of overcoming damage reduction. Ki strike improves with the character's monk level. At 10th level, his unarmed attacks are also treated as lawful weapons for the purpose of overcoming damage reduction. At 16th level, his unarmed attacks are treated as adamantine weapons Scorpion Style, and Throw Anything. At 6th level, the for the purpose of overcoming damage reduction and

> By spending 1 point from his ki pool, a monk can make one additional attack at his highest attack bonus when making a flurry of blows attack. In addition, he can spend 1 point to increase his speed by 20 feet for 1 round. Finally, a monk can spend 1 point from his ki pool to give himself a +4 dodge bonus to AC for 1 round. Each of these powers is activated as a swift action. A monk gains additional powers that consume points from his ki pool as he gains levels.

> The ki pool is replenished each morning after 8 hours of rest or meditation; these hours do not need to be consecutive.

> **Slow Fall (Ex)**: At 4th level or higher, a monk within arm's

reach of a wall can use it to slow his descent. When first his intent before making his attack roll. Creatures immune to gaining this ability, he takes damage as if the fall were 20 critical hits cannot be affected. Otherwise, if the monk strikes feet shorter than it actually is. The monk's ability to slow his successfully and the target takes damage from the blow, the fall (that is, to reduce the effective distance of the fall when quivering palm attack succeeds. Thereafter, the monk can try next to a wall) improves with his monk level until at 20th to slay the victim at any later time, as long as the attempt is level he can use a nearby wall to slow his descent and fall made within a number of days equal to his monk level. To any distance without harm.

High Jump (Ex): At 5th level, a monk adds his level to all Acrobatics checks made to jump, both for vertical jumps and horizontal jumps. In addition, he always counts as having a running start when making jump checks using Acrobatics. By spending 1 point from his ki pool as a swift action, a monk gains a +20 bonus on Acrobatics checks made to jump for 1 round.

Purity of Body (Ex): At 5th level, a monk gains immunity to all diseases, including supernatural and magical diseases.

heal his own wounds as a standard action. He can heal a however, remain in place. Age bonuses still accrue, and the number of hit points of damage equal to his monk level by monk still dies of old age when his time is up. using 2 points from his ki pool.

Improved Evasion (Ex): At 9th level, a monk's evasion ability improves. He still takes no damage on a successful Reflex saving throw against attacks, but henceforth he takes only half damage on a failed save. A helpless monk does not gain the benefit of improved evasion.

to poisons of all kinds.

slip magically between spaces, as if using the spell creature. He is forevermore treated as an outsider rather than dimension door. Using this ability is a move action that as a humanoid (or whatever the monk's creature type was) consumes 2 points from his ki pool. His caster level for this for the purpose of spells and magical effects. Additionally, effect is equal to his monk level. He cannot take other the monk gains damage reduction 10/chaotic, which allows creatures with him when he uses this ability.

Diamond Soul (Ex): At 13th level, a monk gains spell resistance equal to his current monk level + 10. In order to affect the monk with a spell, a spellcaster must get a result on a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) that equals or exceeds the monk's spell resistance.

Quivering Palm (Su): Starting at 15th level, a monk can set up vibrations within the body of another creature that can thereafter be fatal if the monk so desires. He can use this quivering palm attack once per day, and he must announce

make such an attempt, the monk merely wills the target to die (a free action), and unless the target makes a Fortitude saving throw (DC 10 + 1/2 the monk's level + the monk's Wis modifier), it dies. If the saving throw is successful, the target is no longer in danger from that particular quivering palm attack, but it may still be affected by another one at a later time. A monk can have no more than 1 quivering palm in effect at one time. If a monk uses quivering palm while another is still in effect, the previous effect is negated.

Timeless Body (Ex): At 17th level, a monk no longer takes penalties to his ability scores for aging and cannot be Wholeness of Body (Su): At 7th level or higher, a monk can magically aged. Any such penalties that he has already taken,

> Tongue of the Sun and Moon (Ex): A monk of 17th level or higher can speak with any living creature.

Empty Body (Su): At 19th level, a monk gains the ability to assume an ethereal state for 1 minute as though using the spell etherealness. Using this ability is a move action that consumes 3 points from his ki pool. This ability only affects Diamond Body (Su): At 11th level, a monk gains immunity the monk and cannot be used to make other creatures ethereal.

Abundant Step (Su): At 12th level or higher, a monk can Perfect Self: At 20th level, a monk becomes a magical him to ignore the first 10 points of damage from any attack made by a nonchaotic weapon or by any natural attack made by a creature that doesn't have similar damage reduction. Unlike other outsiders, the monk can still be brought back from the dead as if he were a member of his previous creature type.

Ex-Monks

A monk who becomes nonlawful cannot gain new levels as a monk but retains all monk abilities.

Paladin

Through a select, worthy few shines the power of the divine. Called paladins, these noble souls dedicate their swords and lives to the battle against evil. Knights, crusaders, and lawbringers, paladins seek not just to spread divine justice but to

embody the teachings of the virtuous deities they serve. In pursuit of their lofty goals, they adhere to ironclad laws of morality and discipline. As reward for their righteousness, these holy champions are blessed with boons to aid them in their quests: powers to banish evil, heal the innocent, and inspire the faithful. Although their convictions might lead

them into conflict with the very souls they would save, Class Features paladins weather endless challenges of faith and dark temptations, risking their lives to do right and fighting to All of the following are class features of the paladin. bring about a brighter future.

chaos of battle. While deadly opponents of evil, they can also empower goodly souls to aid in their crusades. Their magic shields). and martial skills also make them well suited to defending others and blessing the fallen with the strength to continue fighting.

Alignment: Lawful good.

Hit Die: d10.

Class Skills

The paladin's class skills are Craft (Int), Diplomacy (Cha), Handle Animal (Cha), Heal (Wis), Knowledge (nobility) Smite Evil (Su): Once per day, a paladin can call out to the (Int), Knowledge (religion) (Int), Profession (Wis), Ride (Dex), Sense Motive (Wis), and Spellcraft (Int).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Paladins are proficient Role: Paladins serve as beacons for their allies within the with all simple and martial weapons, with all types of armor (heavy, medium, and light), and with shields (except tower

> Aura of Good (Ex): The power of a paladin's aura of good (see the *detect good* spell) is equal to her paladin level.

> Detect Evil (Sp): At will, a paladin can use detect evil, as the spell. A paladin can, as a move action, concentrate on a single item or individual within 60 feet and determine if it is evil, learning the strength of its aura as if having studied it for 3 rounds. While focusing on one individual or object, the paladin does not detect evil in any other object or individual within range.

> powers of good to aid her in her struggle against evil. As a swift action, the paladin chooses one target within sight to smite. If this target is evil, the paladin adds her Charisma bonus (if any) to her attack rolls and adds her paladin level to all damage rolls made against the target of her smite. If the

Table 3-11: Paladin

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Sav	e Special		ells p		-
1st	+1	+2	+0	+2	Aura of good, detect evil, smite evil 1/day	_	_	_	
2nd	+2	+3	+0	+3	Divine grace, lay on hands	_	_	_	—
3rd	+3	+3	+1	+3	Aura of courage, divine health, mercy	_	_	_	_
4th	+4	+4	+1	+4	Channel positive energy, smite evil 2/day	0	_	_	—
5th	+5	+4	+1	+4	Divine bond	1	_	_	_
6th	+6/+1	+5	+2	+5	Mercy	1	_	—	—
7th	+7/+2	+5	+2	+5	Smite evil 3/day	1	0	_	_
8th	+8/+3	+6	+2	+6	Aura of resolve	1	1	—	—
9th	+9/+4	+6	+3	+6	Mercy	2	1	_	_
10th	+10/+5	+7	+3	+7	Smite evil 4/day	2	1	0	—
11th	+11/+6/+1	+7	+3	+7	Aura of justice	2	1	1	_
12th	+12/+7/+2	+8	+4	+8	Mercy	2	2	1	—
13th	+13/+8/+3	+8	+4	+8	Smite evil 5/day	3	2	1	0
14th	+14/+9/+4	+9	+4	+9	Aura of faith	3	2	1	1
15th	+15/+10/+5	+9	+5	+9	Mercy	3	2	2	1
16th	+16/+11/+6/+1	+10	+5	+10	Smite evil 6/day	3	3	2	1
17th	+17/+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+10	Aura of righteousness	4	3	2	1
18th	+18/+13/+8/+3	+11	+6	+11	Mercy	4	3	2	2
19th	+19/+14/+9/+4	+11	+6	+11	Smite evil 7/day	4	3	3	2
20th	+20/+15/+10/+5	+12	+6	+12	Holy champion	4	4	3	3

target of smite evil is an outsider with the evil subtype, an mercies. evil-aligned dragon, or an undead creature, the bonus to damage increases to 2 points of damage per level the paladin possesses. Regardless of the target, smite evil attacks • Shaken: The target is no longer shaken. automatically bypass any DR the creature might possess.

In addition, while smite evil is in effect, the paladin gains a deflection bonus equal to her Charisma modifier (if any) to her AC against attacks made by the target of the smite. If the paladin targets a creature that is not evil, the smite is wasted • Dazed: The target is no longer dazed. with no effect.

The smite evil effect remains until the target of the smite is remove disease, using the paladin's level as the caster level. dead or the next time the paladin rests and regains her uses of this ability. At 4th level, and at every three levels thereafter, the paladin may smite evil one additional time per day, as indicated on Table: Paladin, to a maximum of seven times At 9th level, a paladin adds the following mercies to the list per day at 19th level.

Divine Grace (Su): At 2nd level, a paladin gains a bonus • Cursed: The paladin's lay on hands ability also acts as equal to her Charisma bonus (if any) on all saving throws.

Lay On Hands (Su): Beginning at 2nd level, a paladin can • Exhausted: The target is no longer exhausted. The paladin heal wounds (her own or those of others) by touch. Each day must have the fatigue mercy before selecting this mercy. she can use this ability a number of times equal to 1/2 her paladin level plus her Charisma modifier. With one use of this ability, a paladin can heal 1d6 hit points of damage for every two paladin levels she possesses. Using this ability is a • Nauseated: The target is no longer nauseated. The paladin standard action, unless the paladin targets herself, in which case it is a swift action. Despite the name of this ability, a paladin only needs one free hand to use this ability.

Alternatively, a paladin can use this healing power to deal damage to undead creatures, dealing 1d6 points of damage for every two levels the paladin possesses. Using lay on hands in this way requires a successful melee touch attack and doesn't provoke an attack of opportunity. Undead do not receive a saving throw against this damage.

Aura of Courage (Su): At 3rd level, a paladin is immune to fear (magical or otherwise). Each ally within 10 feet of her gains a +4 morale bonus on saving throws against fear effects. This ability functions only while the paladin is conscious, not if she is unconscious or dead.

Divine Health (Ex): At 3rd level, a paladin is immune to all diseases, including supernatural and magical diseases.

Mercy (Su): At 3rd level, and every three levels thereafter, a Channel Positive Energy (Su): When a paladin reaches 4th paladin can select one mercy. Each mercy adds an effect to the paladin's lay on hands ability. Whenever the paladin uses lay on hands to heal damage to one target, the target also receives the additional effects from all of the mercies possessed by the paladin. A mercy can remove a condition is a Charisma-based ability. caused by a curse, disease, or poison without curing the affliction. Such conditions return after 1 hour unless the mercy actually removes the affliction that causes the condition.

At 3rd level, the paladin can select from the following initial

- Fatigued: The target is no longer fatigued.
- Sickened: The target is no longer sickened.

At 6th level, a paladin adds the following mercies to the list of those that can be selected.

- Diseased: The paladin's lay on hands ability also acts as
- Staggered: The target is no longer staggered, unless the target is at exactly 0 hit points.

of those that can be selected.

- remove curse, using the paladin's level as the caster level.
- Frightened: The target is no longer frightened. The paladin must have the shaken mercy before selecting this mercy.
- must have the sickened mercy before selecting this mercy.
- Poisoned: The paladin's lay on hands ability also acts as neutralize poison, using the paladin's level as the caster level.

At 12th level, a paladin adds the following mercies to the list of those that can be selected.

- Blinded: The target is no longer blinded.
- Deafened: The target is no longer deafened.
- Paralyzed: The target is no longer paralyzed.
- Stunned: The target is no longer stunned.

These abilities are cumulative. For example, a 12th-level paladin's lay on hands ability heals 6d6 points of damage and might also cure fatigued and exhausted conditions as well as removing diseases and neutralizing poisons. Once a condition or spell effect is chosen, it can't be changed.

level, she gains the supernatural ability to channel positive energy like a cleric. Using this ability consumes two uses of her lay on hands ability. A paladin uses her level as her effective cleric level when channeling positive energy. This

Spells: Beginning at 4th level, a paladin gains the ability to cast a small number of divine spells which are drawn from the paladin spell list presented in Spell Lists. A paladin must choose and prepare her spells in advance.

score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty damage rolls. Class for a saving throw against a paladin's spell is 10 + the spell level + the paladin's Charisma modifier.

Table: Paladin indicates that the paladin gets 0 spells per day level. Bonded mounts have an Intelligence of at least 6. of a given spell level, she gains only the bonus spells she would be entitled to based on her Charisma score for that spell level.

provided that she can cast spells of that level, but she must total of four times per day at 17th level. choose which spells to prepare during her daily meditation.

Through 3rd level, a paladin has no caster level. At 4th level becomes a magical beast for the purposes of determining and higher, her caster level is equal to her paladin level -3.

Divine Bond (Sp): Upon reaching 5th level, a paladin forms a divine bond with her god. This bond can take one of two Should the paladin's mount die, the paladin may not summon forms. Once the form is chosen, it cannot be changed.

The first type of bond allows the paladin to enhance her weapon as a standard action by calling upon the aid of a celestial spirit for 1 minute per paladin level. When called, Aura of Resolve (Su): At 8th level, a paladin is immune to the spirit causes the weapon to shed light as a torch. At 5th charm spells and spell-like abilities. Each ally within 10 feet level, this spirit grants the weapon a +1 enhancement bonus. of her gains a +4 morale bonus on saving throws against For every three levels beyond 5th, the weapon gains another charm effects. +1 enhancement bonus, to a maximum of +6 at 20th level. These bonuses can be added to the weapon, stacking with existing weapon bonuses to a maximum of +5, or they can be used to add any of the following weapon properties: Aura of Justice (Su): At 11th level, a paladin can expend axiomatic, brilliant energy, defending, disruption, flaming, two uses of her smite evil ability to grant the ability to smite flaming burst, holy, keen, merciful, and speed. Adding these evil to all allies within 10 feet, using her bonuses. Allies must properties consumes an amount of bonus equal to the use this smite evil ability by the start of the paladin's next property's cost (see Table: Melee Weapon Special Abilities). turn and the bonuses last for 1 minute. Using this ability is a These bonuses are added to any properties the weapon free action. Evil creatures gain no benefit from this ability. already has, but duplicate abilities do not stack. If the weapon is not magical, at least a + 1 enhancement bonus must be added before any other properties can be added. The bonus and properties granted by the spirit are determined when the spirit is called and cannot be changed until the spirit is called again. The celestial spirit imparts no bonuses if the weapon is held by anyone other than the paladin but This ability functions only while the paladin is conscious, not resumes giving bonuses if returned to the paladin. These bonuses apply to only one end of a double weapon. A paladin can use this ability once per day at 5th level, and one additional time per day for every four levels beyond 5th, to a total of four times per day at 17th level.

If a weapon bonded with a celestial spirit is destroyed, the paladin loses the use of this ability for 30 days, or until she gains a level, whichever comes first. During this 30-day

To prepare or cast a spell, a paladin must have a Charisma period, the paladin takes a -1 penalty on attack and weapon

The second type of bond allows a paladin to gain the service of an unusually intelligent, strong, and loyal steed to serve Like other spellcasters, a paladin can cast only a certain her in her crusade against evil. This mount is usually a heavy number of spells of each spell level per day. Her base daily horse (for a Medium paladin) or a pony (for a Small paladin), spell allotment is given on Table: Paladin. In addition, she although more exotic mounts, such as a boar, camel, or dog receives bonus spells per day if she has a high Charisma are also suitable. This mount functions as a druid's animal score (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells). When companion, using the paladin's level as her effective druid

Once per day, as a full-round action, a paladin may magically call her mount to her side. This ability is the equivalent of a spell of a level equal to one-third the paladin's level. The A paladin must spend 1 hour each day in quiet prayer and mount immediately appears adjacent to the paladin. A meditation to regain her daily allotment of spells. A paladin paladin can use this ability once per day at 5th level, and one may prepare and cast any spell on the paladin spell list, additional time per day for every 4 levels thereafter, for a

> At 11th level, the mount gains the celestial template and which spells affect it. At 15th level, a paladin's mount gains spell resistance equal to the paladin's level + 11.

> another mount for 30 days or until she gains a paladin level, whichever comes first. During this 30-day period, the paladin takes a -1 penalty on attack and weapon damage rolls.

This ability functions only while the paladin is conscious, not if she is unconscious or dead.

Aura of Faith (Su): At 14th level, a paladin's weapons are treated as good-aligned for the purposes of overcoming damage reduction. Any attack made against an enemy within 10 feet of her is treated as good-aligned for the purposes of overcoming damage reduction.

if she is unconscious or dead.

Aura of Righteousness (Su): At 17th level, a paladin gains DR 5/evil and immunity to compulsion spells and spell-like abilities. Each ally within 10 feet of her gains a +4 morale bonus on saving throws against compulsion effects.

This ability functions only while the paladin is conscious, not if she is unconscious or dead.

conduit for the power of her god. Her DR increases to anyone who consistently offends her moral code. Under strikes an evil outsider, the outsider is also subject to a associates, but only to defeat what she believes to be a banishment, using her paladin level as the caster level (her greater evil. A paladin should seek an atonement spell weapon and holy symbol automatically count as objects that periodically during such an unusual alliance, and should end the subject hates). After the banishment effect and the the alliance immediately should she feel it is doing more damage from the attack is resolved, the smite immediately harm than good. A paladin may accept only henchmen, ends. In addition, whenever she channels positive energy or followers, or cohorts who are lawful good. uses lay on hands to heal a creature, she heals the maximum possible amount.

Code of Conduct: A paladin must be of lawful good alignment and loses all class features except proficiencies if she ever willingly commits an evil act.

Additionally, a paladin's code requires that she respect legitimate authority, act with honor (not lying, not cheating, not using poison, and so forth), help those in need (provided they do not use the help for evil or chaotic ends), and punish those who harm or threaten innocents.

Associates: While she may adventure with good or neutral

Holy Champion (Su): At 20th level, a paladin becomes a allies, a paladin avoids working with evil characters or with 10/evil. Whenever she uses smite evil and successfully exceptional circumstances, a paladin can ally with evil

Ex-Paladins

A paladin who ceases to be lawful good, who willfully commits an evil act, or who violates the code of conduct loses all paladin spells and class features (including the service of the paladin's mount, but not weapon, armor, and shield proficiencies). She may not progress any further in levels as a paladin. She regains her abilities and advancement potential if she atones for her violations (see the atonement spell description in Spell Lists), as appropriate.

Ranger

Skill Ranks per Level: 6 + Int modifier.

For those who relish the thrill of the hunt, there are only predators and prey. Be they scouts, trackers, or bounty hunters, rangers share much in common: unique mastery of specialized weapons, skill at stalking even the most elusive game, and the expertise to defeat a wide range of quarries. Knowledgeable, patient, and skilled hunters, these rangers hound man, beast, and monster alike, gaining insight into the way of the predator, skill in varied environments, and ever more lethal martial prowess. While some track man-eating creatures to protect the frontier, others pursue more cunning game—even fugitives among their own people.

range, capable of skillfully dancing in and out of battle. Their damage rolls against them. A ranger may make Knowledge abilities allow them to deal significant harm to specific types skill checks untrained when attempting to identify these of foes, but their skills are valuable against all manner of creatures. enemies.

Alignment: Any. Hit Die: d10.

Class Skills

The ranger's class skills are Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Handle Animal (Cha), Heal (Wis), Intimidate (Cha), Knowledge of humanoid to choose from—those called out specifically (dungeoneering) (Int), Knowledge (geography) (Int), on the table below are merely the most common.) If a Knowledge (nature) (Int), Perception (Wis), Profession specific creature falls into more than one category of favored (Wis), Ride (Dex), Spellcraft (Int), Stealth (Dex), Survival enemy, the ranger's bonuses do not stack; he simply uses (Wis), and Swim (Str).

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the ranger.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: A ranger is proficient with all simple and martial weapons and with light armor, medium armor, and shields (except tower shields).

Favored Enemy (Ex): At 1st level, a ranger selects a creature type from the ranger favored enemies table. He gains a +2 bonus on Bluff, Knowledge, Perception, Sense Motive, and Survival checks against creatures of his selected Role: Rangers are deft skirmishers, either in melee or at type. Likewise, he gets a +2 bonus on weapon attack and

> At 5th level and every five levels thereafter (10th, 15th, and 20th level), the ranger may select an additional favored enemy. In addition, at each such interval, the bonus against any one favored enemy (including the one just selected, if so desired) increases by +2.

> If the ranger chooses humanoids or outsiders as a favored enemy, he must also choose an associated subtype, as indicated on the table below. (Note that there are other types

whichever bonus is higher.

Table 3-12: Ranger Favored Enemies

Type (Subtype)	Type (Subtype)
Aberration	Humanoid (other subtype)
Animal	Magical beast
Construct	Monstrous humanoid
Dragon	Ooze
Fey	Outsider (air)
Humanoid (aquatic)	Outsider (chaotic)
Humanoid (dwarf)	Outsider (earth)
Humanoid (elf)	Outsider (evil)
Humanoid (giant)	Outsider (fire)
Humanoid (goblinoid)	Outsider (good)
Humanoid (gnoll)	Outsider (lawful)
Humanoid (gnome)	Outsider (native)
Humanoid (halfling)	Outsider (water)
Humanoid (human)	Plant
Humanoid (orc)	Undead
Humanoid (reptilian)	Vermin

Track (Ex): A ranger adds half his level (minimum 1) to Survival skill checks made to follow or identify tracks.

Wild Empathy (Ex): A ranger can improve the initial attitude of an animal. This ability functions just like a Diplomacy check to improve the attitude of a person (see Using Skills). The ranger rolls 1d20 and adds his ranger level and his Charisma bonus to determine the wild empathy check result. The typical domestic animal has a starting attitude of indifferent, while wild animals are usually unfriendly.

To use wild empathy, the ranger and the animal must be within 30 feet of one another under normal visibility conditions. Generally, influencing an animal in this way takes 1 minute, but, as with influencing people, it might take more or less time.

The ranger can also use this ability to influence a magical beast with an Intelligence score of 1 or 2, but he takes a –4 penalty on the check.

Combat Style Feat (Ex): At 2nd level, a ranger must select one of two combat styles to pursue: archery or two-weapon combat. The ranger's expertise manifests in the form of bonus feats at 2nd, 6th, 10th, 14th, and 18th level. He can choose feats from his selected combat style, even if he does

Table 3-13: Ranger

	200012000120100	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special				Oay 4th
1st	+1	+2	+2	+0	1st favored enemy, track, wild empathy	_	_	_	
2nd	+2	+3	+3	+0	Combat style feat	_	_	_	_
3rd	+3	+3	+3	+1	Endurance, 1st favored terrain	_	_	_	_
4th	+4	+4	+4	+1	Hunter's bond	0	_	_	_
5th	+5	+4	+4	+1	2nd favored enemy	1	_	_	_
6th	+6/+1	+5	+5	+2	Combat style feat	1	_	_	—
7th	+7/+2	+5	+5	+2	Woodland stride	1	0	_	_
8th	+8/+3	+6	+6	+2	Swift tracker, 2nd favored terrain	1	1	_	—
9th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+3	Evasion	2	1	_	_
10th	+10/+5	+7	+7	+3	3rd favored enemy, combat style feat	2	1	0	_
11th	+11/+6/+1	+7	+7	+3	Quarry	2	1	1	_
12th	+12/+7/+2	+8	+8	+4	Camouflage	2	2	1	_
13th	+13/+8/+3	+8	+8	+4	3rd favored terrain	3	2	1	0
14th	+14/+9/+4	+9	+9	+4	Combat style feat	3	2	1	1
15th	+15/+10/+5	+9	+9	+5	4th favored enemy	3	2	2	1
16th	+16/+11/+6/+1	+10	+10	+5	Improved evasion	3	3	2	1
17th	+17/+12/+7/+2	+10	+10	+5	Hide in plain sight	4	3	2	1
18th	+18/+13/+8/+3	+11	+11	+6	4th favored terrain, combat style feat	4	3	2	2
19th	+19/+14/+9/+4	+11	+11	+6	Improved quarry	4	3	3	2
20th	+20/+15/+10/+5	+12	+12	+6	5th favored enemy, master hunter	4	4	3	3

not have the normal prerequisites.

If the ranger selects archery, he can choose from the following list whenever he gains a combat style feat: Far Shot, Point Blank Shot, Precise Shot, and Rapid Shot. At 6th level, he adds Improved Precise Shot and Manyshot to the list. At 10th level, he adds Pinpoint Targeting and Shot on the Run to the list.

Double Slice, Improved Shield Bash, Quick Draw, and Two-Weapon Fighting. At 6th level, he adds Improved Two-Weapon Fighting and Two-Weapon Defense to the list. At 10th level, he adds Greater Two-Weapon Fighting and Two-Weapon Rend to the list.

when he wears light, medium, or no armor. He loses all Once a ranger selects a combat style, it cannot be changed.

Endurance: A ranger gains Endurance as a bonus feat at 3rd level.

Favored Terrain (Ex): At 3rd level, a ranger may select a type of terrain from the Favored Terrains table. The ranger gains a +2 bonus on initiative checks and Knowledge (geography), Perception, Stealth, and Survival skill checks when he is in this terrain. A ranger traveling through his **Spells**: Beginning at 4th level, a ranger gains the ability to favored terrain normally leaves no trail and cannot be tracked cast a small number of divine spells, which are drawn from (though he may leave a trail if he so chooses).

At 8th level and every five levels thereafter, the ranger may select an additional favored terrain. In addition, at each such To prepare or cast a spell, a ranger must have a Wisdom increases by +2.

If a specific terrain falls into more than one category of Like other spellcasters, a ranger can cast only a certain favored terrain, the ranger's bonuses do not stack; he simply number of spells of each spell level per day. His base daily uses whichever bonus is higher.

Table 3-14: Favored Terrains

Cold (ice, glaciers, snow, and tundra) Desert (sand and wastelands) Forest (coniferous and deciduous) Jungle Mountain (including hills) **Plains** Planes (pick one, other than Material Plane) Swamp Underground (caves and dungeons) Urban (buildings, streets, and sewers)

Water (above and below the surface)

Hunter's Bond (Ex): At 4th level, a ranger forms a bond with his hunting companions. This bond can take one of two forms. Once the form is chosen, it cannot be changed. The first is a bond to his companions. This bond allows him to spend a move action to grant half his favored enemy bonus against a single target of the appropriate type to all allies within 30 feet who can see or hear him. This bonus lasts for a number of rounds equal to the ranger's Wisdom modifier If the ranger selects two-weapon combat, he can choose from (minimum 1). This bonus does not stack with any favored the following list whenever he gains a combat style feat: enemy bonuses possessed by his allies; they use whichever bonus is higher.

The second option is to form a close bond with an animal companion. A ranger who selects an animal companion can choose from the following list: badger, bird, camel, cat (small), dire rat, dog, horse, pony, snake (viper or The benefits of the ranger's chosen style feats apply only constrictor), or wolf. If the campaign takes place wholly or partly in an aquatic environment, the ranger may choose a benefits of his combat style feats when wearing heavy armor. shark instead. This animal is a loyal companion that accompanies the ranger on his adventures as appropriate for its kind. A ranger's animal companion shares his favored enemy and favored terrain bonuses.

> This ability functions like the druid animal companion ability (which is part of the Nature Bond class feature), except that the ranger's effective druid level is equal to his ranger level -

> the ranger spell list presented in Spell Lists. A ranger must choose and prepare his spells in advance.

interval, the skill bonus and initiative bonus in any one score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty favored terrain (including the one just selected, if so desired), Class for a saving throw against a ranger's spell is 10 + the spell level + the ranger's Wisdom modifier.

> spell allotment is given on Table: Ranger. In addition, he receives bonus spells per day if he has a high Wisdom score (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells). When Table: Ranger indicates that the ranger gets 0 spells per day of a given spell level, he gains only the bonus spells he would be entitled to based on his Wisdom score for that spell

> A ranger must spend 1 hour per day in quiet meditation to regain his daily allotment of spells. A ranger may prepare and cast any spell on the ranger spell list, provided that he can cast spells of that level, but he must choose which spells to prepare during his daily meditation.

> Through 3rd level, a ranger has no caster level. At 4th level and higher, his caster level is equal to his ranger level -3.

> Woodland Stride (Ex): Starting at 7th level, a ranger may move through any sort of undergrowth (such as natural thorns, briars, overgrown areas, and similar terrain) at his

normal speed and without taking damage or suffering any the Stealth skill to hide in any of his favored terrains, even if other impairment.

Thorns, briars, and overgrown areas that are enchanted or **Improved Evasion** (Ex): At 16th level, a ranger's evasion affect him.

Swift Tracker (Ex): Beginning at 8th level, a ranger can move at his normal speed while using Survival to follow tracks without taking the normal -5 penalty. He takes only a to twice normal speed while tracking.

Evasion (Ex): When he reaches 9th level, a ranger can avoid even magical and unusual attacks with great agility. If he Improved Quarry (Ex): At 19th level, the ranger's ability to makes a successful Reflex saving throw against an attack that hunt his quarry improves. He can now select a quarry as a normally deals half damage on a successful save, he instead free action, and can now take 20 while using Survival to takes no damage. Evasion can be used only if the ranger is track his quarry, while moving at normal speed without wearing light armor, medium armor, or no armor. A helpless ranger does not gain the benefit of evasion.

Quarry (Ex): At 11th level, a ranger can, as a standard action, denote one target within his line of sight as his quarry. Master Hunter (Ex): A ranger of 20th level becomes a waiting 1 hour.

Camouflage (Ex): A ranger of 12th level or higher can use

the terrain doesn't grant cover or concealment.

magically manipulated to impede motion, however, still improves. This ability works like evasion, except that while the ranger still takes no damage on a successful Reflex saving throw against attacks, he henceforth takes only half damage on a failed save. A helpless ranger does not gain the benefit of improved evasion.

-10 penalty (instead of the normal -20) when moving at up **Hide in Plain Sight (Ex)**: While in any of his favored terrains, a ranger of 17th level or higher can use the Stealth skill even while being observed.

> penalty. His insight bonus to attack his quarry increases to +4. If his quarry is killed or dismissed, he can select a new one after 10 minutes have passed.

Whenever he is following the tracks of his quarry, a ranger master hunter. He can always move at full speed while using can take 10 on his Survival skill checks while moving at Survival to follow tracks without penalty. He can, as a normal speed, without penalty. In addition, he receives a +2 standard action, make a single attack against a favored insight bonus on attack rolls made against his quarry, and all enemy at his full attack bonus. If the attack hits, the target critical threats are automatically confirmed. A ranger can takes damage normally and must make a Fortitude save or have no more than one quarry at a time and the creature's die. The DC of this save is equal to 10 + 1/2 the ranger's type must correspond to one of his favored enemy types. He level + the ranger's Wisdom modifier. A ranger can choose can dismiss this effect at any time as a free action, but he instead to deal an amount of nonlethal damage equal to the cannot select a new quarry for 24 hours. If the ranger sees creature's current hit points. A successful save negates this proof that his quarry is dead, he can select a new quarry after damage. A ranger can use this ability once per day against each favored enemy type he possesses, but not against the same creature more than once in a 24-hour period.

Roque

Life is an endless adventure for those who live by their wits. Ever just one step ahead of danger, rogues bank on their cunning, skill, and charm to bend fate to their favor. Never knowing what to expect, they prepare for everything, becoming masters of a wide variety of skills, training themselves to be adept manipulators, agile acrobats, shadowy stalkers, or masters of any of dozens of other professions or Alignment: Any. talents. Thieves and gamblers, fast talkers and diplomats, bandits and bounty hunters, and explorers and investigators all might be considered rogues, as well as countless other professions that rely upon wits, prowess, or luck. Although many rogues favor cities and the innumerable opportunities of civilization, some embrace lives on the road, journeying far, meeting exotic people, and facing fantastic danger in pursuit of equally fantastic riches. In the end, any who desire to shape their fates and live life on their own terms might come to be called rogues.

Role: Rogues excel at moving about unseen and catching foes unaware, and tend to avoid head-to-head combat. Their varied skills and abilities allow them to be highly versatile, with great variations in expertise existing between different rogues. Most, however, excel in overcoming hindrances of all types, from unlocking doors and disarming traps to outwitting magical hazards and conning dull-witted opponents.

Hit Die: d8.

Class Skills

The rogue's class skills are Acrobatics (Dex), Appraise (Int), Bluff (Cha), Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Diplomacy (Cha), Disable Device (Dex), Disguise (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), Knowledge (dungeoneering) (Int),

Perform (Cha), Profession (Wis), Sense Motive (Wis), attacks only if the target is within 30 feet. Sleight of Hand (Dex), Stealth (Dex), Swim (Str), and Use Magic Device (Cha).

Skill Ranks per Level: 8 + Int modifier.

Class Features

The following are class features of the rogue.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Rogues are proficient with all simple weapons, plus the hand crossbow, rapier, sap, shortbow, and short sword. They are proficient with light armor, but not with shields.

Sneak Attack: If a rogue can catch an opponent when he is unable to defend himself effectively from her attack, she can strike a vital spot for extra damage.

The rogue's attack deals extra damage anytime her target would be denied a Dexterity bonus to AC (whether the target actually has a Dexterity bonus or not), or when the rogue flanks her target. This extra damage is 1d6 at 1st level, and increases by 1d6 every two rogue levels thereafter. Should the rogue score a critical hit with a sneak attack, this extra

Knowledge (local) (Int), Linguistics (Int), Perception (Wis), damage is not multiplied. Ranged attacks can count as sneak

With a weapon that deals nonlethal damage (like a sap, whip, or an unarmed strike), a rogue can make a sneak attack that deals nonlethal damage instead of lethal damage. She cannot use a weapon that deals lethal damage to deal nonlethal damage in a sneak attack, not even with the usual –4 penalty.

The rogue must be able to see the target well enough to pick out a vital spot and must be able to reach such a spot. A rogue cannot sneak attack while striking a creature with concealment.

Trapfinding: A rogue adds 1/2 her level to Perception skill checks made to locate traps and to Disable Device skill checks (minimum +1). A rogue can use Disable Device to disarm magic traps.

Evasion (Ex): At 2nd level and higher, a rogue can avoid even magical and unusual attacks with great agility. If she makes a successful Reflex saving throw against an attack that normally deals half damage on a successful save, she instead takes no damage. Evasion can be used only if the rogue is wearing light armor or no armor. A helpless rogue does not gain the benefit of evasion.

Table 3-15: Rogue

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special
1st	+0	+0	+2	+0	Sneak attack +1d6, trapfinding
2nd	+1	+0	+3	+0	Evasion, rogue talent
3rd	+2	+1	+3	+1	Sneak attack +2d6, trap sense +1
4th	+3	+1	+4	+1	Rogue talent, uncanny dodge
5th	+3	+1	+4	+1	Sneak attack +3d6
6th	+4	+2	+5	+2	Rogue talent, trap sense +2
7th	+5	+2	+5	+2	Sneak attack +4d6
8th	+6/+1	+2	+6	+2	Improved uncanny dodge, rogue talent
9th	+6/+1	+3	+6	+3	Sneak attack +5d6, trap sense +3
10th	+7/+2	+3	+7	+3	Advanced talents, rogue talent
11th	+8/+3	+3	+7	+3	Sneak attack +6d6
12th	+9/+4	+4	+8	+4	Rogue talent, trap sense +4
13th	+9/+4	+4	+8	+4	Sneak attack +7d6
14th	+10/+5	+4	+9	+4	Rogue talent
15th	+11/+6/+1	+5	+9	+5	Sneak attack +8d6, trap sense +5
16th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+10	+5	Rogue talent
17th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+10	+5	Sneak attack +9d6
18th	+13/+8/+3	+6	+11	+6	Rogue talent, trap sense +6
19th	+14/+9/+4	+6	+11	+6	Sneak attack +10d6
20th	+15/+10/+5	+6	+12	+6	Master strike, rogue talent

number of talents that aid her and confound her foes. Starting level. Activating this ability is an immediate action that can at 2nd level, a rogue gains one rogue talent. She gains an only be performed when she is brought to below 0 hit points. additional rogue talent for every 2 levels of rogue attained This ability can be used to prevent her from dying. These after 2nd level. A rogue cannot select an individual talent temporary hit points last for 1 minute. If the rogue's hit more than once.

Talents marked with an asterisk add effects to a rogue's sneak attack. Only one of these talents can be applied to an Rogue Crawl (Ex): While prone, a rogue with this ability can attack roll is made.

Bleeding Attack* (Ex): A rogue with this ability can cause living opponents to bleed by hitting them with a sneak attack. Slow Reactions* (Ex): Opponents damaged by the rogue's This attack causes the target to take 1 additional point of damage each round for each die of the rogue's sneak attack (e.g., 4d6 equals 4 points of bleed). Bleeding creatures take that amount of damage every round at the start of each of their turns. The bleeding can be stopped by a DC 15 Heal check or the application of any effect that heals hit point Surprise Attack (Ex): During the surprise round, opponents damage. Bleeding damage from this ability does not stack are always considered flat-footed to a rogue with this ability, with itself. Bleeding damage bypasses any damage reduction even if they have already acted. the creature might possess.

combat feat (see Feats).

Fast Stealth (Ex): This ability allows a rogue to move at full speed using the Stealth skill without penalty.

Finesse Rogue: A rogue that selects this talent gains Weapon Finesse as a bonus feat.

Ledge Walker (Ex): This ability allows a rogue to move along narrow surfaces at full speed using the Acrobatics skill without penalty. In addition, a rogue with this talent is not flat-footed when using Acrobatics to move along narrow surfaces.

Major Magic (Sp): A rogue with this talent gains the ability to cast a 1st-level spell from the sorcerer/wizard spell list two times a day as a spell-like ability. The caster level for this Uncanny Dodge (Ex): Starting at 4th level, a rogue can react choosing this talent.

Minor Magic (Sp): A rogue with this talent gains the ability to cast a 0-level spell from the sorcerer/wizard spell list. This If a rogue already has uncanny dodge from a different class, caster level for this ability is equal to the rogue's level. The below) instead. save DC for this spell is 10 + the rogue's Intelligence modifier. The rogue must have an Intelligence of at least 10 to select this talent.

Quick Disable (Ex): It takes a rogue with this ability half the normal amount of time to disable a trap using the Disable Device skill (minimum 1 round).

Resiliency (Ex): Once per day, a rogue with this ability can

Rogue Talents: As a rogue gains experience, she learns a gain a number of temporary hit points equal to the rogue's points drop below 0 due to the loss of these temporary hit points, she falls unconscious and is dying as normal.

individual attack and the decision must be made before the move at half speed. This movement provokes attacks of opportunity as normal. A rogue with this talent can take a 5foot step while crawling.

sneak attack can't make attacks of opportunity for 1 round.

Stand Up (Ex): A rogue with this ability can stand up from a prone position as a free action. This still provokes attacks of opportunity for standing up while threatened by a foe.

Trap Spotter (Ex): Whenever a rogue with this talent comes Combat Trick: A rogue that selects this talent gains a bonus within 10 feet of a trap, she receives an immediate Perception skill check to notice the trap. This check should be made in secret by the GM.

> Weapon Training: A rogue that selects this talent gains Weapon Focus as a bonus feat.

> **Trap Sense (Ex)**: At 3rd level, a rogue gains an intuitive sense that alerts her to danger from traps, giving her a +1 bonus on Reflex saves made to avoid traps and a +1 dodge bonus to AC against attacks made by traps. These bonuses rise to +2 when the rogue reaches 6th level, to +3 when she reaches 9th level, to +4 when she reaches 12th level, to +5 at 15th, and to +6 at 18th level.

Trap sense bonuses gained from multiple classes stack.

ability is equal to the rogue's level. The save DC for this spell to danger before her senses would normally allow her to do is 11 + the rogue's Intelligence modifier. The rogue must so. She cannot be caught flat-footed, even if the attacker is have an Intelligence of at least 11 to select this talent. A invisible. She still loses her Dexterity bonus to AC if rogue must have the minor magic rogue talent before immobilized. A rogue with this ability can still lose her Dexterity bonus to AC if an opponent successfully uses the feint action (see Combat) against her.

spell can be cast three times a day as a spell-like ability. The she automatically gains improved uncanny dodge (see

Improved Uncanny Dodge (Ex): A rogue of 8th level or higher can no longer be flanked.

This defense denies another rogue the ability to sneak attack the character by flanking her, unless the attacker has at least four more rogue levels than the target does.

If a character already has uncanny dodge (see above) from

dodge stack to determine the minimum rogue level required counts as an attack of opportunity for that round. Even a to flank the character.

Advanced Talents: At 10th level, and every two levels thereafter, a rogue can choose one of the following advanced Skill Mastery: The rogue becomes so confident in the use of talents in place of a rogue talent.

Crippling Strike* (Ex): A rogue with this ability can sneak and hamper them. An opponent damaged by one of her sneak attacks also takes 2 points of Strength damage.

Defensive Roll (Ex): With this advanced talent, the rogue can roll with a potentially lethal blow to take less damage from it than she otherwise would. Once per day, when she would be reduced to 0 or fewer hit points by damage in combat (from a Slippery Mind (Ex): This ability represents the rogue's ability of the attack and able to react to it in order to execute her her saving throw. defensive roll—if she is denied her Dexterity bonus to AC, she can't use this ability. Since this effect would not normally allow a character to make a Reflex save for half damage, the rogue's evasion ability does not apply to the defensive roll.

Dispelling Attack* (Su): Opponents that are dealt sneak attack damage by a rogue with this ability are affected by a targeted dispel magic, targeting the lowest-level spell effect active on the target. The caster level for this ability is equal to the rogue's level. A rogue must have the major magic rogue talent before choosing dispelling attack.

while the rogue still takes no damage on a successful Reflex master strike, regardless of whether or not the save is made, saving throw against attacks, she henceforth takes only half that creature is immune to that rogue's master strike for 24 damage on a failed save. A helpless rogue does not gain the hours. Creatures that are immune to sneak attack damage are benefit of improved evasion.

Opportunist (Ex): Once per round, the rogue can make an attack of opportunity against an opponent who has just been

another class, the levels from the classes that grant uncanny struck for damage in melee by another character. This attack rogue with the Combat Reflexes feat can't use the opportunist ability more than once per round.

> certain skills that she can use them reliably even under adverse conditions.

attack opponents with such precision that her blows weaken Upon gaining this ability, she selects a number of skills equal to 3 + her Intelligence modifier. When making a skill check with one of these skills, she may take 10 even if stress and distractions would normally prevent her from doing so. A rogue may gain this special ability multiple times, selecting additional skills for skill mastery to apply to each time.

weapon or other blow, not a spell or special ability), the to wriggle free from magical effects that would otherwise rogue can attempt to roll with the damage. To use this ability, control or compel her. If a rogue with slippery mind is the rogue must attempt a Reflex saving throw (DC = damage affected by an enchantment spell or effect and fails her dealt). If the save succeeds, she takes only half damage from saving throw, she can attempt it again 1 round later at the the blow; if it fails, she takes full damage. She must be aware same DC. She gets only this one extra chance to succeed on

> Feat: A rogue may gain any feat that she qualifies for in place of a rogue talent.

Master Strike (Ex): Upon reaching 20th level, a rogue becomes incredibly deadly when dealing sneak attack damage. Each time the rogue deals sneak attack damage, she can choose one of the following three effects: the target can be put to sleep for 1d4 hours, paralyzed for 2d6 rounds, or slain. Regardless of the effect chosen, the target receives a Fortitude save to negate the additional effect. The DC of this save is equal to 10 + 1/2 the rogue's level + the rogue's Improved Evasion (Ex): This works like evasion, except that Intelligence modifier. Once a creature has been the target of a also immune to this ability.

Sorcerer

Scions of innately magical bloodlines, the chosen of deities, the spawn of monsters, pawns of fate and destiny, or simply flukes of fickle magic, sorcerers look within themselves for arcane prowess and draw forth might few mortals can imagine. Emboldened by lives ever threatening to be consumed by their innate powers, these magic-touched souls **Role**: Sorcerers excel at casting a selection of favored spells endlessly indulge in and refine their mysterious abilities, frequently, making them powerful battle mages. As they gradually learning how to harness their birthright and coax forth ever greater arcane feats. Just as varied as these innately powerful spellcasters' abilities and inspirations are the ways in which they choose to utilize their gifts. While

some seek to control their abilities through meditation and discipline, becoming masters of their fantastic birthright, others give in to their magic, letting it rule their lives with often explosive results. Regardless, sorcerers live and breathe that which other spellcasters devote their lives to mastering, and for them magic is more than a boon or a field of study; it is life itself.

become familiar with a specific and ever-widening set of spells, sorcerers often discover new and versatile ways of making use of magics other spellcasters might overlook. Their bloodlines also grant them additional abilities, assuring

that no two sorcerers are ever quite alike.

Alignment: Any.

Hit Die: d6.

Class Skills

The sorcerer's class skills are Appraise (Int), Bluff (Cha), Craft (Int), Fly (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), Knowledge (arcana) (Int), Profession (Wis), Spellcraft (Int), and Use Magic Device (Cha).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the sorcerer.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Sorcerers are proficient with all simple weapons. They are not proficient with any type of armor or shield. Armor interferes with a sorcerer's gestures, which can cause her spells with somatic components to fail (see Arcane Spells and Armor).

Spells: A sorcerer casts arcane spells drawn primarily from the sorcerer/wizard spell list presented in Spell Lists. She can cast any spell she knows without preparing it ahead of time. To learn or cast a spell, a sorcerer must have a Charisma score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty Class for a saving throw against a sorcerer's spell is 10 + the spell level + the sorcerer's Charisma modifier.

score (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells).

A sorcerer's selection of spells is extremely limited. A sorcerer begins play knowing four 0-level spells and two 1stlevel spells of her choice. At each new sorcerer level, she gains one or more new spells, as indicated on Table: Sorcerer Unlike a wizard or a cleric, a sorcerer need not prepare her numbers on Table: Sorcerer Spells Known are fixed.) These that spell level. new spells can be common spells chosen from the sorcerer/wizard spell list, or they can be unusual spells that the sorcerer has gained some understanding of through study.

Table 3-16: Sorcerer Spells Known

Level		Spells Known									
LEVEL	0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
1st	4	2	_			_					
2nd	5	2	_	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	
3rd	5	3	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
4th	6	3	1	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	
5th	6	4	2	_		_	_	_	_	_	
6th	7	4	2	1	—	_	—	—	—	—	
7th	7	5	3	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	
8th	8	5	3	2	1	_	_	_	_	_	
9th	8	5	4	3	2	_	_	_	_	_	
10th	9	5	4	3	2	1	_	_	_	_	
11th	9	5	5	4	3	2	_	_	_	_	
12th	9	5	5	4	3	2	1	_	_	_	
13th	9	5	5	4	4	3	2	_	_	_	
14th	9	5	5	4	4	3	2	1	_	_	
15th	9	5	5	4	4	4	3	2	_	_	
16th	9	5	5	4	4	4	3	2	1	_	
17th	9	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	2	_	
18th	9	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	2	1	
19th	9	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	
20th	9	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	

Upon reaching 4th level, and at every even-numbered Like other spellcasters, a sorcerer can cast only a certain sorcerer level after that (6th, 8th, and so on), a sorcerer can number of spells of each spell level per day. Her base daily choose to learn a new spell in place of one she already spell allotment is given on Table: Sorcerer. In addition, she knows. In effect, the sorcerer loses the old spell in exchange receives bonus spells per day if she has a high Charisma for the new one. The new spell's level must be the same as that of the spell being exchanged. A sorcerer may swap only a single spell at any given level, and must choose whether or not to swap the spell at the same time that she gains new spells known for the level.

Spells Known. (Unlike spells per day, the number of spells a spells in advance. She can cast any spell she knows at any sorcerer knows is not affected by her Charisma score; the time, assuming she has not yet used up her spells per day for

> Bloodline: Each sorcerer has a source of magic somewhere in her heritage that grants her spells, bonus feats, an additional class skill, and other special abilities. This source can represent a blood relation or an extreme event involving a creature somewhere in the family's past. For example, a sorcerer might have a dragon as a distant relative or her grandfather might have signed a terrible contract with a devil. Regardless of the source, this influence manifests in a number of ways as the sorcerer gains levels. A sorcerer must pick one bloodline upon taking her first level of sorcerer. Once made, this choice cannot be changed.

At 3rd level, and every two levels thereafter, a sorcerer learns an additional spell, derived from her bloodline. These spells are in addition to the number of spells given on Table: There is a taint in your blood, one that is alien and bizarre. Sorcerer Spells Known. These spells cannot be exchanged You tend to think in odd ways, approaching problems from for different spells at higher levels.

At 7th level, and every six levels thereafter, a sorcerer receives one bonus feat, chosen from a list specific to each Class Skill: Knowledge (dungeoneering). bloodline. The sorcerer must meet the prerequisites for these

Cantrips: Sorcerers learn a number of cantrips, or 0-level (13th), plane shift (15th), mind blank (17th), shapechange spells, as noted on Table: Sorcerer Spells Known under (19th). "Spells Known." These spells are cast like any other spell, but they do not consume any slots and may be used again.

Eschew Materials: A sorcerer gains Eschew Materials as a bonus feat at 1st level.

Sorcerer Bloodlines

The following bloodlines represent only some of the possible sources of power that a sorcerer can draw upon. Unless otherwise noted, most sorcerers are assumed to have the arcane bloodline.

Aberrant

an angle that most would not expect. Over time, this taint manifests itself in your physical form.

Bonus Spells: enlarge person (3rd), see invisibility (5th), tongues (7th), black tentacles (9th), feeblemind (11th), veil

Bonus Feats: Combat Casting, Improved Disarm, Improved Grapple, Improved Initiative, Improved Unarmed Strike, Iron Will, Silent Spell, Skill Focus (Knowledge [dungeoneering]).

Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell of the polymorph subschool, increase the duration of the spell by 50% (minimum 1 round). This bonus does not stack with the increase granted by the Extend Spell feat.

Bloodline Powers: Aberrant sorcerers show increasing signs of their tainted heritage as they increase in level, although they are only visible when used.

	Base Attack	Fort	Ref	Will	Special			S	pells	s per	Dav	y		
Level	Bonus	Save	Save	Save	~ F	1st	2nd		_				8th	9th
1st	+0	+0	+0	+2	Bloodline power, cantrips, eschew materials	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2nd	+1	+0	+0	+3		4	_	_	_	—	—	—	—	_
3rd	+1	+1	+1	+3	Bloodline power, bloodline spell	5	_							_
4th	+2	+1	+1	+4		6	3	_	—	—	—	—	—	—
5th	+2	+1	+1	+4	Bloodline spell	6	4	_	_	_	—	_	_	_
6th	+3	+2	+2	+5		6	5	3	—	—	—	—	_	_
7th	+3	+2	+2	+5	Bloodline feat, bloodline spell	6	6	4	_	_	_	_	_	_
8th	+4	+2	+2	+6		6	6	5	3	—	—	—	—	—
9th	+4	+3	+3	+6	Bloodline power, bloodline spell	6	6	6	4	_	_	_	_	_
10th	+5	+3	+3	+7		6	6	6	5	3	—	—	—	—
11th	+5	+3	+3	+7	Bloodline spell	6	6	6	6	4	_	_	_	_
12th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+8		6	6	6	6	5	3	—	—	—
13th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+8	Bloodline feat, bloodline spell	6	6	6	6	6	4	_	_	_
14th	+7/+2	+4	+4	+9		6	6	6	6	6	5	3	—	—
15th	+7/+2	+5	+5	+9	Bloodline power, bloodline spell	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	_	—
16th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+10		6	6	6	6	6	6	5	3	—
17th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+10	Bloodline spell	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	_
18th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+11		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	3
19th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+11	Bloodline feat, bloodline spell	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4
20th	+10/+5	+6	+6	+12	Bloodline power	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table 3-17: Sorcerer

your Charisma modifier.

Long Limbs (Ex): At 3rd level, your reach increases by 5 feet Demon Resistances (Ex): At 3rd level, you gain resist whenever you are making a melee touch attack. This ability electricity 5 and a +2 bonus on saving throws made against does not otherwise increase your threatened area. At 11th poison. At 9th level, your resistance to electricity increases to level, this bonus to your reach increases to 10 feet. At 17th 10 and your bonus on poison saving throws increases to +4. level, this bonus to your reach increases to 15 feet.

giving you a 25% chance to ignore any critical hit or sneak at 13th level, and to +6 at 17th level. attack scored against you. This chance increases to 50% at 13th level.

equal to your sorcerer level + 10.

Aberrant Form (Ex): At 20th level, your body becomes truly Demonic Might (Su): At 20th level, the power of the Abyss damage reduction 5/—.

Abyssal

Generations ago, a demon spread its filth into your heritage. Arcane While it does not manifest in all of your kin, for you it is particularly strong. You might sometimes have urges to chaos Your family has always been skilled in the eldritch art of or evil, but your destiny (and alignment) is up to you.

Class Skill: Knowledge (planes).

Bonus Spells: cause fear (3rd), bull's strength (5th), rage (7th), stoneskin (9th), dismissal (11th), transformation monster IX (19th).

Bonus Feats: Augment Summoning, Cleave, Empower Spell, Great Fortitude, Improved Bull Rush, Improved Sunder, Power Attack, Skill Focus (Knowledge [planes]).

Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell of the summoning subschool, the creatures summoned gain DR/good equal to 1/2 your sorcerer level (minimum 1). This **Bloodline Arcana**: Whenever you apply a metamagic feat to does not stack with any DR the creature might have.

Bloodline Powers: While some would say that you are possessed, you know better. The demonic influence in your blood grows as you gain power.

Claws (Ex): At 1st level, you can grow claws as a free action. These claws are treated as natural weapons, allowing you to make two claw attacks as a full attack action using your full base attack bonus. These attacks deal 1d4 points of damage Arcane Bond (Su): At 1st level, you gain an arcane bond, as a purpose of overcoming DR. At 7th level, the damage

Acidic Ray (Sp): Starting at 1st level, you can fire an acidic increases by one step to 1d6 points of damage (1d4 if you are ray as a standard action, targeting any foe within 30 feet as a Small). At 11th level, these claws become *flaming weapons*, ranged touch attack. The acidic ray deals 1d6 points of acid each dealing an additional 1d6 points of fire damage on a damage + 1 for every two sorcerer levels you possess. You successful hit. This is a supernatural ability. You can use your can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + claws for a number of rounds per day equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

Strength of the Abyss (Ex): At 9th level, you gain a +2Unusual Anatomy (Ex): At 9th level, your anatomy changes, inherent bonus to your Strength. This bonus increases to +4

Added Summonings (Su): At 15th level, whenever you summon a creature with the demon subtype or the fiendish Alien Resistance (Su): At 15th level, you gain spell resistance template using a summon monster spell, you summon one additional creature of the same kind.

unnatural. You are immune to critical hits and sneak attacks. flows through you. You gain immunity to electricity and In addition, you gain blindsight with a range of 60 feet and poison. You also gain resistance to acid 10, cold 10, and fire 10, and gain telepathy with a range of 60 feet (allowing you to communicate with any creature that can speak a language).

magic. While many of your relatives were accomplished wizards, your powers developed without the need for study and practice.

Class Skill: Knowledge (any one).

(13th), greater teleport (15th), unholy aura (17th), summon **Bonus Spells**: identify (3rd), invisibility (5th), dispel magic (7th), dimension door (9th), overland flight (11th), true seeing (13th), greater teleport (15th), power word stun (17th), wish (19th).

> Bonus Feats: Combat Casting, Improved Counterspell, Improved Initiative, Iron Will, Scribe Scroll, Skill Focus (Knowledge [arcana]), Spell Focus, Still Spell.

> a spell that increases the slot used by at least one level, increase the spell's DC by +1. This bonus does not stack with itself and does not apply to spells modified by the Heighten Spell feat.

> Bloodline Powers: Magic comes naturally to you, but as you gain levels you must take care to prevent the power from overwhelming you.

each (1d3 if you are Small) plus your Strength modifier. At wizard equal to your sorcerer level. Your sorcerer levels 5th level, these claws are considered magic weapons for the stack with any wizard levels you possess when determining the powers of your familiar or bonded object. This ability

does not allow you to have both a familiar and a bonded within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. Against evil item.

Metamagic Adept (Ex): At 3rd level, you can apply any one metamagic feat you know to a spell you are about to cast without increasing the casting time. You must still expend a higher-level spell slot to cast this spell. You can use this ability once per day at 3rd level and one additional time per day for every four sorcerer levels you possess beyond 3rd, up to five times per day at 19th level. At 20th level, this ability is replaced by arcane apotheosis.

New Arcana (Ex): At 9th level, you can add any one spell from the sorcerer/wizard spell list to your list of spells known. This spell must be of a level that you are capable of casting. You can also add one additional spell at 13th level Wings of Heaven (Su): At 9th level, you can sprout feathery and 17th level.

School Power (Ex): At 15th level, pick one school of magic. The DC for any spells you cast from that school increases by +2. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Spell Focus.

Arcane Apotheosis (Ex): At 20th level, your body surges with arcane power. You can add any metamagic feats that you know to your spells without increasing their casting time, although you must still expend higher-level spell slots. Whenever you use magic items that require charges, you can instead expend spell slots to power the item. For every three levels of spell slots that you expend, you consume one less Ascension (Su): At 20th level, you become infused with the charge when using a magic item that expends charges.

Celestial

Your bloodline is blessed by a celestial power, either from a celestial ancestor or through divine intervention. Although this power drives you along the path of good, your fate (and alignment) is your own to determine.

Class Skill: Heal.

against evil (7th), remove curse (9th), flame strike (11th), (17th), gate (19th).

Bonus Feats: Dodge, Extend Spell, Iron Will, Mobility, Mounted Combat, Ride-By Attack, Skill Focus (Knowledge [religion]), Weapon Finesse.

summoning subschool, the creatures summoned gain DR/evil prescience (17th), foresight (19th). equal to 1/2 your sorcerer level (minimum 1). This does not stack with any DR the creature might have.

Bloodline Powers: Your celestial heritage grants you a great (Knowledge [history]), Weapon Focus. many powers, but they come at a price. The lords of the higher planes are watching you and your actions closely.

Heavenly Fire (Sp): Starting at 1st level, you can unleash a on all your saving throws for 1 round. ray of heavenly fire as a standard action, targeting any foe

creatures, this ray deals 1d4 points of damage + 1 for every two sorcerer levels you possess. This damage is divine and not subject to energy resistance or immunity. This ray heals good creatures of 1d4 points of damage + 1 for every two sorcerer levels you possess. A good creature cannot benefit from your heavenly fire more than once per day. Neutral creatures are neither harmed nor healed by this effect. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

Celestial Resistances (Ex): At 3rd level, you gain resist acid 5 and resist cold 5. At 9th level, your resistances increase to

wings and fly for a number of minutes per day equal to your sorcerer level, with a speed of 60 feet and good maneuverability. This duration does not need to be consecutive, but it must be used in 1 minute increments.

Conviction (Su): At 15th level, you can reroll any one ability check, attack roll, skill check, or saving throw you just made. You must decide to use this ability after the die is rolled, but before the results are revealed by the GM. You must take the second result, even if it is worse. You can use this ability once per day.

power of the heavens. You gain immunity to acid, cold, and petrification. You also gain resist electricity 10, resist fire 10, and a +4 racial bonus on saves against poison. Finally, you gain unlimited use of the wings of heaven ability. Finally, you gain the ability to speak with any creature that has a language (as per the tongues spell).

Destined

Your family is destined for greatness in some way. Your birth **Bonus Spells**: bless (3rd), resist energy (5th), magic circle could have been foretold in prophecy, or perhaps it occurred during an especially auspicious event, such as a solar eclipse. greater dispel magic (13th), banishment (15th), sunburst Regardless of your bloodline's origin, you have a great future ahead.

Class Skill: Knowledge (history).

Bonus Spells: alarm (3rd), blur (5th), protection from energy (7th), freedom of movement (9th), break enchantment Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell of the (11th), mislead (13th), spell turning (15th), moment of

> Bonus Feats: Arcane Strike, Diehard, Endurance, Leadership, Lightning Reflexes, Maximize Spell, Skill Focus

> Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell with a range of "personal," you gain a luck bonus equal to the spell's level

powers that you gain serve to protect you.

Touch of Destiny (Sp): At 1st level, you can touch a creature as a standard action, giving it an insight bonus on attack rolls, skill checks, ability checks, and saving throws equal to 1/2 your sorcerer level (minimum 1) for 1 round. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

Fated (Su): Starting at 3rd level, you gain a +1 luck bonus on all of your saving throws and to your AC during surprise rounds (see Combat) and when you are otherwise unaware of an attack. At 7th level and every four levels thereafter, this bonus increases by +1, to a maximum of +5 at 19th level.

It Was Meant To Be (Su): At 9th level, you may reroll any one attack roll, critical hit confirmation roll, or level check made to overcome spell resistance. You must decide to use this ability after the first roll is made but before the results are revealed by the GM. You must take the second result, even if it is worse. At 9th level, you can use this ability once per day. At 17th level, you can use this ability twice per day.

Within Reach (Su): At 15th level, your ultimate destiny is drawing near. Once per day, when an attack or spell that your fated ability applies to this save.

Destiny Realized (Su): At 20th level, your moment of destiny is at hand. Any critical threats made against you only confirm if the second roll results in a natural 20 on the die. Any critical threats you score with a spell are automatically confirmed. Once per day, you can automatically succeed at one caster level check made to overcome spell resistance. You must use this ability before making the roll.

Draconic

At some point in your family's history, a dragon interbred with your bloodline, and now its ancient power flows through your veins.

Class Skill: Perception.

Bonus Spells: mage armor (3rd), resist energy (5th), fly (7th), fear (9th), spell resistance (11th), form of the dragon I (13th), form of the dragon II (15th), form of the dragon III (17th), wish (19th).

Initiative, Power Attack, Quicken Spell, Skill Focus (Fly), Skill Focus (Knowledge [arcana]), Toughness.

Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell with an energy descriptor that matches your draconic bloodline's energy type, that spell deals +1 point of damage per die rolled.

Bloodline Powers: You are destined for great things, and the **Bloodline Powers**: The power of dragons flows through you and manifests in a number of ways. At 1st level, you must select one of the chromatic or metallic dragon types. This choice cannot be changed. A number of your abilities grant resistances and deal damage based on your dragon type, as noted on the following table.

Table 3-18: Draconic Bloodline Powers

Dragon Type	Energy Type	Breath Shape
Black	Acid	60-foot line
Blue	Electricity	60-foot line
Green	Acid	30-foot cone
Red	Fire	30-foot cone
White	Cold	30-foot cone
Brass	Fire	60-foot line
Bronze	Electricity	60-foot line
Copper	Acid	60-foot line
Gold	Fire	30-foot cone
Silver	Cold	30-foot cone

causes damage would result in your death, you may attempt a Claws (Ex): Starting at 1st level, you can grow claws as a DC 20 Will save. If successful, you are instead reduced to -1 free action. These claws are treated as natural weapons, hit points and are automatically stabilized. The bonus from allowing you to make two claw attacks as a full attack action using your full base attack bonus. Each of these attacks deals 1d4 points of damage plus your Strength modifier (1d3 if you are Small). At 5th level, these claws are considered magic weapons for the purpose of overcoming DR. At 7th level, the damage increases by one step to 1d6 points of damage (1d4 if you are Small). At 11th level, these claws deal an additional 1d6 points of damage of your energy type on a successful hit. This is a supernatural ability. You can use your claws for a number of rounds per day equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

> Dragon Resistances (Ex): At 3rd level, you gain resist 5 against your energy type and a +1 natural armor bonus. At 9th level, your energy resistance increases to 10 and natural armor bonus increases to +2. At 15th level, your natural armor bonus increases to +4.

Breath Weapon (Su): At 9th level, you gain a breath weapon. This breath weapon deals 1d6 points of damage of your energy type per sorcerer level. Those caught in the area of the breath receive a Reflex save for half damage. The DC of this save is equal to 10 + 1/2 your sorcerer level + your Charisma modifier. The shape of the breath weapon depends Bonus Feats: Blind-Fight, Great Fortitude, Improved on your dragon type (as indicated on the above chart). At 9th level, you can use this ability once per day. At 17th level, you can use this ability twice per day. At 20th level, you can use this ability three times per day.

> Wings (Su): At 15th level, leathery dragon wings grow from your back as a standard action, giving you a fly speed of 60

wings as a free action.

Power of Wyrms (Su): At 20th level, your draconic heritage becomes manifest. You gain immunity to paralysis, sleep, Elemental Blast (Sp): At 9th level, you can unleash a blast of and damage of your energy type. You also gain blindsense 60

Elemental

The power of the elements resides in you, and at times you can hardly control its fury. This influence comes from an elemental outsider in your family history or a time when you or your relatives were exposed to a powerful elemental force.

Class Skill: Knowledge (planes).

Bonus Spells: burning hands* (3rd), scorching ray* (5th), protection from energy (7th), elemental body I (9th), elemental body II (11th), elemental body III (13th), elemental body IV (15th), summon monster VIII (elementals only) (17th), elemental swarm (19th).

*These spells always deal a type of damage determined by your element. In addition, the subtype of these spells changes to match the energy type of your element.

Bonus Feats: Dodge, Empower Spell, Great Fortitude, The capricious nature of the fey runs in your family due to Improved Initiative, Lightning Reflexes, Power Attack, Skill some intermingling of fey blood or magic. You are more Focus (Knowledge [planes]), Weapon Finesse.

Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell that deals Class Skill: Knowledge (nature). energy damage, you can change the type of damage to match the type of your bloodline. This also changes the spell's type to match the type of your bloodline.

Bloodline Powers: One of the four elements infuses your (19th). being, and you can draw upon its power in times of need. At first level, you must select one of the four elements: air, earth, fire, or water. This choice cannot be changed. A number of your abilities grant resistances and deal damage based on your element, as noted below.

Table 3-19: Elemental Bloodline Powers

Element	Energy Type	Elemental Movement
Air	Electricity	Fly 60 feet (average)
Earth	Acid	Burrow 30 feet
Fire	Fire	+30 feet base speed
Water	Cold	Swim 60 feet

Elemental Ray (Sp): Starting at 1st level, you can unleash an elemental ray as a standard action, targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. This ray deals 1d6 points of Woodland Stride (Ex): At 3rd level, you can move through day equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

feet with average maneuverability. You can dismiss the *Elemental Resistance (Ex)*: At 3rd level, you gain energy resistance 10 against your energy type. At 9th level, your energy resistance increases to 20.

> elemental power once per day. This 20-foot-radius burst does 1d6 points of damage of your energy type per sorcerer level. Those caught in the area of your blast receive a Reflex save for half damage. Creatures that fail their saves gain vulnerability to your energy type until the end of your next turn. The DC of this save is equal to 10 + 1/2 your sorcerer level + your Charisma modifier. At 9th level, you can use this ability once per day. At 17th level, you can use this ability twice per day. At 20th level, you can use this ability three times per day. This power has a range of 60 feet.

> Elemental Movement (Su): At 15th level, you gain a special movement type or bonus. This ability is based on your chosen element, as indicated on the above chart.

> Elemental Body (Su): At 20th level, elemental power surges through your body. You gain immunity to sneak attacks, critical hits, and damage from your energy type.

Fev

emotional than most, prone to bouts of joy and rage.

Bonus Spells: entangle (3rd), hideous laughter (5th), deep slumber (7th), poison (9th), tree stride (11th), mislead (13th), phase door (15th), irresistible dance (17th), shapechange

Bonus Feats: Dodge, Improved Initiative, Lightning Reflexes, Mobility, Point Blank Shot, Precise Shot, Quicken Spell, Skill Focus (Knowledge [nature]).

Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell of the compulsion subschool, increase the spell's DC by +2.

Bloodline Powers: You have always had a tie to the natural world, and as your power increases, so does the influence of the fey over your magic.

Laughing Touch (Sp): At 1st level, you can cause a creature to burst out laughing for 1 round as a melee touch attack. A laughing creature can only take a move action but can defend itself normally. Once a creature has been affected by laughing touch, it is immune to its effects for 24 hours. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

damage of your energy type + 1 for every two sorcerer levels any sort of undergrowth (such as natural thorns, briars, you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per overgrown areas, and similar terrain) at your normal speed and without taking damage or suffering any other

impairment. Thorns, briars, and overgrown areas that have and a +2 bonus on saving throws made against poison. At 9th been magically manipulated to impede motion, however, still level, your resistance to fire increases to 10 and your bonus affect you.

Fleeting Glance (Sp): At 9th level, you can turn invisible for Hellfire (Sp): At 9th level, you can call down a column of a number of rounds per day equal to your sorcerer level. This hellfire. This 10-foot-radius burst does 1d6 points of fire ability functions as greater invisibility. These rounds need damage per sorcerer level. Those caught in the area of your not be consecutive.

Fey Magic (Su): At 15th level, you may reroll any caster level check made to overcome spell resistance. You must decide to use this ability before the results are revealed by the GM. You must take the second result, even if it is worse. You can use this ability at will.

Soul of the Fey (Su): At 20th level, your soul becomes one with the world of the fey. You gain immunity to poison and DR 10/cold iron. Creatures of the animal type do not attack you unless compelled to do so through magic. Once per day, you can cast shadow walk as a spell-like ability using your sorcerer level as your caster level.

Infernal

Somewhere in your family's history, a relative made a deal with a devil, and that pact has influenced your family line ever since. In you, it manifests in direct and obvious ways, granting you powers and abilities. While your fate is still your own, you can't help but wonder if your ultimate reward is bound to the Pit.

Class Skill: Diplomacy.

Bonus Spells: protection from good (3rd), scorching ray (5th), suggestion (7th), charm monster (9th), dominate your every action. person (11th), planar binding (devils and creatures with the fiendish template only) (13th), greater teleport (15th), power word stun (17th), meteor swarm (19th).

Bonus Feats: Blind-Fight, Combat Expertise, Deceitful, Extend Spell, Improved Disarm, Iron Will, Skill Focus (Knowledge [planes]), Spell Penetration.

Bloodline Arcana: Whenever you cast a spell of the charm subschool, increase the spell's DC by +2.

Bloodline Powers: You can draw upon the power of Hell, although you must be wary of its corrupting influence. Such power does not come without a price.

Corrupting Touch (Sp): At 1st level, you can cause a creature to become shaken as a melee touch attack. This effect persists for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your sorcerer level (minimum 1). Creatures shaken by this ability radiate an aura of evil, as if they were an evil outsider (see detect evil). Multiple touches do not stack, but they do add to the Grave Touch (Sp): Starting at 1st level, you can make a equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier.

Infernal Resistances (Ex): At 3rd level, you gain resist fire 5

on poison saving throws increases to +4.

blast receive a Reflex save for half damage. Good creatures that fail their saves are shaken for a number of rounds equal to your sorcerer level. The DC of this save is equal to 10 + 1/2 your sorcerer level + your Charisma modifier. At 9th level, you can use this ability once per day. At 17th level, you can use this ability twice per day. At 20th level, you can use this ability three times per day. This power has a range of 60 feet.

On Dark Wings (Su): At 15th level, you can grow fearsome bat wings as a standard action, giving you a fly speed of 60 feet with average maneuverability. The wings can be dismissed as a free action.

Power of the Pit (Su): At 20th level, your form becomes infused with vile power. You gain immunity to fire and poison. You also gain resistance to acid 10 and cold 10, and the ability to see perfectly in darkness of any kind to a range of 60 feet.

Undead

The taint of the grave runs through your family. Perhaps one of your ancestors became a powerful lich or vampire, or maybe you were born dead before suddenly returning to life. Either way, the forces of death move through you and touch

Class Skill: Knowledge (religion).

Bonus Spells: chill touch (3rd), false life (5th), vampiric touch (7th), animate dead (9th), waves of fatigue (11th), undeath to death (13th), finger of death (15th), horrid wilting (17th), energy drain (19th).

Bonus Feats: Combat Casting, Diehard, Endurance, Iron Will, Skill Focus (Knowledge [religion]), Spell Focus, Still Spell, Toughness.

Bloodline Arcana: Some undead are susceptible to your mind-affecting spells. Corporeal undead that were once humanoids are treated as humanoids for the purposes of determining which spells affect them.

Bloodline Powers: You can call upon the foul powers of the afterlife. Unfortunately, the more you draw upon them, the closer you come to joining them.

duration. You can use this ability a number of times per day melee touch attack as a standard action that causes a living creature to become shaken for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your sorcerer level (minimum 1). If you touch a shaken

it has fewer Hit Dice than your sorcerer level. You can use this ability twice per day. At 20th level, you can use this this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your ability three times per day. This power has a range of 60 feet. Charisma modifier.

to cold increases to 10 and your DR increases to 10/against nonlethal damage.

Grasp of the Dead (Sp): At 9th level, you can cause a swarm of skeletal arms to burst from the ground to rip and tear at your foes. The skeletal arms erupt from the ground in a 20arms must burst up from a solid surface. At 9th level, you spells and spell-like abilities cast by undead.

creature with this ability, it becomes frightened for 1 round if can use this ability once per day. At 17th level, you can use

Incorporeal Form (Sp): At 15th level, you can become Death's Gift (Su): At 3rd level, you gain resist cold 5 and DR incorporeal for 1 round per sorcerer level. While in this form, 5/— against nonlethal damage. At 9th level, your resistance you gain the incorporeal subtype. You only take half damage from corporeal sources as long as they are magic (you take no damage from non-magic weapons and objects). Likewise, your spells deal only half damage to corporeal creatures. Spells and other effects that do not deal damage function normally. You can use this ability once per day.

foot-radius burst. Anyone in this area takes 1d6 points of One of Us (Ex): At 20th level, your form begins to rot (the slashing damage per sorcerer level. Those caught in the area appearance of this decay is up to you) and undead see you as receive a Reflex save for half damage. Those who fail the one of them. You gain immunity to cold, nonlethal damage, save are unable to move for 1 round. The DC of this save is paralysis, and sleep. You also gain DR 5/—. Unintelligent equal to 10 + 1/2 your sorcerer level + your Charisma undead do not notice you unless you attack them. You modifier. The skeletal arms disappear after 1 round. The receive a +4 morale bonus on saving throws made against

Wizard Class Features

Beyond the veil of the mundane hide the secrets of absolute power. The works of beings beyond mortals, the legends of realms where gods and spirits tread, the lore of creations both wondrous and terrible—such mysteries call to those with the ambition and the intellect to rise above the common folk to grasp true might. Such is the path of the wizard. These shrewd magic-users seek, collect, and covet esoteric knowledge, drawing on cultic arts to work wonders beyond Spells: A wizard casts arcane spells drawn from the particular field of magical study and become masters of such must choose and prepare his spells ahead of time. powers, others embrace versatility, reveling in the unbounded wonders of all magic. In either case, wizards prove a cunning and potent lot, capable of smiting their foes, empowering their allies, and shaping the world to their every desire.

Role: While universalist wizards might study to prepare themselves for any manner of danger, specialist wizards research schools of magic that make them exceptionally skilled within a specific focus. Yet no matter their specialty, all wizards are masters of the impossible and can aid their allies in overcoming any danger.

Alignment: Any. Hit Die: d6.

Class Skills

The wizard's class skills are Appraise (Int), Craft (Int), Fly (Dex), Knowledge (all) (Int), Linguistics (Int), Profession Arcane Bond (Ex or Sp): At 1st level, wizards form a (Wis), and Spellcraft (Int).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

The following are the class features of the wizard.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Wizards are proficient with the club, dagger, heavy crossbow, light crossbow, and quarterstaff, but not with any type of armor or shield. Armor interferes with a wizard's movements, which can cause his spells with somatic components to fail.

the abilities of mere mortals. While some might choose a sorcerer/wizard spell list presented in Spell Lists. A wizard

To learn, prepare, or cast a spell, the wizard must have an Intelligence score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty Class for a saving throw against a wizard's spell is 10 + the spell level + the wizard's Intelligence modifier.

A wizard can cast only a certain number of spells of each spell level per day. His base daily spell allotment is given on Table: Wizard. In addition, he receives bonus spells per day if he has a high Intelligence score (see Table: Ability Modifiers and Bonus Spells).

A wizard may know any number of spells. He must choose and prepare his spells ahead of time by getting 8 hours of sleep and spending 1 hour studying his spellbook. While studying, the wizard decides which spells to prepare.

Bonus Languages: A wizard may substitute Draconic for one of the bonus languages available to the character because of his race.

powerful bond with an object or a creature. This bond can take one of two forms: a familiar or a bonded object. A

senses and can aid him in magic, while a bonded object is an level. This spell cannot be modified by metamagic feats or item a wizard can use to cast additional spells or to serve as a other abilities. The bonded object cannot be used to cast magical item. Once a wizard makes this choice, it is spells from the wizard's opposition schools (see arcane permanent and cannot be changed. Rules for bonded items school). are given below, while rules for familiars are at the end of this section.

amulet, it occupies the ring or neck slot accordingly.

A bonded object can be used once per day to cast any one If a bonded object is damaged, it is restored to full hit points

familiar is a magical pet that enhances the wizard's skills and time, duration, and other effects dependent on the wizard's

A wizard can add additional magic abilities to his bonded object as if he has the required item creation feats and if he Wizards who select a bonded object begin play with one at meets the level prerequisites of the feat. For example, a no cost. Objects that are the subject of an arcane bond must wizard with a bonded dagger must be at least 5th level to add fall into one of the following categories: amulet, ring, staff, magic abilities to the dagger (see the Craft Magic Arms and wand, or weapon. These objects are always masterwork Armor feat in Feats). If the bonded object is a wand, it loses quality. Weapons acquired at 1st level are not made of any its wand abilities when its last charge is consumed, but it is special material. If the object is an amulet or ring, it must be not destroyed and it retains all of its bonded object properties worn to have effect, while staves, wands, and weapons must and can be used to craft a new wand. The magic properties of be wielded. If a wizard attempts to cast a spell without his a bonded object, including any magic abilities added to the bonded object worn or in hand, he must make a object, only function for the wizard who owns it. If a bonded concentration check or lose the spell. The DC for this check object's owner dies, or the item is replaced, the object reverts is equal to 20 + the spell's level. If the object is a ring or to being an ordinary masterwork item of the appropriate type.

spell that the wizard has in his spellbook and is capable of the next time the wizard prepares his spells. If the object of casting, even if the spell is not prepared. This spell is treated an arcane bond is lost or destroyed, it can be replaced after 1 like any other spell cast by the wizard, including casting week in a special ritual that costs 200 gp per wizard level

Table 3-20: Wizard

Lonel	Base Attack	Fort	Ref	Will	1 Special Spells per Day										
Level	Bonus	Save	Save	Save		0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
1st	+0	+0	+0	+2	Arcane bond, arcane school, cantrips, Scribe Scroll	3	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2nd	+1	+0	+0	+3		4	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3rd	+1	+1	+1	+3		4	2	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4th	+2	+1	+1	+4		4	3	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5th	+2	+1	+1	+4	Bonus feat	4	3	2	1	_	_	_	_		_
6th	+3	+2	+2	+5		4	3	3	2	_	_	—	_	—	_
7th	+3	+2	+2	+5		4	4	3	2	1	_	—	—	—	_
8th	+4	+2	+2	+6		4	4	3	3	2	—	—	—	—	_
9th	+4	+3	+3	+6		4	4	4	3	2	1	—	_	—	_
10th	+5	+3	+3	+7	Bonus feat	4	4	4	3	3	2	—	—	—	_
11th	+5	+3	+3	+7		4	4	4	4	3	2	1	_	_	_
12th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+8		4	4	4	4	3	3	2	—	—	_
13th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+8		4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1	—	_
14th	+7/+2	+4	+4	+9		4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2	—	_
15th	+7/+2	+5	+5	+9	Bonus feat	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1	_
16th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+10		4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2	_
17th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+10		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
18th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+11		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2
19th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+11		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
20th	+10/+5	+6	+6	+12	Bonus feat	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

any of the additional enchantments of the previous bonded can prepare from memory. item. A wizard can designate an existing magic item as his bonded item. This functions in the same way as replacing a lost or destroyed item except that the new magic item retains its abilities while gaining the benefits and drawbacks of becoming a bonded item.

Arcane School: A wizard can choose to specialize in one spellbook. At each new wizard level, he gains two new spells school of magic, gaining additional spells and powers based of any spell level or levels that he can cast (based on his new on that school. This choice must be made at 1st level, and wizard level) for his spellbook. At any time, a wizard can once made, it cannot be changed. A wizard that does not also add spells found in other wizards' spellbooks to his own select a school receives the universalist school instead.

A wizard that chooses to specialize in one school of magic must select two other schools as his opposition schools, representing knowledge sacrificed in one area of arcane lore to gain mastery in another. A wizard who prepares spells The following descriptions detail each arcane school and its from his opposition schools must use two spell slots of that corresponding powers. level to prepare the spell. For example, a wizard with evocation as an opposition school must expend two of his available 3rd-level spell slots to prepare a fireball. In Abjuration School addition, a specialist takes a -4 penalty on any skill checks made when crafting a magic item that has a spell from one of The abjurer uses magic against itself, and masters the art of his opposition schools as a prerequisite. A universalist wizard defensive and warding magics. can prepare spells from any school without restriction.

powers. In addition, specialist wizards receive an additional spell slot of each spell level he can cast, from 1st on up. Each day, a wizard can prepare a spell from his specialty school in immunity to the chosen energy type. that slot. This spell must be in the wizard's spellbook. A wizard can select a spell modified by a metamagic feat to prepare in his school slot, but it uses up a higher-level spell slot. Wizards with the universalist school do not receive a school slot.

Cantrips: Wizards can prepare a number of cantrips, or 0level spells, each day, as noted on Table: Wizard under "Spells per Day." These spells are cast like any other spell, your Intelligence modifier. but they are not expended when cast and may be used again. A wizard can prepare a cantrip from an opposition school, but it uses up two of his available slots (see below).

Scribe Scroll: At 1st level, a wizard gains Scribe Scroll as a bonus feat.

Bonus Feats: At 5th, 10th, 15th, and 20th level, a wizard gains a bonus feat. At each such opportunity, he can choose a metamagic feat, an item creation feat, or Spell Mastery. The wizard must still meet all prerequisites for a bonus feat, including caster level minimums. These bonus feats are in advancing levels. The wizard is not limited to the categories of item creation feats, metamagic feats, or Spell Mastery when choosing those feats.

Spellbooks: A wizard must study his spellbook each day to rounds equal to 1/2 your wizard level (minimum 1). At 20th

plus the cost of the masterwork item. This ritual takes 8 prepare his spells. He cannot prepare any spell not recorded hours to complete. Items replaced in this way do not possess in his spellbook, except for read magic, which all wizards

> A wizard begins play with a spellbook containing all 0-level wizard spells (except those from his prohibited schools, if any; see Arcane Schools) plus three 1st-level spells of his choice. The wizard also selects a number of additional 1stlevel spells equal to his Intelligence modifier to add to the (see Magic).

Arcane Schools

Resistance (Ex): You gain resistance 5 to an energy type of Each arcane school gives the wizard a number of school your choice, chosen when you prepare spells. This resistance can be changed each day. At 11th level, this resistance increases to 10. At 20th level, this resistance changes to

> Protective Ward (Su): As a standard action, you can create a 10-foot-radius field of protective magic centered on you that lasts for a number of rounds equal to your Intelligence modifier. All allies in this area (including you) receive a +1 deflection bonus to their AC for 1 round. This bonus increases by +1 for every five wizard levels you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 +

> Energy Absorption (Su): At 6th level, you gain an amount of energy absorption equal to 3 times your wizard level per day. Whenever you take energy damage, apply immunity, vulnerability (if any), and resistance first and apply the rest to this absorption, reducing your daily total by that amount. Any damage in excess of your absorption is applied to you normally.

Conjuration School

addition to the feats that a character of any class gets from The conjurer focuses on the study of summoning monsters and magic alike to bend to his will.

> Summoner's Charm (Su): Whenever you cast a conjuration (summoning) spell, increase the duration by a number of

level, you can change the duration of all *summon monster* enchantment school, that spell is reflected back at its caster, spells to permanent. You can have no more than one *summon* as per *spell turning*. monster spell made permanent in this way at one time. If you designate another summon monster spell as permanent, the previous spell immediately ends.

dart targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. + your Intelligence modifier. The acid dart deals 1d6 points of acid damage + 1 for every two wizard levels you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier. This attack ignores spell resistance.

Dimensional Steps (Sp): At 8th level, you can use this ability skill checks. These rounds do not need to be consecutive. to teleport up to 30 feet per wizard level per day as a standard action. This teleportation must be used in 5-foot increments and such movement does not provoke an attack Evocation School of opportunity. You can bring other willing creatures with you, but you must expend an equal amount of distance for each additional creature brought with you.

Divination School

Diviners are masters of remote viewing, prophecies, and using magic to explore the world.

even if you fail to make a Perception roll to notice a foe, but and take the better result. you are still considered flat-footed until you take an action. In addition, you receive a bonus on initiative checks equal to 1/2 your wizard level (minimum +1). At 20th level, anytime you roll initiative, assume the roll resulted in a natural 20.

you can touch any creature as a standard action to give it and day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier. insight bonus on all of its attack rolls, skill checks, ability checks, and saving throws equal to 1/2 your wizard level (minimum +1) for 1 round. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier.

you are being observed via magic, as if you had a permanent otherwise functions like wall of fire. detect scrying. In addition, whenever you scry on a subject, treat the subject as one step more familiar to you. Very familiar subjects get a -10 penalty on their save to avoid Illusion School your scrying attempts.

Enchantment School

The enchanter uses magic to control and manipulate the minds of his victims.

you succeed at a saving throw against a spell of the

Dazing Touch (Sp): You can cause a living creature to become dazed for 1 round as a melee touch attack. Creatures with more Hit Dice than your wizard level are unaffected. Acid Dart (Sp): As a standard action you can unleash an acid You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3

> Aura of Despair (Su): At 8th level, you can emit a 30-foot aura of despair for a number of rounds per day equal to your wizard level. Enemies within this aura take a -2 penalty on ability checks, attack rolls, damage rolls, saving throws, and

Evokers revel in the raw power of magic, and can use it to create and destroy with shocking ease.

Intense Spells (Su): Whenever you cast an evocation spell that deals hit point damage, add 1/2 your wizard level to the damage (minimum +1). This bonus only applies once to a spell, not once per missile or ray, and cannot be split between multiple missiles or rays. This damage is of the same type as the spell. At 20th level, whenever you cast an evocation spell Forewarned (Su): You can always act in the surprise round you can roll twice to penetrate a creature's spell resistance

Force Missile (Sp): As a standard action you can unleash a force missile that automatically strikes a foe, as magic missile. The force missile deals 1d4 points of damage plus the damage from your intense spells evocation power. This is Diviner's Fortune (Sp): When you activate this school power, a force effect. You can use this ability a number of times per

Elemental Wall (Sp): At 8th level, you can create a wall of energy that lasts for a number of rounds per day equal to your wizard level. These rounds do not need to be consecutive. This wall deals acid, cold, electricity, or fire Scrying Adept (Su): At 8th level, you are always aware when damage, determined when you create it. The elemental wall

Illusionists use magic to weave confounding images, figments, and phantoms to baffle and vex their foes.

Extended Illusions (Su): Any illusion spell you cast with a duration of "concentration" lasts a number of additional rounds equal to 1/2 your wizard level after you stop maintaining concentration (minimum +1 round). At 20th Enchanting Smile (Su): You gain a +2 enhancement bonus on level, you can make one illusion spell with a duration of Bluff, Diplomacy, and Intimidate skill checks. This bonus "concentration" become permanent. You can have no more increases by +1 for every five wizard levels you possess, up than one illusion made permanent in this way at one time. If to a maximum of +6 at 20th level. At 20th level, whenever you designate another illusion as permanent, the previous permanent illusion ends.

Blinding Ray (Sp): As a standard action you can fire a physical ability scores of your choice. shimmering ray at any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. The ray causes creatures to be blinded for 1 round. Creatures with more Hit Dice than your wizard level are dazzled for 1 round instead. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier.

Invisibility Field (Sp): At 8th level, you can make yourself invisible as a swift action for a number of rounds per day equal to your wizard level. These rounds do not need to be consecutive. This otherwise functions as *greater invisibility*.

Necromancy School

The dread and feared necromancer commands undead and uses the foul power of unlife against his enemies.

Turn Undead as a bonus feat. You can channel energy a have the most diversity of all arcane spellcasters. number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier, but only to use the selected feat. You can take other feats to add to this ability, such as Extra Channel and Improved Channel, but not feats that alter this ability, such as Elemental Channel and Alignment Channel. The DC to save against these feats is equal to 10 + 1/2 your wizard level + vour Charisma modifier. At 20th level, undead cannot add their channel resistance to the save against this ability.

Grave Touch (Sp): As a standard action, you can make a melee touch attack that causes a living creature to become shaken for a number of rounds equal to 1/2 your wizard level (minimum 1). If you touch a shaken creature with this ability, it becomes frightened for 1 round if it has fewer Hit Dice than your wizard level. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier.

Life Sight (Su): At 8th level, you gain blindsight to a range of level, and by an additional 10 feet for every four levels casting. beyond 12th.

Transmutation School

Transmuters use magic to change the world around them.

Physical Enhancement (Su): You gain a +1 enhancement bonus to one physical ability score (Strength, Dexterity, or Constitution). This bonus increases by +1 for every five wizard levels you possess to a maximum of +5 at 20th level. You can change this bonus to a new ability score when you prepare spells. At 20th level, this bonus applies to two

Telekinetic Fist (Sp): As a standard action you can strike with a telekinetic fist, targeting any foe within 30 feet as a ranged touch attack. The telekinetic fist deals 1d4 points of bludgeoning damage + 1 for every two wizard levels you possess. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier.

Change Shape (Sp): At 8th level, you can change your shape for a number of rounds per day equal to your wizard level. These rounds do not need to be consecutive. This ability otherwise functions like beast shape II or elemental body I. At 12th level, this ability functions like beast shape III or elemental body II.

Universalist School

Power over Undead (Su): You receive Command Undead or Wizards who do not specialize (known as as universalists)

Hand of the Apprentice (Su): You cause your melee weapon to fly from your grasp and strike a foe before instantly returning to you. As a standard action, you can make a single attack using a melee weapon at a range of 30 feet. This attack is treated as a ranged attack with a thrown weapon, except that you add your Intelligence modifier on the attack roll instead of your Dexterity modifier (damage still relies on Strength). This ability cannot be used to perform a combat maneuver. You can use this ability a number of times per day equal to 3 + your Intelligence modifier.

Metamagic Mastery (Su): At 8th level, you can apply any one metamagic feat that you know to a spell you are about to cast. This does not alter the level of the spell or the casting time. You can use this ability once per day at 8th level and one additional time per day for every two wizard levels you possess beyond 8th. Any time you use this ability to apply a 10 feet for a number of rounds per day equal to your wizard metamagic feat that increases the spell level by more than 1, level. This ability only allows you to detect living creatures you must use an additional daily usage for each level above 1 and undead creatures. This sight also tells you whether a that the feat adds to the spell. Even though this ability does creature is living or undead. Constructs and other creatures not modify the spell's actual level, you cannot use this ability that are neither living nor undead cannot be seen with this to cast a spell whose modified spell level would be above the ability. The range of this ability increases by 10 feet at 12th level of the highest-level spell that you are capable of

Familiars

A familiar is an animal chosen by a spellcaster to aid him in his study of magic. It retains the appearance, Hit Dice, base attack bonus, base save bonuses, skills, and feats of the normal animal it once was, but is now a magical beast for the purpose of effects that depend on its type. Only a normal, unmodified animal may become a familiar. An animal companion cannot also function as a familiar.

A familiar grants special abilities to its master, as given on

the table below. These special abilities apply only when the depend on the master's level. master and familiar are within 1 mile of each other.

for the purpose of determining any familiar abilities that

If a familiar is lost or dies, it can be replaced 1 week later Levels of different classes that are entitled to familiars stack through a specialized ritual that costs 200 gp per wizard level. The ritual takes 8 hours to complete.

Familiar	Special Ability
Bat	Master gains a +3 bonus on Fly checks
Cat	Master gains a +3 bonus on Stealth checks
Hawk	Master gains a +3 bonus on sight-based and opposed Perception checks in bright light
Lizard	Master gains a +3 bonus on Climb checks
Monkey	Master gains a +3 bonus on Acrobatics checks
Owl	Master gains a +3 bonus on sight-based and opposed Perception checks in shadows or darkness
Rat	Master gains a +2 bonus on Fortitude saves
Raven*	Master gains a +3 bonus on Appraise checks
Viper	Master gains a +3 bonus on Bluff checks
Toad	Master gains +3 hit points
Weasel	Master gains a +2 bonus on Reflex saves

^{*}A raven familiar can speak one language of its master's choice as a supernatural ability.

familiar's kind, but with the following changes.

Hit Dice: For the purpose of effects related to number of Hit Dice, use the master's character level or the familiar's normal HD total, whichever is higher.

Hit Points: The familiar has half the master's total hit points (not including temporary hit points), rounded down, regardless of its actual Hit Dice.

from all his classes. Use the familiar's Dexterity or Strength some skills may remain beyond the familiar's ability to use. modifier, whichever is greater, to calculate the familiar's Familiars treat Acrobatics, Climb, Fly, Perception, Stealth, melee attack bonus with natural weapons.

Saving Throws: For each saving throw, use either the

Familiar Basics: Use the basic statistics for a creature of the familiar's base save bonus (Fortitude +2, Reflex +2, Will +0) or the master's (as calculated from all his classes), whichever is better. The familiar uses its own ability modifiers to saves, and it doesn't share any of the other bonuses that the master might have on saves.

Skills: For each skill in which either the master or the familiar has ranks, use either the normal skill ranks for an animal of that type or the master's skill ranks, whichever is better. In either case, the familiar uses its own ability Attacks: Use the master's base attack bonus, as calculated modifiers. Regardless of a familiar's total skill modifiers, and Swim as class skills.

Damage equals that of a normal creature of the familiar's Familiar Ability Descriptions: All familiars have special abilities (or impart abilities to their masters) depending on the master's combined level in classes that grant familiars, as shown on the table below. The abilities are cumulative.

Master Class Level	Natural Armor Adj.	Int	Special
1st-2nd	+1	6	Alertness, improved evasion, share spells, empathic link
3rd-4th	+2	7	Deliver touch spells
5th-6th	+3	8	Speak with master
7th-8th	+4	9	Speak with animals of its kind
9th-10th	+5	10	_
11th-12th	+6	11	Spell resistance
13th-14th	+7	12	Scry on familiar
15th-16th	+8	13	_
17th-18th	+9	14	-
19th-20th	+10	15	_

Natural Armor Adj.: The number noted here is in addition to Arcane Spells and Armor the familiar's existing natural armor bonus.

Int: The familiar's Intelligence score.

master gains the Alertness feat.

normally allows a Reflex saving throw for half damage, a spellcaster can cast it with no arcane spell failure chance familiar takes no damage if it makes a successful saving while wearing armor. Such spells can also be cast even if the throw and half damage even if the saving throw fails.

Share Spells: The wizard may cast a spell with a target of "You" on his familiar (as a touch spell) instead of on himself. A wizard may cast spells on his familiar even if the spells do not normally affect creatures of the familiar's type (magical beast).

Empathic Link (Su): The master has an empathic link with his familiar to a 1 mile distance. The master can communicate empathically with the familiar, but cannot see through its eyes. Because of the link's limited nature, only general emotions can be shared. The master has the same connection to an item or place that his familiar does.

Deliver Touch Spells (Su): If the master is 3rd level or higher, a familiar can deliver touch spells for him. If the master and the familiar are in contact at the time the master casts a touch spell, he can designate his familiar as the "toucher." The familiar can then deliver the touch spell just as the master would. As usual, if the master casts another spell before the touch is delivered, the touch spell dissipates.

Speak with Master (Ex): If the master is 5th level or higher, a familiar and the master can communicate verbally as if they were using a common language. Other creatures do not understand the communication without magical help.

Speak with Animals of Its Kind (Ex): If the master is 7th level or higher, a familiar can communicate with animals of approximately the same kind as itself (including dire varieties): bats with bats, cats with felines, hawks and owls and ravens with birds, lizards and snakes with reptiles, monkeys with other simians, rats with rodents, toads with amphibians, and weasels with ermines and minks. Such communication is limited by the Intelligence of the conversing creatures.

Spell Resistance (Ex): If the master is 11th level or higher, a familiar gains spell resistance equal to the master's level + 5. To affect the familiar with a spell, another spellcaster must get a result on a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) that equals or exceeds the familiar's spell resistance.

Scry on Familiar (Sp): If the master is 13th level or higher, he may scry on his familiar (as if casting the scrying spell) once per day.

Armor restricts the complicated gestures required while casting any spell that has a somatic component. The armor Alertness (Ex): While a familiar is within arm's reach, the and shield descriptions list the arcane spell failure chance for different armors and shields.

Improved Evasion (Ex): When subjected to an attack that If a spell doesn't have a somatic component, an arcane caster's hands are bound or he is grappling (although concentration checks still apply normally). The metamagic feat Still Spell allows a spellcaster to prepare or cast a spell without the somatic component at one spell level higher than normal. This also provides a way to cast a spell while wearing armor without risking arcane spell failure.

4. Skills

Using Skills

Skills represent some of the most basic and yet most fundamental abilities your character possesses. As your character advances in level, he can gain new skills and improve his existing skills dramatically.

Acquiring Skills

Each level, your character gains a number of skill ranks dependent upon your class plus your Intelligence modifier. Investing a rank in a skill represents a measure of training in that skill. You can never have more ranks in a skill than your total number of Hit Dice. In addition, each class has a number of favored skills, called class skills. It is easier for your character to become more proficient in these skills, as ranks into. If you have more than one class and both grant you a class skill bonus, these bonuses do not stack.

Table 4-1: Skill Ranks

Class	Skill Ranks per Level
Barbarian	4 + Int modifier
Bard	6 + Int modifier
Cleric	2 + Int modifier
Druid	4 + Int modifier
Fighter	2 + Int modifier
Monk	4 + Int modifier
Paladin	2 + Int modifier
Ranger	6 + Int modifier
Rogue	8 + Int modifier
Sorcerer	2 + Int modifier
Wizard	2 + Int modifier

The number of skill ranks you gain when taking a level in **Taking 10 and Taking 20** one of the base classes is shown on Table: Skill Ranks. point . If you select a level in a new class, all of its class favorable conditions, increasing the odds of success. skills are automatically added to your list of class skills, and you gain a +3 bonus on these skills if you have ranks in them.

Skill Checks

When your character uses a skill, he isn't guaranteed success. In order to determine success, whenever you attempt to use a skill, you must make a skill check.

Table 4-2: Skill Check Bonuses

Skill	Skill Check is Equal To*
Untrained	1d20 + ability modifier + racial modifier
Trained	1d20 + skill ranks + ability modifier + racial modifier
Trained Class Skill	1d20 + skill ranks + ability modifier + racial modifier + 3

^{*} Armor check penalty applies to all Strength- and Dexterity-based skill checks.

Each skill rank grants a +1 bonus on checks made using that skill. When you make a skill check, you roll 1d20 and then they represent part of his professional training and constant add your ranks and the appropriate ability score modifier to practice. You gain a +3 bonus on all class skills that you put the result of this check. If the skill you're using is a class skill (and you have invested ranks into that skill), you gain a +3bonus on the check. If you are not trained in the skill (and if the skill may be used untrained), you may still attempt the skill, but you use only the bonus (or penalty) provided by the associated ability score modifier to modify the check. Skills can be further modified by a wide variety of sources—by your race, by a class ability, by equipment, by spell effects or magic items, and so on. See Table: Skill Check Bonuses for a summary of skill check bonuses.

> If the result of your skill check is equal to or greater than the difficulty class (or DC) of the task you are attempting to accomplish, you succeed. If it is less than the DC, you fail. Some tasks have varying levels of success and failure depending on how much your check is above or below the required DC. Some skill checks are opposed by the target's skill check. When making an opposed skill check, the attempt is successful if your check result exceeds the result of the target.

Humans gain 1 additional skill rank per class level. A skill check represents an attempt to accomplish some goal, Characters who take a level in a favored class have the usually while under some sort of time pressure or distraction. option of gaining 1 additional skill rank or an additional hit Sometimes, though, a character can use a skill under more

> Taking 10: When your character is not in immediate danger or distracted, you may choose to take 10. Instead of rolling 1d20 for the skill check, calculate your result as if you had rolled a 10. For many routine tasks, taking 10 makes them

most cases, taking 10 is purely a safety measure—you know Artist, and Perception (when attempting to find traps). (or expect) that an average roll will succeed but fear that a poor roll might fail, so you elect to settle for the average roll (a 10). Taking 10 is especially useful in situations where a particularly high roll wouldn't help.

Taking 20: When you have plenty of time, you are faced with no threats or distractions, and the skill being attempted Aid Another carries no penalties for failure, you can take 20. In other words, if you a d20 roll enough times, eventually you will get a 20. Instead of rolling 1d20 for the skill check, just calculate your result as if you had rolled a 20.

assumes that you fail many times before succeeding. Taking 20 takes 20 times as long as making a single check would take (usually 2 minutes for a skill that takes 1 round or less to perform).

Since taking 20 assumes that your character will fail many times before succeeding, your character would automatically complete the task (hence why it is generally not allowed with as well.

automatically successful. Distractions or threats (such as skills that carry such penalties). Common "take 20" skills combat) make it impossible for a character to take 10. In include Disable Device (when used to open locks), Escape

> Ability Checks and Caster Level Checks: The normal take 10 and take 20 rules apply for ability checks. Neither rule applies to concentration checks or caster level checks.

You can help someone achieve success on a skill check by making the same kind of skill check in a cooperative effort. If you roll a 10 or higher on your check, the character you're helping gets a +2 bonus on his or her check. (You can't take Taking 20 means you are trying until you get it right, and it 10 on a skill check to aid another.) In many cases, a character's help won't be beneficial, or only a limited number of characters can help at once.

In cases where the skill restricts who can achieve certain results, such as trying to open a lock using Disable Device, you can't aid another to grant a bonus to a task that your character couldn't achieve alone. The GM might impose incur any penalties for failure before he or she could further restrictions to aiding another on a case-by-case basis

Skill Descriptions

This section describes each skill, including common uses and typical modifiers. Characters can sometimes use skills for purposes other than those noted here, at the GM's discretion. For a complete summary of all of the skills, see Table: Skill Summary.

Skill descriptions adhere to the following guidelines.

Skill Name: The skill name line includes (in addition to the name of the skill) the following information.

Key Ability: The abbreviation of the ability whose modifier required. applies to the skill check.

line, you must have at least 1 rank in the skill to use it. If this notation is omitted, the skill can be used untrained (with a rank of 0). If any special notes apply to trained or untrained use, they are covered in the Untrained section (see below).

Armor Check Penalty: If this notation is included in the skill name line, an armor check penalty applies (see Equipment) to checks using this skill. If this entry is absent, an armor check penalty does not apply.

Description: The skill name line is followed by a general description of what using the skill represents.

Check: What a character ("you" in the skill description) can do with a successful skill check and the check's Difficulty Class (DC).

Action: The type of action using the skill requires, or the amount of time required for a check.

Try Again: Any conditions that apply to successive attempts to use the skill successfully. If the skill doesn't allow you to attempt the same task more than once, or if failure carries an inherent penalty (such as with the Climb skill), you can't take 20. If this paragraph is omitted, the skill can be retried without any inherent penalty other than the additional time

Special: Any extra facts that apply to the skill, such as Trained Only: If this notation is included in the skill name special effects deriving from its use or bonuses that certain characters receive because of class, feat choices, or race.

> **Restriction**: The full utility of certain skills is restricted to characters of certain classes. This entry indicates whether any such restrictions exist for the skill.

> Untrained: This entry indicates what a character without at least 1 rank in the skill can do with it. If this entry doesn't appear, it means that the skill functions normally for untrained characters (if it can be used untrained) or that an untrained character can't attempt checks with this skill (for skills that are designated "Trained Only").

Table 4-3: Skill Summary

Skill	Bbn	Brd	Clr	Drd	Ftr	Mnk	Pal	Rgr	Rog	Sor	Wiz	Untrained	Ability
Acrobatics	С	С	_	_	_	С	_	_	С	_	_	Yes	Dex*
Appraise	_	C	C	_	_	_	_	_	C	C	C	Yes	Int
Bluff	_	C	_	_	_	_	_	_	С	С	_	Yes	Cha
Climb	C	C	_	C	C	C	_	C	C	_	_	Yes	Str*
Craft	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	Yes	Int
Diplomacy	—	C	C	_	—	_	C	_	C	—	—	Yes	Cha
Disable Device	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	C	_	_	No	Dex*
Disguise	—	C	—	_	—	_	—	_	C	—	—	Yes	Cha
Escape Artist	_	C	_	_	_	C	—	_	C	_	_	Yes	Dex*
Fly	—	—	—	C	—	_	—	_	_	C	C	Yes	Dex*
Handle Animal	C	_	_	C	C	_	C	C	_	_	_	No	Cha
Heal	—	—	C	C	_	_	C	C	—	—	_	Yes	Wis
Intimidate	C	C	_	_	C	C	—	C	C	C	_	Yes	Cha
Knowledge (arcana)	—	C	C	_	—	_	—	_	_	C	C	No	Int
Knowledge (dungeoneering)	_	C	_	_	C	_	_	C	C	_	C	No	Int
Knowledge (engineering)	—	C	_	_	C	_	_	_	_	_	C	No	Int
Knowledge (geography)	_	C	_	C	_	_	—	C	_	_	C	No	Int
Knowledge (history)	—	C	C	_	—	C	—	_	_	—	C	No	Int
Knowledge (local)	_	C	_	_	_	_	—	_	C	_	C	No	Int
Knowledge (nature)	C	C	—	C	—	_	—	C	_	—	C	No	Int
Knowledge (nobility)	_	C	C	_	_	_	C	_	_	_	C	No	Int
Knowledge (planes)	_	C	C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	C	No	Int
Knowledge (religion)	_	C	C	_	_	C	C	_	_	_	C	No	Int
Linguistics	_	C	C	_	_	_	_	_	C	_	C	No	Int
Perception	C	C	_	C	_	C	_	C	C	_	_	Yes	Wis
Perform	_	C	_	_	—	C	—	_	C	—	—	Yes	Cha
Profession	_	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	No	Wis
Ride	C	_	_	C	C	C	C	C	_	_	_	Yes	Dex*
Sense Motive	_	C	C	_	_	C	C	_	C	_	_	Yes	Wis
Sleight of Hand	_	C	_	_	_	_	_	_	C	_	_	No	Dex*
Spellcraft	_	C	С	C	_	_	С	C	_	С	С	No	Int
Stealth	_	C	_	_	_	C	_	C	C	_	_	Yes	Dex*
Survival	С	_	_	C	С	_	_	C	_		_	Yes	Wis
Swim	C	_	_	C	C	C	_	C	C	_	_	Yes	Str*
Use Magic Device	_	C	_	_	_		_	_	C	C	_	No	Cha

C = Class Skill; * Armor check penalty applies

Acrobatics (Dex; Armor Check to avoid attacks and overcome obstacles. Penalty)

You can keep your balance while traversing narrow or treacherous surfaces. You can also dive, flip, jump, and roll

Check: You can use Acrobatics to move on narrow surfaces and uneven ground without falling. A successful check allows you to move at half speed across such surfaces—only one check is needed per round. Use the following table to

determine the base DC, which is then modified by the racial bonus on Acrobatics checks made to jump for every 10 Acrobatics skill modifiers noted below. While you are using feet of their speed below 30 feet. No jump can allow you to Acrobatics in this way, you are considered flat-footed and exceed your maximum movement for the round. For a lose your Dexterity bonus to your AC (if any). If you take running jump, the result of your Acrobatics check indicates damage while using Acrobatics, you must immediately make the distance traveled in the jump (and if the check fails, the another Acrobatics check at the same DC to avoid falling or distance at which you actually land and fall prone). Halve being knocked prone.

Surface Width	Base Acrobatics DC
Greater than 3 feet wide	0*
1–3 feet wide	5*
7–11 inches wide	10
2–6 inches wide	15
Less than 2 inches wide	20

* No Acrobatics check is needed to move across these surfaces unless the modifiers to the surface (below) increase the DC to 10 or higher.

In addition, you can move through a threatened square without provoking an attack of opportunity from an enemy by using Acrobatics. When moving in this way, you move at half speed. You can move at full speed by increasing the DC of the check by 10. You cannot use Acrobatics to move past foes if your speed is reduced due to carrying a medium or heavy load or wearing medium or heavy armor. If an ability allows you to move at full speed under such conditions, you can use Acrobatics to move past foes. You can use Acrobatics in this way while prone, but doing so requires a full-round action to move 5 feet, and the DC is increased by 5.

Situation	Base Acrobatics DC*	
M d 1 d . 1	Opponent's Combat	
Move through a threatened area	Maneuver Defense	
Move through an enemy's space	5 + opponent's Combat	
,	Maneuver Defense	

* This DC is used to avoid an attack of opportunity due to movement. This DC increases by 2 for each additional opponent avoided in 1 round.

Finally, you can use the Acrobatics skill to make jumps or to soften a fall. The base DC to make a jump is equal to the distance to be crossed (if horizontal) or four times the height to be reached (if vertical). These DCs double if you do not have at least 10 feet of space to get a running start. The only Acrobatics modifiers that apply are those concerning the surface you are jumping from. If you fail this check by 4 or less, you can attempt a DC 20 Reflex save to grab hold of the other side after having missed the jump. If you fail by 5 or more, you fail to make the jump and fall (or land prone, in the case of a vertical jump). Creatures with a base land speed above 30 feet receive a +4 racial bonus on Acrobatics checks made to jump for every 10 feet of their speed above 30 feet. Creatures with a base land speed below 30 feet receive a -4

this result for a standing long jump to determine where you

Long Jump	Acrobatics DC
5 feet	5
10 feet	10
15 feet	15
20 feet	20
Greater than 20 feet	+5 per 5 feet
2 feet	8
3 feet	12
4 feet	16
Greater than 4 feet	+4 per foot

When you deliberately fall any distance, even as a result of a missed jump, a DC 15 Acrobatics skill check allows you to ignore the first 10 feet fallen, although you still end up prone if you take damage from a fall. See the falling rules for further details.

High Jump	Acrobatics DC
1 foot	4
2 feet	8
3 feet	12
4 feet	16
Greater than 4 feet	+4 per foot

Many conditions can affect your chances of success with Acrobatics checks. The following modifiers to target DCs apply to all Acrobatics skill checks. The modifiers stack with one another, but only the most severe modifier for any one condition applies.

Acrobatics Modifiers	DC Modifier
Slightly obstructed (gravel, sand)	+2
Severely obstructed (cavern, rubble)	+5
Slightly slippery (wet)	+2
Severely slippery (icy)	+5
Slightly sloped (<45°)	+2
Severely sloped (>45°)	+5
Slightly unsteady (boat in rough water)	+2
Moderately unsteady (boat in a storm)	+5

Acrobatics Modifiers	DC Modifier
Severely unsteady (earthquake)	+10
Move at full speed on narrow or uneven surfaces	+5*

^{*} This does not apply to checks made to jump.

Action: None. An Acrobatics check is made as part of another action or as a reaction to a situation.

Special: If you have 3 or more ranks in Acrobatics, you gain a +3 dodge bonus to AC when fighting defensively instead of the usual +2, and a +6 dodge bonus to AC when taking the total defense action instead of the usual +4.

If you have the Acrobatic feat, you get a bonus on Acrobatics checks (see Feats).

Appraise (Int)

You can evaluate the monetary value of an object.

Check: A DC 20 Appraise check determines the value of a common item. If you succeed by 5 or more, you also determine if the item has magic properties, although this success does not grant knowledge of the magic item's abilities. If your fail the check by less than 5, you determine the price of that item to within 20% of its actual value. If you fail this check by 5 or more, the price is wildly inaccurate, subject to GM discretion. Particularly rare or exotic items automatically understands you, assuming you might increase the DC of this check by 5 or more.

You can also use this check to determine the most valuable item in a treasure hoard. The DC of this check is generally 20 but can increase to as high as 30 for a particularly large Bluff result. hoard.

Action: Appraising an item takes 1 standard action. Determining the most valuable object in a treasure hoard takes 1 full-round action.

Try Again: Additional attempts to Appraise an item reveal the same result.

Special: A spellcaster with a raven familiar gains a +3 bonus on Appraise checks.

Bluff (Cha)

You know how to tell a lie.

Check: Bluff is an opposed skill check against your opponent's Sense Motive skill. If you use Bluff to fool someone, with a successful check you convince your If you have the Deceitful feat, you get a bonus on Bluff opponent that what you are saying is true. Bluff checks are checks (see Feats). modified depending upon the believability of the lie. The following modifiers are applied to the roll of the creature

attempting to tell the lie. Note that some lies are so improbable that it is impossible to convince anyone that they are true (subject to GM discretion).

Circumstances	Bluff Modifier
The target wants to believe you	+5
The lie is believable	+0
The lie is unlikely	-5
The lie is far-fetched	-10
The lie is impossible	-20
The target is drunk or impaired	+5
You possess convincing proof	up to +10

Feint: You can use Bluff to feint in combat, causing your opponent to be denied his Dexterity bonus to his AC against your next attack. The DC of this check is equal to 10 + your opponent's base attack bonus + your opponent's Wisdom modifier. If your opponent is trained in Sense Motive, the DC is instead equal to 10 + your opponent's Sense Motive bonus, if higher. For more information on feinting in combat, see Combat.

Secret Messages: You can use Bluff to pass hidden messages along to another character without others understanding your true meaning by using innuendo to cloak your actual message. The DC of this check is 15 for simple messages and 20 for complex messages. If you are successful, the target communicating in a language that it understands. If your check fails by 5 or more, you deliver the wrong message. Other creatures that receive the message can decipher it by succeeding at an opposed Sense Motive check against your

Action: Attempting to deceive someone takes at least 1 round, but can possibly take longer if the lie is elaborate (as determined by the GM on a case-by-case basis).

Feinting in combat is a standard action.

Using Bluff to deliver a secret message takes twice as long as the message would otherwise take to relay.

Try Again: If you fail to deceive someone, further attempts to deceive them are at a -10 penalty and may be impossible (GM discretion).

You can attempt to feint against someone again if you fail. Secret messages can be relayed again if the first attempt fails.

Special: A spellcaster with a viper familiar gains a +3 bonus on Bluff checks.

Climb (Str; Armor Check determine an appropriate DC. Penalty)

You are skilled at scaling vertical surfaces, from smooth city walls to rocky cliffs.

your normal speed. A slope is considered to be any incline at falling damage. an angle measuring less than 60 degrees; a wall is any incline at an angle measuring 60 degrees or more.

A Climb check that fails by 4 or less means that you make no progress, and one that fails by 5 or more means that you fall from whatever height you have already attained.

The DC of the check depends on the conditions of the climb. Compare the task with those on the following table to

-	_
Climb DC	Example Surface or Activity
0	A slope too steep to walk up, or a knotted rope with a wall to brace against.
5	A rope with a wall to brace against, or a knotted rope, or a rope affected by the <i>rope trick</i> spell.
10	A surface with ledges to hold on to and stand on, such as a very rough wall or a ship's rigging.
15	Any surface with adequate handholds and footholds (natural or artificial), such as a very rough natural rock surface or a tree, or an unknotted rope, or pulling yourself up when dangling by your hands.
20	An uneven surface with narrow handholds and footholds, such as a typical wall in a dungeon.
25	A rough surface, such as a natural rock wall or a brick wall.
30	An overhang or ceiling with handholds only.
_	A perfectly smooth, flat vertical (or inverted) surface cannot be climbed.
Climb DC Modifier*	Example Surface or Activity
-10	Climbing a chimney (artificial or natural) or other location where you can brace against two opposite walls.
- 5	Climbing a corner where you can brace against perpendicular walls.
+5	Surface is slippery.

^{*} These modifiers are cumulative; use all that apply.

You need both hands free to climb, but you may cling to a wall with one hand while you cast a spell or take some other action that requires only one hand. While climbing, you can't move to avoid a blow, so you lose your Dexterity bonus to AC (if any). You also can't use a shield while climbing. Check: With a successful Climb check, you can advance up, Anytime you take damage while climbing, make a Climb down, or across a slope, wall, or other steep incline (or even check against the DC of the slope or wall. Failure means you across a ceiling, provided it has handholds) at one-quarter fall from your current height and sustain the appropriate

> Accelerated Climbing: You try to climb more quickly than normal. By accepting a -5 penalty, you can move half your speed (instead of one-quarter your speed).

> Make Your Own Handholds and Footholds: You can make your own handholds and footholds by pounding pitons into a wall. Doing so takes 1 minute per piton, and one piton is needed per 5 feet of distance. As with any surface that offers handholds and footholds, a wall with pitons in it has a DC of 15. In the same way, a climber with a handaxe or similar implement can cut handholds in an ice wall.

> Catch Yourself When Falling: It's practically impossible to catch yourself on a wall while falling, yet if you wish to attempt such a difficult task, you can make a Climb check (DC = wall's DC + 20) to do so. It's much easier to catch yourself on a slope (DC = slope's DC + 10).

> Catch a Falling Character While Climbing: If someone climbing above you or adjacent to you falls, you can attempt to catch the falling character if he or she is within your reach. Doing so requires a successful melee touch attack against the falling character (though he or she can voluntarily forego any Dexterity bonus to AC if desired). If you hit, you must immediately attempt a Climb check (DC = wall's DC + 10). Success indicates that you catch the falling character, but his total weight, including equipment, cannot exceed your heavy load limit or you automatically fall. If you fail your Climb check by 4 or less, you fail to stop the character's fall but don't lose your grip on the wall. If you fail by 5 or more, you fail to stop the character's fall and begin falling as well.

> **Action**: Climbing is part of movement, so it's generally part of a move action (and may be combined with other types of movement in a move action). Each move action that includes any climbing requires a separate Climb check. Catching yourself or another falling character doesn't take an action.

> Special: You can use a rope to haul a character upward (or lower a character) through sheer strength. You can lift double your maximum load in this manner.

> A creature with a climb speed has a +8 racial bonus on all Climb checks. The creature must make a Climb check to climb any wall or slope with a DC higher than 0, but it can always choose to take 10, even if rushed or threatened while climbing. If a creature with a climb speed chooses an accelerated climb (see above), it moves at double its climb

speed (or at its land speed, whichever is slower) and makes a piece per day.) single Climb check at a -5 penalty. Such a creature retains its Dexterity bonus to Armor Class (if any) while climbing, and opponents get no special bonus to their attacks against it. It cannot, however, use the run action while climbing.

If you have the Athletic feat, you get a bonus on Climb to make a particular item. The item's finished price also checks (see Feats).

Craft (Int)

You are skilled in the creation of a specific group of items, such as armor or weapons. Like Knowledge, Perform, and Profession, Craft is actually a number of separate skills. You A successful Craft check related to woodworking in most common Craft skills are alchemy, armor, baskets, books, bows, calligraphy, carpentry, cloth, clothing, glass, jewelry, leather, locks, paintings, pottery, sculptures, ships, shoes, stonemasonry, traps, and weapons.

A Craft skill is specifically focused on creating something. If nothing is created by the endeavor, it probably falls under the heading of a Profession skill.

Check: You can practice your trade and make a decent living, earning half your check result in gold pieces per week of dedicated work. You know how to use the tools of your trade, how to perform the craft's daily tasks, how to supervise 1. Find the item's price in silver pieces (1 gp = 10 sp). untrained helpers, and how to handle common problems. (Untrained laborers and assistants earn an average of 1 silver

The basic function of the Craft skill, however, is to allow you to make an item of the appropriate type. The DC depends on the complexity of the item to be created. The DC, your check result, and the price of the item determine how long it takes determines the cost of raw materials.

In some cases, the *fabricate* spell can be used to achieve the results of a Craft check with no actual check involved. You must still make an appropriate Craft check when using the spell to make articles requiring a high degree of craftsmanship.

could have several Craft skills, each with its own ranks. The conjunction with the casting of the ironwood spell enables you to make wooden items that have the strength of steel.

> When casting the spell minor creation, you must succeed on an appropriate Craft check to make a complex item.

> All crafts require artisan's tools to give the best chance of success. If improvised tools are used, the check is made with a -2 penalty. On the other hand, masterwork artisan's tools provide a +2 circumstance bonus on the check.

> To determine how much time and money it takes to make an item, follow these steps.

- 2. Find the item's DC from Table: Craft Skills.

Table 4-4: Craft Skills

Item Craft	Skill	Craft DC
Acid	Alchemy	15
Alchemist's fire, smokestick, or tindertwig	Alchemy	20
Antitoxin, sunrod, tanglefoot bag, or thunderstone	Alchemy	25
Armor or shield	Armor	10 + AC bonus
Longbow, shortbow, or arrows	Bows	12
Composite longbow or composite shortbow	Bows	15
Composite longbow or composite shortbow with high strength rating	Bows	$15 + (2 \times \text{rating})$
Mechanical trap	Traps	Varies*
Crossbow, or bolts	Weapons	15
Simple melee or thrown weapon	Weapons	12
Martial melee or thrown weapon	Weapons	15
Exotic melee or thrown weapon	Weapons	18
Very simple item (wooden spoon)	Varies	5
Typical item (iron pot)	Varies	10
High-quality item (bell)	Varies	15
Complex or superior item (lock)	Varies	20

^{*} Traps have their own rules for construction (see Traps).

- 3. Pay 1/3 of the item's price for the raw material cost.
- 4. Make an appropriate Craft check representing one week's worth of work. If the check succeeds, multiply your check result by the DC. If the result × the DC equals the price of the item in sp, then you have completed the item. (If the result × the DC equals double or triple the price of the item in silver pieces, then you've completed the task in one-half or one-third of the time. Other multiples of the DC reduce the A gnome receives a +2 bonus on a Craft or Profession skill time in the same manner.) If the result × the DC doesn't equal of her choice. the price, then it represents the progress you've made this week. Record the result and make a new Craft check for the next week. Each week, you make more progress until your total reaches the price of the item in silver pieces.

If you fail a check by 4 or less, you make no progress this week. If you fail by 5 or more, you ruin half the raw materials and have to pay half the original raw material cost again.

Progress by the Day: You can make checks by the day instead of by the week. In this case your progress (check result × DC) should be divided by the number of days in a

Craft DC of 20. Once both the standard component and the one step. masterwork component are completed, the masterwork item is finished. The cost you pay for the masterwork component is one-third of the given amount, just as it is for the cost in raw materials.

place. The cost of repairing an item is one-fifth of the item's upon the situation (GM discretion).

Action: Does not apply. Craft checks are made by the day or week (see above).

Try Again: Yes, but each time you fail by 5 or more, you ruin half the raw materials and have to pay half the original raw material cost again.

Special: You may voluntarily add +10 to the indicated DC to craft an item. This allows you to create the item more quickly (since you'll be multiplying this higher DC by your Craft check result to determine progress). You must decide whether to increase the DC before you make each weekly or daily check.

To make an item using Craft (alchemy), you must have gives in to most requests without a check, unless the request

buy what you need as part of the raw materials cost to make the item, but alchemical equipment is difficult or impossible to come by in some places. Purchasing and maintaining an alchemist's lab grants a +2 circumstance bonus on Craft (alchemy) checks because you have the perfect tools for the job, but it does not affect the cost of any items made using the skill.

Diplomacy (Cha)

You can use this skill to persuade others to agree with your arguments, to resolve differences, and to gather valuable information or rumors from people. This skill is also used to negotiate conflicts by using the proper etiquette and manners suitable to the problem.

Check: You can change the initial attitudes of nonplayer characters with a successful check. The DC of this check depends on the creature's starting attitude toward you, adjusted by its Charisma modifier. If you succeed, the Create Masterwork Items: You can make a masterwork item: character's attitude toward you is improved by one step. For a weapon, suit of armor, shield, or tool that conveys a bonus every 5 by which your check result exceeds the DC, the on its use through its exceptional craftsmanship. To create a character's attitude toward you increases by one additional masterwork item, you create the masterwork component as if step. A creature's attitude cannot be shifted more than two it were a separate item in addition to the standard item. The steps up in this way, although the GM can override this rule masterwork component has its own price (300 gp for a in some situations. If you fail the check by 4 or less, the weapon or 150 gp for a suit of armor or a shield, see character's attitude toward you is unchanged. If you fail by 5 Equipment for the price of other masterwork tools) and a or more, the character's attitude toward you is decreased by

You cannot use Diplomacy against a creature that does not understand you or has an Intelligence of 3 or less. Diplomacy is generally ineffective in combat and against creatures that intend to harm you or your allies in the immediate future. Repair Items: You can repair an item by making checks Any attitude shift caused through Diplomacy generally lasts against the same DC that it took to make the item in the first for 1d4 hours but can last much longer or shorter depending

Starting Attitude	Diplomacy DC
Hostile	25 + creature's Cha modifier
Unfriendly	20 + creature's Cha modifier
Indifferent	15 + creature's Cha modifier
Friendly	10 + creature's Cha modifier
Helpful	0 + creature's Cha modifier

If a creature's attitude toward you is at least indifferent, you can make requests of the creature. This is an additional Diplomacy check, using the creature's current attitude to determine the base DC, with one of the following modifiers. Once a creature's attitude has shifted to helpful, the creature alchemical equipment. If you are working in a city, you can is against its nature or puts it in serious peril. Some requests

automatically fail if the request goes against the creature's succeeds, you disable the device. If it fails by 4 or less, you values or its nature, subject to GM discretion.

Request	Diplomacy DC Modifier
Give simple advice or directions	5
Give detailed advice	+0
Give simple aid	+0
Reveal an unimportant secret	+5
Give lengthy or complicated aid	+5
Give dangerous aid	+10
Reveal an important secret	+10 or more
Give aid that could result in punishment	+15 or more
Additional requests	+5 per request

Gather Information: You can also use Diplomacy to gather information about a specific topic or individual. To do this, depends on the obscurity of the information sought, but for some time later (usually after 1d4 rounds or minutes of use). most commonly known facts or rumors it is 10. For obscure or secret knowledge, the DC might increase to 20 or higher. The GM might rule that some topics are simply unknown to common folk.

Action: Using Diplomacy to influence a creature's attitude takes 1 minute of continuous interaction. Making a request of a creature takes 1 or more rounds of interaction, depending upon the complexity of the request. Using Diplomacy to gather information takes 1d4 hours of work searching for rumors and informants.

Try Again: You cannot use Diplomacy to influence a given creature's attitude more than once in a 24-hour period. If a request is refused, the result does not change with additional checks, although other requests might be made. You can retry Diplomacy checks made to gather information.

Special: If you have the Persuasive feat, you gain a bonus on Diplomacy checks (see Feats).

Disable Device (Dex; Armor Check Penalty; Trained On<u>ly</u>

You are skilled at disarming traps and opening locks. In addition, this skill lets you sabotage simple mechanical devices, such as catapults, wagon wheels, and doors.

Check: When disarming a trap or other device, the Disable Device check is made secretly, so that you don't necessarily know whether you've succeeded.

The DC depends on how tricky the device is. If the check

have failed but can try again. If you fail by 5 or more, something goes wrong. If the device is a trap, you trigger it. If you're attempting some sort of sabotage, you think the device is disabled, but it still works normally.

Device	Time	Disable Device DC*	Example
Simple	1 round	10	Jam a lock
Tricky	1d4 rounds	15	Sabotage a wagon wheel
Difficult	2d4 rounds	20	Disarm a trap, reset a trap
Extreme	2d4 rounds	25	Disarm a complex trap, cleverly sabotage a clockwork device

^{*} If you attempt to leave behind no trace of your tampering, add 5 to the DC.

you must spend at least 1d4 hours canvassing people at local You also can rig simple devices such as saddles or wagon taverns, markets, and gathering places. The DC of this check wheels to work normally for a while and then fail or fall off

Lock Quality	Disable Device DC
Simple	20
Average	25
Good	30
Superior	40

Open Locks: The DC for opening a lock depends on its quality. If you do not have a set of thieves' tools, these DCs increase by 10.

Action: The amount of time needed to make a Disable Device check depends on the task, as noted above. Disabling a simple device takes 1 round and is a full-round action. A tricky or difficult device requires 1d4 or 2d4 rounds. Attempting to open a lock is a full-round action.

Try Again: Varies. You can retry checks made to disable traps if you miss the check by 4 or less. You can retry checks made to open locks.

Special: If you have the Deft Hands feat, you get a bonus on Disable Device checks (see Feats).

A rogue who beats a trap's DC by 10 or more can study the trap, figure out how it works, and bypass it without disarming it. A rogue can rig a trap so her allies can bypass it

Restriction: Characters with the trapfinding ability (like rogues) can disarm magic traps. A magic trap generally has a DC of 25 + the level of the spell used to create it.

The spells fire trap, glyph of warding, symbol, and teleportation circle also create traps that a rogue can disarm spike stones, however, create magic hazards against which opposed checks are always called for. Disable Device checks do not succeed. See the individual spell descriptions for details.

Disquise (Cha)

You are skilled at changing your appearance.

Check: Your Disguise check result determines how good the disguise is, and it is opposed by others' Perception check results. If you don't draw any attention to yourself, others do not get to make Perception checks. If you come to the Try Again: Yes. You may try to redo a failed disguise, but attention of people who are suspicious (such as a guard who is watching commoners walking through a city gate), it can more suspicious. be assumed that such observers are taking 10 on their Perception checks.

Disguise	Check Modifier
Minor details only	+5
Disguised as different gender ¹	2
Disguised as different race ¹	2
Disguised as different age category ¹	2^2
Disguised as different size category ¹	10

- 1 These modifiers are cumulative; use all that apply.
- 2 Per step of difference between your actual age category and your disguised age category. The steps are: young (younger than adulthood), adulthood, middle age, old, and venerable.

You get only one Disguise check per use of the skill, even if several people make Perception checks against it. The Disguise check is made secretly, so that you can't be sure how good the result is.

The effectiveness of your disguise depends on how much you're changing your appearance. Disguise can be used to make yourself appear like a creature that is one size category larger or smaller than your actual size. This does not change your actual size or reach, should you enter combat while wearing such a disguise.

Familiarity	Viewer's Perception Check Bonus
Recognizes on sight	+4
Friends or associates	+6
Close friends	+8
Intimate	+10

If you are impersonating a particular individual, those who know what that person looks like get a bonus on their Manacles and Masterwork Manacles: The DC for manacles Perception checks according to the table below. Furthermore, is set by their construction (see the table below).

with a successful Disable Device check. Spike growth and they are automatically considered to be suspicious of you, so

An individual makes a Perception check to see through your disguise immediately upon meeting you and again every hour thereafter. If you casually meet a large number of different creatures, each for a short time, check once per day or hour, using an average Perception modifier for the group.

Action: Creating a disguise requires $1d3 \times 10$ minutes of work. Using magic (such as the disguise self spell) reduces this action to the time required to cast the spell or trigger the

once others know that a disguise was attempted, they'll be

Special: Magic that alters your form, such as alter self, disguise self, polymorph, or shapechange, grants you a +10 bonus on Disguise checks (see the individual spell descriptions). Divination magic that allows people to see through illusions (such as true seeing) does not penetrate a mundane disguise, but it can negate the magical component of a magically enhanced one.

You must make a Disguise check when you cast a simulacrum spell to determine how good the likeness is.

If you have the Deceitful feat, you gain a bonus on Disguise checks (see Feats).

Escape Artist (Dex; Armor Check Penalty)

Your training allows you to slip out of bonds and escape from grapples.

Check: The table below gives the DCs needed to escape various forms of restraints.

Restraint	Escape Artist DC
Rope/bindings	Binder's CMB +20
Net, animate rope, command plants, control plants, or entangle	20
Snare spell	23
Manacles	30
Tight space	30
Masterwork manacles	35
Grappler	Grappler's CMD

Ropes: The DC of your Escape Artist check is equal to the binder's Combat Maneuver Bonus +20.

through.

Grappler: You can make an Escape Artist check in place of a combat maneuver check to escape a grapple (see Combat) or to change from a pinned condition to merely grappled.

Action: Making an Escape Artist check to escape from rope bindings, manacles, or other restraints (except a grappler) requires 1 minute of work. Escaping from a net or an animate rope, command plants, control plants, or entangle spell is a full-round action. Escaping from a grapple or pin is a standard action. Squeezing through a tight space takes at least 1 minute, maybe longer, depending on how long the space is.

Try Again: Varies. You can make another check after a failed check if you're squeezing your way through a tight space, making multiple checks. If the situation permits, you can make additional checks, or even take 20, as long as you're not being actively opposed. If the DC to escape from rope or bindings is higher than 20 + your Escape Artist skill bonus, you cannot escape from the bonds using Escape Artist.

Escape Artist checks (see Feats).

Fly (Dex; Armor Check Penalty)

You are skilled at flying, through either the use of wings or magic, and can perform daring or complex maneuvers while airborne. Note that this skill does not give you the ability to

Table 4-5: Wind Effects on Flight

Wind Force	Wind Speed	Checked Size	Blown Away Size	Fly Penalty
Light	0-10 mph	_	_	_
Moderate	11-20 mph	_	_	_
Strong	21-30 mph	Tiny	_	-2
Severe	31-50 mph	Small	Tiny	-4
Windstorm	51-74 mph	Medium	Small	-8
Hurricane	75–174 mph	Large	Medium	-12
Tornado	175+ mph	Huge	Large	-16

Check: You generally need only make a Fly check when you are attempting a complex maneuver. Without making a check, a flying creature can remain flying at the end of its turn so long as it moves a distance greater than half its speed. It can also turn up to 45 degrees by sacrificing 5 feet of movement, can rise at half speed at an angle of 45 degrees,

Tight Space: The DC noted is for getting through a space and can descend at any angle at normal speed. Note that through which your head fits but your shoulders don't. If the these restrictions only apply to movement taken during your space is long, you may need to make multiple checks. You current turn. At the beginning of the next turn, you can move can't squeeze through a space that your head does not fit in a different direction than you did the previous turn without making a check. Taking any action that violates these rules requires a Fly check. The difficulty of these maneuvers varies depending upon the maneuver you are attempting, as noted on the following chart.

> Attacked While Flying: You are not considered flat-footed while flying. If you are flying using wings and you take damage while flying, you must make a DC 10 Fly check to avoid losing 10 feet of altitude. This descent does not provoke an attack of opportunity and does not count against a creature's movement.

Flying Maneuver	Fly DC
Move less than half speed and remain flying	10
Hover	15
Turn greater than 45° by spending 5 feet of	15
movement	13
Turn 180° by spending 10 feet of movement	20
Fly up at greater than 45° angle	20

Special: If you have the Stealthy feat, you gain a bonus on Collision While Flying: If you are using wings to fly and you collide with an object equal to your size or larger, you must immediately make a DC 25 Fly check to avoid plummeting to the ground, taking the appropriate falling damage.

> Avoid Falling Damage: If you are falling and have the ability to fly, you can make a DC 10 Fly check to negate the damage. You cannot make this check if you are falling due to a failed Fly check or a collision.

> High Wind Speeds: Flying in high winds adds penalties on your Fly checks as noted on Table: Wind Effects on Flight. "Checked" means that creatures of that size or smaller must succeed on a DC 20 Fly check to move at all so long as the wind persists. "Blown away" means that creatures of that size or smaller must make a DC 25 Fly check or be blown back $2d6 \times 10$ feet and take 2d6 points of nonlethal damage. This check must be made every round the creature remains airborne. A creature that is blown away must still make a DC 20 Fly check to move due to also being checked.

> **Action**: None. A Fly check doesn't require an action; it is made as part of another action or as a reaction to a situation.

> **Try Again**: Varies. You can attempt a Fly check to perform the same maneuver on subsequent rounds. If you are using wings and you fail a Fly check by 5 or more, you plummet to the ground, taking the appropriate falling damage (see Environment).

> **Special**: A spellcaster with a bat familiar gains a +3 bonus on Fly checks.

Creatures with a fly speed treat the Fly skill as a class skill. A Intelligence score of 1 can learn a maximum of three tricks, creature with a natural fly speed receives a bonus (or while an animal with an Intelligence score of 2 can learn a maneuverability: Clumsy -8, Poor -4, Average +0, Good +4, DCs) include, but are not necessarily limited to, the Perfect +8. Creatures without a listed maneuverability rating following. are assumed to have average maneuverability.

A creature larger or smaller than Medium takes a size bonus or penalty on Fly checks depending on its size category: Fine +8, Diminutive +6, Tiny +4, Small +2, Large -2, Huge -4, Gargantuan –6, Colossal –8.

You cannot take ranks in this skill without a natural means of flight or gliding. Creatures can also take ranks in Fly if they possess a reliable means of flying every day (either through a spell or other special ability).

If you have the Acrobatic feat, you get a bonus on Fly checks (see Feats).

Handle Animal (Cha; Trained

You are trained at working with animals, and can teach them tricks, get them to follow your simple commands, or even domesticate them.

Check: The DC depends on what you are trying to do.

Task	Handle Animal DC
Handle an animal	10
"Push" an animal	25
Teach an animal a trick	15 or 20*
Train an animal for a general purpose	15 or 20*
Rear a wild animal	15 + HD of animal

^{*} See the specific trick or purpose below.

Handle an Animal: This task involves commanding an animal to perform a task or trick that it knows. If the animal is wounded or has taken any nonlethal damage or ability score damage, the DC increases by 2. If your check succeeds, the animal performs the task or trick on its next action.

"Push" an Animal: To push an animal means to get it to perform a task or trick that it doesn't know but is physically capable of performing. This category also covers making an animal perform a forced march or forcing it to hustle for more than 1 hour between sleep cycles. If the animal is wounded or has taken any nonlethal damage or ability score Train an Animal for a General Purpose: Rather than teaching damage, the DC increases by 2. If your check succeeds, the animal performs the task or trick on its next action.

Teach an Animal a Trick: You can teach an animal a specific trick with 1 week of work and a successful Handle Animal check against the indicated DC. An animal with an

on Fly skill checks depending on its maximum of six tricks. Possible tricks (and their associated

- Attack (DC 20): The animal attacks apparent enemies. You may point to a particular creature that you wish the animal to attack, and it will comply if able. Normally, an animal will attack only humanoids, monstrous humanoids, giants, or other animals. Teaching an animal to attack all creatures (including such unnatural creatures as undead and aberrations) counts as two tricks.
- Come (DC 15): The animal comes to you, even if it normally would not do so.
- Defend (DC 20): The animal defends you (or is ready to defend you if no threat is present), even without any command being given. Alternatively, you can command the animal to defend another specific character.
- Down (DC 15): The animal breaks off from combat or otherwise backs down. An animal that doesn't know this trick continues to fight until it must flee (due to injury, a fear effect, or the like) or its opponent is defeated.
- Fetch (DC 15): The animal goes and gets something. If you do not point out a specific item, the animal fetches a random object.
- Guard (DC 20): The animal stays in place and prevents others from approaching.
- Heel (DC 15): The animal follows you closely, even to places where it normally wouldn't go.
- Perform (DC 15): The animal performs a variety of simple tricks, such as sitting up, rolling over, roaring or barking, and so on.
- Seek (DC 15): The animal moves into an area and looks around for anything that is obviously alive or
- Stay (DC 15): The animal stays in place, waiting for you to return. It does not challenge other creatures that come by, though it still defends itself if it needs
- Track (DC 20): The animal tracks the scent presented to it. (This requires the animal to have the scent ability.)
- Work (DC 15): The animal pulls or pushes a medium or heavy load.

an animal individual tricks, you can simply train it for a general purpose. Essentially, an animal's purpose represents a preselected set of known tricks that fit into a common scheme, such as guarding or heavy labor. The animal must meet all the normal prerequisites for all tricks included in the training package. If the package includes more than three

tricks, the animal must have an Intelligence score of 2 or rearing, or training time. If the check succeeds, you must higher.

An animal can be trained for only one general purpose, though if the creature is capable of learning additional tricks (above and beyond those included in its general purpose), it may do so. Training an animal for a purpose requires fewer **Try Again**: Yes, except for rearing an animal. checks than teaching individual tricks does, but no less time.

- a rider into combat knows the tricks attack, come, defend, down, guard, and heel. Training an animal for combat riding takes 6 weeks. You may also "upgrade" an animal trained for riding to one trained for combat by spending 3 weeks and making a successful DC 20 Handle Animal check. The new In addition, a druid's or ranger's animal companion knows knew. Many horses and riding dogs are trained in time or Handle Animal checks to teach. this way.
- Fighting (DC 20): An animal trained to engage in combat knows the tricks attack, down, and stay. Training an animal for fighting takes 3 weeks.
- Guarding (DC 20): An animal trained to guard knows the tricks attack, defend, down, and guard. Training an animal for guarding takes 4 weeks.
- labor knows the tricks come and work. Training an animal for heavy labor takes 2 weeks.
- Hunting (DC 20): An animal trained for hunting knows the tricks attack, down, fetch, heel, seek, and track. Training an animal for hunting takes 6 weeks.
- Performance (DC 15): An animal trained for perform, and stay. Training an animal for task you attempt. performance takes 5 weeks.
- Riding (DC 15): An animal trained to bear a rider knows the tricks come, heel, and stay. Training an animal for riding takes 3 weeks.

Rear a Wild Animal: To rear an animal means to raise a wild creature from infancy so that it becomes domesticated. A handler can rear as many as three creatures of the same kind at once.

A successfully domesticated animal can be taught tricks at the same time it's being raised, or it can be taught as a domesticated animal later.

"pushing" an animal is a full-round action. (A druid or ranger (at the rate of 1 per round, 1 per hour, or 1 per day), you can can handle an animal companion as a free action or push it as make him stable. A stable character regains no hit points but a move action.) For tasks with specific time frames noted stops losing them. First aid also stops a character from losing above, you must spend half this time (at the rate of 3 hours hit points due to effects that cause bleed (see Conditions for per day per animal being handled) working toward completion of the task before you attempt the Handle Animal check. If the check fails, your attempt to teach, rear, or train the animal fails and you need not complete the teaching,

invest the remainder of the time to complete the teaching, rearing, or training. If the time is interrupted or the task is not followed through to completion, the attempt to teach, rear, or train the animal automatically fails.

Special: You can use this skill on a creature with an • Combat Training (DC 20): An animal trained to bear Intelligence score of 1 or 2 that is not an animal, but the DC of any such check increases by 5. Such creatures have the same limit on tricks known as animals do.

> A druid or ranger gains a +4 circumstance bonus on Handle Animal checks involving an animal companion.

general purpose and tricks completely replace the one or more bonus tricks, which don't count against the animal's previous purpose and any tricks it once normal limit on tricks known and don't require any training

> If you have the Animal Affinity feat, you get a bonus on Handle Animal checks (see Feats).

Untrained: If you have no ranks in Handle Animal, you can use a Charisma check to handle and push domestic animals, but you can't teach, rear, or train animals. A druid or ranger with no ranks in Handle Animal can use a Charisma check to Heavy Labor (DC 15): An animal trained for heavy handle and push her animal companion, but she can't teach, rear, or train other nondomestic animals.

Heal (Wis)

You are skilled at tending to wounds and ailments.

performance knows the tricks come, fetch, heel, Check: The DC and effect of a Heal check depend on the

Task	DC
First aid	15
Long-term care	15
Treat wounds from caltrops, <i>spike</i> growth, or <i>spike stones</i>	15
Treat deadly wounds	20
Treat poison	Poison's save DC
Treat disease	Disease's save DC

First Aid: You usually use first aid to save a dying character. Action: Varies. Handling an animal is a move action, while If a character has negative hit points and is losing hit points rules on bleed damage).

> Long-Term Care: Providing long-term care means treating a wounded person for a day or more. If your Heal check is

successful, the patient recovers hit points or ability score assuming the target of the previous attempt is still alive. points lost to ability damage at twice the normal rate: 2 hit points per level for a full 8 hours of rest in a day, or 4 hit points per level for each full day of complete rest; 2 ability score points for a full 8 hours of rest in a day, or 4 ability A healer's kit gives you a +2 circumstance bonus on Heal score points for each full day of complete rest.

You can tend to as many as six patients at a time. You need a few items and supplies (bandages, salves, and so on) that are easy to come by in settled lands. Giving long-term care counts as light activity for the healer. You cannot give longterm care to yourself.

Treat Wounds from Caltrops, Spike Growth, or Spike Stones: A creature wounded by stepping on a caltrop moves at half normal speed. A successful Heal check removes this movement penalty.

and succeeding on a Heal check against the spell's save DC.

Treat Deadly Wounds: When treating deadly wounds, you can restore hit points to a damaged creature. Treating deadly wounds restores 1 hit point per level of the creature. If you Demoralize: You can use this skill to cause your opponents to deadly wounds being treated within 24 hours of being injured modifier. If you are successful, the target is shaken for 1 that you lack.

character who has been poisoned and who is going to take requires 1 minute of conversation. Demoralizing an opponent more damage from the poison (or suffer some other effect). Every time the poisoned character makes a saving throw against the poison, you make a Heal check. If your Heal check exceeds the DC of the poison, the character receives a +4 competence bonus on his saving throw against the poison.

Treat Disease: To treat a disease means to tend to a single diseased character. Every time the diseased character makes a saving throw against disease effects, you make a Heal check. If your Heal check exceeds the DC of the disease, the If you have the Persuasive feat, you get a bonus on character receives a +4 competence bonus on his saving throw against the disease.

Action: Providing first aid, treating a wound, or treating poison is a standard action. Treating a disease or tending a creature wounded by a spike growth or spike stones spell takes 10 minutes of work. Treating deadly wounds takes 1 hour of work. Providing long-term care requires 8 hours of light activity.

Try Again: Varies. Generally speaking, you can't try a Heal check again without witnessing proof of the original check's failure. You can always retry a check to provide first aid,

Special: A character with the Self-Sufficient feat gets a bonus on Heal checks (see Feats).

checks.

Intimidate (Cha)

You can use this skill to frighten your opponents or to get them to act in a way that benefits you. This skill includes verbal threats and displays of prowess.

Check: You can use Intimidate to force an opponent to act friendly toward you for 1d6 × 10 minutes with a successful check. The DC of this check is equal to 10 + the target's Hit A creature wounded by a spike growth or spike stones spell Dice + the target's Wisdom modifier. If successful, the target must succeed on a Reflex save or take injuries that reduce his gives you the information you desire, takes actions that do speed by one-third. Another character can remove this not endanger it, or otherwise offers limited assistance. After penalty by taking 10 minutes to dress the victim's injuries the Intimidate expires, the target treats you as unfriendly and may report you to local authorities. If you fail this check by 5 or more, the target attempts to deceive you or otherwise hinder your activities.

exceed the DC by 5 or more, add your Wisdom modifier (if become shaken for a number of rounds. The DC of this check positive) to this amount. A creature can only benefit from its is equal to 10 + the target's Hit Dice + the target's Wisdom and never more than once per day. You must expend two uses round. This duration increases by 1 round for every 5 by from a healer's kit to perform this task. You take a -2 penalty which you beat the DC. You can only threaten opponents in on your Heal skill check for each use from the healer's kit this way if they are within 30 feet and can clearly see and hear you.

Treat Poison: To treat poison means to tend to a single Action: Using Intimidate to change an opponent's attitude is a standard action.

> Try Again: You can attempt to Intimidate an opponent again, but each additional check increases the DC by +5. This increase resets after 1 hour has passed.

> **Special**: You also gain a +4 bonus on Intimidate checks if you are larger than your target and a -4 penalty on Intimidate checks if you are smaller than your target.

Intimidate checks (see Feats).

A half-orc gets a +2 bonus on Intimidate checks.

Knowledge (Int; Trained Only)

You are educated in a field of study and can answer both simple and complex questions. Like the Craft, Perform, and Profession skills, Knowledge actually encompasses a number of different specialties. Below are listed typical fields of study.

- Arcana (ancient mysteries, magic traditions, arcane symbols, constructs, dragons, magical beasts)
- Dungeoneering (aberrations, caverns, oozes, spelunking)
- Engineering (buildings, aqueducts, bridges, fortifications)
- Geography (lands, terrain, climate, people)

Table 4-6: Knowledge Skill DCs

Task	Knowledge Skill	DC
Identify auras while using detect magic	Arcana	15 + spell level
Identify a spell effect that is in place	Arcana	20 + spell level
Identify materials manufactured by magic	Arcana	20 + spell level
Identify a spell that just targeted you	Arcana	25 + spell level
Identify the spells cast using a specific material component	Arcana	20
Identify underground hazard	Dungeoneering	15 + hazard's CR
Identify mineral, stone, or metal	Dungeoneering	10
Determine slope	Dungeoneering	15
Determine depth underground	Dungeoneering	20
Identify dangerous construction	Engineering	10
Determine a structure's style or age	Engineering	15
Determine a structure's weakness	Engineering	20
Identify a creature's ethnicity or accent	Geography	10
Recognize regional terrain features	Geography	15
Know location of nearest community or noteworthy site	Geography	20
Know recent or historically significant event	History	10
Determine approximate date of a specific event	History	15
Know obscure or ancient historical event	History	20
Know local laws, rulers, and popular locations	Local	10
Know a common rumor or local tradition	Local	15
Know hidden organizations, rulers, and locations	Local	20
Identify natural hazard	Nature	15 + hazard's CR
Identify a common plant or animal	Nature	10
Identify unnatural weather phenomenon	Nature	15
Determine artificial nature of feature	Nature	20
Know current rulers and their symbols	Nobility	10
Know proper etiquette	Nobility	15
Know line of succession	Nobility	20
Know the names of the planes	Planes	10
Recognize current plane	Planes	15
Identify a creature's planar origin	Planes	20
Recognize a common deity's symbol or clergy	Religion	10
Know common mythology and tenets	Religion	15
Recognize an obscure deity's symbol or clergy	Religion	20
Identify a monster's abilities and weaknesses	Varies	10 + monster's CR

- History (wars, colonies, migrations, founding of cities)
- Local (legends, personalities, inhabitants, laws, customs, traditions, humanoids)
- Nature (animals, fey, monstrous humanoids, plants, seasons and cycles, weather, vermin)
- Nobility (lineages, heraldry, personalities, royalty)
- Planes (the Inner Planes, the Outer Planes, the Astral Plane, the Ethereal Plane, outsiders, planar magic)
- Religion (gods and goddesses, mythic history, ecclesiastic tradition, holy symbols, undead)

Check: Answering a question within your field of study has a DC of 10 (for really easy questions), 15 (for basic questions), or 20 to 30 (for really tough questions).

You can use this skill to identify monsters and their special powers or vulnerabilities. In general, the DC of such a check equals 10 + the monster's CR. For common monsters, such as goblins, the DC of this check equals 5 + the monster's CR. For particularly rare monsters, such as the tarrasque, the DC of this check equals 15 + the monster's CR, or more. A successful check allows you to remember a bit of useful information about that monster. For every 5 points by which your check result exceeds the DC, you recall another piece of useful information. Many of the Knowledge skills have specific uses as noted on Table: Knowledge Skill DCs.

Action: Usually none. In most cases, a Knowledge check doesn't take an action (but see "Untrained," below).

Try Again: No. The check represents what you know, and thinking about a topic a second time doesn't let you know something that you never learned in the first place.

1d4 hours. Particularly complete libraries might even grant a listed on the table above. bonus on Knowledge checks in the fields that they cover.

Linguistics (Int; Trained Only)

You are skilled at working with language, in both its spoken and written forms. You can speak multiple languages, and can decipher nearly any tongue given enough time. Your skill in writing allows you to create and detect forgeries as well.

Check: You can decipher writing in an unfamiliar language or a message written in an incomplete or archaic form. The base DC is 20 for the simplest messages, 25 for standard texts, and 30 or higher for intricate, exotic, or very old writing. If the check succeeds, you understand the general content of a piece of writing about one page long (or the equivalent). If the check fails, make a DC 5 Wisdom check to see if you avoid drawing a false conclusion about the text.

(Success means that you do not draw a false conclusion; failure means that you do.)

Both the Linguistics check and (if necessary) the Wisdom check are made secretly by the GM, so that you can't tell whether the conclusion you draw is true or false.

Condition	Linguistics Check Modifier
Type of document unknown to reader	2
Type of document somewhat known to reader	+0
Type of document well known to reader	+2
Handwriting not known to reader	2
Handwriting somewhat known to reader	+0
Handwriting intimately known to reader	+2
Reader only casually reviews the document	2
Document contradicts orders or knowledge	+2

Create or Detect Forgeries: Forgery requires writing materials appropriate to the document being forged. To forge a document on which the handwriting is not specific to a person, you need only to have seen a similar document before, and you gain a +8 bonus on your check. To forge a signature, you need an autograph of that person to copy, and you gain a +4 bonus on the check. To forge a longer document written in the hand of some particular person, a large sample of that person's handwriting is needed.

The Linguistics check is made secretly, so that you're not sure how good your forgery is. As with Disguise, you don't Untrained: You cannot make an untrained Knowledge check make a check until someone examines the work. Your with a DC higher than 10. If you have access to an extensive Linguistics check is opposed by the Linguistics check of the library that covers a specific skill, this limit is removed. The person who examines the document to verify its authenticity. time to make checks using a library, however, increases to The examiner gains modifiers if any of the conditions are

> Learn a Language: Whenever you put a rank into this skill, you learn to speak and read a new language. Common languages (and their typical speakers) include the following.

- Abyssal (demons and other chaotic evil outsiders)
- Aklo (derros, inhuman or otherworldly monsters, evil fey)
- Aquan (aquatic creatures, water-based creatures)
- Auran (flying creatures, air-based creatures)
- Celestial (angels and other good outsiders)
- Common (humans and the core races from Races)
- Draconic (dragons, reptilian humanoids)
- Druidic (druids only)
- Dwarven (dwarves)
- Elven (elves, half-elves)
- Giant (cyclopses, ettins, giants, ogres, trolls)
- Gnome (gnomes)

- Goblin (bugbears, goblins, hobgoblins)
- Gnoll (gnolls)
- Halfling (halflings)
- Ignan (fire-based creatures)
- Infernal (devils and other lawful evil outsiders)
- Orc (orcs, half-orcs)
- Sylvan (centaurs, fey creatures, plant creatures, unicorns)
- Terran (earth-based creatures)
- Undercommon (drow, duergar, morlocks, svirfneblin)

Action: Varies. Deciphering a page of ordinary text takes 1 minute (10 consecutive rounds). Creating a forgery can take anywhere from 1 minute to 1d4 minutes per page. Detecting a forgery using Linguistics takes 1 round of examination per page.

Try Again: Yes.

Special: You must be trained to use this skill, but you can

always attempt to read archaic and strange forms of your own racial bonus languages. In addition, you can also always attempt to detect a forgery.

Perception (Wis)

Your senses allow you to notice fine details and alert you to danger. Perception covers all five senses, including sight, hearing, touch, taste, and smell.

Check: Perception has a number of uses, the most common of which is an opposed check versus an opponent's Stealth check to notice the opponent and avoid being surprised. If you are successful, you notice the opponent and can react accordingly. If you fail, your opponent can take a variety of actions, including sneaking past you and attacking you.

Perception is also used to notice fine details in the environment. The DC to notice such details varies depending upon distance, the environment, and how noticeable the detail is. The following table gives a number of guidelines.

Detail	Perception DC
Hear the sound of battle	10
Notice the stench of rotting garbage	10
Detect the smell of smoke	0
Hear the details of a conversation	0
Notice a visible creature	0
Determine if food is spoiled	5
Hear the sound of a creature walking	10
Hear the details of a whispered conversation	15
Find the average concealed door	15
Hear the sound of a key being turned in a lock	20
Find the average secret door	20
Hear a bow being drawn	25
Sense a burrowing creature underneath you	25
Notice a pickpocket	Opposed by Sleight of Hand
Notice a creature using Stealth	Opposed by Stealth
Find a hidden trap	Varies by trap
Identify the powers of a potion through taste	15 + the potion's caster level
Perception Modifiers	DC Modifier
Distance to the source, object, or creature	+1/10 feet
Through a closed door	+5
Through a wall	+10/foot of thickness
Favorable conditions ¹	2
Unfavorable conditions ¹	+2
Terrible conditions ²	+5
Creature making the check is distracted	+5
Creature making the check is asleep	+10

Detail Perception DC

Creature or object is invisible

<u>-20</u>

1 Favorable and unfavorable conditions depend upon the sense being used to make the check. For example, bright light might increase the DC of checks involving sight, while torchlight or moonlight might give a penalty. Background noise might reduce a DC involving hearing, while competing odors might penalize any DC involving scent.

2 As for unfavorable conditions, but more extreme. For example, candlelight for DCs involving sight, a roaring dragon for DCs involving hearing, and an overpowering stench covering the area for DCs involving scent.

Action: Most Perception checks are reactive, made in response to observable stimulus. Intentionally searching for stimulus is a move action.

Try Again: Yes. You can try to sense something you missed the first time, so long as the stimulus is still present.

Special: Elves, half-elves, gnomes, and halflings receive a +2 racial bonus on Perception checks. Creatures with the scent special quality have a +8 bonus on Perception checks made to detect a scent. Creatures with the tremorsense 20 special quality have a +8 bonus on Perception checks against creatures touching the ground and automatically make any such checks within their range. For more on special qualities, see Special Abilities.

A spellcaster with a hawk or owl familiar gains a +3 bonus on Perception checks. If you have the Alertness feat, you get a bonus on Perception checks (see Feats).

Perform (Cha)

You are skilled at one form of entertainment, from singing to acting to playing an instrument. Like Craft, Knowledge, and Profession, Perform is actually a number of separate skills. You could have several Perform skills, each with its own ranks.

Each of the nine categories of the Perform skill includes a variety of methods, instruments, or techniques, a small sample of which is provided for each category below.

- Act (comedy, drama, pantomime)
- Comedy (buffoonery, limericks, joke-telling)
- Dance (ballet, waltz, jig)
- Keyboard instruments (harpsichord, piano, pipe organ)
- Oratory (epic, ode, storytelling)
- Percussion instruments (bells, chimes, drums, gong)
- String instruments (fiddle, harp, lute, mandolin)
- Wind instruments (flute, pan pipes, recorder, trumpet)
- Sing (ballad, chant, melody)

Check: You can impress audiences with your talent and skill in your chosen performance type.

Perform DC	Performance
10	Routine performance. Trying to earn money by playing in public is akin to begging. You can earn 1d10 cp/day.
15	Enjoyable performance. In a prosperous city, you can earn 1d10 sp/day.
	Great performance. In a prosperous city, you can earn 3d10 sp/day. In time, you may be invited to join a professional troupe and may develop a regional reputation.
25	Memorable performance. In a prosperous city, you can earn 1d6 gp/day. In time, you may come to the attention of noble patrons and develop a national reputation.
30	Extraordinary performance. In a prosperous city, you can earn 3d6 gp/day. In time, you may draw attention from distant patrons, or even from extraplanar beings.

A masterwork musical instrument gives you a +2 circumstance bonus on all Perform checks that involve its use.

Action: Varies. Trying to earn money by playing in public requires anywhere from an evening's work to a full day's performance. The bard's special Perform-based abilities are described in that class's description.

Try Again: Yes. Retries are allowed, but they don't negate previous failures, and an audience that has been unimpressed in the past is likely to be prejudiced against future performances. (Increase the DC by 2 for each previous failure.)

Special: A bard must have ranks in specific Perform categories to use some of his Bardic Performance abilities.

Profession (Wis: Trained Only)

You are skilled at a specific job. Like Craft, Knowledge, and Perform, Profession is actually a number of separate skills. You could have several Profession skills, each with its own ranks. While a Craft skill represents ability in creating an item, a Profession skill represents an aptitude in a vocation

requiring a broader range of less specific knowledge. The most common Profession skills are architect, baker, barrister, brewer, butcher, clerk, cook, courtesan, driver, engineer, farmer, fisherman, gambler, gardener, herbalist, innkeeper, librarian, merchant, midwife, miller, miner, porter, sailor, scribe, shepherd, stable master, soldier, tanner, trapper, and woodcutter.

Check: You can earn half your Profession check result in gold pieces per week of dedicated work. You know how to use the tools of your trade, how to perform the profession's daily tasks, how to supervise helpers, and how to handle Fight with a Combat-Trained Mount: If you direct your warcommon problems. You can also answer questions about trained mount to attack in battle, you can still make your own your Profession. Basic questions are DC 10, while more attack or attacks normally. This usage is a free action. complex questions are DC 15 or higher.

week of work.

Try Again: Varies. An attempt to use a Profession skill to earn income cannot be retried. You are stuck with whatever weekly wage your check result brought you. Another check may be made after a week to determine a new income for the Soft Fall: You negate damage when you fall off a mount. If next period of time. An attempt to accomplish some specific you fail the Ride check, you take 1d6 points of damage and task can usually be retried.

of 1 silver piece per day.

Special: A gnome gets a +2 bonus on a Craft or Profession skill of her choice.

Penalty)

You are skilled at riding mounts, usually a horse, but possibly something more exotic, like a griffon or pegasus. If you attempt to ride a creature that is ill suited as a mount, you take a −5 penalty on your Ride checks.

Check: Typical riding actions don't require checks. You can saddle, mount, ride, and dismount from a mount without a problem. The following tasks do require checks.

Task	Ride DC
Guide with knees	5
Stay in saddle	5
Fight with a combat-trained mount	10
Cover	15
Soft fall	15
Leap	15
Spur mount	15
Control mount in battle	20
Fast mount or dismount	20

Guide with Knees: You can guide your mount with your knees so you can use both hands in combat. Make your Ride check at the start of your turn. If you fail, you can use only one hand this round because you need to use the other to control your mount. This does not take an action.

Stay in Saddle: You can react instantly to try to avoid falling when your mount rears or bolts unexpectedly or when you take damage. This usage does not take an action.

Cover: You can react instantly to drop down and hang Action: Not applicable. A single check generally represents a alongside your mount, using it as cover. You can't attack or cast spells while using your mount as cover. If you fail your Ride check, you don't get the cover benefit. Using this option is an immediate action, but recovering from this position is a move action (no check required).

are prone. This usage does not take an action.

Untrained: Untrained laborers and assistants (that is, Leap: You can get your mount to leap obstacles as part of its characters without any ranks in Profession) earn an average movement. Use your Ride modifier or the mount's Jump modifier, whichever is lower, to see how far the creature can jump. If you fail your Ride check, you fall off the mount when it leaps and take the appropriate falling damage (at least 1d6 points). This usage does not take an action but is part of the mount's movement.

> Ride (Dex; Armor Check Spur Mount: You can spur your mount to greater speed with a move action. A successful Ride check increases the mount's speed by 10 feet for 1 round but deals 1d3 points of damage to the creature. You can use this ability every round, but the mount becomes fatigued after a number of rounds equal to its Constitution score. This ability cannot be used on a fatigued

> > Control Mount in Battle: As a move action, you can attempt to control a light horse, pony, heavy horse, or other mount not trained for combat riding while in battle. If you fail the Ride check, you can do nothing else in that round. You do not need to roll for horses or ponies trained for combat.

> > Fast Mount or Dismount: You can attempt to mount or dismount from a mount of up to one size category larger than yourself as a free action, provided that you still have a move action available that round. If you fail the Ride check, mounting or dismounting is a move action. You can't use fast mount or dismount on a mount more than one size category larger than yourself.

> > **Action**: Varies. Mounting or dismounting normally is a move action. Other checks are a move action, a free action, or no action at all, as noted above.

Special: If you are riding bareback, you take a -5 penalty on Special: A ranger gains a bonus on Sense Motive checks Ride checks.

checks (see Feats).

If you use a military saddle you get a +2 circumstance bonus on Ride checks related to staying in the saddle.

Ride is a prerequisite for Mounted Archery, Mounted Combat, Ride-By Attack, Spirited Charge, and Trample.

Sense Motive (Wis)

You are skilled at detecting falsehoods and true intentions.

the Bluff skill). You can also use this skill to determine when "something is up" (that is, something odd is going on) or to of 10 unless an observer is determined to note where the item assess someone's trustworthiness.

Task	Sense Motive DC
Hunch	20
Sense enchantment	25 or 15
Discern secret message	Varies

Hunch: This use of the skill involves making a gut assessment of the social situation. You can get the feeling from another's behavior that something is wrong, such as when you're talking to an impostor. Alternatively, you can get the feeling that someone is trustworthy.

Sense Enchantment: You can tell that someone's behavior is person isn't aware of it. The usual DC is 25, but if the target is dominated (see dominate person), the DC is only 15 because of the limited range of the target's activities.

Discern Secret Message: You may use Sense Motive to detect that a hidden message is being transmitted via the Bluff skill. In this case, your Sense Motive check is opposed by the Bluff check of the character transmitting the message. For each piece of information relating to the message that you are missing, you take a -2 penalty on your Sense Motive check. If you succeed by 4 or less, you know that something hidden is being communicated, but you can't learn anything specific about its content. If you beat the DC by 5 or more, you intercept and understand the message. If you fail by 4 or less, you don't detect any hidden communication. If you fail by 5 or more, you might infer false information.

Action: Trying to gain information with Sense Motive generally takes at least 1 minute, and you could spend a whole evening trying to get a sense of the people around you.

Try Again: No, though you may make a Sense Motive check for each Bluff check made against you.

when using this skill against a favored enemy.

If you have the Animal Affinity feat, you get a bonus on Ride If you have the Alertness feat, you get a bonus on Sense Motive checks (see Feats).

Sleight of Hand (Dex; Armor **Check Penalty; Trained** Only)

Your training allows you to pick pockets, draw hidden weapons, and take a variety of actions without being noticed.

Check: A DC 10 Sleight of Hand check lets you palm a coin-Check: A successful check lets you avoid being bluffed (see sized, unattended object. Performing a minor feat of legerdemain, such as making a coin disappear, also has a DC

> When you use this skill under close observation, your skill check is opposed by the observer's Perception check. The observer's success doesn't prevent you from performing the action, just from doing it unnoticed.

You can hide a small object (including a light weapon or an easily concealed ranged weapon, such as a dart, sling, or hand crossbow) on your body. Your Sleight of Hand check is opposed by the Perception check of anyone observing you or of anyone frisking you. In the latter case, the searcher gains a +4 bonus on the Perception check, since it's generally easier to find such an object than to hide it. A dagger is easier to hide than most light weapons, and grants you a +2 bonus on being influenced by an enchantment effect even if that your Sleight of Hand check to conceal it. An extraordinarily small object, such as a coin, shuriken, or ring, grants you a +4 bonus on your Sleight of Hand check to conceal it, and heavy or baggy clothing (such as a cloak) grants you a +2 bonus on the check.

> Drawing a hidden weapon is a standard action and doesn't provoke an attack of opportunity.

> If you try to take something from a creature, you must make a DC 20 Sleight of Hand check. The opponent makes a Perception check to detect the attempt, opposed by the Sleight of Hand check result you achieved when you tried to grab the item. An opponent who succeeds on this check notices the attempt, regardless of whether you got the item. You cannot use this skill to take an object from another creature during combat if the creature is aware of your presence.

> You can also use Sleight of Hand to entertain an audience as though you were using the Perform skill. In such a case, your "act" encompasses elements of legerdemain, juggling, and

Sleight of Hand DC 10 Palm a coin-sized object, make a coin disappear 20 Lift a small object from a person

Action: Any Sleight of Hand check is normally a standard action. However, you may perform a Sleight of Hand check as a move action by taking a –20 penalty on the check.

Try Again: Yes, but after an initial failure, a second Sleight of Hand attempt against the same target (or while you are being watched by the same observer who noticed your previous attempt) increases the DC for the task by 10.

Untrained: An untrained Sleight of Hand check is simply a Dexterity check. Without actual training, you can't succeed on any Sleight of Hand check with a DC higher than 10, except for hiding an object on your body.

Special: If you have the Deft Hands feat, you get a bonus on Sleight of Hand checks (see Feats).

Spellcraft (Int: Trained Only)

You are skilled at the art of casting spells, identifying magic items, crafting magic items, and identifying spells as they are being cast.

Check: Spellcraft is used whenever your knowledge and skill of the technical art of casting a spell or crafting a magic item comes into question. This skill is also used to identify the properties of magic items in your possession through the use of spells such as *detect magic* and *identify*. The DC of this check varies depending upon the task at hand.

past foes or strike from an hiding and moving silently. **Check:** Your Stealth check of anyone who migh half your normal speed and

Action: Identifying a spell as it is being cast requires no action, but you must be able to clearly see the spell as it is being cast, and this incurs the same penalties as a Perception skill check due to distance, poor conditions, and other factors. Learning a spell from a spellbook takes 1 hour per level of the spell (0-level spells take 30 minutes). Preparing a spell from a borrowed spellbook does not add any time to your spell preparation. Making a Spellcraft check to craft a magic item is made as part of the creation process. Attempting to ascertain the properties of a magic item takes 3 rounds per item to be identified and you must be able to thoroughly examine the object.

Retry: You cannot retry checks made to identify a spell. If you fail to learn a spell from a spellbook or scroll, you must wait at least 1 week before you can try again. If you fail to prepare a spell from a borrowed spellbook, you cannot try again until the next day. When using *detect magic* or *identify* to learn the properties of magic items, you can only attempt to ascertain the properties of an individual item once per day. Additional attempts reveal the same results.

Special: If you are a specialist wizard, you get a +2 bonus on Spellcraft checks made to identify, learn, and prepare spells from your chosen school. Similarly, you take a -5 penalty on similar checks made concerning spells from your opposition schools.

An elf gets a +2 racial bonus on Spellcraft checks to identify the properties of magic items.

If you have the Magical Aptitude feat, you gain a bonus on Spellcraft checks (see Feats).

Table 4-7: Spellcraft DCs

Task	Spellcraft DC
Identify a spell as it is being cast	15 + spell level
Learn a spell from a spellbook or scroll	15 + spell level
Prepare a spell from a borrowed spellbook	15 + spell level
Identify the properties of a magic item using <i>detect magic</i>	15 + item's caster level
Decipher a scroll	20 + spell level
Craft a magic item	Varies by item

Stealth (Dex; Armor Check Penalty)

You are skilled at avoiding detection, allowing you to slip past foes or strike from an unseen position. This skill covers hiding and moving silently.

Check: Your Stealth check is opposed by the Perception check of anyone who might notice you. You can move up to half your normal speed and use Stealth at no penalty. When moving at a speed greater than half but less than your normal speed, you take a –5 penalty. It's impossible to use Stealth while attacking, running, or charging.

A creature larger or smaller than Medium takes a size bonus or penalty on Stealth checks depending on its size category: Fine +16, Diminutive +12, Tiny +8, Small +4, Large -4, Huge -8, Gargantuan -12, Colossal -16.

If people are observing you using any of their senses (but typically sight), you can't use Stealth. Against most creatures, finding cover or concealment allows you to use Stealth. If your observers are momentarily distracted (such as by a Bluff check), you can attempt to use Stealth. While the others turn their attention from you, you can attempt a Stealth check if you can get to an unobserved place of some kind. This check, however, is made at a -10 penalty because you have to move fast.

Sniping: If you've already successfully used Stealth at least 10 feet from your target, you can make one ranged attack and then immediately use Stealth again. You take a -20 penalty on your Stealth check to maintain your obscured location.

Creating a Diversion to Hide: You can use Bluff to allow you found them. to use Stealth. A successful Bluff check can give you the momentary diversion you need to attempt a Stealth check while people are aware of you.

as part of movement, so it doesn't take a separate action. conditions, as given on the table. However, using Stealth immediately after a ranged attack (see Sniping, above) is a move action.

Special: If you are invisible, you gain a +40 bonus on Stealth checks if you are immobile, or a +20 bonus on Stealth checks if you're moving.

If you have the Stealthy feat, you get a bonus on Stealth checks (see Feats).

Survival (Wis)

You are skilled at surviving in the wild and at navigating in the wilderness. You also excel at following trails and tracks left by others.

Check: You can keep yourself and others safe and fed in the wild. The table below gives the DCs for various tasks that require Survival checks.

Survival DC	Task
10	Get along in the wild. Move up to half your overland speed while hunting and foraging (no food or water supplies needed). You can provide food and water for one other person for every 2 points by which your check result exceeds 10.
15	Gain a +2 bonus on all Fortitude saves against severe weather while moving up to half your overland speed, or gain a +4 bonus if you remain stationary. You may grant the same bonus to one other character for every 1 point by which your Survival check result exceeds 15.
15	Keep from getting lost or avoid natural hazards, such as quicksand.
15	Predict the weather up to 24 hours in advance. For every 5 points by which your Survival check result exceeds 15, you can predict the weather for one additional day in advance.

Follow Tracks: To find tracks or to follow them for 1 mile requires a successful Survival check. You must make another Survival check every time the tracks become difficult to follow. If you are not trained in this skill, you can make untrained checks to find tracks, but you can follow them only if the DC for the task is 10 or lower. Alternatively, you can use the Perception skill to find a footprint or similar sign of a creature's passage using the same DCs, but you can't use Perception to follow tracks, even if someone else has already

You move at half your normal speed while following tracks (or at your normal speed with a -5 penalty on the check, or at up to twice your normal speed with a -20 penalty on the Action: Usually none. Normally, you make a Stealth check check). The DC depends on the surface and the prevailing

Surface	Survival DC
Very soft ground	5
Soft ground	10
Firm ground	15
Hard ground	20

Very Soft Ground: Any surface (fresh snow, thick dust, wet mud) that holds deep, clear impressions of footprints.

Soft Ground: Any surface soft enough to yield to pressure, but firmer than wet mud or fresh snow, in which a creature leaves frequent but shallow footprints.

Firm Ground: Most normal outdoor surfaces (such as lawns, fields, woods, and the like) or exceptionally soft or dirty indoor surfaces (thick rugs and very dirty or dusty floors). The creature might leave some traces (broken branches or tufts of hair), but it leaves only occasional or partial footprints.

Hard Ground: Any surface that doesn't hold footprints at all, such as bare rock or an indoor floor. Most streambeds fall into this category, since any footprints left behind are obscured or washed away. The creature leaves only traces (scuff marks or displaced pebbles).

Condition	Survival DC Modifier
Every three creatures in the group being tracked	-1
Size of creature or creatures being tracked: ¹	
Fine	+8
Diminutive	+4
Tiny	+2
Small	+1
Medium	+0
Large	-1
Huge	-2
Gargantuan	-4
Colossal	-8
Every 24 hours since the trail was made	+1
Every hour of rain since the trail was made	+1
Fresh snow since the trail was made	+10
Poor visibility: ²	
Overcast or moonless night	+6
Moonlight	+3
Fog or precipitation	+3
Tracked party hides trail (and moves at half speed)	+5

1 For a group of mixed sizes, apply only the modifier for the largest size category.

2 Apply only the largest modifier from this category.

Several modifiers may apply to the Survival check, as given on the table above.

Action: Varies. A single Survival check may represent activity over the course of hours or a full day. A Survival check made to find tracks is at least a full-round action, and it may take even longer.

Try Again: Varies. For getting along in the wild or for gaining the Fortitude save bonus noted in the first table Action: A successful Swim check allows you to swim a result of that check applies until the next check is made. To a full-round action. avoid getting lost or avoid natural hazards, you make a Survival check whenever the situation calls for one. Retries to avoid getting lost in a specific situation or to avoid a specific natural hazard are not allowed. For finding tracks, you can retry a failed check after 1 hour (outdoors) or 10 minutes (indoors) of searching.

determine where true north lies in relation to yourself.

A ranger gains a bonus on Survival checks when using this If you have the Athletic feat, you get a bonus on Swim skill to find or follow the tracks of a favored enemy.

If you have the Self-Sufficient feat, you get a bonus on Survival checks (see Feats).

Swim (Str; Armor Check Penalty)

You know how to swim and can do so even in stormy water.

Check: Make a Swim check once per round while you are in the water. Success means you may swim at up to half your speed (as a full-round action) or at a quarter of your speed (as a move action). If you fail by 4 or less, you make no progress. If you fail by 5 or more, you go underwater.

If you are underwater, either because you failed a Swim check or because you are swimming underwater intentionally, you must hold your breath. You can hold your breath for a number of rounds equal to twice your

Constitution score, but only if you do nothing other than take move actions or free actions. If you take a standard action or a full-round action (such as making an attack), the remainder of the duration for which you can hold your breath is reduced by 1 round. (Effectively, a character in combat can hold his breath only half as long as normal.) After that period of time, you must make a DC 10 Constitution check every round to continue holding your breath. Each round, the DC for that check increases by 1. If you fail the Constitution check, you begin to drown. The DC for the Swim check depends on the water, as given on the table below.

Water	Swim DC
Calm water	10
Rough water	15
Stormy water	20*

* You can't take 10 on a Swim check in stormy water, even if you aren't otherwise being threatened or distracted.

Each hour that you swim, you must make a DC 20 Swim check or take 1d6 points of nonlethal damage from fatigue.

above, you make a Survival check once every 24 hours. The quarter of your speed as a move action or half your speed as

Special: A creature with a swim speed can move through water at its indicated speed without making Swim checks. It gains a +8 racial bonus on any Swim check to perform a special action or avoid a hazard. The creature can always choose to take 10 on a Swim check, even if distracted or endangered when swimming. Such a creature can use the run Special: If you are trained in Survival, you can automatically action while swimming, provided that it swims in a straight line.

checks (see Feats).

Use Magic Device (Cha; Trained requires 1 minute of concentration. Oniv

You are skilled at activating magic items, even if you are not otherwise trained in their use.

magic item. Use Magic Device lets you use a magic item as check result minus 15. If you already have a high enough if you had the spell ability or class features of another class, score in the appropriate ability, you don't need to make this as if you were a different race, or as if you were of a different check. alignment.

a device such as a wand. If you are using the check to Device lets you use these items as if you were of an emulate an alignment or some other quality in an ongoing alignment of your choice. You can emulate only one manner, you need to make the relevant Use Magic Device alignment at a time. check once per hour.

That is, you must know what you are trying to emulate when level in the emulated class equals your Use Magic Device you make a Use Magic Device check for that purpose. The check result minus 20. This skill does not let you actually use DCs for various tasks involving Use Magic Device checks the class feature of another class. It just lets you activate are summarized on the table below.

Task	Use Magic Device DC
Activate blindly	25
Decipher a written spell	25 + spell level
Use a scroll	20 + caster level
Use a wand	20
Emulate a class feature	20
Emulate an ability score	See text
Emulate a race	25
Emulate an alignment	30

words, thoughts, or actions. You can activate such an item as scroll. In addition, casting a spell from a scroll requires a if you were using the activation word, thought, or action, minimum score (10 + spell level) in the appropriate ability. If even when you're not and even if you don't know it. You do you don't have a sufficient score in that ability, you must have to perform some equivalent activity in order to make emulate the ability score with a separate Use Magic Device the check. That is, you must speak, wave the item around, or check. otherwise attempt to get it to activate. You get a +2 bonus on your Use Magic Device check if you've activated the item in question at least once before. If you fail by 9 or less, you can't activate the device. If you fail by 10 or more, you suffer Use a Wand, Staff, or Other Spell Trigger Item: Normally, to are that the item affects the wrong target or that uncontrolled you had a particular spell on your class spell list. magical energy is released, dealing 2d6 points of damage to you. This mishap is in addition to the chance for a mishap that you normally risk when you cast a spell from a scroll that you could not otherwise cast yourself.

Decipher a Written Spell: This usage works just like deciphering a written spell with the Spellcraft skill, except that the DC is 5 points higher. Deciphering a written spell Special: You cannot take 10 with this skill. You can't aid

Emulate an Ability Score: To cast a spell from a scroll, you need a high score in the appropriate ability (Intelligence for wizard spells, Wisdom for divine spells, or Charisma for sorcerer or bard spells). Your effective ability score (appropriate to the class you're emulating when you try to Check: You can use this skill to read a spell or to activate a cast the spell from the scroll) is your Use Magic Device

Emulate an Alignment: Some magic items have positive or You make a Use Magic Device check each time you activate negative effects based on the user's alignment. Use Magic

Emulate a Class Feature: Sometimes you need to use a class You must consciously choose which requirement to emulate. feature to activate a magic item. In this case, your effective items as if you had that class feature. If the class whose feature you are emulating has an alignment requirement, you must meet it, either honestly or by emulating an appropriate alignment with a separate Use Magic Device check (see above).

> Emulate a Race: Some magic items work only for members of certain races, or work better for members of those races. You can use such an item as if you were a member of a race of your choice. You can emulate only one race at a time.

Use a Scroll: Normally, to cast a spell from a scroll, you must have the scroll's spell on your class spell list. Use Magic Device allows you to use a scroll as if you had a particular spell on your class spell list. The DC is equal to 20 Activate Blindly: Some magic items are activated by special + the caster level of the spell you are trying to cast from the

> This use of the skill also applies to other spell completion magic items.

a mishap. A mishap means that magical energy gets released use a wand, you must have the wand's spell on your class but doesn't do what you wanted it to do. The default mishaps spell list. This use of the skill allows you to use a wand as if

> Action: None. The Use Magic Device check is made as part of the action (if any) required to activate the magic item.

> Try Again: Yes, but if you ever roll a natural 1 while attempting to activate an item and you fail, then you can't try to activate that item again for 24 hours.

another on Use Magic Device checks. Only the user of the item may attempt such a check.

If you have the Magical Aptitude feat, you gain a bonus on Use Magic Device checks (see Feats).

5. Feats

Some abilities are not tied to your race, class, or skill things like particularly quick reflexes that allow you to react to danger more swiftly, the ability to craft magic items, the training to deliver powerful strikes with melee weapons, or Item Creation Feats the knack for deflecting arrows fired at you. These abilities are represented as feats. While some feats are more useful to selected, as a general rule feats represent abilities outside of the normal scope of your character's race and class. Many of them alter or enhance class abilities or soften class restrictions, while others might apply bonuses to your statistics or grant you the ability to take actions otherwise Using an item creation feat also requires access to a prohibited to you. By selecting feats, you can customize and adapt your character to be uniquely yours.

Prerequisites

indicated ability score, class feature, feat, skill, base attack Scroll create items that directly reproduce spell effects, and bonus, or other quality designated in order to select or use the power of these items depends on their caster level—that that feat. A character can gain a feat at the same level at is, a spell from such an item has the power it would have if which he gains the prerequisite.

A character can't use a feat if he loses a prerequisite, but he does not lose the feat itself. If, at a later time, he regains the lost prerequisite, he immediately regains full use of the feat that prerequisite enables.

Types of Feats

Some feats are general, meaning that no special rules govern them as a group. Others are item creation feats, which allow characters to create magic items of all sorts. A metamagic feat lets a spellcaster prepare and cast a spell with greater effect, albeit as if the spell were of a higher spell level than it actually is.

Combat Feats

Any feat designated as a combat feat can be selected as a fighter's bonus feat. This designation does not restrict characters of other classes from selecting these feats, assuming that they meet the prerequisites.

Critical Feats

Critical feats modify the effects of a critical hit by inflicting an additional condition on the victim of the critical hit.

Characters without the Critical Mastery feat can only apply the effects of one critical feat to an individual critical hit. Characters with multiple critical feats can decide which feat to apply after the critical hit has been confirmed.

An item creation feat lets a character create a magic item of a certain types of characters than others, and many of them certain type. Regardless of the type of item each involves, have special prerequisites that must be met before they are the various item creation feats all have certain features in common.

> Raw Materials Cost: The cost of creating a magic item equals half the base price of the item.

> laboratory or magical workshop, special tools, and so on. A character generally has access to what he needs unless unusual circumstances apply.

> Time: The time to create a magic item depends on the feat and the cost of the item.

Some feats have prerequisites. Your character must have the Item Cost: Brew Potion, Craft Staff, Craft Wand, and Scribe cast by a spellcaster of that level. The price of these items (and thus the cost of the raw materials) also depends on the caster level. The caster level must be low enough that the spellcaster creating the item can cast the spell at that level. To find the final price in each case, multiply the caster level by the spell level, then multiply the result by a constant, as shown below:

> Scrolls: Base price = spell level \times caster level \times 25 gp. Potions: Base price = spell level \times caster level \times 50 gp. Wands Base price = spell level \times caster level \times 750 gp.

Staves: The price for staves is calculated using more complex formulas (see Magic Items).

A 0-level spell is considered to have a spell level of 1/2 for the purpose of this calculation.

Extra Costs: Any potion, scroll, or wand that stores a spell with a costly material component also carries a commensurate cost. For potions and scrolls, the creator must expend the material component cost when creating the item. For a wand, the creator must expend 50 units of the material component. Some magic items similarly incur extra costs in material components, as noted in their descriptions.

Skill Check: Successfully creating a magic item requires a Spellcraft check with a DC equal to 10 + the item's caster level. Alternatively, you can use an associated Craft or Profession skill to attempt this check instead, depending

upon the item being crafted. See Magic Item Creation for The modifications made by these feats only apply to spells substituted in this manner. The DC of this check can increase metamagic feat to alter a spell being cast from a wand, scroll, if the crafter is rushed or does not meet all of the or other device. prerequisites. A failed check ruins the materials used, while a check that fails by 5 or more results in a cursed item. See Magic Items for more details.

Metamagic Feats

As a spellcaster's knowledge of magic grows, he can learn to cast spells in ways slightly different from the norm. Preparing and casting a spell in such a way is harder than Multiple Metamagic Feats on a Spell: A spellcaster can normal but, thanks to metamagic feats, is at least possible. apply multiple metamagic feats to a single spell. Changes to Spells modified by a metamagic feat use a spell slot higher its level are cumulative. You can't apply the same metamagic than normal. This does not change the level of the spell, so feat more than once to a single spell. the DC for saving throws against it does not go up.

spellcasters must prepare their spells in advance. During a scroll, potion, or wand. Level limits for potions and wands preparation, the character chooses which spells to prepare apply to the spell's higher spell level (after the application of with metamagic feats (and thus which ones take up higher- the metamagic feat). A character doesn't need the metamagic level spell slots than normal).

Sorcerers and Bards: Sorcerers and bards choose spells as they cast them. They can choose when they cast their spells Counterspelling Metamagic Spells: Whether or not a spell level spell slot. Because the sorcerer or bard has not prepared another spell (see Magic). the spell in a metamagic form in advance, he must apply the metamagic feat on the spot. Therefore, such a character must also take more time to cast a metamagic spell (one enhanced by a metamagic feat) than he does to cast a regular spell. If the spell's normal casting time is a standard action, casting a Feats are summarized on Table: Feats below. Note that the bard. (This isn't the same as a 1-round casting time.) The abbreviated for ease of reference. See the feats description only exception is for spells modified by the Quicken Spell metamagic feat, which can be cast as normal using the feat.

For a spell with a longer casting time, it takes an extra fullround action to cast the spell.

Spontaneous Casting and Metamagic Feats: A cleric spontaneously casting a cure or inflict spell, or a druid spontaneously casting a summon nature's ally spell, can cast a metamagic version of it instead. Extra time is also required in this case. Casting a standard action metamagic spell spontaneously is a full-round action, and a spell with a longer casting time takes an extra full-round action to cast. The only exception is for spells modified by the Quicken Spell feat, which can be cast as a swift action.

Effects of Metamagic Feats on a Spell: In all ways, a metamagic spell operates at its original spell level, even though it is prepared and cast as a higher-level spell. Saving throw modifications are not changed unless stated otherwise in the feat description.

more details on which Craft and Profession checks may be cast directly by the feat user. A spellcaster can't use a

Metamagic feats that eliminate components of a spell don't eliminate the attack of opportunity provoked by casting a spell while threatened. Casting a spell modified by Quicken Spell does not provoke an attack of opportunity.

Metamagic feats cannot be used with all spells. See the specific feat descriptions for the spells that a particular feat can't modify.

Magic Items and Metamagic Spells: With the right item Wizards and Divine Spellcasters: Wizards and divine creation feat, you can store a metamagic version of a spell in feat to activate an item storing a metamagic version of a

whether to apply their metamagic feats to improve them. As has been enhanced by a metamagic feat does not affect its with other spellcasters, the improved spell uses up a higher- vulnerability to counterspelling or its ability to counterspell

Feat Descriptions

metamagic version is a full-round action for a sorcerer or prerequisites and benefits of the feats on this table are for full details.

The following format is used for all feat descriptions.

Feat Name: The feat's name also indicates what subcategory, if any, the feat belongs to, and is followed by a basic description of what the feat does.

Prerequisite: A minimum ability score, another feat or feats, a minimum base attack bonus, a minimum number of ranks in one or more skills, or anything else required in order to take the feat. This entry is absent if a feat has no prerequisite. A feat may have more than one prerequisite.

Benefit: What the feat enables the character ("you" in the feat description) to do. If a character has the same feat more than once, its benefits do not stack unless indicated otherwise in the description.

Normal: What a character who does not have this feat is limited to or restricted from doing. If not having the feat causes no particular drawback, this entry is absent.

Table 5-1: Feats

Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
Acrobatic		+2 bonus on Acrobatics and Fly checks
Agile Maneuvers*	_	Use your Dex bonus when calculating your CMB
Alertness	_	+2 bonus on Perception and Sense Motive checks
Alignment Channel	Channel energy class feature	Channel energy can heal or harm outsiders
Animal Affinity	_	+2 bonus on Handle Animal and Ride checks
Arcane Armor Training*	Armor Proficiency, Light, caster level 3rd	Reduce your arcane spell failure chance by 10%
Arcane Armor Mastery*	Arcane Armor Training, Armor Proficiency, Medium, caster level 7th	Reduce your arcane spell failure chance by 20%
Arcane Strike*	Ability to cast arcane spells	+1 damage and weapons are considered magic
Armor Proficiency, Light	_	No penalties on attack rolls while wearing light armor
Armor Proficiency, Medium	Armor Proficiency, Light	No penalties on attack rolls while wearing medium armor
Armor Proficiency, Heavy	Armor Proficiency, Medium	No penalties on attack rolls while wearing heavy armor
Athletic	_	+2 bonus on Climb and Swim checks
Augment Summoning	Spell Focus (conjuration)	Summoned creatures gain +4 Str and Con
Blind-Fight*	_	Reroll miss chances for concealment
Catch Off-Guard*	_	No penalties for improvised melee weapons
Channel Smite*	Channel energy class feature	Channel energy through your attack
Combat Casting	_	+4 bonus on concentration checks for defensive casting
Combat Expertise*	Int 13	Trade attack bonus for AC bonus
Improved Disarm*	Combat Expertise	+2 bonus on disarm attempts, no attack of opportunity
Greater Disarm*	Improved Disarm, base attack bonus +6	Disarmed weapons are knocked away from your enemy
Improved Feint*	Combat Expertise	Feint as a move action
Greater Feint*	Improved Feint, base attack bonus +6	Enemies you feint lose their Dex bonus for 1 round
Improved Trip*	Combat Expertise	+2 bonus on trip attempts, no attack of opportunity
Greater Trip*	Improved Trip, base attack bonus +6	Enemies you trip provoke attacks of opportunity
Whirlwind Attack*	Dex 13, Combat Expertise, Spring Attack, base attack bonus +4	Make one melee attack against all foes within reach
Combat Reflexes*	_	Make additional attacks of opportunity
Stand Still*	Combat Reflexes	Stop enemies from moving past you
Command Undead	Channel negative energy class feature	Channel energy can be used to control undead
Critical Focus*	Base attack bonus +9	+4 bonus on attack rolls made to confirm critical hits

Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
Bleeding Critical*	Critical Focus, base attack bonus +11	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target takes 2d6 bleed
Blinding Critical*	Critical Focus, base attack bonus +15	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is blinded
Critical Mastery*	Any two critical feats, 14th-level fighter	Apply two effects to your critical hits
Deafening Critical*	Critical Focus, base attack bonus +13	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is deafened
Sickening Critical*	Critical Focus, base attack bonus +11	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is sickened
Staggering Critical*	Critical Focus, base attack bonus +13	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is staggered
Stunning Critical*	Staggering Critical, base attack bonus +17	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is stunned
Tiring Critical*	Critical Focus, base attack bonus +13	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is fatigued
Exhausting Critical*	Tiring Critical, base attack bonus +15	Whenever you score a critical hit, the target is exhausted
Deadly Aim*	Dex 13, base attack bonus +1	Trade ranged attack bonus for damage
Deceitful	_	+2 bonus on Bluff and Disguise checks
Defensive Combat Training*	_	Use your total Hit Dice as your base attack bonus for CMD
Deft Hands	_	+2 bonus on Disable Device and Sleight of Hand checks
Disruptive*	6th-level fighter	Increases the DC to cast spells adjacent to you
Spellbreaker*	Disruptive, 10th-level fighter	Enemies provoke attacks if their spells fail
Dodge*	Dex 13	+1 dodge bonus to AC
Mobility*	Dodge	+4 AC against attacks of opportunity from movement
Spring Attack*	Mobility, base attack bonus +4	Move before and after melee attack
Wind Stance*	Dex 15, Dodge, base attack bonus +6	Gain 20% concealment if you move
Lightning Stance*	Dex 17, Wind Stance, base attack bonus +11	Gain 50% concealment if you move
Elemental Channel	Channel energy class feature	Channel energy can harm or heal elementals
Endurance	_	+4 bonus on checks to avoid nonlethal damage
Diehard	Endurance	Automatically stabilize and remain conscious below 0 hp
Eschew Materials	_	Cast spells without material components
Exotic Weapon Proficiency*	Base attack bonus +1	No penalty on attacks made with one exotic weapon
Extra Channel	Channel energy class feature	Channel energy two additional times per day
Extra Ki	Ki pool class feature	Increase your ki pool by 2 points
Extra Lay On Hands	Lay on hands class feature	Use lay on hands two additional times per day
Extra Mercy	Mercy class feature	Your lay on hands benefits from one additional mercy
Extra Performance	Bardic performance class feature	Use bardic performance for 6 additional rounds per day
Extra Rage	Rage class feature	Use rage for 6 additional rounds per day

Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
Fleet		Your base speed increases by 5 feet
Great Fortitude	_	+2 on Fortitude saves
Improved Great Fortitude	Great Fortitude	Once per day, you may reroll a Fortitude save
Improved Channel	Channel energy class feature	+2 bonus on channel energy DC
Improved Counterspell	_	Counterspell with spell of the same school
Improved Critical*	Proficiency with weapon, base attack bonus +8	Double the threat range of one weapon
Improved Familiar	Ability to acquire a familiar, see feat	Gain a more powerful familiar
Improved Initiative*	_	+4 bonus on initiative checks
Improved Unarmed Strike*	_	Always considered armed
Deflect Arrows*	Dex 13, Improved Unarmed Strike	Avoid one ranged attack per round
Snatch Arrows*	Dex 15, Deflect Arrows	Catch one ranged attack per round
Improved Grapple*	Dex 13, Improved Unarmed Strike	+2 bonus on grapple attempts, no attack of opportunity
Greater Grapple*	Improved Grapple, base attack bonus +6	Maintain your grapple as a move action
Scorpion Style*	Improved Unarmed Strike	Reduce target's speed to 5 ft.
Gorgon's Fist*	Scorpion Style, base attack bonus +6	Stagger a foe whose speed is reduced
Medusa's Wrath*	Gorgon's Fist, base attack bonus +11	Make 2 extra attacks against a hindered foe
Stunning Fist*	Dex 13, Wis 13, Improved Unarmed Strike, base attack bonus +8	Stun opponent with an unarmed strike
Improvised Weapon Mastery*	Catch Off-Guard or Throw Anything, base attack bonus +8	Make an improvised weapon deadly
T		
Intimidating Prowess*	_	Add Str to Intimidate in addition to Cha
Intimidating Prowess* Iron Will	<u> </u>	Add Str to Intimidate in addition to Cha +2 bonus on Will saves
	— Iron Will	
Iron Will	— Iron Will Character level 7th	+2 bonus on Will saves
Iron Will Improved Iron Will		+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership		+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes	Character level 7th —	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge*	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6 —	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency Master Craftsman	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a spellcaster
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency Master Craftsman Mounted Combat*	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6 5 ranks in any Craft or Profession skill Ride 1 rank	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a spellcaster Avoid attacks on mount with Ride check Halve the penalty for ranged attacks while
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency Master Craftsman Mounted Combat* Mounted Archery*	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6 5 ranks in any Craft or Profession skill Ride 1 rank Mounted Combat	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a spellcaster Avoid attacks on mount with Ride check Halve the penalty for ranged attacks while mounted Move before and after a charge attack while
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency Master Craftsman Mounted Combat* Mounted Archery* Ride-By Attack*	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6 5 ranks in any Craft or Profession skill Ride 1 rank Mounted Combat Mounted Combat	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a spellcaster Avoid attacks on mount with Ride check Halve the penalty for ranged attacks while mounted Move before and after a charge attack while mounted
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency Master Craftsman Mounted Combat* Mounted Archery* Ride-By Attack* Spirited Charge*	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6 5 ranks in any Craft or Profession skill Ride 1 rank Mounted Combat Mounted Combat Ride-By Attack	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a spellcaster Avoid attacks on mount with Ride check Halve the penalty for ranged attacks while mounted Move before and after a charge attack while mounted Double damage on a mounted charge
Iron Will Improved Iron Will Leadership Lightning Reflexes Improved Lightning Reflexes Lunge* Magical Aptitude Martial Weapon Proficiency Master Craftsman Mounted Combat* Mounted Archery* Ride-By Attack* Spirited Charge* Trample*	Character level 7th Lightning Reflexes Base attack bonus +6 5 ranks in any Craft or Profession skill Ride 1 rank Mounted Combat Mounted Combat Ride-By Attack Mounted Combat	+2 bonus on Will saves Once per day, you may reroll a Will save Gain a cohort and followers +2 bonus on Reflex saves Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save Take a -2 penalty to your AC to attack with reach +2 bonus on Spellcraft and Use Magic Device checks No penalty on attacks made with one martial weapon You can craft magic items without being a spellcaster Avoid attacks on mount with Ride check Halve the penalty for ranged attacks while mounted Move before and after a charge attack while mounted Double damage on a mounted charge Overrun targets while mounted

Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
	·	move
Acrobatic Steps	Dex 15, Nimble Moves	Ignore 20 feet of difficult terrain when you move
Persuasive	—+2	bonus on Diplomacy and Intimidate checks
Point-Blank Shot*	_	+1 attack and damage on targets within 30 feet
Far Shot*	Point-Blank Shot	Decrease ranged penalties by half
Precise Shot*	Point-Blank Shot	No penalty for shooting into melee
Improved Precise Shot*	Dex 19, Precise Shot, base attack bonus +11	No cover or concealment chance on ranged attacks
Pinpoint Targeting*	Improved Precise Shot, base attack bonus +16	No armor or shield bonus on one ranged attack
Shot on the Run*	Dex 13, Mobility, Point-Blank Shot, base attack bonus +4	Make ranged attack at any point during movement
Rapid Shot*	Dex 13, Point-Blank Shot	Make one extra ranged attack
Manyshot*	Dex 17, Rapid Shot, base attack bonus +6	Shoot two arrows simultaneously
Power Attack*	Str 13, base attack bonus +1	Trade melee attack bonus for damage
Cleave*	Power Attack	Make an additional attack if the first one hits
Great Cleave*	Cleave, base attack bonus +4	Make an additional attack after each attack hits
Improved Bull Rush*	Power Attack	+2 bonus on bull rush attempts, no attack of opportunity
Greater Bull Rush*	Improved Bull Rush, base attack bonus +6	Enemies you bull rush provoke attacks of opportunity
Improved Overrun*	Power Attack	+2 bonus on overrun attempts, no attack of opportunity
Greater Overrun*	Improved Overrun, base attack bonus +6	Enemies you overrun provoke attacks of opportunity
Improved Sunder*	Power Attack	+2 bonus on sunder attempts, no attack of opportunity
Greater Sunder*	Improved Sunder, base attack bonus +6	Damage from sunder attempts transfers to your enemy
Quick Draw*	Base attack bonus +1	Draw weapon as a free action
Rapid Reload*	Weapon proficiency (crossbow)	Reload crossbow quickly
Run	_	Run at 5 times your normal speed
Selective Channeling	Cha 13, channel energy class feature	Choose whom to affect with channel energy
Self-Sufficient	_	+2 bonus on Heal and Survival checks
Shield Proficiency	_	No penalties on attack rolls when using a shield
Improved Shield Bash*	Shield Proficiency	Keep your shield bonus when shield bashing
Shield Slam*	Improved Shield Bash, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +6	Free bull rush with a bash attack
Shield Master*	Shield Slam, base attack bonus +11	No two-weapon penalties when attacking with a shield
Shield Focus*	Shield Proficiency, base attack bonus +1	Gain a +1 bonus to your AC when using a shield
Greater Shield Focus*	Shield Focus, 8th-level fighter	Gain a +1 bonus to your AC when using a shield

Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
Tower Shield Proficiency*	Shield Proficiency	No penalties on attack rolls when using a tower shield
Simple Weapon Proficiency	_	No penalty on attacks made with simple weapons
Skill Focus	_	+3 bonus on one skill (+6 at 10 ranks)
Spell Focus	_	+1 bonus on save DCs for one school
Greater Spell Focus	Spell Focus	+1 bonus on save DCs for one school
Spell Mastery	1st-level Wizard	Prepare some spells without a spellbook
Spell Penetration	_	+2 bonus on level checks to beat spell resistance
Greater Spell Penetration	Spell Penetration	+2 bonus on level checks to beat spell resistance
Stealthy	_	+2 bonus on Escape Artist and Stealth checks
Step Up*	Base attack bonus +1	Take a 5-foot step as an immediate action
Strike Back*	Base attack bonus +11	Attack foes that strike you while using reach
Throw Anything*	_	No penalties for improvised ranged weapons
Toughness	_	+3 hit points, +1 per Hit Die beyond 3
Turn Undead	Channel positive energy class feature	Channel energy can be used to make undead flee
Two-Weapon Fighting*	Dex 15	Reduce two-weapon fighting penalties
Double Slice*	Two-Weapon Fighting	Add your Str bonus to off-hand damage rolls
Two-Weapon Rend*	Double Slice, Improved Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +11	Rend a foe hit by both your weapons
Improved Two-Weapon Fighting*	Dex 17, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +6	Gain additional off-hand attack
Greater Two-Weapon Fighting*	Dex 19, Improved Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +11	Gain a third off-hand attack
Two-Weapon Defense*	Two-Weapon Fighting	Gain +1 shield bonus when fighting with two weapons
Vital Strike*	Base attack bonus +6	Deal twice the normal damage on a single attack
Improved Vital Strike*	Vital Strike, base attack bonus +11	Deal three times the normal damage on a single attack
Greater Vital Strike*	Improved Vital Strike, base attack bonus +16	Deal four times the normal damage on a single attack
Weapon Finesse*	_	Use Dex instead of Str on attack rolls with light weapons
Weapon Focus*	Proficiency with weapon, base attack bonus +1	+1 bonus on attack rolls with one weapon
Dazzling Display*	Weapon Focus	Intimidate all foes within 30 feet
Shatter Defenses*	Dazzling Display, base attack bonus +6	Hindered foes are flat-footed
Deadly Stroke*	Greater Weapon Focus, Shatter Defenses, base attack bonus +11	Deal double damage plus 1 Con bleed
Greater Weapon Focus*	Weapon Focus, 8th-level fighter	+1 bonus on attack rolls with one weapon
Penetrating Strike*	Weapon Focus, 12th-level fighter	Your attacks ignore 5 points of damage reduction
Greater Penetrating Strike*	Penetrating Strike, 16th-level fighter	Your attacks ignore 10 points of damage

Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
		reduction
Weapon Specialization*	Weapon Focus, 4th-level fighter	+2 bonus on damage rolls with one weapon
Greater Weapon Specialization*	Weapon Specialization, 12th-level fighter	+2 bonus on damage rolls with one weapon
Item Creation Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
Brew Potion	Caster level 3rd	Create magic potions
Craft Magic Arms and Armor	Caster level 5th	Create magic armors, shields, and weapons
Craft Rod	Caster level 9th	Create magic rods
Craft Staff	Caster level 11th	Create magic staves
Craft Wand	Caster level 5th	Create magic wands
Craft Wondrous Item	Caster level 3rd	Create magic wondrous items
Forge Ring	Caster level 7th	Create magic rings
Scribe Scroll	Caster level 1st	Create magic scrolls
Metamagic Feats	Prerequisites	Benefits
Empower Spell	<u> </u>	Increase spell variables by 50%
Enlarge Spell	_	Double spell range
Extend Spell	<u> </u>	Double spell duration
Heighten Spell	_	Treat spell as a higher level
Maximize Spell	_	Maximize spell variables
Quicken Spell	_	Cast spell as a swift action
Silent Spell	_	Cast spell without verbal components
Still Spell	_	Cast spell without somatic components
Widen Spell		Double spell area

^{*} This is a combat feat and can be selected as a fighter bonus feat

Acrobatic

You are skilled at leaping, jumping, and flying.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Acrobatics and Fly skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Acrobatic Steps

You can easily move over and through obstacles.

Prerequisites: Dex 15, Nimble Moves.

Benefit: Whenever you move, you may move through up to 15 feet of difficult terrain each round as if it were normal terrain. The effects of this feat stack with those provided by Nimble Moves (allowing you to move normally through a total of 20 feet of difficult terrain each round).

Agile Maneuvers (Combat)

You've learned to use your quickness in place of brute force **Prerequisites**: Ability to channel energy. when performing combat maneuvers.

Benefit: You add your Dexterity bonus to your base attack bonus and size bonus when determining your Combat Maneuver Bonus (see Combat) instead of your Strength

Normal: You add your Strength bonus to your base attack bonus and size bonus when determining your Combat Maneuver Bonus.

Alertness

You often notice things that others might miss.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on Perception and Sense Motive skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Alignment Channel

Choose chaos, evil, good, or law. You can channel divine energy to affect outsiders that possess this subtype.

Benefit: Instead of its normal effect, you can choose to have

your ability to channel energy heal or harm outsiders of the chosen alignment subtype. You must make this choice each time you channel energy. If you choose to heal or harm You are skilled at wearing heavy armor. creatures of the chosen alignment subtype, your channel energy has no effect on other creatures. The amount of damage healed or dealt and the DC to halve the damage is otherwise unchanged.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do Normal: See Armor Proficiency, Light. not stack. Each time you take this feat, it applies to a new alignment subtype. Whenever you channel energy, you must choose which type to effect.

Animal Affinity

You are skilled at working with animals and mounts.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Handle Animal and Ride skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Arcane Armor Mastery (Combat)

You have mastered the ability to cast spells while wearing Special: All characters except monks, sorcerers, and wizards armor.

Prerequisites: Arcane Armor Training, Medium Armor Proficiency, caster level 7th.

Benefit: As a swift action, reduce the arcane spell failure Armor Proficiency, Medium chance due to the armor you are wearing by 20% for any spells you cast this round. This bonus replaces, and does not stack with, the bonus granted by Arcane Armor Training.

Arcane Armor Training (Combat)

You have learned how to cast spells while wearing armor.

Prerequisites: Light Armor Proficiency, caster level 3rd.

Benefit: As a swift action, reduce the arcane spell failure chance due to the armor you are wearing by 10% for any spells you cast this round.

Arcane Strike (Combat)

You draw upon your arcane power to enhance your weapons with magical energy.

Prerequisite: Ability to cast arcane spells.

Benefit: As a swift action, you can imbue your weapons with a fraction of your power. For 1 round, your weapons deal +1 damage and are treated as magic for the purpose of overcoming damage reduction. For every five caster levels you possess, this bonus increases by +1, to a maximum of +5at 20th level.

Armor Proficiency, Heavy

Prerequisites: Light Armor Proficiency, Medium Armor Proficiency.

Benefit: See Armor Proficiency, Light.

Special: Fighters and paladins automatically have Heavy Armor Proficiency as a bonus feat. They need not select it.

Armor Proficiency, Light

You are skilled at wearing light armor.

Benefit: When you wear a type of armor with which you are proficient, the armor check penalty for that armor applies only to Dexterity- and Strength-based skill checks.

Normal: A character who is wearing armor with which he is not proficient applies its armor check penalty to attack rolls and to all skill checks that involve moving.

automatically have Light Armor Proficiency as a bonus feat. They need not select it.

You are skilled at wearing medium armor.

Prerequisite: Light Armor Proficiency.

Benefit: See Armor Proficiency, Light.

Normal: See Armor Proficiency, Light.

Special: Barbarians, clerics, druids, fighters, paladins, and rangers automatically have Medium Armor Proficiency as a bonus feat. They need not select it.

Athletic

You possess inherent physical prowess.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on Climb and Swim skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Augment Summoning

Your summoned creatures are more powerful and robust.

Prerequisite: Spell Focus (conjuration).

Benefit: Each creature you conjure with any summon spell gains a +4 enhancement bonus to Strength and Constitution for the duration of the spell that summoned it.

Bleeding Critical (Combat, Critical)

Your critical hits cause opponents to bleed profusely.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit with a slashing or piercing weapon, your opponent takes 2d6 points of bleed **Benefit**: You can create a potion of any 3rd-level or lower damage (see Conditions) each round on his turn, in addition spell that you know and that targets one or more creatures. to the damage dealt by the critical hit. Bleed damage can be Brewing a potion takes 2 hours if its base price is 250 gp or stopped by a DC 15 Heal skill check or through any magical less, otherwise brewing a potion takes 1 day for each 1,000 healing. The effects of this feat stack.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery.

Blind-Fight (Combat)

You are skilled at attacking opponents that you cannot clearly perceive.

Benefit: In melee, every time you miss because of concealment (see Combat), you can reroll your miss chance percentile roll one time to see if you actually hit.

An invisible attacker gets no advantages related to hitting Foes are surprised by your skilled use of unorthodox and you in melee. That is, you don't lose your Dexterity bonus to improvised weapons. Armor Class, and the attacker doesn't get the usual +2 bonus for being invisible. The invisible attacker's bonuses do still apply for ranged attacks, however.

You do not need to make Acrobatics skill checks to move at melee weapon. full speed while blinded.

Normal: Regular attack roll modifiers for invisible attackers improvised weapon. trying to hit you apply, and you lose your Dexterity bonus to AC. The speed reduction for darkness and poor visibility also applies.

Special: The Blind-Fight feat is of no use against a character You can channel your divine energy through a melee weapon who is the subject of a blink spell.

Blinding Critical (Combat, Critical)

Your critical hits blind your opponents.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, base attack bonus +15.

Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit, your opponent is permanently blinded. A successful Fortitude save reduces this to dazzled for 1d4 rounds. The DC of this Fortitude save is equal to 10 + your base attack bonus. This feat has no effect on creatures that do not rely on eyes for sight or creatures with more than two eyes (although multiple critical hits might cause blindness, at the GM's discretion). Blindness can be cured by heal, regeneration, remove blindness, or similar abilities.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery.

Brew Potion (Item Creation)

You can create magic potions.

Prerequisite: Caster level 3rd.

gp in its base price. When you create a potion, you set the caster level, which must be sufficient to cast the spell in question and no higher than your own level. To brew a potion, you must use up raw materials costing one half this base price. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more information.

When you create a potion, you make any choices that you would normally make when casting the spell. Whoever drinks the potion is the target of the spell.

Catch Off-Guard (Combat)

Benefit: You do not suffer any penalties for using an improvised melee weapon. Unarmed opponents are flatfooted against any attacks you make with an improvised

Normal: You take a –4 penalty on attack rolls made with an

Channel Smite (Combat)

you wield.

Prerequisite: Channel energy class feature.

Benefit: Before you make a melee attack roll, you can choose to spend one use of your channel energy ability as a swift action. If you channel positive energy and you hit an undead creature, that creature takes an amount of additional damage equal to the damage dealt by your channel positive energy ability. If you channel negative energy and you hit a living creature, that creature takes an amount of additional damage equal to the damage dealt by your channel negative energy ability. Your target can make a Will save, as normal, to halve this additional damage. If your attack misses, the channel energy ability is still expended with no effect.

Cleave (Combat)

You can strike two adjacent foes with a single swing.

Prerequisites: Str 13, Power Attack, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: As a standard action, you can make a single attack at your full base attack bonus against a foe within reach. If Benefit: As a standard action, you can use one of your uses you hit, you deal damage normally and can make an of channel negative energy to enslave undead within 30 feet. additional attack (using your full base attack bonus) against a Undead receive a Will save to negate the effect. The DC for foe that is adjacent to the first and also within reach. You can this Will save is equal to 10 + 1/2 your caster level + your only make one additional attack per round with this feat. Charisma modifier. Undead that fail their saves fall under Class until your next turn.

Combat Casting

You are adept at spellcasting when threatened or distracted.

Benefit: You get a +4 bonus on concentration checks made to cast a spell or use a spell-like ability when casting on the defensive or while grappled.

Combat Expertise (Combat)

You can increase your defense at the expense of your accuracy.

Prerequisite: Int 13.

Benefit: You can choose to take a −1 penalty on melee attack rolls and combat maneuver checks to gain a +1 dodge bonus to your Armor Class. When your base attack bonus reaches +4, and every +4 thereafter, the penalty increases by -1 and the dodge bonus increases by +1. You can only choose to use this feat when you declare that you are making an attack or a full-attack action with a melee weapon. The effects of this The weapon, armor, or shield to be enhanced must be a feat last until your next turn.

Combat Reflexes (Combat)

You can make additional attacks of opportunity.

Benefit: You may make a number of additional attacks of opportunity per round equal to your Dexterity bonus. With this feat, you may also make attacks of opportunity while Craft Rod (Item Creation) flat-footed.

Normal: A character without this feat can make only one attack of opportunity per round and can't make attacks of Prerequisite: Caster level 9th. opportunity while flat-footed.

Special: The Combat Reflexes feat does not allow a rogue to use her opportunist ability more than once per round.

Command Undead

Using foul powers of necromancy, you can command undead creatures, making them into your servants.

Prerequisites: Channel negative energy class feature.

When you use this feat, you take a -2 penalty to your Armor your control, obeying your commands to the best of their ability, as if under the effects of control undead. Intelligent undead receive a new saving throw each day to resist your command. You can control any number of undead, so long as their total Hit Dice do not exceed your cleric level. If you use channel energy in this way, it has no other effect (it does not heal or harm nearby creatures). If an undead creature is under the control of another creature, you must make an opposed Charisma check whenever your orders conflict.

Craft Magic Arms and Armor (Item Creation)

You can create magic armor, shields, and weapons.

Prerequisite: Caster level 5th.

Benefit: You can create magic weapons, armor, or shields. Enhancing a weapon, suit of armor, or shield takes 1 day for each 1,000 gp in the price of its magical features. To enhance a weapon, suit of armor, or shield, you must use up raw materials costing half of this total price. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more information.

masterwork item that you provide. Its cost is not included in the above cost.

You can also mend a broken magic weapon, suit of armor, or shield if it is one that you could make. Doing so costs half the raw materials and half the time it would take to craft that item in the first place.

You can create magic rods.

Benefit: You can create magic rods. Crafting a rod takes 1 day for each 1,000 gp in its base price. To craft a rod, you must use up raw materials costing half of its base price. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more information.

Craft Staff (Item Creation)

You can create magic staves.

Prerequisite: Caster level 11th.

Benefit: You can create any staff whose prerequisites you a given critical hit in addition to the damage dealt. meet. Crafting a staff takes 1 day for each 1,000 gp in its base price. To craft a staff, you must use up raw materials costing half of its base price. A newly created staff has 10 charges. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for

more information.

Craft Wand (Item Creation)

You can create magic wands.

Prerequisite: Caster level 5th.

Benefit: You can create a wand of any 4th-level or lower spell that you know. Crafting a wand takes 1 day for each 1,000 gp in its base price. To craft a wand, you must use up raw materials costing half of this base price. A newly created wand has 50 charges. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more information.

Craft Wondrous Item (Item Creation)

You can create wondrous items, a type of magic item.

Prerequisite: Caster level 3rd.

Benefit: You can create a wide variety of magic wondrous items. Crafting a wondrous item takes 1 day for each 1,000 gp in its price. To create a wondrous item, you must use up raw materials costing half of its base price. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more information.

You can also mend a broken wondrous item if it is one that you could make. Doing so costs half the raw materials and half the time it would take to craft that item.

Critical Focus (Combat)

You are trained in the art of causing pain.

Prerequisites: Base attack bonus +9.

Benefit: You receive a +4 circumstance bonus on attack rolls

made to confirm critical hits.

Critical Mastery (Combat)

Your critical hits cause two additional effects.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, any two critical feats, 14th-

level fighter.

Benefit: When you score a critical hit, you can apply the effects of two critical feats in addition to the damage dealt.

Normal: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to

Dazzling Display (Combat)

Your skill with your favored weapon can frighten enemies.

Prerequisite: Weapon Focus, proficiency with the selected weapon.

Benefit: While wielding the weapon in which you have Weapon Focus, you can perform a bewildering show of prowess as a full-round action. Make an Intimidate check to demoralize all foes within 30 feet who can see your display.

Deadly Aim (Combat)

You can make exceptionally deadly ranged attacks by pinpointing a foe's weak spot, at the expense of making the attack less likely to succeed.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You can choose to take a -1 penalty on all ranged attack rolls to gain a +2 bonus on all ranged damage rolls. When your base attack bonus reaches +4, and every +4 thereafter, the penalty increases by -1 and the bonus to damage increases by +2. You must choose to use this feat before making an attack roll and its effects last until your next turn. The bonus damage does not apply to touch attacks or effects that do not deal hit point damage.

Deadly Stroke (Combat)

With a well-placed strike, you can bring a swift and painful end to most foes.

Prerequisites: Dazzling Display, Greater Weapon Focus, Shatter Defenses, Weapon Focus, proficiency with the selected weapon, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: As a standard action, make a single attack with the weapon for which you have Greater Weapon Focus against a stunned or flat-footed opponent. If you hit, you deal double the normal damage and the target takes 1 point of Constitution bleed (see Conditions). The additional damage and bleed is not multiplied on a critical hit.

Deafening Critical (Combat, Critical)

Your critical hits cause enemies to lose their hearing.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, base attack bonus +13.

Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit against an opponent, the victim is permanently deafened. A successful Fortitude save reduces the deafness to 1 round. The DC of this Fortitude save is equal to 10 + your base attack bonus. This feat has no effect on deaf creatures. This deafness can be cured by heal, regeneration, remove deafness, or a similar ability.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery.

Deceitful

You are skilled at deceiving others, both with the spoken word and with physical disguises.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Bluff and Disguise skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Defensive Combat Training (Combat)

You excel at defending yourself from all manner of combat maneuvers.

Benefit: You treat your total Hit Dice as your base attack bonus when calculating your Combat Maneuver Defense (see Combat).

Deflect Arrows (Combat)

You can knock arrows and other projectiles off course, preventing them from hitting you.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Improved Unarmed Strike.

Benefit: You must have at least one hand free (holding nothing) to use this feat. Once per round when you would may deflect it so that you take no damage from it. You must increase does not apply. be aware of the attack and not flat-footed. Attempting to deflect a ranged attack doesn't count as an action. Unusually massive ranged weapons (such as boulders or ballista bolts) **Dodge (Combat)** and ranged attacks generated by natural attacks or spell effects can't be deflected.

Deft Hands

You have exceptional manual dexterity.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on Disable Device and Sleight of Hand skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Diehard

You are especially hard to kill. Not only do your wounds automatically stabilize when grievously injured, but you can remain conscious and continue to act even at death's door.

Prerequisite: Endurance.

Benefit: When your hit point total is below 0, but you are not dead, you automatically stabilize. You do not need to make a Constitution check each round to avoid losing additional hit points. You may choose to act as if you were disabled, rather than dying. You must make this decision as soon as you are reduced to negative hit points (even if it isn't your turn). If you do not choose to act as if you were disabled, you immediately fall unconscious.

When using this feat, you are staggered. You can take a move action without further injuring yourself, but if you perform any standard action (or any other action deemed as strenuous, including some swift actions, such as casting a quickened spell) you take 1 point of damage after completing the act. If your negative hit points are equal to or greater than your Constitution score, you immediately die.

Normal: A character without this feat who is reduced to negative hit points is unconscious and dying.

Disruptive (Combat)

Your training makes it difficult for enemy spellcasters to safely cast spells near you.

Prerequisites: 6th-level fighter.

Benefit: The DC to cast spells defensively increases by +4 for all enemies that are within your threatened area. This increase to casting spells defensively only applies if you are aware of the enemy's location and are capable of taking an attack of opportunity. If you can only take one attack of normally be hit with an attack from a ranged weapon, you opportunity per round and have already used that attack, this

Your training and reflexes allow you to react swiftly to avoid an opponents' attacks.

Prerequisite: Dex 13.

Benefit: You gain a +1 dodge bonus to your AC. A condition exhaustion; Constitution checks made to continue running; that makes you lose your Dex bonus to AC also makes you Constitution checks made to avoid nonlethal damage from a lose the benefits of this feat.

Double Slice (Combat)

Your off-hand weapon while dual-wielding strikes with greater power.

Prerequisite: Dex 15, Two-Weapon Fighting.

Benefit: Add your Strength bonus to damage rolls made with your off-hand weapon.

Normal: You normally add only half of your Strength modifier to damage rolls made with a weapon wielded in your off-hand.

Elemental Channel

Choose one elemental subtype, such as air, earth, fire, or water. You can channel your divine energy to harm or heal outsiders that possess your chosen elemental subtype.

Prerequisites: Channel energy class feature.

Benefit: Instead of its normal effect, you can choose to have your ability to channel energy heal or harm outsiders of your chosen elemental subtype. You must make this choice each time you channel energy. If you choose to heal or harm creatures of your elemental subtype, your channel energy has no affect on other creatures. The amount of damage healed or dealt and the DC to halve the damage is otherwise unchanged.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take this feat, it applies to a new elemental subtype.

Empower Spell (Metamagic)

You can increase the power of your spells, causing them to deal more damage.

Benefit: All variable, numeric effects of an empowered spell are increased by half.

Saving throws and opposed rolls are not affected, nor are Your critical hits cause opponents to become exhausted. spells without random variables. An empowered spell uses up a spell slot two levels higher than the spell's actual level.

Endurance

Harsh conditions or long exertions do not easily tire you.

Benefit: You gain a +4 bonus on the following checks and saves: Swim checks made to resist nonlethal damage from

forced march; Constitution checks made to hold your breath; Constitution checks made to avoid nonlethal damage from starvation or thirst; Fortitude saves made to avoid nonlethal damage from hot or cold environments; and Fortitude saves made to resist damage from suffocation.

You may sleep in light or medium armor without becoming fatigued.

Normal: A character without this feat who sleeps in medium or heavier armor is fatigued the next day.

Enlarge Spell (Metamagic)

You can increase the range of your spells.

Benefit: You can alter a spell with a range of close, medium, or long to increase its range by 100%. An enlarged spell with a range of close now has a range of 50 ft. + 5 ft./level, while medium-range spells have a range of 200 ft. + 20 ft./level and long-range spells have a range of 800 ft. + 80 ft./level. An enlarged spell uses up a spell slot one level higher than the spell's actual level.

Spells whose ranges are not defined by distance, as well as spells whose ranges are not close, medium, or long, do not benefit from this feat.

Eschew Materials

You can cast many spells without needing to utilize minor material components.

Benefit: You can cast any spell with a material component costing 1 gp or less without needing that component. The casting of the spell still provokes attacks of opportunity as normal. If the spell requires a material component that costs more than 1 gp, you must have the material component on hand to cast the spell, as normal.

Exhausting Critical (Combat, Critical)

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, Tiring Critical, base attack bonus +15.

Benefit: When you score a critical hit on a foe, your target immediately becomes exhausted. This feat has no effect on exhausted creatures.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to a given critical hit unless you possess the Critical Mastery feat.

Exotic Weapon Proficiency (Combat)

Choose one type of exotic weapon, such as the spiked chain or whip. You understand how to use that type of exotic weapon in combat, and can utilize any special tricks or Extra Mercy qualities that exotic weapon might allow.

Prerequisite: Base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You make attack rolls with the weapon normally.

Normal: A character who uses a weapon with which he is not proficient takes a -4 penalty on attack rolls.

Special: You can gain Exotic Weapon Proficiency multiple times. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of exotic weapon.

Extend Spell (Metamagic)

You can make your spells last twice as long.

Benefit: An extended spell lasts twice as long as normal. A spell with a duration of concentration, instantaneous, or Prerequisite: Bardic performance class feature. permanent is not affected by this feat. An extended spell uses up a spell slot one level higher than the spell's actual level.

Extra Channel

You can channel divine energy more often.

Prerequisite: Channel energy class feature.

Benefit: You can channel energy two additional times per You can use your rage ability more than normal.

Special: If a paladin with the ability to channel positive energy takes this feat, she can use lay on hands four additional times a day, but only to channel positive energy.

Extra Ki

You can use your ki pool more times per day than most.

Prerequisite: *Ki* pool class feature. **Benefit**: Your *ki* pool increases by 2.

Special: You can gain Extra Ki multiple times. Its effects

stack.

Extra Lay On Hands

You can use your lay on hands ability more often.

Prerequisite: Lay on hands class feature.

Benefit: You can use your lay on hands ability two additional You are faster than most.

times per day.

Special: You can gain Extra Lay On Hands multiple times. Its effects stack.

Your lay on hands ability adds an additional mercy.

Prerequisites: Lay on hands class feature, mercy class feature.

Benefit: Select one additional mercy for which you qualify. When you use lay on hands to heal damage to one target, it also receives the additional effects of this mercy.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take this feat, select a new mercy.

Extra Performance

You can use your bardic performance ability more often than

Benefit: You can use bardic performance for 6 additional rounds per day.

Special: You can gain Extra Performance multiple times. Its effects stack.

Extra Rage

Prerequisite: Rage class feature.

Benefit: You can rage for 6 additional rounds per day.

Special: You can gain Extra Rage multiple times. Its effects stack.

Far Shot (Combat)

You are more accurate at longer ranges.

Prerequisites: Point-Blank Shot.

Benefit: You only suffer a -1 penalty per full range increment between you and your target when using a ranged weapon.

Normal: You suffer a –2 penalty per full range increment between you and your target.

Fleet

Benefit: While you are wearing light or no armor, your base Great Fortitude speed increases by 5 feet. You lose the benefits of this feat if you carry a medium or heavy load.

Special: You can take this feat multiple times. The effects **Benefit**: You get a +2 bonus on all Fortitude saving throws. stack.

Forge Ring (Item Creation)

You can create magic rings.

Prerequisite: Caster level 7th.

Benefit: You can create magic rings. Crafting a ring takes 1 Benefit: You receive a +2 bonus on checks made to bull rush information.

You can also mend a broken ring if it is one that you could Normal: Creatures moved by bull rush do not provoke make. Doing so costs half the raw materials and half the time attacks of opportunity. it would take to forge that ring in the first place.

Gorgon's Fist (Combat)

With one well-placed blow, you leave your target reeling.

Prerequisites: Improved Unarmed Strike, Scorpion Style, base attack bonus +6.

and the target is staggered until the end of your next turn random direction. unless it makes a Fortitude saving throw (DC 10 + 1/2 your character level + your Wis modifier). This feat has no effect on targets that are staggered.

Great Cleave (Combat)

You can strike many adjacent foes with a single blow.

Prerequisites: Str 13, Cleave, Power Attack, base attack bonus +4.

Benefit: As a standard action, you can make a single attack at your full base attack bonus against a foe within reach. If you hit, you deal damage normally and can make an additional attack (using your full base attack bonus) against a foe that is adjacent to the previous foe and also within reach. Normal: A creature you feint loses its Dexterity bonus If you hit, you can continue to make attacks against foes against your next attack. adjacent to the previous foe, so long as they are within your reach. You cannot attack an individual foe more than once during this attack action. When you use this feat, you take a -2 penalty to your Armor Class until your next turn.

You are resistant to poisons, diseases, and other maladies.

Greater Bull Rush (Combat)

Your bull rush attacks throw enemies off balance.

Prerequisites: Improved Bull Rush, Power Attack, base attack bonus +6, Str 13.

day for each 1,000 gp in its base price. To craft a ring, you a foe. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Improved must use up raw materials costing half of the base price. See Bull Rush. Whenever you bull rush an opponent, his the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more movement provokes attacks of opportunity from all of your allies (but not you).

Greater Disarm (Combat)

You can knock weapons far from an enemy's grasp.

Prerequisites: Combat Expertise, Improved Disarm, base attack bonus +6, Int 13.

Benefit: You receive a +2 bonus on checks made to disarm a Benefit: As a standard action, make a single unarmed melee foe. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Improved attack against a foe whose speed is reduced (such as from Disarm, Whenever you successfully disarm an opponent, the Scorpion Style). If the attack hits, you deal damage normally weapon lands 15 feet away from its previous wielder, in a

> Normal: Disarmed weapons and gear land at the feet of the disarmed creature.

Greater Feint (Combat)

You are skilled at making foes overreact to your attacks.

Prerequisites: Combat Expertise, Improved Feint, base attack bonus +6, Int 13.

Benefit: Whenever you use feint to cause an opponent to lose his Dexterity bonus, he loses that bonus until the beginning of your next turn, in addition to losing his Dexterity bonus against your next attack.

Greater Grapple (Combat)

Maintaining a grapple is second nature to you.

Prerequisites: Improved Grapple, Improved Unarmed

Strike, base attack bonus +6, Dex 13.

Benefit: You receive a +2 bonus on checks made to grapple a foe. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Improved **Prerequisite**: Spell Focus. Grapple. Once you have grappled a creature, maintaining the grapple is a move action. This feat allows you to make two grapple checks each round (to move, harm, or pin your opponent), but you are not required to make two checks. You only need to succeed at one of these checks to maintain the **Special**: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do grapple.

Normal: Maintaining a grapple is a standard action.

Greater Overrun (Combat)

Enemies must dive to avoid your dangerous move.

Prerequisites: Improved Overrun, Power Attack, base attack bonus +6, Str 13.

Benefit: You receive a +2 bonus on checks made to overrun a foe. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Improved Overrun. Whenever you overrun opponents, they provoke attacks of opportunity if they are knocked prone by your overrun.

Normal: Creatures knocked prone by your overrun do not Greater Sunder (Combat) provoke an attack of opportunity.

Greater Penetrating Strike (Combat)

Your attacks penetrate the defenses of most foes. Choose a weapon that you have selected for Penetrating Strike.

Prerequisites: Penetrating Strike, Weapon Focus, 16th-level fighter.

Benefit: Your attacks with the selected weapon ignore up to 10 points of damage reduction. This amount is reduced to 5 points for damage reduction without a type (such as DR 10/

Greater Shield Focus (Combat)

You are skilled at deflecting blows with your shield.

Prerequisites: Shield Focus, Shield Proficiency, base attack **Benefit:** You receive a +2 bonus on checks made to trip a bonus +1, 8th-level fighter.

Benefit: Increase the AC bonus granted by any shield you are using by 1. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Shield Focus.

Greater Spell Focus

Choose a school of magic to which you have already applied

the Spell Focus feat. Any spells you cast of this school are very hard to resist.

Benefit: Add +1 to the Difficulty Class for all saving throws against spells from the school of magic you select. This bonus stacks with the bonus from Spell Focus.

not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new school to which you already have applied the Spell Focus feat.

Greater Spell Penetration

Your spells break through spell resistance much more easily than most.

Prerequisite: Spell Penetration.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on caster level checks (1d20 + caster level) made to overcome a creature's spell resistance. This bonus stacks with the one from Spell Penetration.

Your devastating strikes cleave through weapons and armor and into their wielders, damaging both item and wielder alike in a single terrific strike.

Prerequisites: Improved Sunder, Power Attack, base attack bonus +6, Str 13.

Benefit: You receive a +2 bonus on checks made to sunder an item. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Improved Sunder. Whenever you sunder to destroy a weapon, shield, or suit of armor, any excess damage is applied to the item's wielder. No damage is transferred if you decide to leave the item with 1 hit point.

Greater Trip (Combat)

You can make free attacks on foes that you knock down.

Prerequisites: Combat Expertise, Improved Trip, base attack bonus +6, Int 13.

foe. This bonus stacks with the bonus granted by Improved Trip. Whenever you successfully trip an opponent, that opponent provokes attacks of opportunity.

Normal: Creatures do not provoke attacks of opportunity from being tripped.

Greater Two-Weapon Fighting (Combat)

You are incredibly skilled at fighting with two weapons at the same time.

Prerequisites: Dex 19, Improved Two-Weapon Fighting, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: You get a third attack with your off-hand weapon, albeit at a -10 penalty.

Greater Vital Strike (Combat)

You can make a single attack that deals incredible damage.

Prerequisites: Improved Vital Strike, Vital Strike, base attack bonus +16.

Benefit: When you use the attack action, you can make one attack at your highest base attack bonus that deals additional damage. Roll the damage dice for the attack four times and add the results together, but do not multiply damage bonuses from Strength, weapon abilities (such as flaming), or precision-based damage (such as sneak attack). This bonus damage is not multiplied on a critical hit (although other damage bonuses are multiplied normally).

Greater Weapon Focus (Combat)

Choose one type of weapon (including unarmed strike or grapple) for which you have already selected Weapon Focus. You are a master at your chosen weapon.

Prerequisites: Proficiency with selected weapon, Weapon Focus with selected weapon, base attack bonus +1, 8th-level fighter.

Benefit: You gain a +1 bonus on attack rolls you make using the selected weapon. This bonus stacks with other bonuses on attack rolls, including those from Weapon Focus.

Special: You can gain Greater Weapon Focus multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of weapon.

Greater Weapon Specialization (Combat)

Choose one type of weapon (including unarmed strike or Improved Counterspell grapple) for which you possess the Weapon Specialization feat. Your attacks with the chosen weapon are more You are skilled at countering the spells of others using devastating than normal.

Weapon Focus with selected weapon, Weapon Focus with same school that is one or more spell levels higher than the

selected weapon, Weapon Specialization with selected weapon, 12th-level fighter.

Benefit: You gain a +2 bonus on all damage rolls you make using the selected weapon. This bonus to damage stacks with other damage roll bonuses, including any you gain from Weapon Specialization.

Special: You can gain Greater Weapon Specialization multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of weapon.

Heighten Spell (Metamagic)

You can cast spells as if they were a higher level.

Benefit: A heightened spell has a higher spell level than normal (up to a maximum of 9th level). Unlike other metamagic feats, Heighten Spell actually increases the effective level of the spell that it modifies. All effects dependent on spell level (such as saving throw DCs and ability to penetrate a lesser globe of invulnerability) are calculated according to the heightened level. The heightened spell is as difficult to prepare and cast as a spell of its effective level.

Improved Bull Rush (Combat)

You are skilled at pushing your foes around.

Prerequisite: Str 13, Power Attack, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You do not provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a bull rush combat maneuver. In addition, you receive a +2 bonus on checks made to bull rush a foe. You also receive a +2 bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever an opponent tries to bull rush you.

Normal: You provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a bull rush combat maneuver.

Improved Channel

Your channeled energy is harder to resist.

Prerequisite: Channel energy class feature.

Benefit: Add 2 to the DC of saving throws made to resist the effects of your channel energy ability.

similar spells.

Prerequisites: Proficiency with selected weapon, Greater Benefit: When counterspelling, you may use a spell of the

target spell.

Normal: Without this feat, you may counter a spell only with the same spell or with a spell specifically designated as countering the target spell.

Improved Critical (Combat)

Attacks made with your chosen weapon are quite deadly.

Prerequisite: Proficient with weapon, base attack bonus +8.

Benefit: When using the weapon you selected, your threat range is doubled.

Special: You can gain Improved Critical multiple times. The effects do not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of weapon.

This effect doesn't stack with any other effect that expands the threat range of a weapon.

Improved Disarm (Combat)

You are skilled at knocking weapons from a foe's grasp.

Prerequisite: Int 13, Combat Expertise.

Benefit: You do not provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a disarm combat maneuver. In addition, you receive a +2 bonus on checks made to disarm a foe. You also receive a +2 bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever an opponent tries to disarm you.

Normal: You provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a disarm combat maneuver.

Improved Familiar

This feat allows you to acquire a powerful familiar, but only when you could normally acquire a new familiar.

Prerequisites: Ability to acquire a new familiar, compatible alignment, sufficiently high level (see below).

Benefit: When choosing a familiar, the creatures listed below are also available to you. You may choose a familiar with an alignment up to one step away on each alignment axis (lawful through chaotic, good through evil).

Familiar	Alignment	Arcane Spellcaster Level		
Celestial hawk ¹	Neutral good	3rd		
Dire rat	Neutral	3rd		
Fiendish viper ²	Neutral evil	3rd		
Elemental, Small (any type)	Neutral	5th		

Familiar	Alignment	Arcane Spellcaster Level		
Stirge	Neutral	5th		
Homunculus ³	Any	7th		
Imp	Lawful evil	7th		
Mephit (any type)	Neutral	7th		
Pseudodragon	Neutral good	7th		
Quasit	Chaotic evil	7th		

- 1 Or other celestial animal from the standard familiar list.
- 2 Or other fiendish animal from the standard familiar list.
- 3 The master must first create the homunculus.

Improved familiars otherwise use the rules for regular familiars, with two exceptions: if the creature's type is something other than animal, its type does not change; and improved familiars do not gain the ability to speak with other creatures of their kind (although many of them already have the ability to communicate).

Improved Feint (Combat)

You are skilled at fooling your opponents in combat.

Prerequisites: Int 13, Combat Expertise.

Benefit: You can make a Bluff check to feint in combat as a move action.

Normal: Feinting in combat is a standard action.

Improved Grapple (Combat)

You are skilled at grappling opponents.

Prerequisite: Dex 13, Improved Unarmed Strike.

Benefit: You do not provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a grapple combat maneuver. In addition, you receive a +2 bonus on checks made to grapple a foe. You also receive a +2 bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever an opponent tries to grapple you.

Normal: You provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a grapple combat maneuver.

Improved Great Fortitude

You can draw upon an inner reserve to resist diseases, poisons, and other grievous harm.

Prerequisites: Great Fortitude.

Benefit: Once per day, you may reroll a Fortitude save. You must decide to use this ability before the results are revealed. You must take the second roll, even if it is worse.

Improved Initiative (Combat)

Your quick reflexes allow you to react rapidly to danger.

Benefit: You get a +4 bonus on initiative checks.

Improved Iron Will

Your clarity of thought allows you to resist mental attacks.

Prerequisites: Iron Will.

Benefit: Once per day, you may reroll a Will save. You must decide to use this ability before the results are revealed. You must take the second roll, even if it is worse.

Improved Lightning Reflexes

You have a knack for avoiding danger all around you.

Prerequisites: Lightning Reflexes.

Benefit: Once per day, you may reroll a Reflex save. You must decide to use this ability before the results are revealed. You must take the second roll, even if it is worse.

Improved Overrun (Combat)

You are skilled at running down your foes.

Prerequisite: Str 13, Power Attack, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You do not provoke an attack of opportunity when performing an overrun combat maneuver. In addition, you receive a +2 bonus on checks made to overrrun a foe. You also receive a +2 bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever an opponent tries to overrun you. Targets of your overrun attempt may not chose to avoid you.

Normal: You provoke an attack of opportunity when performing an overrun combat maneuver.

Improved Precise Shot (Combat)

Your ranged attacks ignore anything but total concealment and cover.

Prerequisites: Dex 19, Point-Blank Shot, Precise Shot, base You are skilled at fighting with two weapons. attack bonus +11.

Benefit: Your ranged attacks ignore the AC bonus granted to bonus +6. targets by anything less than total cover, and the miss chance granted to targets by anything less than total concealment. Total cover and total concealment provide their normal benefits against your ranged attacks.

Normal: See the normal rules on the effects of cover and concealment in Combat.

Improved Shield Bash (Combat)

You can protect yourself with your shield, even if you use it to attack.

Prerequisite: Shield Proficiency.

Benefit: When you perform a shield bash, you may still apply the shield's shield bonus to your AC.

Normal: Without this feat, a character that performs a shield bash loses the shield's shield bonus to AC until his next turn (see Equipment).

Improved Sunder (Combat)

You are skilled at damaging your foes' weapons and armor.

Prerequisite: Str 13, Power Attack, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You do not provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a sunder combat maneuver. In addition, you receive a +2 bonus on checks made to sunder an item. You also receive a +2 bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever an opponent tries to sunder your gear.

Normal: You provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a sunder combat maneuver.

Improved Trip (Combat)

You are skilled at sending your opponents to the ground.

Prerequisite: Int 13, Combat Expertise.

Benefit: You do not provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a trip combat maneuver. In addition, you receive a +2 bonus on checks made to trip a foe. You also receive a +2 bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever an opponent tries to trip you.

Normal: You provoke an attack of opportunity when performing a trip combat maneuver.

Improved Two-Weapon Fighting (Combat)

Prerequisites: Dex 17, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack

Benefit: In addition to the standard single extra attack you get with an off-hand weapon, you get a second attack with it, albeit at a -5 penalty.

Normal: Without this feat, you can only get a single extra attack with an off-hand weapon.

Improved Unarmed Strike (Combat)

You are skilled at fighting while unarmed.

Benefit: You are considered to be armed even when unarmed —you do not provoke attacks of opportunity when you attack foes while unarmed. Your unarmed strikes can deal lethal or nonlethal damage, at your choice.

Normal: Without this feat, you are considered unarmed when attacking with an unarmed strike, and you can deal only nonlethal damage with such an attack.

Improved Vital Strike (Combat)

You can make a single attack that deals a large amount of damage.

Prerequisites: Vital Strike, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: When you use the attack action, you can make one attack at your highest base attack bonus that deals additional damage. Roll the damage dice for the attack three times and add the results together, but do not multiply damage bonuses from Strength, weapon abilities (such as flaming), or precision-based damage (such as sneak attack). This bonus damage is not multiplied on a critical hit (although other damage bonuses are multiplied normally).

Improvised Weapon Mastery (Combat)

razor-sharp chair leg to a sack of flour.

Prerequisites: Catch Off-Guard or Throw Anything, base attack bonus +8.

Benefit: You do not suffer any penalties for using an improvised weapon. Increase the amount of damage dealt by the improvised weapon by one step (for example, 1d4 becomes 1d6) to a maximum of 1d8 (2d6 if the improvised weapon is two-handed). The improvised weapon has a critical threat range of 19–20, with a critical multiplier of ×2.

Intimidating Prowess (Combat)

Your physical might is intimidating to others.

Benefit: Add your Strength modifier to Intimidate skill checks in addition to your Charisma modifier.

Iron Will

You are more resistant to mental effects.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Will saving throws.

Leadership

You attract followers to your cause and a companion to join you on your adventures.

Prerequisite: Character level 7th.

Benefits: This feat enables you to attract a loyal cohort and a number of devoted subordinates who assist you. A cohort is generally an NPC with class levels, while followers are typically lower level NPCs. See Table: Leadership for what level of cohort and how many followers you can recruit.

Leadership Modifiers: Several factors can affect your Leadership score, causing it to vary from the base score (character level + Cha modifier). Your reputation (from the point of view of the cohort or follower you are trying to attract) raises or lowers your Leadership score:

Leader's Reputation	Modifier
Great renown	+2
Fairness and generosity	+1
Special power	+1
Failure	1
Aloofness	1
Cruelty	2

You can turn nearly any object into a deadly weapon, from a Other modifiers may apply when you try to attract a cohort, as listed below.

The Leader	Modifier
Has a familiar, special mount, or animal companion	2
Recruits a cohort of a different alignment	1
Caused the death of a cohort	-2*

^{*} Cumulative per cohort killed.

Followers have different priorities from cohorts. When you try to attract a follower, use the following modifiers.

The Leader	Modifier
Has a stronghold, base of operations, guildhouse, etc.	+2
Moves around a lot	1
Caused the death of other followers	1

Leadership Score: Your base Leadership score equals your

level plus your Charisma modifier. In order to take into cohort's total. account negative Charisma modifiers, this table allows for very low Leadership scores, but you must still be 7th level or higher in order to gain the Leadership feat. Outside factors can affect your Leadership score, as detailed above.

Cohort Level: You can attract a cohort of up to this level. Regardless of your Leadership score, you can only recruit a cohort who is two or more levels lower than yourself. The cohort should be equipped with gear appropriate for its level (see Creating NPCs). A cohort can be of any race or class. The cohort's alignment may not be opposed to your alignment on either the law/chaos or good/evil axis, and you cohort of an alignment different from your own.

Table 5-2: Leadership

				_			
Leadership	Cohort					s by L	
Score	Level	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
1 or lower	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2	1st	_	—	—	_	—	_
3	2nd	_	_	_	_	_	_
4	3rd	_	_	—	_	—	_
5	3rd	_	_	_	_	_	_
6	4th	_	_	_	_	_	_
7	5th	_	_	_	_	_	_
8	5th	_	_	_	_	_	_
9	6th	_	_	_	_	_	_
10	7th	5	_	_	_	_	_
11	7th	6	_	_	_	_	_
12	8th	8	_	_	_	_	_
13	9th	10	1	_	_	_	_
14	10th	15	1	_	_	_	_
15	10th	20	2	1	_	_	_
16	11th	25	2	1	_	_	_
17	12th	30	3	1	1	_	_
18	12th	35	3	1	1	_	_
19	13th	40	4	2	1	1	_
20	14th	50	5	3	2	1	_
21	15th	60	6	3	2	1	1
22	15th	75	7	4	2	2	1
23	16th	90	9	5	3	2	1
24	17th	110	11	6	3	2	1
25 or higher	17th	135	13	7	4	2	2

A cohort does not count as a party member when determining the party's XP. Instead, divide the cohort's level by your level. Multiply this result by the total XP awarded to you, then add that number of experience points to the

If a cohort gains enough XP to bring it to a level one lower than your level, the cohort does not gain the new level—its new XP total is 1 less than the amount needed to attain the next level.

Number of Followers by Level: You can lead up to the indicated number of characters of each level. Followers are similar to cohorts, except they're generally low-level NPCs. Because they're usually 5 or more levels behind you, they're rarely effective in combat.

Followers don't earn experience and thus don't gain levels. take a -1 penalty to your Leadership score if you recruit a When you gain a new level, consult Table: Leadership to determine if you acquire more followers, some of whom may be higher level than the existing followers. Don't consult the table to see if your cohort gains levels, however, because cohorts earn experience on their own.

Lightning Reflexes

You have faster reflexes than normal.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Reflex saving throws.

Lightning Stance (Combat)

The speed at which you move makes it nearly impossible for opponents to strike you.

Prerequisites: Dex 17, Dodge, Wind Stance, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: If you take two actions to move or a withdraw action in a turn, you gain 50% concealment for 1 round.

Lunge (Combat)

You can strike foes that would normally be out of reach.

Prerequisites: Base attack bonus +6.

Benefit: You can increase the reach of your melee attacks by 5 feet until the end of your turn by taking a -2 penalty to your AC until your next turn. You must decide to use this ability before any attacks are made.

Magical Aptitude

You are skilled at spellcasting and using magic items.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Spellcraft checks and Use Magic Device checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Manyshot (Combat)

You can fire multiple arrows at a single target.

attack bonus +6.

Benefit: When making a full-attack action with a bow, your first attack fires two arrows. If the attack hits, both arrows hit. Apply precision-based damage (such as sneak attack) and critical hit damage only once for this attack. Damage An empowered, maximized spell gains the separate benefits bonuses from using a composite bow with a high Strength of each feat: the maximum result plus half the normally bonus apply to each arrow, as do other damage bonuses, such rolled result. as a ranger's favored enemy bonus. Damage reduction and resistances apply separately to each arrow.

Martial Weapon Proficiency

Choose a type of martial weapon. You understand how to use that type of martial weapon in combat.

Benefit: You make attack rolls with the selected weapon normally (without the non-proficient penalty).

Normal: When using a weapon with which you are not proficient, you take a -4 penalty on attack rolls.

Special: Barbarians, fighters, paladins, and rangers are proficient with all martial weapons. They need not select this feat.

You can gain Martial Weapon Proficiency multiple times. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of weapon.

Master Craftsman

Your superior crafting skills allow you to create simple magic items.

Prerequisites: 5 ranks in any Craft or Profession skill.

Benefit: Choose one Craft or Profession skill in which you possess at least 5 ranks. You receive a +2 bonus on your chosen Craft or Profession skill. Ranks in your chosen skill count as your caster level for the purposes of qualifying for the Craft Magic Arms and Armor and Craft Wondrous Item You are skilled at making ranged attacks while mounted. feats. You can create magic items using these feats, substituting your ranks in the chosen skill for your total caster level. You must use the chosen skill for the check to create the item. The DC to create the item still increases for any necessary spell requirements (see the magic item creation rules in Magic Items). You cannot use this feat to create any spell-trigger or spell-activation item.

Normal: Only spellcasters can qualify for the Craft Magic Arms and Armor and Craft Wondrous Item feats.

Maximize Spell (Metamagic)

Your spells have the maximum possible effect.

Prerequisites: Dex 17, Point-Blank Shot, Rapid Shot, base Benefit: All variable, numeric effects of a spell modified by this feat are maximized. Saving throws and opposed rolls are not affected, nor are spells without random variables. A maximized spell uses up a spell slot three levels higher than the spell's actual level.

Medusa's Wrath (Combat)

You can take advantage of your opponent's confusion, delivering multiple blows.

Prerequisites: Improved Unarmed Strike, Gorgon's Fist, Scorpion Style, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: Whenever you use the full-attack action and make at least one unarmed strike, you can make two additional unarmed strikes at your highest base attack bonus. These bonus attacks must be made against a dazed, flat-footed, paralyzed, staggered, stunned, or unconscious foe.

Mobility (Combat)

You can easily move through a dangerous melee.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Dodge.

Benefit: You get a +4 dodge bonus to Armor Class against attacks of opportunity caused when you move out of or within a threatened area. A condition that makes you lose your Dexterity bonus to Armor Class (if any) also makes you lose dodge bonuses.

Dodge bonuses stack with each other, unlike most types of bonuses.

Mounted Archery (Combat)

Prerequisites: Ride 1 rank, Mounted Combat.

Benefit: The penalty you take when using a ranged weapon while mounted is halved: -2 instead of -4 if your mount is taking a double move, and -4 instead of -8 if your mount is running.

Mounted Combat (Combat)

You are adept at guiding your mount through combat.

Prerequisite: Ride 1 rank.

Benefit: Once per round when your mount is hit in combat, you may attempt a Ride check (as an immediate action) to negate the hit. The hit is negated if your Ride check result is Prerequisites: Dex 19, Improved Precise Shot, Point-Blank greater than the opponent's attack roll.

Natural Spell

You can cast spells even while in a form that cannot normally this feat if you move this round. cast spells.

Prerequisites: Wis 13, wild shape class feature.

Benefit: You can complete the verbal and somatic components of spells while using wild shape. You substitute various noises and gestures for the normal verbal and somatic components of a spell.

You can also use any material components or focuses you possess, even if such items are melded within your current form. This feat does not permit the use of magic items while you are in a form that could not ordinarily use them, and you do not gain the ability to speak while using wild shape.

Nimble Moves

You can move across a single obstacle with ease.

Prerequisites: Dex 13.

Benefit: Whenever you move, you may move through 5 feet of difficult terrain each round as if it were normal terrain. This feat allows you to take a 5-foot step into difficult terrain.

Penetrating Strike (Combat)

Your attacks are capable of penetrating the defenses of some creatures. Choose one type of weapon that you have already selected for Weapon Focus.

Prerequisites: Weapon Focus, base attack bonus +1, 12thlevel fighter, proficiency with weapon.

Benefit: Your attacks with the selected weapon ignore up to 5 points of damage reduction. This feat does not apply to damage reduction without a type (such as DR 10/—).

Persuasive

You are skilled at swaying attitudes and intimidating others into your way of thinking.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on Diplomacy and Intimidate skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Pinpoint Targeting (Combat)

You can target the weak points in your opponent's armor.

Shot, Precise Shot, base attack bonus +16.

Benefit: As a standard action, make a single ranged attack. The target does not gain any armor, natural armor, or shield bonuses to its Armor Class. You do not gain the benefit of

Point-Blank Shot (Combat)

You are especially accurate when making ranged attacks against close targets.

Benefit: You get a +1 bonus on attack and damage rolls with ranged weapons at ranges of up to 30 feet.

Power Attack (Combat)

You can make exceptionally deadly melee attacks by sacrificing accuracy for strength.

Prerequisites: Str 13, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You can choose to take a -1 penalty on all melee attack rolls and combat maneuver checks to gain a +2 bonus on all melee damage rolls. This bonus to damage is increased by half (+50%) if you are making an attack with a twohanded weapon, a one handed weapon using two hands, or a primary natural weapon that adds 1-1/2 times your Strength modifier on damage rolls. This bonus to damage is halved (– 50%) if you are making an attack with an off-hand weapon or secondary natural weapon. When your base attack bonus reaches +4, and every 4 points thereafter, the penalty increases by -1 and the bonus to damage increases by +2. You must choose to use this feat before making an attack roll, and its effects last until your next turn. The bonus damage does not apply to touch attacks or effects that do not deal hit point damage.

Precise Shot (Combat)

You are adept at firing ranged attacks into melee.

Prerequisite: Point-Blank Shot.

Benefit: You can shoot or throw ranged weapons at an opponent engaged in melee without taking the standard -4 penalty on your attack roll.

Quick Draw (Combat)

You can draw weapons faster than most.

Prerequisite: Base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You can draw a weapon as a free action instead of as a move action. You can draw a hidden weapon (see the Sleight of Hand skill) as a move action.

A character who has selected this feat may throw weapons at Benefit: When making a full-attack action with a ranged his full normal rate of attacks (much like a character with a bow).

Alchemical items, potions, scrolls, and wands cannot be drawn quickly using this feat.

Normal: Without this feat, you may draw a weapon as a move action, or (if your base attack bonus is +1 or higher) as a free action as part of movement. Without this feat, you can draw a hidden weapon as a standard action.

Quicken Spell (Metamagic)

You can cast spells in a fraction of the normal time.

Benefit: Casting a quickened spell is a swift action. You can perform another action, even casting another spell, in the same round as you cast a quickened spell. A spell whose casting time is more than 1 full-round action cannot be quickened.

A quickened spell uses up a spell slot four levels higher than the spell's actual level. Casting a quickened spell doesn't Benefit: When running, you move five times your normal provoke an attack of opportunity.

Special: You can apply the effects of this feat to a spell cast spontaneously, so long as it has a casting time that is not more than 1 full-round action, without increasing the spell's casting time.

Rapid Reload (Combat)

Choose a type of crossbow (hand, light, or heavy). You can reload such weapons quickly.

Prerequisite: Weapon Proficiency (crossbow type chosen).

Benefit: The time required for you to reload your chosen type of crossbow is reduced to a free action (for a hand or light crossbow) or a move action (for a heavy crossbow). Reloading a crossbow still provokes an attack of opportunity.

If you have selected this feat for hand crossbow or light crossbow, you may fire that weapon as many times in a fullattack action as you could attack if you were using a bow.

Normal: A character without this feat needs a move action to reload a hand or light crossbow, or a full-round action to reload a heavy crossbow.

Special: You can gain Rapid Reload multiple times. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of crossbow.

Rapid Shot (Combat)

You can make an additional ranged attack.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Point-Blank Shot.

weapon, you can fire one additional time this round. All of your attack rolls take a -2 penalty when using Rapid Shot.

Ride-By Attack (Combat)

While mounted and charging, you can move, strike at a foe, and then continue moving.

Prerequisites: Ride 1 rank, Mounted Combat.

Benefit: When you are mounted and use the charge action, you may move and attack as if with a standard charge and then move again (continuing the straight line of the charge). Your total movement for the round can't exceed double your mounted speed. You and your mount do not provoke an attack of opportunity from the opponent that you attack.

Run

You are swift of foot.

speed (if wearing medium, light, or no armor and carrying no more than a medium load) or four times your speed (if wearing heavy armor or carrying a heavy load). If you make a jump after a running start (see the Acrobatics skill description), you gain a +4 bonus on your Acrobatics check. While running, you retain your Dexterity bonus to your Armor Class.

Normal: You move four times your speed while running (if wearing medium, light, or no armor and carrying no more than a medium load) or three times your speed (if wearing heavy armor or carrying a heavy load), and you lose your Dexterity bonus to AC.

Scorpion Style (Combat)

You can perform an unarmed strike that greatly hampers your target's movement.

Prerequisite: Improved Unarmed Strike.

Benefit: To use this feat, you must make a single unarmed attack as a standard action. If this unarmed attack hits, you deal damage normally, and the target's base land speed is reduced to 5 feet for a number of rounds equal to your Wisdom modifier unless it makes a Fortitude saving throw (DC 10 + 1/2 your character level + your Wis modifier).

Scribe Scroll (Item Creation)

You can create magic scrolls.

Prerequisite: Caster level 1st.

Benefit: You can create a scroll of any spell that you know. Scribing a scroll takes 2 hours if its base price is 250 gp or less, otherwise scribing a scroll takes 1 day for each 1,000 gp **Benefit**: You do not suffer any penalties on attack rolls made in its base price. To scribe a scroll, you must use up raw materials costing half of this base price. See the magic item creation rules in Magic Items for more information.

Selective Channeling

You can choose whom to affect when you channel energy.

Prerequisite: Cha 13, channel energy class feature.

Benefit: When you channel energy, you can choose a number of targets in the area up to your Charisma modifier. These targets are not affected by your channeled energy.

Normal: All targets in a 30-foot burst are affected when you channel energy. You can only choose whether or not you are affected.

Self-Sufficient

You know how to get along in the wild and how to effectively treat wounds.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Heal checks and Survival checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Shatter Defenses (Combat)

Your skill with your chosen weapon leaves opponents unable are already compromised.

Prerequisites: Weapon Focus, Dazzling Display, base attack bonus +6, proficiency with weapon.

Benefit: Any shaken, frightened, or panicked opponent hit by you this round is flat-footed to your attacks until the end of your next turn. This includes any additional attacks you make Shot on the Run (Combat) this round.

Shield Focus (Combat)

You are skilled at deflecting blows with your shield.

Prerequisites: Shield Proficiency, base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: Increase the AC bonus granted by any shield you are using by 1.

Shield Master (Combat)

Your mastery of the shield allows you to fight with it without hindrance.

Prerequisites: Improved Shield Bash, Shield Proficiency, Shield Slam, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +11.

with a shield while you are wielding another weapon. Add your shield's shield bonus to attacks and damage rolls made with the shield as if it was an enhancement bonus.

Shield Proficiency

You are trained in how to properly use a shield.

Benefit: When you use a shield (except a tower shield), the shield's armor check penalty only applies to Strength- and Dexterity-based skills.

Normal: When you are using a shield with which you are not proficient, you take the shield's armor check penalty on attack rolls and on all skill checks that involve moving.

Special: Barbarians, bards, clerics, druids, fighters, paladins, and rangers all automatically have Shield Proficiency as a bonus feat. They need not select it.

Shield Slam (Combat)

In the right position, your shield can be used to send opponents flying.

Prerequisites: Improved Shield Bash, Shield Proficiency, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus +6.

Benefit: Any opponents hit by your shield bash are also hit with a free bull rush attack, substituting your attack roll for the combat maneuver check (see Combat). This bull rush to defend themselves if you strike them when their defenses does not provoke an attack of opportunity. Opponents who cannot move back due to a wall or other surface are knocked prone after moving the maximum possible distance. You may choose to move with your target if you are able to take a 5foot step or to spend an action to move this turn.

You can move, fire a ranged weapon, and move again before your foes can react.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Dodge, Mobility, Point-Blank Shot, base attack bonus +4.

Benefit: As a full-round action, you can move up to your speed and make a single ranged attack at any point during your movement.

Normal: You cannot move before and after an attack with a catch it in mid-flight. ranged weapon.

Sickening Critical (Combat, **Critical**)

Your critical hits cause opponents to become sickened.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, base attack bonus +11.

Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit, your opponent becomes sickened for 1 minute. The effects of this feat do not stack. Additional hits instead add to the effect's duration.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to $\begin{cal}Spell\end{cal}$ a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery.

Silent Spell (Metamagic)

You can cast your spells without making any sound.

Benefit: A silent spell can be cast with no verbal components. Spells without verbal components are not affected. A silent spell uses up a spell slot one level higher than the spell's actual level.

Special: Bard spells cannot be enhanced by this feat.

Simple Weapon Proficiency

You are trained in the use of basic weapons.

Benefit: You make attack rolls with simple weapons without penalty.

Normal: When using a weapon with which you are not proficient, you take a -4 penalty on attack rolls.

Special: All characters except for druids, monks, and wizards are automatically proficient with all simple weapons. They need not select this feat.

Skill Focus

Choose a skill. You are particularly adept at that skill.

Benefit: You get a +3 bonus on all checks involving the chosen skill. If you have 10 or more ranks in that skill, this bonus increases to +6.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new skill.

Snatch Arrows (Combat)

Instead of knocking an arrow or ranged attack aside, you can

Prerequisites: Dex 15, Deflect Arrows, Improved Unarmed Strike.

Benefit: When using the Deflect Arrows feat you may choose to catch the weapon instead of just deflecting it. Thrown weapons can immediately be thrown back as an attack against the original attacker (even though it isn't your turn) or kept for later use.

You must have at least one hand free (holding nothing) to use this feat.

Choose a school of magic. Any spells you cast of that school are more difficult to resist.

Benefit: Add +1 to the Difficulty Class for all saving throws against spells from the school of magic you select.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new school of magic.

Spell Mastery

You have mastered a small handful of spells, and can prepare these spells without referencing your spellbooks at all.

Prerequisite: 1st-level wizard

Benefit: Each time you take this feat, choose a number of spells that you already know equal to your Intelligence modifier. From that point on, you can prepare these spells without referring to a spellbook.

Normal: Without this feat, you must use a spellbook to prepare all your spells, except read magic.

Spell Penetration

Your spells break through spell resistance more easily than most.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on caster level checks (1d20 + caster level) made to overcome a creature's spell resistance.

Spellbreaker (Combat)

You can strike at enemy spellcasters who fail to cast defensively when you threaten them.

Prerequisites: Disruptive, 10th-level fighter.

Benefit: Enemies in your threatened area that fail their checks to cast spells defensively provoke attacks of

opportunity from you.

Normal: Enemies that fail to cast spells defensively do not provoke attacks of opportunity.

Spirited Charge (Combat)

Your mounted charge attacks deal a tremendous amount of damage.

Prerequisites: Ride 1 rank, Mounted Combat, Ride-By Stealthy Attack.

Benefit: When mounted and using the charge action, you deal double damage with a melee weapon (or triple damage with a lance).

Spring Attack (Combat)

You can deftly move up to a foe, strike, and withdraw before he can react.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Dodge, Mobility, base attack bonus +4.

melee attack without provoking any attacks of opportunity step away from you, you may also make a 5-foot step as an from the target of your attack. You can move both before and immediate action so long as you end up adjacent to the foe after the attack, but you must move at least 10 feet before the that triggered this ability. If you take this step, you cannot attack and the total distance that you move cannot be greater take a 5-foot step during your next turn. If you take an action than your speed. You cannot use this ability to attack a foe to move during your next turn, subtract 5 feet from your total that is adjacent to you at the start of your turn.

Normal: You cannot move before and after an attack.

Staggering Critical (Combat, **Critical**)

Your critical hits cause opponents to slow down.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, base attack bonus +13.

Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit, your opponent becomes staggered for 1d4+1 rounds. A successful Fortitude save reduces the duration to 1 round. The DC of this Fortitude save is equal to 10 + your base attack bonus. The You can strike at foes that attack you using their superior effects of this feat do not stack. Additional hits instead add to reach, by targeting their limbs or weapons as they come at the duration.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to **Prerequisite:** Base attack bonus +11. a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery.

Stand Still (Combat)

You can stop foes that try to move past you.

Prerequisites: Combat Reflexes.

Benefit: When a foe provokes an attack of opportunity due to moving through your adjacent squares, you can make a combat maneuver check as your attack of opportunity. If successful, the enemy cannot move for the rest of his turn. An enemy can still take the rest of his action, but cannot move. This feat also applies to any creature that attempts to move from a square that is adjacent to you if such movement provokes an attack of opportunity.

You are good at avoiding unwanted attention and slipping out of bonds.

Benefit: You get a +2 bonus on all Escape Artist and Stealth skill checks. If you have 10 or more ranks in one of these skills, the bonus increases to +4 for that skill.

Step Up (Combat)

You can close the distance when a foe tries to move away.

Prerequisite: Base attack bonus +1.

Benefit: You can move up to your speed and make a single Benefit: Whenever an adjacent foe attempts to take a 5-foot movement.

Still Spell (Metamagic)

You can cast spells without moving.

Benefit: A stilled spell can be cast with no somatic components. Spells without somatic components are not affected. A stilled spell uses up a spell slot one level higher than the spell's actual level.

Strike Back (Combat)

you.

Benefit: You can ready an action to make a melee attack against any foe that attacks you in melee, even if the foe is outside of your reach.

Stunning Critical (Combat, Critical)

Your critical hits cause opponents to become stunned.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, Staggering Critical, base Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit, your opponent attack bonus +17.

Benefit: Whenever you score a critical hit, your opponent becomes stunned for 1d4 rounds. A successful Fortitude save Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to reduces this to staggered for 1d4 rounds. The DC of this a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery. Fortitude save is equal to 10 + your base attack bonus. The effects of this feat do not stack. Additional hits instead add to the duration.

Special: You can only apply the effects of one critical feat to You have enhanced physical stamina. a given critical hit unless you possess Critical Mastery.

Stunning Fist (Combat)

You know just where to strike to temporarily stun a foe.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Wis 13, Improved Unarmed Strike, base attack bonus +8.

Benefit: You must declare that you are using this feat before you make your attack roll (thus, a failed attack roll ruins the **Prerequisite**: Shield Proficiency. attempt). Stunning Fist forces a foe damaged by your unarmed attack to make a Fortitude saving throw (DC 10 + 1/2 your character level + your Wis modifier), in addition to dealing damage normally. A defender who fails this saving throw is stunned for 1 round (until just before your next Normal: A character using a shield with which he is not turn). A stunned character can't take actions, loses any Dexterity bonus to AC, and takes a -2 penalty to AC. You rolls and on all skill checks that involve moving, including may attempt a stunning attack once per day for every four levels you have attained (but see Special), and no more than once per round. Constructs, oozes, plants, undead, incorporeal creatures, and creatures immune to critical hits cannot be stunned.

Special: A monk receives Stunning Fist as a bonus feat at 1st **Trample (Combat)** level, even if he does not meet the prerequisites. A monk may attempt a stunning attack a number of times per day equal to his monk level, plus one more time per day for every four them under your mount. levels he has in classes other than monk.

Throw Anything (Combat)

You are used to throwing things you have on hand.

Benefit: You do not suffer any penalties for using an improvised ranged weapon. You receive a +1 circumstance bonus on attack rolls made with thrown splash weapons.

Normal: You take a -4 penalty on attack rolls made with an improvised weapon.

Tiring Critical (Combat, Critical)

Your critical hits cause opponents to become fatigued.

Prerequisites: Critical Focus, base attack bonus +13.

becomes fatigued. This feat has no additional effect on a fatigued or exhausted creature.

Toughness

Benefit: You gain +3 hit points. For every Hit Die you possess beyond 3, you gain an additional +1 hit point. If you have more than 3 Hit Dice, you gain +1 hit points whenever you gain a Hit Die (such as when you gain a level).

Tower Shield Proficiency (Combat)

You are trained in how to properly use a tower shield.

Benefit: When you use a tower shield, the shield's armor check penalty only applies to Strength and Dexterity-based

proficient takes the shield's armor check penalty on attack

Special: Fighters automatically have Tower Proficiency as a bonus feat. They need not select it.

While mounted, you can ride down opponents and trample

Prerequisites: Ride 1 rank, Mounted Combat.

Benefit: When you attempt to overrun an opponent while mounted, your target may not choose to avoid you. Your mount may make one hoof attack against any target you knock down, gaining the standard +4 bonus on attack rolls against prone targets.

Turn Undead

Calling upon higher powers, you cause undead to flee from the might of your unleashed divine energy.

Prerequisites: Channel positive energy class feature.

Benefit: You can, as a standard action, use one of your uses of channel positive energy to cause all undead within 30 feet of you to flee, as if panicked. Undead receive a Will save to negate the effect. The DC for this Will save is equal to 10 + 1/2 your cleric level + your Charisma modifier. Undead that fail their save flee for 1 minute. Intelligent undead receive a new saving throw each round to end the effect. If you use channel energy in this way, it has no other effect (it does not heal or harm nearby creatures).

Two-Weapon Defense (Combat)

You are skilled at defending yourself while dual-wielding.

Prerequisites: Dex 15, Two-Weapon Fighting.

Benefit: When wielding a double weapon or two weapons (not including natural weapons or unarmed strikes), you gain You make a single attack that deals significantly more a +1 shield bonus to your AC.

When you are fighting defensively or using the total defense **Prerequisites**: Base attack bonus +6. action, this shield bonus increases to +2.

Two-Weapon Fighting (Combat)

You can fight with a weapon wielded in each of your hands. You can make one extra attack each round with the secondary weapon.

Prerequisite: Dex 15.

Benefit: Your penalties on attack rolls for fighting with two weapons are reduced. The penalty for your primary hand lessens by 2 and the one for your off hand lessens by 6. See Two-Weapon Fighting in Combat.

Normal: If you wield a second weapon in your off hand, you can get one extra attack per round with that weapon. When fighting in this way you suffer a -6 penalty with your regular attack or attacks with your primary hand and a -10 penalty to the attack with your off hand. If your off-hand weapon is light, the penalties are reduced by 2 each. An unarmed strike is always considered light.

Two-Weapon Rend (Combat)

Striking with both of your weapons simultaneously, you can Choose one type of weapon. You can also choose unarmed use them to deliver devastating wounds.

Prerequisites: Dex 17, Double Slice, Improved Two-Weapon Fighting, Two-Weapon Fighting, base attack bonus **Prerequisites**: Proficiency with selected weapon, base attack +11.

Benefit: If you hit an opponent with both your primary hand Benefit: You gain a +1 bonus on all attack rolls you make and your off-hand weapon, you deal an additional 1d10 using the selected weapon. points of damage plus 1-1/2 times your Strength modifier.

You can only deal this additional damage once each round.

Unseat (Combat)

You are skilled at unseating your mounted opponents.

Prerequisites: Str 13, Ride 1 rank, Mounted Combat, Power Attack, Improved Bull Rush, base attack bonus +1.

Benefits: When charging an opponent while mounted and wielding a lance, resolve the attack as normal. If it hits, you may immediately make a free bull rush attempt in addition to the normal damage. If successful, the target is knocked off his horse and lands prone in a space adjacent to his mount that is directly away from you.

Vital Strike (Combat)

damage than normal.

Benefit: When you use the attack action, you can make one attack at your highest base attack bonus that deals additional damage. Roll the damage dice for the attack twice and add the results together, but do not multiply damage bonuses from Strength, weapon abilities (such as flaming), or precision-based damage (such as sneak attack). This bonus damage is not multiplied on a critical hit (although other damage bonuses are multiplied normally).

Weapon Finesse (Combat)

You are trained in using your agility in melee combat, as opposed to brute strength.

Benefit: With a light weapon, rapier, whip, or spiked chain made for a creature of your size category, you may use your Dexterity modifier instead of your Strength modifier on attack rolls. If you carry a shield, its armor check penalty applies to your attack rolls.

Special: Natural weapons are considered light weapons.

Weapon Focus (Combat)

strike or grapple (or ray, if you are a spellcaster) as your weapon for the purposes of this feat.

bonus +1.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do 20% concealment for 1 round against ranged attacks. not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of weapon.

Weapon Specialization (Combat)

You are skilled at dealing damage with one weapon. Choose one type of weapon (including unarmed strike or grapple) for which you have already selected the Weapon Focus feat. You deal extra damage when using this weapon.

Prerequisites: Proficiency with selected weapon, Weapon Focus with selected weapon, fighter level 4th.

Benefit: You gain a +2 bonus on all damage rolls you make using the selected weapon.

Special: You can gain this feat multiple times. Its effects do not stack. Each time you take the feat, it applies to a new type of weapon.

Whirlwind Attack (Combat)

You can strike out at every foe within reach.

Prerequisites: Dex 13, Int 13, Combat Expertise, Dodge, Mobility, Spring Attack, base attack bonus +4.

Benefit: When you use the full-attack action, you can give up your regular attacks and instead make one melee attack at your highest base attack bonus against each opponent within reach. You must make a separate attack roll against each opponent.

When you use the Whirlwind Attack feat, you also forfeit any bonus or extra attacks granted by other feats, spells, or abilities.

Widen Spell (Metamagic)

You can cast your spells so that they occupy a larger space.

Benefit: You can alter a burst, emanation, line, or spread-shaped spell to increase its area. Any numeric measurements of the spell's area increase by 100%. A widened spell uses up a spell slot three levels higher than the spell's actual level.

Spells that do not have an area of one of these four sorts are not affected by this feat.

Wind Stance (Combat)

Your erratic movements make it difficult for enemies to pinpoint your location.

Prerequisites: Dex 15, Dodge, base attack bonus +6.

Benefit: If you move more than 5 feet this turn, you gain

6. Equipment

Wealth And Money

Each character begins play with a number of gold pieces that he can spend on weapons, armor, and other equipment. As a character adventures, he accumulates more wealth that can be spent on better gear and magic items. Table: Starting Character Wealth lists the starting gold piece values by class. In addition, each character begins play with an outfit worth 10 gp or less. For characters above 1st level, see Table: Character Wealth by Level.

Table 6-1: Starting Character Wealth

Class	Starting Wealth	Average
Barbarian	$3d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	105 gp
Bard	$3d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$ $3d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	105 gp
Cleric	$4d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	140 gp
Druid	$2d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	70 gp
Fighter	5d6 x 10 gp	175 gp
Monk	$1d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	35 gp
Paladin	$5d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	175 gp
Ranger	$5d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	175 gp
Rogue	$4d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	140 gp
Sorcerer	$2d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	70 gp
Wizard	$2d6 \times 10 \text{ gp}$	70 gp

Coins

The most common coin is the gold piece (gp). A gold piece is worth 10 silver pieces (sp). Each silver piece is worth 10 copper pieces (cp). In addition to copper, silver, and gold coins, there are also platinum pieces (pp), which are each worth 10 gp.

The standard coin weighs about a third of an ounce (50 to the pound).

Table 6-2: Coins

Exchange Value	cp	sp	gp	pp
Copper piece (cp)	1	1/10	1/100	1/1,000
Silver piece (sp)	10	1	1/10	1/100
Gold piece (gp)	100	10	1	1/10
Platinum piece (pp)	1,000	100	10	1

Other Wealth

Merchants commonly exchange trade goods without using currency. As a means of comparison, some trade goods are detailed on Table: Trade Goods.

Table 6-3: Trade Goods

Cost	Item
1 cp	One pound of wheat
2 cp	One pound of flour, or one chicken
1 sp	One pound of iron
5 sp	One pound of tobacco or copper
1 gp	One pound of cinnamon, or one goat
2 gp	One pound of ginger or pepper, or one sheep
3 gp	One pig
4 gp	One square yard of linen
5 gp	One pound of salt or silver
10 gp	One square yard of silk, or one cow
15 gp	One pound of saffron or cloves, or one ox
50 gp	One pound of gold
500 gp	One pound of platinum

Selling Treasure

In general, a character can sell something for half its listed price, including weapons, armor, gear, and magic items. This also includes character-created items.

Trade goods are the exception to the half-price rule. A trade good, in this sense, is a valuable good that can be easily exchanged almost as if it were cash itself.

Weapons

From the common longsword to the exotic dwarven urgrosh, weapons come in a wide variety of shapes and sizes.

All weapons deal hit point damage. This damage is subtracted from the current hit points of any creature struck by the weapon. When the result of the die roll to make an attack is a natural 20 (that is, the die actually shows a 20), this is known as a critical threat (although some weapons can score a critical threat on a roll of less than 20). If a critical threat is scored, another attack roll is made, using the same modifiers as the original attack roll. If this second attack roll exceeds the target's AC, the hit becomes a critical hit, dealing additional damage.

Weapons are grouped into several interlocking sets of categories. These categories pertain to what training is needed to become proficient in a weapon's use (simple,

martial, or exotic), the weapon's usefulness either in close attack scores a threat only on a natural roll of 20 and deals combat (melee) or at a distance (ranged, which includes both double damage on a critical hit. Such a weapon has a range thrown and projectile weapons), its relative encumbrance increment of 10 feet. (light, one-handed, or two-handed), and its size (Small, Medium, or Large).

natural weapons possessed by their race. A character who damage rolls when he uses a bow or a sling. uses a weapon with which he is not proficient takes a -4 penalty on attack rolls.

weapons that are not effective in melee.

Reach Weapons: Glaives, guisarmes, lances, longspears, ranseurs, and whips are reach weapons. A reach weapon is a melee weapon that allows its wielder to strike at targets that aren't adjacent to him. Most reach weapons double the Although they are thrown weapons, shuriken are treated as feet away, but not a creature in an adjacent square. A typical Large character wielding a reach weapon of the appropriate size can attack a creature 15 or 20 feet away, but not adjacent creatures or creatures up to 10 feet away.

bladed swords are double weapons. A character can fight weapon, or a two-handed weapon. with both ends of a double weapon as if fighting with two weapons, but he incurs all the normal attack penalties associated with two-weapon combat, just as though the character were wielding a one-handed weapon and a light weapon.

handed, attacking with only one end of it. A creature two hands to wield a light weapon gives no advantage on wielding a double weapon in one hand can't use it as a damage; the Strength bonus applies as though the weapon double weapon—only one end of the weapon can be used in were held in the wielder's primary hand only. any given round.

Thrown Weapons: Daggers, clubs, shortspears, spears, darts, javelins, throwing axes, light hammers, tridents, shuriken, and nets are thrown weapons. The wielder applies his Strength modifier to damage dealt by thrown weapons (except for splash weapons). It is possible to throw a weapon that isn't designed to be thrown (that is, a melee weapon that doesn't have a numeric entry in the Range column on Table: Weapons), and a character who does so takes a -4 penalty on the attack roll. Throwing a light or one-handed weapon is a Two-Handed: Two hands are required to use a two-handed

Projectile Weapons: Blowguns, light crossbows, slings, heavy crossbows, shortbows, composite shortbows, Simple, Martial, and Exotic Weapons: Anybody but a longbows, composite longbows, halfling sling staves, hand druid, monk, or wizard is proficient with all simple weapons. crossbows, and repeating crossbows are projectile weapons. Barbarians, fighters, paladins, and rangers are proficient with Most projectile weapons require two hands to use (see all simple and all martial weapons. Characters of other specific weapon descriptions). A character gets no Strength classes are proficient with an assortment of simple weapons bonus on damage rolls with a projectile weapon unless it's a and possibly some martial or even exotic weapons. All specially built composite shortbow or longbow, or a sling. If characters are proficient with unarmed strikes and any the character has a penalty for low Strength, apply it to

Ammunition: Projectile weapons use ammunition: arrows (for bows), bolts (for crossbows), darts (for blowguns), or Melee and Ranged Weapons: Melee weapons are used for sling bullets (for slings and halfling sling staves). When making melee attacks, though some of them can be thrown as using a bow, a character can draw ammunition as a free well. Ranged weapons are thrown weapons or projectile action; crossbows and slings require an action for reloading (as noted in their descriptions). Generally speaking, ammunition that hits its target is destroyed or rendered useless, while ammunition that misses has a 50% chance of being destroyed or lost.

wielder's natural reach, meaning that a typical Small or ammunition for the purposes of drawing them, crafting Medium wielder of such a weapon can attack a creature 10 masterwork or otherwise special versions of them, and what happens to them after they are thrown.

Light, One-Handed, and Two-Handed Melee Weapons: This designation is a measure of how much effort it takes to wield a weapon in combat. It indicates whether a melee Double Weapons: Dire flails, dwarven urgroshes, gnome weapon, when wielded by a character of the weapon's size hooked hammers, orc double axes, quarterstaves, and two-category, is considered a light weapon, a one-handed

Light: A light weapon is used in one hand. It is easier to use in one's off hand than a one-handed weapon is, and can be used while grappling (see Combat). Add the wielder's Strength modifier to damage rolls for melee attacks with a light weapon if it's used in the primary hand, or half the The character can also choose to use a double weapon two- wielder's Strength bonus if it's used in the off hand. Using

An unarmed strike is always considered a light weapon.

One-Handed: A one-handed weapon can be used in either the primary hand or the off hand. Add the wielder's Strength bonus to damage rolls for melee attacks with a one-handed weapon if it's used in the primary hand, or 1/2 his Strength bonus if it's used in the off hand. If a one-handed weapon is wielded with two hands during melee combat, add 1-1/2 times the character's Strength bonus to damage rolls.

standard action, while throwing a two-handed weapon is a melee weapon effectively. Apply 1-1/2 times the character's full-round action. Regardless of the type of weapon, such an Strength bonus to damage rolls for melee attacks with such a

weapon.

Weapon Size: Every weapon has a size category. This Dmg: These columns give the damage dealt by the weapon weapon was designed.

A weapon's size category isn't the same as its size as an object. Instead, a weapon's size category is keyed to the size of the intended wielder. In general, a light weapon is an object two size categories smaller than the wielder, a onehanded weapon is an object one size category smaller than the wielder, and a two-handed weapon is an object of the same size category as the wielder.

Inappropriately Sized Weapons: A creature can't make optimum use of a weapon that isn't properly sized for it. A cumulative -2 penalty applies on attack rolls for each size category of difference between the size of its intended wielder and the size of its actual wielder. If the creature isn't proficient with the weapon, a -4 nonproficiency penalty also applies.

The measure of how much effort it takes to use a weapon (whether the weapon is designated as a light, one-handed, or two-handed weapon for a particular wielder) is altered by one step for each size category of difference between the wielder's size and the size of the creature for which the weapon was designed. For example, a Small creature would wield a Medium one-handed weapon as a two-handed weapon. If a weapon's designation would be changed to something other than light, one-handed, or two-handed by this alteration, the creature can't wield the weapon at all.

Improvised Weapons: Sometimes objects not crafted to be weapons nonetheless see use in combat. Because such an improvised weapon in combat is considered to be nonproficient with it and takes a -4 penalty on attack rolls made with that object. To determine the size category and appropriate damage for an improvised weapon, compare its relative size and damage potential to the weapon list to find a reasonable match. An improvised weapon scores a threat on a natural roll of 20 and deals double damage on a critical hit. ×3: The weapon deals triple damage on a critical hit. An improvised thrown weapon has a range increment of 10 feet.

Weapon Qualities

Here is the format for weapon entries (given as column headings on Table: Weapons).

Cost: This value is the weapon's cost in gold pieces (gp) or silver pieces (sp). The cost includes miscellaneous gear that goes with the weapon, such as a scabbard or quiver.

This cost is the same for a Small or Medium version of the weapon. A Large version costs twice the listed price.

designation indicates the size of the creature for which the on a successful hit. The column labeled "Dmg (S)" is for Small weapons. The column labeled "Dmg (M)" is for Medium weapons. If two damage ranges are given, then the weapon is a double weapon. Use the second damage figure given for the double weapon's extra attack. Table: Tiny and Large Weapon Damage gives weapon damage values for Tiny and Large weapons.

Table 6-4: Tiny and Large Weapon Damage

Medium Weapon Damage	Tiny Weapon Damage	Large Weapon Damage
1d2	_	1d3
1d3	1	1d4
1d4	1d2	1d6
1d6	1d3	1d8
1d8	1d4	2d6
1d10	1d6	2d8
1d12	1d8	3d6
2d4	1d4	2d6
2d6	1d8	3d6
2d8	1d10	3d8
2d10	2d6	4d8

Critical: The entry in this column notes how the weapon is used with the rules for critical hits. When your character scores a critical hit, roll the damage two, three, or four times, objects are not designed for this use, any creature that uses as indicated by its critical multiplier (using all applicable modifiers on each roll), and add all the results together.

> Extra damage over and above a weapon's normal damage is not multiplied when you score a critical hit.

- ×2: The weapon deals double damage on a critical hit.
- $\times 3/\times 4$: One head of this double weapon deals triple damage on a critical hit. The other head deals quadruple damage on a critical hit.
- ×4: The weapon deals quadruple damage on a critical hit.
- 19–20/×2: The weapon scores a threat on a natural roll of 19 or 20 (instead of just 20) and deals double damage on a critical hit.

 $18-20/\times 2$: The weapon scores a threat on a natural roll of 18, 19, or 20 (instead of just 20) and deals double damage on a critical hit.

Range: Any attack at more than this distance is penalized for range. Beyond this range, the attack takes a cumulative -2penalty for each full range increment (or fraction thereof) of

distance to the target. For example, a dagger (with a range of those noted in their descriptions. 10 feet) thrown at a target that is 25 feet away would incur a -4 penalty. A thrown weapon has a maximum range of five range increments. A projectile weapon can shoot to 10 range increments.

Weight: This column gives the weight of a Medium version of the weapon. Halve this number for Small weapons and weight. See the weapon's description for details.

Type: Weapons are classified according to the type of damage they deal: B for bludgeoning, P for piercing, or S for slashing. Some monsters may be resistant or immune to attacks from certain types of weapons.

Some weapons deal damage of multiple types. If a weapon causes two types of damage, the type it deals is not half one type and half another; all damage caused is of both types. Therefore, a creature would have to be immune to both types of damage to ignore any of the damage caused by such a Nonlethal: These weapons deal nonlethal damage (see weapon.

damage. In a situation where the damage type is significant, away, but you can't use it against an adjacent foe. the wielder can choose which type of damage to deal with such a weapon.

Special: Some weapons have special features in addition to weapon to avoid being tripped.

Brace: If you use a readied action to set a brace weapon against a charge, you deal double damage on a successful hit against a charging character (see Combat).

Disarm: When you use a disarm weapon, you get a +2 bonus on Combat Maneuver Checks to disarm an enemy.

double it for Large weapons. Some weapons have a special *Double*: You can use a double weapon to fight as if fighting with two weapons, but if you do, you incur all the normal attack penalties associated with fighting with two weapons, just as if you were using a one-handed weapon and a light weapon. A double weapon can be wielded as a one-handed weapon, but it cannot be used as a double weapon when wielded in this way-only one end of the weapon can be used in any given round.

> Monk: A monk weapon can be used by a monk to perform a flurry of blows (see Classes).

Combat).

In other cases, a weapon can deal either of two types of Reach: You use a reach weapon to strike opponents 10 feet

Trip: You can use a trip weapon to make trip attacks. If you are tripped during your own trip attempt, you can drop the

Weapon Descriptions

Table 6-5: Weapons

Simple Weapons	Cost	Dmg (S)	Dmg (M)	Critical	Range	Weight ¹	Type ²	Special
Unarmed Attacks								
Gauntlet	2 gp	1d2	1d3	$\times 2$	_	1 lb.	В	_
Unarmed strike	_	1d2	1d3	×2	_	_	В	nonlethal
Light Melee Weapons								
Dagger	2 gp	1d3	1d4	19-20/×2	10 ft.	1 lb.	P or S	_
Dagger, punching	2 gp	1d3	1d4	×3	_	1 lb.	P	_
Gauntlet, spiked	5 gp	1d3	1d4	×2	_	1 lb.	P	_
Mace, light	5 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	_	4 lbs.	В	_
Sickle	6 gp	1d4	1d6	$\times 2$	_	2 lbs.	S	trip
One-Handed Melee Weap	ons							
Club	_	1d4	1d6	×2	10 ft.	3 lbs.	В	_
Mace, heavy	12 gp	1d6	1d8	×2	_	8 lbs.	В	_
Morningstar	8 gp	1d6	1d8	×2	_	6 lbs.	B and P	_
Shortspear	1 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	20 ft.	3 lbs.	P	_
Two-Handed Melee Weap	ons							
Longspear	5 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	_	9 lbs.	P	brace, reach
Quarterstaff	_	1d4/1d4	1d6/1d6	×2	_	4 lbs.	В	double, monk

Blowgun	Spear	2 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	20 ft.	6 lbs.	P	brace
Darts, blowgun (10) 5 sp	Ranged Weapons								
Crossbow, heavy 50 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20\times 120 ft. 8 lbs. P —	Blowgun	2 gp	1	1d2	×2	20 ft.	1 lb.	P	_
Bolts, crossbow (10)	Darts, blowgun (10)	5 sp	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bolts, crossbow (10)	Crossbow, heavy	50 gp	1d8	1d10	19-20/×2	120 ft.	8 lbs.	P	_
Crossbow (light 35 gp 1d6 1d8 19-20/×2 80 ft. 4 lbs. P	Bolts, crossbow (10)	1 gp	_	_	_	_	1 lb.	_	_
Dart	Crossbow, light		1d6	1d8	19-20/×2	80 ft.	4 lbs.	P	_
Javelin	Bolts, crossbow (10)	1 gp	_	_	_	_	1 lb.	_	_
Siling	Dart	5 sp	1d3	1d4	×2	20 ft.	1/2 lb.	P	_
Sing	Javelin	1 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	30 ft.	2 lbs.	P	_
Martial Weapons	Sling	_	1d3	1d4	×2	50 ft.	_	В	_
Axe, throwing	Bullets, sling (10)	1 sp	_	_	_	_	5 lbs.	_	_
Axe, throwing	Martial Waanana	Cost	Dmg (C)	Dmg	Critical	Dongo	Waink4	т2	Special
Rammer, light	Maruai weapons	Cost	Dilig (5)	(M)	Critical	Kange	weight	Type-	Special
Hammer, light	Light Melee Weapons								
Handaxe	Axe, throwing	8 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	10 ft.	2 lbs.	S	_
Kukri 8 gp 1d3 1d4 18-20/×2 — 2 lbs. S — Pick, light 4 gp 1d3 1d4 ×4 — 3 lbs. P — Sap 1 gp 1d4 1d6 ×2 — 2 lbs. B nonlethal Shield, light special 1d2 1d3 ×2 — special P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — More Planded Melee	Hammer, light	1 gp	1d3	1d4	×2	20 ft.	2 lbs.	В	_
Pick, light 4 gp 1d3 1d4 ×4 — 3 lbs. P — Sap 1 gp 1d4 1d6 ×2 — 2 lbs. B nonlethal Shield, light special 1d2 1d3 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, light special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special P — Starknife 24 gp 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 x3 — 6 lbs. P — We-Handed Melee Weapons B 1d4 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B — Spiked shield, heavy	Handaxe	6 gp	1d4	1d6	×3	_	3 lbs.	S	_
Sap 1 gp 1d4 1d6 ×2 — 2 lbs. B nonlethal Shield, light special 1d2 1d3 ×2 — special B — Spiked armor special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special P — Starknife 24 gp 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19-20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. P — One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy	Kukri	8 gp	1d3	1d4	18-20/×2	_	2 lbs.	S	_
Shield, light special 1d2 1d3 ×2 — special B — Spiked armor special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special P — Starknife 24 gp 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S	Pick, light	4 gp	1d3	1d4	×4	_	3 lbs.	P	_
Spiked armor special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special P — Starknife 24 gp 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19-20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19-20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18-20/×2 — 4 lbs. S —	Sap	1 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	_	2 lbs.	В	nonlethal
Spiked shield, light special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special P — Starknife 24 gp 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19-20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19-20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18-20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special B — <t< td=""><td>Shield, light</td><td>special</td><td>1d2</td><td>1d3</td><td>×2</td><td>_</td><td>special</td><td>В</td><td>_</td></t<>	Shield, light	special	1d2	1d3	×2	_	special	В	_
Starknife 24 gp 1d3 1d4 ×3 20 ft. 3 lbs. P — Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heav	Spiked armor	special	1d4	1d6	×2	_	special	P	_
Sword, short 10 gp 1d4 1d6 19–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — <th< td=""><td>Spiked shield, light</td><td>special</td><td>1d3</td><td>1d4</td><td>×2</td><td>_</td><td>special</td><td>P</td><td>_</td></th<>	Spiked shield, light	special	1d3	1d4	×2	_	special	P	_
One-Handed Melee Weapons Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace	Starknife	24 gp	1d3	1d4	×3	20 ft.	3 lbs.	P	_
Battleaxe 10 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 6 lbs. S — Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6	Sword, short	10 gp	1d4	1d6	$19-20/\times 2$	_	2 lbs.	P	_
Flail 8 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 — 5 lbs. B disarm, trip Longsword 15 gp 1d6 1d8 19–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons	One-Handed Melee Wed	apons							
Longsword	Battleaxe	10 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	_	6 lbs.	S	_
Pick, heavy 8 gp 1d4 1d6 ×4 — 6 lbs. P — Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach <t< td=""><td>Flail</td><td>8 gp</td><td>1d6</td><td>1d8</td><td>×2</td><td>_</td><td>5 lbs.</td><td>В</td><td>disarm, trip</td></t<>	Flail	8 gp	1d6	1d8	×2	_	5 lbs.	В	disarm, trip
Rapier 20 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 2 lbs. P — Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S <td>Longsword</td> <td>15 gp</td> <td>1d6</td> <td>1d8</td> <td>19-20/×2</td> <td>_</td> <td>4 lbs.</td> <td>S</td> <td>_</td>	Longsword	15 gp	1d6	1d8	19-20/×2	_	4 lbs.	S	_
Scimitar 15 gp 1d4 1d6 18–20/×2 — 4 lbs. S — Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B —	Pick, heavy	8 gp	1d4	1d6	×4	_	6 lbs.	P	_
Shield, heavy special 1d3 1d4 ×2 — special B — Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Rapier	20 gp	1d4	1d6	18-20/×2	_	2 lbs.	P	_
Spiked shield, heavy special 1d4 1d6 ×2 — special P — Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Scimitar	15 gp	1d4	1d6	18-20/×2	_	4 lbs.	S	_
Trident 15 gp 1d6 1d8 ×2 10 ft. 4 lbs. P brace Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Shield, heavy	special	1d3	1d4	×2	_	special	В	_
Warhammer 12 gp 1d6 1d8 ×3 — 5 lbs. B — Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19–20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Spiked shield, heavy	special	1d4	1d6	×2	_	special	P	_
Two-Handed Melee Weapons Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Trident	15 gp	1d6	1d8	×2	10 ft.	4 lbs.	P	brace
Falchion 75 gp 1d6 2d4 18-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S — Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Warhammer	12 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	_	5 lbs.	В	_
Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19–20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Two-Handed Melee Wed	ipons							
Glaive 8 gp 1d8 1d10 ×3 — 10 lbs. S reach Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19–20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Falchion	75 gp	1d6	2d4	18-20/×2	_	8 lbs.	S	_
Greataxe 20 gp 1d10 1d12 ×3 — 12 lbs. S — Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19-20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19-20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Glaive	8 gp	1d8	1d10	×3	_	10 lbs.	S	reach
Greatclub 5 gp 1d8 1d10 ×2 — 8 lbs. B — Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19−20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19−20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Greataxe	20 gp	1d10	1d12	×3		12 lbs.	S	_
Flail, heavy 15 gp 1d8 1d10 19–20/×2 — 10 lbs. B disarm, trip Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Greatclub	5 gp	1d8	1d10	×2	_	8 lbs.	В	_
Greatsword 50 gp 1d10 2d6 19–20/×2 — 8 lbs. S —	Flail, heavy		1d8	1d10	19–20/×2		10 lbs.	В	disarm, trip
	Greatsword		1d10	2d6	19-20/×2	_	8 lbs.	S	_
		9 gp							reach, trip

Halberd	10 gp	1d8	1d10	×3	_	12 lbs.	P or S	brace, trip
Lance	10 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	_	10 lbs.	P	reach
Ranseur	10 gp	1d6	2d4	×3	_	12 lbs.	P	disarm, reach
Scythe	18 gp	1d6	2d4	×4	_	10 lbs.	P or S	trip
Ranged Weapons								
Longbow	75 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	100 ft.	3 lbs.	P	_
Arrows (20)	1 gp	_	_	_	_	3 lbs.	_	_
Longbow, composite	100 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	110 ft.	3 lbs.	P	_
Arrows (20)	1 gp	_	_	_	_	3 lbs.	_	_
Shortbow	30 gp	1d4	1d6	×3	60 ft.	2 lbs.	P	_
Arrows (20)	1 gp	_	_	_	_	3 lbs.	_	_
Shortbow, composite	75 gp	1d4	1d6	×3	70 ft.	2 lbs.	P	_
Arrows (20)	1 gp	_	_	_	_	3 lbs.	_	_
Exotic Weapons	Cost	Dmg (S)	Dmg (M)	Critical	Range	Weight ¹	Type ²	Special
Light Melee Weapons								
Kama	2 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	_	2 lbs.	S	monk, trip
Nunchaku	2 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	_	2 lbs.	В	disarm, monk
Sai	1 gp	1d3	1d4	$\times 2$	_	1 lb.	В	disarm, monk
Siangham	3 gp	1d4	1d6	×2	—	1 lb.	P	monk
One-Handed Melee Wea	pons							
Sword, bastard	35 gp	1d8	1d10	19-20/×2	_	6 lbs.	S	_
Waraxe, dwarven	30 gp	1d8	1d10	×3	_	8 lbs.	S	_
Whip	1 gp	1d2	1d3	×2		2 lbs.	S	disarm, nonlethal, reach, trip
Two-Handed Melee Wea	pons							
Axe, orc double	60 gp	1d6/1d6	1d8/1d8	×3	_	15 lbs.	S	double
Chain, spiked	25 gp	1d6	2d4	×2	_	10 lbs.	P	disarm, trip
Curve blade, elven	80 gp	1d8	1d10	18-20/×2		7 lbs.	S	_
Flail, dire	90 gp	1d6/1d6	1d8/1d8	$\times 2$				
Hammer, gnome hooked			100/100	X.2	—	10 lbs.	В	disarm, double, trip
nooked	20 gp	1d6/1d4	1d8/1d6	×3/×4	_	6 lbs.	B or P	double, trip
Sword, two-bladed	100 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8	×3/×4 19–20/×2	_ _ _	6 lbs. 10 lbs.	B or P	double, trip
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven		1d6/1d4	1d8/1d6	×3/×4	_ _ _	6 lbs.	B or P	double, trip
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons	100 gp 50 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3	_ _ _	6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs.	B or P S P or S	double, trip double brace, double
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2		6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs.	B or P S P or S	double, trip
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp 100 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6 1d4 1d4	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3		6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs. 2 lbs.	B or P S P or S B P	double, trip double brace, double
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand Bolts (10)	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2		6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs.	B or P S P or S	double, trip double brace, double
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand Bolts (10) Crossbow, repeating heavy	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp 100 gp 1 gp 400 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3 1d3	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6 1d4 1d4	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2		6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs. 2 lbs. 1 lb. 12 lbs.	B or P S P or S B P	double, trip double brace, double
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand Bolts (10) Crossbow, repeating heavy Bolts (5)	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp 100 gp 1 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3 1d3	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6 1d4 1d4 —	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2 19–20/×2 —	10 ft. 30 ft.	6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs. 2 lbs. 1 lb.	B or P S P or S B P	double, trip double brace, double
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand Bolts (10) Crossbow, repeating heavy	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp 100 gp 1 gp 400 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3 1d3 — 1d8	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6 1d4 1d4 — 1d10	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2 19–20/×2 —		6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs. 2 lbs. 1 lb. 12 lbs.	B or P S P or S B P P	double, trip double brace, double nonlethal, trip — — —
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand Bolts (10) Crossbow, repeating heavy Bolts (5) Crossbow, repeating light Bolts (5)	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp 100 gp 1 gp 400 gp 1 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3 1d3 — 1d8 —	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6 1d4 1d4 — 1d10 —	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2 19–20/×2 — 19–20/×2 —	10 ft. 30 ft. — 120 ft.	6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs. 1 lb. 12 lbs. 1 lb.	B or P S P or S B P P	double, trip double brace, double nonlethal, trip — — —
Sword, two-bladed Urgrosh, dwarven Ranged Weapons Bolas Crossbow, hand Bolts (10) Crossbow, repeating heavy Bolts (5) Crossbow, repeating light	100 gp 50 gp 5 gp 100 gp 1 gp 400 gp 1 gp 250 gp	1d6/1d4 1d6/1d6 1d6/1d4 1d3 1d3 — 1d8 — 1d6	1d8/1d6 1d8/1d8 1d8/1d6 1d4 1d4 — 1d10 — 1d8	×3/×4 19–20/×2 ×3 ×2 19–20/×2 — 19–20/×2 —	10 ft. 30 ft. — 120 ft.	6 lbs. 10 lbs. 12 lbs. 2 lbs. 1 lb. 12 lbs. 1 lb. 6 lbs.	B or P S P or S B P P P	double, trip double brace, double nonlethal, trip — — —

Sling staff, halfling	20 gp	1d6	1d8	×3	80 ft.	3 lbs.	В	_
Bullets, sling (10)	1 sp	_		_	_	5 lbs.	_	<u> </u>

- 1 Weight figures are for Medium weapons. A Small weapon weighs half as much, and a Large weapon weighs twice as
- 2 A weapon with two types is both types if the entry specifies "and," or either type (wielder's choice) if the entry specifies "or."

Weapons found on Table: Weapons are described below. Normally, operating a heavy crossbow requires two hands. Items.

Arrows: An arrow used as a melee weapon is treated as a light improvised weapon (-4 penalty on attack rolls) and deals damage as a dagger of its size (critical multiplier ×2). Arrows come in a leather quiver that holds 20 arrows.

Axe, Orc Double: A cruel weapon with blades placed at opposite ends of a long haft, an orc double axe is a double weapon.

Blowgun: Blowguns are generally used to deliver debilitating (but rarely fatal) poisons from a distance. They are nearly silent when fired. For a list of appropriate poisons, see Poison.

Bolas: A bolas is a pair of weights, connected by a thin rope cumulative with the penalty for one-handed firing. or cord. You can use this weapon to make a ranged trip attack against an opponent. You can't be tripped during your own trip attempt when using a bolas.

Bolts: A crossbow bolt used as a melee weapon is treated as a light improvised weapon (-4 penalty on attack rolls) and deals damage as a dagger of its size (crit ×2). Bolts come in a case or quiver that holds 10 bolts (or 5, for a repeating crossbow).

leather pouch that holds 10 bullets.

you, even though it isn't a light weapon.

provokes attacks of opportunity.

You can shoot, but not load, a hand crossbow with one hand at no penalty. You can shoot a hand crossbow with each Dagger: A dagger has a blade that is about 1 foot in length. with two light weapons.

Crossbow, Heavy: You draw a heavy crossbow back by Dagger, Punching: A punching dagger's blade is attached to round action that provokes attacks of opportunity.

Splash weapons are described under Special Substances and However, you can shoot, but not load, a heavy crossbow with one hand at a -4 penalty on attack rolls. You can shoot a heavy crossbow with each hand, but you take a penalty on attack rolls as if attacking with two one-handed weapons. This penalty is cumulative with the penalty for one-handed

> Crossbow, Light: You draw a light crossbow back by pulling a lever. Loading a light crossbow is a move action that provokes attacks of opportunity.

> Normally, operating a light crossbow requires two hands. However, you can shoot, but not load, a light crossbow with one hand at a -2 penalty on attack rolls. You can shoot a light crossbow with each hand, but you take a penalty on attack rolls as if attacking with two light weapons. This penalty is

> **Crossbow**, **Repeating**: The repeating crossbow (whether heavy or light) holds 5 crossbow bolts. As long as it holds bolts, you can reload it by pulling the reloading lever (a free action). Loading a new case of 5 bolts is a full-round action that provokes attacks of opportunity.

You can fire a repeating crossbow with one hand or fire a repeating crossbow in each hand in the same manner as you would a normal crossbow of the same size. However, you Bullets, Sling: Bullets are shaped metal balls, designed to be must fire the weapon with two hands in order to use the used by a sling or halfling sling staff. Bullets come in a reloading lever, and you must use two hands to load a new case of bolts.

Chain, Spiked: A spiked chain is about 4 feet in length, Curve Blade, Elven: Essentially a longer version of a covered in wicked barbs. You can use the Weapon Finesse scimitar, but with a thinner blade, the elven curve blade is feat to apply your Dexterity modifier instead of your exceptionally rare. You receive a +2 circumstance bonus to Strength modifier to attack rolls with a spiked chain sized for your Combat Maneuver Defense whenever a foe attempts to sunder your elven curve blade due to its flexible metal.

Crossbow, Hand: You can draw a hand crossbow back by You can use the Weapon Finesse feat to apply your Dexterity hand. Loading a hand crossbow is a move action that modifier instead of your Strength modifier to attack rolls with an elven curve blade sized for you, even though it isn't a light weapon.

hand, but you take a penalty on attack rolls as if attacking You get a +2 bonus on Sleight of Hand skill checks made to conceal a dagger on your body (see Using Skills).

turning a small winch. Loading a heavy crossbow is a full- a horizontal handle that projects out from the fist when held.

Flail: A flail consists of a spiked metal ball, connected to a

handle by a sturdy chain.

dangling from chains at opposite ends of a long haft.

Flail, Heavy: Similar to a flail, a heavy flail has a larger metal ball and a longer handle.

gauntlets.

Gauntlet, Spiked: The cost and weight given are for a single gauntlet. An attack with a spiked gauntlet is considered an armed attack. Your opponent cannot use a disarm action to disarm you of spiked gauntlets.

Glaive: A glaive is a simple blade, mounted to the end of a pole about 7 feet in length.

Greatsword: This immense two-handed sword is about 5 feet in length.

and a hook mounted at the tip.

also has a small, axe-like head mounted near the tip.

Hammer, Gnome Hooked: A gnome hooked hammer is a Morningstar: A morningstar is a spiked metal ball, affixed double weapon—an ingenious tool with a hammer head at to the top of a long handle. one end of its haft and a long, curved pick at the other. The hammer's blunt head is a bludgeoning weapon that deals 1d6 points of damage (crit ×3). Its hook is a piercing weapon that deals 1d4 points of damage (crit ×4). You can use either head as the primary weapon. Gnomes treat hooked hammers as martial weapons.

designed for melee, you are treated as nonproficient with it holding it, the entangled creature can move only within the and take a -4 penalty on attack rolls if you use a javelin as a limits that the rope allows. If the entangled creature attempts melee weapon.

Kama: Similar to a sickle, a kama is a short, curved blade attached to a simple handle.

Kukri: A kukri is a curved blade, about 1 foot in length.

Lance: A lance deals double damage when used from the back of a charging mount. While mounted, you can wield a category of you. lance with one hand.

penalty for low Strength, apply it to damage rolls when you nonproficient one to do so. use a longbow. If you have a Strength bonus, you can apply Nunchaku: A nunchaku is made up of two wooden or metal it to damage rolls when you use a composite longbow (see

below), but not when you use a regular longbow.

Flail, Dire: A dire flail consists of two spheres of spiked iron Longbow, Composite: You need at least two hands to use a bow, regardless of its size. You can use a composite longbow while mounted. All composite bows are made with a particular strength rating (that is, each requires a minimum Strength modifier to use with proficiency). If your Strength Gauntlet: This metal glove lets you deal lethal damage bonus is less than the strength rating of the composite bow, rather than nonlethal damage with unarmed strikes. A strike you can't effectively use it, so you take a -2 penalty on with a gauntlet is otherwise considered an unarmed attack, attacks with it. The default composite longbow requires a The cost and weight given are for a single gauntlet. Medium Strength modifier of +0 or higher to use with proficiency. A and heavy armors (except breastplate) come with gauntlets. composite longbow can be made with a high strength rating Your opponent cannot use a disarm action to disarm you of to take advantage of an above-average Strength score; this feature allows you to add your Strength bonus to damage, up to the maximum bonus indicated for the bow. Each point of Strength bonus granted by the bow adds 100 gp to its cost. If you have a penalty for low Strength, apply it to damage rolls when you use a composite longbow.

> For purposes of Weapon Proficiency and similar feats, a composite longbow is treated as if it were a longbow.

Longspear: A longspear is about 8 feet in length.

Longsword: This sword is about 3-1/2 feet in length.

Guisarme: A guisarme is an 8-foot-long shaft with a blade Mace: A mace is made up of an ornate metal head attached to a simple wooden or metal shaft.

Halberd: A halberd is similar to a 5-foot-long spear, but it Mace, Heavy: A heavy mace has a larger head and a longer handle than a normal mace.

Net: A net is used to entangle enemies. When you throw a net, you make a ranged touch attack against your target. A net's maximum range is 10 feet. If you hit, the target is entangled. An entangled creature takes a -2 penalty on attack rolls and a -4 penalty on Dexterity, can move at only half speed, and cannot charge or run. If you control the trailing Javelin: A javelin is a thin throwing spear. Since it is not rope by succeeding on an opposed Strength check while to cast a spell, it must make a concentration check with a DC of 15 + the spell's level or be unable to cast the spell.

> An entangled creature can escape with a DC 20 Escape Artist check (a full-round action). The net has 5 hit points and can be burst with a DC 25 Strength check (also a full-round action). A net is useful only against creatures within one size

A net must be folded to be thrown effectively. The first time Longbow: At almost 5 feet in height, a longbow is made up you throw your net in a fight, you make a normal ranged of one solid piece of carefully curved wood. You need two touch attack roll. After the net is unfolded, you take a -4 hands to use a bow, regardless of its size. A longbow is too penalty on attack rolls with it. It takes 2 rounds for a unwieldy to use while you are mounted. If you have a proficient user to fold a net and twice that long for a

bars connected by a small length of rope or chain.

Quarterstaff: A quarterstaff is a simple piece of wood, about 5 feet in length.

Ranseur: Similar in appearance to a trident, a ranseur has a single spear at its tip, flanked by a pair of short, curving blades.

Rapier: You can use the Weapon Finesse feat to apply your Dexterity modifier instead of your Strength modifier to attack rolls with a rapier sized for you, even though it isn't a light weapon. You can't wield a rapier in two hands in order to apply 1-1/2 times your Strength bonus to damage.

Sai: A sai is a metal spike flanked by a pair of prongs used to trap an enemy's weapon. With a sai, you get a +2 bonus on Combat Maneuver Checks to sunder an enemy's weapon. Though pointed, a sai is used primarily to bludgeon foes and to disarm weapons.

Shield, Heavy or Light: You can bash with a shield instead of using it for defense.

about 3 feet in length. You need two hands to use a bow, modifier applies to damage rolls when you use a halfling regardless of its size. You can use a shortbow while mounted. sling staff, just as it does for thrown weapons. You can fire, If you have a penalty for low Strength, apply it to damage but not load, a halfling sling staff with one hand. Loading a rolls when you use a shortbow. If you have a bonus for high halfling sling staff is a move action that requires two hands Strength, you can apply it to damage rolls when you use a and provokes attacks of opportunity. composite shortbow (see below), but not a regular shortbow.

particular strength rating (that is, each requires a minimum penalty on attack rolls. Strength modifier to use with proficiency). If your Strength bonus is lower than the strength rating of the composite bow, you can't effectively use it, so you take a -2 penalty on attacks with it. The default composite shortbow requires a Strength modifier of +0 or higher to use with proficiency. A composite shortbow can be made with a high strength rating to take advantage of an above-average Strength score; this feature allows you to add your Strength bonus to damage, up to the maximum bonus indicated for the bow. Each point of Strength bonus granted by the bow adds 75 gp to its cost. If Spiked Shield, Heavy or Light: You can bash with a spiked you have a penalty for low Strength, apply it to damage rolls shield instead of using it for defense. when you use a composite shortbow.

similar feats, a composite shortbow is treated as if it were a stab with the starknife or throw it. shortbow.

Shortspear: A shortspear is about 3 feet in length, making it a suitable thrown weapon.

Shortsword: This sword is about 2 feet in length.

used as a melee weapon. Although they are thrown weapons, bonus on weapon damage rolls.

shuriken are treated as ammunition for the purposes of drawing them, crafting masterwork or otherwise special versions of them, and what happens to them after they are thrown.

Siangham: This weapon is a handheld shaft fitted with a pointed tip for stabbing foes.

Sling: A sling is little more than a leather cup attached to a pair of strings. Your Strength modifier applies to damage rolls when you use a sling, just as it does for thrown weapons. You can fire, but not load, a sling with one hand. Loading a sling is a move action that requires two hands and provokes attacks of opportunity.

You can hurl ordinary stones with a sling, but stones are not as dense or as round as bullets. Thus, such an attack deals damage as if the weapon were designed for a creature one size category smaller than you and you take a -1 penalty on attack rolls.

Sling Staff, Halfling: Made from a specially designed sling attached to a short club, a halfling sling staff can be used by a Shortbow: A shortbow is made up of one piece of wood, proficient wielder to devastating effect. Your Strength

You can hurl ordinary stones with a halfling sling staff, but Shortbow, Composite: You need at least two hands to use a stones are not as dense or as round as bullets. Thus, such an bow, regardless of its size. You can use a composite shortbow attack deals damage as if the weapon were designed for a while mounted. All composite bows are made with a creature one size category smaller than you and you take a -1

> A halfling sling staff can be used as a simple weapon that deals bludgeoning damage equal to that of a club of its size. Halflings treat halfling sling staves as martial weapons.

Spear: A spear is 5 feet in length and can be thrown.

Spiked Armor: You can outfit your armor with spikes, which can deal damage in a grapple or as a separate attack. See Armor, below, for details.

Starknife: From a central metal ring, four tapering metal For purposes of Weapon Proficiency, Weapon Focus, and blades extend like points on a compass rose. A wielder can

Strike, Unarmed: A Medium character deals 1d3 points of nonlethal damage with an unarmed strike. A Small character deals 1d2 points of nonlethal damage. A monk or any character with the Improved Unarmed Strike feat can deal lethal or nonlethal damage with unarmed strikes, at his Shuriken: A shuriken is a small piece of metal with discretion. The damage from an unarmed strike is considered sharpened edges, designed for throwing. A shuriken can't be weapon damage for the purposes of effects that give you a

Therefore, you can use the Weapon Finesse feat to apply created; it must be crafted as a masterwork weapon (see the your Dexterity modifier instead of your Strength modifier to Craft skill). The masterwork quality adds 300 gp to the cost attack rolls with an unarmed strike. Unarmed strikes do not of a normal weapon (or 6 gp to the cost of a single unit of count as natural weapons (see Combat).

Sword, Bastard: A bastard sword is about 4 feet in length, training; thus, it is an exotic weapon. A character can use a bastard sword two-handed as a martial weapon.

Sword, Two-Bladed: A two-bladed sword is a double weapon-twin blades extend from either side of a central, All magic weapons are automatically considered to be of deadly flourishes.

Trident: A trident has three metal prongs at end of a 4-footlong shaft. This weapon can be thrown.

Urgrosh, **Dwarven**: A dwarven urgrosh is a double weapon —an axe head and a spear point on opposite ends of a long haft. The urgrosh's axe head is a slashing weapon that deals 1d8 points of damage. Its spear head is a piercing weapon that deals 1d6 points of damage. You can use either head as the primary weapon. The other becomes the off-hand weapon. If you use an urgrosh against a charging character, the spear head is the part of the weapon that deals damage. Dwarves treat dwarven urgroshes as martial weapons.

handed as a martial weapon, or a Large creature can use it them. one-handed in the same way. A dwarf treats a dwarven waraxe as a martial weapon even when using it in one hand.

Whip: A whip deals no damage to any creature with an armor bonus of +1 or higher or a natural armor bonus of +3 or higher. The whip is treated as a melee weapon with 15foot reach, though you don't threaten the area into which you reach (including adjacent foes).

Using a whip provokes an attack of opportunity, just as if you had used a ranged weapon.

You can use the Weapon Finesse feat to apply your Dexterity modifier instead of your Strength modifier to attack rolls with a whip sized for you, even though it isn't a light weapon.

Masterwork Weapons

A masterwork weapon is a finely crafted version of a normal weapon. Wielding it provides a +1 enhancement bonus on attack rolls.

An unarmed strike is always considered a light weapon. You can't add the masterwork quality to a weapon after it is ammunition). Adding the masterwork quality to a double weapon costs twice the normal increase (+600 gp).

making it too large to use in one hand without special Masterwork ammunition is damaged (effectively destroyed) when used. The enhancement bonus of masterwork ammunition does not stack with any enhancement bonus of the projectile weapon firing it.

short haft, allowing the wielder to attack with graceful but masterwork quality. The enhancement bonus granted by the masterwork quality doesn't stack with the enhancement bonus provided by the weapon's magic.

> Even though some types of armor and shields can be used as weapons, you can't create a masterwork version of such an item that confers an enhancement bonus on attack rolls. Instead, masterwork armor and shields have lessened armor check penalties.

Armor

For most, armor is the simplest way to protect oneself in a world of rampant threats and dangers. Many characters can Waraxe, Dwarven: A dwarven waraxe has a large, ornate wear only the simplest of armors, and only some can use head mounted to a thick handle, making it too large to use in shields. To wear heavier armor effectively, a character can one hand without special training; thus, it is an exotic select the Armor Proficiency feats, but most classes are weapon. A Medium character can use a dwarven waraxe two- automatically proficient with the armors that work best for

> Here is the format for armor entries (given as column headings on Table: Armor and Shields).

> Cost: The cost in gold pieces of the armor for Small or Medium humanoid creatures. See Table: Armor for Unusual Creatures for armor prices for other creatures.

can make an attack. In addition, unlike most other weapons Armor/Shield Bonus: Each type of armor grants an armor with reach, you can use it against foes anywhere within your bonus to AC, while shields grant a shield bonus to AC. The armor bonus from a suit of armor doesn't stack with other effects or items that grant an armor bonus. Similarly, the shield bonus from a shield doesn't stack with other effects that grant a shield bonus.

> Maximum Dex Bonus: This number is the maximum Dexterity bonus to AC that this type of armor allows. Dexterity bonuses in excess of this number are reduced to this number for the purposes of determining the wearer's AC. Heavier armors limit mobility, reducing the wearer's ability to dodge blows. This restriction doesn't affect any other Dexterity-related abilities.

> Even if a character's Dexterity bonus to AC drops to 0 because of armor, this situation does not count as losing his Dexterity bonus to AC.

including armor) may also restrict the maximum Dexterity any arcane spell failure chance for their bard spells. bonus that can be applied to his Armor Class.

Shields: Shields do not affect a character's maximum Dexterity bonus, except for tower shields.

Armor Check Penalty: Any armor heavier than leather, as well as any shield, hurts a character's ability to use Dexterityand Strength-based skills. An armor check penalty applies to all Dexterity- and Strength-based skill checks. A character's encumbrance may also incur an armor check penalty.

Shields: If a character is wearing armor and using a shield, both armor check penalties apply.

Nonproficient with Armor Worn: A character who wears armor and/or uses a shield with which he is not proficient takes the armor's (and/or shield's) armor check penalty on attack rolls as well as on all Dexterity- and Strength-based ability and skill checks. The penalty for nonproficiency with armor stacks with the penalty for shields.

Sleeping in Armor: A character who sleeps in medium or heavy armor is automatically fatigued the next day. He takes a -2 penalty on Strength and Dexterity and can't charge or run. Sleeping in light armor does not cause fatigue.

Arcane Spell Failure Chance: Armor interferes with the gestures that a spellcaster must make to cast an arcane spell that has a somatic component. Arcane spellcasters face the possibility of arcane spell failure if they're wearing armor.

A character's encumbrance (the amount of gear carried, Bards can wear light armor and use shields without incurring

Casting an Arcane Spell in Armor: A character who casts an arcane spell while wearing armor must usually make an arcane spell failure check. The number in the Arcane Spell Failure Chance column on Table: Armor and Shields is the percentage chance that the spell fails and is ruined. If the spell lacks a somatic component, however, it can be cast with no chance of arcane spell failure.

Shields: If a character is wearing armor and using a shield, add the two numbers together to get a single arcane spell failure chance.

Speed: Medium or heavy armor slows the wearer down. The number on Table: Armor and Shields is the character's speed while wearing the armor. Humans, elves, half-elves, and half-orcs have an unencumbered speed of 30 feet. They use the first column. Dwarves, gnomes, and halflings have an unencumbered speed of 20 feet. They use the second column. Remember, however, that a dwarf's land speed remains 20 feet even in medium or heavy armor or when carrying a medium or heavy load.

Shields: Shields do not affect a character's speed.

Weight: This column gives the weight of the armor sized for a Medium wearer. Armor fitted for Small characters weighs half as much, and armor for Large characters weighs twice as

Armor Descriptions

Table 6-6: Armor and Shields

		Armor/Shield	Maximum Dex	Armor Check	Arcane Spell	Spee	ed	
Armor	Cost	Bonus	Bonus	Penalty	Failure Chance	30 ft. 2	20 ft.	Weight ¹
Light armor								
Padded	5 gp	+1	+8	0	5%	30 ft. 2	20 ft.	10 lbs.
Leather	10 gp	+2	+6	0	10%	30 ft. 2	20 ft.	15 lbs.
Studded leather	25 gp	+3	+5	-1	15%	30 ft. 2	20 ft.	20 lbs.
Chain shirt	100 gp	+4	+4	-2	20%	30 ft. 2	20 ft.	25 lbs.
Medium armor								
Hide	15 gp	+4	+4	-3	20%	20 ft.	15 ft.	25 lbs.
Scale mail	50 gp	+5	+3	-4	25%	20 ft.	15 ft.	30 lbs.
Chainmail	150 gp	+6	+2	-5	30%	20 ft.	15 ft.	40 lbs.
Breastplate	200 gp	+6	+3	-4	25%	20 ft.	15 ft.	30 lbs.
Heavy armor								
Splint mail	200 gp	+7	+0	-7	40%	20 ft. ² 1	5 ft. ²	45 lbs.
Banded mail	250 gp	+7	+1	-6	35%	20 ft. ² 1	5 ft. ²	35 lbs.
Half-plate	600 gp	+8	+0	–7	40%	20 ft. ² 1	5 ft. ²	50 lbs.

		Armor/Shield	Maximum Dex	Armor Check	Arcane Spell	Sp	eed	
Armor	Cost	Bonus	Bonus	Penalty	Failure Chance	30 ft.	20 ft.	Weight ¹
Full plate	1,500 gp	+9	+1	-6	35%	20 ft. ²	15 ft. ²	50 lbs.
Shields								
Buckler	15 gp	+1	_	-1	5%	_	_	5 lbs.
Shield, light wooden	3 gp	+1	—	-1	5%	_	_	5 lbs.
Shield, light steel	9 gp	+1	_	-1	5%	_	_	6 lbs.
Shield, heavy wooden	7 gp	+2	_	-2	15%	_	_	10 lbs.
Shield, heavy steel	20 gp	+2	_	-2	15%	_	_	15 lbs.
Shield, tower	30 gp	+4 ³	+2	-10	50%	_	_	45 lbs.
Extras								
Armor spikes	+50 gp	_	_	_		_	_	+10 lbs.
Gauntlet, locked	8 gp	_	_	special	n/a ⁴	_	_	+5 lbs.
Shield spikes	+10 gp	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		_	_	_	+5 lbs.

- 1 Weight figures are for armor sized to fit Medium characters. Armor fitted for Small characters weighs half as much, and armor fitted for Large characters weighs twice as much.
- 2 When running in heavy armor, you move only triple your speed, not quadruple.
- 3 A tower shield can instead grant you cover. See the description.
- 4 Hand not free to cast spells.

found on Table: Armor and Shields are described below.

Armor Spikes: You can have spikes added to your armor, which allow you to deal extra piercing damage (see "spiked armor" on Table: Weapons) on a successful grapple attack. The spikes count as a martial weapon. If you are not checks when you try to use them. You can also make a thousands of interlocking metal rings. regular melee attack (or off-hand attack) with the spikes, and they count as a light weapon in this case. (You can't also make an attack with armor spikes if you have already made an attack with another off-hand weapon, and vice versa.) An Full Plate: This metal suit includes gauntlets, heavy leather enhancement bonus to a suit of armor does not improve the boots, a visored helmet, and a thick layer of padding that is spikes' effectiveness, but the spikes can be made into magic weapons in their own right.

Banded Mail: Banded mail is made up of overlapping strips of metal, fastened to a leather backing. The suit includes gauntlets.

Breastplate: Covering only the torso, a breastplate is made up of a single piece of sculpted metal.

forearm. You can use a bow or crossbow without penalty while carrying it. You can also use your shield arm to wield a round action that provokes attacks of opportunity. weapon (whether you are using an off-hand weapon or using your off hand to help wield a two-handed weapon), but you take a -1 penalty on attack rolls while doing so. This penalty stacks with those that may apply for fighting with your off

Any special benefits or accessories to the types of armor hand and for fighting with two weapons. In any case, if you use a weapon in your off hand, you lose the buckler's AC bonus until your next turn. You can cast a spell with somatic components using your shield arm, but you lose the buckler's AC bonus until your next turn. You can't make a shield bash with a buckler.

proficient with them, you take a -4 penalty on grapple Chain Shirt: Covering the torso, this shirt is made up of

Chainmail: Unlike a chain shirt, chainmail covers the legs and arms of the wearer. The suit includes gauntlets.

worn underneath the armor. Each suit of full plate must be individually fitted to its owner by a master armorsmith, although a captured suit can be resized to fit a new owner at a cost of 200 to 800 (2d4 \times 100) gold pieces.

Gauntlet, Locked: This armored gauntlet has small chains and braces that allow the wearer to attach a weapon to the gauntlet so that it cannot be dropped easily. It provides a +10bonus to your Combat Maneuver Defense to keep from being Buckler: This small metal shield is worn strapped to your disarmed in combat. Removing a weapon from a locked gauntlet or attaching a weapon to a locked gauntlet is a full-

> The price given is for a single locked gauntlet. The weight given applies only if you're wearing a breastplate, light armor, or no armor. Otherwise, the locked gauntlet replaces a gauntlet you already have as part of the armor.

hand is free.)

Like a normal gauntlet, a locked gauntlet lets you deal lethal damage rather than nonlethal damage with an unarmed strike.

half-plate includes gauntlets and a helm.

Hide: Hide armor is made up of the tanned and preserved skin of any thick-hided beast.

Leather: Leather armor is made up of pieces of hard boiled leather carefully sewn together.

Padded: Little more than heavy, quilted cloth, this armor provides only the most basic protection.

overlapping metal plates. The suit includes gauntlets.

Shield, Heavy; Wooden or Steel: You strap a shield to your forearm and grip it with your hand. A heavy shield is so heavy that you can't use your shield hand for anything else.

Wooden or Steel: Wooden and steel shields offer the same basic protection, though they respond differently to spells and effects.

Shield Bash Attacks: You can bash an opponent with a heavy shield, using it as an off-hand weapon. See "shield, heavy" on Table: Weapons for the damage dealt by a shield bash. Studded Leather: Similar to leather armor, this suit is Used this way, a heavy shield is a martial bludgeoning reinforced with small metal studs. weapon. For the purpose of penalties on attack rolls, treat a heavy shield as a one-handed weapon. If you use your shield as a weapon, you lose its AC bonus until your next turn. An Masterwork Armor enhancement bonus on a shield does not improve the effectiveness of a shield bash made with it, but the shield can be made into a magic weapon in its own right.

Shield, Light; Wooden or Steel: You strap a shield to your forearm and grip it with your hand. A light shield's weight lets you carry other items in that hand, although you cannot use weapons with it.

Wooden or Steel: Wooden and steel shields offer the same basic protection, though they respond differently to some spells and effects.

Shield Bash Attacks: You can bash an opponent with a light shield, using it as an off-hand weapon. See "shield, light" on Table: Weapons for the damage dealt by a shield bash. Used this way, a light shield is a martial bludgeoning weapon. For You can't add the masterwork quality to armor or a shield the purpose of penalties on attack rolls, treat a light shield as a light weapon. If you use your shield as a weapon, you lose its AC bonus until your next turn. An enhancement bonus on a shield does not improve the effectiveness of a shield bash made with it, but the shield can be made into a magic weapon in its own right.

While the gauntlet is locked, you can't use the hand wearing **Shield, Tower**: This massive wooden shield is nearly as tall it for casting spells or employing skills. (You can still cast as you are. In most situations, it provides the indicated shield spells with somatic components, provided that your other bonus to your AC. As a standard action, however, you can use a tower shield to grant you total cover until the beginning of your next turn. When using a tower shield in this way, you must choose one edge of your space. That edge is treated as a solid wall for attacks targeting you only. You gain total cover for attacks that pass through this edge and no cover for Half-Plate: Combining elements of full plate and chainmail, attacks that do not pass through this edge (see Combat). The shield does not, however, provide cover against targeted spells; a spellcaster can cast a spell on you by targeting the shield you are holding. You cannot bash with a tower shield, nor can you use your shield hand for anything else.

> When employing a tower shield in combat, you take a -2penalty on attack rolls because of the shield's encumbrance.

Shield Spikes: These spikes turn a shield into a martial piercing weapon and increase the damage dealt by a shield Scale Mail: Scale mail is made up of dozens of small bash as if the shield were designed for a creature one size category larger than you (see "spiked shields" on Table: Weapons). You can't put spikes on a buckler or a tower shield. Otherwise, attacking with a spiked shield is like making a shield bash attack.

> An enhancement bonus on a spiked shield does not improve the effectiveness of a shield bash made with it, but a spiked shield can be made into a magic weapon in its own right.

> Splint Mail: Splint mail is made up of metal strips, like banded mail. The suit includes gauntlets.

Just as with weapons, you can purchase or craft masterwork versions of armor or shields. Such a well-made item functions like the normal version, except that its armor check penalty is lessened by 1.

A masterwork suit of armor or shield costs an extra 150 gp over and above the normal cost for that type of armor or shield.

The masterwork quality of a suit of armor or shield never provides a bonus on attack or damage rolls, even if the armor or shield is used as a weapon.

All magic armors and shields are automatically considered to be of masterwork quality.

after it is created; it must be crafted as a masterwork item.

Armor for Unusual Creatures

Table 6-7: Armor for Unusual Creatures

Size	Hur	nanoid	Nonhumanoid		
Size	Cost	Weight	Cost	Weight	
Small	×1	×1/2	×2	×1/2	
Medium	$\times 1$	×1	×2	×1	
Large	×2	×2	×4	×2	
Huge	×4	×5	×8	×5	
Gargantuan	×8	×8	×16	×8	
Colossal	×16	×12	×32	×12	

^{*}Divide armor bonus by 2.

Armor and shields for unusually big creatures, unusually little creatures, and nonhumanoid creatures (such as horses) have different costs and weights from those given on Table: Armor and Shields. Refer to the appropriate line on Table: cost and weight for the armor type in question.

Getting Into and Out of Armor

The time required to don armor depends on its type; see Table: Donning Armor.

Don: This column tells how long it takes a character to put the armor on. (One minute is 10 rounds.) Readying (strapping on) a shield is only a move action.

Don Hastily: This column tells how long it takes to put the armor on in a hurry. The armor check penalty and armor bonus for hastily donned armor are each 1 point worse than

Remove: This column tells how long it takes to get the armor off. Removing a shield from the arm and dropping it is only a move action.

Table 6-8: Donning Armor

Armor Type	Don	Don Hastily	Remove
Shield (any)	1 move action	n/a	1 move action
Padded, leather, hide, studded leather, or chain shirt	1 minute	5 rounds	1 minute ¹
Breastplate, scale mail, chainmail, banded mail, or splint mail	4 minutes ¹	1 minute	1 minute ¹

Armor Type	Don	Don Hastily	Remove
Half-plate or full plate 4	4 minutes ²	4 minutes ¹	1d4+1 minutes ¹

- 1 If the character has some help, cut this time in half. A single character doing nothing else can help one or two adjacent characters. Two characters can't help each other don armor at the same time.
- 2 The wearer must have help to don this armor. Without help, it can be donned only hastily.

Special Materials

Weapons and armor can be crafted using materials that possess innate special properties. If you make a suit of armor or weapon out of more than one special material, you get the benefit of only the most prevalent material. However, you can build a double weapon with each head made of a different special material.

Armor for Unusual Creatures and apply the multipliers to Each of the special materials described below has a definite game effect. Some creatures have damage reduction making them resistant to all but a special type of damage, such as that dealt by evil-aligned weapons or bludgeoning weapons. Others are vulnerable to weapons of a particular material. Characters may choose to carry several different types of weapons, depending upon the types of creatures they most commonly encounter.

> **Adamantine**: Mined from rocks that fell from the heavens, this ultrahard metal adds to the quality of a weapon or suit of armor. Weapons fashioned from adamantine have a natural ability to bypass hardness when sundering weapons or attacking objects, ignoring hardness less than 20 (see Additional Rules). Armor made from adamantine grants its wearer damage reduction of 1/— if it's light armor, 2/— if it's medium armor, and 3/— if it's heavy armor. Adamantine is so costly that weapons and armor made from it are always of masterwork quality; the masterwork cost is included in the prices given below. Thus, adamantine weapons and ammunition have a + 1 enhancement bonus on attack rolls, and the armor check penalty of adamantine armor is lessened by 1 compared to ordinary armor of its type. Items without metal parts cannot be made from adamantine. An arrow could be made of adamantine, but a quarterstaff could not.

> Weapons and armor normally made of steel that are made of adamantine have one-third more hit points than normal. Adamantine has 40 hit points per inch of thickness and hardness 20.

Type of Adamantine Item	Item Cost Modifier
Ammunition	+60 gp per missile
Light armor	+5,000 gp
Medium armor	+10,000 gp
Heavy armor	+15,000 gp
Weapon	+3,000 gp

Darkwood: This rare magic wood is as hard as normal wood but very light. Any wooden or mostly wooden item (such as Cold iron has 30 hit points per inch of thickness and hardness a bow or spear) made from darkwood is considered a 10. masterwork item and weighs only half as much as a normal wooden item of that type. Items not normally made of wood or only partially of wood (such as a battleaxe or a mace) either cannot be made from darkwood or do not gain any special benefit from being made of darkwood. The armor check penalty of a darkwood shield is lessened by 2 compared to an ordinary shield of its type. To determine the price of a darkwood item, use the original weight but add 10 gp per pound to the price of a masterwork version of that item.

hardness 5.

Dragonhide: Armorsmiths can work with the hides of dragons to produce armor or shields of masterwork quality. One dragon produces enough hide for a single suit of masterwork hide armor for a creature one size category smaller than the dragon. By selecting only choice scales and bits of hide, an armorsmith can produce one suit of suit of masterwork half-plate for a creature three sizes smaller, or one masterwork breastplate or suit of full plate for a creature four sizes smaller. In each case, enough hide is available to produce a light or heavy masterwork shield in larger. If the dragonhide comes from a dragon that had overcoming damage reduction. immunity to an energy type, the armor is also immune to that energy type, although this does not confer any protection to the wearer. If the armor or shield is later given the ability to protect the wearer against that energy type, the cost to add such protection is reduced by 25%.

Because dragonhide armor isn't made of metal, druids can wear it without penalty.

Dragonhide armor costs twice as much as masterwork armor of that type, but it takes no longer to make than ordinary armor of that type (double all Craft results).

Dragonhide has 10 hit points per inch of thickness and hardness 10. The hide of a dragon is typically between 1/2 inch and 1 inch thick.

Iron, Cold: This iron, mined deep underground and known Silver, Alchemical: A complex process involving metallurgy for its effectiveness against demons and fey creatures, is and alchemy can bond silver to a weapon made of steel so forged at a lower temperature to preserve its delicate

properties. Weapons made of cold iron cost twice as much to make as their normal counterparts. Also, adding any magical enhancements to a cold iron weapon increases its price by 2,000 gp. This increase is applied the first time the item is enhanced, not once per ability added.

Items without metal parts cannot be made from cold iron. An arrow could be made of cold iron, but a quarterstaff could not. A double weapon with one cold iron half costs 50% more than normal.

Mithral: Mithral is a very rare silvery, glistening metal that is lighter than steel but just as hard. When worked like steel, it becomes a wonderful material from which to create armor, and is occasionally used for other items as well. Most mithral armors are one category lighter than normal for purposes of movement and other limitations. Heavy armors are treated as medium, and medium armors are treated as light, but light armors are still treated as light. This decrease does not apply to proficiency in wearing the armor. A character wearing mithral full plate must be proficient in wearing heavy armor Darkwood has 10 hit points per inch of thickness and to avoid adding the armor's check penalty to all his attack rolls and skill checks that involve moving. Spell failure chances for armors and shields made from mithral are decreased by 10%, maximum Dexterity bonuses are increased by 2, and armor check penalties are decreased by 3 (to a minimum of 0).

An item made from mithral weighs half as much as the same item made from other metals. In the case of weapons, this masterwork banded mail for a creature two sizes smaller, one lighter weight does not change a weapon's size category or the ease with which it can be wielded (whether it is light, one-handed, or two-handed). Items not primarily of metal are not meaningfully affected by being partially made of mithral. (A longsword can be a mithral weapon, while a quarterstaff addition to the armor, provided that the dragon is Large or cannot.) Mithral weapons count as silver for the purpose of

> Weapons or armors fashioned from mithral are always masterwork items as well; the masterwork cost is included in the prices given below.

> Mithral has 30 hit points per inch of thickness and hardness

Type of Mithral Item	Item Cost Modifier
Light armor	+1,000 gp
Medium armor	+4,000 gp
Heavy armor	+9,000 gp
Shield	+1,000 gp
Other items	+500 gp/lb.

that it bypasses the damage reduction of creatures such as lycanthropes.

On a successful attack with a silvered slashing or piercing weapon, the wielder takes a -1 penalty on the damage roll (with a minimum of 1 point of damage). The alchemical silvering process can't be applied to nonmetal items, and it doesn't work on rare metals such as adamantine, cold iron, and mithral.

Alchemical silver has 10 hit points per inch of thickness and hardness 8.

Type of Alchemical Silver Item	Item Cost Modifier
Ammunition	+2 gp
Light weapon	+20 gp
One-handed weapon, or one head of a double weapon	+90 gp
Two-handed weapon, or both heads of a double weapon	+180 gp

Goods And Services

Table 6-9: Goods and Services

Advent	turing Gear	
Item	Cost	Weight
Backpack (empty)	2 gp	2 lbs. ¹
Barrel (empty)	2 gp	30 lbs.
Basket (empty)	4 sp	1 lb.
Bedroll	1 sp	5 lbs. ¹
Bell	1 gp	_
Blanket, winter	5 sp	3 lbs. ¹
Block and tackle	5 gp	5 lbs.
Bottle, glass	2 gp	1 lb.
Bucket (empty)	5 sp	2 lbs.
Caltrops	1 gp	2 lbs.
Candle	1 cp	
Canvas (sq. yd.)	1 sp	1 lb.
Case, map or scroll	1 gp	1/2 lb.
Chain (10 ft.)	30 gp	2 lbs.
Chalk, 1 piece	1 cp	
Chest (empty)	2 gp	25 lbs.
Crowbar	2 gp	5 lbs.
Firewood (per day)	1 cp	20 lbs.
Fishhook	1 sp	_
Fishing net, 25 sq. ft.	4 gp	5 lbs.
Flask (empty)	3 cp	1-1/2 lbs.

Flint and steel	1 gp	_
Grappling hook	1 gp	4 lbs.
Hammer	5 sp	2 lbs.
Hourglass	25 gp	1 lb.
Ink (1 oz. vial)	8 gp	_
Inkpen	1 sp	_
Jug, clay	3 cp	9 lbs.
Ladder, 10-foot	2 sp	20 lbs.
Lamp, common	1 sp	1 lb.
Lantern, bullseye	12 gp	3 lbs.
Lantern, hooded	7 gp	2 lbs.
Lock		
Simple	20 gp	1 lb.
Average	40 gp	1 lb.
Good	80 gp	1 lb.
Superior	150 gp	1 lb.
Manacles	15 gp	2 lbs.
Manacles, masterwork	50 gp	2 lbs.
Mirror, small steel	10 gp	1/2 lb.
Mug/Tankard, clay	2 cp	1 lbs.
Oil (1-pint flask)	1 sp	1 lbs.
Paper (sheet)	4 sp	_
Parchment (sheet)	2 sp	_
Pick, miner's	3 gp	10 lbs.
Pitcher, clay	2 cp	5 lbs.
Piton	1 sp	1/2 lb.
Pole, 10-foot	5 cp	8 lbs.
Pot, iron	8 sp	4 lbs.
Pouch, belt (empty)	1 gp	1/2 lb.1
Ram, portable	10 gp	20 lbs.
Rations, trail (per day)	5 sp	1 lb. ¹
Rope, hemp (50 ft.)	1 gp	10 lbs.
Rope, silk (50 ft.)	10 gp	5 lbs.
Sack (empty)	1 sp	1/2 lb.1
Sealing wax	1 gp	1 lbs.
Sewing needle	5 sp	_
Shovel or spade	2 gp	8 lbs.
Signal whistle	8 sp	_
Signet ring	5 gp	_
Sledge	1 gp	10 lbs.
Soap (per lb.)	5 sp	1 lb.
Spyglass	1,000 gp	1 lb.
Tent	10 gp	20 lbs. ¹
Torch	1 cp	1 lb.

Vial, ink or potion	1 gp	_	Explorer's outfit	10 gp	8 lbs. ¹
Water clock	1,000 gp	200 lbs.	Monk's outfit	5 gp	2 lbs. ¹
Waterskin	1 gp	4 lbs. ¹	Noble's outfit	75 gp	10 lbs. ¹
Whetstone	2 cp	1 lbs.	Peasant's outfit	1 sp	2 lbs. ¹
Special Substances and Items	5		Royal outfit	200 gp	15 lbs. ¹
Item	Cost	Weight	Scholar's outfit	5 gp	6 lbs. ¹
Acid (flask)	10 gp	1 lb.	Traveler's outfit		5 lbs. ¹
Alchemist's fire (flask)	20 gp	1 lb.		1 gp	5 lbs. ⁻
Antitoxin (vial)	50 gp		Food, Drink, and Lodging	Coat	Woight
Everburning torch	110 gp	1 lb.	Item	Cost	Weight
Holy water (flask)	25 gp	1 lb.	Ale	2	0.11
Smokestick	20 gp	1/2 lb.	Gallon	2 sp	8 lbs.
Sunrod	2 gp	1 lb.	Mug	4 cp	1 lb.
Tanglefoot bag	50 gp	4 lbs.	Banquet (per person)	10 gp	1/2.15
Thunderstone	30 gp	1 lb.	Bread, loaf of	2 cp	1/2 lb.
Tindertwig	1 gp	_	Cheese, hunk of	1 sp	1/2 lb.
Tools and Skill Kits			Inn stay (per day) Good	2 ~~	
Item	Cost	Weight		2 gp	—
Alchemist's lab	200 gp	40 lbs.	Common Poor	5 sp	_
Artisan's tools	5 gp	5 lbs.		2 sp	_
Artisan's tools, masterwork	55 gp	5 lbs.	Meals (per day) Good	5 an	
Climber's kit	80 gp	5 lbs. ¹	Common	5 sp	—
Disguise kit	50 gp	8 lbs. ¹	Poor	3 sp	
Healer's kit	50 gp	1 lb.	Meat, chunk of	1 sp 3 sp	1/2 lb.
Holly and mistletoe			Wine	3 sp	1/2 10.
Holy symbol, wooden	1 gp	_	Common (pitcher)	2 sp	6 lbs.
Holy symbol, silver	25 gp	1 lb.	Fine (bottle)	10 gp	1-1/2 lbs.
Magnifying glass Musical instrument,	100 gp	—	Mounts and Related Gear	10 SP	1 1/2 105.
common	5 gp	3 lbs. ¹	Item	Cost	Weight
Musical instrument,			Barding		., o.g
masterwork	100 gp	3 lbs. ¹	Medium creature	$\times 2^2$	×1 ²
Scale, merchant's	2 gp	1 lb.	Large creature	×4 ²	×2 ²
Spell component pouch	5 gp	2 lbs.	Bit and bridle	2 gp	1 lb.
Spellbook, wizard's (blank)	15 gp	3 lbs.	Dog, guard	25 gp	
Thieves' tools	30 gp	1 lb.	Dog, riding	150 gp	_
Thieves' tools, masterwork	100 gp	2 lbs.	Donkey or mule	8 gp	_
Tool, masterwork	50 gp	1 lb.	Feed (per day)	5 cp	10 lbs.
Clothing			Horse	o op	10 105.
Artisan's outfit	1 gp	4 lbs. ¹	Horse, heavy	200 gp	_
Cleric's vestments	5 gp	6 lbs. ¹	Horse, heavy (combat		
Cold-weather outfit	8 gp	7 lbs. ¹	trained)	300 gp	_
Courtier's outfit	30 gp	6 lbs. 1	Horse, light	75 gp	_
			Horse, light(combat	110 gp	
Entertainer's outfit	3 gp	4 lbs. ¹	trained)	110 gp	_

Pony	30 gp	_
Pony (combat trained)	45 gp	_
Saddle		
Military	20 gp	30 lbs.
Pack	5 gp	15 lbs.
Riding	10 gp	25 lbs.
Saddle, Exotic		
Military	60 gp	40 lbs.
Pack	15 gp	20 lbs.
Riding	30 gp	30 lbs.
Saddlebags	4 gp	8 lbs.
Stabling (per day)	5 sp	_
Transport		
Item	Cost	Weight
Item Carriage	Cost 100 gp	Weight 600 lbs.
Carriage	100 gp	600 lbs.
Carriage Cart	100 gp 15 gp	600 lbs.
Carriage Cart Galley	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp	600 lbs.
Carriage Cart Galley Keelboat	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp 3,000 gp	600 lbs.
Carriage Cart Galley Keelboat Longship	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp 3,000 gp 10,000 gp	600 lbs. 200 lbs. — — —
Carriage Cart Galley Keelboat Longship Rowboat	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp 3,000 gp 10,000 gp 50 gp	600 lbs. 200 lbs
Carriage Cart Galley Keelboat Longship Rowboat Oar	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp 3,000 gp 10,000 gp 50 gp 2 gp	600 lbs. 200 lbs
Carriage Cart Galley Keelboat Longship Rowboat Oar Sailing ship	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp 3,000 gp 10,000 gp 50 gp 2 gp 10,000 gp	600 lbs. 200 lbs. — — — 100 lbs. 10 lbs.
Carriage Cart Galley Keelboat Longship Rowboat Oar Sailing ship Sled	100 gp 15 gp 30,000 gp 3,000 gp 10,000 gp 50 gp 2 gp 10,000 gp 20 gp	600 lbs. 200 lbs. — — 100 lbs. 10 lbs. — 300 lbs.

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	, 61
Spellcasting and Services	
Service	Cost
Coach cab	3 cp per mile
Hireling, trained	3 sp per day
Hireling, untrained	1 sp per day
Messenger	2 cp per mile
Road or gate toll	1 cp
Ship's passage	1 sp per mile
Spellcasting	Caster level \times spell level \times 10 gp ³

- No weight, or no weight worth noting.
- 1 These items weigh one-quarter this amount when made for Small characters. Containers for Small characters also carry one-quarter the normal amount.
- 2 Relative to similar armor made for a Medium humanoid.
- 3 See spell description for additional costs. If the additional costs put the spell's total cost above 3,000 gp, that spell is not generally available. Use a spell level of 1/2 for 0-level spells to calculate the cost.

variety of gear, from rations (to sustain him on long travels), to rope (which is useful in countless circumstances). Most of the common gear carried by adventurers is summarized on Table: Goods and Services.

Adventuring Gear

Some of the pieces of adventuring gear found on Table: Goods and Services are described below, along with any special benefits they confer on the user ("you").

Caltrops: A caltrop is a four-pronged metal spike crafted so that one prong faces up no matter how the caltrop comes to rest. You scatter caltrops on the ground in the hope that your enemies step on them or are at least forced to slow down to avoid them. One 2-pound bag of caltrops covers an area 5 feet square.

Each time a creature moves into an area covered by caltrops (or spends a round fighting while standing in such an area), it runs the risk of stepping on one. Make an attack roll for the caltrops (base attack bonus +0) against the creature. For this attack, the creature's shield, armor, and deflection bonuses do not count. If the creature is wearing shoes or other footwear, it gets a +2 armor bonus to AC. If the attack succeeds, the creature has stepped on a caltrop. The caltrop deals 1 point of damage, and the creature's speed is reduced by half because its foot is wounded. This movement penalty lasts for 24 hours, until the creature is successfully treated with a DC 15 Heal check, or until it receives at least 1 point of magical healing. A charging or running creature must immediately stop if it steps on a caltrop. Any creature moving at half speed or slower can pick its way through a bed of caltrops with no trouble.

Caltrops may not work against unusual opponents.

Candle: A candle dimly illuminates a small area, increasing the light level in a 5-foot radius by one step (darkness becomes dim light and dim light becomes normal light). A candle cannot increase the light level above normal light. A candle burns for 1 hour.

Chain: Chain has hardness 10 and 5 hit points. It can be burst with a DC 26 Strength check.

Crowbar: A crowbar grants a +2 circumstance bonus on Strength checks made to force open a door or chest. If used in combat, treat a crowbar as a one-handed improvised weapon that deals bludgeoning damage equal to that of a club of its size.

Flint and Steel: Lighting a torch with flint and steel is a fullround action, and lighting any other fire with them takes at least that long.

Grappling Hook: Throwing a grappling hook requires a ranged attack roll, treating the hook as a thrown weapon with Beyond armor and weapons, a character can carry a whole a range increment of 10 feet. Objects with ample places to

catch the hook are AC 5.

Hammer: If a hammer is used in combat, treat it as a one- You can pour a pint of oil on the ground to cover an area 5 handed improvised weapon that deals bludgeoning damage feet square, provided that the surface is smooth. If lit, the oil equal to that of a spiked gauntlet of its size.

Ink: Ink in colors other than black costs twice as much.

Jug, Clay: This basic jug is fitted with a stopper and holds 1 gallon of liquid.

Lamp, Common: A lamp illuminates a small area, providing normal light in a 15-foot radius and increasing the light level by one step for an additional 15 feet beyond that area (darkness becomes dim light and dim light becomes normal light). A lamp does not increase the light level in normal light or bright light. A lamp burns for 6 hours on one pint of oil. Rope, Hemp: This rope has 2 hit points and can be burst You can carry a lamp in one hand.

in a 60-foot cone and increases the light level by one step in DC 24 Strength check. the area beyond that, out to a 120-foot cone (darkness becomes dim light and dim light becomes normal light). A bullseye lantern does not increase the light level in normal light or bright light. A lantern burns for 6 hours on one pint of oil. You can carry a lantern in one hand.

Lantern, Hooded: A hooded lantern sheds normal light in a 30-foot radius and increases the light level by one step for an additional 30 feet beyond that area (darkness becomes dim light and dim light becomes normal light). A hooded lantern Torch: A torch burns for 1 hour, shedding normal light in a does not increase the light level in normal light or bright 20-foot radius and increasing the light level by one step for light. A lantern burns for 6 hours on one pint of oil. You can an additional 20 feet beyond that area (darkness becomes carry a lantern in one hand.

Lock: The DC to open a lock with the Disable Device skill depends on the lock's quality: simple (DC 20), average (DC 25), good (DC 30), or superior (DC 40).

Manacles, Standard and Masterwork: Manacles can bind a Medium creature. A manacled creature can use the Escape Artist skill to slip free (DC 30, or DC 35 for masterwork manacles). Breaking the manacles requires a Strength check Water Clock: This large, bulky contrivance gives the time (DC 26, or DC 28 for masterwork manacles). Manacles have accurately to within half an hour per day since it was last set. hardness 10 and 10 hit points.

Most manacles have locks; add the cost of the lock you want to the cost of the manacles.

creature. For a Large creature, manacles cost 10 times the indicated amount, and for a Huge creature, 100 times the indicated amount. Gargantuan, Colossal, Tiny, Diminutive, and Fine creatures can be held only by specially made manacles, which cost at least 100 times the indicated amount.

Oil: A pint of oil burns for 6 hours in a lantern or lamp. You can also use a flask of oil as a splash weapon. Use the rules for alchemist's fire (see Special Substances and Items on Table: Goods and Services), except that it takes a full-round action to prepare a flask with a fuse. Once it is thrown, there

is a 50% chance of the flask igniting successfully.

burns for 2 rounds and deals 1d3 points of fire damage to each creature in the area.

Pick, Miner's: If a miner's pick is used in combat, treat it as a two-handed improvised weapon that deals piercing damage equal to that of a heavy pick of its size.

Ram, Portable: This iron-shod wooden beam gives you a +2 circumstance bonus on Strength checks made to break open a door and allows a second person to help, automatically increasing your bonus by 2.

with a DC 23 Strength check.

Lantern, Bullseye: A bullseye lantern provides normal light Rope, Silk: This rope has 4 hit points and can be burst with a

Shovel: If a shovel is used in combat, treat it as a one-handed improvised weapon that deals bludgeoning damage equal to that of a club of its size.

Spyglass: Objects viewed through a spyglass are magnified to twice their size. Characters using a spyglass take a -1 penalty on Perception skill checks per 20 feet of distance to the target, if the target is visible.

dim light and dim light becomes normal light). A torch does not increase the light level in normal light or bright light. If a torch is used in combat, treat it as a one-handed improvised weapon that deals bludgeoning damage equal to that of a gauntlet of its size, plus 1 point of fire damage.

Vial: A vial is made out of glass or steel and holds 1 ounce of liquid.

It requires a source of water, and it must be kept still because it marks time by the regulated flow of droplets of water.

For the same cost, you can buy manacles for a Small Special Substances and Items

Any of these substances except for the everburning torch and holy water can be made by a character with the Craft (alchemy) skill.

Acid: You can throw a flask of acid as a splash weapon. Treat this attack as a ranged touch attack with a range increment of 10 feet. A direct hit deals 1d6 points of acid damage. Every creature within 5 feet of the point where the acid hits takes 1 point of acid damage from the splash.

Alchemist's Fire: You can throw a flask of alchemist's fire as

a splash weapon. Treat this attack as a ranged touch attack tar, resin, and other sticky substances. When you throw a with a range increment of 10 feet.

A direct hit deals 1d6 points of fire damage. Every creature within 5 feet of the point where the flask hits takes 1 point of fire damage from the splash. On the round following a direct hit, the target takes an additional 1d6 points of damage. If desired, the target can use a full-round action to attempt to extinguish the flames before taking this additional damage. Extinguishing the flames requires a DC 15 Reflex save. Rolling on the ground provides the target a +2 bonus on the save. Leaping into a lake or magically extinguishing the flames automatically smothers the fire.

Antitoxin: If you drink a vial of antitoxin, you get a +5 alchemical bonus on Fortitude saving throws against poison for 1 hour.

damage if used as a weapon.

Holy Water: Holy water damages undead creatures and evil outsiders almost as if it were acid. A flask of holy water can be thrown as a splash weapon.

increment of 10 feet. A flask breaks if thrown against the body of a corporeal creature, but to use it against an incorporeal creature, you must open the flask and pour the holy water out onto the target. Thus, you can douse an incorporeal creature with holy water only if you are adjacent to it. Doing so is a ranged touch attack that does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

creature within 5 feet of the point where the flask hits takes 1 point of damage from the splash.

Temples to good deities sell holy water at cost (making no Since you don't need to hit a specific target, you can simply profit). Holy water is made using the *bless water* spell.

Smokestick: This alchemically treated wooden stick instantly creates thick, opaque smoke when burned. The Tindertwig: The alchemical substance on the end of this smoke fills a 10-foot cube (treat the effect as a fog cloud small, wooden stick ignites when struck against a rough spell, except that a moderate or stronger wind dissipates the surface. Creating a flame with a tindertwig is much faster smoke in 1 round). The stick is consumed after 1 round, and than creating a flame with flint and steel (or a magnifying the smoke dissipates naturally after 1 minute.

Sunrod: This 1-foot-long, gold-tipped, iron rod glows brightly when struck as a standard action. It sheds normal light in a 30-foot radius and increases the light level by one step for an additional 30 feet beyond that area (darkness becomes dim light and dim light becomes normal light). A sunrod does not increase the light level in normal light or These items are particularly useful to characters with certain bright light. It glows for 6 hours, after which the gold tip is skills and class abilities. burned out and worthless.

tanglefoot bag at a creature (as a ranged touch attack with a range increment of 10 feet), the bag comes apart and goo bursts out, entangling the target and then becoming tough and resilient upon exposure to air. An entangled creature takes a -2 penalty on attack rolls and a -4 penalty to Dexterity and must make a DC 15 Reflex save or be glued to the floor, unable to move. Even on a successful save, it can move only at half speed. Huge or larger creatures are unaffected by a tanglefoot bag. A flying creature is not stuck to the floor, but it must make a DC 15 Reflex save or be unable to fly (assuming it uses its wings to fly) and fall to the ground. A tanglefoot bag does not function underwater.

A creature that is glued to the floor (or unable to fly) can break free by making a DC 17 Strength check or by dealing 15 points of damage to the goo with a slashing weapon. A Everburning Torch: This otherwise normal torch has a creature trying to scrape goo off itself, or another creature continual flame spell cast on it. This causes it to shed light assisting, does not need to make an attack roll; hitting the like an ordinary torch, but it does not emit heat or deal fire goo is automatic, after which the creature that hit makes a damage roll to see how much of the goo was scraped off. Once free, the creature can move (including flying) at half speed. If the entangled creature attempts to cast a spell, it must make concentration check with a DC of 15 + the spell's level or be unable to cast the spell. The goo becomes brittle Treat this attack as a ranged touch attack with a range and fragile after 2d4 rounds, cracking apart and losing its effectiveness. An application of universal solvent to a stuck creature dissolves the alchemical goo immediately.

Thunderstone: You can throw this stone as a ranged attack with a range increment of 20 feet. When it strikes a hard surface (or is struck hard), it creates a deafening bang that is treated as a sonic attack. Each creature within a 10-footradius spread must make a DC 15 Fortitude save or be A direct hit by a flask of holy water deals 2d4 points of deafened for 1 hour. A deafened creature, in addition to the damage to an undead creature or an evil outsider. Each such obvious effects, takes a -4 penalty on initiative and has a 20% chance to miscast and lose any spell with a verbal component that it tries to cast.

aim at a particular 5-foot square. Treat the target square as

glass) and tinder. Lighting a torch with a tindertwig is a standard action (rather than a full-round action), and lighting any other fire with one is at least a standard action.

Tools and Skill Kits

Alchemist's Lab: This lab is used for making alchemical Tanglefoot Bag: A tanglefoot bag is a small sack filled with items, and provides a +2 circumstance bonus on Craft

the Craft (alchemy) skill is assumed to have enough tools to (one page each for 0-level spells). use the skill but not enough to get the +2 bonus that the lab provides.

to pursue any craft. Without them, you have to use circumstance penalty on Disable Device checks. improvised tools (-2 penalty on Craft checks), if you can do the job at all.

Artisan's Tools, Masterwork: These tools serve the same bonus on Disable Device checks. purpose as artisan's tools, but masterwork artisan's tools are the perfect tools for the job, so you get a +2 circumstance bonus on Craft checks made with them.

Climber's Kit: These crampons, pitons, ropes, and tools give masterwork items do not stack. you a +2 circumstance bonus on Climb checks.

Disguise Kit: The kit is the perfect tool for disguise and provides a +2 circumstance bonus on Disguise checks. A disguise kit is exhausted after 10 uses.

Healer's Kit: This collection of bandages and herbs provides a +2 circumstance bonus on Heal checks. A healer's kit is Artisan's Outfit: This outfit includes a shirt with buttons, a exhausted after 10 uses.

Holly and Mistletoe: Druids commonly use these plants as divine focuses when casting spells.

Holy Symbol, Silver or Wooden: A holy symbol focuses positive energy and is used by good clerics and paladins (or by neutral clerics who want to cast good spells or channel positive energy). Each religion has its own holy symbol.

Unholy Symbols: An unholy symbol is like a holy symbol except that it focuses negative energy and is used by evil clerics (or by neutral clerics who want to cast evil spells or channel negative energy).

Magnifying Glass: This simple lens allows a closer look at small objects. It is also useful as a substitute for flint and steel when starting fires. Lighting a fire with a magnifying glass requires bright light, such as sunlight to focus, tinder to ignite, and at least a full-round action. A magnifying glass grants a +2 circumstance bonus on Appraise checks involving any item that is small or highly detailed.

Musical Instrument, Common or Masterwork: A masterwork instrument grants a +2 circumstance bonus on Perform checks involving its use.

Scale, Merchant's: A merchant's scale grants a +2 circumstance bonus on Appraise checks involving items that are valued by weight, including anything made of precious metals.

Spell Component Pouch: A spellcaster with a spell component pouch is assumed to have all the material have plenty of pockets (especially the cloak). The outfit also components and focuses needed for spellcasting, except for includes any extra accessories you might need, such as a those components that have a specific cost, divine focuses, scarf or a wide-brimmed hat. and focuses that wouldn't fit in a pouch.

(alchemy) checks. It has no bearing on the costs related to **Spellbook**, **Wizard's**: A spellbook has 100 pages of the Craft (alchemy) skill. Without this lab, a character with parchment, and each spell takes up one page per spell level

Thieves' Tools: This kit contains lockpicks and other tools you need to use the Disable Device skill. Without these tools, **Artisan's Tools**: These special tools include the items needed you must use improvised tools, and you take a -2

> Thieves' Tools, Masterwork: This kit contains extra tools and tools of better make, which grant a +2 circumstance

> Tool, Masterwork: This well-made item is the perfect tool for the job. It grants a +2 circumstance bonus on a related skill check (if any). Bonuses provided by multiple

Clothing

All characters begin play with one outfit, valued at 10 gp or less. Additional outfits can be purchased normally.

skirt or pants with a drawstring, shoes, and perhaps a cap or hat. It may also include a belt or a leather or cloth apron for carrying tools.

Cleric's Vestments: These clothes are for performing priestly functions, not for adventuring. Cleric's vestments typically include a cassock, stole, and surplice.

Cold-Weather Outfit: This outfit includes a wool coat, linen shirt, wool cap, heavy cloak, thick pants or skirt, and boots. This outfit grants a +5 circumstance bonus on Fortitude saving throws against exposure to cold weather.

Courtier's Outfit: This outfit includes fancy, tailored clothes in whatever fashion happens to be the current style in the courts of the nobles. Anyone trying to influence nobles or courtiers while wearing street dress will have a hard time of it (-2 penalty on Charisma-based skill checks to influence such individuals). If you wear this outfit without jewelry (costing an additional 50 gp), you look like an out-of-place commoner.

Entertainer's Outfit: This set of flashy—perhaps even gaudy—clothes is for entertaining. While the outfit looks whimsical, its practical design lets you tumble, dance, walk a tightrope, or just run (if the audience turns ugly).

Explorer's Outfit: This set of clothes is for someone who never knows what to expect. It includes sturdy boots, leather breeches or a skirt, a belt, a shirt (perhaps with a vest or jacket), gloves, and a cloak. Rather than a leather skirt, a leather overtunic may be worn over a cloth skirt. The clothes Monk's Outfit: This simple outfit includes sandals, loose Armor for a horse (a Large nonhumanoid creature) costs four breeches, and a loose shirt, and is bound together with times as much as human armor (a Medium humanoid sashes. The outfit is designed to give you maximum mobility, creature) and also weighs twice as much (see Table: Armor and it's made of high-quality fabric. You can conceal small for Unusual Creatures). If the barding is for a pony or other weapons in pockets hidden in the folds, and the sashes are Medium mount, the cost is only double, and the weight is the strong enough to serve as short ropes.

Noble's Outfit: These clothes are designed specifically to be expensive and gaudy. Precious metals and gems are worked into the clothing. A would-be noble also needs a signet ring Flying mounts can't fly in medium or heavy barding. and jewelry (worth at least 100 gp) to accessorize this outfit.

Cloth wrappings are used for shoes.

Royal Outfit: This is just the clothing, not the royal scepter, crown, ring, and other accoutrements. Royal clothes are ostentatious, with gems, gold, silk, and fur in abundance.

Scholar's Outfit: Perfect for a scholar, this outfit includes a robe, a belt, a cap, soft shoes, and possibly a cloak.

Traveler's Outfit: This set of clothes consists of boots, a wool skirt or breeches, a sturdy belt, a shirt (perhaps with a vest or jacket), and an ample cloak with a hood.

Food, Drink, and Lodging

These prices are for meals and accommodations establishments in an average city.

Inn: Poor accommodations at an inn amount to a place on the floor near the hearth. Common accommodations consist of a place on a raised, heated floor and the use of a blanket and a pillow. Good accommodations consist of a small, private room with one bed, some amenities, and a covered chamber pot in the corner.

Meals: Poor meals might be composed of bread, baked turnips, onions, and water. Common meals might consist of bread, chicken stew, carrots, and watered-down ale or wine. Good meals might be composed of bread and pastries, beef, peas, and ale or wine.

Mounts and Related Gear

These are the common mounts available in most cities. Some markets might have additional creatures available, such as camels or even griffons, depending on the terrain. Such Saddle, Military: This saddle braces the rider, providing a additional choices are up to GM discretion.

Barding, Medium Creature and Large Creature: Barding is a type of armor that covers the head, neck, chest, body, and possibly legs of a horse or other mount. Barding made of Saddle, Pack: A pack saddle holds gear and supplies, but not medium or heavy armor provides better protection than light barding, but at the expense of speed. Barding can be made of any of the armor types found on Table: Armor and Shields.

same as for Medium armor worn by a humanoid. Medium or heavy barding slows a mount that wears it, as shown on the table below.

Removing and fitting barding takes five times as long as the Peasant's Outfit: This set of clothes consists of a loose shirt figures given on Table: Donning Armor. A barded animal and baggy breeches, or a loose shirt and skirt or overdress. cannot be used to carry any load other than a rider and normal saddlebags.

Dandina		Modifier	
Barding	(40 ft)	(50 ft.)	(60 ft.)
Medium	30 ft.	35 ft.	40 ft.
Heavy	30 ft.*	35 ft.*	40 ft.*

* A mount wearing heavy armor moves at only triple its normal speed when running instead of quadruple.

Dog, Riding: This Medium dog is specially trained to carry a Small humanoid rider. It is brave in combat like a wartrained horse. Due to its smaller stature, you take no damage when you fall from a riding dog.

Donkey or Mule: Donkeys and mules are stolid in the face of danger, hardy, surefooted, and capable of carrying heavy loads over vast distances. Unlike a horse, a donkey or a mule is willing (though not eager) to enter dungeons and other strange or threatening places.

Feed: Horses, donkeys, mules, and ponies can graze to sustain themselves, but providing feed for them is better. If you have a riding dog, you have to feed it meat.

Horse: A horse is suitable as a mount for a human, dwarf, elf, half-elf, or half-orc. A pony is smaller than a horse and is a suitable mount for a gnome or halfling.

A combat-trained horse can be ridden into combat without danger. See the Handle Animal skill for a list of tricks known by horses and ponies with combat training.

Saddle, Exotic: An exotic saddle is designed for an unusual mount. Exotic saddles come in military, pack, and riding styles.

+2 circumstance bonus on Ride checks related to staying in the saddle. If you're knocked unconscious while in a military saddle, you have a 75% chance to stay in the saddle.

a rider. It holds as much gear as the mount can carry.

Saddle, Riding: If you are knocked unconscious while in a

riding saddle, you have a 50% chance to stay in the saddle.

Transport

generally exclude crew or animals.

Carriage: This four-wheeled vehicle can transport as many as four people within an enclosed cab, plus two drivers. In general, two horses (or other beasts of burden) draw it. A carriage comes with the harness needed to pull it.

Cart: This two-wheeled vehicle can be drawn by a single horse (or other beast of burden). It comes with a harness.

Galley: This three-masted ship has 70 oars on either side and requires a total crew of 200. A galley is 130 feet long and 20 feet wide, and can carry 150 tons of cargo or 250 soldiers. For 8,000 gp more, it can be fitted with a ram and castles **Messenger**: This includes horse-riding messengers and about 4 miles per hour when being rowed or under sail.

Keelboat: This 50- to 75-foot-long ship is 15 to 20 feet wide Road or Gate Toll: A toll is sometimes charged to cross a tons of cargo or 100 soldiers. It can make sea voyages, as toll to enter or exit (or sometimes just to enter). well as sail down rivers (thanks to its flat bottom). It moves about 1 mile per hour.

can carry 50 tons of cargo or 120 soldiers. A longship can make sea voyages. It moves about 3 miles per hour when being rowed or under sail.

per hour.

Sailing Ship: This large, seaworthy ship is 75 to 90 feet long and 20 feet wide, and has a crew of 20. It can carry 150 tons of cargo. It has square sails on its two masts and can make sea voyages. It moves about 2 miles per hour.

Sled: This is a wagon on runners for snow and ice travel. In general, two horses (or other beasts of burden) draw it. A sled comes with the harness needed to pull it.

Wagon: A four-wheeled, open vehicle for transporting heavy loads. Two horses (or other beasts of burden) must draw it. A wagon comes with the harness needed to pull it.

although oars can also propel it. It has a crew of 60 to 80 rowers. This ship can carry 160 soldiers, but not for long pay for two castings of the spell, even if you aren't returning distances, since there isn't room for supplies to support that with the caster. many people. The warship cannot make sea voyages and sticks to the coast. It is not used for cargo. It moves about 2-1/2 miles per hour when being rowed or under sail.

Spellcasting and Services

Sometimes the best solution to a problem is to hire someone else to take care of it.

The prices listed are to purchase the vehicle. These prices Coach Cab: The price given is for a ride in a coach that transports people (and light cargo) between towns. For a ride in a cab that transports passengers within a city, 1 copper piece usually takes you anywhere you need to go.

> **Hireling, Trained**: The amount given is the typical daily wage for mercenary warriors, masons, craftsmen, cooks, scribes, teamsters, and other trained hirelings. This value represents a minimum wage; many such hirelings require significantly higher pay.

> Hireling, Untrained: The amount shown is the typical daily wage for laborers, maids, and other menial workers.

with firing platforms fore, aft, and amidships. This ship runners. Those willing to carry a message to a place they cannot make sea voyages and sticks to the coast. It moves were going anyway may ask for only half the indicated amount.

and has a few oars to supplement its single mast with a well-kept and well-guarded road to pay for patrols on it and square sail. It has a crew of 8 to 15 and can carry 40 to 50 for its upkeep. Occasionally, a large, walled city charges a

Ship's Passage: Most ships do not specialize in passengers, but many have the capability to take a few along when Longship: This 75-foot-long ship with 40 oars requires a transporting cargo. Double the given cost for creatures larger total crew of 50. It has a single mast and a square sail, and it than Medium or creatures that are otherwise difficult to bring aboard a ship.

Spellcasting: The indicated amount is how much it costs to get a spellcaster to cast a spell for you. This cost assumes Rowboat: This 8- to 12-foot-long boat with two oars holds that you can go to the spellcaster and have the spell cast at two or three Medium passengers. It moves about 1-1/2 miles his convenience (generally at least 24 hours later, so that the spellcaster has time to prepare the spell in question). If you want to bring the spellcaster somewhere to cast a spell you need to negotiate with him, and the default answer is no.

> The cost given is for any spell that does not require a costly material component. If the spell includes a material component, add the cost of that component to the cost of the spell. If the spell has a focus component (other than a divine focus), add 1/10 the cost of that focus to the cost of the spell.

Furthermore, if a spell has dangerous consequences, the spellcaster will certainly require proof that you can and will pay for dealing with any such consequences (that is, assuming that the spellcaster even agrees to cast such a spell, Warship: This 100-foot-long ship has a single mast, which isn't certain). In the case of spells that transport the caster and characters over a distance, you will likely have to

> In addition, not every town or village has a spellcaster of sufficient level to cast any spell. In general, you must travel

to a small town (or larger settlement) to be reasonably assured of finding a spellcaster capable of casting 1st-level spells, a large town for 2nd-level spells, a small city for 3rd-or 4th-level spells, a large city for 5th- or 6th-level spells, and a metropolis for 7th- or 8th-level spells. Even a metropolis isn't guaranteed to have a local spellcaster able to cast 9th-level spells.

7. Additional Rules

Alignment

A creature's general moral and personal attitudes are represented by its alignment: lawful good, neutral good, chaotic good, lawful neutral, neutral, chaotic neutral, lawful evil, neutral evil, or chaotic evil.

Alignment is a tool for developing your character's identity —it is not a straitiacket for restricting your character. Each alignment represents a broad range of personality types or personal philosophies, so two characters of the same alignment can still be quite different from each other. In Someone who is neutral with respect to law and chaos has addition, few people are completely consistent.

All creatures have an alignment. Alignment determines the effectiveness of some spells and magic items.

Animals and other creatures incapable of moral action are neutral. Even deadly vipers and tigers that eat people are neutral because they lack the capacity for morally right or wrong behavior. Dogs may be obedient and cats free-spirited, chaotic.

Good Versus Evil

Good characters and creatures protect innocent life. Evil characters and creatures debase or destroy innocent life, whether for fun or profit.

Good implies altruism, respect for life, and a concern for the dignity of sentient beings. Good characters make personal sacrifices to help others.

Evil implies hurting, oppressing, and killing others. Some evil creatures simply have no compassion for others and kill without qualms if doing so is convenient. Others actively pursue evil, killing for sport or out of duty to some evil deity Nine distinct alignments define the possible combinations of or master.

People who are neutral with respect to good and evil have compunctions against killing the innocent, but may lack the commitment to make sacrifices to protect or help others.

Law Versus Chaos

Lawful characters tell the truth, keep their word, respect authority, honor tradition, and judge those who fall short of their duties. Chaotic characters follow their consciences, his PC, but such characters are often a source of disruption resent being told what to do, favor new ideas over tradition, and do what they promise if they feel like it.

Law implies honor, trustworthiness, obedience to authority,

and reliability. On the downside, lawfulness can include closed-mindedness, reactionary adherence to tradition, selfrighteousness, and a lack of adaptability. Those who consciously promote lawfulness say that only lawful behavior creates a society in which people can depend on each other and make the right decisions in full confidence that others will act as they should.

Chaos implies freedom, adaptability, and flexibility. On the downside, chaos can include recklessness, resentment toward legitimate authority, arbitrary actions, and irresponsibility. Those who promote chaotic behavior say that only unfettered personal freedom allows people to express themselves fully and lets society benefit from the potential that its individuals have within them.

some respect for authority and feels neither a compulsion to obey nor a compulsion to rebel. She is generally honest, but can be tempted into lying or deceiving others.

Alignment Steps

Occasionally the rules refer to "steps" when dealing with but they do not have the moral capacity to be truly lawful or alignment. In this case, "steps" refers to the number of alignment shifts between the two alignments, as shown on the following diagram. Note that diagonal "steps" count as two steps. For example, a lawful neutral character is one step away from a lawful good alignment, and three steps away from a chaotic evil alignment. A cleric's alignment must be within one step of the alignment of her deity.

	Lawful	Neutral	Chaotic
Good	Lawful Good	Neutral Good	Chaotic Good
Neutral	Lawful Neutral	Neutral	Chaotic Neutral
Evil	Lawful Evil	Neutral Evil	Chaotic Evil

The Nine Alignments

the lawful-chaotic axis with the good-evil axis. Each description below depicts a typical character of that alignment. Remember that individuals vary from this norm, and that a given character may act more or less in accord with his alignment from day to day. Use these descriptions as guidelines, not as scripts.

The first six alignments, lawful good through chaotic neutral, are standard alignments for player characters. The three evil alignments are usually for monsters and villains. With the GM's permission, a player may assign an evil alignment to and conflict with good and neutral party members. GMs are encouraged to carefully consider how evil PCs might affect the campaign before allowing them.

Lawful Good: A lawful good character acts as a good person traditions. A chaotic neutral character does not intentionally is expected or required to act. She combines a commitment disrupt organizations as part of a campaign of anarchy. To do to oppose evil with the discipline to fight relentlessly. She so, he would have to be motivated either by good (and a tells the truth, keeps her word, helps those in need, and desire to liberate others) or evil (and a desire to make those speaks out against injustice. A lawful good character hates to others suffer). A chaotic neutral character may be see the guilty go unpunished.

Lawful good combines honor with compassion.

Neutral Good: A neutral good character does the best that a good person can do. He is devoted to helping others. He to them.

Neutral good means doing what is good and right without bias for or against order.

benevolent. He believes in goodness and right but has little rank. He is loath to break laws or promises. use for laws and regulations. He hates it when people try to intimidate others and tell them what to do. He follows his own moral compass, which, although good, may not agree with that of society.

Chaotic good combines a good heart with a free spirit.

Lawful Neutral: A lawful neutral character acts as law, tradition, or a personal code directs her. Order and organization are paramount. She may believe in personal Some lawful evil people and creatures commit themselves to order and live by a code or standard, or she may believe in evil with a zeal like that of a crusader committed to good. order for all and favor a strong, organized government.

Lawful neutral means you are reliable and honorable without being a zealot.

Neutral: A neutral character does what seems to be a good idea. She doesn't feel strongly one way or the other when it comes to good vs. evil or law vs. chaos (and thus neutral is sometimes called "true neutral"). Most neutral characters Neutral Evil: A neutral evil villain does whatever she can way.

Some neutral characters, on the other hand, commit advocate the middle way of neutrality as the best, most are devoted to evil deities or secret societies. balanced road in the long run.

Neutral means you act naturally in any situation, without variation. prejudice or compulsion.

avoids authority, resents restrictions, and challenges

unpredictable, but his behavior is not totally random. He is not as likely to jump off a bridge as he is to cross it.

Chaotic neutral represents freedom from both society's restrictions and a do-gooder's zeal.

works with kings and magistrates but does not feel beholden Lawful Evil: A lawful evil villain methodically takes what he wants within the limits of his code of conduct without regard for whom it hurts. He cares about tradition, loyalty, and order, but not about freedom, dignity, or life. He plays by the rules but without mercy or compassion. He is Chaotic Good: A chaotic good character acts as his comfortable in a hierarchy and would like to rule, but is conscience directs him with little regard for what others willing to serve. He condemns others not according to their expect of him. He makes his own way, but he's kind and actions but according to race, religion, homeland, or social

> This reluctance comes partly from his nature and partly because he depends on order to protect himself from those who oppose him on moral grounds. Some lawful evil villains have particular taboos, such as not killing in cold blood (but having underlings do it) or not letting children come to harm (if it can be helped). They imagine that these compunctions put them above unprincipled villains.

> Beyond being willing to hurt others for their own ends, they take pleasure in spreading evil as an end unto itself. They may also see doing evil as part of a duty to an evil deity or

> Lawful evil represents methodical, intentional, and organized

exhibit a lack of conviction or bias rather than a commitment get away with. She is out for herself, pure and simple. She to neutrality. Such a character probably thinks of good as sheds no tears for those she kills, whether for profit, sport, or better than evil-after all, she would rather have good convenience. She has no love of order and holds no illusions neighbors and rulers than evil ones. Still, she's not personally that following laws, traditions, or codes would make her any committed to upholding good in any abstract or universal better or more noble. On the other hand, she doesn't have the restless nature or love of conflict that a chaotic evil villain

themselves philosophically to neutrality. They see good, evil, Some neutral evil villains hold up evil as an ideal, law, and chaos as prejudices and dangerous extremes. They committing evil for its own sake. Most often, such villains

Neutral evil represents pure evil without honor and without

Chaotic Evil: A chaotic evil character does what his greed, Chaotic Neutral: A chaotic neutral character follows his hatred, and lust for destruction drive him to do. He is vicious, whims. He is an individualist first and last. He values his arbitrarily violent, and unpredictable. If he is simply out for own liberty but doesn't strive to protect others' freedom. He whatever he can get, he is ruthless and brutal. If he is committed to the spread of evil and chaos, he is even worse.

Thankfully, his plans are haphazard, and any groups he joins or forms are likely to be poorly organized. Typically, chaotic evil people can be made to work together only by force, and You can choose or randomly generate your character's age. If their leader lasts only as long as he can thwart attempts to topple or assassinate him.

Chaotic evil represents the destruction not only of beauty and life, but also of the order on which beauty and life depend.

Changing Alignments

Alignment is a tool, a convenient shorthand you can use to summarize the general attitude of an NPC, region, religion, organization, monster, or even magic item.

Certain character classes in Classes list repercussions for those who don't adhere to a specific alignment, and some spells and magic items have different effects on targets depending on alignment, but beyond that it's generally not necessary to worry too much about whether someone is behaving differently from his stated alignment. In the end, the Game Master is the one who gets to decide if something's in accordance with its indicated alignment, based on the descriptions given previously and his own opinion and interpretation—the only thing the GM needs to strive for is to be consistent as to what constitutes the difference between alignments like chaotic neutral and chaotic evil. There's no hard and fast mechanic by which you can measure alignment —unlike hit points or skill ranks or Armor Class, alignment is solely a label the GM controls.

It's best to let players play their characters as they want. If a player is roleplaying in a way that you, as the GM, think doesn't fit his alignment, let him know that he's acting out of alignment and tell him why—but do so in a friendly manner. If a character wants to change his alignment, let him—in alignment change was more of an adjustment to more or violence before getting to venerable age. accurately summarize how a player, in your opinion, is portraying his character. In some cases, changing alignments can impact a character's abilities—see the class write-ups in Classes for details. An atonement spell may be necessary to repair damage done by alignment changes arising from involuntary sources or momentary lapses in personality.

Players who frequently have their characters change alignment should in all likelihood be playing chaotic neutral characters.

Vital Statistics

The following section determines a character's starting age, height, and weight. The character's race and class influence these statistics. Consult your GM before making a character that does not conform to these statistics.

you choose it, it must be at least the minimum age for the character's race and class. Alternatively, roll the dice indicated for your class on Table: Random Starting Ages and add the result to the minimum age of adulthood for your race to determine how old your character is.

Table 7-1: Random Starting Ages

Race	Adulthood	Barbarian, Rogue, Sorcerer	Bard, Fighter, Paladin, Ranger	Cleric, Druid, Monk, Wizard
Human	15 years	+1d4	+1d6	+2d6
Dwarf	40 years	+3d6	+5d6	+7d6
Elf	110 years	+4d6	+6d6	+10d6
Gnome	40 years	+4d6	+6d6	+9d6
Half-elf	20 years	+1d6	+2d6	+3d6
Half-orc	14 years	+1d4	+1d6	+2d6
Halfling	20 years	+2d4	+3d6	+4d6

With age, a character's physical ability scores decrease and his mental ability scores increase (see Table: Aging Effects). The effects of each aging step are cumulative. However, none of a character's ability scores can be reduced below 1 in this way.

When a character reaches venerable age, secretly roll his maximum age and record the result, which the player does not know. A character who reaches his maximum age dies of old age sometime during the following year.

most cases, this should amount to little more than a change The maximum ages are for player characters. Most people in of personality, or in some cases, no change at all if the the world at large die from pestilence, accidents, infections,

Table 7-2: Aging Effects

Race	Middle Age ¹	Old^2	Venerable ³	Maximum
Human	35 years	53 years	70 years	years
Dwarf	125 years	188 years	250 years	250 + 2d% years
Elf	175 years	263 years	350 years	350 + 4d% years
Gnome	100 years	150 years	200 years	200 + 3d% years
Half-elf	62 years	93 years	125 years	125 + 3d20 vears

Race	Middle Age ¹	Old^2	Venerable ³	Maximum Age
Half-orc	30 years	45 years	60 years	60 + 2d10 years
Halfling	50 years	75 years	100 years	100 + 5d20 years

1 At middle age, -1 to Str, Dex, and Con; +1 to Int, Wis, and Cha.

2 At old age, -2 to Str, Dex, and Con; +1 to Int, Wis, and Cha.

3 At venerable age, -3 to Str, Dex, and Con; +1 to Int, Wis, and Cha.

Height and Weight

To determine a character's height, roll the modifier dice indicated on Table: Random Height and Weight and add the result, in inches, to the base height for your character's race and gender. To determine a character's weight, multiply the result of the modifier dice by the weight multiplier and add the result to the base weight for your character's race and gender.

Table 7-3: Random Height and Weight

Race	Base Height	Base Weight	Modifier	Weight Multiplier
Human, male	4 ft. 10 in.	120 lbs.	2d10	×5 lbs.
Human, female	4 ft. 5 in.	85 lbs.	2d10	×5 lbs.
Dwarf, male	3 ft. 9 in.	150 lbs.	2d4	\times 7 lbs.
Dwarf, female	3 ft. 7 in.	120 lbs.	2d4	\times 7 lbs.
Elf, male	5 ft. 4 in.	100 lbs.	2d8	$\times 3$ lbs.
Elf, female	5 ft. 4 in.	90 lbs.	2d6	$\times 3$ lbs.
Gnome, male	3 ft. 0 in.	35 lbs.	2d4	$\times 1$ lb.
Gnome, female	2 ft. 10 in.	30 lbs.	2d4	×1 lb.
Half-elf, male	5 ft. 2 in.	110 lbs.	2d8	\times 5 lbs.
Half-elf, female	5 ft. 0 in.	90 lbs.	2d8	×5 lbs.
Half-orc, male	4 ft. 10 in.	150 lbs.	2d12	\times 7 lbs.
Half-orc, female	4 ft. 5 in.	110 lbs.	2d12	×7 lbs.
Halfling, male	2 ft. 8 in.	30 lbs.	2d4	$\times 1$ lb.
Halfling, female	2 ft. 6 in.	25 lbs.	2d4	×1 lb.

Carrying Capacity

These carrying capacity rules determine how much a character's equipment slows him down. Encumbrance comes in two parts: encumbrance by armor and encumbrance by total weight.

Encumbrance by Armor: A character's armor determines his maximum Dexterity bonus to AC, armor check penalty, speed, and running speed. Unless your character is weak or carrying a lot of gear, that's all you need to know; the extra gear your character carries won't slow him down any more than the armor already does.

If your character is weak or carrying a lot of gear, however, then you'll need to calculate encumbrance by weight. Doing so is most important when your character is trying to carry some heavy object.

Table 7-4: Carrying Capacity

			•
Strength Score	Light Load	Medium Load	Heavy Load
1	3 lbs. or less	4–6 lbs.	7–10 lbs.
2	6 lbs. or less	7–13 lbs.	14–20 lbs.
3	10 lbs. or less	11–20 lbs.	21–30 lbs.
4	13 lbs. or less	14–26 lbs.	27–40 lbs.
5	16 lbs. or less	17–33 lbs.	34–50 lbs.
6	20 lbs. or less	21–40 lbs.	41–60 lbs.
7	23 lbs. or less	24–46 lbs.	47–70 lbs.
8	26 lbs. or less	27–53 lbs.	54–80 lbs.
9	30 lbs. or less	31–60 lbs.	61–90 lbs.
10	33 lbs. or less	34–66 lbs.	67–100 lbs.
11	38 lbs. or less	39–76 lbs.	77–115 lbs.
12	43 lbs. or less	44–86 lbs.	87–130 lbs.
13	50 lbs. or less	51–100 lbs.	101–150 lbs.
14	58 lbs. or less	59–116 lbs.	117–175 lbs.
15	66 lbs. or less	67–133 lbs.	134–200 lbs.
16	76 lbs. or less	77–153 lbs.	154–230 lbs.
17	86 lbs. or less	87–173 lbs.	174–260 lbs.
18	100 lbs. or less	101–200 lbs.	201–300 lbs.
19	116 lbs. or less	117–233 lbs.	234–350 lbs.
20	133 lbs. or less	134–266 lbs.	267–400 lbs.
21	153 lbs. or less	154–306 lbs.	307–460 lbs.
22	173 lbs. or less	174–346 lbs.	347–520 lbs.
23	200 lbs. or less	201–400 lbs.	401–600 lbs.
24	233 lbs. or less	234–466 lbs.	467–700 lbs.
25	266 lbs. or less	267–533 lbs.	534–800 lbs.
26	306 lbs. or less	307–613 lbs.	614–920 lbs.
27	346 lbs. or less	347–693 lbs.	694–1,040 lbs.
28	400 lbs. or less	401–800 lbs.	801–1,200 lbs.
29	466 lbs. or less	467–933 lbs.	934–1,400 lbs.
+10	×4	×4	×4

Encumbrance by Weight: If you want to determine whether

your character's gear is heavy enough to slow him down Tremendous Strength: For Strength scores not shown on character's items, including armor, weapons, and gear. and 29 that has the same number in the "ones" digit as the Compare this total to the character's Strength on Table: creature's Strength score does and multiply the numbers in Carrying Capacity. Depending on the character's carrying that row by 4 for every 10 points the creature's Strength is capacity, he or she may be carrying a light, medium, or above the score for that row. heavy load. Like armor, a character's load affects his maximum Dexterity bonus to AC, carries a check penalty (which works like an armor check penalty), reduces the Armor and Encumbrance for Other Base character's speed, and affects how fast the character can run, as shown on Table: Encumbrance Effects. A medium or heavy load counts as medium or heavy armor for the purpose The table below provides reduced speed figures for all base of abilities or skills that are restricted by armor. Carrying a speeds from 5 feet to 120 feet (in 5-foot increments). light load does not encumber a character.

If your character is wearing armor, use the worse figure (from armor or from load) for each category. Do not stack the penalties.

Table 7-5: Encumbrance Effects

Load	Max Dex	Check	Sp	eed	Dan
Load	Max Dex	Penalty	(30 ft.)	(20 ft.)	Run
Medium	+3	-3	20 ft.	15 ft.	×4
Heavy	+1	-6	20 ft.	15 ft.	×3

Lifting and Dragging: A character can lift as much as his maximum load over his head. A character's maximum load is the highest amount of weight listed for a character's Strength There are three movement scales, as follows: in the heavy load column of Table: Carrying Capacity.

A character can lift as much as double his maximum load off the ground, but he or she can only stagger around with it. While overloaded in this way, the character loses any Dexterity bonus to AC and can move only 5 feet per round (as a full-round action).

A character can generally push or drag along the ground as much as five times his maximum load. Favorable conditions can double these numbers, and bad circumstances can reduce them by half or more.

Bigger and Smaller Creatures: The figures on Table: depending on its size category, as follows: Small $\times 3/4$, Tiny action, is hustling when he or she moves. $\times 1/2$, Diminutive $\times 1/4$, Fine $\times 1/8$.

Multiply the values corresponding to the creature's Strength score from Table: Carrying Capacity by the appropriate modifier, as follows: Fine $\times 1/4$, Diminutive $\times 1/2$, Tiny $\times 3/4$, Small $\times 1$, Medium $\times 1$ -1/2, Large $\times 3$, Huge $\times 6$, Gargantuan $\times 12$, Colossal $\times 24$.

more than his armor already does, total the weight of all the Table: Carrying Capacity, find the Strength score between 20

Speeds

Base Speed	Reduced Speed	Base Speed	Reduced Speed
5 ft.	5 ft.	65 ft.	45 ft.
10 ft.–15 ft.	10 ft.	70 ft.–75 ft.	50 ft.
20 ft.	15 ft.	80 ft.	55 ft.
25 ft30 ft.	20 ft.	85 ft.–90 ft.	60 ft.
35 ft.	25 ft.	95 ft.	65 ft.
40 ft.–45 ft.	30 ft.	100 ft.–105 ft.	70 ft.
50 ft.	35 ft.	110 ft.	75 ft.
55 ft.–60 ft.	40 ft.	115 ft.–120 ft.	80 ft.

Movement

- Tactical, for combat, measured in feet (or 5-foot squares) per round.
- Local, for exploring an area, measured in feet per minute.
- Overland, for getting from place to place, measured in miles per hour or miles per day.

Modes of Movement: While moving at the different movement scales, creatures generally walk, hustle, or run.

Walk: A walk represents unhurried but purposeful movement (3 miles per hour for an unencumbered adult human).

Carrying Capacity are for Medium bipedal creatures. A larger Hustle: A hustle is a jog (about 6 miles per hour for an bipedal creature can carry more weight depending on its size unencumbered human). A character moving his speed twice category, as follows: Large ×2, Huge ×4, Gargantuan ×8, in a single round, or moving that speed in the same round Colossal ×16. A smaller creature can carry less weight that he or she performs a standard action or another move

Run (\times 3): Moving three times speed is a running pace for a Quadrupeds can carry heavier loads than bipeds can. character in heavy armor (about 7 miles per hour for a human in full plate).

> Run (×4): Moving four times speed is a running pace for a character in light, medium, or no armor (about 12 miles per hour for an unencumbered human, or 9 miles per hour for a human in chainmail) See Table: Movement and Distance for details.

Table 7-6: Movement and Distance

Speed	15 feet	20 feet	30 feet	40 feet
	One Ro	ound (Tac	tical)*	
Walk	15 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.
Hustle	30 ft.	40 ft.	60 ft.	80 ft.
Run (\times 3)	45 ft.	60 ft.	90 ft.	120 ft.
Run (×4)	60 ft.	80 ft.	120 ft.	160 ft.
	One N	Minute (Lo	ocal)	
Walk	150 ft.	200 ft.	300 ft.	400 ft.
Hustle	300 ft.	400 ft.	600 ft.	800 ft.
Run (\times 3)	450 ft.	600 ft.	900 ft.	1,200 ft.
Run (×4)	600 ft.	800 ft.	1,200 ft.	1,600 ft.
	One H	our (Over	·land)	
Walk	1-1/2 miles	2 miles	3 miles	4 miles
Hustle	3 miles	4 miles	6 miles	8 miles
Run		_	_	_
	One I	Oay (Over	land)	

One Day (Overland)				
Walk	12 miles	16 miles	24 miles	32 miles
Hustle	_	_	_	_
Run	_	_	_	_

^{*} Tactical movement is often measured in squares on the battle grid (1 square = 5 feet) rather than feet.

Tactical Movement

Tactical movement is used for combat. Characters generally don't walk during combat, for obvious reasons-they hustle or run instead. A character who moves his speed and takes some action is hustling for about half the round and doing something else the other half.

Table 7-7: Hampered Movement

Condition	Additional Movement Cost
Difficult terrain	×2
Obstacle*	×2
Poor visibility	×2
Impassable	_

^{*} May require a skill check

visibility can hamper movement (see Table: Hampered Movement for details). When movement is hampered, each square moved into usually counts as two squares, effectively reducing the distance that a character can cover in a move.

If more than one hampering condition applies, multiply all additional costs that apply. This is a specific exception to the normal rule for doubling.

In some situations, your movement may be so hampered that you don't have sufficient speed even to move 5 feet (1 square). In such a case, you may use a full-round action to move 5 feet (1 square) in any direction, even diagonally. Even though this looks like a 5-foot step, it's not, and thus it provokes attacks of opportunity normally. (You can't take advantage of this rule to move through impassable terrain or to move when all movement is prohibited to you.)

You can't run or charge through any square that would hamper your movement.

Local Movement

Characters exploring an area use local movement, measured in feet per minute.

Walk: A character can walk without a problem on the local scale.

Hustle: A character can hustle without a problem on the local scale. See Overland Movement, below, for movement measured in miles per hour.

Run: A character can run for a number of rounds equal to his Constitution score on the local scale without needing to rest. See Combat for rules covering extended periods of running.

Table 7-8: Terrain and Overland Movement

Terrain	Highway	Road or Trail	Trackless
Desert, sandy	×1	×1/2	×1/2
Forest	×1	×1	×1/2
Hills	×1	×3/4	×1/2
Jungle	×1	×3/4	×1/4
Moor	×1	×1	×3/4
Mountains	×3/4	×3/4	×1/2
Plains	×1	×1	×3/4
Swamp	×1	×3/4	×1/2
Tundra, frozen	×1	×3/4	×3/4

Overland Movement

Characters covering long distances cross-country use overland movement. Overland movement is measured in miles per hour or miles per day. A day represents 8 hours of Hampered Movement: Difficult terrain, obstacles, and poor actual travel time. For rowed watercraft, a day represents 10 hours of rowing. For a sailing ship, it represents 24 hours.

> Walk: A character can walk 8 hours in a day of travel without a problem. Walking for longer than that can wear him out (see Forced March, below).

> Hustle: A character can hustle for 1 hour without a problem. Hustling for a second hour in between sleep cycles deals 1 point of nonlethal damage, and each additional hour deals

twice the damage taken during the previous hour of hustling. A character who takes any nonlethal damage from hustling becomes fatigued.

A fatigued character can't run or charge and takes a penalty of -2 to Strength and Dexterity. Eliminating the nonlethal damage also eliminates the fatigue.

Run: A character can't run for an extended period of time. Attempts to run and rest in cycles effectively work out to a hustle.

Terrain: The terrain through which a character travels affects the distance he can cover in an hour or a day (see Table: Terrain and Overland Movement). A highway is a straight, major, paved road. A road is typically a dirt track. A trail is like a road, except that it allows only single-file travel and does not benefit a party traveling with vehicles. Trackless terrain is a wild area with no paths.

Forced March: In a day of normal walking, a character walks for 8 hours. The rest of the daylight time is spent making and breaking camp, resting, and eating.

A character can walk for more than 8 hours in a day by making a forced march. For each hour of marching beyond 8 hours, a Constitution check (DC 10, +2 per extra hour) is required. If the check fails, the character takes 1d6 points of nonlethal damage. A character who takes any nonlethal damage from a forced march becomes fatigued. Eliminating significant current, but they can be pulled upstream by draft the nonlethal damage also eliminates the fatigue. It's possible animals on the shores. for a character to march into unconsciousness by pushing himself too hard.

Mounted Movement: A mount bearing a rider can move at a hustle. The damage it takes when doing so, however, is lethal damage, not nonlethal damage. The creature can also be automatically fail, and the damage it takes is lethal damage. Mounts also become fatigued when they take any damage from a slower one. from hustling or forced marches.

See Table: Mounts and Vehicles: Mounts and Vehicles for mounted speeds and speeds for vehicles pulled by draft pursuing another, both are moving at the same speed, and the animals.

Waterborne Movement: See Table: Mounts and Vehicles: Mounts and Vehicles for speeds for water vehicles.

Table 7-9: Mounts and Vehicles

Mount/Vehicle	Per Hour	Per Day
Mount (carrying load)		
Light horse	6 miles	48 miles
Light horse (175–525 lbs.) ¹	4 miles	32 miles
Heavy horse	5 miles	40 miles
Heavy horse (229–690 lbs.) ¹	3-1/2 miles	28 miles
Pony	4 miles	32 miles

Mount/Vehicle	Per Hour	Per Day
Pony (151–450 lbs.) ¹	3 miles	24 miles
Dog, riding	4 miles	32 miles
Dog, riding (101–300 lbs.) ¹	3 miles	24 miles
Cart or wagon	2 miles	16 miles
Ship		
Raft or barge (poled or tow	$(ved)^2$ 1/2 mile	e 5 miles
Keelboat (rowed) ²	1 mile	10 miles
Rowboat (rowed) ²	1-1/2 miles	15 miles
Sailing ship (sailed)	2 miles	48 miles
Warship (sailed and rowed)	2-1/2 miles	60 miles
Longship (sailed and rowed)	3 miles	72 miles
Galley (rowed and sailed)	4 miles	96 miles

¹ Quadrupeds, such as horses, can carry heavier loads than characters can. See Carrying Capacity for more information.

Evasion and Pursuit

In round-by-round movement, when simply counting off squares, it's impossible for a slow character to get away from ridden in a forced march, but its Constitution checks a determined fast character without mitigating circumstances. Likewise, it's no problem for a fast character to get away

> When the speeds of the two concerned characters are equal, there's a simple way to resolve a chase: If one creature is chase continues for at least a few rounds, have them make opposed Dexterity checks to see who is the faster over those rounds. If the creature being chased wins, it escapes. If the pursuer wins, it catches the fleeing creature.

> Sometimes a chase occurs overland and could last all day, with the two sides only occasionally getting glimpses of each other at a distance. In the case of a long chase, an opposed Constitution check made by all parties determines which can keep pace the longest. If the creature being chased rolls the highest, it gets away. If not, the chaser runs down its prey, outlasting it with stamina.

² Rafts, barges, keelboats, and rowboats are most often used on lakes and rivers. If going downstream, add the speed of the current (typically 3 miles per hour) to the speed of the vehicle. In addition to 10 hours of being rowed, the vehicle can also float an additional 14 hours, if someone can guide it, adding an additional 42 miles to the daily distance traveled. These vehicles can't be rowed against any

Exploration

Few rules are as vital to the success of adventurers than those pertaining to vision, lighting, and how to break things. Rules for each of these are explained below.

Vision and Light

Dwarves and half-orcs have darkvision, but the other races presented in Races need light to see by. See Table: Light Sources and Illumination for the radius that a light source illuminates and how long it lasts. The increased entry indicates an area outside the lit radius in which the light level is increased by one step (from darkness to dim light, for example).

Table 7-10: Light Sources and Illumination

Object	Normal	Increased	Duration
Candle	n/a^1	5 ft.	1 hr.
Everburning torch	20 ft.	40 ft.	Permanent
Lamp, common	15 ft.	30 ft.	6 hr./pint
Lantern, bullseye	60-ft. cone	120-ft. cone	6 hr./pint
Lantern, hooded	30 ft.	60 ft.	6 hr./pint
Sunrod	30 ft.	60 ft.	6 hr.
Torch	20 ft.	40 ft.	1 hr.
Spell	Normal	Increase	Duration
Continual flame	20 ft.	40 ft.	Permanent
Dancing lights (torches)	20 ft. (each)	40 ft. (each)	1 min.
Daylight	60 ft. ²	120 ft.	30 min.

¹ A candle does not provide normal illumination, only dim illumination.

20 ft.

40 ft.

Light

In an area of bright light, all characters can see clearly. Some creatures, such as those with light sensitivity and light blindness, take penalties while in areas of bright light. A creature can't use Stealth in an area of bright light unless it is invisible or has cover. Areas of bright light include outside in direct sunshine and inside the area of a daylight spell.

Normal light functions just like bright light, but characters with light sensitivity and light blindness do not take penalties. Areas of normal light include underneath a forest canopy during the day, within 20 feet of a torch, and inside the area of a light spell.

In an area of dim light, a character can see somewhat. Creatures within this area have concealment (20% miss chance in combat) from those without darkvision or the ability to see in darkness. A creature within an area of dim light can make a Stealth check to conceal itself. Areas of dim light include outside at night with a moon in the sky, bright starlight, and the area between 20 and 40 feet from a torch.

In areas of darkness, creatures without darkvision are effectively blinded. In addition to the obvious effects, a blinded creature has a 50% miss chance in combat (all opponents have total concealment), loses any Dexterity bonus to AC, takes a -2 penalty to AC, and takes a -4 penalty on Perception checks that rely on sight and most Strength- and Dexterity-based skill checks. Areas of darkness include an unlit dungeon chamber, most caverns, and outside on a cloudy, moonless night.

Characters with low-light vision (elves, gnomes, and halfelves) can see objects twice as far away as the given radius. Double the effective radius of bright light, normal light, and dim light for such characters.

Characters with darkvision (dwarves and half-orcs) can see lit areas normally as well as dark areas within 60 feet. A creature can't hide within 60 feet of a character with darkvision unless it is invisible or has cover.

Breaking and Entering

When attempting to break an object, you have two choices: smash it with a weapon or break it with sheer strength.

Table 7-11: Size and Armor Class of Objects

Size	AC Modifier
Colossal	8
Gargantuan	4
Huge	2
Large	1
Medium	+0
Small	+1
Tiny	+2
Diminutive	+4
Fine	+8

Table 7-12: Substance Hardness and Hit Points

Substance	Hardness	Hit Points
Glass	1	1/in. of thickness
Paper or cloth	0	2/in. of thickness
Rope	0	2/in. of thickness
Ice	0	3/in. of thickness
Leather or hide	2	5/in. of thickness
Wood	5	10/in. of thickness

10 min.

² The light for a daylight spell is bright light.

Substance	Hardness	Hit Points
Stone	8	15/in. of thickness
Iron or steel	10	30/in. of thickness
Mithral	15	30/in. of thickness
Adamantine	20	40/in. of thickness

Table 7-13: Object Hardness and Hit Points

Object	Hardness	Hit Points	Break DC
Rope (1 in. diameter)	0	2	23
Simple wooden door	5	10	13
Small chest	5	1	17
Good wooden door	5	15	18
Treasure chest	5	15	23
Strong wooden door	5	20	23
Masonry wall (1 ft. thick)	8	90	35
Hewn stone (3 ft. thick)	8	540	50
Chain	10	5	26
Manacles	10	10	26
Masterwork manacles	10	10	28
Iron door (2 in. thick)	10	60	28

Table 7-14: DCs to Break or Burst Items

Strength Check to:	DC
Break down simple door	13
Break down good door	18
Break down strong door	23
Burst rope bonds	23
Bend iron bars	24
Break down barred door	25
Burst chain bonds	26
Break down iron door	28
Condition	DC Adjustment*
Hold portal	+5
Arcane lock	+10

^{*} If both apply, use the larger number.

Smashing an Object

Smashing a weapon or shield with a slashing or bludgeoning weapon is accomplished with the sunder combat maneuver (see Combat). Smashing an object is like sundering a weapon or shield, except that your combat maneuver check is opposed by the object's AC. Generally, you can smash an object only with a bludgeoning or slashing weapon.

Armor Class: Objects are easier to hit than creatures because they don't usually move, but many are tough enough to shrug off some damage from each blow. An object's Armor Class is

equal to 10 + its size modifier (see Table: Size and Armor Class of Objects) + its Dexterity modifier. An inanimate object has not only a Dexterity of 0 (-5 penalty to AC), but also an additional -2 penalty to its AC. Furthermore, if you take a full-round action to line up a shot, you get an automatic hit with a melee weapon and a +5 bonus on attack rolls with a ranged weapon.

Hardness: Each object has hardness—a number that represents how well it resists damage. When an object is damaged, subtract its hardness from the damage. Only damage in excess of its hardness is deducted from the object's hit points (see Table: Common Armor, Weapon, and Shield Hardness and Hit Points, Table: Substance Hardness and Hit Points, and Table: Object Hardness and Hit Points).

Hit Points: An object's hit point total depends on what it is made of and how big it is (see Table: Common Armor, Weapon, and Shield Hardness and Hit Points, Table: Substance Hardness and Hit Points, and Table: Object Hardness and Hit Points). Objects that take damage equal to or greater than half their total hit points gain the broken condition (see Conditions). When an object's hit points reach 0, it's ruined.

Very large objects have separate hit point totals for different sections.

Energy Attacks: Energy attacks deal half damage to most objects. Divide the damage by 2 before applying the object's hardness. Some energy types might be particularly effective against certain objects, subject to GM discretion. For example, fire might do full damage against parchment, cloth, and other objects that burn easily. Sonic might do full damage against glass and crystal objects.

Ranged Weapon Damage: Objects take half damage from ranged weapons (unless the weapon is a siege engine or something similar). Divide the damage dealt by 2 before applying the object's hardness.

Ineffective Weapons: Certain weapons just can't effectively deal damage to certain objects. For example, a bludgeoning weapon cannot be used to damage a rope. Likewise, most melee weapons have little effect on stone walls and doors, unless they are designed for breaking up stone, such as a pick or hammer.

Immunities: Objects are immune to nonlethal damage and to critical hits. Even animated objects, which are otherwise considered creatures, have these immunities.

Magic Armor, Shields, and Weapons: Each +1 of enhancement bonus adds 2 to the hardness of armor, a weapon, or a shield, and +10 to the item's hit points.

Vulnerability to Certain Attacks: Certain attacks are especially successful against some objects. In such cases, attacks deal double their normal damage and may ignore the object's hardness.

Damaged Objects: A damaged object remains functional with the broken condition until the item's hit points are reduced to 0, at which point it is destroyed.

Damaged (but not destroyed) objects can be repaired with the Craft skill and a number of spells.

Saving Throws: Nonmagical, unattended items never make saving throws. They are considered to have failed their saving throws, so they are always fully affected by spells and other attacks that allow saving throws to resist or negate. An item attended by a character (being grasped, touched, or worn) makes saving throws as the character (that is, using the character's saving throw bonus).

Magic items always get saving throws. A magic item's Fortitude, Reflex, and Will save bonuses are equal to 2 + half its caster level. An attended magic item either makes saving throws as its owner or uses its own saving throw bonus, whichever is better.

purposes of determining their Armor Class (do not treat them smaller than Medium, or multiply it by 2 for each size as inanimate objects).

Breaking Items

When a character tries to break or burst something with sudden force rather than by dealing damage, use a Strength check (rather than an attack roll and damage roll, as with the sunder special attack) to determine whether he succeeds. Since hardness doesn't affect an object's Break DC, this value depends more on the construction of the item than on the material the item is made of. Consult Table: DCs to Break or Burst Items for a list of common Break DCs.

If an item has lost half or more of its hit points, the item gains the broken condition (see Conditions) and the DC to break it drops by 2.

Larger and smaller creatures get size bonuses and size penalties on Strength checks to break open doors as follows: Fine -16, Diminutive -12, Tiny -8, Small -4, Large +4, Huge +8, Gargantuan +12, Colossal +16.

A crowbar or portable ram improves a character's chance of breaking open a door (see Equipment).

Table 7-15: Common Armor, Weapon, and Shield Hardness and Hit Points

Weapon or Shield	Hardness ¹	Hit Points ^{2, 3}
Light blade	10	2
One-handed blade	10	5
Two-handed blade	10	10
Light metal-hafted weapon	10	10
One-handed metal-hafted	10	20

Weapon or Shield	Hardness ¹	Hit Points ^{2, 3}
weapon		
Light hafted weapon	5	2
One-handed hafted weapon	5	5
Two-handed hafted weapon	5	10
Projectile weapon	5	5
Armor	special ⁴	$armor\ bonus \times 5$
Buckler	10	5
Light wooden shield	5	7
Heavy wooden shield	5	15
Light steel shield	10	10
Heavy steel shield	10	20
Tower shield	5	20

¹ Add +2 for each +1 enhancement bonus of magic items.

² The hp value given is for Medium armor, weapons, and Animated Objects: Animated objects count as creatures for shields. Divide by 2 for each size category of the item category larger than Medium.

³ Add 10 hp for each +1 enhancement bonus of magic

⁴ Varies by material; see Table: Substance Hardness and Hit Points.

8. Combat

How Combat Works

Combat is cyclical; everybody acts in turn in a regular cycle of rounds. Combat follows this sequence:

- 1. When combat begins, all combatants roll initiative.
- 2. Determine which characters are aware of their opponents. These characters can act during a surprise round. If all the characters are aware of their opponents, proceed with normal rounds. See the surprise section for more information.
- 3. After the surprise round (if any), all combatants are ready to being the first normal round of combat.
- 4. Combatants act in initiative order (highest to lowest).
- 5. When everyone has had a turn, the next round begins with the combatant with the highest initiative, and steps 3 and 4 repeat until combat ends.

The Combat Round

10 rounds in a minute of combat. A round normally allows each character involved in a combat situation to act.

highest initiative result and then proceeds in order. When a other checks. character's turn comes up in the initiative sequence, that character performs his entire round's worth of actions. (For exceptions, see Attacks of Opportunity and Special Initiative Actions.)

certain number of rounds end just before the same initiative round occurs. count that they began on.

Initiative

At the start of a battle, each combatant makes an initiative check. An initiative check is a Dexterity check. Each character applies his or her Dexterity modifier to the roll, as well as other modifiers from feats, spells, and other effects. Characters act in order, counting down from the highest result to the lowest. In every round that follows, the characters act in the same order (unless a character takes an action that results in his or her initiative changing; see Special Initiative Actions).

If two or more combatants have the same initiative check An attack roll represents your attempt to strike your

result, the combatants who are tied act in order of total initiative modifier (highest first). If there is still a tie, the tied characters should roll to determine which one of them goes before the other.

Flat-Footed: At the start of a battle, before you have had a chance to act (specifically, before your first regular turn in the initiative order), you are flat-footed. You can't use your Dexterity bonus to AC (if any) while flat-footed. Barbarians and rogues of high enough level have the uncanny dodge extraordinary ability, which means that they cannot be caught flat-footed. Characters with uncanny dodge retain their Dexterity bonus to their AC and can make attacks of opportunity before they have acted in the first round of combat. A flat-footed character can't make attacks of opportunity, unless he has the Combat Reflexes feat.

Inaction: Even if you can't take actions, you retain your initiative score for the duration of the encounter.

Surprise

When a combat starts, if you are not aware of your opponents and they are aware of you, you're surprised.

Sometimes all the combatants on a side are aware of their Each round represents 6 seconds in the game world; there are opponents, sometimes none are, and sometimes only some of them are. Sometimes a few combatants on each side are aware and the other combatants on each side are unaware.

Each round's activity begins with the character with the Determining awareness may call for Perception checks or

The Surprise Round: If some but not all of the combatants are aware of their opponents, a surprise round happens before regular rounds begin. In initiative order (highest to lowest), combatants who started the battle aware of their When the rules refer to a "full round", they usually mean a opponents each take a standard or move action during the span of time from a particular initiative count in one round to surprise round. You can also take free actions during the the same initiative count in the next round. Effects that last a surprise round. If no one or everyone is surprised, no surprise

> Unaware Combatants: Combatants who are unaware at the start of battle don't get to act in the surprise round. Unaware combatants are flat-footed because they have not acted yet, so they lose any Dexterity bonus to AC.

Combat Statistics

This section summarizes the statistics that determine success in combat, then details how to use them.

Attack Roll

opponent on your turn in a round. When you make an attack based on your size. See Table: Size Modifiers. roll, you roll a d20 and add your attack bonus. (Other modifiers may also apply to this roll.) If your result equals or beats the target's Armor Class, you hit and deal damage.

Automatic Misses and Hits: A natural 1 (the d20 comes up 1) on an attack roll is always a miss. A natural 20 (the d20 comes up 20) is always a hit. A natural 20 is also a threat—a possible critical hit (see the attack action).

Attack Bonus

Your attack bonus with a melee weapon is the following:

Base attack bonus + Strength modifier + size modifier

With a ranged weapon, your attack bonus is the following:

Base attack bonus + Dexterity modifier + size modifier + range penalty

Armor Class

Your Armor Class (AC) represents how hard it is for opponents to land a solid, damaging blow on you. It's the attack roll result that an opponent needs to achieve to hit you. Your AC is equal to the following:

10 + armor bonus + shield bonus + Dexterity modifier + other modifiers

Note that armor limits your Dexterity bonus, so if you're wearing armor, you might not be able to apply your whole Dexterity bonus to your AC (see Table: Armor and Shields).

Sometimes you can't use your Dexterity bonus (if you have one). If you can't react to a blow, you can't use your Dexterity bonus to AC. If you don't have a Dexterity bonus, your AC does not change.

Other Modifiers: Many other factors modify your AC.

Enhancement Bonuses: Enhancement bonuses apply to your armor to increase the armor bonus it provides.

Deflection Bonus: Magical deflection effects ward off attacks and improve your AC.

skin you receive a bonus to your AC.

Dodge Bonuses: Dodge bonuses represent actively avoiding Off-Hand Weapon: When you deal damage with a weapon in also denies you dodge bonuses. (Wearing armor, however, have a Strength penalty, the entire penalty applies. does not limit these bonuses the way it limits a Dexterity bonus to AC.) Unlike most sorts of bonuses, dodge bonuses stack with each other.

Size Modifier: You receive a bonus or penalty to your AC

Table 8-1: Size Modifiers

Size	Size Modifier
Colossal	8
Gargantuan	4
Huge	2
Large	1
Medium	+0
Small	+1
Tiny	+2
Diminutive	+4
Fine	+8

Touch Attacks: Some attacks completely disregard armor, including shields and natural armor—the aggressor need only touch a foe for such an attack to take full effect. In these cases, the attacker makes a touch attack roll (either ranged or melee). When you are the target of a touch attack, your AC doesn't include any armor bonus, shield bonus, or natural armor bonus. All other modifiers, such as your size modifier, Dexterity modifier, and deflection bonus (if any) apply normally. Some creatures have the ability to make incorporeal touch attacks. These attacks bypass solid objects, such as armor and shields, by passing through them. Incorporeal touch attacks work similarly to normal touch attacks except that they also ignore cover bonuses. Incorporeal touch attacks do not ignore armor bonuses granted by force effects, such as mage armor and bracers of

Damage

If your attack succeeds, you deal damage. The type of weapon used determines the amount of damage you deal.

Damage reduces a target's current hit points.

Minimum Damage: If penalties reduce the damage result to less than 1, a hit still deals 1 point of nonlethal damage.

Strength Bonus: When you hit with a melee or thrown weapon, including a sling, add your Strength modifier to the damage result. A Strength penalty, but not a bonus, applies Natural Armor: If your race has a tough hide, scales, or thick on damage rolls made with a bow that is not a composite bow.

blows. Any situation that denies you your Dexterity bonus your off hand, you add only 1/2 your Strength bonus. If you

Wielding a Weapon Two-Handed: When you deal damage with a weapon that you are wielding two-handed, you add 1-1/2 times your Strength bonus (Strength penalties are not

multiplied). You don't get this higher Strength bonus, however, when using a light weapon with two hands.

Multiplying Damage: Sometimes you multiply damage by some factor, such as on a critical hit. Roll the damage (with all modifiers) multiple times and total the results.

Note: When you multiply damage more than once, each multiplier works off the original, unmultiplied damage. So if you are asked to double the damage twice, the end result is three times the normal damage.

Exception: Extra damage dice over and above a weapon's normal damage are never multiplied.

Ability Damage: Certain creatures and magical effects can cause temporary or permanent ability damage (a reduction to an ability score).

Hit Points

When your hit point total reaches 0, you're disabled. When it reaches -1, you're dying. When it gets to a negative amount equal to your Constitution score, you're dead. See Injury and Death, for more information.

Attacks of Opportunity

Sometimes a combatant in a melee lets her guard down or takes a reckless action. In this case, combatants near her can take advantage of her lapse in defense to attack her for free. These free attacks are called attacks of opportunity. See the Attacks of Opportunity diagram for an example of how they work.

Threatened Squares: You threaten all squares into which you can make a melee attack, even when it is not your turn. Generally, that means everything in all squares adjacent to your space (including diagonally). An enemy that takes certain actions while in a threatened square provokes an attack of opportunity from you. If you're unarmed, you don't normally threaten any squares and thus can't make attacks of opportunity.

Reach Weapons: Most creatures of Medium or smaller size have a reach of only 5 feet. This means that they can make melee attacks only against creatures up to 5 feet (1 square) Performing a Distracting Act: Some actions, when away. However, Small and Medium creatures wielding reach addition, most creatures larger than Medium have a natural reach of 10 feet or more.

Provoking an Attack of Opportunity: Two kinds of actions Remember that even actions that normally provoke attacks of can provoke attacks of opportunity: moving out of a threatened square and performing certain actions within a threatened square.

Moving: Moving out of a threatened square usually provokes

Attacks of Opportunity



In this combat, the fighter and the sorcerer fight an ogre and his goblin buddy.

#1: The fighter can safely approach this way without provoking an attack of opportunity, as he does not pass through a square threatened by the ogre (who has 10 feet of reach) or the goblin.

#2: If the fighter approaches this way, he provokes two attacks of opportunity since he passes through a square both creatures threaten.

#3: The sorcerer moves away using a withdraw action. The first square she leaves is not threatened as a result, and she can thus move away from the goblin safely, but when she leaves the second square, she provokes an attack of opportunity from the ogre (who has 10 feet of reach). She could instead limit her movement to a 5-foot step, as a free action, and not provoke any attacks of opportunity.

attacks of opportunity from threatening opponents. There are two common methods of avoiding such an attack—the 5-foot step and the withdraw action.

performed in a threatened square, provoke attacks of weapons threaten more squares than a typical creature. In opportunity as you divert your attention from the battle. Table: Actions in Combat notes many of the actions that provoke attacks of opportunity.

opportunity may have exceptions to this rule.

Making an Attack of Opportunity: An attack of opportunity is a single melee attack, and most characters can only make one per round. You don't have to make an attack

of opportunity if you don't want to. You make your attack of health. Apply your Constitution modifier to your Fortitude opportunity at your normal attack bonus, even if you've saving throws. already attacked in the round. An attack of opportunity "interrupts" the normal flow of actions in the round. If an attack of opportunity is provoked, immediately resolve the attack of opportunity, then continue with the next character's turn (or complete the current turn, if the attack of opportunity Will: These saves reflect your resistance to mental influence was provoked in the midst of a character's turn).

Combat Reflexes and Additional Attacks of Opportunity: If you have the Combat Reflexes feat, you can add your Saving Throw Difficulty Class: The DC for a save is Dexterity modifier to the number of attacks of opportunity determined by the attack itself. you can make in a round. This feat does not let you make more than one attack for a given opportunity, but if the same opponent provokes two attacks of opportunity from you, you could make two separate attacks of opportunity (since each one represents a different opportunity). Moving out of more than one square threatened by the same opponent in the same round doesn't count as more than one opportunity for that opponent. All these attacks are at your full normal attack bonus.

Speed

Your speed tells you how far you can move in a round and still do something, such as attack or cast a spell. Your speed depends mostly on your size and your armor.

squares), or 15 feet (3 squares) when wearing medium or heavy armor (except for dwarves, who move 20 feet in any armor).

Humans, elves, half-elves, half-orcs, and most humanoid monsters have a speed of 30 feet (6 squares), or 20 feet (4 squares) in medium or heavy armor.

If you use two move actions in a round (sometimes called a "double move" action), you can move up to double your speed. If you spend the entire round running, you can move up to quadruple your speed (or triple if you are in heavy armor).

Saving Throws

Generally, when you are subject to an unusual or magical attack, you get a saving throw to avoid or reduce the effect. Move Action: A move action allows you to move up to your Like an attack roll, a saving throw is a d20 roll plus a bonus based on your class and level (see Classes), and an associated ability score. Your saving throw modifier is:

Base save bonus + ability modifier

Saving Throw Types: The three different kinds of saving throws are Fortitude, Reflex, and Will:

Fortitude: These saves measure your ability to stand up to physical punishment or attacks against your vitality and

Reflex: These saves test your ability to dodge area attacks and unexpected situations. Apply your Dexterity modifier to your Reflex saving throws.

as well as many magical effects. Apply your Wisdom modifier to your Will saving throws.

Automatic Failures and Successes: A natural 1 (the d20 comes up 1) on a saving throw is always a failure (and may cause damage to exposed items; see Items Surviving after a Saving Throw). A natural 20 (the d20 comes up 20) is always a success.

Actions in Combat

During one turn, there are a wide variety of actions that your character can perform, from swinging a sword to casting a spell.

Action Types

Dwarves, gnomes, and halflings have a speed of 20 feet (4 An action's type essentially tells you how long the action takes to perform (within the framework of the 6-second combat round) and how movement is treated. There are six types of actions: standard actions, move actions, full-round actions, swift actions, immediate actions, and free actions.

> In a normal round, you can perform a standard action and a move action, or you can perform a full-round action. You can also perform one swift action and one or more free actions. You can always take a move action in place of a standard action.

> In some situations (such as in a surprise round), you may be limited to taking only a single move action or standard action.

> Standard Action: A standard action allows you to do something, most commonly to make an attack or cast a spell. See Table: Actions in Combat for other standard actions.

> speed or perform an action that takes a similar amount of time. See Table: Actions in Combat for other move actions.

> You can take a move action in place of a standard action. If you move no actual distance in a round (commonly because you have swapped your move action for one or more equivalent actions), you can take one 5-foot step either before, during, or after the action.

> Full-Round Action: A full-round action consumes all your

effort during a round. The only movement you can take during a full-round action is a 5-foot step before, during, or after the action. You can also perform free actions and swift actions (see below). See Table: Actions in Combat for a list of full-round actions.

Some full-round actions do not allow you to take a 5-foot step.

Some full-round actions can be taken as standard actions, but only in situations when you are limited to performing only a standard action during your round. The descriptions of specific actions detail which actions allow this option.

Free Action: Free actions consume a very small amount of time and effort. You can perform one or more free actions while taking another action normally. However, there are reasonable limits on what you can really do for free, as decided by the GM.

Swift Action: A swift action consumes a very small amount of time, but represents a larger expenditure of effort and energy than a free action. You can perform only a single swift action per turn.

Immediate Action: An immediate action is very similar to a swift action, but can be performed at any time—even if it's not your turn.

Not an Action: Some activities are so minor that they are not even considered free actions. They literally don't take any time at all to do and are considered an inherent part of doing something else, such as nocking an arrow as part of an attack with a bow.

Restricted Activity: In some situations, you may be unable to take a full round's worth of actions. In such cases, you are restricted to taking only a single standard action or a single move action (plus free and swift actions as normal). You can't take a full-round action (though you can start or complete a full-round action by using a standard action; see below).

Table 8-2: Actions in Combat

Standard Action	Attack of Opportunity ¹
Attack (ranged)	Yes
Attack (unarmed)	Yes
Activate a magic item other than a potion or oil	No
Aid another	Maybe ²
Cast a spell (1 standard action casting time)	Yes

Channel energy	No
Concentrate to maintain an active spell	No
Dismiss a spell	No
Draw a hidden weapon (see Sleight of Hand skill)	No
Drink a potion or apply an oil	Yes
Escape a grapple	No
Feint	No
Light a torch with a tindertwig	Yes
Lower spell resistance	No
Read a scroll	Yes
Ready (triggers a standard action)	No
Stabilize a dying friend (see Heal skill)	Yes
Total defense	No
Use extraordinary ability	No
Use skill that takes 1 action	Usually
Use spell-like ability	Yes
Use supernatural ability	No
Move Action	Attack of
1710 VE TIEBION	
	Opportunity ¹
Move	Opportunity ¹ Yes
Move Control a frightened mount	Opportunity ¹ Yes Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell	Opportunity ¹ Yes Yes No
Move Control a frightened mount	Opportunity ¹ Yes Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell	Opportunity ¹ Yes Yes No
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³	Opportunity ¹ Yes Yes No No
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow	Yes Yes No No Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door	Yes Yes No No Yes No
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes No
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes No Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object Pick up an item	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes Yes Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object Pick up an item Sheathe a weapon	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object Pick up an item Sheathe a weapon Stand up from prone	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object Pick up an item Sheathe a weapon Stand up from prone Ready or drop a shield ³	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes Yes No No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes You
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object Pick up an item Sheathe a weapon Stand up from prone Ready or drop a shield ³ Retrieve a stored item	Yes Yes No No Yes No No Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Attack of
Move Control a frightened mount Direct or redirect an active spell Draw a weapon ³ Load a hand crossbow or light crossbow Open or close a door Mount/dismount a steed Move a heavy object Pick up an item Sheathe a weapon Stand up from prone Ready or drop a shield ³ Retrieve a stored item Full-Round Action	Yes Yes No No No Yes No No Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Opportunity¹

Yes

Deliver coup de grace

Escape from a net	Yes
Extinguish flames	No
Light a torch	Yes
Load a heavy or repeating crossbow	Yes
Lock or unlock weapon in locked gauntlet	Yes
Prepare to throw splash weapon	Yes
Run	Yes
Use skill that takes 1 round	Usually
Use a touch spell on up to six friends	Yes
Withdraw ⁴	No
Free Action	Attack of Opportunity ¹
Cease concentration on a spell	No
Drop an item	No
Drop to the floor	No
Prepare spell components to cast a spell ⁵	No
Speak	No
Swift Action	Attack of Opportunity ¹
Cast a quickened spell	No
Immediate Action	Attack of Opportunity ¹
Cast feather fall	No
No Action	Attack of Opportunity ¹
Delay	No
5-foot step	No
Action Type Varies	Attack of Opportunity ¹
Perform a combat maneuver ⁶	Yes
Use feat ⁷	Varies

- 1 Regardless of the action, if you move out of a threatened square, you usually provoke an attack of opportunity. This column indicates whether the action itself, not moving, provokes an attack of opportunity.
- 2 If you aid someone performing an action that would normally provoke an attack of opportunity, then the act of aiding another provokes an attack of opportunity as well.
- 3 If you have a base attack bonus of +1 or higher, you can combine one of these actions with a regular move. If you have the Two-Weapon Fighting feat, you can draw two light

or one-handed weapons in the time it would normally take you to draw one.

- 4 May be taken as a standard action if you are limited to taking only a single action in a round.
- 5 Unless the component is an extremely large or awkward item.
- 6 Some combat maneuvers substitute for a melee attack, not an action. As melee attacks, they can be used once in an attack or charge action, one or more times in a full-attack action, or even as an attack of opportunity. Others are used as a separate action.
- 7 The description of a feat defines its effect.

Standard Actions

Most of the common actions characters take, aside from movement, fall into the realm of standard actions.

Attack

Making an attack is a standard action.

Melee Attacks: With a normal melee weapon, you can strike any opponent within 5 feet. (Opponents within 5 feet are considered adjacent to you.) Some melee weapons have reach, as indicated in their descriptions. With a typical reach weapon, you can strike opponents 10 feet away, but you can't strike adjacent foes (those within 5 feet).

Unarmed Attacks: Striking for damage with punches, kicks, and head butts is much like attacking with a melee weapon, except for the following:

Attacks of Opportunity: Attacking unarmed provokes an attack of opportunity from the character you attack, provided she is armed. The attack of opportunity comes before your attack. An unarmed attack does not provoke attacks of opportunity from other foes, nor does it provoke an attack of opportunity from an unarmed foe.

An unarmed character can't take attacks of opportunity (but see "Armed" Unarmed Attacks, below).

"Armed" Unarmed Attacks: Sometimes a character's or creature's unarmed attack counts as an armed attack. A monk, a character with the Improved Unarmed Strike feat, a spellcaster delivering a touch attack spell, and a creature with natural physical weapons all count as being armed (see natural attacks).

Note that being armed counts for both offense and defense (the character can make attacks of opportunity).

Unarmed Strike Damage: An unarmed strike from a Medium character deals 1d3 points of bludgeoning damage (plus your Strength modifier, as normal). A Small character's unarmed strike deals 1d2 points of bludgeoning damage, while a Large character's unarmed strike deals 1d4 points of bludgeoning

damage. Unarmed strikes count as light weapons (for character, you take a -4 penalty on your attack roll. Two purposes of two-weapon attack penalties and so on).

Dealing Lethal Damage: You can specify that your unarmed strike will deal lethal damage before you make your attack roll, but you take a -4 penalty on your attack roll. If you have the Improved Unarmed Strike feat, you can deal lethal If your target (or the part of your target you're aiming at, if the attack roll.

Ranged Attacks: With a ranged weapon, you can shoot or throw at any target that is within the weapon's maximum maximum ranges, as specified in their descriptions.

Natural Attacks: Attacks made with natural weapons, such as claws and bites, are melee attacks that can be made *Precise Shot*: If you have the Precise Shot feat, you don't take against any creature within your reach (usually 5 feet). These this penalty. attacks are made using your full attack bonus and deal an amount of damage that depends on their type (plus your Strength modifier, as normal). You do not receive additional natural attacks for a high base attack bonus. Instead, you receive additional attack rolls for multiple limb and body parts capable of making the attack (as noted by the race or Critical Hits: When you make an attack roll and get a ability that grants the attacks). If you possess only one natural 20 (the d20 shows 20), you hit regardless of your natural attack (such as a bite-two claw attacks do not qualify), you add 1-1/2 times your Strength bonus on damage rolls made with that attack.

Some natural attacks are denoted as secondary natural attacks, such as tails and wings. Attacks with secondary natural attacks are made using your base attack bonus minus 5. These attacks deal an amount of damage depending on their type, but you only add half your Strength modifier on damage rolls.

You can make attacks with natural weapons in combination with attacks made with a melee weapon and unarmed strikes, so long as a different limb is used for each attack. For example, you cannot make a claw attack and also use that hand to make attacks with a longsword. When you make additional attacks in this way, all of your natural attacks are Exception: Precision damage (such as from a rogue's sneak treated as secondary natural attacks, using your base attack on damage rolls. In addition, all of your attacks made with you score a critical hit. melee weapons and unarmed strikes are made as if you were two-weapon fighting. Your natural attacks are treated as light, off-hand weapons for determining the penalty to your other attacks. Feats such as Two-Weapon Fighting and Multiattack can reduce these penalties.

Multiple Attacks: A character who can make more than one attack per round must use the full-attack action (see Full-Round Actions) in order to get more than one attack.

Shooting or Throwing into a Melee: If you shoot or throw a

damage. All damage from unarmed strikes is nonlethal ranged weapon at a target engaged in melee with a friendly characters are engaged in melee if they are enemies of each other and either threatens the other. (An unconscious or otherwise immobilized character is not considered engaged unless he is actually being attacked.)

damage with an unarmed strike without taking a penalty on it's a big target) is at least 10 feet away from the nearest friendly character, you can avoid the -4 penalty, even if the creature you're aiming at is engaged in melee with a friendly

range and in line of sight. The maximum range for a thrown If your target is two size categories larger than the friendly weapon is five range increments. For projectile weapons, it is characters it is engaged with, this penalty is reduced to -2. 10 range increments. Some ranged weapons have shorter There is no penalty for firing at a creature that is three size categories larger than the friendly characters it is engaged

Fighting Defensively as a Standard Action: You can choose to fight defensively when attacking. If you do so, you take a -4 penalty on all attacks in a round to gain a +2 to AC for the same round.

target's Armor Class, and you have scored a "threat," meaning the hit might be a critical hit (or "crit"). To find out if it's a critical hit, you immediately make an attempt to "confirm" the critical hit—another attack roll with all the same modifiers as the attack roll you just made. If the confirmation roll also results in a hit against the target's AC, your original hit is a critical hit. (The critical roll just needs to hit to give you a crit, it doesn't need to come up 20 again.) If the confirmation roll is a miss, then your hit is just a regular hit.

A critical hit means that you roll your damage more than once, with all your usual bonuses, and add the rolls together. Unless otherwise specified, the threat range for a critical hit on an attack roll is 20, and the multiplier is $\times 2$.

attack class feature) and additional damage dice from special bonus minus 5 and adding only 1/2 of your Strength modifier weapon qualities (such as flaming) are not multiplied when

> Increased Threat Range: Sometimes your threat range is greater than 20. That is, you can score a threat on a lower number. In such cases, a roll of lower than 20 is not an automatic hit. Any attack roll that doesn't result in a hit is not a threat.

> Increased Critical Multiplier: Some weapons deal better than double damage on a critical hit (see Equipment).

> Spells and Critical Hits: A spell that requires an attack roll can score a critical hit. A spell attack that requires no attack

damage or drain (see Special Abilities), the damage or drain to maintain a spell is a standard action that doesn't provoke is doubled on a critical hit.

Activate Magic Item

Many magic items don't need to be activated. Certain magic Casting Time: Most spells have a casting time of 1 standard items, however, do need to be activated, especially potions, action. A spell cast in this manner immediately takes effect. scrolls, wands, rods, and staffs. Unless otherwise noted, activating a magic item is a standard action.

Spell Completion Items: Activating a spell completion item you take damage from an attack of opportunity, you must is the equivalent of casting a spell. It requires concentration make a concentration check (DC 10 + points of damage and provokes attacks of opportunity. You lose the spell if taken + the spell's level) or lose the spell. Spells that require your concentration is broken, and you can attempt to activate only a free action to cast don't provoke attacks of the item while on the defensive, as with casting a spell.

Spell Trigger, Command Word, or Use-Activated Items: Casting on the Defensive: Casting a spell while on the Activating any of these kinds of items does not require defensive does not provoke an attack of opportunity. It does, concentration and does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

Cast a Spell

Most spells require 1 standard action to cast. You can cast such a spell either before or after you take a move action.

Note: You retain your Dexterity bonus to AC while casting.

Spell Components: To cast a spell with a verbal (V) the target, or between casting the spell and touching the component, your character must speak in a firm voice. If target. You can automatically touch one friend or use the you're gagged or in the area of a silence spell, you can't cast spell on yourself, but to touch an opponent, you must such a spell. A spellcaster who has been deafened has a 20% chance to spoil any spell he tries to cast if that spell has a verbal component.

To cast a spell with a somatic (S) component, you must provoke attacks of opportunity. The act of casting a spell, gesture freely with at least one hand. You can't cast a spell of however, does provoke an attack of opportunity. Touch this type while bound, grappling, or with both your hands attacks come in two types: melee touch attacks and ranged full or occupied.

To cast a spell with a material (M), focus (F), or divine focus (DF) component, you have to have the proper materials, as described by the spell. Unless these components are elaborate, preparing them is a free action. For material components and focuses whose costs are not listed in the spell description, you can assume that you have them if you Holding the Charge: If you don't discharge the spell in the have your spell component pouch.

Concentration: You must concentrate to cast a spell. If you can't concentrate, you can't cast a spell. If you start casting a spell but something interferes with your concentration, you must make a concentration check or lose the spell. The check's DC depends on what is threatening your concentration (see Magic). If you fail, the spell fizzles with no effect. If you prepare spells, it is lost from preparation. If you cast at will, it counts against your daily limit of spells even though you did not cast it successfully.

roll cannot score a critical hit. If a spell causes ability continued concentration to keep them going. Concentrating an attack of opportunity. Anything that could break your concentration when casting a spell can keep you from concentrating to maintain a spell. If your concentration breaks, the spell ends.

Attacks of Opportunity: Generally, if you cast a spell, you provoke attacks of opportunity from threatening enemies. If opportunity.

however, require a concentration check (DC 15 + double the spell's level) to successfully cast the spell. Failure means that you lose the spell.

Touch Spells in Combat: Many spells have a range of touch. To use these spells, you cast the spell and then touch the subject. In the same round that you cast the spell, you may also touch (or attempt to touch) as a free action. You may take your move before casting the spell, after touching succeed on an attack roll.

Touch Attacks: Touching an opponent with a touch spell is considered to be an armed attack and therefore does not touch attacks. You can score critical hits with either type of attack as long as the spell deals damage. Your opponent's AC against a touch attack does not include any armor bonus, shield bonus, or natural armor bonus. His size modifier, Dexterity modifier, and deflection bonus (if any) all apply normally.

round when you cast the spell, you can hold the charge indefinitely. You can continue to make touch attacks round after round. If you touch anything or anyone while holding a charge, even unintentionally, the spell discharges. If you cast another spell, the touch spell dissipates. You can touch one friend as a standard action or up to six friends as a full-round action. Alternatively, you may make a normal unarmed attack (or an attack with a natural weapon) while holding a charge. In this case, you aren't considered armed and you provoke attacks of opportunity as normal for the attack. If your unarmed attack or natural weapon attack normally Concentrating to Maintain a Spell: Some spells require doesn't provoke attacks of opportunity, neither does this

attack. If the attack hits, you deal normal damage for your Extraordinary Abilities (Ex): Using an extraordinary ability unarmed attack or natural weapon and the spell discharges. If is usually not an action because most extraordinary abilities the attack misses, you are still holding the charge.

Ranged Touch Spells in Combat: Some spells allow you to make a ranged touch attack as part of the casting of the spell. These attacks are made as part of the spell and do not require a separate action. Ranged touch attacks provoke an attack of opportunity, even if the spell that causes the attacks was cast defensively. Unless otherwise noted, ranged touch attacks cannot be held until a later turn.

Dismiss a Spell: Dismissing an active spell is a standard action that doesn't provoke attacks of opportunity.

Start/Complete Full-Round Action

The "start full-round action" standard action lets you start undertaking a full-round action, which you can complete in the following round by using another standard action. You Many nonstandard modes of movement are covered under can't use this action to start or complete a full attack, charge, run, or withdraw.

Total Defense

You can defend yourself as a standard action. You get a +4 dodge bonus to your AC for 1 round. Your AC improves at the start of this action. You can't combine total defense with fighting defensively or with the benefit of the Combat Expertise feat. You can't make attacks of opportunity while using total defense.

Use Special Ability

Using a special ability is usually a standard action, but whether it is a standard action, a full-round action, or not an action at all is defined by the ability.

Spell-Like Abilities (Sp): Using a spell-like ability works like casting a spell in that it requires concentration and provokes attacks of opportunity. Spell-like abilities can be Draw or Sheathe a Weapon disrupted. If your concentration is broken, the attempt to use the ability fails, but the attempt counts as if you had used the action, unless the ability description notes otherwise.

to use a spell-like ability on the defensive, just as with casting a spell. If the concentration check (DC 15 + double the spell's level) fails, you can't use the ability, but the attempt counts as if you had used the ability.

Supernatural Abilities (Su): Using a supernatural ability is usually a standard action (unless defined otherwise by the ability's description). Its use cannot be disrupted, does not require concentration, and does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

automatically happen in a reactive fashion. Those extraordinary abilities that are actions are usually standard actions that cannot be disrupted, do not require concentration, and do not provoke attacks of opportunity.

Move Actions

With the exception of specific movement-related skills, most move actions don't require a check.

Move

The simplest move action is moving your speed. If you take this kind of move action during your turn, you can't also take a 5-foot step.

this category, including climbing (up to one-quarter of your speed) and swimming (up to one-quarter of your speed).

Accelerated Climbing: You can climb at half your speed as a move action by accepting a -5 penalty on your Climb check.

Crawling: You can crawl 5 feet as a move action. Crawling incurs attacks of opportunity from any attackers who threaten you at any point of your crawl. A crawling character is considered prone and must take a move action to stand up, provoking an attack of opportunity.

Direct or Redirect a Spell

Some spells allow you to redirect the effect to new targets or areas after you cast the spell. Redirecting a spell requires a move action and does not provoke attacks of opportunity or require concentration.

Drawing a weapon so that you can use it in combat, or ability. The casting time of a spell-like ability is 1 standard putting it away so that you have a free hand, requires a move action. This action also applies to weapon-like objects carried in easy reach, such as wands. If your weapon or Using a Spell-Like Ability on the Defensive: You may attempt weapon-like object is stored in a pack or otherwise out of easy reach, treat this action as retrieving a stored item.

> If you have a base attack bonus of +1 or higher, you may draw a weapon as a free action combined with a regular move. If you have the Two-Weapon Fighting feat, you can draw two light or one-handed weapons in the time it would normally take you to draw one.

> Drawing ammunition for use with a ranged weapon (such as arrows, bolts, sling bullets, or shuriken) is a free action.

Manipulate an Item

Moving or manipulating an item is usually a move action.

picking up an item, moving a heavy object, and opening a highest bonus to lowest. If you are using two weapons, you door. Examples of this kind of action, along with whether can strike with either weapon first. If you are using a double they incur an attack of opportunity, are given in Table: weapon, you can strike with either part of the weapon first. Actions in Combat.

Mount/Dismount a Steed

Mounting or dismounting a steed requires a move action.

Fast Mount or Dismount: You can mount or dismount as a free action with a DC 20 Ride check. If you fail the check, mounting or dismounting is a move action instead. You can't Fighting Defensively as a Full-Round Action: You can attempt a fast mount or fast dismount unless you can perform the mount or dismount as a move action in the current round.

Ready or Drop a Shield

Strapping a shield to your arm to gain its shield bonus to your AC, or unstrapping and dropping a shield so you can A spell that takes one round to cast is a full-round action. It use your shield hand for another purpose, requires a move comes into effect just before the beginning of your turn in the action. If you have a base attack bonus of +1 or higher, you round after you began casting the spell. You then act can ready or drop a shield as a free action combined with a normally after the spell is completed. regular move.

Dropping a carried (but not worn) shield is a free action.

Stand Up

Standing up from a prone position requires a move action and provokes attacks of opportunity.

Full-Round Actions

A full-round action requires an entire round to complete. You only provoke attacks of opportunity when you begin take a 5-foot step.

Full Attack

If you get more than one attack per round because your base attack bonus is high enough (see Base Attack Bonus in Classes), because you fight with two weapons or a double weapon, or for some special reason, you must use a fullround action to get your additional attacks. You do not need to specify the targets of your attacks ahead of time. You can see how the earlier attacks turn out before assigning the later ones.

foot step. You may take the step before, after, or between your attacks.

If you get multiple attacks because your base attack bonus is This includes retrieving or putting away a stored item, high enough, you must make the attacks in order from

> Deciding between an Attack or a Full Attack: After your first attack, you can decide to take a move action instead of making your remaining attacks, depending on how the first attack turns out and assuming you have not already taken a move action this round. If you've already taken a 5-foot step, you can't use your move action to move any distance, but you could still use a different kind of move action.

> choose to fight defensively when taking a full-attack action. If you do so, you take a -4 penalty on all attacks in a round to gain a +2 dodge bonus to AC for the same round.

Cast a Spell

A spell that takes 1 minute to cast comes into effect just before your turn 1 minute later (and for each of those 10 rounds, you are casting a spell as a full-round action). These actions must be consecutive and uninterrupted, or the spell automatically fails.

When you begin a spell that takes 1 round or longer to cast, you must continue the invocations, gestures, concentration from 1 round to just before your turn in the next round (at least). If you lose concentration after starting the spell and before it is complete, you lose the spell.

Thus, it can't be coupled with a standard or a move action, casting a spell, even though you might continue casting for at though if it does not involve moving any distance, you can least 1 full round. While casting a spell, you don't threaten any squares around you.

> This action is otherwise identical to the cast a spell action described under Standard Actions.

Casting a Metamagic Spell: Sorcerers and bards must take more time to cast a metamagic spell (one enhanced by a metamagic feat) than a regular spell. If a spell's normal casting time is 1 standard action, casting a metamagic version of the spell is a full-round action for a sorcerer or bard (except for spells modified by the Quicken Spell feat, which take 1 swift action to cast). Note that this isn't the same as a spell with a 1-round casting time. Spells that take a full-round action to cast take effect in the same round that The only movement you can take during a full attack is a 5- you begin casting, and you are not required to continue the

For spells with a longer casting time, it takes an extra full- opportunity against you, and you can't withdraw from round action to cast the metamagic spell.

Clerics and druids must take more time to spontaneously cast a metamagic version of a cure, inflict, or summon spell. If, during the process of withdrawing, you move out of a Spontaneously casting a metamagic version of a spell with a casting time of 1 standard action is a full-round action, and spells with longer casting times take an extra full-round action to cast.

Move 5 Feet through Difficult Terrain

In some situations, your movement may be so hampered that Restricted Withdraw: If you are limited to taking only a you don't have sufficient speed even to move 5 feet (a single standard action each round you can withdraw as a standard square). In such a case, you may spend a full-round action to action. In this case, you may move up to your speed. move 5 feet (1 square) in any direction, even diagonally. Even though this looks like a 5-foot step, it's not, and thus it provokes attacks of opportunity normally.

Run

You can run as a full-round action. If you do, you do not also get a 5-foot step. When you run, you can move up to four times your speed in a straight line (or three times your speed if you're in heavy armor). You lose any Dexterity bonus to AC unless you have the Run feat.

You can run for a number of rounds equal to your Constitution score, but after that you must make a DC 10 Constitution check to continue running. You must check **Drop an Item** again each round in which you continue to run, and the DC of this check increases by 1 for each check you have made. When you fail this check, you must stop running. A character who has run to his limit must rest for 1 minute (10 rounds) before running again. During a rest period, a character can move no faster than a normal move action.

You can't run across difficult terrain or if you can't see where you're going.

A run represents a speed of about 13 miles per hour for an **Speak** unencumbered human.

Use Special Ability

Using a special ability is usually a standard action, but some may be full-round actions, as defined by the ability.

Withdraw

Withdrawing from melee combat is a full-round action. When you withdraw, you can move up to double your speed. The square you start out in is not considered threatened by any opponent you can see, and therefore visible enemies do not get attacks of opportunity against you when you move

invocations, gestures, and concentration until your next turn. from that square. Invisible enemies still get attacks of combat if you're blinded. You can't take a 5-foot step during the same round in which you withdraw.

> threatened square (other than the one you started in), enemies get attacks of opportunity as normal.

> You may not withdraw using a form of movement for which you don't have a listed speed.

> Note that despite the name of this action, you don't actually have to leave combat entirely.

Free Actions

Free actions don't take any time at all, though there may be limits to the number of free actions you can perform in a turn. Free actions rarely incur attacks of opportunity. Some common free actions are described below.

Cease Concentration on Spell

You can stop concentrating on a spell as a free action.

Dropping an item in your space or into an adjacent square is a free action.

Drop Prone

Dropping to a prone position in your space is a free action.

In general, speaking is a free action that you can perform even when it isn't your turn. Speaking more than a few sentences is generally beyond the limit of a free action.

Swift Actions

A swift action consumes a very small amount of time, but represents a larger expenditure of effort than a free action. You can perform one swift action per turn without affecting your ability to perform other actions. In that regard, a swift action is like a free action. You can, however, perform only one single swift action per turn, regardless of what other actions you take. You can take a swift action anytime you

would normally be allowed to take a free action. Swift Use Feat actions usually involve spellcasting, activating a feat, or the activation of magic items.

Cast a Quickened Spell

You can cast a quickened spell (see the Quicken Spell feat), or any spell whose casting time is designated as a free or swift action, as a swift action. Only one such spell can be cast in any round, and such spells don't count toward your Use Skill normal limit of one spell per round. Casting a spell as a swift action doesn't incur an attack of opportunity.

Immediate Actions

Much like a swift action, an immediate action consumes a very small amount of time but represents a larger expenditure of effort and energy than a free action. However, unlike a swift action, an immediate action can be performed at any time—even if it's not your turn. Casting feather fall is an immediate action, since the spell can be cast at any time.

Using an immediate action on your turn is the same as using a swift action and counts as your swift action for that turn. You cannot use another immediate action or a swift action until after your next turn if you have used an immediate action when it is not currently your turn (effectively, using an immediate action before your turn is equivalent to using your swift action for the coming turn). You also cannot use an take lethal damage and lose hit points. immediate action if you are flat-footed.

Miscellaneous Actions

The following actions take a variable amount of time to accomplish or otherwise work differently than other actions.

Take 5-Foot Step

You can move 5 feet in any round when you don't perform any other kind of movement. Taking this 5-foot step never provokes an attack of opportunity. You can't take more than one 5-foot step in a round, and you can't take a 5-foot step in the same round that you move any distance.

You can take a 5-foot step before, during, or after your other actions in the round.

You can only take a 5-foot-step if your movement isn't hampered by difficult terrain or darkness. Any creature with a speed of 5 feet or less can't take a 5-foot step, since moving even 5 feet requires a move action for such a slow creature.

You may not take a 5-foot step using a form of movement for which you do not have a listed speed.

Certain feats let you take special actions in combat. Other feats do not require actions themselves, but they give you a bonus when attempting something you can already do. Some feats are not meant to be used within the framework of combat. The individual feat descriptions tell you what you need to know about them.

Most skill uses are standard actions, but some might be move actions, full-round actions, free actions, or something else entirely.

The individual skill descriptions in Using Skills tell you what sorts of actions are required to perform skills.

Injury and Death

Your hit points measure how hard you are to kill. No matter how many hit points you lose, your character isn't hindered in any way until your hit points drop to 0 or lower.

Loss of Hit Points

The most common way that your character gets hurt is to

What Hit Points Represent: Hit points mean two things in the game world: the ability to take physical punishment and keep going, and the ability to turn a serious blow into a less serious one.

Effects of Hit Point Damage: Damage doesn't slow you down until your current hit points reach 0 or lower. At 0 hit points, you're disabled.

If your hit point total is negative, but not equal to or greater than your Constitution score, you are unconscious and dying.

When your negative hit point total is equal to your Constitution, you're dead.

Massive Damage (Optional Rule): If you ever sustain a single attack that deals an amount of damage equal to half your total hit points (minimum 50 points of damage) or more and it doesn't kill you outright, you must make a DC 15 Fortitude save. If this saving throw fails, you die regardless of your current hit points. If you take half your total hit points or more in damage from multiple attacks, no one of which dealt more than half your total hit points (minimum 50), the massive damage rule does not apply.

Disabled (0 Hit Points)

When your current hit point total drops to exactly 0, you are disabled.

You gain the staggered condition and can only take a single round in addition to the continuous damage. move or standard action each turn (but not both, nor can you take full-round actions). You can take move actions without further injuring yourself, but if you perform any standard action (or any other strenuous action) you take 1 point of If any sort of healing cures the dying character of even 1 increased your hit points, you are now at -1 hit points and points. dying.

functional again, just as if you'd never been reduced to 0 or fewer hit points.

You can also become disabled when recovering from dying. In this case, it's a step toward recovery, and you can have fewer than 0 hit points (see Stable Characters and Recovery).

Dving (Negative Hit Points)

If your hit point total is negative, but not equal to or greater than your Constitution score, you're dying.

A dying character immediately falls unconscious and can take no actions.

A dying character loses 1 hit point every round. This continues until the character dies or becomes stable.

Dead

When your character's current hit points drop to a negative amount equal to his Constitution score or lower, or if he succumbs to massive damage, he's dead. A character can also die from taking ability damage or suffering an ability drain that reduces his Constitution score to 0 (see Special Abilities).

Certain types of powerful magic, such as raise dead and unaided character does not recover hit points naturally. Once resurrection, can restore life to a dead character. See Magic conscious, the character can make a DC 10 Constitution for more information.

Stable Characters and Recovery

On the character's next turn, after being reduced to negative hit points (but not dead), and on all subsequent turns, the character must make a DC 10 Constitution check to become stable. The character takes a penalty on this roll equal to his negative hit point total. A character that is stable does not need to make this check. A natural 20 on this check is an automatic success. If the character fails this check, he loses 1 hit point. An unconscious or dying character cannot use any special action that changes the initiative count on which his

action occurs.

Characters taking continuous damage, such as from an acid arrow or a bleed effect, automatically fail all Constitution checks made to stabilize. Such characters lose 1 hit point per

You can keep a dying character from losing any more hit points and make him stable with a DC 15 Heal check.

damage after completing the act. Unless your activity point of damage, he becomes stable and stops losing hit

Healing that raises the dying character's hit points to 0 makes Healing that raises your hit points above 0 makes you fully him conscious and disabled. Healing that raises his hit points to 1 or more makes him fully functional again, just as if he'd never been reduced to 0 or lower. A spellcaster retains the spellcasting capability she had before dropping below 0 hit points.

> A stable character who has been tended by a healer or who has been magically healed eventually regains consciousness and recovers hit points naturally. If the character has no one to tend him, however, his life is still in danger, and he may yet slip away.

> Recovering with Help: One hour after a tended, dying character becomes stable, the character must make a DC 10 Constitution check to become conscious. The character takes a penalty on this roll equal to his negative hit point total. Conscious characters with negative hit point totals are treated as disabled characters. If the character remains unconscious, he receives another check every hour to regain consciousness. A natural 20 on this check is an automatic success. Even if unconscious, the character recovers hit points naturally. He automatically regains consciousness when his hit points rise to 1 or higher.

> Recovering without Help: A severely wounded character left alone usually dies. He has a small chance of recovering on his own. Treat such characters as those attempting to recover with help, but every failed Constitution check to regain consciousness results in the loss of 1 hit point. An check once per day, after resting for 8 hours, to begin recovering hit points naturally. The character takes a penalty on this roll equal to his negative hit point total. Failing this check causes the character to lose 1 hit point, but this does not cause the character to become unconscious. Once a character makes this check, he continues to heal naturally and is no longer in danger of losing hit points naturally.

Healing

natural healing or through magical healing. In any case, you staggered (see below), and when it exceeds your current hit can't regain hit points past your full normal hit point total.

healing that night.

you recover twice your character level in hit points.

Magical Healing: Various abilities and spells can restore hit points.

Healing Limits: You can never recover more hit points than you lost. Magical healing won't raise your current hit points higher than your full normal hit point total.

Healing Ability Damage: Temporary ability damage returns at the rate of 1 point per night of rest (8 hours) for each affected ability score. Complete bed rest restores 2 points per day (24 hours) for each affected ability score.

Temporary Hit Points

Certain effects give a character temporary hit points. These total and any damage taken by the character is subtracted from these hit points first. Any damage in excess of character's temporary hit points is applied to his current hit points as normal. If the effect that grants the temporary hit points ends or is dispelled, any remaining temporary hit Healing Nonlethal Damage: You heal nonlethal damage at points go away. The damage they sustained is not transferred to the character's current hit points.

When temporary hit points are lost, they cannot be restored as real hit points can be, even by magic.

Increases in Constitution Score and Current Hit Points: An increase in a character's Constitution score, even a temporary one, can give her more hit points (an effective hit point increase), but these are not temporary hit points. They can be restored, and they are not lost first as temporary hit points are.

Nonlethal Damage

Nonlethal damage represents harm to a character that is not life-threatening. Unlike normal damage, nonlethal damage is healed quickly with rest.

Dealing Nonlethal Damage: Certain attacks deal nonlethal damage. Other effects, such as heat or being exhausted, also deal nonlethal damage. When you take nonlethal damage, keep a running total of how much you've accumulated. Do

not deduct the nonlethal damage number from your current hit points. It is not "real" damage. Instead, when your After taking damage, you can recover hit points through nonlethal damage equals your current hit points, you're points, you fall unconscious.

Natural Healing: With a full night's rest (8 hours of sleep or Nonlethal Damage with a Weapon that Deals Lethal more), you recover 1 hit point per character level. Any Damage: You can use a melee weapon that deals lethal significant interruption during your rest prevents you from damage to deal nonlethal damage instead, but you take a -4 penalty on your attack roll.

If you undergo complete bed rest for an entire day and night, Lethal Damage with a Weapon that Deals Nonlethal Damage: You can use a weapon that deals nonlethal damage, including an unarmed strike, to deal lethal damage instead, but you take a -4 penalty on your attack roll.

> Staggered and Unconscious: When your nonlethal damage equals your current hit points, you're staggered. You can only take a standard action or a move action in each round (in addition to free, immediate, and swift actions). You cease being staggered when your current hit points once again exceed your nonlethal damage.

> When your nonlethal damage exceeds your current hit points, you fall unconscious. While unconscious, you are helpless.

> Spellcasters who fall unconscious retain any spellcasting ability they had before going unconscious.

If a creature's nonlethal damage is equal to his total hit points are in addition to the character's current hit point maximum hit points (not his current hit points), all further nonlethal damage is treated as lethal damage. This does not apply to creatures with regeneration. Such creatures simply accrue additional nonlethal damage, increasing the amount of time they remain unconscious.

> the rate of 1 hit point per hour per character level. When a spell or ability cures hit point damage, it also removes an equal amount of nonlethal damage.

Movement, Position, And Distance

Miniatures are on the 30mm scale—a miniature of a 6-foottall man is approximately 30mm tall. A square on the battle grid is 1 inch across, representing a 5-foot-by-5-foot area.

Tactical Movement

Your speed is determined by your race and your armor (see Table: Tactical Speed). Your speed while unarmored is your base land speed.

Table 8-3: Tactical Speed

Race	No Armor or Light Armor	Medium or Heavy Armor
Human, elf, half- elf, half-orc	30 ft. (6 squares)	20 ft. (4 squares)
Dwarf	20 ft. (4 squares)	20 ft. (4 squares)
Halfling, gnome	20 ft. (4 squares)	15 ft. (3 squares)

Encumbrance: A character encumbered by carrying treasure. a large amount of gear, or fallen comrades may move slower than normal (see Additional Rules).

visibility can hamper movement.

in a round and still do something (take a move action and a counts as 1 square, the second counts as 2 squares, the third standard action).

double your speed.

If you spend the entire round running, you can move quadruple your speed (or three times your speed in heavy

Tactical Movement



The fighter's first move costs him 5 feet (or 1 square). His next costs 5 feet also, but his third (his 2nd diagonal) costs him 10 feet. Next he moves into difficult terrain, also costing him 10 feet. At this point (#6), the fighter has moved 30 feet—one move action. The last square is a diagonal move in difficult terrain, which costs 15 feet; he must spend his turn's standard action to move this far.

The Large ogre's move costs a total of 20 feet worth of movement (or 4 squares). The ogre cannot cut across the corner to get to that location, and must fully move around it, as indicated.

armor). If you do something that requires a full round, you can only take a 5-foot step.

Bonuses to Speed: A barbarian has a +10-foot bonus to his speed (unless she's wearing heavy armor). Experienced monks also have higher speed (unless they're wearing armor of any sort). In addition, many spells and magic items can affect a character's speed. Always apply any modifiers to a character's speed before adjusting the character's speed based on armor or encumbrance, and remember that multiple bonuses of the same type to a character's speed don't stack.

Measuring Distance

Hampered Movement: Difficult terrain, obstacles, or poor As a general rule, distance is measured assuming that 1 square equals 5 feet.

Movement in Combat: Generally, you can move your speed Diagonals: When measuring distance, the first diagonal counts as 1, the fourth as 2, and so on.

If you do nothing but move (that is, if you use both of your You can't move diagonally past a corner (even by taking a 5actions in a round to move your speed), you can move foot step). You can move diagonally past a creature, even an opponent.

> You can also move diagonally past other impassable obstacles, such as pits.

Closest Creature: When it's important to determine the closest square or creature to a location, if two squares or creatures are equally close, randomly determine which one counts as closest by rolling a die.

Moving Through a Square

You can move through an unoccupied square without difficulty in most circumstances. Difficult terrain and a number of spell effects might hamper your movement through open spaces.

Friend: You can move through a square occupied by a friendly character, unless you are charging. When you move through a square occupied by a friendly character, that character doesn't provide you with cover.

Opponent: You can't move through a square occupied by an opponent unless the opponent is helpless. You can move through a square occupied by a helpless opponent without penalty. Some creatures, particularly very large ones, may present an obstacle even when helpless. In such cases, each square you move through counts as 2 squares.

Ending Your Movement: You can't end your movement in the same square as another creature unless it is helpless.

Overrun: During your movement, you can attempt to move through a square occupied by an opponent (see Overrun).

Tumbling: A trained character can attempt to use Acrobatics

to move through a square occupied by an opponent (see the narrow space counts as if it were 2 squares, and while Acrobatics skill).

Very Small Creature: A Fine, Diminutive, or Tiny creature can move into or through an occupied square. The creature When a Large creature (which normally takes up 4 squares) provokes attacks of opportunity when doing so.

Square Occupied by Creature Three Sizes Larger or Smaller: Any creature can move through a square occupied by a creature three size categories larger than itself.

A big creature can move through a square occupied by a creature three size categories smaller than it is. Creatures attacks of opportunity from those creatures.

Designated Exceptions: Some creatures break the above rules. A creature that completely fills the squares it occupies cannot be moved past, even with the Acrobatics skill or similar special abilities.

Terrain and Obstacles

terrain features that can affect your movement.

Difficult Terrain: Difficult terrain, such as heavy undergrowth, broken ground, or steep stairs, hampers movement. Each square of difficult terrain counts as 2 squares of movement. Each diagonal move into a difficult terrain square counts as 3 squares. You can't run or charge Double Movement Cost: When your movement is hampered across difficult terrain.

If you occupy squares with different kinds of terrain, you can move only as fast as the most difficult terrain you occupy will allow.

Flying and incorporeal creatures are not hampered by difficult terrain.

movement. If an obstacle hampers movement but doesn't counts as 8 squares (12 if diagonal) and so on. This is an completely block it, each obstructed square or obstacle exception to the general rule that two doublings are between squares counts as 2 squares of movement. You must equivalent to a tripling. pay this cost to cross the obstacle, in addition to the cost to move into the square on the other side. If you don't have sufficient movement to cross the obstacle and move into the square on the other side, you can't cross it. Some obstacles may also require a skill check to cross.

A character can't move through a blocking obstacle.

Flying and incorporeal creatures are able to avoid most obstacles.

Squeezing: In some cases, you may have to squeeze into or through an area that isn't as wide as the space you take up. You can squeeze through or into a space that is at least half as wide as your normal space. Each move into or through a

squeezed in a narrow space, you take a -4 penalty on attack rolls and a –4 penalty to AC.

squeezes into a space that's 1 square wide, the creature's miniature figure occupies 2 squares, centered on the line between the 2 squares. For a bigger creature, center the creature likewise in the area it squeezes into.

A creature can squeeze past a creature while moving but it can't end its movement in an occupied square.

moving through squares occupied by other creatures provoke To squeeze through or into a space less than half your space's width, you must use the Escape Artist skill. You can't attack while using Escape Artist to squeeze through or into a narrow space, you take a -4 penalty to AC, and you lose any Dexterity bonus to AC.

Special Movement Rules

These rules cover special movement situations.

From tangled plants to broken stone, there are a number of Accidentally Ending Movement in an Illegal Space: Sometimes a character ends its movement while moving through a space where it's not allowed to stop. When that happens, put your miniature in the last legal position you occupied, or the closest legal position, if there's a legal position that's closer.

> in some way, your movement usually costs double. For example, each square of movement through difficult terrain counts as 2 squares, and each diagonal move through such terrain counts as 3 squares (just as two diagonal moves normally do).

If movement cost is doubled twice, then each square counts as 4 squares (or as 6 squares if moving diagonally). If Obstacles: Like difficult terrain, obstacles can hamper movement cost is doubled three times, then each square

Minimum Movement: Despite whatever penalties to movement you might have, you can take a full-round action to move 5 feet (1 square) in any direction, even diagonally. This rule doesn't allow you to move through impassable terrain or to move when all movement is prohibited. Such On the other hand, some obstacles block movement entirely. movement provokes attacks of opportunity as normal (despite the distance covered, this move isn't a 5-foot step).

Big And Little Creatures In Combat

Creatures smaller than Small or larger than Medium have special rules relating to position.

take up less than 1 square of space. This means that more reach or less. than one such creature can fit into a single square. A Tiny creature typically occupies a space only 2-1/2 feet across, so four can fit into a single square. 25 Diminutive creatures or 100 Fine creatures can fit into a single square. Creatures that take up less than 1 square of space typically have a natural reach of 0 feet, meaning they can't reach into adjacent squares. They must enter an opponent's square to attack in melee. This provokes an attack of opportunity from the opponent. You can attack into your own square if you need to, so you can attack such creatures normally. Since they have no natural reach, they do not threaten the squares around them. You can move past them without provoking attacks of opportunity. They also can't flank an enemy.

Large, Huge, Gargantuan, and Colossal Creatures: Very large creatures take up more than 1 square.

Creatures that take up more than 1 square typically have a natural reach of 10 feet or more, meaning that they can reach targets even if they aren't in adjacent squares.

Unlike when someone uses a reach weapon, a creature with greater than normal natural reach (more than 5 feet) still threatens squares adjacent to it. A creature with greater than 1 An entangled character also takes a -4 penalty to normal natural reach usually gets an attack of opportunity against you if you approach it, because you must enter and move within the range of its reach before you can attack it. This attack of opportunity is not provoked if you take a 5foot step.

Large or larger creatures using reach weapons can strike up

Table 8-4: Creature Size and Scale

Creature Size	Space	Natural Reach*
Fine	1/2 ft.	0
Diminutive	1 ft.	0
Tiny	2-1/2 ft.	0
Small	5 ft.	5 ft.
Medium	5 ft.	5 ft.
Large (tall)	10 ft.	10 ft.
Large (long)	10 ft.	5 ft.
Huge (tall)	15 ft.	15 ft.
Huge (long)	15 ft.	10 ft.
Gargantuan (tall)	20 ft.	20 ft.
Gargantuan (long)	20 ft.	15 ft.
Colossal (tall)	30 ft.	30 ft.
Colossal (long)	30 ft.	20 ft.

^{*} These values are typical for creatures of the indicated size. Some exceptions exist.

Tiny, Diminutive, and Fine Creatures: Very small creatures to double their natural reach but can't strike at their natural

Combat Modifiers

A number of factors and conditions can influence an attack roll. Many of these situations grant a bonus or penalty on attack rolls or to a defender's Armor Class.

Table 8-5: Attack Roll Modifiers

Attacker is	Melee	Ranged
Dazzled	-1	-1
Entangled	-2^{1}	-2^{1}
Flanking defender	+2	_
Invisible	+2 ²	+2 ²
On higher ground	+1	+0
Prone	-4	3
Shaken or frightened	-2	2
Squeezing through a space	-4	4

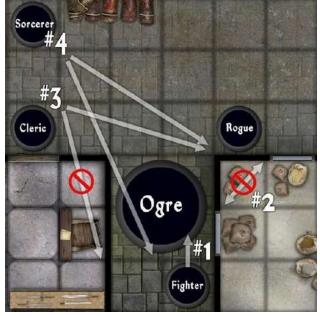
- Dexterity, which may affect his attack roll.
- 2 The defender loses any Dexterity bonus to AC.
- 3 Most ranged weapons can't be used while the attacker is prone, but you can use a crossbow or shuriken while prone at no penalty.

Table 8-6: Armor Class Modifiers

Defender is	Melee	Ranged
Behind cover	+4	+4
Blinded	-2^{1}	2^{1}
Concealed or invisible	See Concealment	
Cowering	-2^{1}	-2^{1}
Entangled	+02	$+0^{2}$
Flat-footed	+01	+01
Grappling (but attacker is not)	$+0^{1}$	$+0^{1}$
Helpless	-4^{3}	+03
Kneeling or sitting	-2	+2
Pinned	-4^{3}	+0 ³
Prone	-4	+4
Squeezing through a space	-4	-4
Stunned	-2^{1}	-2^{1}

- 1 The defender loses any Dexterity bonus to AC.
- 2 An entangled character takes a –4 penalty to Dexterity.
- 3 The defender is flat-footed and cannot add his Dexterity bonus to his Armor Class.





#1: The fighter is adjacent to the ogre, and nothing blocks him from reaching it. The ogre does not have cover against the fighter.

#2: The rogue is adjacent to the ogre, but lines from the corners of her square to the corners of the ogre's square cross through a wall. The ogre has melee cover from her, but if it attacks her, the rogue does not have cover from it, as the ogre has reach (so it figures attacks as if attacking with a ranged weapon).

#3: The cleric attacks at range, and must pick one of the corners of her square to determine cover. Some of these lines pass through a solid surface, meaning that the ogre has cover.

#4: The sorcerer attacks at range as well, but her lines reveal that she can clearly see move than half of the ogre. This gives the ogre partial cover.

Cover

To determine whether your target has cover from your ranged attack, choose a corner of your square. If any line from this corner to any corner of the target's square passes through a square or border that blocks line of effect or which the Reflex save bonus applies. Furthermore, improved provides cover, or through a square occupied by a creature, cover provides a +10 bonus on Stealth checks. the target has cover (+4 to AC).

When making a melee attack against an adjacent target, your target has cover if any line from any corner of your square to the target's square goes through a wall (including a low wall). To determine whether your target has concealment from your When making a melee attack against a target that isn't adjacent to you (such as with a reach weapon), use the rules for determining cover from ranged attacks.

Low Obstacles and Cover: A low obstacle (such as a wall no higher than half your height) provides cover, but only to creatures within 30 feet (6 squares) of it. The attacker can ignore the cover if he's closer to the obstacle than his target.

Cover and Attacks of Opportunity: You can't execute an attack of opportunity against an opponent with cover relative to you.

Cover and Reflex Saves: Cover grants you a +2 bonus on Reflex saves against attacks that originate or burst out from a point on the other side of the cover from you. Note that spread effects can extend around corners and thus negate this cover bonus.

Cover and Stealth Checks: You can use cover to make a Stealth check. Without cover, you usually need concealment (see below) to make a Stealth check.

Soft Cover: Creatures, even your enemies, can provide you with cover against ranged attacks, giving you a +4 bonus to AC. However, such soft cover provides no bonus on Reflex saves, nor does soft cover allow you to make a Stealth check.

Big Creatures and Cover: Any creature with a space larger than 5 feet (1 square) determines cover against melee attacks slightly differently than smaller creatures do. Such a creature can choose any square that it occupies to determine if an opponent has cover against its melee attacks. Similarly, when making a melee attack against such a creature, you can pick any of the squares it occupies to determine if it has cover against you.

Partial Cover: If a creature has cover, but more than half the creature is visible, its cover bonus is reduced to a +2 to AC and a +1 bonus on Reflex saving throws. This partial cover is subject to the GM's discretion.

Total Cover: If you don't have line of effect to your target (that is, you cannot draw any line from your square to your target's square without crossing a solid barrier), he is considered to have total cover from you. You can't make an attack against a target that has total cover.

Improved Cover: In some cases, such as attacking a target hiding behind an arrowslit, cover may provide a greater bonus to AC and Reflex saves. In such situations, the normal cover bonuses to AC and Reflex saves can be doubled (to +8 and +4, respectively). A creature with this improved cover effectively gains improved evasion against any attack to

Concealment

ranged attack, choose a corner of your square. If any line from this corner to any corner of the target's square passes through a square or border that provides concealment, the

target has concealment.

When making a melee attack against an adjacent target, your target has concealment if his space is entirely within an effect that grants concealment. When making a melee attack against a target that isn't adjacent to you, use the rules for determining concealment from ranged attacks.

In addition, some magical effects provide concealment against all attacks, regardless of whether any intervening concealment exists.

Concealment Miss Chance: Concealment gives the subject of a successful attack a 20% chance that the attacker missed Creatures with a reach of 0 feet can't flank an opponent. because of the concealment. Make the attack normally—if the attacker hits, the defender must make a miss chance d% roll to avoid being struck. Multiple concealment conditions do not stack.

Concealment and Stealth Checks: You can concealment to make a Stealth check. Without concealment, you usually need cover to make a Stealth check.

Total Concealment: If you have line of effect to a target but not line of sight, he is considered to have total concealment from you. You can't attack an opponent that has total concealment, though you can attack into a square that you think he occupies. A successful attack into a square occupied by an enemy with total concealment has a 50% miss chance (instead of the normal 20% miss chance for an opponent with concealment).

You can't execute an attack of opportunity against an opponent with total concealment, even if you know what square or squares the opponent occupies.

Ignoring Concealment: Concealment isn't always effective. An area of dim lighting or darkness doesn't provide any concealment against an opponent with darkvision. Characters with low-light vision can see clearly for a greater distance than other characters with the same light source. Although invisibility provides total concealment, sighted opponents may still make Perception checks to notice the location of an invisible character. An invisible character gains a +20 bonus on Stealth checks if moving, or a +40 bonus on Stealth checks when not moving (even though opponents can't see you, they might be able to figure out where you are from other visual or auditory clues).

Varying Degrees of Concealment: Certain situations may provide more or less than typical concealment, and modify the miss chance accordingly.

Flanking

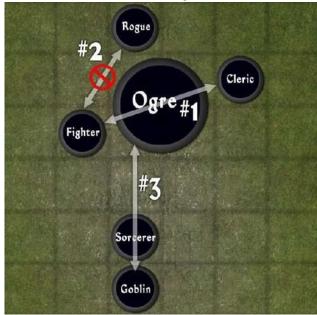
When making a melee attack, you get a +2 flanking bonus if your opponent is threatened by another enemy character or creature on its opposite border or opposite corner.

When in doubt about whether two characters flank an opponent in the middle, trace an imaginary line between the two attackers' centers. If the line passes through opposite borders of the opponent's space (including corners of those borders), then the opponent is flanked.

Exception: If a flanker takes up more than 1 square, it gets the flanking bonus if any square it occupies counts for flanking.

Only a creature or character that threatens the defender can help an attacker get a flanking bonus.

Flanking



#1: The fighter and the cleric are flanking the ogre because they can draw a line to each other that passes through opposite sides of the ogre. Both the fighter and the cleric receive a +2 bonus on attack rolls made against the ogre.

#2: The rogue is not flanking the ogre because she cannot draw a line to the fighter or the cleric that passes through opposite sides of the ogre. The rogue cannot draw a line to the sorcerer because the sorcerer is not adjacent to the ogre and does not threaten it.

#3: The goblin and the ogre flank the sorcerer, as they can draw a line between them that passes through opposite sides of the sorcerer's square. If the ogre didn't have reach to the sorcerer, though, he and the goblin would not be flanking her.

Helpless Defenders

A helpless opponent is someone who is bound, sleeping, paralyzed, unconscious, or otherwise at your mercy.

Regular Attack: A helpless character takes a -4 penalty to Charging is a special full-round action that allows you to AC against both melee and ranged attacks (for a total of -9 move. against melee and -5 against ranged). A helpless character is also flat-footed.

crossbow, provided you are adjacent to the target.

survives the damage, he must make a Fortitude save (DC 10 can hinder your movement (such as difficult terrain or + damage dealt) or die. A rogue also gets her extra sneak obstacles). You must move to the closest space from which attack damage against a helpless opponent when delivering a you can attack the opponent. If this space is occupied or coup de grace.

Delivering a coup de grace provokes attacks of opportunity from threatening opponents.

You can't deliver a coup de grace against a creature that is don't stop a charge. immune to critical hits. You can deliver a coup de grace against a creature with total concealment, but doing this requires two consecutive full-round actions (one to "find" the creature once you've determined what square it's in, and one You can't take a 5-foot step in the same round as a charge. to deliver the coup de grace).

Special Attacks

This section discusses all of the various standard maneuvers you can perform during combat other than normal attacks, casting spells, or using other class abilities. Some of these special attacks can be made as part of another action (such as an attack) or as a attack of opportunity.

Aid Another

In melee combat, you can help a friend attack or defend by distracting or interfering with an opponent. If you're in position to make a melee attack on an opponent that is you only get to make one attack during a charge. vour friend as a standard action. You make an attack roll if employed by a mounted character in a charge. against AC 10. If you succeed, your friend gains either a +2 bonus on his next attack roll against that opponent or a +2 bonus to AC against that opponent's next attack (your choice), as long as that attack comes before the beginning of your next turn. Multiple characters can aid the same friend, and similar bonuses stack.

You can also use this standard action to help a friend in other ways, such as when he is affected by a spell, or to assist

another character's skill check.

Charge

AC against melee attacks. In addition, a helpless character is move up to twice your speed and attack during the action. treated as having a Dexterity of 0, giving him a -5 penalty to Charging, however, carries tight restrictions on how you can

Movement During a Charge: You must move before your attack, not after. You must move at least 10 feet (2 squares) Coup de Grace: As a full-round action, you can use a melee and may move up to double your speed directly toward the weapon to deliver a coup de grace (pronounced "coo day designated opponent. If you move a distance equal to your grahs") to a helpless opponent. You can also use a bow or speed or less, you can also draw a weapon during a charge attack if your base attack bonus is at least +1.

You automatically hit and score a critical hit. If the defender You must have a clear path toward the opponent, and nothing otherwise blocked, you can't charge. If any line from your starting space to the ending space passes through a square that blocks movement, slows movement, or contains a creature (even an ally), you can't charge. Helpless creatures

> If you don't have line of sight to the opponent at the start of your turn, you can't charge that opponent.

If you are able to take only a standard action on your turn, you can still charge, but you are only allowed to move up to your speed (instead of up to double your speed) and you cannot draw a weapon unless you possess the Quick Draw feat. You can't use this option unless you are restricted to taking only a standard action on your turn.

Attacking on a Charge: After moving, you may make a single melee attack. You get a +2 bonus on the attack roll and take a -2 penalty to your AC until the start of your next turn.

A charging character gets a +2 bonus on combat maneuver attack rolls made to bull rush an opponent.

Even if you have extra attacks, such as from having a high enough base attack bonus or from using multiple weapons,

engaging a friend in melee combat, you can attempt to aid Lances and Charge Attacks: A lance deals double damage

Weapons Readied against a Charge: Spears, tridents, and other weapons with the brace feature deal double damage when readied (set) and used against a charging character.

Combat Maneuvers

During combat, you can attempt to perform a number of

maneuvers that can hinder or even cripple your foe, Colossal +8. Some feats and abilities grant a bonus to your including bull rush, disarm, grapple, overrun, sunder, and CMD when resisting specific maneuvers. A creature can also trip. Although these maneuvers have vastly different results, add any circumstance, deflection, dodge, insight, morale, they all use a similar mechanic to determine success.

Combat Maneuver Bonus: Each character and creature has a Combat Maneuver Bonus (or CMB) that represents its skill determined using the following formula:

CMB = Base attack bonus + Strength modifier + special size modifier

Creatures that are size Tiny or smaller use their Dexterity modifier in place of their Strength modifier to determine their CMB. The special size modifier for a creature's Combat Maneuver Bonus is as follows: Fine -8, Diminutive -4, Tiny -2, Small -1, Medium +0, Large +1, Huge +2, Gargantuan +4, Colossal +8. Some feats and abilities grant a bonus to your CMB when performing specific maneuvers.

Performing a Combat Maneuver: When performing a combat maneuver, you must use an action appropriate to the maneuver you are attempting to perform. While many combat maneuvers can be performed as part of an attack action, full-attack action, or attack of opportunity (in place of a melee attack), others require a specific action. Unless otherwise noted, performing a combat maneuver provokes an attack of opportunity from the target of the maneuver. If you If your attack is successful, your target is pushed back 5 feet. are hit by the target, you take the damage normally and apply For every 5 by which your attack exceeds your opponent's that amount as a penalty to the attack roll to perform the CMD you can push the target back an additional 5 feet. You maneuver. If your target is immobilized, unconscious, or can move with the target if you wish but you must have the otherwise incapacitated, your maneuver automatically available movement to do so. If your attack fails, your succeeds (treat as if you rolled a natural 20 on the attack movement ends in front of the target. roll). If your target is stunned, you receive a +4 bonus on your attack roll to perform a combat maneuver against it.

that would normally apply to an attack roll.

Combat Maneuver Defense: Each character and creature has a Combat Maneuver Defense (or CMD) that represents its ability to resist combat maneuvers. A creature's CMD is determined using the following formula:

CMD = 10 + Base attack bonus+ Strength modifier + Dexterity modifier + special size modifier

The special size modifier for a creature's Combat Maneuver Defense is as follows: Fine -8, Diminutive -4, Tiny -2, Small -1, Medium +0, Large +1, Huge +2, Gargantuan +4,

profane, and sacred bonuses to AC to its CMD. Any penalties to a creature's AC also apply to its CMD. A flat-footed creature does not add its Dexterity bonus to its CMD.

at performing combat maneuvers. A creature's CMB is **Determine Success**: If your attack roll equals or exceeds the CMD of the target, your maneuver is a success and has the listed effect. Some maneuvers, such as bull rush, have varying levels of success depending on how much your attack roll exceeds the target's CMD. Rolling a natural 20 while attempting a combat maneuver is always a success (except when attempting to escape from bonds), while rolling a natural 1 is always a failure.

Bull Rush

You can make a bull rush as a standard action or as part of a charge, in place of the melee attack. You can only bull rush an opponent who is no more than on size category larger than you. A bull rush attempts to push an opponent straight back without doing any harm. If you do not have the Improved Bull Rush feat, or a similar ability, initiating a bull rush provokes an attack of opportunity from the target of your maneuver.

An enemy being moved by a bull rush does not provoke an attack of opportunity because of the movement unless you When you attempt to perform a combat maneuver, make an possess the Greater Bull Rush feat. You cannot bull rush a attack roll and add your CMB in place of your normal attack creature into a square that is occupied by a solid object or bonus. Add any bonuses you currently have on attack rolls obstacle. If there is another creature in the way of your bull due to spells, feats, and other effects. These bonuses must be rush, you must immediately make a combat maneuver check applicable to the weapon or attack used to perform the to bull rush that creature. You take a -4 penalty on this check maneuver. The DC of this maneuver is your target's Combat for each creature being pushed beyond the first. If you are Maneuver Defense. Combat maneuvers are attack rolls, so successful, you can continue to push the creatures a distance you must roll for concealment and take any other penalties equal to the lesser result. For example, if a fighter bull rushes a goblin for a total of 15 feet, but there is another goblin 5 feet behind the first, he must make another combat maneuver check against the second goblin after having pushed the first 5 feet. If his check reveals that he can push the second goblin a total of 20 feet, he can continue to push both goblins another 10 feet (since the first goblin will have moved a total of 15 feet).

Disarm

You can attempt to disarm your opponent in place of a melee attack. If you do not have the Improved Disarm feat, or a of opportunity from the target of your maneuver. Attempting like a pin effect, but the DC to escape the bonds is equal to to disarm a foe while unarmed imposes a -4 penalty on the 20 + your Combat Maneuver Bonus (instead of your CMD). attack.

If your attack is successful, your target drops one item it is carrying of your choice (even if the item is wielded with two hands). If your attack exceeds the CMD of the target by 10 or more, the target drops the items it is carrying in both hands (maximum two items if the target has more than two hands). If your attack fails by 10 or more, you drop the weapon that you were using to attempt the disarm. If you successfully If You Are Grappled: If you are grappled, you can attempt disarm your opponent without using a weapon, you may to break the grapple as a standard action by making a combat automatically pick up the item dropped.

Grapple

As a standard action, you can attempt to grapple a foe, hindering his combat options. If you do not have Improved Grapple, grab, or a similar ability, attempting to grapple a foe provokes an attack of opportunity from the target of your maneuver. Humanoid creatures without two free hands attempting to grapple a foe take a -4 penalty on the combat maneuver roll. If successful, both you and the target gain the grappled condition (see the Appendices). If you successfully grapple a creature that is not adjacent to you, move that creature to an adjacent open space (if no space is available, your grapple fails). Although both creatures have the grappled condition, you can, as the creature that initiated the Multiple Creatures: Multiple creatures can attempt to grapple, release the grapple as a free action, removing the condition from both you and the target. If you do not release is the only one that makes a check, with a +2 bonus for each the grapple, you must continue to make a check each round, creature that assists in the grapple (using the Aid Another as a standard action, to maintain the hold. If your target does not break the grapple, you get a +5 circumstance bonus on grapple checks made against the same target in subsequent (using the Aid Another action) granting a +2 bonus on the rounds. Once you are grappling an opponent, a successful check allows you to continue grappling the foe, and also allows you to perform one of the following actions (as part of the standard action spent to maintain the grapple).

Move: You can move both yourself and your target up to half As a standard action, taken during your move or as part of a your grapple with a +4 bonus.

Damage: You can inflict damage to your target equal to your unarmed strike, a natural attack, or an attack made with armor spikes or a light or one-handed weapon. This damage can be either lethal or nonlethal.

Pin: You can give your opponent the pinned condition (see Conditions). Despite pinning your opponent, you still only have the grappled condition, but you lose your Dexterity bonus to AC.

Tie Up: If you have your target pinned, otherwise restrained, attack exceeds your opponent's CMD by 5 or more, you

similar ability, attempting to disarm a foe provokes an attack or unconscious, you can use rope to tie him up. This works The ropes do not need to make a check every round to maintain the pin. If you are grappling the target, you can attempt to tie him up in ropes, but doing so requires a combat maneuver check at a -10 penalty. If the DC to escape from these bindings is higher than 20 + the target's CMB, the target cannot escape from the bonds, even with a natural 20 on the check.

> maneuver check (DC equal to your opponent's CMD; this does not provoke an attack of opportunity) or Escape Artist check (with a DC equal to your opponent's CMD). If you succeed, you break the grapple and can act normally. Alternatively, if you succeed, you can become the grappler, grappling the other creature (meaning that the other creature cannot freely release the grapple without making a combat maneuver check, while you can). Instead of attempting to break or reverse the grapple, you can take any action that requires only one hand to perform, such as cast a spell or make an attack with a light or one-handed weapon against any creature within your reach, including the creature that is grappling you. See the grappled condition for additional details. If you are pinned, your actions are very limited. See the pinned condition in Conditions for additional details.

> grapple one target. The creature that first initiates the grapple action). Multiple creatures can also assist another creature in breaking free from a grapple, with each creature that assists grappled creature's combat maneuver check.

Overrun

your speed. At the end of your movement, you can place charge, you can attempt to overrun your target, moving your target in any square adjacent to you. If you attempt to through its square. You can only overrun an opponent who is place your foe in a hazardous location, such as in a wall of no more than one size category larger than you. If you do not fire or over a pit, the target receives a free attempt to break have the Improved Overrun feat, or a similar ability, initiating an overrun provokes an attack of opportunity from the target of your maneuver. If your overrun attempt fails, you stop in the space directly in front of the opponent, or the nearest open space in front of the creature if there are other creatures occupying that space.

> When you attempt to overrun a target, it can choose to avoid you, allowing you to pass through its square without requiring an attack. If your target does not avoid you, make a combat maneuver check as normal. If your maneuver is successful, you move through the target's space. If your

prone. If the target has more than two legs, add +2 to the DC you can attempt a feint as a move action. of the combat maneuver attack roll for each additional leg it

Sunder

You can attempt to sunder an item held or worn by your opponent as part of an attack action in place of a melee attack. If you do not have the Improved Sunder feat, or a similar ability, attempting to sunder an item provokes an attack of opportunity from the target of your maneuver.

normally. Damage that exceeds the object's Hardness is subtracted from its hit points. If an object has equal to or less than half its total hit points remaining, it gains the broken condition (see Conditions). If the damage you deal would reduce the object to less than 0 hit points, you can choose to destroy it. If you do not choose to destroy it, the object is left with only 1 hit point and the broken condition.

Trip

You can attempt to trip your opponent in place of a melee attack. You can only trip an opponent who is no more than one size category larger than you. If you do not have the Improved Trip feat, or a similar ability, initiating a trip provokes an attack of opportunity from the target of your maneuver.

If your attack exceeds the target's CMD, the target is knocked prone. If your attack fails by 10 or more, you are knocked prone instead. If the target has more than two legs, add +2 to the DC of the combat maneuver attack roll for each additional leg it has. Some creatures—such as oozes, creatures without legs, and flying creatures—cannot be If your mount charges, you also take the AC penalty tripped.

Feint

Feinting is a standard action. To feint, make a Bluff skill check. The DC of this check is equal to 10 + your opponent's base attack bonus + your opponent's Wisdom modifier. If your opponent is trained in Sense Motive, the DC is instead equal to 10 + your opponent's Sense Motive bonus, if higher. If successful, the next melee attack you make against the target does not allow him to use his Dexterity bonus to AC (if any). This attack must be made on or before your next turn.

When feinting against a nonhumanoid you take a -4 penalty. Against a creature of animal Intelligence (1 or 2), you take a -8 penalty. Against a creature lacking an Intelligence score, it's impossible. Feinting in combat does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

move through the target's space and the target is knocked Feinting as a Move Action: With the Improved Feint feat,

Mounted Combat

These rules cover being mounted on a horse in combat but can also be applied to more unusual steeds, such as a griffon or dragon.

Mounts in Combat: Horses, ponies, and riding dogs can serve readily as combat steeds. Mounts that do not possess combat training (see the Handle Animal skill) are frightened by combat. If you don't dismount, you must make a DC 20 If your attack is successful, you deal damage to the item Ride check each round as a move action to control such a mount. If you succeed, you can perform a standard action after the move action. If you fail, the move action becomes a full-round action, and you can't do anything else until your next turn.

> Your mount acts on your initiative count as you direct it. You move at its speed, but the mount uses its action to move.

> A horse (not a pony) is a Large creature and thus takes up a space 10 feet (2 squares) across. For simplicity, assume that you share your mount's space during combat.

> Combat while Mounted: With a DC 5 Ride check, you can guide your mount with your knees so as to use both hands to attack or defend yourself. This is a free action.

> When you attack a creature smaller than your mount that is on foot, you get the +1 bonus on melee attacks for being on higher ground. If your mount moves more than 5 feet, you can only make a single melee attack. Essentially, you have to wait until the mount gets to your enemy before attacking, so you can't make a full attack. Even at your mount's full speed, you don't take any penalty on melee attacks while mounted.

> associated with a charge. If you make an attack at the end of the charge, you receive the bonus gained from the charge. When charging on horseback, you deal double damage with a lance (see Charge).

> You can use ranged weapons while your mount is taking a double move, but at a -4 penalty on the attack roll. You can use ranged weapons while your mount is running (quadruple speed) at a -8 penalty. In either case, you make the attack roll when your mount has completed half its movement. You can make a full attack with a ranged weapon while your mount is moving. Likewise, you can take move actions normally.

> Casting Spells While Mounted: You can cast a spell normally if your mount moves up to a normal move (its speed) either before or after you cast. If you have your mount move both before and after you cast a spell, then you're casting the spell while the mount is moving, and you have to make a concentration check due to the vigorous motion (DC

10 + spell level) or lose the spell. If the mount is running light. Second, the Two-Weapon Fighting feat lessens the (quadruple speed), you can cast a spell when your mount has primary hand penalty by 2, and the off-hand penalty by 6. moved up to twice its speed, but your concentration check is more difficult due to the violent motion (DC 15 + spell level).

If Your Mount Falls in Battle: If your mount falls, you have to succeed on a DC 15 Ride check to make a soft fall and take no damage. If the check fails, you take 1d6 points of damage.

If You Are Dropped: If you are knocked unconscious, you have a 50% chance to stay in the saddle (75% if you're in a military saddle). Otherwise you fall and take 1d6 points of damage. Without you to guide it, your mount avoids combat.

Throw Splash Weapon

A splash weapon is a ranged weapon that breaks on impact, splashing or scattering its contents over its target and nearby creatures or objects. To attack with a splash weapon, make a ranged touch attack against the target. Thrown splash weapons require no weapon proficiency, so you don't take the -4 nonproficiency penalty. A hit deals direct hit damage to the target, and splash damage to all creatures within 5 feet of the target. Splash weapons cannot deal precision-based damage (such as the damage from the rogue's sneak attack class feature).

You can instead target a specific grid intersection. Treat this as a ranged attack against AC 5. However, if you target a grid intersection, creatures in all adjacent squares are dealt the splash damage, and the direct hit damage is not dealt to any creature. You can't target a grid intersection occupied by a creature, such as a Large or larger creature; in this case, By choosing to delay, you take no action and then act you're aiming at the creature.

If you miss the target (whether aiming at a creature or a grid intersection), roll 1d8. This determines the misdirection of the throw, with 1 falling short (off-target in a straight line toward the thrower), and 2 through 8 rotating around the target creature or grid intersection in a clockwise direction. Then, count a number of squares in the indicated direction equal to the range increment of the throw. After you determine where the weapon landed, it deals splash damage to all creatures in that square and in all adjacent squares.

Two-Weapon Fighting

If you wield a second weapon in your off hand, you can get one extra attack per round with that weapon. You suffer a -6 penalty with your regular attack or attacks with your primary hand and a -10 penalty to the attack with your off hand when you fight this way. You can reduce these penalties in two ways. First, if your off-hand weapon is light, the penalties are reduced by 2 each. An unarmed strike is always considered

Table: Two-weapon Fighting Penalties summarizes the interaction of all these factors.

Double Weapons: You can use a double weapon to make an extra attack with the off-hand end of the weapon as if you were fighting with two weapons. The penalties apply as if the off-hand end of the weapon was a light weapon.

Thrown Weapons: The same rules apply when you throw a weapon from each hand. Treat a dart or shuriken as a light weapon when used in this manner, and treat a bolas, javelin, net, or sling as a one-handed weapon.

Table 8-7: Two-Weapon Fighting Penalties

Cinamatanaa	Primary	0.00 77
Circumstances	Hand	Off Hand
Normal penalties	-6	10
Off-hand weapon is light	-4	8
Two-Weapon Fighting feat	-4	4
Off-hand weapon is light and Two-Weapon Fighting feat	-2	-2

Special Initiative Actions

Here are ways to change when you act during combat by altering your place in the initiative order.

Delay

normally on whatever initiative count you decide to act. When you delay, you voluntarily reduce your own initiative result for the rest of the combat. When your new, lower initiative count comes up later in the same round, you can act normally. You can specify this new initiative result or just wait until some time later in the round and act then, thus fixing your new initiative count at that point.

You never get back the time you spend waiting to see what's going to happen. You also can't interrupt anyone else's action (as you can with a readied action).

Initiative Consequences of Delaying: Your initiative result becomes the count on which you took the delayed action. If you come to your next action and have not yet performed an action, you don't get to take a delayed action (though you can delay again).

If you take a delayed action in the next round, before your regular turn comes up, your initiative count rises to that new point in the order of battle, and you do not get your regular action that round.

Ready

The ready action lets you prepare to take an action later, after your turn is over but before your next one has begun. Readying is a standard action. It does not provoke an attack of opportunity (though the action that you ready might do so).

Readying an Action: You can ready a standard action, a move action, a swift action, or a free action. To do so, specify the action you will take and the conditions under which you will take it. Then, anytime before your next action, you may take the readied action in response to that condition. The action occurs just before the action that triggers it. If the triggered action is part of another character's activities, you interrupt the other character. Assuming he is still capable of doing so, he continues his actions once you complete your readied action. Your initiative result changes. For the rest of the encounter, your initiative result is the count on which you took the readied action, and you act immediately ahead of the character whose action triggered your readied action.

You can take a 5-foot step as part of your readied action, but only if you don't otherwise move any distance during the round.

Initiative Consequences of Readying: Your initiative result becomes the count on which you took the readied action. If you come to your next action and have not yet performed your readied action, you don't get to take the readied action (though you can ready the same action again). If you take your readied action in the next round, before your regular turn comes up, your initiative count rises to that new point in the order of battle, and you do not get your regular action that round.

Distracting Spellcasters: You can ready an attack against a spellcaster with the trigger "if she starts casting a spell." If you damage the spellcaster, she may lose the spell she was trying to cast (as determined by her Spellcraft check result).

Readying to Counterspell: You may ready a counterspell against a spellcaster (often with the trigger "if she starts casting a spell"). In this case, when the spellcaster starts a spell, you get a chance to identify it with a Spellcraft check (DC 15 + spell level). If you do, and if you can cast that same spell (and are able to cast it and have it prepared, if you prepare spells), you can cast the spell as a counterspell and automatically ruin the other spellcaster's spell. Counterspelling works even if one spell is divine and the other arcane.

A spellcaster can use *dispel magic* to counterspell another spellcaster, but it doesn't always work.

Readying a Weapon against a Charge: You can ready weapons with the brace feature, setting them to receive charges. A readied weapon of this type deals double damage if you score a hit with it against a charging character.

9. Magic

A spell is a one-time magical effect. Spells come in two types: arcane (cast by bards, sorcerers, and wizards) and divine (cast by clerics, druids, and experienced paladins and rangers). Some spellcasters select their spells from a limited list of spells known, while others have access to a wide variety of options.

Most spellcasters prepare spells in advance—whether from a spellbook or through prayers—while some cast spells spontaneously without preparation. Despite these different ways characters use to learn or prepare their spells, when it comes to casting them, the spells are very much alike.

Casting Spells

Whether a spell is arcane or divine, and whether a character prepares spells in advance or chooses them on the spot, casting a spell works the same way.

Choosing a Spell

First you must choose which spell to cast. If you're a cleric, druid, experienced paladin, experienced ranger, or wizard, you select from among spells prepared earlier in the day and not yet cast (see Preparing Wizard Spells and Preparing Divine Spells).

If you're a bard or sorcerer, you can select any spell you know, provided you are capable of casting spells of that level or higher.

To cast a spell, you must be able to speak (if the spell has a verbal component), gesture (if it has a somatic component), and manipulate the material components or focus (if any). Additionally, you must concentrate to cast a spell.

If a spell has multiple versions, you choose which version to use when you cast it. You don't have to prepare (or learn, in the case of a bard or sorcerer) a specific version of the spell.

Once you've cast a prepared spell, you can't cast it again until you prepare it again. (If you've prepared multiple copies of a single spell, you can cast each copy once.) If you're a bard or sorcerer, casting a spell counts against your daily limit for spells of that spell level, but you can cast the same spell again if you haven't reached your limit.

Concentration

Table 9-1: Concentration Check DCs

Situation	Concentration Check DC
Cast defensively	15 + double spell level
Injured while casting	10 + damage dealt + spell level
Continuous damage while casting	10 + 1/2 damage dealt + spell level
Affected by a non-damaging spell while casting	DC of the spell + spell level
Grappled or pinned while casting	10 + grappler's CMB + spell level
Vigorous motion while casting	10 + spell level
Violent motion while casting	15 + spell level
Extremely violent motion while casting	20 + spell level
Wind with rain or sleet while casting	5 + spell level
Wind with hail and debris while casting	10 + spell level
Weather caused by spell	see spell
Entangled while casting	15 + spell level

To cast a spell, you must concentrate. If something interrupts your concentration while you're casting, you must make a concentration check or lose the spell. When you make a concentration check, you roll d20 and add your caster level and the ability score modifier used to determine bonus spells of the same type. Clerics, druids, and rangers add their Wisdom modifier. Bards, paladins, and sorcerers add their Charisma modifier. Finally, wizards add their Intelligence modifier. The more distracting the interruption and the higher the level of the spell you are trying to cast, the higher the DC (see Table: Concentration Check DCs). If you fail the check, you lose the spell just as if you had cast it to no effect.

Injury: If you take damage while trying to cast a spell, you must make a concentration check with a DC equal to 10 + the damage taken + the level of the spell you're casting. If you fail the check, you lose the spell without effect. The interrupting event strikes during spellcasting if it comes between the time you started and the time you complete a spell (for a spell with a casting time of 1 full round or more) or if it comes in response to your casting the spell (such as an attack of opportunity provoked by the spell or a contingent attack, such as a readied action).

If you are taking continuous damage, such as from an *acid* arrow or by standing in a lake of lava, half the damage is considered to take place while you are casting a spell. You

must make a concentration check with a DC equal to 10 + 1/2 the damage that the continuous source last dealt + the level of the spell you're casting. If the last damage dealt was It is possible to cast any spell as a counterspell. By doing so, the last damage that the effect could deal, then the damage is you are using the spell's energy to disrupt the casting of the over and does not distract you.

Spell: If you are affected by a spell while attempting to cast a spell of your own, you must make a concentration check or How Counterspells Work: To use a counterspell, you must spell you're casting.

If the spell interferes with you or distracts you in some other way, the DC is the spell's saving throw DC + the level of the spell you're casting. For a spell with no saving throw, it's the If the target of your counterspell tries to cast a spell, make a allowed (10 + spell level + caster's ability score).

Grappling or Pinned: The only spells you can cast while grappling or pinned are those without somatic components and whose material components (if any) you have in hand. To complete the action, you must then cast an appropriate the spell.

Vigorous Motion: If you are riding on a moving mount, taking a bouncy ride in a wagon, on a small boat in rough water, belowdecks in a storm-tossed ship, or simply being jostled in a similar fashion, you must make a concentration Counterspelling Metamagic Spells: Metamagic feats are the spell.

Violent Motion: If you are on a galloping horse, taking a Specific Exceptions: Some spells can counter other specific very rough ride in a wagon, on a small boat in rapids or in a spells, often those with diametrically opposed effects. storm, on deck in a storm-tossed ship, or being pitched roughly about in a similar fashion, you must make a concentration check (DC 15 + the level of the spell you're casting) or lose the spell. If the motion is extremely violent, such as that caused by an earthquake, the DC is equal to 20 + the level of the spell you're casting.

Violent Weather: You must make a concentration check if Caster Level you try to cast a spell in violent weather. If you are in a high wind carrying blinding rain or sleet, the DC is 5 + the level A spell's power often depends on its caster level, which for dust, or debris, the DC is 10 + the level of the spell you're casting. In either case, you lose the spell if you fail the concentration check. If the weather is caused by a spell, use the rules as described in the spell's description.

Casting Defensively: If you want to cast a spell without must be based on the same caster level. provoking any attacks of opportunity, you must make a concentration check (DC 15 + double the level of the spell you're casting) to succeed. You lose the spell if you fail.

net or by a tanglefoot bag or while you're affected by a spell level check to overcome your target's spell resistance and to with similar effects, you must make a concentration check to cast the spell (DC 15 + the level of the spell you're casting). You lose the spell if you fail.

Counterspells

same spell by another character. Counterspelling works even if one spell is divine and the other arcane.

lose the spell you are casting. If the spell affecting you deals select an opponent as the target of the counterspell. You do damage, the DC is 10 + the damage taken + the level of the this by choosing to ready an action. In doing so, you elect to wait to complete your action until your opponent tries to cast a spell. You may still move at your normal speed, since ready is a standard action.

DC that the spell's saving throw would have if a save were Spellcraft check (DC 15 + the spell's level). This check is a free action. If the check succeeds, you correctly identify the opponent's spell and can attempt to counter it. If the check fails, you can't do either of these things.

Even so, you must make a concentration check (DC 10 + the spell. As a general rule, a spell can only counter itself. If you grappler's CMB + the level of the spell you're casting) or lose are able to cast the same spell and you have it prepared (or have a slot of the appropriate level available), you cast it, creating a counterspell effect. If the target is within range, both spells automatically negate each other with no other results.

check (DC 10 + the level of the spell you're casting) or lose not taken into account when determining whether a spell can be countered.

Dispel Magic as a Counterspell: You can usually use dispel magic to counterspell another spell being cast without needing to identify the spell being cast. Dispel magic doesn't always work as a counterspell (see the spell description).

of the spell you're casting. If you are in wind-driven hail, most spellcasting characters is equal to her class level in the class she's using to cast the spell.

> You can cast a spell at a lower caster level than normal, but the caster level you choose must be high enough for you to cast the spell in question, and all level-dependent features

In the event that a class feature or other special ability provides an adjustment to your caster level, that adjustment applies not only to effects based on caster level (such as Entangled: If you want to cast a spell while entangled in a range, duration, and damage dealt), but also to your caster the caster level used in dispel checks (both the dispel check and the DC of the check).

Spell Failure

casting fails and the spell is wasted.

components.

The Spell's Result

Once you know which creatures (or objects or areas) are affected, and whether those creatures have made successful saving throws (if any were allowed), you can apply whatever results a spell entails.

Special Spell Effects

Many special spell effects are handled according to the school of the spells in question. Certain other special spell features are found across spell schools.

Attacks: Some spell descriptions refer to attacking. All offensive combat actions, even those that don't damage opponents, are considered attacks. Attempts to channel energy count as attacks if it would harm any creatures in the area. All spells that opponents resist with saving throws, that deal damage, or that otherwise harm or hamper subjects are attacks. Spells that summon monsters or other allies are not attacks because the spells themselves don't harm anyone.

Bonus Types: Usually, a bonus has a type that indicates how the spell grants the bonus. The important aspect of bonus types is that two bonuses of the same type don't generally stack. With the exception of dodge bonuses, most circumstance bonuses, and racial bonuses, only the better bonus of a given type works (see Combining Magical Effects). The same principle applies to penalties—a character taking two or more penalties of the same type applies only the worst one, although most penalties have no type and thus always stack. Bonuses without a type always stack, unless they are from the same source.

Bringing Back the Dead: Several spells have the power to restore slain characters to life.

When a living creature dies, its soul departs its body, leaves the Material Plane, travels through the Astral Plane, and goes to abide on the plane where the creature's deity resides. If the creature did not worship a deity, its soul departs to the plane corresponding to its alignment. Bringing someone back from the dead involves magically retrieving his soul and returning it to his body. For more information on the planes, see Environment.

Negative Levels: Any creature brought back to life usually

gains one or more permanent negative levels (see Special Abilities). These levels apply a penalty to most rolls until If you ever try to cast a spell in conditions where the removed through spells such as restoration. If the character characteristics of the spell cannot be made to conform, the was 1st level at the time of death, he loses 2 points of Constitution instead of gaining a negative level.

Spells also fail if your concentration is broken and might fail Preventing Revivification: Enemies can take steps to make it if you're wearing armor while casting a spell with somatic more difficult for a character to be returned from the dead. Keeping the body prevents others from using raise dead or resurrection to restore the slain character to life. Casting trap the soul prevents any sort of revivification unless the soul is first released.

> Revivification against One's Will: A soul can't be returned to life if it doesn't wish to be. A soul knows the name, alignment, and patron deity (if any) of the character attempting to revive it and may refuse to return on that basis.

Combining Magic Effects

Spells or magical effects usually work as described, no matter how many other spells or magical effects happen to be operating in the same area or on the same recipient. Except in special cases, a spell does not affect the way another spell operates. Whenever a spell has a specific effect on other spells, the spell description explains that effect. Several other general rules apply when spells or magical effects operate in the same place:

Stacking Effects: Spells that provide bonuses or penalties on attack rolls, damage rolls, saving throws, and other attributes usually do not stack with themselves. More generally, two bonuses of the same type don't stack even if they come from different spells (or from effects other than spells; see Bonus Types, above).

Different Bonus Types: The bonuses or penalties from two different spells stack if the modifiers are of different types. A bonus that doesn't have a type stacks with any bonus.

Same Effect More than Once in Different Strengths: In cases when two or more identical spells are operating in the same area or on the same target, but at different strengths, only the one with the highest strength applies.

Same Effect with Differing Results: The same spell can sometimes produce varying effects if applied to the same recipient more than once. Usually the last spell in the series trumps the others. None of the previous spells are actually removed or dispelled, but their effects become irrelevant while the final spell in the series lasts.

One Effect Makes Another Irrelevant: Sometimes, one spell can render a later spell irrelevant. Both spells are still active, but one has rendered the other useless in some fashion.

Multiple Mental Control Effects: Sometimes magical effects that establish mental control render each other irrelevant, such as spells that remove the subject's ability to act. Mental

controls that don't remove the recipient's ability to act usually creature, you feel a discernible pressure against the barrier. If do not interfere with each other. If a creature is under the you continue to apply pressure, you end the spell. mental control of two or more creatures, it tends to obey each to the best of its ability, and to the extent of the control each effect allows. If the controlled creature receives conflicting orders simultaneously, the competing controllers must make opposed Charisma checks to determine which one the creature obeys.

spell's description.

the same target.

Spell Descriptions

The description of each spell is presented in a standard format. Each category of information is explained and defined below.

Name

The first line of every spell description gives the name by which the spell is generally known.

School (Subschool)

Beneath the spell name is a line giving the school of magic (and the subschool, if any) to which the spell belongs.

Almost every spell belongs to one of eight schools of magic. A school of magic is a group of related spells that work in similar ways. A small number of spells (arcane mark, limited wish, permanency, prestidigitation, and wish) are universal, belonging to no school.

Abjuration

Abjurations are protective spells. They create physical or magical barriers, negate magical or physical abilities, harm trespassers, or even banish the subject of the spell to another plane of existence.

If one abjuration spell is active within 10 feet of another for 24 hours or more, the magical fields interfere with each other and create barely visible energy fluctuations. The DC to find summoned again. such spells with the Perception skill drops by 4.

If an abjuration creates a barrier that keeps certain types of creatures at bay, that barrier cannot be used to push away those creatures. If you force the barrier against such a

Conjuration

Each conjuration spell belongs to one of five subschools. Conjurations transport creatures from another plane of existence to your plane (calling); create objects or effects on Spells with Opposite Effects: Spells with opposite effects the spot (creation); heal (healing); bring manifestations of apply normally, with all bonuses, penalties, or changes objects, creatures, or forms of energy to you (summoning); accruing in the order that they apply. Some spells negate or or transport creatures or objects over great distances counter each other. This is a special effect that is noted in a (teleportation). Creatures you conjure usually—but not always—obey your commands.

Instantaneous Effects: Two or more spells with A creature or object brought into being or transported to your instantaneous durations work cumulatively when they affect location by a conjuration spell cannot appear inside another creature or object, nor can it appear floating in an empty space. It must arrive in an open location on a surface capable of supporting it.

> The creature or object must appear within the spell's range, but it does not have to remain within the range.

> **Calling**: A calling spell transports a creature from another plane to the plane you are on. The spell grants the creature the one-time ability to return to its plane of origin, although the spell may limit the circumstances under which this is possible. Creatures who are called actually die when they are killed; they do not disappear and reform, as do those brought by a summoning spell (see below). The duration of a calling spell is instantaneous, which means that the called creature can't be dispelled.

> **Creation**: A creation spell manipulates matter to create an object or creature in the place the spellcaster designates. If the spell has a duration other than instantaneous, magic holds the creation together, and when the spell ends, the conjured creature or object vanishes without a trace. If the spell has an instantaneous duration, the created object or creature is merely assembled through magic. It lasts indefinitely and does not depend on magic for its existence.

> **Healing**: Certain divine conjurations heal creatures or even bring them back to life.

> Summoning: A summoning spell instantly brings a creature or object to a place you designate. When the spell ends or is dispelled, a summoned creature is instantly sent back to where it came from, but a summoned object is not sent back unless the spell description specifically indicates this. A summoned creature also goes away if it is killed or if its hit points drop to 0 or lower, but it is not really dead. It takes 24 hours for the creature to reform, during which time it can't be

> When the spell that summoned a creature ends and the creature disappears, all the spells it has cast expire. A summoned creature cannot use any innate summoning abilities it may have.

Teleportation: A teleportation spell transports one or more Evocation creatures or objects a great distance. The most powerful of these spells can cross planar boundaries. Unlike summoning Evocation spells manipulate magical energy or tap an unseen spells, the transportation is (unless otherwise noted) one-way source of power to produce a desired end. In effect, an and not dispellable.

Teleportation is instantaneous travel through the Astral Plane. Anything that blocks astral travel also blocks teleportation.

Divination

Divination spells enable you to learn secrets long forgotten, predict the future, find hidden things, and foil deceptive spells.

Many divination spells have cone-shaped areas. These move with you and extend in the direction you choose. The cone defines the area that you can sweep each round. If you study the same area for multiple rounds, you can often gain additional information, as noted in the descriptive text for the

that sends you information. Unless noted otherwise, the independent sensory organ of yours, and thus functions experienced it). normally even if you have been blinded or deafened, or otherwise suffered sensory impairment.

dispelled as if it were an active spell.

Lead sheeting or magical protection blocks a scrying spell, and you sense that the spell is blocked.

Enchantment

Enchantment spells affect the minds of others, influencing or else, or even seem to disappear. controlling their behavior.

of enchantment spells grant you influence over a subject who see it or are caught in it. All patterns are mind-affecting creature.

typically making it see you as a good friend.

Compulsion: A compulsion spell forces the subject to act in some manner or changes the way its mind works. Some compulsion spells determine the subject's actions or the effects on the subject, others allow you to determine the subject's actions when you cast the spell, and still others give you ongoing control over the subject.

evocation draws upon magic to create something out of nothing. Many of these spells produce spectacular effects, and evocation spells can deal large amounts of damage.

Illusion

Illusion spells deceive the senses or minds of others. They cause people to see things that are not there, not see things that are there, hear phantom noises, or remember things that never happened.

Figment: A figment spell creates a false sensation. Those who perceive the figment perceive the same thing, not their own slightly different versions of the figment. It is not a personalized mental impression. Figments cannot make something seem to be something else. A figment that includes audible effects cannot duplicate intelligible speech Scrying: A scrying spell creates an invisible magical sensor unless the spell description specifically says it can. If intelligible speech is possible, it must be in a language you sensor has the same powers of sensory acuity that you can speak. If you try to duplicate a language you cannot possess. This level of acuity includes any spells or effects speak, the figment produces gibberish. Likewise, you cannot that target you, but not spells or effects that emanate from make a visual copy of something unless you know what it you. The sensor, however, is treated as a separate, looks like (or copy another sense exactly unless you have

Because figments and glamers are unreal, they cannot produce real effects the way that other types of illusions can. A creature can notice the sensor by making a Perception Figments and glamers cannot cause damage to objects or check with a DC 20 + the spell level. The sensor can be creatures, support weight, provide nutrition, or provide protection from the elements. Consequently, these spells are useful for confounding foes, but useless for attacking them directly.

A figment's AC is equal to 10 + its size modifier.

Glamer: A glamer spell changes a subject's sensory qualities, making it look, feel, taste, smell, or sound like something

Pattern: Like a figment, a pattern spell creates an image that All enchantments are mind-affecting spells. Two subschools others can see, but a pattern also affects the minds of those spells.

Charm: A charm spell changes how the subject views you, Phantasm: A phantasm spell creates a mental image that usually only the caster and the subject (or subjects) of the spell can perceive. This impression is totally in the minds of the subjects. It is a personalized mental impression, all in their heads and not a fake picture or something that they actually see. Third parties viewing or studying the scene don't notice the phantasm. All phantasms are mind-affecting spells.

> **Shadow**: A shadow spell creates something that is partially real from extradimensional energy. Such illusions can have

real effects. Damage dealt by a shadow illusion is real.

Saving Throws and Illusions (Disbelief): Creatures interact with it in some fashion.

A successful saving throw against an illusion reveals it to be false, but a figment or phantasm remains as a translucent outline.

A failed saving throw indicates that a character fails to notice something is amiss. A character faced with proof that an illusion isn't real needs no saving throw. If any viewer successfully disbelieves an illusion and communicates this fact to others, each such viewer gains a saving throw with a +4 bonus.

Necromancy

Necromancy spells manipulate the power of death, unlife. and the life force. Spells involving undead creatures make up a large part of this school.

Transmutation

Transmutation spells change the properties of some creature, thing, or condition.

Polymorph: A polymorph spell transforms your physical body to take on the shape of another creature. While these spells make you appear to be the creature, granting you a +20bonus on Disguise skill checks, they do not grant you all of the abilities and powers of the creature. Each polymorph spell allows you to assume the form of a creature of a specific type, granting you a number of bonuses to your ability scores and a bonus to your natural armor. In addition, each polymorph spell can grant you a number of other benefits, including movement types, resistances, and senses. If the form you choose grants these benefits, or a greater ability of the same type, you gain the listed benefit. If the You can only be affected by one polymorph spell at a time. If equals your DC for the polymorph spell used to change you polymorph spell. into that form.

In addition to these benefits, you gain any of the natural Small or larger than Medium, first adjust its ability scores to attacks of the base creature, including proficiency in those one of these two sizes using the following table before attacks. These attacks are based on your base attack bonus, applying the bonuses granted by the polymorph spell. modified by your Strength or Dexterity as appropriate, and use your Strength modifier for determining damage bonuses.

If a polymorph spell causes you to change size, apply the size modifiers appropriately, changing your armor class, attack bonus, Combat Maneuver Bonus, and Stealth skill

modifiers. Your ability scores are not modified by this change unless noted by the spell.

encountering an illusion usually do not receive saving throws Unless otherwise noted, polymorph spells cannot be used to to recognize it as illusory until they study it carefully or change into specific individuals. Although many of the fine details can be controlled, your appearance is always that of a generic member of that creature's type. Polymorph spells cannot be used to assume the form of a creature with a template or an advanced version of a creature.

> When you cast a polymorph spell that changes you into a creature of the animal, dragon, elemental, magical beast, plant, or vermin type, all of your gear melds into your body. Items that provide constant bonuses and do not need to be activated continue to function while melded in this way (with the exception of armor bonuses, which cease to function). Items that require activation cannot be used while you maintain that form. While in such a form, you cannot cast any spells that require material components (unless you have the Eschew Materials or Natural Spell feat), and can only cast spells with somatic or verbal components if the form you choose has the capability to make such movements or speak, such as a dragon. Other polymorph spells might be subject to this restriction as well, if they change you into a form that is unlike your original form (subject to GM discretion). If your new form does not cause your equipment to meld into your form, the equipment resizes to match your new size.

> While under the effects of a polymorph spell, you lose all extraordinary and supernatural abilities that depend on your original form (such as keen senses, scent, and darkvision), as well as any natural attacks and movement types possessed by your original form. You also lose any class features that depend upon form, but those that allow you to add features (such as sorcerers that can grow claws) still function. While most of these should be obvious, the GM is the final arbiter of what abilities depend on form and are lost when a new form is assumed. Your new form might restore a number of these abilities if they are possessed by the new form.

form grants a lesser ability of the same type, you gain the a new polymorph spell is cast on you (or you activate a lesser ability instead. Your base speed changes to match that polymorph effect, such as wild shape), you can decide of the form you assume. If the form grants a swim or burrow whether or not to allow it to affect you, taking the place of speed, you maintain the ability to breathe if you are the old spell. In addition, other spells that change your size swimming or burrowing. The DC for any of these abilities have no effect on you while you are under the effects of a

If a polymorph spell is cast on a creature that is smaller than

Creature's Original Size	Str	Dex	Con	Adjusted Size
Fine	+6	-6	_	Small
Diminutive	+6	-4	_	Small
Tiny	+4	-2	_	Small
Large	-4	+2	-2	Medium
Huge	-8	+4	-4	Medium
Gargantuan	-12	+4	-6	Medium
Colossal	-16	+4	-8	Medium

[Descriptor]

Appearing on the same line as the school and subschool, when applicable, is a descriptor that further categorizes the spell in some way. Some spells have more than one descriptor.

earth, electricity, evil, fear, fire, force, good, languagedependent, lawful, light, mind-affecting, sonic, and water.

Most of these descriptors have no game effect by themselves, special abilities, with unusual creatures, with alignment, and so on.

A language-dependent spell uses intelligible language as a medium for communication. If the target cannot understand If the Components line includes F/DF or M/DF, the arcane or cannot hear what the caster of a language-dependant spell says, the spell fails.

A mind-affecting spell works only against creatures with an Intelligence score of 1 or higher.

Level

The next line of a spell description gives the spell's level, a number between 0 and 9 that defines the spell's relative power. This number is preceded by a list of classes whose A spell that takes 1 round to cast is a full-round action. It members can cast the spell. A spell's level affects the DC for comes into effect just before the beginning of your turn in the any save allowed against its effects.

Components

A spell's components explain what you must do or possess to cast the spell. The components entry in a spell description includes abbreviations that tell you what type of components it requires. Specifics for material and focus components are given at the end of the descriptive text. Usually you don't need to worry about components, but when you can't use a component for some reason or when a material or focus component is expensive, then the components are important.

Verbal (V): A verbal component is a spoken incantation. To provide a verbal component, you must be able to speak in a strong voice. A silence spell or a gag spoils the incantation

(and thus the spell). A spellcaster who has been deafened has a 20% chance of spoiling any spell with a verbal component that he tries to cast.

Somatic (S): A somatic component is a measured and precise movement of the hand. You must have at least one hand free to provide a somatic component.

Material (M): A material component consists of one or more physical substances or objects that are annihilated by the spell energies in the casting process. Unless a cost is given for a material component, the cost is negligible. Don't bother to keep track of material components with negligible cost. Assume you have all you need as long as you have your spell component pouch.

Focus (F): A focus component is a prop of some sort. Unlike a material component, a focus is not consumed when the spell is cast and can be reused. As with material components, The descriptors are acid, air, chaotic, cold, darkness, death, the cost for a focus is negligible unless a price is given. Assume that focus components of negligible cost are in your spell component pouch.

Divine Focus (DF): A divine focus component is an item of but they govern how the spell interacts with other spells, with spiritual significance. The divine focus for a cleric or a paladin is a holy symbol appropriate to the character's faith. The divine focus for a druid or a ranger is a sprig of holly, or some other sacred plant.

> version of the spell has a focus component or a material component (the abbreviation before the slash) and the divine version has a divine focus component (the abbreviation after the slash).

Casting Time

Most spells have a casting time of 1 standard action. Others take 1 round or more, while a few require only a swift action.

round after you began casting the spell. You then act normally after the spell is completed.

A spell that takes 1 minute to cast comes into effect just before your turn 1 minute later (and for each of those 10 rounds, you are casting a spell as a full-round action, just as noted above for 1-round casting times). These actions must be consecutive and uninterrupted, or the spell automatically

When you begin a spell that takes 1 round or longer to cast, you must continue the concentration from the current round to just before your turn in the next round (at least). If you lose concentration before the casting is complete, you lose the spell.

A spell with a casting time of 1 swift action doesn't count

against your normal limit of one spell per round. However, select your target until you finish casting the spell. you may cast such a spell only once per round. Casting a spell with a casting time of 1 swift action doesn't provoke attacks of opportunity.

You make all pertinent decisions about a spell (range, target, area, effect, version, and so forth) when the spell comes into

Range

A spell's range indicates how far from you it can reach, as defined in the range entry of the spell description. A spell's range is the maximum distance from you that the spell's effect can occur, as well as the maximum distance at which you can designate the spell's point of origin. If any portion of the spell's area would extend beyond this range, that area is wasted. Standard ranges include the following.

Personal: The spell affects only you.

Touch: You must touch a creature or object to affect it. A touch spell that deals damage can score a critical hit just as a weapon can. A touch spell threatens a critical hit on a natural roll of 20 and deals double damage on a successful critical hit. Some touch spells allow you to touch multiple targets. Ray: Some effects are rays. You aim a ray as if using a You can touch up to 6 willing targets as part of the casting, but all targets of the spell must be touched in the same round that you finish casting the spell. If the spell allows you to touch targets over multiple rounds, touching 6 creatures is a and hope you hit something. You don't have to see the full-round action.

Close: The spell reaches as far as 25 feet away from you. The maximum range increases by 5 feet for every two full caster levels.

Medium: The spell reaches as far as 100 feet + 10 feet per caster level.

Long: The spell reaches as far as 400 feet + 40 feet per caster

Unlimited: The spell reaches anywhere on the same plane of existence.

range category, just a range expressed in feet.

Aiming a Spell

You must make choices about whom a spell is to affect or where an effect is to originate, depending on a spell's type. The next entry in a spell description defines the spell's target portions of the effect. (or targets), its effect, or its area, as appropriate.

Target or Targets: Some spells have a target or targets. You cast these spells on creatures or objects, as defined by the spell itself. You must be able to see or touch the target, and you must specifically choose that target. You do not have to

If the target of a spell is yourself (the Target line of the spell description includes "You"), you do not receive a saving throw, and spell resistance does not apply. The saving throw and spell resistance lines are omitted from such spells.

Some spells restrict you to willing targets only. Declaring yourself as a willing target is something that can be done at any time (even if you're flat-footed or it isn't your turn). Unconscious creatures are automatically considered willing, but a character who is conscious but immobile or helpless (such as one who is bound, cowering, grappling, paralyzed, pinned, or stunned) is not automatically willing.

Some spells allow you to redirect the effect to new targets or areas after you cast the spell. Redirecting a spell is a move action that does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

Effect: Some spells create or summon things rather than affecting things that are already present.

You must designate the location where these things are to appear, either by seeing it or defining it. Range determines how far away an effect can appear, but if the effect is mobile, after it appears it can move regardless of the spell's range.

ranged weapon, though typically you make a ranged touch attack rather than a normal ranged attack. As with a ranged weapon, you can fire into the dark or at an invisible creature creature you're trying to hit, as you do with a targeted spell. Intervening creatures and obstacles, however, can block your line of sight or provide cover for the creature at which you're

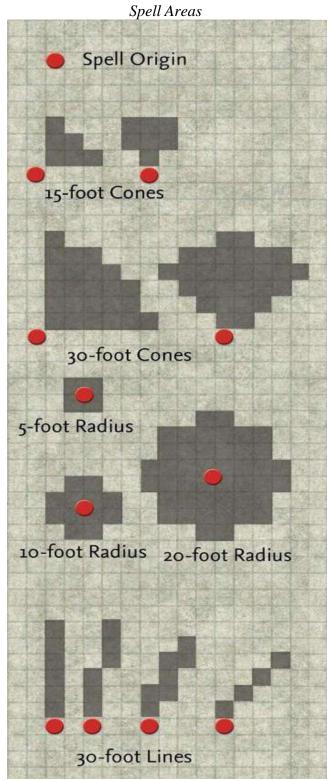
If a ray spell has a duration, it's the duration of the effect that the ray causes, not the length of time the ray itself persists.

If a ray spell deals damage, you can score a critical hit just as if it were a weapon. A ray spell threatens a critical hit on a natural roll of 20 and deals double damage on a successful critical hit.

Spread: Some effects, notably clouds and fogs, spread out Range Expressed in Feet: Some spells have no standard from a point of origin, which must be a grid intersection. The effect can extend around corners and into areas that you can't see. Figure distance by actual distance traveled, taking into account turns the spell effect takes. When determining distance for spread effects, count around walls, not through them. As with movement, do not trace diagonals across corners. You must designate the point of origin for such an effect, but you need not have line of effect (see below) to all

> Area: Some spells affect an area. Sometimes a spell description specifies a specially defined area, but usually an area falls into one of the categories defined below.

> Regardless of the shape of the area, you select the point



where the spell originates, but otherwise you don't control which creatures or objects the spell affects. The point of

spell, count out the distance from the point of origin in squares just as you do when moving a character or when determining the range for a ranged attack. The only difference is that instead of counting from the center of one square to the center of the next, you count from intersection to intersection.

You can count diagonally across a square, but remember that every second diagonal counts as 2 squares of distance. If the far edge of a square is within the spell's area, anything within that square is within the spell's area. If the spell's area only touches the near edge of a square, however, anything within that square is unaffected by the spell.

Burst, Emanation, or Spread: Most spells that affect an area function as a burst, an emanation, or a spread. In each case, you select the spell's point of origin and measure its effect from that point.

A burst spell affects whatever it catches in its area, including creatures that you can't see. It can't affect creatures with total cover from its point of origin (in other words, its effects don't extend around corners). The default shape for a burst effect is a sphere, but some burst spells are specifically described as cone-shaped. A burst's area defines how far from the point of origin the spell's effect extends.

An emanation spell functions like a burst spell, except that the effect continues to radiate from the point of origin for the duration of the spell. Most emanations are cones or spheres.

A spread spell extends out like a burst but can turn corners. You select the point of origin, and the spell spreads out a given distance in all directions. Figure the area the spell effect fills by taking into account any turns the spell effect takes.

Cone, Cylinder, Line, or Sphere: Most spells that affect an area have a particular shape.

A cone-shaped spell shoots away from you in a quarter-circle in the direction you designate. It starts from any corner of your square and widens out as it goes. Most cones are either bursts or emanations (see above), and thus won't go around corners.

When casting a cylinder-shaped spell, you select the spell's point of origin. This point is the center of a horizontal circle, and the spell shoots down from the circle, filling a cylinder. A cylinder-shaped spell ignores any obstructions within its area.

A line-shaped spell shoots away from you in a line in the direction you designate. It starts from any corner of your square and extends to the limit of its range or until it strikes a barrier that blocks line of effect. A line-shaped spell affects all creatures in squares through which the line passes.

origin of a spell is always a grid intersection. When A sphere-shaped spell expands from its point of origin to fill determining whether a given creature is within the area of a spherical area. Spheres may be bursts, emanations, or spreads.

directly (like a targeted spell), but it affects all creatures in an lasting. area of some kind rather than individual creatures you select. The area might be a spherical burst, a cone-shaped burst, or some other shape.

Many spells affect "living creatures," which means all creatures other than constructs and undead. Creatures in the spell's area that are not of the appropriate type do not count against the creatures affected.

Objects: A spell with this kind of area affects objects within spell to end. See concentration. an area you select (as Creatures, but affecting objects instead).

Other: A spell can have a unique area, as defined in its concentrating. description.

aerial or underwater effects and areas.

that indicates what a spell can affect. A line of effect is area and are no longer subject to it when they leave. canceled by a solid barrier. It's like line of sight for ranged weapons, except that it's not blocked by fog, darkness, and other factors that limit normal sight.

effect. You must have a clear line of effect to the point of touch spell dissipates. origin of any spell you cast.

A burst, cone, cylinder, or emanation spell affects only an of the spell. You can't hold the charge of such a spell; you area, creature, or object to which it has line of effect from its must touch all targets of the spell in the same round that you origin (a spherical burst's center point, a cone-shaped burst's starting point, a cylinder's circle, or an emanation's point of origin).

An otherwise solid barrier with a hole of at least 1 square foot through it does not block a spell's line of effect. Such an opening means that the 5-foot length of wall containing the hole is no longer considered a barrier for purposes of a spell's line of effect.

Duration

A spell's duration entry tells you how long the magical energy of the spell lasts.

Timed Durations: Many durations are measured in rounds, minutes, hours, or other increments. When the time is up, the magic goes away and the spell ends. If a spell's duration is variable, the duration is rolled secretly so the caster doesn't Saving Throw know how long the spell will last.

Instantaneous: The spell energy comes and goes the instant throw to avoid some or all of the effect. The saving throw

Creatures: A spell with this kind of area affects creatures the spell is cast, though the consequences might be long-

Permanent: The energy remains as long as the effect does. This means the spell is vulnerable to *dispel magic*.

Concentration: The spell lasts as long as you concentrate on it. Concentrating to maintain a spell is a standard action that does not provoke attacks of opportunity. Anything that could break your concentration when casting a spell can also break your concentration while you're maintaining one, causing the

You can't cast a spell while concentrating on another one. Some spells last for a short time after you cease

Subjects, Effects, and Areas: If the spell affects creatures (S) Shapeable: If an area or effect entry ends with "(S)," you directly, the result travels with the subjects for the spell's can shape the spell. A shaped effect or area can have no duration. If the spell creates an effect, the effect lasts for the dimension smaller than 10 feet. Many effects or areas are duration. The effect might move or remain still. Such an given as cubes to make it easy to model irregular shapes. effect can be destroyed prior to when its duration ends. If the Three-dimensional volumes are most often needed to define spell affects an area, then the spell stays with that area for its duration.

Line of Effect: A line of effect is a straight, unblocked path Creatures become subject to the spell when they enter the

Touch Spells and Holding the Charge: In most cases, if you don't discharge a touch spell on the round you cast it, you can hold the charge (postpone the discharge of the spell) You must have a clear line of effect to any target that you indefinitely. You can make touch attacks round after round cast a spell on or to any space in which you wish to create an until the spell is discharged. If you cast another spell, the

> Some touch spells allow you to touch multiple targets as part finish casting the spell.

> **Discharge**: Occasionally a spells lasts for a set duration or until triggered or discharged.

> (**D**) **Dismissible**: If the duration line ends with "(D)," you can dismiss the spell at will. You must be within range of the spell's effect and must speak words of dismissal, which are usually a modified form of the spell's verbal component. If the spell has no verbal component, you can dismiss the effect with a gesture. Dismissing a spell is a standard action that does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

> A spell that depends on concentration is dismissible by its very nature, and dismissing it does not take an action, since all you have to do to end the spell is to stop concentrating on your turn.

Usually a harmful spell allows a target to make a saving

entry in a spell description defines which type of saving throw the spell allows and describes how saving throws against the spell work.

Negates: The spell has no effect on a subject that makes a successful saving throw.

Partial: The spell has an effect on its subject. A successful saving throw means that some lesser effect occurs.

Half: The spell deals damage, and a successful saving throw halves the damage taken (round down).

None: No saving throw is allowed.

Disbelief: A successful save lets the subject ignore the spell's effect.

(object): The spell can be cast on objects, which receive saving throws only if they are magical or if they are attended (held, worn, grasped, or the like) by a creature resisting the spell, in which case the object uses the creature's saving throw bonus unless its own bonus is greater. This notation does not mean that a spell can be cast only on objects. Some spells of this sort can be cast on creatures or objects. A magic item's saving throw bonuses are each equal to 2 + 1/2 the item's caster level.

(harmless): The spell is usually beneficial, not harmful, but a Attacks. Determine which four objects carried or worn by the targeted creature can attempt a saving throw if it desires.

Saving Throw Difficulty Class: A saving throw against your spell has a DC of 10 + the level of the spell + your bonus for the relevant ability (Intelligence for a wizard, Charisma for a bard, paladin, or sorcerer, or Wisdom for a cleric, druid, or If the selected item is not carried or worn and is not magical, ranger). A spell's level can vary depending on your class. it does not get a saving throw. It simply is dealt the Always use the spell level applicable to your class.

Succeeding on a Saving Throw: A creature that successfully saves against a spell that has no obvious physical effects feels a hostile force or a tingle, but cannot deduce the exact nature of the attack. Likewise, if a creature's saving throw succeeds against a targeted spell, you sense that the spell has being resisted by a creature with spell resistance, you must failed. You do not sense when creatures succeed on saves against effect and area spells.

Automatic Failures and Successes: A natural 1 (the d20 comes up 1) on a saving throw is always a failure, and the spell may cause damage to exposed items (see Items Surviving after a Saving Throw, below). A natural 20 (the The Spell Resistance entry and the descriptive text of a spell d20 comes up 20) is always a success.

Voluntarily Giving up a Saving Throw: A creature can voluntarily forego a saving throw and willingly accept a spell's result. Even a character with a special resistance to magic can suppress this quality.

Table 9-2: Items Affected by Magical Attacks

Order*	Item
1st	Shield
2nd	Armor
3rd	Magic helmet, hat, or headband
4th	Item in hand (including weapon, wand, or the like)
5th	Magic cloak
6th	Stowed or sheathed weapon
7th	Magic bracers
8th	Magic clothing
9th	Magic jewelry (including rings)
10th	Anything else
.t. T 1	0 111 1 1 1 1 1 00 1

^{*} In order of most likely to least likely to be affected.

Items Surviving after a Saving Throw: Unless the descriptive text for the spell specifies otherwise, all items carried or worn by a creature are assumed to survive a magical attack. If a creature rolls a natural 1 on its saving throw against the effect, however, an exposed item is harmed (if the attack can harm objects). Refer to Table: Items Affected by Magical Attacks: Items Affected by Magical creature are most likely to be affected and roll randomly among them. The randomly determined item must make a saving throw against the attack form and take whatever damage the attack dealt.

appropriate damage.

Spell Resistance

Spell resistance is a special defensive ability. If your spell is make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) at least equal to the creature's spell resistance for the spell to affect that creature. The defender's spell resistance is like an Armor Class against magical attacks. Include any adjustments to your caster level to this caster level check.

description tell you whether spell resistance protects creatures from the spell. In many cases, spell resistance applies only when a resistant creature is targeted by the spell, not when a resistant creature encounters a spell that is already in place.

The terms "object" and "harmless" mean the same thing for spell resistance as they do for saving throws. A creature with spell resistance must voluntarily lower the resistance (a standard action) in order to be affected by such spells without

forcing the caster to make a caster level check.

Descriptive Text

This portion of a spell description details what the spell does and how it works. If one of the previous entries in the description includes "see text," this is where the explanation is found.

<u> Arcane Spells</u>

Wizards, sorcerers, and bards cast arcane spells. Compared to divine spells, arcane spells are more likely to produce dramatic results.

many spells of each level a character can cast per day. These previous day and has not yet used. During the study period, lower-level spell. A spellcaster who lacks a high enough she can abandon some or all of them to make room for new ability score to cast spells that would otherwise be his due spells. still gets the slots but must fill them with spells of lower levels.

Preparing Wizard Spells

A wizard's level limits the number of spells he can prepare and cast. His high Intelligence score might allow him to prepare a few extra spells. He can prepare the same spell more than once, but each preparation counts as one spell toward his daily limit. To prepare a spell, the wizard must have an Intelligence score of at least 10 + the spell's level.

Rest: To prepare his daily spells, a wizard must first sleep for 8 hours. The wizard does not have to slumber for every minute of the time, but he must refrain from movement, period. If his rest is interrupted, each interruption adds 1 hour to the total amount of time he has to rest in order to clear his mind, and he must have at least 1 hour of uninterrupted rest immediately prior to preparing his spells. If the character does not need to sleep for some reason, he still must have 8 hours of restful calm before preparing any spells.

Recent Casting Limit/Rest Interruptions: If a wizard has cast spells recently, the drain on his resources reduces his capacity to prepare new spells. When he prepares spells for the coming day, all the spells he has cast within the last 8 hours count against his daily limit.

to inclement weather prevents the necessary concentration, as does any injury or failed saving throw the character might experience while studying. Wizards also must have access to their spellbooks to study from and sufficient light to read them. There is one major exception: a wizard can prepare a read magic spell even without a spellbook.

Spell Preparation Time: After resting, a wizard must study his spellbook to prepare any spells that day. If he wants to prepare all his spells, the process takes 1 hour. Preparing some smaller portion of his daily capacity takes a proportionally smaller amount of time, but always at least 15 minutes, the minimum time required to achieve the proper mental state.

Spell Selection and Preparation: Until he prepares spells from his spellbook, the only spells a wizard has available to Spell Slots: The various character class tables show how cast are the ones that he already had prepared from the openings for daily spells are called spell slots. A spellcaster he chooses which spells to prepare. If a wizard already has always has the option to fill a higher-level spell slot with a spells prepared (from the previous day) that he has not cast,

> When preparing spells for the day, a wizard can leave some of these spell slots open. Later during that day, he can repeat the preparation process as often as he likes, time and circumstances permitting. During these extra sessions of preparation, the wizard can fill these unused spell slots. He cannot, however, abandon a previously prepared spell to replace it with another one or fill a slot that is empty because he has cast a spell in the meantime. That sort of preparation requires a mind fresh from rest. Like the first session of the day, this preparation takes at least 15 minutes, and it takes longer if the wizard prepares more than one-quarter of his spells.

Prepared Spell Retention: Once a wizard prepares a spell, it remains in his mind as a nearly cast spell until he uses the combat, spellcasting, skill use, conversation, or any other prescribed components to complete and trigger it or until he fairly demanding physical or mental task during the rest abandons it. Certain other events, such as the effects of magic items or special attacks from monsters, can wipe a prepared spell from a character's mind.

> Death and Prepared Spell Retention: If a spellcaster dies, all prepared spells stored in his mind are wiped away. Potent magic (such as raise dead, resurrection, or true resurrection) can recover the lost energy when it recovers the character.

Arcane Magical Writings

To record an arcane spell in written form, a character uses complex notation that describes the magical forces involved Preparation Environment: To prepare any spell, a wizard in the spell. The writer uses the same system no matter what must have enough peace, quiet, and comfort to allow for her native language or culture. However, each character uses proper concentration. The wizard's surroundings need not be the system in his own way. Another person's magical writing luxurious, but they must be free from distractions. Exposure remains incomprehensible to even the most powerful wizard until he takes time to study and decipher it.

To decipher an arcane magical writing (such as a single spell wizard understands the spell and can copy it into his particular spell again until the next day. A read magic spell disappears from the parchment. automatically deciphers magical writing without a skill check. If the person who created the magical writing is on hand to help the reader, success is also automatic.

writing, he does not need to decipher it again. Deciphering vanish. magical writing allows the reader to identify the spell and gives some idea of its effects (as explained in the spell description). If the magical writing is a scroll and the reader can cast arcane spells, he can attempt to use the scroll.

Wizard Spells and Borrowed Spellbooks

A wizard can use a borrowed spellbook to prepare a spell he already knows and has recorded in his own spellbook, but preparation success is not assured. First, the wizard must decipher the writing in the book (see Arcane Magical Writings, above). Once a spell from another spellcaster's book is deciphered, the reader must make a Spellcraft check (DC 15 + spell's level) to prepare the spell. If the check succeeds, the wizard can prepare the spell. He must repeat the check to prepare the spell again, no matter how many times he has prepared it before. If the check fails, he cannot Once a wizard understands a new spell, he can record it into try to prepare the spell from the same source again until the his spellbook. next day. However, as explained above, he does not need to repeat a check to decipher the writing.

Adding Spells to a Wizard's Spellbook

Wizards can add new spells to their spellbooks through several methods. A wizard can only learn new spells that belong to the wizard spell lists.

Spells Gained at a New Level: Wizards perform a certain amount of spell research between adventures. Each time a character attains a new wizard level, he gains two spells of his choice to add to his spellbook. The two free spells must be of spell levels he can cast. If he has chosen to specialize in a school of magic, one of the two free spells must be from his specialty school.

Spells Copied from Another's Spellbook or a Scroll: A wizard can also add a spell to his book whenever he encounters one on a magic scroll or in another wizard's spellbook. No matter what the spell's source, the wizard must first decipher the magical writing (see Arcane Magical Writings). Next, he must spend 1 hour studying the spell. At the end of the hour, he must make a Spellcraft check (DC 15 A wizard can use the procedure for learning a spell to spell is from his specialty school. If the check succeeds, the same cost required to write a spell into a spellbook. The

in another's spellbook or on a scroll), a character must make spellbook (see Writing a New Spell into a Spellbook). The a Spellcraft check (DC 20 + the spell's level). If the skill process leaves a spellbook that was copied from unharmed, check fails, the character cannot attempt to read that but a spell successfully copied from a magic scroll

If the check fails, the wizard cannot understand or copy the spell. He cannot attempt to learn or copy that spell again until he gains another rank in Spellcraft. If the spell was from Once a character deciphers a particular piece of magical a scroll, a failed Spellcraft check does not cause the spell to

> In most cases, wizards charge a fee for the privilege of copying spells from their spellbooks. This fee is usually equal to half the cost to write the spell into a spellbook (see Writing a New Spell into a Spellbook). Rare and unique spells might cost significantly more.

> **Independent Research**: A wizard can also research a spell independently, duplicating an existing spell or creating an entirely new one. The cost to research a new spell, and the time required, are left up to GM discretion, but it should probably take at least 1 week and cost at least 1,000 gp per level of the spell to be researched. This should also require a number of Spellcraft and Knowledge (arcana) checks.

Writing a New Spell into a Spellbook

Time: The process takes 1 hour per spell level. Cantrips (0 levels spells) take 30 minutes to record.

Space in the Spellbook: A spell takes up one page of the spellbook per spell level. Even a 0-level spell (cantrip) takes one page. A spellbook has 100 pages.

Materials and Costs: The cost for writing a new spell into a spellbook depends on the level of the spell, as noted on the following table. Note that a wizard does not have to pay these costs in time or gold for spells he gains for free at each new level.

Spell Level	Writing Cost	Spell Level	Writing Cost
0	5 gp	5	250 gp
1	10 gp	6	360 gp
2	40 gp	7	490 gp
3	90 gp	8	640 gp
4	160 gp	9	810 gp

Replacing and Copying Spellbooks

+ spell's level). A wizard who has specialized in a school of reconstruct a lost spellbook. If he already has a particular spells gains a +2 bonus on the Spellcraft check if the new spell prepared, he can write it directly into a new book at the process wipes the prepared spell from his mind, just as casting it would. If he does not have the spell prepared, he can prepare it from a borrowed spellbook and then write it Divine spellcasters prepare their spells in largely the same into a new book.

Duplicating an existing spellbook uses the same procedure as replacing it, but the task is much easier. The time requirement and cost per page are halved.

Selling a Spellbook

Captured spellbooks can be sold for an amount equal to half the cost of purchasing and inscribing the spells within.

Sorcerers and Bards

Sorcerers and bards cast arcane spells, but they do not use spellbooks or prepare spells. Their class level limits the number of spells she can cast (see these class descriptions). Her high Charisma score might allow her to cast a few extra spells. A member of either class must have a Charisma score of at least 10 + the spell's level to cast the spell.

the spell slots she used up the day before.

Recent Casting Limit: Any spells cast within the last 8 hours count against the sorcerer's or bard's daily limit.

Adding Spells to a Sorcerer's or Bard's Repertoire: A sorcerer or bard gains spells each time she attains a new level in her class and never gains spells any other way. When your sorcerer or bard gains a new level, consult Table: Bard Spells Known or Table: Sorcerer Spells Known to learn how many spells from the appropriate spell list she now knows. With permission from the GM, sorcerers and bards can also select **Spell Slots**: The character class tables show how many spells the spells they gain from new and unusual spells that they come across while adventuring.

Divine Spells

Clerics, druids, experienced paladins, and experienced rangers can cast divine spells. Unlike arcane spells, divine spells draw power from a divine source. Clerics gain spell power from deities or from divine forces. The divine force of nature powers druid and ranger spells, and the divine forces of law and good power paladin spells. Divine spells tend to focus on healing and protection and are less flashy, destructive, and disruptive than arcane spells.

Preparing Divine Spells

manner as wizards do, but with a few differences. The relevant ability for most divine spells is Wisdom (Charisma for paladins). To prepare a divine spell, a character must have a Wisdom score (or Charisma score for paladins) of 10 + the spell's level. Likewise, bonus spells are based on Wisdom.

Time of Day: A divine spellcaster chooses and prepares spells ahead of time, but unlike a wizard, does not require a period of rest to prepare spells. Instead, the character chooses a particular time of day to pray and receive spells. The time is usually associated with some daily event. If some event prevents a character from praying at the proper time, she must do so as soon as possible. If the character does not stop to pray for spells at the first opportunity, she must wait until the next day to prepare spells.

Spell Selection and Preparation: A divine spellcaster selects and prepares spells ahead of time through prayer and meditation at a particular time of day. The time required to prepare spells is the same as it is for a wizard (1 hour), as is the requirement for a relatively peaceful environment. When Daily Readying of Spells: Each day, sorcerers and bards preparing spells for the day, a cleric can leave some of her must focus their minds on the task of casting their spells. A spell slots open. Later during that day, she can repeat the sorcerer or bard needs 8 hours of rest (just like a wizard), preparation process as often as she likes. During these extra after which she spends 15 minutes concentrating. (A bard sessions of preparation, she can fill these unused spell slots. must sing, recite, or play an instrument of some kind while She cannot, however, abandon a previously prepared spell to concentrating.) During this period, the sorcerer or bard replace it with another one or fill a slot that is empty because readies her mind to cast her daily allotment of spells. Without she has cast a spell in the meantime. Like the first session of such a period to refresh herself, the character does not regain the day, this preparation takes at least 15 minutes, and it takes longer if she prepares more than one-quarter of his

> Divine spellcasters do not require spellbooks. However, a divine spellcaster's spell selection is limited to the spells on the list for her class. Clerics, druids, paladins, and rangers have separate spell lists. A cleric also has access to two domains determined during character creation. Each domain gives her access to a number of special abilities and bonus spells.

> of each level each can cast per day. These openings for daily spells are called spell slots. A spellcaster always has the option to fill a higher-level spell slot with a lower-level spell. A spellcaster who lacks a high enough ability score to cast spells that would otherwise be her due still gets the slots but must fill them with spells of lower levels.

> **Recent Casting Limit**: As with arcane spells, at the time of preparation any spells cast within the previous 8 hours count against the number of spells that can be prepared.

> Spontaneous Casting of Cure and Inflict Spells: A good cleric (or a cleric of a good deity) can spontaneously cast a cure spell in place of a prepared spell of the same level or higher, but not in place of a bonus domain spell. An evil

spell) of the same level or higher. Each neutral cleric of a counterspell, nor can they be counterspelled. neutral deity spontaneously casts either cure spells like a good cleric or inflict spells like an evil one, depending on which option the player chooses when creating the character. The divine energy of the spell that the cure or inflict spell substitutes for is converted into the cure or inflict spell as if Supernatural Abilities: These can't be disrupted in combat that spell had been prepared all along.

Spontaneous Casting of Summon Nature's Ally Spells: A druid can spontaneously cast summon nature's ally in place of a prepared spell of the same level or higher. The divine Extraordinary Abilities: These abilities cannot be disrupted converted as if that spell had been prepared all along.

Divine Magical Writings

Divine spells can be written and deciphered like arcane spells (see Arcane Magical Writings). A Spellcraft check can Natural Abilities: This category includes abilities a creature class spell list can cast a divine spell from a scroll.

New Divine Spells

Divine spellcasters gain new spells as follows.

Spells Gained at a New Level: Characters who can cast divine spells undertake a certain amount of study between adventures. Each time such a character receives a new level of divine spells, she learns all of the spells from that level automatically.

Independent Research: A divine spellcaster can also research a spell independently, much as an arcane spellcaster can. Only the creator of such a spell can prepare and cast it, unless she decides to share it with others.

Special Abilities

A number of classes and creatures gain the use of special abilities, many of which function like spells.

Spell-Like Abilities: Usually, a spell-like ability works just like the spell of that name. A spell-like ability has no verbal, somatic, or material component, nor does it require a focus. The user activates it mentally. Armor never affects a spelllike ability's use, even if the ability resembles an arcane spell with a somatic component.

A spell-like ability has a casting time of 1 standard action unless noted otherwise in the ability or spell description. In all other ways, a spell-like ability functions just like a spell.

Spell-like abilities are subject to spell resistance and dispel

cleric (or a cleric of an evil deity) can spontaneously cast an magic. They do not function in areas where magic is inflict spell in place of a prepared spell (that is not a domain suppressed or negated. Spell-like abilities cannot be used to

> Some creatures actually cast arcane spells as sorcerers do, using components when required. Some creatures have both spell-like abilities and actual spellcasting power.

> and generally don't provoke attacks of opportunity. They aren't subject to spell resistance, counterspells, or dispel *magic*, and don't function in antimagic areas.

energy of the spell that the summon spell substitutes for is in combat, as spells can, and they generally do not provoke attacks of opportunity. Effects or areas that negate or disrupt magic have no effect on extraordinary abilities. They are not subject to dispelling, and they function normally in an antimagic field. Indeed, extraordinary abilities do not qualify as magical, though they may break the laws of physics.

decipher divine magical writing and identify it. Only has because of its physical nature. Natural abilities are those characters who have the spell (in its divine form) on their not otherwise designated as extraordinary, supernatural, or spell-like.

10. Spells

An M or F appearing at the end of a spell's name in the spell lists denotes a spell with a material or focus component, respectively, that is not normally included in a spell component pouch.

Order of Presentation: In the spell lists and the short descriptions that follow them, the spells are presented in alphabetical order by name except for those belonging to certain spell chains. When a spell's name begins with "lesser," "greater," or "mass," the spell is alphabetized under the second word of the spell name instead.

Hit Dice: The term "Hit Dice" is used synonymously with "character levels" for effects that affect a specific number of Hit Dice of creatures. Creatures with Hit Dice only from their race, not from classes, still have character levels equal Erase: Mundane or magical writing vanishes. to their Hit Dice.

Caster Level: A spell's power often depends on caster level, which is defined as the caster's class level for the purpose of casting a particular spell. A creature with no classes has a caster level equal to its Hit Dice unless otherwise specified. The word "level" in the short descriptions that follow always refers to caster level.

Creatures and Characters: The words "creature" and "character" are used synonymously in the short descriptions.

Bard Spells

0-Level Bard Spells

Dancing Lights: Creates torches or other lights.

Daze: Humanoid creature of 4 HD or less loses next action.

Detect Magic: Detects spells and magic items within 60 ft.

Flare: Dazzles one creature (-1 on attack rolls).

Ghost Sound: Figment sounds.

Know Direction: You discern north.

Light: Object shines like a torch.

Lullaby: Makes subject drowsy: -5 on Perception checks, -2

on Will saves against sleep.

Mage Hand: 5-pound telekinesis.

Mending: Makes minor repairs on an object. **Message**: Whisper conversation at distance.

Open/Close: Opens or closes small or light things.

Prestidigitation: Performs minor tricks. **Read Magic**: Read scrolls and spellbooks. **Resistance**: Subject gains +1 on saving throws.

Summon Instrument: Summons one musical instrument.

1st-Level Bard Spells

Alarm: Wards an area for 2 hours/level.

Animate Rope: Makes a rope move at your command.

Cause Fear: One creature of 5 HD or less flees for 1d4

Charm Person: Makes one person your friend.

Comprehend Languages: You understand all languages.

Confusion, Lesser: One creature is *confused* for 1 round.

Cure Light Wounds: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level (max +5).

Detect Secret Doors: Reveals hidden doors within 60 ft.

Disguise Self: Changes your appearance.

Expeditious Retreat: Your base land speed increases by 30

Feather Fall: Objects or creatures fall slowly.

Grease: Makes 10-ft. square or one object slippery.

Hideous Laughter: Subject loses actions for 1 round/level.

Hypnotism: Fascinates 2d4 HD of creatures.

Identify: Gives +10 bonus to identify magic items.

Magic Aura: Alters object's magic aura.

Magic Mouth^M: Objects speaks once when triggered.

Obscure Object: Masks object against scrying.

Remove Fear: Suppresses fear or gives +4 on saves against

fear for one subject + one per four levels.

Silent Image: Creates minor illusion of your design.

Sleep: Puts 4 HD of creatures into magical slumber.

Summon Monster I: Summons extraplanar creature to fight

for you.

Undetectable Alignment: Conceals alignment for 24 hours.

Unseen Servant: Invisible force obeys your commands.

Ventriloquism: Throws voice for 1 min./level.

2nd-Level Bard Spells

Alter Self: Assume form of a Small or Medium humanoid.

Animal Messenger: Sends a Tiny animal to a specific place.

Animal Trance: Fascinates 2d6 HD of animals.

Blindness/Deafness: Makes subject blind or deaf.

Blur: Attacks miss subject 20% of the time.

Calm Emotions: Calms creatures, negating emotion effects.

Cat's Grace: Subject gains +4 to Dex for 1 min./level.

Cure Moderate Wounds: Cures 2d8 damage + 1/level (max Confusion: Subjects behave oddly for 1 round/level. +10).

Darkness: 20-ft. radius of supernatural shadow.

Daze Monster: Living creature of 6 HD or less loses next Cure Serious Wounds: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level (max action.

Delay Poison: Stops poison from harming target for 1 hour/level.

Detect Thoughts: Allows "listening" to surface thoughts.

Eagle's Splendor: Subject gains +4 to Cha for 1 min./level.

Enthrall: Captivates all within 100 ft. + 10 ft./level.

Fox's Cunning: Subject gains +4 to Int for 1 min./level.

Glitterdust: Blinds creatures, outlines invisible creatures.

Heroism: Gives +2 on attack rolls, saves, skill checks.

Hold Person: Paralyzes one humanoid for 1 round/level.

Hypnotic Pattern: Fascinates (2d4 + level) HD of creatures.

Invisibility: Subject is invisible for 1 min./level or until it attacks.

Locate Object: Senses direction toward object (specific or type).

Minor Image: As silent image, plus some sound.

Mirror Image: Creates decoy duplicates of you (1d4 + 1 per three levels, max 8).

Misdirection: Misleads divinations for one creature or

Pyrotechnics: Turns fire into blinding light or choking

Rage: Gives +2 to Str and Con, +1 on Will saves, -2 to AC.

Scare: Panics creatures of less than 6 HD.

Shatter: Sonic vibration damages objects or crystalline creatures.

Silence: Negates sound in 20-ft. radius.

Sound Burst: Deals 1d8 sonic damage and may stun subjects.

Suggestion: Compels subject to follow stated course of action.

Summon Monster II: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Summon Swarm: Summons swarm of bats, rats, or spiders.

Tongues: Speak and understand any language.

Whispering Wind: Sends a short message 1 mile/level.

3rd-Level Bard Spells

Blink: You randomly vanish and reappear for 1 round/level.

Charm Monster: Makes monster believe it is your ally.

Clairaudience/Clairvoyance: Hear or see at a distance for 1 min./level.

Crushing Despair: Subjects take -2 on attack rolls, damage rolls, saves, and checks.

+15).

Daylight: 60-ft. radius of bright light.

Deep Slumber: Puts 10 HD of creatures to sleep. Dispel Magic: Cancels one magical spell or effect. **Displacement**: Attacks miss subject 50% of the time.

Fear: Subjects within cone flee for 1 round/level.

Gaseous Form: Subject becomes insubstantial and can fly slowly.

Geas, Lesser: Commands subject of 7 HD or less.

Glibness: You gain +20 bonus on Bluff checks, and your lies can escape magical discernment.

Good Hope: Subjects gain +2 on attack rolls, damage rolls, saves, and checks.

Haste: One creature/level moves faster, receives +1 on attack rolls, AC, and Reflex saves.

Illusory Script^M: Only select creatures can read text.

Invisibility Sphere: Makes everyone within 10 feet invisible.

Major Image: As silent image, plus sound, smell, and thermal effects.

Phantom Steed: Magic horse appears for 1 hour/level.

Remove Curse: Frees object or person from curse.

Scrying^F: Spies on subject from a distance.

Sculpt Sound: Creates new sounds or changes existing ones into new sounds.

Secret Page: Changes one page to hide its real content.

See Invisibility: Reveals invisible creatures or objects.

Sepia Snake Sigil^M: Creates a snake-shaped text symbol that immobilizes reader.

Slow: One subject/level takes only one action/round, -1 to AC, Reflex saves, and attack rolls.

Speak with Animals: You can communicate with animals.

Summon Monster III: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Tiny Hut: Creates shelter for 10 creatures.

4th-Level Bard Spells

Break Enchantment: Frees subjects from enchantments, transmutations, and curses.

Cure Critical Wounds: Cures 4d8 damage + 1/level (max +20).

Detect Scrying: Alerts you to magical eavesdropping.

Dimension Door: Teleports you a short distance.

Dominate Person: Controls humanoid telepathically.

Freedom of Movement: Subject moves normally despite impediments to restrict movement.

Hallucinatory Terrain: Makes one type of terrain appear like another (field as forest, or the like).

Hold Monster: As *hold person*, but any creature.

Invisibility, Greater: As *invisibility*, but subject can attack and stay invisible.

Legend Lore^{MF}: Lets you learn tales about a person, place, or thing.

Locate Creature: Indicates direction to known creature.

Modify Memory: Changes 5 minutes of subject's memories.

Neutralize Poison: Immunizes subject against poison, detoxifies venom in or on subject.

Rainbow Pattern: Lights fascinate 24 HD of creatures.

Repel Vermin: Insects, spiders, and other vermin stay 10 ft. away.

Secure Shelter: Creates sturdy cottage.

Shadow Conjuration: Mimics conjuration below 4th level, but only 20% real.

Shout: Deafens all within cone and deals 5d6 sonic damage.

Speak with Plants: You can talk to plants and plant creatures.

Summon Monster IV: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Zone of Silence: Keeps eavesdroppers from overhearing you.

5th-Level Bard Spells

Cure Light Wounds, Mass: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Dispel Magic, Greater: Works as *dispel magic*, but can affect multiple targets.

Dream: Sends message to anyone sleeping.

False Vision^M: Fools scrying with an illusion.

Heroism, Greater: Gives +4 bonus on attack rolls, saves, skill checks; immunity to fear; temporary hp.

Mind Fog: Subjects in fog get −10 to Wis and Will checks.

Mirage Arcana: As hallucinatory terrain, plus structures.

Mislead: Turns you invisible and creates illusory double.

Nightmare: Sends vision dealing 1d10 damage, fatigue.

Persistent Image: As *major image*, but no concentration required.

Seeming: Changes appearance of one person per two levels.

Shadow Evocation: Mimics evocation of lower than 5th level, but only 20% real.

Shadow Walk: Step into shadow to travel rapidly.

Song of Discord: Forces targets to attack each other.

Suggestion, Mass: As suggestion, affects subject/level.

Summon Monster V: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you

6th-Level Bard Spells

Analyze Dweomer^F: Reveals magical aspects of subject.

Animate Objects: Objects attack your foes.

Cat's Grace, Mass: As *cat's grace*, affects 1 subject/level. Charm Monster, Mass: As *charm monster*, but all within 30 ft.

Cure Moderate Wounds, Mass: Cures 2d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Eagle's Splendor, Mass: As *eagle's splendor*, affects 1 subject/level.

Eyebite: Target becomes panicked, sickened, and/or comatose.

Find the Path: Shows most direct way to a location.

Fox's Cunning, Mass: As *fox's cunning*, affects 1 subject/level.

Geas/Quest: As lesser geas, but affects any creature.

Heroes' Feast: Food for one creature/level cures and grants combat bonuses.

Irresistible Dance: Forces subject to dance.

Permanent Image: Permanent illusion, includes sight, sound, smell, and thermal effects.

Programmed Image^M: As *major image*, plus triggered by event.

Project Image^M: Illusory double can talk and cast spells.

Scrying, Greater: As scrying, but faster and longer.

Shout, Greater: Devastating yell deals 10d6 sonic damage; stuns creatures.

Summon Monster VI: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Sympathetic Vibration: Deals 2d10 damage/round to freestanding structure.

Veil: Changes appearance of group of creatures.

Cleric Spells

0-Level Cleric Spells (Orisons)

Bleed: Cause a stabilized creature to resume dying.

Create Water: Creates 2 gallons/level of pure water.

Detect Magic: Detects spells and magic items within 60 ft.

Detect Poison: Detects poison in one creature or object. Guidance: +1 on one attack roll, saving throw, or skill

check.

Light: Object shines like a torch.

Mending: Makes minor repairs on an object.

Purify Food and Drink: Purifies 1 cu. ft./level of food or

water.

Read Magic: Read scrolls and spellbooks. **Resistance**: Subject gains +1 on saving throws. Stabilize: Cause a dying creature to stabilize.

Virtue: Subject gains 1 temporary hp.

1st-Level Cleric Spells

Bane: Enemies take −1 on attack rolls and saves against fear.

Bless: Allies gain +1 on attack rolls and saves against fear.

Bless Water^M: Makes holy water.

Cause Fear: One creature of 5 HD or less flees for 1d4

rounds.

Command: One subject obeys selected command for 1

round.

Comprehend Languages: You understand all spoken and written languages.

Cure Light Wounds: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level (max +5).

Curse Water^M: Makes unholy water.

Deathwatch: Reveals how near death subjects within 30 ft.

Detect Chaos/Evil/Good/Law: Reveals creatures, spells, or objects of selected alignment.

Detect Undead: Reveals undead within 60 ft.

Divine Favor: You gain +1 per three levels on attack and Gentle Repose: Preserves one corpse. damage rolls.

saves, and checks.

Endure Elements: Exist comfortably in hot or cold regions.

Entropic Shield: Ranged attacks against you have 20% miss chance.

Hide from Undead: Undead can't perceive one subject/level.

Inflict Light Wounds: Touch deals 1d8 damage +1/level Resist Energy: Ignores 10 (or more) points of damage/attack (max +5).

Magic Stone: Three stones gain +1 on attack, deal 1d6 +1

Magic Weapon: Weapon gains +1 bonus.

Obscuring Mist: Fog surrounds you.

Protection from Chaos/Evil/Good/Law: +2 to AC and saves, plus additional protection against selected alignment.

Remove Fear: Suppresses fear or gives +4 on saves against

fear for one subject + one per four levels.

Sanctuary: Opponents can't attack you, and you can't attack. **Shield of Faith**: Aura grants +2 or higher deflection bonus.

Summon Monster I: Summons extraplanar creature to fight

for you.

2nd-Level Cleric Spells

Aid: +1 on attack rolls and saves against fear, 1d8 temporary hp + 1/level (max + 10).

Align Weapon: Weapon becomes good, evil, lawful, or chaotic.

Augury^{MF}: Learns whether an action will be good or bad.

Bear's Endurance: Subject gains +4 to Con for 1 min./level.

Bull's Strength: Subject gains +4 to Str for 1 min./level.

Calm Emotions: Calms creatures, negating emotion effects.

Consecrate^M: Fills area with positive energy, weakening

Cure Moderate Wounds: Cures 2d8 damage + 1/level (max +10).

Darkness: 20-ft. radius of supernatural shadow.

Death Knell: Kills dying creature; you gain 1d8 temporary hp, +2 to Str, and +1 caster level.

Delay Poison: Stops poison from harming target for 1 hour/level.

Desecrate^M: Fills area with negative energy, making undead stronger.

Eagle's Splendor: Subject gains +4 to Cha for 1 min./level.

Enthrall: Captivates all within 100 ft. + 10 ft./level.

Find Traps: Notice traps as a rogue does.

Hold Person: Paralyzes one humanoid for 1 round/level. Doom: One subject takes -2 on attack rolls, damage rolls, Inflict Moderate Wounds: Touch attack, 2d8 damage + 1/level (max +10).

Make Whole: Repairs an object.

Owl's Wisdom: Subject gains +4 to Wis for 1 min./level.

Remove Paralysis: Frees creatures from paralysis or slow effect.

from specified energy type.

Restoration, Lesser: Dispels magical ability penalty or repairs 1d4 ability damage.

Shatter: Sonic vibration damages objects or crystalline creatures.

Shield Other^F: You take half of subject's damage.

Silence: Negates sound in 20-ft. radius.

Sound Burst: Deals 1d8 sonic damage to subjects; may stun

them.

Spiritual Weapon: Magic weapon attacks on its own.

Status: Monitors condition, position of allies.

Summon Monster II: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you

Undetectable Alignment: Conceals alignment for 24 hours.

Zone of Truth: Subjects within range cannot lie.

3rd-Level Cleric Spells

Animate Dead^M: Creates undead skeletons and zombies.

Bestow Curse: –6 to an ability score; –4 on attack rolls, saves, and checks; or 50% chance of losing each action.

Blindness/Deafness: Makes subject blinded or deafened.

Contagion: Infects subject with chosen disease.

Continual Flame^M: Makes a permanent, heatless light.

Create Food and Water: Feeds three humans (or one horse)/level.

Cure Serious Wounds: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level (max +15).

Daylight: 60-ft. radius of bright light.

Deeper Darkness: Object sheds supernatural shadow in 60-ft. radius.

Dispel Magic: Cancels one magical spell or effect.

Glyph of Warding^M: Inscription harms those who pass it.

Helping Hand: Ghostly hand leads subject to you.

Inflict Serious Wounds: Touch attack, 3d8 damage + 1/level (max +15)

Invisibility Purge: Dispels invisibility within 5 ft./level.

Locate Object: Senses direction toward object (specific or type).

Magic Circle against Chaos/Evil/Good/Law: As protection spells, but 10-ft. radius and 10 min./level.

Magic Vestment: Armor or shield gains +1 enhancement per four levels.

Meld into Stone: You and your gear merge with stone.

Obscure Object: Masks object against scrying.

Prayer: Allies get +1 bonus on most rolls, enemies -1 penalty.

Protection from Energy: Absorb 12 points/level of damage from one kind of energy.

Remove Blindness/Deafness: Cures normal or magical blindness or deafness.

Remove Curse: Frees object or person from curse.

Remove Disease: Cures all diseases affecting subject.

Searing Light: Ray deals 1d8/two levels damage (more against undead).

Speak with Dead: Corpse answers one question/two levels.

Stone Shape: Sculpts stone into any shape.

Summon Monster III: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Water Breathing: Subjects can breathe underwater.

Water Walk: Subject treads on water as if solid.

Wind Wall: Deflects arrows, smaller creatures, and gases.

4th-Level Cleric Spells

Air Walk: Subject treads on air as if solid (climb or descend at 45-degree angle).

Chaos Hammer: Harms and slows lawful creatures (1d8 damage/2 levels).

Control Water: Raises or lowers bodies of water.

Cure Critical Wounds: Cures 4d8 damage + 1/level (max +20).

Death Ward: Grants bonuses against death spells and negative energy.

Dimensional Anchor: Bars extradimensional movement.

Discern Lies: Reveals deliberate falsehoods.

Dismissal: Forces a creature to return to native plane.

Divination^M: Provides useful advice for specific proposed actions.

Divine Power: You gain attack bonuses and 1 hp/level.

Freedom of Movement: Subject moves normally despite impediments to movement.

Giant Vermin: Turns centipedes, scorpions, or spiders into giant vermin.

Holy Smite: Harms and possibly blinds evil creatures (1d8 damage/2 levels).

Imbue with Spell Ability: Transfer spells to subject.

Inflict Critical Wounds: Touch attack, 4d8 damage + 1/level (max +20).

Magic Weapon, Greater: Weapon gains +1 bonus/four levels (max +5).

Neutralize Poison: Immunizes subject against poison, detoxifies venom in or on subject.

Order's Wrath: Harms and dazes chaotic creatures (1d8 damage/2 levels).

Planar Ally, Lesser^M: Exchange services with a 6 HD extraplanar creature.

Poison: Touch deals 1d3 Con damage 1/round for 6 rounds.

Repel Vermin: Insects, spiders, and other vermin stay 10 ft. away.

Restoration^M: Restores level and ability score drains.

Sending: Delivers short message anywhere, instantly.

Spell Immunity: Subject is immune to one spell per 4 levels. **Wall of Stone**: Creates a stone wall that can be shaped.

Summon Monster IV: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Tongues: Speak and understand any language.

Unholy Blight: Harms and sickens good creatures (1d8

damage/2 levels).

5th-Level Cleric Spells

Atonement^{FM}: Removes burden of misdeeds from subject Blade Barrier: Wall of blades deals 1d6/level damage. and reverses magical alignment change.

Break Enchantment: Frees subjects from enchantments, transmutations, and curses.

Breath of Life: Cures 5d8 damage + 1/level and restores life to recently slain creatures.

Command, Greater: As command, but affects one subject/level.

Commune^M: Deity answers one yes-or-no question/level.

Cure Light Wounds, Mass: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Dispel Chaos/Evil/Good/Law: +4 bonus against attacks.

Disrupting Weapon: Melee weapon destroys undead.

Flame Strike: Smites foes with divine fire (1d6/level damage).

Hallow^M: Designates location as holy.

Inflict Light Wounds, Mass: Deals 1d8 damage + 1/level, to 10d8 damage or 6th-level spell. affects 1 subject/level.

Insect Plague: Wasp swarms attack creatures.

Mark of Justice: Designates action that triggers curse on

Plane Shift^F: As many as 8 subjects travel to another plane.

Raise Dead^M: Restores life to subject who died as long as one day/level ago.

Righteous Might: Your size increases, and you gain bonuses in combat.

Scrying^F: Spies on subject from a distance.

Slay Living: Touch attack deals 12d6 + 1 per level.

Spell Resistance: Subject gains SR 12 + level.

Summon Monster V: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Symbol of Pain^M: Triggered rune wracks nearby creatures

Symbol of Sleep^M: Triggered rune puts nearby creatures into catatonic slumber.

True Seeing^M: Lets you see all things as they really are.

Unhallow^M: Designates location as unholy.

6th-Level Cleric Spells

Animate Objects: Objects attack your foes.

Antilife Shell: 10-ft.-radius field hedges out living creatures. Banishment: Banishes 2 HD/level of extraplanar creatures. Bear's Endurance, Mass: As bear's endurance, affects 1

subject/level.

Bull's Strength, Mass: As bull's strength, affects 1 subject/level.

Create Undead^M: Create ghasts, ghouls, mohrgs, or

Cure Moderate Wounds, Mass: Cures 2d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Dispel Magic, Greater: As dispel magic, but with multiple targets.

Eagle's Splendor, Mass: As eagle's splendor, affects 1 subject/level.

Find the Path: Shows most direct way to a location.

Forbiddance^M: Blocks planar travel, damages creatures of different alignment.

Geas/Quest: As lesser geas, but affects any creature.

Glyph of Warding, Greater^M: As glyph of warding, but up

Harm: Deals 10 points/level damage to target.

Heal: Cures 10 points/level damage, all diseases and mental conditions.

Heroes' Feast: Food for one creature/level cures and grants combat bonuses.

Inflict Moderate Wounds, Mass: Deals 2d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Owl's Wisdom, Mass: As owl's wisdom, affects 1 subject/level.

Planar Ally^M: As lesser planar ally, but up to 12 HD.

Summon Monster VI: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Symbol of Fear^M: Triggered rune panics nearby creatures.

Symbol of Persuasion^M: Triggered rune charms nearby creatures.

Undeath to Death^M: Destroys 1d4 HD/level undead (max. 20d4).

Wind Walk: You and your allies turn vaporous and travel

Word of Recall: Teleports you back to designated place.

7th-Level Cleric Spells

Blasphemy: Kills, paralyzes, weakens, or dazes nonevil subjects.

Control Weather: Changes weather in local area.

Cure Serious Wounds, Mass: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Destruction^F: Kills subject and destroys remains.

Dictum: Kills, paralyzes, staggers, or deafens nonlawful

Ethereal Jaunt: You become ethereal for 1 round/level.

Holy Word: Kills, paralyzes, blinds, or deafens nongood subjects.

Inflict Serious Wounds, Mass: Deals 3d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Refuge^M: Alters item to transport its possessor to you.

Regenerate: Subject's severed limbs grow back, cures 4d8 damage +1/level (max +35).

Repulsion: Creatures can't approach you.

Restoration, Greater^M: As restoration, plus restores all levels and ability scores.

Resurrection^M: Fully restore dead subject.

Scrying, Greater: As scrying, but faster and longer.

Summon Monster VII: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Symbol of Stunning^M: Triggered rune stuns nearby

Symbol of Weakness^M: Triggered rune weakens nearby creatures.

Word of Chaos: Kills, confuses, stuns, or deafens nonchaotic subjects.

8th-Level Cleric Spells

Antimagic Field: Negates magic within 10 ft.

Cloak of Chaos^F: +4 to AC, +4 resistance, and SR 25 against lawful spells.

Create Greater Undead^M: Create shadows, wraiths, spectres, or devourers.

for many creatures.

Dimensional Lock: Teleportation and interplanar travel blocked for 1 day/level.

Discern Location: Reveals exact location of creature or object.

Earthquake: Intense tremor shakes 80-ft. radius.

Fire Storm: Deals 1d6/level fire damage.

Holy Aura^F: +4 to AC, +4 resistance, and SR 25 against evil

Inflict Critical Wounds, Mass: Deals 4d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Planar Ally, Greater^M: As lesser planar ally, but up to 18

Shield of Law^F: +4 to AC, +4 resistance, and SR 25 against chaotic spells.

Spell Immunity, Greater: As spell immunity, but up to 8thlevel spells.

Summon Monster VIII: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Symbol of Death^M: Triggered rune kills nearby creatures.

Symbol of Insanity^M: Triggered rune renders nearby creatures insane.

Unholy Aura^F: +4 to AC, +4 resistance, and SR 25 against good spells.

9th-Level Cleric Spells

Astral Projection^M: Projects you and others onto Astral

Energy Drain: Subject gains 2d4 negative levels.

Etherealness: Travel to Ethereal Plane with companions.

Gate^M: Connects two planes for travel or summoning.

Heal, Mass: As *heal*, but affects 1 subject/level.

Implosion: Inflict 10 damage/level to one creature/round.

Miracle^M: Requests a deity's intercession.

Soul Bind^F: Traps newly dead soul to prevent *resurrection*.

Storm of Vengeance: Storm rains acid, lightning, and hail.

Summon Monster IX: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

True Resurrection^M: As resurrection, plus remains aren't needed.

Druid Spells

Cure Critical Wounds, Mass: Cures 4d8 damage + 1/level **0-Level Druid Spells (Orisons)**

Create Water: Creates 2 gallons/level of pure water.

Detect Magic: Detects spells and magic items within 60 ft.

Detect Poison: Detects poison in one creature or object.

Flare: Dazzles one creature (-1 penalty on attack rolls).

Guidance: +1 on one attack roll, saving throw, or skill

Know Direction: You discern north.

Light: Object shines like a torch.

Mending: Makes minor repairs on an object.

Purify Food and Drink: Purifies 1 cu. ft./level of food or

water.

Read Magic: Read scrolls and spellbooks.

Resistance: Subject gains +1 bonus on saving throws.

Stabilize: Cause a dying creature to stabilize.

Virtue: Subject gains 1 temporary hp.

1st-Level Druid Spells

Calm Animals: Calms 2d4 + level HD of animals.

Charm Animal: Makes one animal your friend.

Cure Light Wounds: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level (max +5).

Detect Animals or Plants: Detects kinds of animals or

plants.

Detect Snares and Pits: Reveals natural or primitive traps.

Endure Elements: Exist comfortably in hot or cold regions.

Entangle: Plants entangle everyone in 40-ft. radius.

Faerie Fire: Outlines subjects with light, canceling *blur*,

concealment, and the like.

Goodberry: 2d4 berries each cure 1 hp (max 8 hp/24 hours).

Hide from Animals: Animals can't perceive one subject/level.

Jump: Subject gets bonus on Acrobatics checks.

Longstrider: Your speed increases by 10 ft.

Magic Fang: One natural weapon of subject creature gets +1

on attack and damage rolls.

Magic Stone: Three stones gain +1 on attack rolls, deal

1d6+1 damage.

Obscuring Mist: Fog surrounds you.

Pass without Trace: One subject/level leaves no tracks.

Produce Flame: 1d6 damage + 1/level, touch or thrown.

Shillelagh: Cudgel or quarterstaff becomes +1 weapon (2d6

damage) for 1 min./level.

Speak with Animals: You can communicate with animals.

Summon Nature's Ally I: Summons creature to fight.

2nd-Level Druid Spells

Animal Messenger: Sends a Tiny animal to a specific place.

Animal Trance: Fascinates 2d6 HD of animals.

Barkskin: Grants +2 (or higher) enhancement to natural

armor.

Bear's Endurance: Subject gains +4 to Con for 1 min./level.

Bull's Strength: Subject gains +4 to Str for 1 min./level.

Cat's Grace: Subject gains +4 to Dex for 1 min./level.

Chill Metal: Cold metal damages those who touch it.

Delay Poison: Stops poison from harming subject for 1

hour/level.

Fire Trap^M: Opened object deals 1d4 + 1/level damage.

Flame Blade: Touch attack deals 1d8 + 1/two levels damage.

Flaming Sphere: Rolling ball of fire deals 3d6 fire damage.

Fog Cloud: Fog obscures vision.

Gust of Wind: Blows away or knocks down smaller

creatures.

Heat Metal: Makes metal so hot it damages those who touch

it.

Hold Animal: Paralyzes one animal for 1 round/level.

Owl's Wisdom: Subject gains +4 to Wis for 1 min./level.

Reduce Animal: Shrinks one willing animal.

Resist Energy: Ignores 10 or more points of damage per

attack from specified energy type.

Restoration, Lesser: Dispels magical ability penalty or

repairs 1d4 ability damage.

Soften Earth and Stone: Turns stone to clay, or dirt to sand

or mud.

Spider Climb: Grants ability to walk on walls and ceilings.

Summon Nature's Ally II: Summons creature to fight.

one Summon Swarm: Summons swarm of bats, rats, or spiders.

Tree Shape: You look exactly like a tree for 1 hour/level.

Warp Wood: Bends wood.

Wood Shape: Reshapes wooden objects to suit you.

3rd-Level Druid Spells

Call Lightning: Calls down lightning bolts (3d6 per bolt)

from sky.

Contagion: Infects subject with chosen disease.

Cure Moderate Wounds: Cures 2d8 damage + 1/level (max

+10).

Daylight: 60-ft. radius of bright light.

Diminish Plants: Reduces size or blights the growth of

normal plants.

Dominate Animal: One animal obeys your silent mental

commands and orders.

Magic Fang, Greater: One natural weapon gets + 1/four

levels (max +5).

Meld into Stone: You and your gear merge with stone.

Neutralize Poison: Immunizes subject against poison,

detoxifies venom in or on subject.

Plant Growth: Grows vegetation, improves crops.

Poison: Touch deals 1d3 Con damage 1/round for 6 rounds.

Protection from Energy: Absorbs 12 points/level of damage

from one kind of energy.

Quench: Extinguishes fires.

Remove Disease: Cures all diseases affecting subject.

Sleet Storm: Hampers vision and movement.

Snare: Creates a magic booby trap.

Speak with Plants: You can talk to plants and plant

Spike Growth: Creatures in area take 1d4 damage, may be

slowed.

Stone Shape: Sculpts stone into any shape.

Summon Nature's Ally III: Summons creature to fight.

Water Breathing: Subjects can breathe underwater.

Wind Wall: Deflects arrows, smaller creatures, and gases.

4th-Level Druid Spells

Air Walk: Subject treads on air as if solid (climb or descend at 45-degree angle).

Antiplant Shell: Keeps animated plants at bay.

Blight: Withers one plant or deals 1d6/level damage to plant Tree Stride: Step from one tree to another far away. creature.

Command Plants: Sways the actions of plant creatures.

Control Water: Raises or lowers bodies of water.

Cure Serious Wounds: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level (max Wall of Thorns: Thorns damage anyone who tries to pass. +15).

Dispel Magic: Cancels one magical spell or effect.

Flame Strike: Smites foes with divine fire (1d6/level

damage).

Freedom of Movement: Subject moves normally despite impediments to movement.

Giant Vermin: Turns centipedes, scorpions, or spiders into giant vermin.

Ice Storm: Hail deals 5d6 damage in cylinder 40 ft. across.

Reincarnate: Brings dead subject back in a random body.

Repel Vermin: Insects, spiders, and other vermin stay 10 ft.

Rusting Grasp: Your touch corrodes iron and alloys.

Scrying^F: Spies on subject from a distance.

Spike Stones: Creatures in area take 1d8 damage, may also

be slowed.

Summon Nature's Ally IV: Summons creature to fight.

5th-Level Druid Spells

Animal Growth: One animal doubles in size.

Atonement^{FM}: Removes burden of misdeeds from subject.

Awaken^M: Animal or tree gains human intellect.

Baleful Polymorph: Transforms subject into harmless

Call Lightning Storm: As call lightning, but 5d6 damage per bolt.

Commune with Nature: Learn about terrain for 1 mile/level.

Control Winds: Changes wind direction and speed.

Cure Critical Wounds: Cures 4d8 damage + 1/level (max +20).

Death Ward: Grants bonuses against death spells and negative energy.

Hallow^M: Designates location as holy.

Insect Plague: Wasp swarms attack creatures.

Stoneskin^M: Grants DR 10/adamantine.

Summon Nature's Ally V: Summons creature to fight.

Transmute Mud to Rock: Transforms two 10-ft. cubes per

Transmute Rock to Mud: Transforms two 10-ft. cubes per

Unhallow^M: Designates location as unholy.

Wall of Fire: Deals 2d4 fire damage out to 10 ft. and 1d4 out to 20 ft. Passing through wall deals 2d6 damage +1/level.

6th-Level Druid Spells

Antilife Shell: 10-ft.-radius field hedges out living creatures.

Bear's Endurance, Mass: As bear's endurance, affects 1 subject/level.

Bull's Strength, Mass: As bull's strength, affects 1 subject/level.

Cat's Grace, Mass: As cat's grace, affects one subject/level. Cure Light Wounds, Mass: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level,

affects 1 subject/level.

Dispel Magic, Greater: As dispel magic, but with multiple

Find the Path: Shows most direct way to a location.

Fire Seeds: Acorns and berries become grenades and bombs.

Ironwood: Magic wood is as strong as steel.

Liveoak: Oak becomes treant guardian.

Move Earth: Digs trenches and builds hills.

Owl's Wisdom, Mass: As owl's wisdom, affects 1 subject/level.

Repel Wood: Pushes away wooden objects.

Spellstaff: Stores one spell in wooden quarterstaff.

Stone Tell: Talk to natural or worked stone.

Summon Nature's Ally VI: Summons creature to fight.

Transport via Plants: Move instantly from one plant to another of the same kind.

Wall of Stone: Creates a stone wall that can be shaped.

7th-Level Druid Spells

Animate Plants: One or more plants animate and fight for

Changestaff: Your staff becomes a treant on command.

Control Weather: Changes weather in local area.

Creeping Doom: Swarms of centipedes attack at your command.

Cure Moderate Wounds, Mass: Cures 2d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Fire Storm: Deals 1d6/level fire damage.

Heal: Cures 10 points/level damage, all diseases and mental conditions.

Scrying, Greater: As *scrying*, but faster and longer.

Summon Nature's Ally VII: Summons creature to fight.

Sunbeam: Beam blinds and deals 4d6 damage.

Transmute Metal to Wood: Metal within 40 ft. becomes

True Seeing^M: Lets you see all things as they really are.

Wind Walk: You and your allies turn vaporous and travel

8th-Level Druid Spells

Animal Shapes: One ally/level polymorphs into chosen animal.

Control Plants: Controls actions of one or more plant creatures.

Cure Serious Wounds, Mass: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level, affects 1 subject/level.

Earthquake: Intense tremor shakes 80-ft.-radius.

Finger of Death: Deals 10 damage/level to one subject.

Repel Metal or Stone: Pushes away metal and stone.

Reverse Gravity: Objects and creatures fall upward.

Summon Nature's Ally VIII: Summons creature to fight.

Sunburst: Blinds all within 10 ft., deals 6d6 damage.

Whirlwind: Cyclone deals damage and can pick up creatures.

Word of Recall: Teleports you back to designated place.

9th-Level Druid Spells

Antipathy: Object or location affected by spell repels certain Owl's Wisdom: Subject gains +4 to Wis for 1 min./level.

Cure Critical Wounds, Mass: Cures 4d8 damage + 1/level for many creatures.

Elemental Swarm: Summons multiple elementals.

Foresight: "Sixth sense" warns of impending danger.

Regenerate: Subject's severed limbs grow back, cures 4d8 damage +1/level (max +35).

Shambler: Creates 1d4+2 shambling mounds to fight for

Shapechange^F: Transforms you into certain creatures, and you can change forms once per round.

Storm of Vengeance: Storm rains acid, lightning, and hail. Summon Nature's Ally IX: Summons creature to fight.

Sympathy^M: Object or location attracts certain creatures.

Paladin Spells

1st-Level Paladin Spells

Bless: Allies gain +1 on attack rolls and saves against fear.

Bless Water^M: Makes holy water.

Bless Weapon: Weapon strikes true against evil foes.

Create Water: Creates 2 gallons/level of pure water.

Cure Light Wounds: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level (max +5).

Detect Poison: Detects poison in one creature or small object.

Detect Undead: Reveals undead within 60 ft.

Divine Favor: You gain +1 per three levels on attack and damage rolls.

Endure Elements: Exist comfortably in hot or cold regions.

Magic Weapon: Weapon gains +1 bonus.

Protection from Chaos/Evil: +2 to AC and saves, plus additional protection against selected alignment.

Read Magic: Read scrolls and spellbooks.

Resistance: Subject gains +1 on saving throws.

Restoration, Lesser: Dispels magical ability penalty or

repairs 1d4 ability damage.

Virtue: Subject gains 1 temporary hp.

2nd-Level Paladin Spells

Bull's Strength: Subject gains +4 to Str for 1 min./level. **Delay Poison**: Stops poison from harming subject for 1

hour/level.

Eagle's Splendor: Subject gains +4 to Cha for 1 min./level.

Remove Paralysis: Frees one or more creatures from paralysis or slow effect.

Resist Energy: Ignores 10 or more points of damage per attack from specified energy type.

Shield Other^F: You take half of subject's damage.

Undetectable Alignment: Conceals alignment from magical

detection for 24 hours.

Zone of Truth: Subjects within range cannot lie.

3rd-Level Paladin Spells

Cure Moderate Wounds: Cures 2d8 damage +1/level (max. +10).

Daylight: 60-ft. radius of bright light.

Discern Lies: Reveals deliberate falsehoods.

Dispel Magic: Cancels one magical spell or effect.

Heal Mount: As *heal* on horse or other special mount.

Magic Circle against Chaos/Evil: As protection from chaos,

but 10-ft. radius and 10 min./level.

Magic Weapon, Greater: Weapon gains +1 bonus/four levels (max +5).

Prayer: Allies get +1 bonus on most rolls, enemies -1 penalty.

Remove Blindness/Deafness: Cures normal or magical

blindness or deafness.

Remove Curse: Frees object or person from curse.

4th-Level Paladin Spells

Break Enchantment: Frees subjects from enchantments, transmutations, and curses.

Cure Serious Wounds: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level (max +15).

Death Ward: Grants bonuses against death spells and negative energy.

Dispel Chaos: +4 bonus against attacks by chaotic creatures.

Dispel Evil: +4 bonus against attacks by evil creatures.

Holy Sword: Weapon becomes +5, deals +2d6 damage against evil.

Mark of Justice: Designates action that triggers curse on subject.

Neutralize Poison: Immunizes subject against poison, detoxifies venom in or on subject.

Restoration^M: Restores level and ability score drains.

Ranger Spells

1st-Level Ranger Spells

Alarm: Wards an area for 2 hours/level.

Animal Messenger: Sends a Tiny animal to a specific place.

Calm Animals: Calms 2d4 + level HD of animals. Charm Animal: Makes one animal your friend.

Delay Poison: Stops poison from harming subject for 1

hour/level.

Detect Animals or Plants: Detects kinds of animals or

Detect Poison: Detects poison in one creature or object.

Detect Snares and Pits: Reveals natural or primitive traps.

Endure Elements: Exist comfortably in hot or cold regions.

Entangle: Plants entangle everyone in 40-ft. radius.

from **Animals**: Animals can't perceive

subject/level.

Jump: Subject gets bonus on Acrobatics checks.

Longstrider: Your base speed increases by 10 ft.

Magic Fang: One natural weapon of subject creature gets +1

on attack and damage rolls.

Pass without Trace: One subject/level leaves no tracks.

Read Magic: Read scrolls and spellbooks.

Resist Energy: Ignores 10 (or more) points of damage/attack

from specified energy type.

Speak with Animals: You can communicate with animals.

Summon Nature's Ally I: Summons creature to fight for

2nd-Level Ranger Spells

Barkskin: Grants +2 (or higher) enhancement to natural armor.

Bear's Endurance: Subject gains +4 to Con for 1 min./level.

Cat's Grace: Subject gains +4 to Dex for 1 min./level.

Cure Light Wounds: Cures 1d8 damage + 1/level (max +5).

Hold Animal: Paralyzes one animal for 1 round/level.

Owl's Wisdom: Subject gains +4 to Wis for 1 min./level.

Protection from Energy: Absorbs 12 points/level of damage

from one kind of energy.

Snare: Creates a magic booby trap.

Speak with Plants: You can talk to plants and plant

creatures.

Spike Growth: Creatures in area take 1d4 damage, may be slowed.

Summon Nature's Ally II: Summons creature to fight for

Wind Wall: Deflects arrows, smaller creatures, and gases.

3rd-Level Ranger Spells

Command Plants: Sway the actions of plant creatures.

Cure Moderate Wounds: Cures 2d8 damage +1/level (max.

+10).

Darkvision: See 60 ft. in total darkness.

Diminish Plants: Reduces size or blights growth of normal

plants.

Magic Fang, Greater: One natural weapon gets + 1/four

levels (max. +5).

Neutralize Poison: Immunizes subject against poison,

detoxifies venom in or on subject.

Plant Growth: Grows vegetation, improves crops.

Reduce Animal: Shrinks one willing animal.

Remove Disease: Cures all diseases affecting subject.

Repel Vermin: Insects, spiders, and other vermin stay 10 ft.

Summon Nature's Ally III: Summons creature to fight for

Tree Shape: You look exactly like a tree for 1 hour/level.

Water Walk: Subject treads on water as if solid.

4th-Level Ranger Spells

Animal Growth: One animal doubles in size.

Commune with Nature: Learn about terrain for 1

mile/level.

Cure Serious Wounds: Cures 3d8 damage + 1/level (max Light: Object shines like a torch.

+15).

Freedom of Movement: Subject moves normally despite

impediments to movement.

Nondetection^M: Hides subject from divination, scrying.

Summon Nature's Ally IV: Summons creature to fight for

Tree Stride: Step from one tree to another far away.

Sorcerer/wizard Spells

0-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells (Cantrips)

Abjuration

Resistance: Subject gains +1 on saving throws.

Conjuration

Acid Splash: Orb deals 1d3 acid damage.

Divination

Detect Magic: Detects all spells and magic items within 60

Detect Poison: Detects poison in one creature or small

object.

Read Magic: Read scrolls and spellbooks.

Enchantment

Daze: A single humanoid creature with 4 HD or less loses its next action.

Evocation

Dancing Lights: Creates torches or other lights.

Flare: Dazzles one creature (-1 on attack rolls).

Ray of Frost: Ray deals 1d3 cold damage.

Illusion

Ghost Sound: Figment sounds.

Necromancy

Bleed: Cause a stabilized creature to resume dying. Disrupt Undead: Deals 1d6 damage to one undead. Touch of Fatigue: Touch attack fatigues target.

Transmutation

Mage Hand: 5-pound telekinesis.

Mending: Makes minor repairs on an object. Message: Whisper conversation at distance.

Open/Close: Opens or closes small or light things.

Universal

Arcane Mark: Inscribes a personal rune on an object or

creature (visible or invisible).

Prestidigitation: Performs minor tricks.

1st-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Alarm: Wards an area for 2 hours/level.

Endure Elements: Exist comfortably in hot or cold regions.

Hold Portal: Holds door shut.

Protection from Chaos/Evil/Good/Law: +2 to AC and saves, plus additional protection against selected alignment.

Shield: Invisible disc gives +4 to AC, blocks *magic missiles*.

Conjuration

Grease: Makes 10-ft. square or one object slippery.

Mage Armor: Gives subject +4 armor bonus. **Mount**: Summons riding horse for 2 hours/level.

Obscuring Mist: Fog surrounds you.

Summon Monster I: Summons extraplanar creature to fight

for you.

Unseen Servant: Invisible force obeys your commands.

Divination

Comprehend Languages: You understand all spoken and

written languages.

Detect Secret Doors: Reveals hidden doors within 60 ft.

Detect Undead: Reveals undead within 60 ft.

Identify: Gives +10 bonus to identify magic items.

True Strike: +20 on your next attack roll.

Enchantment

Charm Person: Makes one person your friend. **Hypnotism**: Fascinates 2d4 HD of creatures.

Sleep: Puts 4 HD of creatures into magical slumber.

Evocation

Burning Hands: 1d4/level fire damage (max 5d4).

Floating Disk: Creates 3-ft.-diameter horizontal disk that

holds 100 lbs./level.

Magic Missile: 1d4+1 damage; +1 missile per two levels

above 1st (max 5).

Shocking Grasp: Touch delivers 1d6/level electricity

damage (max 5d6).

Illusion

Color Spray: Knocks unconscious, blinds, and/or stuns

weak creatures.

Disguise Self: Changes your appearance. **Magic Aura**: Alters object's magic aura.

Silent Image: Creates minor illusion of your design.

Ventriloquism: Throws voice for 1 min./level.

Necromancy

Cause Fear: One creature of 5 HD or less flees for 1d4

rounds.

Chill Touch: One touch/level deals 1d6 damage and possibly

1 Str damage.

Ray of Enfeeblement: Ray causes 1d6 Str penalty + 1 per 2

levels.

Transmutation

Animate Rope: Makes a rope move at your command.

Enlarge Person: Humanoid creature doubles in size.

Erase: Mundane or magical writing vanishes.

Expeditious Retreat: Your base speed increases by 30 ft.

Feather Fall: Objects or creatures fall slowly. **Jump**: Subject gets bonus on Acrobatics checks.

Magic Weapon: Weapon gains +1 bonus.

Reduce Person: Humanoid creature halves in size.

2nd-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Arcane Lock^M: Magically locks a portal or chest.

Obscure Object: Masks object against scrying.

Protection from Arrows: Subject gains DR 10/magic

against ranged attacks.

Resist Energy: Ignores first 10 (or more) points of damage

per attack from specified energy type.

Conjuration

Acid Arrow: Ranged touch attack; 2d4 damage for 1 round

+ 1 round/three levels.

Fog Cloud: Fog obscures vision.

Glitterdust: Blinds creatures, outlines invisible creatures.

Summon Monster II: Summons extraplanar creature to fight

for you.

Summon Swarm: Summons swarm of bats, rats, or spiders.

Web: Fills 20-ft.-radius spread with sticky spiderwebs that

can grapple foes and impair movement.

Divination

Detect Thoughts: Allows "listening" to surface thoughts.

Locate Object: Senses direction toward object (specific or

type).

See Invisibility: Reveals invisible creatures or objects.

Enchantment

Daze Monster: Living creature of 6 HD or less loses its next

action.

Hideous Laughter: Subject loses actions for 1 round/level.

Touch of Idiocy: Subject takes 1d6 penalty to Int, Wis, and

Cha.

Evocation

Continual Flame^M: Makes a permanent, heatless light.

Darkness: 20-ft. radius of supernatural shadow.

Flaming Sphere: Rolling ball of fire deals 3d6 fire damage.

Gust of Wind: Blows away or knocks down smaller

creatures.

Scorching Ray: Ranged touch attack deals 4d6 fire damage,

+ 1 ray/four levels (max 3).

Shatter: Sonic energy damages objects or crystalline

creatures.

Illusion

Blur: Attacks miss subject 20% of the time.

Hypnotic Pattern: Fascinates 2d4 + level HD of creatures.

Invisibility: Subject is invisible for 1 min./level or until it

attacks.

Magic Mouth^M: Object speaks once when triggered.

Minor Image: As silent image, plus some sound.

Mirror Image: Creates decoy duplicates of you.

Misdirection: Misleads divinations for 1 creature or object.

Phantom Trap^M: Makes item seem trapped.

Necromancy

Blindness/Deafness: Makes subject blinded or deafened.

Command Undead: Undead creature obeys your

commands.

False Life: Gain 1d10 temporary hp + 1/level (max +10).

Ghoul Touch: Paralyzes one subject, which exudes stench

that makes those nearby sickened.

Scare: Frightens creatures of less than 6 HD.

Spectral Hand: Creates disembodied glowing hand to

deliver touch attacks.

Transmutation

Alter Self: Assume form of a Small or Medium humanoid.

Bear's Endurance: Subject gains +4 to Con for 1 min./level.

Bull's Strength: Subject gains +4 to Str for 1 min./level.

Cat's Grace: Subject gains +4 to Dex for 1 min./level.

Darkvision: See 60 ft. in total darkness.

Eagle's Splendor: Subject gains +4 to Cha for 1 min./level.

Fox's Cunning: Subject gains +4 to Int for 1 min./level.

Knock: Opens locked or magically sealed door.

Levitate: Subject moves up and down at your direction.

Make Whole: Repairs an object.

Owl's Wisdom: Subject gains +4 to Wis for 1 min./level.

Pyrotechnics: Turns fire into blinding light or thick smoke.

Rope Trick: As many as eight creatures hide in

extradimensional space.

Spider Climb: Grants ability to walk on walls and ceilings.

Whispering Wind: Sends a short message 1 mile/level.

3rd-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Dispel Magic: Cancels one magical spell or effect.

Explosive Runes: Deals 6d6 damage when read.

Magic Circle against Chaos/Evil/Good/Law: As protection

spells, but 10-ft. radius and 10 min./level.

Nondetection^M: Hides subject from divination, scrying.

Protection from Energy: Absorbs 12 points/level of damage

from one kind of energy.

Conjuration

Phantom Steed: Magic horse appears for 1 hour/level.

Sepia Snake Sigil^M: Creates text symbol that immobilizes

reader.

Sleet Storm: Hampers vision and movement.

Stinking Cloud: Nauseating vapors, 1 round/level.

Summon Monster III: Summons extraplanar creature to

fight for you.

Divination

Arcane Sight: Magical auras become visible to you.

Clairaudience/Clairvoyance: Hear or see at a distance for 1

min./level.

Tongues: Speak and understand any language.

Enchantment

Deep Slumber: Puts 10 HD of creatures to sleep.

Heroism: Gives +2 bonus on attack rolls, saves, skill checks.

Hold Person: Paralyzes one humanoid for 1 round/level.

Rage: Gives +2 to Str and Con, +1 on Will saves, -2 to AC.

Suggestion: Compels a subject to follow stated course of

action.

Evocation

Daylight: 60-ft. radius of bright light.

Fireball: 1d6 damage per level, 20-ft. radius.

Lightning Bolt: Electricity deals 1d6/level damage.

Tiny Hut: Creates shelter for 10 creatures.

Wind Wall: Deflects arrows, smaller creatures, and gases.

Illusion

Displacement: Attacks miss subject 50% of the time.

Illusory Script^M: Only select creatures can read text.

Invisibility Sphere: Makes everyone within 10 ft. invisible.

Major Image: As silent image, plus sound, smell and

thermal effects.

Necromancy

Gentle Repose: Preserves one corpse.

Halt Undead: Immobilizes undead for 1 round/level.

Ray of Exhaustion: Ray makes subject exhausted.

caster gains damage as temporary hp.

Transmutation

Beast Shape I: You take the form and some of the powers of

a Small or Medium animal.

Blink: You randomly vanish and reappear for 1 round per

level.

Flame Arrow: Arrows deal +1d6 fire damage.

Fly: Subject flies at speed of 60 ft.

Gaseous Form: Subject becomes insubstantial and can fly

slowly.

Haste: One creature/level moves faster, +1 on attack rolls,

AC, and Reflex saves.

Keen Edge: Doubles normal weapon's threat range.

Magic Weapon, Greater: Weapon gains +1 bonus/four

levels (max +5).

Secret Page: Changes one page to hide its real content.

Shrink Item: Object shrinks to one-sixteenth size.

Slow: One subject/level takes only one action/round, -1 to

AC, Reflex saves, and attack rolls.

Water Breathing: Subjects can breathe underwater.

4th-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Dimensional Anchor: Bars extradimensional movement.

Fire Trap^M: Opened object deals 1d4 damage + 1/level.

Globe of Invulnerability, Lesser: Stops 1st- through 3rd-

level spell effects.

Remove Curse: Frees object or person from curse.

Stoneskin^M: Grants DR 10/adamantine.

Conjuration

Black Tentacles: Tentacles grapple all creatures within a 20-

ft. spread.

Dimension Door: Teleports you a short distance.

Minor Creation: Creates one cloth or wood object.

Secure Shelter: Creates sturdy cottage.

Solid Fog: Blocks vision and slows movement.

Summon Monster IV: Summons extraplanar creature to

fight for you.

Divination

Vampiric Touch: Touch deals 1d6 damage per two levels; Arcane Eye: Invisible floating eye moves 30 ft./round.

Detect Scrying: Alerts you to magical eavesdropping

Locate Creature: Indicates direction to familiar creature.

Scrying^F: Spies on subject from a distance.

Enchantment

Charm Monster: Makes monster believe it is your ally. Confusion: Subjects behave oddly for 1 round/level.

Crushing Despair: Subjects take -2 on attack rolls, damage

rolls, saves, and checks.

Geas, Lesser: Commands subject of 7 HD or less.

Evocation

Fire Shield: Creatures attacking you take fire damage; you're protected from heat or cold.

Ice Storm: Hail deals 5d6 damage in cylinder 40 ft. across.

Resilient Sphere: Force globe protects but traps one subject.

Shout: Deafens all within cone and deals 5d6 sonic damage.

Wall of Fire: Deals 2d4 fire damage out to 10 ft. and 1d4 out to 20 ft. Passing through wall deals 2d6 damage + 1/level.

Wall of Ice: Ice plane creates wall or hemisphere creates dome.

Illusion

Hallucinatory Terrain: Makes one type of terrain appear Mage's Faithful Hound: Phantom dog can guard a location like another (field as forest, or the like).

Illusory Wall: Wall, floor, or ceiling looks real, but anything can pass through.

Invisibility, Greater: As invisibility, but subject can attack or less until it performs a task. and stay invisible.

Phantasmal Killer: Fearsome illusion kills subject or deals 3d6 damage.

Rainbow Pattern: Lights fascinate 24 HD of creatures.

Shadow Conjuration: Mimics conjuration below 4th level, but only 20% real.

Necromancy

Animate Dead^M: Creates undead skeletons and zombies out of corpses.

Bestow Curse: –6 to an ability score; –4 on attack rolls, saves, and checks; or 50% chance of losing each action.

Contagion: Infects subject with chosen disease.

Enervation: Subject gains 1d4 negative levels.

Fear: Subjects within cone flee for 1 round/level.

Transmutation

Beast Shape II: You take the form and some of the powers of a Tiny or Large animal.

Elemental Body I: Turns you into a Small elemental.

Enlarge Person, Mass: 1 humanoid creature/level doubles

in size.

Mnemonic Enhancer^F: Wizard only. Prepare extra spells or retain one just cast.

Reduce Person, Mass: As reduce person, but affects 1

humanoid creature/level.

Stone Shape: Sculpts stone into any shape.

5th-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Break Enchantment: Frees subjects from enchantments. transmutations, and curses.

Dismissal: Forces a creature to return to its native plane.

Mage's Private Sanctum: Prevents anyone from viewing or scrying an area for 24 hours.

Conjuration

Cloudkill: Kills 3 HD or less; 4–6 HD save or die, 6+ HD take Con damage.

and attack intruders.

Major Creation: As *minor creation*, plus stone and metal.

Planar Binding, Lesser: Traps extraplanar creature of 6 HD

Secret Chest^F: Hides expensive chest on Ethereal Plane; you retrieve it at will.

Summon Monster V: Summons extraplanar creature to fight

Teleport: Instantly transports you as far as 100 miles per

Wall of Stone: Creates a stone wall that can be shaped.

Divination

Contact Other Plane: Lets you ask question of extraplanar entity.

Prying Eyes: 1d4 + 1/level floating eyes scout for you.

Telepathic Bond: Link lets allies communicate.

Enchantment

Dominate Person: Controls humanoid telepathically.

Feeblemind: Subject's Int and Cha drop to 1.

Hold Monster: As hold person, but any creature.

Mind Fog: Subjects in fog get -10 to Wis and Will checks.

Symbol of Sleep^M: Triggered rune puts nearby creatures into

catatonic slumber.

Evocation

Cone of Cold: 1d6/level cold damage.

Interposing Hand: Hand provides cover against 1 opponent.

Sending: Delivers short message anywhere, instantly.

Wall of Force: Wall is immune to damage.

Illusion

Dream: Sends message to anyone sleeping.

False Vision^M: Fools scrying with an illusion.

Mirage Arcana: As hallucinatory terrain, plus structures.

Nightmare: Sends vision dealing 1d10 damage, fatigue.

Persistent Image: As major image, but with

concentration required.

Seeming: Changes appearance of 1 person per 2 levels.

Shadow Evocation: Mimics evocation below 5th level, but

only 20% real.

Necromancy

Blight: Withers one plant or deals 1d6/level damage to plant

Magic Jar^F: Enables possession of another creature.

Symbol of Pain^M: Triggered rune wracks creatures with pain.

Waves of Fatigue: Several targets become fatigued.

Transmutation

Animal Growth: One animal doubles in size.

Baleful Polymorph: Turns subject into harmless animal.

Beast Shape III: You take the form of a Diminutive or Huge Enchantment animal, or Small or Medium magical beast.

Elemental Body II: Turns you into a Medium elemental.

Fabricate^M: Transforms raw materials into finished items.

Overland Flight: You fly at a speed of 40 ft. and can hustle over long distances.

Passwall: Creates passage through wood or stone wall.

Plant Shape I: Turns you into a Small or Medium plant.

Polymorph: Gives one willing subject a new form.

or creature.

Transmute Mud to Rock: Transforms two 10-ft. cubes per **Contingency**^F: Sets trigger condition for another spell. level.

Transmute Rock to Mud: Transforms two 10-ft. cubes per

Universal

level.

Permanency^M: Makes certain spells permanent.

6th-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Antimagic Field: Negates magic within 10 ft.

Dispel Magic, Greater: As dispel magic, but with multiple targets.

Globe of Invulnerability: As lesser globe of invulnerability, plus 4th-level spell effects.

Guards and Wards: Array of magic effects protect area.

Repulsion^F: Creatures can't approach you.

Conjuration

Acid Fog: Fog deals acid damage.

Planar Binding: As lesser planar binding, but up to 12 HD. Summon Monster VI: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Wall of Iron^M: 30 hp/four levels; can topple onto foes.

Divination

Analyze Dweomer^F: Reveals magical aspects of subject.

Legend Lore^{MF}: Lets you learn tales about a person, place, or thing.

True Seeing^M: Lets you see all things as they really are.

Geas/Quest: As *lesser geas*, but affects any creature.

Heroism, Greater: Gives +4 bonus on attack rolls, saves,

skill checks; immunity to fear; temporary hp.

Suggestion, Mass: As suggestion, affects 1 subject/level.

Symbol of Persuasion^M: Triggered rune charms creatures.

Evocation

Telekinesis: Moves object, attacks creature, or hurls object Chain Lightning: 1d6/level damage and 1 secondary bolt/level.

Forceful Hand: Hand pushes creatures away.

Freezing Sphere: Freezes water or deals cold damage.

Illusion

Mislead: Turns you invisible and creates illusory double.

Permanent Image: Permanent illusion, includes sight,

sound, smell, and thermal effects.

Programmed Image^M: As major image, but triggered by

Shadow Walk: Step into shadow to travel rapidly.

Veil: Changes appearance of a group of creatures.

Necromancy

Circle of Death^M: Kills 1d4/level HD of creatures.

Create Undead^M: Raises ghouls, ghasts, mummies, or mohrgs from physical remains.

Eyebite: Target becomes panicked, sickened, and comatose.

Symbol of Fear^M: Triggered rune panics nearby creatures.

Undeath to Death^M: Destroys 1d4/level HD of undead (max. 20d4).

Transmutation

Bear's Endurance, Mass: As bear's endurance, affects one subject/level.

Beast Shape IV: You take the form of a Diminutive to Huge **Divination** animal or a Tiny to Large magical beast.

Bull's Strength, Mass: As bull's strength, affects 1 subject per level.

Cat's Grace, Mass: As cat's grace, affects 1 subject/level.

Control Water: Raises or lowers bodies of water.

Disintegrate: Reduces one creature or object to dust.

Eagle's Splendor, Mass: As eagle's splendor, 1 subject/level.

Elemental Body III: Turns you into a Large elemental.

Flesh to Stone: Turns subject creature into statue.

Form of the Dragon I: Turns you into a Medium dragon.

Fox's Cunning, Mass: As fox's cunning, affects 1 subject/

Mage's Lucubration: Wizard only. Recalls spell of 5th level or lower.

Move Earth: Digs trenches and builds hills.

Owl's Wisdom, Mass: As owl's wisdom, affects 1 subject/level.

Plant Shape II: Turns you into a Large plant creature.

Stone to Flesh: Restores petrified creature.

Transformation^M: You gain combat bonuses.

7th-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Banishment: Banishes 2 HD/level of extraplanar creatures.

Sequester: Subject is invisible to sight and scrying; renders

creature comatose.

Spell Turning^M: Reflect 1d4+6 spell levels back at caster.

Conjuration

Instant Summons^M: Prepared object appears in your hand.

Mansion^F: Mage's Magnificent Door extradimensional mansion.

Phase Door: Creates an invisible passage through a barrier.

Plane Shift^F: As many as eight subjects travel to another plane.

Summon Monster VII: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Teleport, Greater: As *teleport*, but no range limit and no off-target arrival.

Teleport Object: As *teleport*, but affects a touched object.

Arcane Sight, Greater: As arcane sight, but also reveals magic effects on creatures and objects.

Scrying, Greater: As *scrying*, but faster and longer.

Vision^M: As *legend lore*, but quicker.

Enchantment

Hold Person, Mass: As *hold person*, but all within 30 ft.

Insanity: Subject suffers continuous *confusion*.

Power Word Blind: Blinds creature with 200 hp or less.

Symbol of Stunning^M: Triggered rune stuns creatures.

Evocation

Delayed Blast Fireball: 1d6/level fire damage; you can postpone blast for up to 5 rounds.

Forcecage^M: Cube or cage of force imprisons all inside.

Grasping Hand: Hand provides cover, pushes, or grapples.

Mage's Sword^F: Floating magic blade strikes opponents. **Prismatic Spray**: Rays hit subjects with variety of effects.

Illusion

Invisibility, Mass: As invisibility, but affects all in range. Project Image: Illusory double can talk and cast spells.

Shadow Conjuration, Greater: As shadow conjuration, but up to 6th level and 60% real.

Simulacrum^M: Creates partially real double of a creature.

Necromancy

Control Undead: Undead don't attack you while under your command.

Finger of Death: Deals 10 damage/level to one subject.

 $\textbf{Symbol of Weakness}^{M} : Triggered \ rune \ weakens \ creatures.$

Waves of Exhaustion: Several targets become exhausted.

Transmutation

Control Weather: Changes weather in local area.

Elemental Body IV: Turns you into a Huge elemental. **Ethereal Jaunt**: You become ethereal for 1 round/level.

Form of the Dragon II: Turns you into a Large dragon.

Giant Form I: Turns you into a Large giant.

Plant Shape III: Turns you into a Huge plant.

Polymorph, Greater: Gives one willing subject a new, more

powerful form.

Reverse Gravity: Objects and creatures fall upward.

Statue: Subject can become a statue at will.

Universal

Limited Wish^M: Alters reality (within limits).

8th-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Dimensional Lock: Teleportation and interplanar travel blocked for 1 day/level.

Mind Blank: Subject is protected from mental/emotional magic and scrying.

Prismatic Wall: Wall's colors have array of effects.

Protection from Spells^{MF}: Confers +8 resistance bonus.

Conjuration

Incendiary Cloud: Cloud deals 6d6 fire damage/round.

Maze: Traps subject in extradimensional maze.

Planar Binding, Greater: As lesser planar binding, but up to 18 HD.

Summon Monster VIII: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Trap the Soul^M: Imprisons subject within gem.

Divination

Discern Location: Reveals exact location of creature or object.

Moment of Prescience: You gain +1/level insight bonus on single attack roll, check, or save.

Prying Eyes, Greater: As prying eyes, but eyes have true seeing.

Enchantment

Antipathy: Object or location affected by spell repels certain creatures.

Binding^M: Utilizes an array of techniques to imprison a creature.

Charm Monster, Mass: As *charm monster*, but all within 30

Demand: As sending, plus you can send suggestion.

Irresistible Dance: Forces subject to dance.

Power Word Stun: Stuns creature with 150 hp or less.

Symbol of Insanity^M: Triggered rune renders nearby creatures insane.

Sympathy^M: Object or location attracts certain creatures.

Evocation

Clenched Fist: Large hand provides cover, pushes, or attacks your foes.

Polar Ray: Ranged touch attack deals 1d6/level cold damage and 1d4 points of Dexterity drain.

Shout, Greater: Devastating yell deals 10d6 sonic damage; stuns creatures.

Sunburst: Blinds all within 10 ft., deals 6d6 damage.

Telekinetic Sphere: As resilient sphere, but you move the sphere telekinetically.

Illusion

Scintillating Pattern: Twisting colors *confuse*, stun, or render unconscious.

Screen: Illusion hides area from vision and scrying.

Shadow Evocation, Greater: As shadow evocation, but up to 7th level and 60% real.

Necromancy

Clone^{MF}: Duplicate awakens when original dies.

Create Greater Undead^M: Creates shadows, wraiths. spectres, or devourers.

Horrid Wilting: Deals 1d6/level damage within 30 ft. **Symbol of Death**^M: Triggered rune kills nearby creatures.

Transmutation

Form of the Dragon III: Turns you into a Huge dragon.

Giant Form II: Turns you into a Huge giant. **Iron Body**: Your body becomes living iron.

Polymorph Any Object: Changes a subject into anything

Temporal Stasis^M: Puts subject into suspended animation.

9th-Level Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Abjuration

Freedom: Releases creature from *imprisonment*.

Imprisonment: Entombs subject beneath the earth.

Mage's Disjunction: Dispels magic, disenchants magic

Prismatic Sphere: As prismatic wall, but surrounds on all Time Stop: You act freely for 1d4+1 rounds.

sides.

Conjuration

Gate^M: Connects two planes for travel or summoning.

Refuge^M: Alters item to transport its possessor to your

Summon Monster IX: Summons extraplanar creature to fight for you.

Teleportation Circle^M: Teleports creatures inside circle.

Divination

Foresight: "Sixth sense" warns of impending danger.

Enchantment

Dominate Monster: As *dominate person*, but any creature. Hold Monster, Mass: As hold monster, but all within 30 ft. Power Word Kill: Kills one creature with 100 hp or less.

Evocation

Crushing Hand: Large hand provides cover, pushes, or crushes your foes.

Meteor Swarm: Four exploding spheres each deal 6d6 fire damage.

Illusion

Shades: As shadow conjuration, but up to 8th level and 80%

Weird: As phantasmal killer, but affects all within 30 ft.

Necromancy

Astral Projection^M: Projects you and companions onto Astral Plane.

Energy Drain: Subject gains 2d4 negative levels.

Soul Bind^F: Traps newly dead soul to prevent *resurrection*.

Wail of the Banshee: Deals 10 damage/level to 1

creature/level.

Transmutation

Etherealness: Travel to Ethereal Plane with companions.

Shapechange^F: Transforms you into certain creatures, and lets you change forms once per round.

Universal

Wish^M: As *limited wish*, but with fewer limits.

Acid Arrow

School conjuration (creation) [acid]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (rhubarb leaf and an adder's stomach), F (a dart)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Effect one arrow of acid

Duration 1 round + 1 round per three levels

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

An arrow of acid springs from your hand and speeds to its target. You must succeed on a ranged touch attack to hit your Aid grants the target a +1 morale bonus on attack rolls and target. The arrow deals 2d4 points of acid damage with no splash damage. For every three caster levels you possess, the acid, unless neutralized, lasts for another round (to a maximum of 6 additional rounds at 18th level), dealing another 2d4 points of damage in each round.

Acid Fog

School conjuration (creation) [acid]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (powdered peas and an animal hoof)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect fog spreads in 20-ft. radius, 20 ft. high

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Acid fog creates a billowing mass of misty vapors like the solid fog spell. In addition to slowing down creatures and obscuring sight, this spell's vapors are highly acidic. Each round on your turn, starting when you cast the spell, the fog deals 2d6 points of acid damage to each creature and object within it.

Acid Splash

School conjuration (creation) [acid]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one missile of acid

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Spell List You fire a small orb of acid at the target. You must succeed on a ranged touch attack to hit your target. The orb deals 1d3 points of acid damage. This acid disappears after 1 round.

Aid

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

saves against fear effects, plus temporary hit points equal to 1d8 + caster level (to a maximum of 1d8+10 temporary hit points at caster level 10th).

Air Walk

School transmutation [air]; **Level** cleric 4, druid 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature (Gargantuan or smaller) touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

The subject can tread on air as if walking on solid ground. Moving upward is similar to walking up a hill. The maximum upward or downward angle possible is 45 degrees, at a rate equal to half the air walker's normal speed.

A strong wind (21+ miles per hour) can push the subject along or hold it back. At the end of a creature's turn each round, the wind blows the air walker 5 feet for each 5 miles per hour of wind speed. The creature may be subject to additional penalties in exceptionally strong or turbulent winds, such as loss of control over movement or physical damage from being buffeted about.

Should the spell duration expire while the subject is still aloft, the magic fails slowly. The subject floats downward 60 feet per round for 1d6 rounds. If it reaches the ground in that amount of time, it lands safely. If not, it falls the rest of the distance, taking 1d6 points of damage per 10 feet of fall. Since dispelling a spell effectively ends it, the subject also descends in this way if the air walk spell is dispelled, but not if it is negated by an antimagic field.

You can cast air walk on a specially trained mount so it can Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell be ridden through the air. You can train a mount to move **Resistance** yes (harmless, object) with the aid of air walk (counts as a trick; see Handle Animal skill) with 1 week of work and a DC 25 Handle Animal check.

Alarm

School abjuration; **Level** bard 1, ranger 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F/DF (a tiny bell and a piece of very fine silver wire)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 20-ft.-radius emanation centered on a point in space

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Alarm creates a subtle ward on an area you select. Once the spell effect is in place, it thereafter sounds a mental or Range personal audible alarm each time a creature of Tiny or larger size enters the warded area or touches it. A creature that speaks the password (determined by you at the time of casting) does **Duration** 1 min./level (D) not set off the alarm. You decide at the time of casting whether the *alarm* will be mental or audible in nature.

long as you remain within 1 mile of the warded area. You listed ability: darkvision 60 feet, low-light vision, scent, and note a single mental "ping" that awakens you from normal sleep but does not otherwise disturb concentration. A silence spell has no effect on a mental alarm.

Audible Alarm: An audible alarm produces the sound of a hand bell, and anyone within 60 feet of the warded area can hear it clearly. Reduce the distance by 10 feet for each interposing closed door and by 20 feet for each substantial interposing wall.

In quiet conditions, the ringing can be heard faintly as far as 180 feet away. The sound lasts for 1 round. Creatures within a silence spell cannot hear the ringing. Ethereal or astral creatures do not trigger the alarm.

Alarm can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Align Weapon

School transmutation [see text]; **Level** cleric 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target weapon touched or 50 projectiles (all of which must be together at the time of casting)

Duration 1 min./level

Align weapon makes a weapon chaotic, evil, good, or lawful, as you choose. A weapon that is aligned can bypass the damage reduction of certain creatures. This spell has no effect on a weapon that already has an alignment.

You can't cast this spell on a natural weapon, such as an unarmed strike. When you make a weapon chaotic, evil, good, or lawful, align weapon is a chaotic, evil, good, or lawful spell, respectively.

Alter Self

School transmutation (polymorph); Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of the creature whose form you plan to assume)

Target you

When you cast this spell, you can assume the form of any Small or Medium creature of the humanoid type. If the form Mental Alarm: A mental alarm alerts you (and only you) so you assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the swim 30 feet.

> Small creature: If the form you take is that of a Small humanoid, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Dexterity.

Medium creature: If the form you take is that of a Medium humanoid, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Strength.

Analyze Dweomer

School divination; Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a ruby and gold lens worth 1,500 gp)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one object or creature per caster level

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none or Will negates, see text; Spell Resistance no

You can observe magical auras. Each round, you may examine a single creature or object that you can see as a free action. In the case of a magic item, you learn its functions (including any curse effects), how to activate its functions (if appropriate), and how many charges are left (if it uses charges). In the case of an object or creature with active spells cast upon it, you learn each spell, its effect, and its

caster level.

An attended object may attempt a Will save to resist this **Target** one Tiny animal effect if its holder so desires. If the save succeeds, you learn nothing about the object except what you can discern by looking at it. An object that makes its save cannot be affected Saving Throw none; see text; Spell Resistance yes by any other analyze dweomer spells for 24 hours.

Animal Growth

transmutation; School Level druid 5, ranger sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one animal (Gargantuan or smaller)

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

times its normal weight. This alteration changes the animal's size category to the next largest, grants it a +8 size bonus to Strength and a +4 size bonus to Constitution (and thus an extra 2 hit points per HD), and imposes a -2 size penalty to Dexterity. The creature's existing natural armor bonus increases by 2. The size change also affects the animal's modifier to AC, attack rolls, and its base damage. The animal's space and reach change as appropriate to the new size, but its speed does not change. If insufficient room is Casting Time 1 standard action available for the desired growth, the creature attains the maximum possible size and may make a Strength check (using its increased Strength) to burst any enclosures in the Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) process. If it fails, it is constrained without harm by the materials enclosing it-the spell cannot be used to crush a creature by increasing its size.

All equipment worn or carried by the animal is similarly enlarged by the spell, though this change has no effect on the Saving Throw none, see text; Spell Resistance yes magical properties of any such equipment.

possession instantly returns to its normal size.

The spell gives no means of command over an enlarged animal.

Multiple magical effects that increase size do not stack.

Animal Messenger

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 2, druid 2, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (a morsel of food the animal likes)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Duration 1 day/level

You compel a Tiny animal to go to a spot you designate. The Analyze dweomer does not function when used on an artifact. most common use for this spell is to get an animal to carry a message to your allies. The animal cannot be one tamed or trained by someone else, including such creatures as familiars and animal companions.

> Using some type of food desirable to the animal as a lure, you call the animal to you. It advances and awaits your bidding. You can mentally impress on the animal a certain place well known to you or an obvious landmark. The directions must be simple, because the animal depends on your knowledge and can't find a destination on its own. You can attach a small item or note to the messenger. The animal then goes to the designated location and waits there until the duration of the spell expires, whereupon it resumes its normal activities.

The target animal grows to twice its normal size and eight During this period of waiting, the messenger allows others to approach it and remove any scroll or token it carries. The intended recipient gains no special ability to communicate with the animal or read any attached message (if it's written in a language he doesn't know, for example).

Animal Shapes

School transmutation (polymorph); Level druid 8

Components V, S, DF

Targets up to one willing creature per level, all within 30 ft. of each other.

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

(harmless)

Any enlarged item that leaves the enlarged creature's As beast shape III, except you change the form of up to one willing creature per caster level into an animal of your choice; the spell has no effect on unwilling creatures. All creatures must take the same kind of animal form. Recipients remain in the animal form until the spell expires or until you dismiss it for all recipients. In addition, an individual subject may choose to resume its normal form as a full-round action; doing so ends the spell for that subject alone.

Animal Trance

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting, sonic]; Level bard 2, druid 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets animals or magical beasts with Intelligence 1 or 2

Duration concentration

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Your swaying motions and music (or singing, or chanting) compel animals and magical beasts to do nothing but watch you. Only a creature with an Intelligence score of 1 or 2 can be fascinated by this spell. Roll 2d6 to determine the total number of HD worth of creatures that you fascinate. The Duration 1 round/level closest targets are selected first until no more targets within range can be affected.

Animate Dead

School necromancy [evil]; Level cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (an onyx gem worth at least 25 gp per Hit Die of the undead)

Range touch

Targets one or more corpses touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell turns corpses into undead skeletons or zombies that obey your spoken commands.

The undead can be made to follow you, or they can be made to remain in an area and attack any creature (or just a specific kind of creature) entering the place. They remain animated until they are destroyed. A destroyed skeleton or zombie can't be animated again.

Regardless of the type of undead you create with this spell, you can't create more HD of undead than twice your caster Targets one Large plant per three caster levels or all plants level with a single casting of animate dead. The desecrate spell doubles this limit.

The undead you create remain under your control indefinitely. No matter how many times you use this spell, however, you can control only 4 HD worth of undead You imbue inanimate plants with mobility and a semblance limit.

Skeletons: A skeleton can be created only from a mostly intact corpse or skeleton. The corpse must have bones. If a skeleton is made from a corpse, the flesh falls off the bones.

Zombies: A zombie can be created only from a mostly intact corpse. The corpse must be that of a creature with a physical anatomy.

Animate Objects

School transmutation; Level bard 6, cleric 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Targets one Small object per caster level; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You imbue inanimate objects with mobility and a semblance of life. Each such animated object then immediately attacks whomever or whatever you initially designate.

An animated object can be of any nonmagical material. You may animate one Small or smaller object or a corresponding number of larger objects as follows: A Medium object counts as two Small or smaller objects, a Large object as four, a Huge object as eight, a Gargantuan object as 16, and a Colossal object as 32. You can change the designated target or targets as a move action, as if directing an active spell.

This spell cannot affect objects carried or worn by a creature.

Animate objects can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Animate Plants

School transmutation; **Level** druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

within range; see text

Duration 1 round/level or 1 hour/level; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

creatures per caster level. If you exceed this number, all the of life. Each animated plant then immediately attacks newly created creatures fall under your control, and any whomever or whatever you initially designate as though it excess undead from previous castings become uncontrolled. were an animated object of the appropriate size category. You You choose which creatures are released. Undead you control may animate one Large or smaller plant, or a number of through the Command Undead feat do not count toward this larger plants as follows: a Huge plant counts as two Large or smaller plants, a Gargantuan plant as four, and a Colossal plant as eight. You can change the designated target or targets as a move action, as if directing an active spell.

Use the statistics for animated objects, except that plants

smaller than Large don't have hardness.

Animate plants cannot affect plant creatures, nor does it Range 10 ft. affect nonliving vegetable material.

Entangle: Alternatively, you may imbue all plants within range with a degree of mobility, which allows them to entwine around creatures in the area. This usage of the spell Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes duplicates the effect of an entangle spell. Spell resistance does not keep creatures from being entangled. This effect lasts 1 hour per caster level.

Animate Rope

School transmutation; Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one rope-like object, length up to 50 ft. + 5 ft./level; Antimagic Field see text

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You can animate a nonliving rope-like object. The maximum length assumes a rope with a 1-inch diameter. Reduce the maximum length by 50% for every additional inch of thickness, and increase it by 50% for each reduction of the Area 10-ft.-radius emanation, centered on you rope's diameter by half.

The possible commands are "coil" (form a neat, coiled stack), "coil and knot," "loop," "loop and knot," "tie and knot," and the opposites of all of the above ("uncoil," and so An invisible barrier surrounds you and moves with you. The forth). You can give one command each round as a move action, as if directing an active spell.

The rope can enwrap only a creature or an object within 1 foot of it-it does not snake outward-so it must be thrown near the intended target. Doing so requires a successful An antimagic field suppresses any spell or magical effect ranged touch attack roll (range increment 10 feet). A typical 1-inch-diameter hemp rope has 2 hit points, AC 10, and requires a DC 23 Strength check to burst it. The rope does not deal damage, but it can be used as a trip line or to cause a single opponent that fails a Reflex saving throw to become entangled. A creature capable of spellcasting that is bound by this spell must make a concentration check with a DC of 15 + the spell's level to cast a spell. An entangled creature can slip free with a DC 20 Escape Artist check.

The rope itself and any knots tied in it are not magical.

The spell cannot affect objects carried or worn by a creature.

Antilife Shell

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 6, druid 6

Components V, S, DF

Casting Time 1 round

Area 10-ft.-radius emanation, centered on you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

You bring into being a mobile, hemispherical energy field that prevents the entrance of most types of living creatures.

The effect hedges out animals, aberrations, dragons, fey, giants, humanoids, magical beasts, monstrous humanoids, oozes, plants, and vermin, but not constructs, elementals, outsiders, or undead.

This spell may be used only defensively, not aggressively. Forcing an abjuration barrier against creatures that the spell keeps at bay collapses the barrier.

School abjuration; Level cleric 8, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (pinch of powdered iron or iron filings)

Range 10 ft.

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance see text

space within this barrier is impervious to most magical effects, including spells, spell-like abilities, and supernatural abilities. Likewise, it prevents the functioning of any magic items or spells within its confines.

used within, brought into, or cast into the area, but does not dispel it. Time spent within an antimagic field counts against the suppressed spell's duration.

Summoned creatures of any type and incorporeal undead wink out if they enter an antimagic field. They reappear in the same spot once the field goes away. Time spent winked out counts normally against the duration of the conjuration that is maintaining the creature. If you cast antimagic field in an area occupied by a summoned creature that has spell resistance, you must make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against the creature's spell resistance to make it wink out. (The effects of instantaneous conjurations are not affected by an antimagic field because the conjuration itself is no longer in effect, only its result.)

A normal creature can enter the area, as can normal missiles. Furthermore, while a magic sword does not function

magically within the area, it is still a sword (and a Components V, S, DF masterwork sword at that). The spell has no effect on golems and other constructs that are imbued with magic during their creation process and are thereafter self-supporting (unless Area 10-ft.-radius emanation, centered on you they have been summoned, in which case they are treated like any other summoned creatures). Elementals, corporeal undead, and outsiders are likewise unaffected unless Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes summoned. These creatures' spell-like or supernatural abilities may be temporarily nullified by the field. Dispel magic does not remove the field.

have no effect on each other. Certain spells, such as wall of force, prismatic sphere, and prismatic wall, remain unaffected by antimagic field. Artifacts and deities are Arcane Eye unaffected by mortal magic such as this.

Should a creature be larger than the area enclosed by the barrier, any part of it that lies outside the barrier is unaffected by the field.

Antipathy

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level druid 9, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 hour

Components V, S, M/DF (a lump of alum soaked in vinegar)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one location (up to a 10-ft. cube/level) or one object

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

You cause an object or location to emanate magical vibrations that repel either a specific kind of intelligent creature or creatures of a particular alignment, as defined by The eye can travel in any direction as long as the spell lasts. named.

leave the area or to avoid the affected item.

A compulsion forces them to abandon the area or item, shunning it and never willingly returning to it while the spell is in effect. A creature that makes a successful saving throw can stay in the area or touch the item but feels uncomfortable doing so. This distracting discomfort reduces the creature's Dexterity score by 4 points.

Antipathy counters and dispels sympathy.

Antiplant Shell

School abjuration; Level druid 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range 10 ft.

Duration 1 min./level (D)

The antiplant shell spell creates an invisible, mobile barrier that keeps all creatures within the shell protected from attacks by plant creatures or animated plants. As with many Two or more antimagic fields sharing any of the same space abjuration spells, forcing the barrier against creatures that the spell keeps at bay strains and collapses the field.

School divination (scrying); Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (a bit of bat fur)

Range unlimited

Effect magical sensor

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create an invisible magical sensor that sends you visual information. You can create the arcane eye at any point you can see, but it can then travel outside your line of sight without hindrance. An arcane eye travels at 30 feet per round (300 feet per minute) if viewing an area ahead as a human would (primarily looking at the floor) or 10 feet per round (100 feet per minute) if examining the ceiling and walls as well as the floor ahead. It sees exactly as you would see if you were there.

you. The kind of creature to be affected must be named Solid barriers block its passage, but it can pass through a specifically. A creature subtype is not specific enough. hole or space as small as 1 inch in diameter. The eye can't Likewise, the specific alignment to be repelled must be enter another plane of existence, even through a gate or similar magical portal.

Creatures of the designated kind or alignment feel an urge to You must concentrate to use an arcane eye. If you do not concentrate, the eye is inert until you again concentrate.

Arcane Lock

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (gold dust worth 25 gp)

Range touch

Target door, chest, or portal touched, up to 30 sq. ft./level in

Duration permanent

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

magically locks it. You can freely pass your own arcane lock magical auras within 120 feet of you. The effect is similar to open that lock increases by 10 while it remains attached to concentration and discerns aura location and power more the object. If the object does not have a lock, this spell quickly. creates one that can only be opened with a DC 20 Disable Device skill check. A door or object secured with this spell can be opened only by breaking in or with a successful dispel magic or knock spell. Add 10 to the normal DC to break open a door or portal affected by this spell. A knock spell does not remove an arcane lock; it only suppresses the effect for 10 minutes.

Arcane Mark

School universal; Level sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Effect one personal rune or mark, all of which must fit within 1 sq. ft.

Duration permanent

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell allows you to inscribe your personal rune or mark, which can consist of no more than six characters. The writing can be visible or invisible. An arcane mark spell enables you to etch the rune upon any substance without harm to the This spell functions like arcane sight, except that you made, a detect magic spell causes it to glow and be visible, upon any individual or object you see. though not necessarily understandable.

See invisibility, true seeing, a gem of seeing, or a robe of eyes with a permanency spell. likewise allows the user to see an invisible arcane mark. A read magic spell reveals the words, if any. The mark cannot be dispelled, but it can be removed by the caster or by an erase spell.

If an arcane mark is placed on a living being, the effect gradually fades in about a month.

Arcane mark must be cast on an object prior to casting Range touch instant summons on the same object (see that spell description for details).

Arcane Sight

School divination; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

An arcane lock spell cast upon a door, chest, or portal This spell makes your eyes glow blue and allows you to see without affecting it. If the locked object has a lock, the DC to that of a detect magic spell, but arcane sight does not require

> You know the location and power of all magical auras within your sight. An aura's power depends on a spell's functioning level or an item's caster level, as noted in the description of the detect magic spell. If the items or creatures bearing the auras are in line of sight, you can make Spellcraft skill checks to determine the school of magic involved in each. (Make one check per aura; DC 15 + spell level, or 15 + half caster level for a nonspell effect.)

> If you concentrate on a specific creature within 120 feet of you as a standard action, you can determine whether it has any spellcasting or spell-like abilities, whether these are arcane or divine (spell-like abilities register as arcane), and the strength of the most powerful spell or spell-like ability the creature currently has available for use.

> As with detect magic, you can use this spell to identify the properties of magic items, but not artifacts.

> Arcane sight can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Arcane Sight, Greater

School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

material upon which it is placed. If an invisible mark is automatically know which spells or magical effects are active

Unlike arcane sight, this spell cannot be made permanent

Astral Projection

School necromancy; Level cleric 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 30 minutes

Components V, S, M (1,000 gp jacinth)

Targets you plus one additional willing creature touched per two caster levels

Duration see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

By freeing your spirit from your physical body, this spell allows you to project an astral body onto another plane altogether. You can bring the astral forms of other willing creatures with you, provided that these subjects are linked in a circle with you at the time of the casting. These fellow

at all times. If something happens to you during the journey, committed the evil act unwittingly or under some form of your companions are stranded wherever you left them.

You project your astral self onto the Astral Plane, leaving your physical body behind on the Material Plane in a state of suspended animation. The spell projects an astral copy of you and all you wear or carry onto the Astral Plane. Since the Astral Plane touches upon other planes, you can travel astrally to any of these other planes as you will. To enter one, Reverse Magical Alignment Change: If a creature has had its equipment) on the plane of existence you have chosen to alignment to its original status at no additional cost. enter.

connected at all times to your physical body by an her class may have her class features restored by this spell. incorporeal silver cord. If the cord is broken, you are killed, astrally and physically. Luckily, very few things can destroy a silver cord. When a second body is formed on a different plane, the silver cord remains invisibly attached to the new body. If the second body or the astral form is slain, the cord simply returns to your body where it rests on the Material Plane, thereby reviving it from its state of suspended animation. This is a traumatic affair, however, and you gain two permanent negative levels if your second body or astral Redemption or Temptation: You may cast this spell upon a materialized on other planes.

You and your companions may travel through the Astral Plane indefinitely. Your bodies simply wait behind in a state of suspended animation until you choose to return your spirits to them. The spell lasts until you desire to end it, or until it is terminated by some outside means, such as dispel magic cast upon either the physical body or the astral form, the breaking of the silver cord, or the destruction of your body back on the Material Plane (which kills you).

When this spell ends, your astral body and all of its gear, vanishes.

Atonement

School abjuration; Level cleric 5, druid 5

Casting Time 1 hour

Components V, S, M (burning incense), F (a set of prayer School divination; Level cleric 2 beads or other prayer device worth at least 500 gp), DF

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

This spell removes the burden of misdeeds from the subject. The creature seeking atonement must be truly repentant and

travelers are dependent upon you and must accompany you desirous of setting right its misdeeds. If the atoning creature compulsion, atonement operates normally at no cost to you. However, in the case of a creature atoning for deliberate misdeeds, you must intercede with your deity (requiring you to expend 2,500 gp in rare incense and offerings). Atonement may be cast for one of several purposes, depending on the version selected.

you leave the Astral Plane, forming a new physical body (and alignment magically changed, atonement returns its

Restore Class: A paladin, or other class, who has lost her While you are on the Astral Plane, your astral body is class features due to violating the alignment restrictions of

> Restore Cleric or Druid Spell Powers: A cleric or druid who has lost the ability to cast spells by incurring the anger of her deity may regain that ability by seeking atonement from another cleric of the same deity or another druid. If the transgression was intentional, the casting cleric must expend 2,500 gp in rare incense and offerings for her god's intercession.

form is slain. Although astral projections are able to function creature of an opposing alignment in order to offer it a on the Astral Plane, their actions affect only creatures chance to change its alignment to match yours. The existing on the Astral Plane; a physical body must be prospective subject must be present for the entire casting process. Upon completion of the spell, the subject freely chooses whether it retains its original alignment or acquiesces to your offer and changes to your alignment. No duress, compulsion, or magical influence can force the subject to take advantage of the opportunity offered if it is unwilling to abandon its old alignment. This use of the spell does not work on outsiders or any creature incapable of changing its alignment naturally.

> Though the spell description refers to evil acts, atonement can be used on any creature that has performed acts against its alignment, regardless of the actual alignment in question.

> *Note*: Normally, changing alignment is up to the player. This use of atonement offers a method for a character to change his or her alignment drastically, suddenly, and definitively.

Augury

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (incense worth at least 25 gp), F (a set of marked sticks or bones worth at least 25 gp)

Range personal

Target you

Duration instantaneous

An augury can tell you whether a particular action will bring

good or bad results for you in the immediate future.

The base chance for receiving a meaningful reply is 70% + secretly. A question may be so straightforward that a know, plus one additional language that you know per point successful result is automatic, or so vague as to have no of Intelligence bonus (if any). This spell does not function on chance of success. If the augury succeeds, you get one of an animal or plant with an Intelligence greater than 2. four results:

- Weal (if the action will probably bring good results).
- Woe (for bad results).
- Weal and woe (for both).
- Nothing (for actions that don't have especially good or bad results).

If the spell fails, you get the "nothing" result. A cleric who gets the "nothing" result has no way to tell whether it was the consequence of a failed or successful augury.

The augury can see into the future only about half an hour, so anything that might happen after that does not affect the result. Thus, the result might not take into account the longterm consequences of a contemplated action. All auguries cast by the same person about the same topic use the same die result as the first casting.

Awaken

School transmutation; Level druid 5

Casting Time 24 hours

Components V, S, M (herbs and oils worth 2,000 gp), DF

Range touch

Target animal or tree touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You awaken a tree or animal to human-like sentience. To succeed, you must make a Will save (DC 10 + the animal's if you communicate your desires to it. If you cast awaken again, any previously awakened creatures remain friendly to you, but they no longer undertake tasks for you unless it is in their best interests.

An awakened tree has characteristics as if it were an School enchantment (compulsion) [fear, mind-affecting]; animated object, except that it gains the plant type and its Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma scores are each 3d6. An awakened plant gains the ability to move its limbs, roots, vines, creepers, and so forth, and it has senses similar to a human's.

An awakened animal gets 3d6 Intelligence, +1d3 Charisma, and +2 HD. Its type becomes magical beast (augmented

animal). An awakened animal can't serve as an animal companion, familiar, or special mount.

1% per caster level, to a maximum of 90%; this roll is made An awakened tree or animal can speak one language that you

Baleful Polymorph

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** druid 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature

Duration permanent

Saving Throw: Fortitude negates, Will partial, see text; Spell

Resistance: yes

As beast shape III, except that you change the subject into a Small or smaller animal of no more than 1 HD. If the new form would prove fatal to the creature, such as an aquatic creature not in water, the subject gets a +4 bonus on the save.

If the spell succeeds, the subject must also make a Will save. If this second save fails, the creature loses its extraordinary, supernatural, and spell-like abilities, loses its ability to cast spells (if it had the ability), and gains the alignment, special abilities, and Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma scores of its new form in place of its own. It still retains its class and level (or HD), as well as all benefits deriving therefrom (such as base attack bonus, base save bonuses, and hit points). It retains any class features (other than spellcasting) that aren't extraordinary, supernatural, or spell-like abilities.

Any polymorph effects on the target are automatically dispelled when a target fails to resist the effects of baleful current HD, or the HD the tree will have once awakened). polymorph, and as long as baleful polymorph remains in The awakened animal or tree is friendly toward you. You effect, the target cannot use other polymorph spells or effects have no special empathy or connection with a creature you to assume a new form. Incorporeal or gaseous creatures are awaken, although it serves you in specific tasks or endeavors immune to baleful polymorph, and a creature with the shapechanger subtype can revert to its natural form as a standard action.

Bane

Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 50 ft.

Area 50-ft.-radius burst, centered on you

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Bane fills your enemies with fear and doubt. Each affected creature takes a -1 penalty on attack rolls and a -1 penalty on saving throws against fear effects. Bane counters and dispels bless.

Banishment

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (see text)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one or more extraplanar creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

dismissal spell. It enables you to force extraplanar creatures per caster level can be banished.

You can improve the spell's chance of success by presenting at least one object or substance that the target hates, fears, or otherwise opposes. For each such object or substance, you gain a +1 bonus on your caster level check to overcome the target's spell resistance (if any), and the saving throw DC School increases by 2.

Certain rare items might work twice as well as a normal item **Range** close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) for the purpose of the bonuses (each providing a +2 bonus on the caster level check against spell resistance and increasing the save DC by 4).

Barkskin

School transmutation; Level druid 2, ranger 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none; **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

Barkskin toughens a creature's skin. The effect grants a +2 Duration 1 min./level (D) enhancement bonus to the creature's existing natural armor bonus. This enhancement bonus increases by 1 for every three caster levels above 3rd, to a maximum of +5 at 12th level.

the target's natural armor bonus, but not with other enhancement bonuses to natural armor. A creature without natural armor has an effective natural armor bonus of +0.

Bear's Endurance

School transmutation; Level cleric 2, druid 2, ranger 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a few hairs, or a pinch of dung, from a bear)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance

The affected creature gains greater vitality and stamina. The spell grants the subject a +4 enhancement bonus to A banishment spell is a more powerful version of the Constitution, which adds the usual benefits to hit points, Fortitude saves, Constitution checks, and so forth. Hit points out of your home plane. As many as 2 Hit Dice of creatures gained by a temporary increase in Constitution score are not temporary hit points. They go away when the subject's Constitution drops back to normal. They are not lost first as temporary hit points are.

Bear's Endurance, Mass

transmutation; Level cleric 6. druid 6. sorcerer/wizard 6

Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Mass bear's endurance works like bear's endurance, except that it affects multiple creatures.

Beast Shape I

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of the creature whose form you plan to assume)

Range personal

Target you

When you cast this spell, you can assume the form of any Small or Medium creature of the animal type. If the form you assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the listed ability: climb 30 feet, fly 30 feet (average maneuverability), The enhancement bonus provided by barkskin stacks with swim 30 feet, darkvision 60 feet, low-light vision, and scent.

Small animal: If the form you take is that of a Small animal, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Dexterity and a +1 natural armor bonus.

Medium animal: If the form you take is that of a Medium This spell functions as beast shape III except that it also animal, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Strength and a +2 natural armor bonus.

Beast Shape II

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 4

fly 60 feet (good maneuverability), swim 60 feet, darkvision vulnerability. 60 feet, low-light vision, scent, grab, pounce, and trip.

you gain a +4 size bonus to your Dexterity, a -2 penalty to size bonus to your Dexterity, and a +3 natural armor bonus. your Strength, and a +1 natural armor bonus.

you gain a +4 size bonus to your Strength, a -2 penalty to 2 penalty on your Dexterity, a +2 size bonus to your your Dexterity, and a +4 natural armor bonus.

Beast Shape III

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

This spell functions as beast shape II, except that it also Casting Time 1 standard action allows you to assume the form of a Diminutive or Huge creature of the animal type. This spell also allows you to take on the form of a Small or Medium creature of the magical Range touch beast type. If the form you assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the listed ability: burrow 30 feet, climb 90 feet, fly 90 feet (good maneuverability), swim 90 feet, Duration permanent blindsense 30 feet, darkvision 60 feet, low-light vision, scent, constrict, ferocity, grab, jet, poison, pounce, rake, trample, trip, and web.

Diminutive animal: If the form you take is that of a Diminutive animal, you gain a +6 size bonus to your Dexterity, a -4 penalty to your Strength, and a +1 natural armor bonus.

Huge animal: If the form you take is that of a Huge animal, you gain a +6 size bonus to your Strength, a -4 penalty to your Dexterity, and a +6 natural armor bonus.

Small magical beast: If the form you take is that of a Small magical beast, you gain a +4 size bonus to your Dexterity, and a +2 natural armor bonus.

Medium magical beast: If the form you take is that of a Medium magical beast, you gain a +4 size bonus to your Strength, and a +4 natural armor bonus.

Beast Shape IV

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

allows you to assume the form of a Tiny or Large creature of the magical beast type. If the form you assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the listed ability: burrow 60 feet, climb 90 feet, fly 120 feet (good maneuverability), swim 120 feet, blindsense 60 feet, darkvision 90 feet, low-light vision, scent, tremorsense 60 feet, breath weapon, constrict, ferocity, This spell functions as beast shape I, except that it also grab, jet, poison, pounce, rake, rend, roar, spikes, trample, allows you to assume the form of a Tiny or Large creature of trip, and web. If the creature has immunity or resistance to the animal type. If the form you assume has any of the any elements, you gain resistance 20 to those elements. If the following abilities, you gain the listed ability: climb 60 feet, creature has vulnerability to an element, you gain that

Tiny magical beast: If the form you take is that of a Tiny Tiny animal: If the form you take is that of a Tiny animal, magical beast, you gain a -2 penalty to your Strength, a +8

Large magical beast: If the form you take is that of a Large Large animal: If the form you take is that of a Large animal, magical beast, you gain a +6 size bonus to your Strength, a -Constitution, and a +6 natural armor bonus.

Bestow Curse

School necromancy; Level cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Components V, S

Target creature touched

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You place a curse on the subject. Choose one of the following.

- -6 decrease to an ability score (minimum 1).
- -4 penalty on attack rolls, saves, ability checks, and skill checks.
- Each turn, the target has a 50% chance to act normally; otherwise, it takes no action.

You may also invent your own curse, but it should be no more powerful than those described above.

The curse bestowed by this spell cannot be dispelled, but it can be removed with a break enchantment, limited wish, miracle, remove curse, or wish spell.

Bestow curse counters remove curse.

Binding

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; **Level**

sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (opals worth 500 gp per HD of the target creature, plus other components as specified below)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature

Duration see text (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

A binding spell creates a magical restraint to hold a creature. The target gets an initial saving throw only if its Hit Dice equal at least half your caster level.

You may have as many as six assistants help you with the spell. For each assistant who casts suggestion, your caster level for this casting of binding increases by 1. For each assistant who casts dominate animal, dominate person, or whether the target gets an initial Will saving throw and how nor does it age. Reduce the save DC by 4. long the binding lasts. All binding spells are dismissible.

specify triggering conditions that end the spell and release The binding is permanent. The subject does not need to the creature whenever they occur. These triggers can be as breathe, eat, or drink while contained, nor does it age. simple or elaborate as you desire, but the condition must be reasonable and have a likelihood of coming to pass. The conditions can be based on a creature's name, identity, or alignment, but otherwise must be based on observable actions or qualities. Intangibles such as level, class, Hit Dice, or hit points don't qualify. Once the spell is cast, its triggering conditions cannot be changed. Setting a release condition increases the save DC (assuming a saving throw is allowed)

If you cast any of the first three versions of binding (those with limited durations), you may cast additional binding Casting Time 1 standard action spells to prolong the effect, overlapping the durations. If you do so, the target gets a saving throw at the end of the first spell's duration, even if your caster level was high enough to Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) disallow an initial saving throw. If the creature's save succeeds, all binding spells it has received are broken.

The binding spell has six versions. Choose one of the following versions when you cast the spell.

Chaining: The subject is confined by restraints that generate This spell causes a field of rubbery black tentacles to appear, subject, except you. The duration is 1 year per caster level. the area. The subject of this form of binding is confined to the spot it occupied when it received the spell. Casting this version

requires a chain that is long enough to wrap around the creature three times.

Slumber: This version causes the subject to become comatose for as long as 1 year per caster level. The subject does not need to eat or drink while slumbering, nor does it age. This form of binding is slightly easier to resist. Reduce the spell's save DC by 1. Casting this version requires a jar of sand or rose petals. This is a sleep effect.

Bound Slumber: This combination of chaining and slumber lasts for as long as 1 month per caster level. Reduce the save DC by 2. Casting this version requires both a long chain and a jar of sand or rose petals. This is a sleep effect.

Hedged Prison: The subject is transported to or otherwise brought within a confined area from which it cannot wander by any means. This effect is permanent. Reduce the save DC by 3. Casting this version requires a tiny golden cage worth 100 gp that is consumed when the spell is cast.

dominate monster, your caster level for this casting of Metamorphosis: The subject assumes gaseous form, except binding increases by a number equal to a third of that for its head or face. It is held harmless in a jar or other assistant's level, provided that the spell's target is appropriate container, which may be transparent if you so choose. The for a binding spell. Since the assistants' spells are cast simply creature remains aware of its surroundings and can speak, to improve your caster level for the purpose of the binding but it cannot leave the container, attack, or use any of its spell, saving throws and spell resistance against the powers or abilities. The binding is permanent. The subject assistants' spells are irrelevant. Your caster level determines does not need to breathe, eat, or drink while metamorphosed,

Minimus Containment: The subject is shrunk to a height of 1 Regardless of the version of binding you cast, you can inch or less and held within some gem, jar, or similar object. Reduce the save DC by 4.

> You can't dispel a binding spell with dispel magic or a similar effect, though an antimagic field or mage's disjunction affects it normally. A bound extraplanar creature cannot be sent back to its home plane by dismissal, banishment, or a similar effect.

Black Tentacles

School conjuration (creation); Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Components V, S, M (octopus or squid tentacle)

Area 20-ft.-radius spread

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw: none; Spell Resistance: no

an antipathy spell affecting all creatures who approach the burrowing up from the floor and reaching for any creature in

Every creature within the area of the spell is the target of a

combat maneuver check made to grapple each round at the beginning of your turn, including the round that black tentacles is cast. Creatures that enter the area of effect are School evocation [evil, sonic]; Level cleric 7 also automatically attacked. The tentacles do not provoke attacks of opportunity. When determining the tentacles' CMB, the tentacles use your caster level as their base attack Components V bonus and receive a +4 bonus due to their Strength and a +1 size bonus. Roll only once for the entire spell effect each round and apply the result to all creatures in the area of Area nonevil creatures in a 40-ft.-radius spread centered on effect.

If the tentacles succeed in grappling a foe, that foe takes Duration instantaneous 1d6+4 points of damage and gains the grappled condition. Grappled opponents cannot move without first breaking the grapple. All other movement is prohibited unless the creature breaks the grapple first. The black tentacles spell receives a +5 bonus on grapple checks made against opponents it is already grappling, but cannot move foes or pin foes. Each round that black tentacles succeeds on a grapple check, it deals an additional 1d6+4 points of damage. The CMD of black tentacles, for the purposes of escaping the grapple, is equal to 10 + its CMB.

The tentacles created by this spell cannot be damaged, but they can be dispelled as normal. The entire area of effect is considered difficult terrain while the tentacles last.

Blade Barrier

School evocation [force]; **Level** cleric 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect wall of whirling blades up to 20 ft. long/level, or a ringed wall of whirling blades with a radius of up to 5 ft. per minutes. Save reduces the paralyzed effect to 1 round. two levels; either form is 20 ft. high

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Reflex half or Reflex negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

An immobile, vertical curtain of whirling blades shaped of pure force springs into existence. Any creature passing through the wall takes 1d6 points of damage per caster level (maximum 15d6), with a Reflex save for half damage.

If you evoke the barrier so that it appears where creatures are, each creature takes damage as if passing through the wall. Each such creature can avoid the wall (ending up on the side of its choice) and thus take no damage by making a successful Reflex save.

A blade barrier provides cover (+4 bonus to AC, +2 bonus on Reflex saves) against attacks made through it.

Blasphemy

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range 40 ft.

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

Any nonevil creature within the area of a blasphemy spell suffers the following ill effects.

Effect

Equal to caster level Dazed

Up to caster level -1 Weakened, dazed

Up to caster level -5 Paralyzed, weakened, dazed

Up to caster level -10 Killed, paralyzed, weakened, dazed

The effects are cumulative and concurrent. A successful Will save reduces or eliminates these effects. Creatures affected by multiple effects make only one save and apply the result to all the effects.

Dazed: The creature can take no actions for 1 round, though it defends itself normally. Save negates.

Weakened: The creature's Strength score decreases by 2d6 points for 2d4 rounds. Save for half.

Paralyzed: The creature is paralyzed and helpless for 1d10

Killed: Living creatures die. Undead creatures are destroyed. Save negates. If the save is successful, the creature instead takes 3d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum + 25).

Furthermore, if you are on your home plane when you cast this spell, nonevil extraplanar creatures within the area are instantly banished back to their home planes. Creatures so banished cannot return for at least 24 hours. This effect takes place regardless of whether the creatures hear the blasphemy or not. The banishment effect allows a Will save (at a -4 penalty) to negate.

Creatures whose Hit Dice exceed your caster level are unaffected by blasphemy.

Bleed

School necromancy; Level cleric 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw: Will negates; Spell Resistance: yes

causes a creature that is dying to take 1 point of damage.

Bless

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric 1, paladin 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 50 ft.

Area The caster and all allies within a 50-ft. burst, centered or a vorpal sword. on the caster

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw none; **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

Bless fills your allies with courage. Each ally gains a +1 morale bonus on attack rolls and on saving throws against fear effects.

Bless counters and dispels bane.

Bless Water

School transmutation [good]; Level cleric 1, paladin 1

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (5 pounds of powdered silver worth 25 gp)

Range touch

Target flask of water touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

This transmutation imbues a flask (1 pint) of water with positive energy, turning it into holy water.

Bless Weapon

School transmutation; Level paladin 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target weapon touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You cause a living creature that is below 0 hit points but This transmutation makes a weapon strike true against evil stabilized to resume dying. Upon casting this spell, you foes. The weapon is treated as having a +1 enhancement target a living creature that has -1 or fewer hit points. That bonus for the purpose of bypassing the DR of evil creatures creature begins dying, taking 1 point of damage per round. or striking evil incorporeal creatures (though the spell doesn't The creature can be stabilized later normally. This spell grant an actual enhancement bonus). The weapon also becomes good-aligned, which means it can bypass the DR of certain creatures. (This effect overrides and suppresses any other alignment the weapon might have.) Individual arrows or bolts can be transmuted, but affected projectile weapons (such as bows) don't confer the benefit to the projectiles they shoot.

> In addition, all critical hit rolls against evil foes are automatically successful, so every threat is a critical hit. This last effect does not apply to any weapon that already has a magical effect related to critical hits, such as a keen weapon

Blight

School necromancy; **Level** druid 4, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude half; see text; Spell Resistance yes

This spell withers a single plant of any size. An affected plant creature takes 1d6 points of damage per level (maximum 15d6) and may attempt a Fortitude saving throw for half damage. A plant that isn't a creature doesn't receive a save and immediately withers and dies.

This spell has no effect on the soil or surrounding plant life.

Blindness/Deafness

School necromancy; **Level** bard 2, cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one living creature

Duration permanent (D)

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

blinded or deafened, as you choose.

Blink

School transmutation; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

You "blink" quickly back and forth between the Material Plane and the Ethereal Plane and look as though you're winking in and out of reality at random. Blink has several effects, as follows.

Physical attacks against you have a 50% miss chance, and the Blind-Fight feat doesn't help opponents, since you're Casting Time 1 standard action ethereal and not merely invisible. If the attack is capable of striking ethereal creatures, the miss chance is only 20% (for concealment).

If the attacker can see invisible creatures, the miss chance is **Target** creature touched also only 20%. (For an attacker who can both see and strike ethereal creatures, there is no miss chance.) Likewise, your own attacks have a 20% miss chance, since you sometimes Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance go ethereal just as you are about to strike.

against you while you're blinking unless your attacker can This distortion grants the subject concealment (20% miss target invisible, ethereal creatures. Your own spells have a chance). 20% chance to activate just as you go ethereal, in which case they typically do not affect the Material Plane (but they might affect targets on the Ethereal Plane).

While blinking, you take only half damage from area attacks (but full damage from those that extend onto the Ethereal Plane). Although you are only partially visible, you are not considered invisible and targets retain their Dexterity bonus to AC against your attacks. You do receive a +2 bonus on attack rolls made against enemies that cannot see invisible School abjuration; Level bard 4, cleric 5, paladin 4, creatures.

You take only half damage from falling, since you fall only Casting Time 1 minute while you are material.

While blinking, you can step through (but not see through) solid objects. For each 5 feet of solid material you walk through, there is a 50% chance that you become material. If this occurs, you are shunted off to the nearest open space and take 1d6 points of damage per 5 feet so traveled.

Since you spend about half your time on the Ethereal Plane, you can see and even attack ethereal creatures. You interact with ethereal creatures roughly the same way you interact This spell frees victims from enchantments, transmutations, with material ones.

You call upon the powers of unlife to render the subject An ethereal creature is invisible, incorporeal, and capable of moving in any direction, even up or down. As an incorporeal creature, you can move through solid objects, including living creatures.

> An ethereal creature can see and hear the Material Plane, but everything looks gray and insubstantial. Sight and hearing on the Material Plane are limited to 60 feet.

> Force effects and abjurations affect you normally. Their effects extend onto the Ethereal Plane from the Material Plane, but not vice versa. An ethereal creature can't attack material creatures, and spells you cast while ethereal affect only other ethereal things. Certain material creatures or objects have attacks or effects that work on the Ethereal Plane. Treat other ethereal creatures and objects as material.

Blur

School illusion (glamer); Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Components V

Range touch

Duration 1 min./level (D)

yes (harmless)

Any individually targeted spell has a 50% chance to fail The subject's outline appears blurred, shifting, and wavering.

A see invisibility spell does not counteract the blur effect, but a true seeing spell does.

Opponents that cannot see the subject ignore the spell's effect (though fighting an unseen opponent carries penalties of its

Break Enchantment

sorcerer/wizard 5

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets up to one creature per level, all within 30 ft. of each other

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

and curses. Break enchantment can reverse even an

instantaneous effect. For each such effect, you make a caster Target creature touched level check (1d20 + caster level, maximum +15) against a DC of 11 + caster level of the effect. Success means that the creature is free of the spell, curse, or effect. For a cursed Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance magic item, the DC is equal to the DC of the curse.

If the spell is one that cannot be dispelled by dispel magic, The subject becomes stronger. The spell grants a +4 lower.

If the effect comes from a permanent magic item, break enchantment does not remove the curse from the item, but it does free the victim from the item's effects.

Breath of Life

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless) or Will half, see text; **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless) or yes, see text

This spell cures 5d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster Components V, S level (maximum +25).

Unlike other spells that heal damage, breath of life can bring recently slain creatures back to life. If cast upon a creature that has died within 1 round, apply the healing from this spell **Duration** instantaneous to the creature. If the healed creature's hit point total is at a negative amount less than its Constitution score, it comes back to life and stabilizes at its new hit point total. If the A cone of searing flame shoots from your fingertips. Any creature's hit point total is at a negative amount equal to or greater than its Constitution score, the creature remains dead. Creatures brought back to life through breath of life gain a temporary negative level that lasts for 1 day.

Creatures slain by death effects cannot be saved by breath of life.

Like cure spells, breath of life deals damage to undead creatures rather than curing them, and cannot bring them back to life.

Bull's Strength

School transmutation; Level cleric 2, druid 2, paladin 2, Effect one or more 30-ft.-long vertical lines of lightning sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a few hairs, or a pinch of dung, from a bull)

Range touch

Duration 1 min./level

yes (harmless)

break enchantment works only if that spell is 5th level or enhancement bonus to Strength, adding the usual benefits to melee attack rolls, melee damage rolls, and other uses of the Strength modifier.

Bull's Strength, Mass

transmutation; Level cleric druid sorcerer/wizard 6

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like bull's strength, except that it affects multiple creatures.

Burning Hands

School evocation [fire]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range 15 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

creature in the area of the flames takes 1d4 points of fire damage per caster level (maximum 5d4). Flammable materials burn if the flames touch them. A character can extinguish burning items as a full-round action.

Call Lightning

School evocation [electricity]; **Level** druid 3

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

Immediately upon completion of the spell, and once per round thereafter, you may call down a 5-foot-wide, 30-footlong, vertical bolt of lightning that deals 3d6 points of electricity damage. The bolt of lightning flashes down in a

vertical stroke at whatever target point you choose within the bard 2, cleric 2 spell's range (measured from your position at the time). Any creature in the target square or in the path of the bolt is affected.

You need not call a bolt of lightning immediately; other Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) actions, even spellcasting, can be performed first. Each round after the first you may use a standard action (concentrating on the spell) to call a bolt. You may call a total number of **Duration** concentration, up to 1 round/level (D) bolts equal to your caster level (maximum 10 bolts).

If you are outdoors and in a stormy area—a rain shower, clouds and wind, hot and cloudy conditions, or even a tornado (including a whirlwind formed by a djinni or an air elemental of at least Large size)—each bolt deals 3d10 points of electricity damage instead of 3d6.

This spell functions indoors or underground but not underwater.

Call Lightning Storm

School evocation [electricity]; **Level** druid 5

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

deals 5d6 points of electricity damage (or 5d10 if created outdoors in a stormy area), and you may call a maximum of has no effect. When the calm emotions spell ends, the 15 bolts.

Calm Animals

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets animals within 30 ft. of each other

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell soothes and quiets animals, rendering them docile and harmless. Only ordinary animals (those with Intelligence scores of 1 or 2) can be affected by this spell. All the subjects The transmuted creature becomes more graceful, agile, and must be of the same kind, and no two may be more than 30 affect is equal to 2d4 + caster level.

The affected creatures remain where they are and do not attack or flee. They are not helpless and defend themselves threatened creatures.

Calm Emotions

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Area creatures in a 20-ft.-radius spread

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell calms agitated creatures. You have no control over the affected creatures, but calm emotions can stop raging creatures from fighting or joyous ones from reveling. Creatures so affected cannot take violent actions (although they can defend themselves) or do anything destructive. Any aggressive action against or damage dealt to a calmed creature immediately breaks the spell on all calmed

This spell automatically suppresses (but does not dispel) any morale bonuses granted by spells such as bless, good hope, and rage, and also negates a bard's ability to inspire courage or a barbarian's rage ability. It also suppresses any fear This spell functions like call lightning, except that each bolt effects and removes the confused condition from all targets. While the spell lasts, a suppressed spell, condition, or effect original spell or effect takes hold of the creature again, provided that its duration has not expired in the meantime.

Cat's Grace

School transmutation; Level bard 2, druid 2, ranger 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (pinch of cat fur)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance

coordinated. The spell grants a +4 enhancement bonus to feet apart. The maximum number of HD of animals you can Dexterity, adding the usual benefits to AC, Reflex saves, and other uses of the Dexterity modifier.

Cat's Grace, Mass

normally if attacked. Any threat breaks the spell on the School transmutation; Level bard 6, druid 6, sorcerer/wizard

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like cat's grace, except that it affects Changestaff multiple creatures.

Cause Fear

School necromancy [fear, mind-affecting]; Level bard 1, cleric 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature with 5 or fewer HD

Duration 1d4 rounds or 1 round; see text

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

The affected creature becomes frightened. If the subject succeeds on a Will save, it is shaken for 1 round. Creatures with 6 or more HD are immune to this effect. Cause fear counters and dispels remove fear.

Chain Lightning

School evocation [electricity]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a bit of fur; a piece of amber, glass, or a crystal rod; plus one silver pin per caster level)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Targets one primary target, plus one secondary target/level (each of which must be within 30 ft. of the primary target)

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

This spell creates an electrical discharge that begins as a single stroke commencing from your fingertips. Unlike lightning bolt, chain lightning strikes one object or creature Area 20-ft.-radius burst initially, then arcs to other targets.

The bolt deals 1d6 points of electricity damage per caster level (maximum 20d6) to the primary target. After it strikes, lightning can arc to a number of secondary targets equal to You unleash chaotic power to smite your enemies. The your caster level (maximum 20). The secondary bolts each

Each target can attempt a Reflex saving throw for half The spell deals 1d8 points of damage per two caster levels and no target can be struck more than once. You can choose effect. to affect fewer secondary targets than the maximum.

School transmutation; **Level** druid 7

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, F (a quarterstaff that has been carved and polished for 28 days)

Range touch

Target your touched staff

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You change a specially prepared quarterstaff into a Huge treant-like creature, about 24 feet tall. When you plant the end of the staff in the ground and speak a special command to conclude the casting of the spell, your staff turns into a creature that looks and fights just like a treant. The stafftreant defends you and obeys any spoken commands. However, it is by no means a true treant; it cannot converse with actual treants or control trees. If the staff-treant is reduced to 0 or fewer hit points, it crumbles to powder and the staff is destroyed. Otherwise, the staff returns to its normal form when the spell duration expires (or when the spell is dismissed), and it can be used as the focus for another casting of the spell. The staff-treant is always at full strength when created, despite any wounds it may have incurred the last time it appeared.

Chaos Hammer

School evocation [chaotic]; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Duration instantaneous (1d6 rounds); see text

Saving Throw Will partial; see text; Spell Resistance yes

power takes the form of a multicolored explosion of leaping, strike one target and deal as much damage as the primary ricocheting energy. Only lawful and neutral (not chaotic) creatures are harmed by the spell.

damage. The Reflex DC to halve the damage of the (maximum 5d8) to lawful creatures (or 1d6 points of damage secondary bolts is 2 lower than the DC to halve the damage per caster level, maximum 10d6, to lawful outsiders) and of the primary bolt. You choose secondary targets as you slows them for 1d6 rounds (see the slow spell). A successful like, but they must all be within 30 feet of the primary target, Will save reduces the damage by half and negates the slow

> The spell deals only half damage against creatures who are neither lawful nor chaotic, and they are not slowed. Such a creature can reduce the damage by half again (down to one

quarter) with a successful Will save.

Charm Animal

School enchantment (charm) [mind-affecting]; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Target one animal

This spell functions like charm person, except that it affects a creature of the animal type.

Charm Monster

School enchantment (charm) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Target one living creature

Duration 1 day/level

This spell functions like charm person, except that the effect Components V, S, DF is not restricted by creature type or size.

Charm Monster, Mass

School enchantment (charm) [mind-affecting]; **Level** bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 8

Components V

Targets One or more creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 day/level

This spell functions like charm monster, except that mass charm monster affects a number of creatures whose combined HD do not exceed twice your level, or at least one creature regardless of HD. If there are more potential targets than you can affect, you choose them one at a time until you A creature takes cold damage if its equipment is chilled. It must choose a creature with too many HD to affect.

Charm Person

School enchantment (charm) [mind-affecting]; **Level** bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one humanoid creature

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This charm makes a humanoid creature regard you as its trusted friend and ally (treat the target's attitude as friendly). If the creature is currently being threatened or attacked by you or your allies, however, it receives a +5 bonus on its saving throw.

The spell does not enable you to control the charmed person as if it were an automaton, but it perceives your words and actions in the most favorable way. You can try to give the subject orders, but you must win an opposed Charisma check to convince it to do anything it wouldn't ordinarily do. (Retries are not allowed.) An affected creature never obeys suicidal or obviously harmful orders, but it might be convinced that something very dangerous is worth doing. Any act by you or your apparent allies that threatens the charmed person breaks the spell. You must speak the person's language to communicate your commands, or else be good at pantomiming.

Chill Metal

School transmutation [cold]; **Level** druid 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target metal equipment of one creature per two levels, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart; or 25 lbs. of metal/level, none of which can be more than 30 ft. away from any of the rest

Duration 7 rounds

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

Chill metal makes metal extremely cold. Unattended, nonmagical metal gets no saving throw. Magical metal is allowed a saving throw against the spell. An item in a creature's possession uses the creature's saving throw bonus unless its own is higher.

takes full damage if its armor, shield, or weapon is affected. The creature takes minimum damage (1 point or 2 points; see the table) if it's not wearing or wielding such an item.

On the first round of the spell, the metal becomes chilly and uncomfortable to touch but deals no damage. The same effect also occurs on the last round of the spell's duration. During the second (and also the next-to-last) round, icy coldness causes pain and damage. In the third, fourth, and fifth rounds, the metal is freezing cold, and causes more damage, as shown on the table below.

Round	Metal Temperature	Damage
1	Cold	None
2	Icy	1d4 points
3–5	Freezing	2d4 points
6	Icy	1d4 points
7	Cold	None

Any heat intense enough to damage the creature negates cold **Casting Time** 10 minutes damage from the spell (and vice versa) on a point-for-point basis. Underwater, chill metal deals no damage, but ice immediately forms around the affected metal, making it float Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level) if unattended.

Chill metal counters and dispels heat metal.

Chill Touch

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Targets creature or creatures touched (up to one/level)

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude partial or Will negates; see text; **Spell Resistance** yes

A touch from your hand, which glows with blue energy, disrupts the life force of living creatures. Each touch channels negative energy that deals 1d6 points of damage. The touched creature also takes 1 point of Strength damage unless it makes a successful Fortitude saving throw. You can use this melee touch attack up to one time per level.

An undead creature you touch takes no damage of either sort, Components V, S, F/DF (a leather glove) but it must make a successful Will saving throw or flee as if panicked for 1d4 rounds + 1 round per caster level.

Circle of Death

School necromancy [death]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a crushed black pearl worth 500 gp)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area several living creatures within a 40-ft.-radius burst

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

Circle of death snuffs out the life force of living creatures, killing them instantly. The spell slays 1d4 HD worth of living creatures per caster level (maximum 20d4). Creatures with the fewest HD are affected first; among creatures with equal HD, those who are closest to the burst's point of origin are affected first. No creature of 9 or more HD can be affected, and HD that are not sufficient to affect a creature are wasted.

Clairaudience/Clairvoyance

School divination (scrying); Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Components V, S, F/DF (a small horn or a glass eye)

Effect magical sensor

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Clairaudience/clairvoyance creates an invisible magical sensor at a specific location that enables you to hear or see (your choice) almost as if you were there. You don't need line of sight or line of effect, but the locale must be known—a place familiar to you, or an obvious one. Once you have selected the locale, the sensor doesn't move, but you can rotate it in all directions to view the area as desired. Unlike other scrying spells, this spell does not allow magically or supernaturally enhanced senses to work through it. If the chosen locale is magically dark, you see nothing. If it is naturally pitch black, you can see in a 10-foot radius around the center of the spell's effect. Clairaudience/clairvoyance functions only on the plane of existence you are currently occupying.

Clenched Fist

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

This spell functions like interposing hand, except that the hand can also push or strike one opponent that you select. The floating hand can move as far as 60 feet and can attack in the same round. Since this hand is directed by you, its ability to notice or attack invisible or concealed creatures is no better than yours.

The hand attacks once per round, and its attack bonus equals your caster level + your Intelligence, Wisdom, or Charisma modifier (for a wizard, cleric, or sorcerer, respectively) + 11 for the hand's Strength score (33), - 1 for being Large. The hand deals 1d8+11 points of damage on each attack, and any creature struck must make a Fortitude save (against this spell's save DC) or be stunned for 1 round. Directing the spell to a new target is a move action.

The clenched fist can also interpose itself as interposing hand does, or it can bull rush an opponent as forceful hand does. Its CMB for bull rush checks uses your caster level in place of its base attack bonus, with a +11 bonus for its Strength score and a + 1 bonus for being Large.

Cloak of Chaos

School abjuration [chaotic]; Level cleric 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a tiny reliquary worth 500 gp)

Range 20 ft.

Targets one creature/level in a 20-ft.-radius burst centered

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

subjects to become *confused*. This abjuration has four effects.

AC and a +4 resistance bonus on saves. Unlike protection equipment. A duplicate can be grown while the original still from law, the benefit of this spell applies against all attacks, lives, or when the original soul is unavailable, but the not just against attacks by lawful creatures.

Second, each warded creature gains spell resistance 25 against lawful spells and spells cast by lawful creatures.

Third, the abjuration protects from possession and mental influence, just as protection from law does.

Finally, if a lawful creature succeeds on a melee attack against a warded creature, the offending attacker is confused Components V, S for 1 round (Will save negates, as with the confusion spell, but against the save DC of cloak of chaos).

Clone

School necromancy; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 10 minutes

(special laboratory equipment costing 500 gp)

Range 0 ft.

Effect one clone

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell makes an inert duplicate of a creature. If the the soul is free and willing to return). The original's physical poison are unaffected by the spell. remains, should they still exist, become inert and cannot thereafter be restored to life. If the original creature has reached the end of its natural life span (that is, it has died of natural causes), any cloning attempt fails.

To create the duplicate, you must have a piece of flesh (not hair, nails, scales, or the like) with a volume of at least 1 cubic inch that was taken from the original creature's living Because the vapors are heavier than air, they sink to the body. The piece of flesh need not be fresh, but it must be lowest level of the land, even pouring down den or sinkhole kept from rotting. Once the spell is cast, the duplicate must openings. It cannot penetrate liquids, nor can it be cast be grown in a laboratory for 2d4 months.

When the clone is completed, the original's soul enters it

immediately, if that creature is already dead. The clone is physically identical to the original and possesses the same personality and memories as the original. In other respects, treat the clone as if it were the original character raised from the dead, including its gaining of two permanent negative levels, just as if it had been hit by an energy-draining creature. If the subject is 1st level, it takes 2 points of A random pattern of color surrounds the subjects, protecting Constitution drain instead (if this would reduce its Con to 0 them from attacks, granting them resistance to spells cast by or less, it can't be cloned). If the original creature gained lawful creatures, and causing lawful creatures that strike the permanent negative levels since the flesh sample was taken, the clone gains these negative levels as well.

First, each warded creature gains a +4 deflection bonus to The spell duplicates only the original's body and mind, not its resulting body is merely a soulless bit of inert flesh which rots if not preserved.

Cloudkill

School conjuration (creation); Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect cloud spreads in 20-ft. radius, 20 ft. high

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; see text; Spell Resistance

Components V, S, M (laboratory supplies worth 1,000 gp), F This spell generates a bank of fog, similar to a fog cloud, except that its vapors are yellowish green and poisonous. These vapors automatically kill any living creature with 3 or fewer HD (no save). A living creature with 4 to 6 HD is slain unless it succeeds on a Fortitude save (in which case it takes 1d4 points of Constitution damage on your turn each round while in the cloud).

A living creature with 6 or more HD takes 1d4 points of Constitution damage on your turn each round while in the original individual has been slain, its soul immediately cloud (a successful Fortitude save halves this damage). transfers to the clone, creating a replacement (provided that Holding one's breath doesn't help, but creatures immune to

> Unlike a fog cloud, the cloudkill moves away from you at 10 feet per round, rolling along the surface of the ground.

> Figure out the cloud's new spread each round based on its new point of origin, which is 10 feet farther away from the point of origin where you cast the spell.

underwater.

Color Spray

School illusion (pattern) [mind-affecting]; sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (red, yellow, and blue powder or colored sand)

Range 15 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration instantaneous; see text

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

A vivid cone of clashing colors springs forth from your hand, causing creatures to become stunned, perhaps also blinded, Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more and possibly knocking them unconscious. Each creature than 30 ft. apart within the cone is affected according to its HD.

2 HD or less: The creature is unconscious, blinded, and stunned for 2d4 rounds, then blinded and stunned for 1d4 rounds, and then stunned for 1 round. (Only living creatures are knocked unconscious.)

3 or 4 HD: The creature is blinded and stunned for 1d4 rounds, then stunned for 1 round.

5 or more HD: The creature is stunned for 1 round.

Sightless creatures are not affected by color spray.

Command

School enchantment (compulsion) [language-dependent, Components V mind-affecting]; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature

Duration 1 round

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You give the subject a single command, which it obeys to the best of its ability at its earliest opportunity. You may select from the following options.

Approach: On its turn, the subject moves toward you as quickly and directly as possible for 1 round. The creature may do nothing but move during its turn, and it provokes attacks of opportunity for this movement as normal.

Drop: On its turn, the subject drops whatever it is holding. It can't pick up any dropped item until its next turn.

Fall: On its turn, the subject falls to the ground and remains prone for 1 round. It may act normally while prone but takes

any appropriate penalties.

Flee: On its turn, the subject moves away from you as quickly as possible for 1 round. It may do nothing but move during its turn, and it provokes attacks of opportunity for this movement as normal.

Halt: The subject stands in place for 1 round. It may not take any actions but is not considered helpless.

If the subject can't carry out your command on its next turn, the spell automatically fails.

Command, Greater

School enchantment (compulsion) [language-dependent, mind-affecting]; Level cleric 5

Duration 1 round/level

This spell functions like command, except that up to one creature per level may be affected, and the activities continue beyond 1 round. At the start of each commanded creature's action after the first, it gets another Will save to attempt to break free from the spell. Each creature must receive the same command.

Command Plants

School transmutation; Level druid 4, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets up to 2 HD/level of plant creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 day/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell allows you some degree of control over one or more plant creatures. Affected plant creatures can understand you, and they perceive your words and actions in the most favorable way (treat their attitude as friendly). They will not attack you while the spell lasts. You can try to give a subject orders, but you must win an opposed Charisma check to convince it to do anything it wouldn't ordinarily do. (Retries are not allowed.) A commanded plant never obeys suicidal or obviously harmful orders, but it might be convinced that something very dangerous is worth doing.

You can affect a number of plant creatures whose combined level or HD do not exceed twice your level.

Command Undead

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a shred of raw meat and a splinter of bone)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one undead creature

Duration 1 day/level

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

This spell allows you a degree of control over an undead creature. If the subject is intelligent, it perceives your words and actions favorably (treat its attitude as friendly). It will not attack you while the spell lasts. You can give the subject **Duration** instantaneous orders, but you must win an opposed Charisma check to convince it to do anything it wouldn't ordinarily do. Retries are not allowed. An intelligent commanded undead never obeys suicidal or obviously harmful orders, but it might be convinced that something very dangerous is worth doing.

A nonintelligent undead creature gets no saving throw against this spell. When you control a mindless being, you can communicate only basic commands, such as "come here," "go there," "fight," "stand still," and so on. Nonintelligent undead won't resist suicidal or obviously harmful orders.

commanded undead (regardless of its Intelligence) breaks the or settlement, such as in dungeons and towns.

Your commands are not telepathic. The undead creature must be able to hear you.

Commune

School divination; **Level** cleric 5

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (holy or unholy water and incense worth 500 gp), DF

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 round/level

You contact your deity—or agents thereof—and ask questions that can be answered by a simple yes or no. (A cleric of no particular deity contacts a philosophically allied Written material can be read at the rate of one page (250 deity.) You are allowed one such question per caster level. words) per minute. Magical writing cannot be read, though The answers given are correct within the limits of the entity's the spell reveals that it is magical. This spell can be foiled by knowledge. "Unclear" is a legitimate answer, because certain warding magic (such as the secret page and illusory powerful beings of the Outer Planes are not necessarily script spells). It does not decipher codes or reveal messages omniscient. In cases where a one-word answer would be concealed in otherwise normal text. misleading or contrary to the deity's interests, a short phrase (five words or less) may be given as an answer instead.

The spell, at best, provides information to aid character

decisions. The entities contacted structure their answers to further their own purposes. If you lag, discuss the answers, or go off to do anything else, the spell ends.

Commune with Nature

School divination; Level druid 5, ranger 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

You become one with nature, attaining knowledge of the surrounding territory. You instantly gain knowledge of as many as three facts from among the following subjects: the ground or terrain, plants, minerals, bodies of water, people, general animal population, presence of woodland creatures, presence of powerful unnatural creatures, or even the general state of the natural setting.

In outdoor settings, the spell operates in a radius of 1 mile per caster level. In natural underground settings-caves, caverns, and the like—the spell is less powerful, and its radius is limited to 100 feet per caster level. The spell does Any act by you or your apparent allies that threatens the not function where nature has been replaced by construction

Comprehend Languages

School divination; Level bard 1, cleric 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (pinch of soot and salt)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 10 min./level

You can understand the spoken words of creatures or read otherwise incomprehensible written messages. The ability to read does not necessarily impart insight into the material, merely its literal meaning. The spell enables you to understand or read an unknown language, not speak or write

Comprehend languages can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Cone of Cold

School evocation [cold]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a small crystal or glass cone)

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

Cone of cold creates an area of extreme cold, originating at dealing 1d6 points of cold damage per caster level round. (maximum 15d6).

Confusion

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level Casting Time 1 standard action bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (three nutshells)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Targets all creatures in a 15-ft.-radius burst

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell causes confusion in the targets, making them unable to determine their actions. Roll on the following table at the start of each subject's turn each round to see what it does in that round.

d%	Behavior	
01-25	Act normally	
26-50	Do nothing but babble incoherently	
51–75	Deal 1d8 points of damage + Str modifier to self with item in hand	
76–100	Attack nearest creature (for this purpose, a familiar counts as part of the subject's self)	

A confused character who can't carry out the indicated action does nothing but babble incoherently. Attackers are not at undead, as given above. any special advantage when attacking a confused character. Any confused character who is attacked automatically attacks its attackers on its next turn, as long as it is still confused when its turn comes. Note that a confused character will not make attacks of opportunity against any creature that **School** divination; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5 it is not already devoted to attacking (either because of its most recent action or because it has just been attacked).

Confusion, Lesser

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature

Duration 1 round

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

your hand and extending outward in a cone. It drains heat, This spell causes a single creature to become confused for 1

Consecrate

School evocation [good]; Level cleric 2

Components V, S, M (a vial of holy water and 25 gp worth of silver dust), DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 20-ft.-radius emanation

Duration 2 hours/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell blesses an area with positive energy. The DC to resist positive channeled energy within this area gains a +3 sacred bonus. Every undead creature entering a consecrated area suffers minor disruption, suffering a -1 penalty on attack rolls, damage rolls, and saves. Undead cannot be created within or summoned into a consecrated area. If the consecrated area contains an altar, shrine, or other permanent fixture dedicated to your deity, pantheon, or aligned higher power, the modifiers given above are doubled (+6 sacred bonus to positive channeled energy DCs, -2 penalties for undead in the area).

You cannot consecrate an area with a similar fixture of a deity other than your own patron. Instead, the consecrate spell curses the area, cutting off its connection with the associated deity or power. This secondary function, if used, does not also grant the bonuses and penalties relating to

Consecrate counters and dispels desecrate.

Contact Other Plane

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V

Table 10-1: Contact Other Plane

Plane Contacted	Avoid Int/Cha Decrease	True Answer	Don't Know	Lie	Random Answer
Elemental Plane	DC 7/1 week	01–34	35–62	63-83	84–100
Positive/Negative Energy Plane	DC 8/1 week	01–39	40–65	66–86	87–100
Astral Plane	DC 9/1 week	01–44	45–67	68-88	89–100
Outer Plane, demigod	DC 10/2 weeks	01–49	50-70	71–91	92-100
Outer Plane, lesser deity	DC 12/3 weeks	01–60	61–75	76–95	96–100
Outer Plane, intermediate deity	DC 14/4 weeks	01–73	74–81	82-98	99–100
Outer Plane, greater deity	DC 16/5 weeks	01-88	89–90	91-99	100

Range personal

Target you

Duration concentration

You send your mind to another plane of existence (an Elemental Plane or some plane farther removed) in order to receive advice and information from powers there. See the accompanying table for possible consequences and results of the attempt. The powers reply in a language you understand, Casting Time 1 standard action but they resent such contact and give only brief answers to your questions. All questions are answered with "yes," "no," "maybe," "never," "irrelevant," or some other one-word Range touch answer.

You must concentrate on maintaining the spell (a standard action) in order to ask questions at the rate of one per round. A question is answered by the power during the same round. You may ask one question for every two caster levels.

increases the probability that you will incur a decrease in Intelligence and Charisma due to your brain being overwhelmed, but also increases the chance of the power knowing the answer and answering correctly. Once the Outer Planes are reached, the power of the deity contacted determines the effects. (Random results obtained from the table are subject to the personalities of individual deities.) On rare occasions, this divination may be blocked by an act of School evocation; Level sorcerer/wizard 6 certain deities or forces.

Avoid Int/Cha Decrease: You must succeed on an Intelligence check against this DC to avoid a decrease in Intelligence and Charisma. If the check fails, your Intelligence and Charisma scores each fall to 8 for the stated Range personal duration, and you become unable to cast arcane spells. If you lose Intelligence and Charisma, the effect strikes as soon as the first question is asked, and no answer is received. If a successful contact is made, roll d% to determine the type of answer you gain.

True Answer: You get a true, one-word answer. Questions that cannot be answered in this way are answered randomly.

Don't Know: The entity tells you that it doesn't know.

Lie: The entity intentionally lies to you.

Random Answer: The entity tries to lie but doesn't know the answer, so it makes one up.

Contagion

School necromancy [evil]; **Level** cleric 3, druid 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Components V, S

Target living creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

The subject contracts one of the following diseases: blinding Contact with minds far removed from your home plane sickness, bubonic plague, cackle fever, filth fever, leprosy, mindfire, red ache, shakes, or slimy doom. The disease is contracted immediately (the onset period does not apply). Use the disease's listed frequency and save DC to determine further effects. For more information see Diseases.

Contingency

Casting Time at least 10 minutes; see text

Components V, S, M (quicksilver and an eyelash of a spellusing creature), F (ivory statuette of you worth 1,500 gp)

Target you

Duration 1 day/level (D) or until discharged

You can place another spell upon your person so that it comes into effect under some condition you dictate when casting contingency. The contingency spell and the companion spell are cast at the same time. The 10-minute casting time is the minimum total for both castings; if the

use that instead. You must pay any costs associated with the plant creatures for a short period of time. You command the companion spell when you cast contingency.

The spell to be brought into effect by the contingency must be one that affects your person and be of a spell level no higher than one-third your caster level (rounded down, maximum 6th level).

The conditions needed to bring the spell into effect must be clear, although they can be general. In all cases, the contingency immediately brings into effect the companion School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 7 spell, the latter being "cast" instantaneously when the prescribed circumstances occur. If complicated or convoluted conditions are prescribed, the whole spell combination Components V, S, M (a piece of bone and a piece of raw (contingency and the companion magic) may fail when meat) triggered. The companion spell occurs based solely on the stated conditions, regardless of whether you want it to.

You can use only one *contingency* spell at a time; if a second is cast, the first one (if still active) is dispelled.

Continual Flame

School evocation [light]; **Level** cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (ruby dust worth 50 gp)

Range touch

Target object touched

Effect magical, heatless flame

Duration permanent

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

A flame, equivalent in brightness to a torch, springs forth from an object that you touch. The effect looks like a regular flame, but it creates no heat and doesn't use oxygen. A continual flame can be covered and hidden but not smothered or quenched.

Light spells counter and dispel darkness spells of an equal or lower level.

Control Plants

School transmutation: Level druid 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets up to 2 HD/level of plant creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance no

companion spell has a casting time longer than 10 minutes, This spell enables you to control the actions of one or more creatures by voice and they understand you, no matter what language you speak. Even if vocal communication is impossible, the controlled plants do not attack you. At the end of the spell, the subjects revert to their normal behavior.

Suicidal or self-destructive commands are simply ignored.

Control Undead

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets up to 2 HD/level of undead creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell enables you to control undead creatures for a short period of time. You command them by voice and they understand you, no matter what language you speak. Even if vocal communication is impossible, the controlled undead do not attack you. At the end of the spell, the subjects revert to their normal behavior.

Intelligent undead creatures remember that you controlled them, and they may seek revenge after the spell's effects end.

Control Water

School transmutation [water]; Level cleric 4, druid 4, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a pinch of dust for lower water or a drop of water for raise water)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area water in a volume of 10 ft./level by 10 ft./level by 2 ft./level (S)

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; see text; Spell Resistance no

This spell has two different applications, both of which control water in different ways. The first version of this spell causes water in the area to swiftly evaporate or to sink into the ground below, lowering the water's depth. The second version causes the water to surge and rise, increasing its overall depth and possibly flooding nearby areas.

Lower Water: This causes water or similar liquid to reduce its depth by as much as 2 feet per caster level (to a minimum depth of 1 inch). The water is lowered within a squarish fully manifests itself 10 minutes later). Contradictory depression whose sides are up to caster level × 10 feet long. conditions are not possible simultaneously. In extremely large and deep bodies of water, such as a deep ocean, the spell creates a whirlpool that sweeps ships and similar craft downward, putting them at risk and rendering them unable to leave by normal movement for the duration A druid casting this spell doubles the duration and affects a of the spell. When cast on water elementals and other water- circle with a 3-mile radius. based creatures, this spell acts as a slow spell (Will negates). The spell has no effect on other creatures.

Raise Water: This causes water or similar liquid to rise in School transmutation [air]; Level druid 5 height, just as the *lower water* version causes it to lower. Boats raised in this way slide down the sides of the hump that the spell creates. If the area affected by the spell includes Components V, S riverbanks, a beach, or other land nearby, the water can spill over onto dry land.

With either version of this spell, you may reduce one horizontal dimension by half and double the other horizontal dimension to change the overall area of effect.

Control Weather

transmutation; Level School cleric 7. druid sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 10 minutes; see text

Components V, S

Range 2 miles

Area 2-mile-radius circle, centered on you; see text

Duration 4d12 hours; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You change the weather in the local area. It takes 10 minutes to cast the spell and an additional 10 minutes for the effects to manifest. You can call forth weather appropriate to the climate and season of the area you are in. You can also use this spell to cause the weather in the area to become calm and normal for the season.

Season Possible Weather

Spring Tornado, thunderstorm, sleet storm, or hot weather

Summer Torrential rain, heat wave, or hailstorm

Autumn Hot or cold weather, fog, or sleet

Winter Frigid cold, blizzard, or thaw

Late Hurricane-force winds or early spring winter

You control the general tendencies of the weather, such as the direction and intensity of the wind. You cannot control specific applications of the weather—where lightning strikes, for example, or the exact path of a tornado. The weather A windstorm (51+ mph) drives most flying creatures from standard action to designate a new kind of weather (which structures, tears off roofs, and endangers ships.

Control weather can do away with atmospheric phenomena (naturally occurring or otherwise) as well as create them.

Control Winds

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range 40 ft./level

Area 40 ft./level radius cylinder 40 ft. high

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance no

You alter wind force in the area surrounding you. You can make the wind blow in a certain direction or manner, increase its strength, or decrease its strength. The new wind direction and strength persist until the spell ends or until you choose to alter your handiwork, which requires concentration. You may create an "eye" of calm air up to 80 feet in diameter at the center of the area if you so desire, and you may choose to limit the area to any cylindrical area less than your full limit.

Wind Direction: You may choose one of four basic wind patterns to function over the spell's area.

- A downdraft blows from the center outward in equal strength in all directions.
- An updraft blows from the outer edges in toward the center in equal strength from all directions, veering upward before impinging on the eye in the center.
- Rotation causes the winds to circle the center in clockwise or counterclockwise fashion.
- A blast simply causes the winds to blow in one direction across the entire area from one side to the other.

Wind Strength: For every three caster levels, you can increase or decrease wind strength by one level. Each round on your turn, a creature in the wind must make a Fortitude save or suffer the effect of being in the windy area. See Environment for more details.

Strong winds (21+ mph) make sailing difficult.

A severe wind (31+ mph) causes minor ship and building damage.

continues as you left it for the duration, or until you use a the skies, uproots small trees, knocks down light wooden

uproot large trees, and cause most ships to founder.

A tornado (175+ mph) destroys all nonfortified buildings and often uproots large trees.

Create Food and Water

School conjuration (creation); **Level** cleric 3

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect food and water to sustain three humans or one horse/level for 24 hours

Duration 24 hours; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

The food that this spell creates is simple fare of your choice -highly nourishing, if rather bland. Food so created decays and becomes inedible after 24 hours, although it can be kept fresh for another 24 hours by casting a purify food and water spell on it. The water created by this spell is just like clean rain water, and it doesn't go bad as the food does.

Create Greater Undead

School necromancy [evil]; Level cleric 8, sorcerer/wizard 8

This spell functions like create undead, except that you can create more powerful and intelligent sorts of undead: shadows, wraiths, spectres, and devourers. The type or types of undead created is based on caster level, as shown below.

Caster Level	Undead Created
15th or lower	Shadow
16th-17th	Wraith
18th-19th	Spectre
20th or higher	Devourer

Create Undead

School necromancy [evil]; **Level** cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 hour

Components V, S, M (a clay pot filled with grave dirt and an onyx gem worth at least 50 gp per HD of the undead to be created)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one corpse

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Hurricane force winds (75+ mph) destroy wooden buildings, A much more potent spell than animate dead, this evil spell allows you to infuse a dead body with negative energy to create more powerful sorts of undead: ghouls, ghasts, mummies, and mohrgs. The type or types of undead you can create are based on your caster level, as shown on the table below.

Caster Level	Undead Created
11th or lower	Ghoul
12th-14th	Ghast
15th-17th	Mummy
18th or higher	Mohrg

You may create less powerful undead than your level would allow if you choose. Created undead are not automatically under the control of their animator. If you are capable of commanding undead, you may attempt to command the undead creature as it forms.

This spell must be cast at night.

Create Water

School conjuration (creation) [water]; Level cleric 0, druid 0, paladin 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect up to 2 gallons of water/level

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell generates wholesome, drinkable water, just like clean rain water. Water can be created in an area as small as will actually contain the liquid, or in an area three times as large—possibly creating a downpour or filling many small receptacles. This water disappears after 1 day if not consumed.

Note: Conjuration spells can't create substances or objects within a creature. Water weighs about 8 pounds per gallon. One cubic foot of water contains roughly 8 gallons and weighs about 60 pounds.

Creeping Doom

School conjuration (summoning); Level druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)/100 ft.; see text

Effect four swarms of insects

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Fortitude partial, see text; Spell Resistance

This spell summons four massive swarms of biting and stinging insects. These swarms appear adjacent to one This spell functions like cure light wounds, except that it another, but can be directed to move independently. Treat cures 4d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level these swarms as centipede swarms with the following (maximum +20). adjustments. The swarms have 60 hit points each and deal 4d6 points of damage with their swarm attack. The save to resist their poison and distraction effects is equal to the save DC of this spell. Creatures caught in multiple swarms only take damage and make saves once.

You may summon the swarms so that they share the area of other creatures. As a standard action, you can command any number of the swarms to move toward any target within 100 feet of you. You cannot command any swarm to move more than 100 feet away from you, and if you move more than 100 feet from any swarm, that swarm remains stationary, attacking any creatures in its area (but can be commanded again if you move within 100 feet).

Crushing Despair

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M

Range 30 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

An invisible cone of despair causes great sadness in the subjects. Each affected creature takes a -2 penalty on attack rolls, saving throws, ability checks, skill checks, and weapon damage rolls.

Crushing despair counters and dispels good hope.

Crushing Hand

School evocation [force]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 9

This spell functions as interposing hand, except that it can also grapple one opponent as grasping hand. Its CMB and CMD for grapple checks use your caster level in place of its base attack bonus, with a +12 bonus for its Strength score (35) and a +1 bonus for being Large (its Dexterity is 10, granting no bonus to the CMD). A crushing hand deals 2d6+12 points of damage on each successful grapple check against an opponent. The crushing hand can instead be directed to bull rush a target (as forceful hand), using the same bonuses outlined above, or it can be directed to

interpose itself, as *interposing hand* does.

Cure Critical Wounds

School conjuration (healing); Level bard 4, cleric 4, druid 5

Cure Critical Wounds, Mass

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 8, druid 9

This spell functions like mass cure light wounds, except that it cures 4d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +40).

Cure Light Wounds

School conjuration (healing); Level bard 1, cleric 1, druid 1, paladin 1, ranger 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will half (harmless); see text; Spell **Resistance** yes (harmless); see text

When laying your hand upon a living creature, you channel positive energy that cures 1d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +5). Since undead are powered by negative energy, this spell deals damage to them instead of curing their wounds. An undead creature can apply spell resistance, and can attempt a Will save to take half damage.

Cure Light Wounds, Mass

School conjuration (healing); **Level** bard 5, cleric 5, druid 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will half (harmless) or Will half; see text; Spell Resistance yes (harmless) or yes; see text

You channel positive energy to cure 1d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +25) on each selected creature. Like other *cure* spells, *mass cure light wounds* deals damage to undead in its area rather than curing them. Each

affected undead may attempt a Will save for half damage.

Cure Moderate Wounds

School conjuration (healing); Level bard 2, cleric 2, druid 3, paladin 3, ranger 3

This spell functions like cure light wounds, except that it Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no cures 2d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +10).

Cure Moderate Wounds, Mass

School conjuration (healing); **Level** bard 6, cleric 6, druid 7

This spell functions like mass cure light wounds, except that it cures 2d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +30).

Cure Serious Wounds

School conjuration (healing); Level bard 3, cleric 3, druid 4, paladin 4, ranger 4

This spell functions like cure light wounds, except that it cures 3d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level *Dancing lights* can be made permanent with a *permanency* (maximum + 15).

Cure Serious Wounds, Mass

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 7, druid 8

This spell functions like mass cure light wounds, except that it cures 3d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level Casting Time 1 standard action (maximum +35).

Curse Water

School necromancy [evil]; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (5 lbs. of powdered silver worth 25 gp)

Range touch

Target flask of water touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

This spell imbues a flask (1 pint) of water with negative undead and evil outsiders.

Dancing Lights

School evocation [light]; **Level** bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect Up to four lights, all within a 10-ft.-radius area

Duration 1 minute (D)

Depending on the version selected, you create up to four lights that resemble lanterns or torches (and cast that amount of light), or up to four glowing spheres of light (which look like will-o'-wisps), or one faintly glowing, vaguely humanoid shape. The dancing lights must stay within a 10-foot-radius area in relation to each other but otherwise move as you desire (no concentration required): forward or back, up or down, straight or turning corners, or the like. The lights can move up to 100 feet per round. A light winks out if the distance between you and it exceeds the spell's range.

You can only have one *dancing lights* spell active at any one time. If you cast this spell while another casting is still in effect, the previous casting is dispelled. If you make this spell permanent, it does not count against this limit.

spell.

Darkness |

School evocation [darkness]; **Level** bard 2, cleric 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Components V, M/DF (bat fur and a piece of coal)

Range touch

Target object touched

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell causes an object to radiate darkness out to a 20foot radius. This darkness causes the illumination level in the area to drop one step, from bright light to normal light, from normal light to dim light, or from dim light to darkness. This spell has no effect in an area that is already dark. Creatures with light vulnerability or sensitivity take no penalties in normal light. All creatures gain concealment (20% miss chance) in dim light. All creatures gain total concealment energy, turning it into unholy water (see Equipment). Unholy (50% miss chance) in darkness. Creatures with darkvision water damages good outsiders the way holy water damages can see in an area of dim light or darkness without penalty. Nonmagical sources of light, such as torches and lanterns, do not increase the light level in an area of darkness. Magical light sources only increase the light level in an area if they are of a higher spell level than darkness.

> If darkness is cast on a small object that is then placed inside or under a lightproof covering, the spell's effect is blocked

until the covering is removed.

This spell does not stack with itself. Darkness can be used to counter or dispel any light spell of equal or lower spell level.

Darkvision

School transmutation; **Level** ranger 3, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (either a pinch of dried carrot or an agate)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 hour/level

yes (harmless)

The subject gains the ability to see 60 feet even in total darkness. Darkvision is black and white only but otherwise like normal sight.

Darkvision can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Daylight

School evocation [light]; Level bard 3, cleric 3, druid 3, bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2 paladin 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target object touched

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You touch an object when you cast this spell, causing the Casting Time 1 standard action object to shed bright light in a 60-foot radius. This illumination increases the light level for an additional 60 feet by one step (darkness becomes dim light, dim light becomes Range touch normal light, and normal light becomes bright light). Creatures that take penalties in bright light take them while within the 60-foot radius of this magical light. Despite its Duration instantaneous/10 minutes per HD of subject; see name, this spell is not the equivalent of daylight for the text purposes of creatures that are damaged or destroyed by such light.

If daylight is cast on a small object that is then placed inside or under a light-proof covering, the spell's effects are blocked until the covering is removed.

effect.

Daylight counters or dispels any darkness spell of equal or lower level, such as darkness.

Daze

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a pinch of wool or similar substance)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one humanoid creature of 4 HD or less

Duration 1 round

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance This spell clouds the mind of a humanoid creature with 4 or fewer Hit Dice so that it takes no actions. Humanoids of 5 or more HD are not affected. A dazed subject is not stunned, so attackers get no special advantage against it. After a creature has been dazed by this spell, it is immune to the effects of this spell for 1 minute.

Daze Monster

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one living creature of 6 HD or less

This spell functions like daze, but it can affect any one living creature of any type. Creatures of 7 or more HD are not affected.

Death Knell

School necromancy [death, evil]; Level cleric 2

Components V, S

Target living creature touched

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You draw forth the ebbing life force of a creature and use it to fuel your own power. Upon casting this spell, you touch a living creature that has -1 or fewer hit points. If the subject fails its saving throw, it dies, and you gain 1d8 temporary hit Daylight brought into an area of magical darkness (or vice points and a +2 enhancement bonus to Strength. versa) is temporarily negated, so that the otherwise Additionally, your effective caster level goes up by +1, prevailing light conditions exist in the overlapping areas of improving spell effects dependent on caster level. This increase in effective caster level does not grant you access to

more spells. These effects last for 10 minutes per HD of the targets. subject creature.

Death Ward

School necromancy; Level cleric 4, druid 5, paladin 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

The subject gains a +4 morale bonus on saves against all death spells and magical death effects. The subject is granted a save to negate such effects even if one is not normally allowed. The subject is immune to energy drain and any negative energy effects, including channeled negative energy.

This spell does not remove negative levels that the subject has already gained, but it does remove the penalties from negative levels for the duration of its effect.

Death ward does not protect against other sorts of attacks, Range touch even if those attacks might be lethal.

Deathwatch

School necromancy; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 30 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Using the powers of necromancy, you can determine the condition of creatures near death within the spell's range. You **Duration** 5 rounds or less; see text instantly know whether each creature within the area is dead, fragile (alive and wounded, with 3 or fewer hit points left), fighting off death (alive with 4 or more hit points), healthy, undead, or neither alive nor dead (such as a construct). Deathwatch sees through any spell or ability that allows creatures to feign death.

Deep Slumber

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Deeper Darkness

School evocation [darkness]; Level cleric 3

Duration 10 min./level (D)

This spell functions as darkness, except that objects radiate darkness in a 60-foot radius and the light level is lowered by two steps. Bright light becomes dim light and normal light becomes darkness. Areas of dim light and darkness become supernaturally dark. This functions like darkness, but even creatures with darkvision cannot see within the spell's confines.

This spell does not stack with itself. Deeper darkness can be used to counter or dispel any light spell of equal or lower spell level.

Delay Poison

School conjuration (healing); Level bard 2, cleric 2, druid 2, paladin 2, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Target creature touched

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (harmless); **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

The subject becomes temporarily immune to poison. Any poison in its system or any poison to which it is exposed during the spell's duration does not affect the subject until the spell's duration has expired. Delay poison does not cure any damage that poison may have already done.

Delayed Blast Fireball

School evocation [fire]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions like fireball, except that it is more powerful and can detonate up to 5 rounds after the spell is cast. The burst of flame deals 1d6 points of fire damage per caster level (maximum 20d6). The glowing bead created by delayed blast fireball can detonate immediately if you desire, or you can choose to delay the burst for as many as 5 rounds. You select the amount of delay upon completing the spell, and that time cannot change once it has been set unless someone touches the bead. If you choose a delay, the glowing bead sits at its destination until it detonates. A creature can pick up and hurl the bead as a thrown weapon (range increment 10 feet). If a creature handles and moves This spell functions like sleep, except that it affects 10 HD of the bead within 1 round of its detonation, there is a 25%

chance that the bead detonates while being handled.

Demand

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

This spell functions like *sending*, but the message can also contain a suggestion (see the suggestion spell), which the subject does its best to carry out. A successful Will save negates the suggestion effect but not the contact itself. The Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) demand, if received, is understood even if the subject's Intelligence score is as low as 1. If the message is impossible or meaningless according to the circumstances that exist for **Duration** instantaneous the subject at the time the demand is issued, the message is understood but the *suggestion* is ineffective.

The demand's message to the creature must be 25 words or less, including the suggestion. The creature can also give a short reply immediately.

Desecrate

School evocation [evil]; Level cleric 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Component V, S, M (a vial of unholy water and 25 gp worth (5 pounds) of silver dust, all of which must be sprinkled around the area), DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 20-ft.-radius emanation

Duration 2 hours/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

This spell imbues an area with negative energy. The DC to resist negative channeled energy within this area gains a +3 Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no profane bonus. Every undead creature entering a desecrated area gains a +1 profane bonus on all attack rolls, damage rolls, and saving throws. An undead creature created within or summoned into such an area gains +1 hit points per HD.

permanent fixture dedicated to your deity or aligned higher power, the modifiers given above are doubled (+6 profane bonus to negative channeled energy DCs, +2 profane bonus and +2 hit points per HD for undead created in the area).

Furthermore, anyone who casts animate dead within this area may create as many as double the normal amount of undead (that is, 4 HD per caster level rather than 2 HD per caster

If the area contains an altar, shrine, or other permanent fixture of a deity, pantheon, or higher power other than your patron, the *desecrate* spell instead curses the area, cutting off its connection with the associated deity or power. This

secondary function, if used, does not also grant the bonuses and penalties relating to undead, as given above.

Desecrate counters and dispels consecrate.

Destruction

School necromancy [death]; **Level** cleric 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (holy or unholy symbol costing 500 gp)

Target one creature

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; Spell Resistance ves

This spell instantly delivers 10 points of damage per caster level. If the spell slays the target, it consumes the remains utterly in holy (or unholy) fire (but not its equipment or possessions). If the target's Fortitude saving throw succeeds, it instead takes 10d6 points of damage. The only way to restore life to a character who has failed to save against this spell (and was slain) is to use true resurrection, a carefully worded wish spell followed by resurrection, or miracle.

Detect Animals or Plants

School divination; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 10 min./level (D)

You can detect a particular kind of animal or plant in a cone emanating out from you in whatever direction you face. You must think of a kind of animal or plant when using the spell, but you can change the animal or plant kind each round. The If the desecrated area contains an altar, shrine, or other amount of information revealed depends on how long you search a particular area or focus on a specific kind of animal or plant.

> 1st Round: Presence or absence of that kind of animal or plant in the area.

> 2nd Round: Number of individuals of the specified kind in the area and the condition of the healthiest specimen.

> 3rd Round: The condition (see below) and location of each individual present. If an animal or a plant is outside your line of sight, then you discern its direction but not its exact location.

Conditions: For purposes of this spell, the categories of

Table 10-2: Detect Chaos/Evil/Good/Law

Creature/Object	Aura Power				
Creature, Object	None	Faint	Moderate	Strong	Overwhelming
Aligned creature ¹ (HD)	5 or lower	5-10	11–25	26-50	51 or higher
Aligned Undead (HD)	_	2 or lower	3–8	9-20	21 or higher
Aligned outsider (HD)	_	1 or lower	2–4	5-10	11 or higher
Cleric or paladin of an aligned deity ² (class levels)	_	1	2–4	5-10	11 or higher
Aligned magic item or spell (caster level)	5th or lower	6th–10th	11th-15th	16th-20th	21st or higher

¹ Except for undead and outsiders, which have their own entries on the table.

condition are as follows:

Normal: Has at least 90% of full normal hit points, free of You can sense the presence of evil. The amount of disease.

Fair: 30% to 90% of full normal hit points remaining.

Poor: Less than 30% of full normal hit points remaining, afflicted with a disease, or suffering from a debilitating 2nd Round: Number of evil auras (creatures, objects, or injury.

Weak: 0 or fewer hit points remaining, afflicted with a disease that has reduced an ability score to 5 or less, or If you are of good alignment, and the strongest evil aura's crippled.

If a creature falls into more than one category, the spell indicates the weaker of the two.

Each round you can turn to detect a kind of animal or plant in a new area. The spell can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Detect Chaos

School divination: **Level** cleric 1

This spell functions like detect evil, except that it detects the auras of chaotic creatures, clerics of chaotic deities, chaotic spells, and chaotic magic items, and you are vulnerable to an overwhelming chaotic aura if you are lawful.

Detect Evil

School divination; Level cleric 1 Casting Time 1 standard action

Component V, S, DF

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 10 min./ level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

information revealed depends on how long you study a particular area or subject.

1st Round: Presence or absence of evil.

spells) in the area and the power of the most potent evil aura present.

power is overwhelming (see below), and the HD or level of the aura's source is at least twice your character level, you are stunned for 1 round and the spell ends.

3rd Round: The power and location of each aura. If an aura is outside your line of sight, then you discern its direction but not its exact location.

Aura Power: An evil aura's power depends on the type of evil creature or object that you're detecting and its HD, caster level, or (in the case of a cleric) class level; see the table below. If an aura falls into more than one strength category, the spell indicates the stronger of the two.

Lingering Aura: An evil aura lingers after its original source dissipates (in the case of a spell) or is destroyed (in the case of a creature or magic item). If detect evil is cast and directed at such a location, the spell indicates an aura strength of dim (even weaker than a faint aura). How long the aura lingers at this dim level depends on its original power:

Original Strength	Duration of Lingering Aura
Faint	1d6 rounds
Moderate	1d6 minutes
Strong	$1d6 \times 10$ minutes
Overwhelming	1d6 days

Animals, traps, poisons, and other potential perils are not

² Some characters who are not clerics may radiate an aura of equivalent power. The class description will indicate whether this applies.

evil, and as such this spell does not detect them. Creatures items or creatures bearing the auras are in line of sight, you with actively evil intents count as evil creatures for the can make Knowledge (arcana) skill checks to determine the purpose of this spell.

School of magic involved in each. (Make one check per aura:

Each round, you can turn to detect evil in a new area. The spell can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Detect Good

School divination; Level cleric 1

This spell functions like *detect evil*, except that it detects the auras of good creatures, clerics or paladins of good deities, good spells, and good magic items, and you are vulnerable to an overwhelming good aura if you are evil.

detects the category, *detect magic* indicates the stronger of the two.

Lingering Aura: A magical aura lingers after its original source dissipates (in the case of a spell) or is destroyed (in

Detect Law

School divination; Level cleric 1

This spell functions like detect evil, except that it detects the auras of lawful creatures, clerics of lawful deities, lawful spells, and lawful magic items, and you are vulnerable to an overwhelming lawful aura if you are chaotic.

Detect Magic

School divination; **Level** bard 0, cleric 0, druid 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Component: V, S

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You detect magical auras. The amount of information revealed depends on how long you study a particular area or subject.

1st Round: Presence or absence of magical auras.

2nd Round: Number of different magical auras and the power of the most potent aura.

3rd Round: The strength and location of each aura. If the

items or creatures bearing the auras are in line of sight, you can make Knowledge (arcana) skill checks to determine the school of magic involved in each. (Make one check per aura: DC 15 + spell level, or 15 + 1/2 caster level for a nonspell effect.) If the aura eminates from a magic item, you can attempt to identify its properties (see Spellcraft).

Magical areas, multiple types of magic, or strong local magical emanations may distort or conceal weaker auras.

Aura Strength: An aura's power depends on a spell's functioning spell level or an item's caster level; see the accompanying table. If an aura falls into more than one category, detect magic indicates the stronger of the two.

Lingering Aura: A magical aura lingers after its original source dissipates (in the case of a spell) or is destroyed (in the case of a magic item). If detect magic is cast and directed at such a location, the spell indicates an aura strength of dim (even weaker than a faint aura). How long the aura lingers at this dim level depends on its original power:

Original Strength	Duration of Lingering Aura
Faint	1d6 rounds
Moderate	1d6 minutes
Strong	$1d6 \times 10$ minutes
Overwhelming	1d6 days

Outsiders and elementals are not magical in themselves, but if they are summoned, the conjuration spell registers. Each round, you can turn to detect magic in a new area. The spell can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Detect magic can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Detect Poison

School divination; **Level** cleric 0, druid 0, paladin 1, ranger 1, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target or Area one creature, one object, or a 5-ft. cube

Table 10-3: Detect Magic

Small on Object		Aura Power			
Spell or Object	Faint	Moderate	Strong	Overwhelming	
Functioning spell (spell level)	3rd or lower	4th–6th	7th–9th	10th+ (deity-level)	
Magic item (caster level)	5th or lower	6th–11th	12th-20th	21st+ (artifact)	

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You determine whether a creature, object, or area has been poisoned or is poisonous. You can determine the exact type of poison with a DC 20 Wisdom check. A character with the Each Additional Round: The mechanism or trigger for one barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it. sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Detect Scrying

School divination; Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of mirror and a miniature brass hearing trumpet)

Range 40 ft.

Area 40-ft.-radius emanation centered on you

Duration 24 hours

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You immediately become aware of any attempt to observe does not detect complex traps, including trapdoor traps. you by means of a divination (scrying) spell or effect. The spell's area radiates from you and moves as you move. You know the location of every magical sensor within the spell's area.

make opposed caster level checks (1d20 + caster level). If you at least match the scrier's result, you get a visual image of the scrier and an accurate sense of his direction and distance from you.

Detect Secret Doors

School divination; Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

forth. Only passages, doors, or openings that have been sorcerer/wizard 2 specifically constructed to escape detection are detected by this spell. The amount of information revealed depends on how long you study a particular area or subject.

1st Round: Presence or absence of secret doors.

2nd Round: Number of secret doors and the location of each. If an aura is outside your line of sight, then you discern its direction but not its exact location.

Craft (alchemy) skill may try a DC 20 Craft (alchemy) check particular secret portal closely examined by you. Each round, if the Wisdom check fails, or may try the Craft (alchemy) you can turn to detect secret doors in a new area. The spell check prior to the Wisdom check. The spell can penetrate can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common

Detect Snares and Pits

School divination; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You can detect simple pits, deadfalls, and snares as well as mechanical traps constructed of natural materials. The spell

Detect snares and pits does detect certain natural hazards quicksand (a snare), a sinkhole (a pit), or unsafe walls of natural rock (a deadfall). It does not reveal other potentially dangerous conditions. The spell does not detect magic traps If the scrying attempt originates within the area, you also (except those that operate by pit, deadfall, or snaring; see the know its location; otherwise, you and the scrier immediately spell snare), nor mechanically complex ones, nor those that have been rendered safe or inactive.

> The amount of information revealed depends on how long you study a particular area.

1st Round: Presence or absence of hazards.

2nd Round: Number of hazards and the location of each. If a hazard is outside your line of sight, then you discern its direction but not its exact location.

Each Additional Round: The general type and trigger for one particular hazard closely examined by you.

Each round, you can turn to examine a new area. The spell can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Detect Thoughts

You can detect secret doors, compartments, caches, and so School divination [mind-affecting]; Level bard 2,

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F/DF (a copper piece)

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance no

subject.

1st Round: Presence or absence of thoughts (from conscious creatures with Intelligence scores of 1 or higher).

2nd Round: Number of thinking minds and the Intelligence score of each. If the highest Intelligence is 26 or higher (and at least 10 points higher than your own Intelligence score), you are stunned for 1 round and the spell ends. This spell does not let you determine the location of the thinking minds if you can't see the creatures whose thoughts you are detecting.

3rd Round: Surface thoughts of any mind in the area. A target's Will save prevents you from reading its thoughts, and you must cast detect thoughts again to have another chance. Creatures of animal intelligence (Int 1 or 2) have simple, instinctual thoughts.

Each round, you can turn to detect thoughts in a new area. The spell can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Detect Undead

School divination; Level cleric 1, paladin 1, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (earth from a grave)

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration concentration, up to 1 minute/ level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You can detect the aura that surrounds undead creatures. The amount of information revealed depends on how long you study a particular area.

1st Round: Presence or absence of undead auras.

2nd Round: Number of undead auras in the area and the strength of the strongest undead aura present. If you are of good alignment, and the strongest undead aura's strength is overwhelming (see below), and the creature has HD of at least twice your character level, you are stunned for 1 round by multiple effects make only one save and apply the result and the spell ends.

3rd Round: The strength and location of each undead aura. If

an aura is outside your line of sight, then you discern its direction but not its exact location.

Aura Strength: The strength of an undead aura is determined by the HD of the undead creature, as given on the table below.

You detect surface thoughts. The amount of information Lingering Aura: An undead aura lingers after its original revealed depends on how long you study a particular area or source is destroyed. If detect undead is cast and directed at such a location, the spell indicates an aura strength of dim (even weaker than a faint aura). How long the aura lingers at this dim level depends on its original power, as given on the table below.

HD	Strength	Lingering Aura Duration
1 or lower	Faint	1d6 rounds
2–4	Moderate	1d6 minutes
5-10	Strong	$1d6 \times 10 \text{ minutes}$
11 or higher	Overwhelming	1d6 days

Each round, you can turn to detect undead in a new area. The spell can penetrate barriers, but 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, a thin sheet of lead, or 3 feet of wood or dirt blocks it.

Dictum

School evocation [lawful, sonic]; Level cleric 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range 40 ft.

Area nonlawful creatures in a 40-ft.-radius spread centered on you

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none or Will negates; see text; Spell **Resistance** yes

Any nonlawful creature within the area of a dictum spell suffers the following ill effects.

HD Effect
Equal to caster level Deafened
Up to caster level –1 Staggered, deafened
Up to caster level -5 Paralyzed, staggered, deafened
Up to caster level –10 Killed, paralyzed, staggered, deafened

The effects are cumulative and concurrent. A successful Will save reduces or eliminates these effects. Creatures affected to all the effects.

negates.

Staggered: The creature is staggered for 2d4 rounds. Save reduces the staggered effect to 1d4 rounds.

Paralyzed: The creature is paralyzed and helpless for 1d10 damage and the spell simply fails. minutes. Save reduces the paralyzed effect to 1 round.

Killed: Living creatures die. Undead creatures are destroyed. Save negates. If the save is successful, the creature instead School abjuration; Level cleric 4, sorcerer/wizard 4 takes 3d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +25).

Furthermore, if you are on your home plane when you cast this spell, nonlawful extraplanar creatures within the area are Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) instantly banished back to their home planes. Creatures so banished cannot return for at least 24 hours. This effect takes place regardless of whether the creatures hear the dictum or Duration 1 min./level not. The banishment effect allows a Will save (at a -4 penalty) to negate.

Creatures whose Hit Dice exceed your caster level are unaffected by dictum.

Dimension Door

School conjuration (teleportation); Level bard sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Target you and touched objects or other touched willing creatures

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none and Will negates (object); Spell **Resistance** no and yes (object)

You instantly transfer yourself from your current location to any other spot within range. You always arrive at exactly the spot desired—whether by simply visualizing the area or by stating direction. After using this spell, you can't take any other actions until your next turn. You can bring along Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) objects as long as their weight doesn't exceed your maximum load. You may also bring one additional willing Medium or smaller creature (carrying gear or objects up to its maximum Duration 1 day/level load) or its equivalent per three caster levels. A Large creature counts as two Medium creatures, a Huge creature counts as two Large creatures, and so forth. All creatures to You create a shimmering emerald barrier that completely be transported must be in contact with one another, and at least one of those creatures must be in contact with you.

If you arrive in a place that is already occupied by a solid body, you and each creature traveling with you take 1d6 points of damage and are shunted to a random open space on a suitable surface within 100 feet of the intended location.

Deafened: The creature is deafened for 1d4 rounds. Save If there is no free space within 100 feet, you and each creature traveling with you take an additional 2d6 points of damage and are shunted to a free space within 1,000 feet. If there is no free space within 1,000 feet, you and each creature travelling with you take an additional 4d6 points of

Dimensional Anchor

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Effect ray

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes (object)

A green ray springs from your hand. You must make a ranged touch attack to hit the target. Any creature or object struck by the ray is covered with a shimmering emerald field that completely blocks extradimensional travel. Forms of movement barred by a dimensional anchor include astral 4, projection, blink, dimension door, ethereal jaunt, etherealness, gate, maze, plane shift, shadow walk, teleport. and similar spell-like abilities. The spell also prevents the use of a gate or teleportation circle for the duration of the spell.

A dimensional anchor does not interfere with the movement of creatures already in ethereal or astral form when the spell is cast, nor does it block extradimensional perception or attack forms. Also, dimensional anchor does not prevent summoned creatures from disappearing at the end of a summoning spell.

Dimensional Lock

School abjuration; Level cleric 8, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Area 20-ft.-radius emanation centered on a point in space

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

blocks extradimensional travel. Forms of movement barred include astral projection, blink, dimension door, ethereal jaunt, etherealness, gate, maze, plane shift, shadow walk, teleport, and similar spell-like abilities. Once dimensional lock is in place, extradimensional travel into or out of the area is not possible.

A dimensional lock does not interfere with the movement of unintentional inaccuracies, or necessarily reveal evasions. creatures already in ethereal or astral form when the spell is cast, nor does it block extradimensional perception or attack forms. Also, the spell does not prevent summoned creatures from disappearing at the end of a summoning spell.

Diminish Plants

School transmutation; **Level** druid 3, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range see text

Target or Area see text

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell has two versions.

plants automatically dispels any spells or effects that enhance the plane of existence where the target lies. plants, such as entangle, plant growth, and wall of thorns.

150-foot-radius semicircle, or a 200-foot-radius quarter- an object, you must have touched it at least once. circle. You may also designate portions of the area that are not affected.

Stunt Growth: This version of the spell targets all normal School illusion (glamer); Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1 plants within a range of 1/2 mile, reducing their potential productivity over the course of the following year to half normal.

This spell has no effect on plant creatures.

Discern Lies

School divination; **Level** cleric 4, paladin 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration concentration, up to 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance no

within range. You know if the target deliberately and Disguise check. A creature that interacts with the glamer gets knowingly speaks a lie by discerning disturbances in its aura a Will save to recognize it as an illusion. caused by lying. The spell does not reveal the truth, uncover

Each round, you may concentrate on a different target.

Discern Location

School divination; Level cleric 8, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, DF

Range unlimited

Target one creature or object

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

A discern location spell is among the most powerful means of locating creatures or objects. Nothing short of a mind blank spell or the direct intervention of a deity keeps you from learning the exact location of a single individual or Prune Growth: This version of the spell causes normal object. Discern location circumvents normal means of vegetation within long range (400 feet + 40 feet per level) to protection from scrying or location. The spell reveals the shrink to about one-third normal size, becoming untangled name of the creature or object's location (place, name, and less bushy. The affected vegetation appears to have been business name, building name, or the like), community, carefully pruned and trimmed. This version of diminish county (or similar political division), country, continent, and

To find a creature with the spell, you must have seen the At your option, the area can be a 100-foot-radius circle, a creature or have some item that once belonged to it. To find

Disguise Self

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 10 min./level (D)

You make yourself—including clothing, armor, weapons, and equipment—look different. You can seem 1 foot shorter or taller, thin, fat, or in between. You cannot change your creature type (although you can appear as another subtype). Otherwise, the extent of the apparent change is up to you. You could add or obscure a minor feature or look like an entirely different person or gender.

The spell does not provide the abilities or mannerisms of the chosen form, nor does it alter the perceived tactile (touch) or audible (sound) properties of you or your equipment. If you Each round, you concentrate on one target, who must be use this spell to create a disguise, you get a +10 bonus on the

Disintegrate

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a lodestone and a pinch of dust)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect ray

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude partial (object); Spell Resistance

A thin, green ray springs from your pointing finger. You must touched creature or object make a successful ranged touch attack to hit. Any creature struck by the ray takes 2d6 points of damage per caster level (to a maximum of 40d6). Any creature reduced to 0 or fewer hit points by this spell is entirely disintegrated, leaving Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance see text behind only a trace of fine dust. A disintegrated creature's equipment is unaffected.

When used against an object, the ray simply disintegrates as much as a 10-foot cube of nonliving matter. Thus, the spell disintegrates only part of any very large object or structure targeted. The ray affects even objects constructed entirely of Second, on making a successful melee touch attack against antimagic field.

A creature or object that makes a successful Fortitude save is partially affected, taking only 5d6 points of damage. If this Third, with a touch you can automatically dispel any one points, it is entirely disintegrated.

Only the first creature or object struck can be affected; that is, the ray affects only one target per casting.

Dismissal

School abjuration; Level cleric 4, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one extraplanar creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

This spell forces an extraplanar creature back to its proper plane if it fails a Will save. If the spell is successful, the creature is instantly whisked away, but there is a 20% chance of actually sending the subject to a plane other than its own.

Dispel Chaos

School abjuration [lawful]; Level cleric 5, paladin 4

This spell functions like dispel evil, except that you are surrounded by constant, blue lawful energy, and the spell affects chaotic creatures and spells rather than evil ones.

Dispel Evil

School abjuration [good]; Level cleric 5, paladin 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target or Targets you and a touched evil creature from another plane, or you and an enchantment or evil spell on a

Duration 1 round/level or until discharged, whichever comes

Shimmering, white holy energy surrounds you. This energy has three effects.

First, you gain a +4 deflection bonus to AC against attacks by evil creatures.

force, such as forceful hand or a wall of force, but not an evil creature from another plane, you can choose to drive magical effects such as a globe of invulnerability or an that creature back to its home plane. The creature can negate the effects with a successful Will save (spell resistance applies). This use discharges and ends the spell.

damage reduces the creature or object to 0 or fewer hit enchantment spell cast by an evil creature or any one evil spell. Spells that can't be dispelled by dispel magic also can't be dispelled by dispel evil. Saving throws and spell resistance do not apply to this effect. This use discharges and ends the spell.

Dispel Good

School abjuration [evil]; Level cleric 5

This spell functions like dispel evil, except that you are surrounded by dark, wavering unholy energy, and the spell affects good creatures and spells rather than evil ones.

Dispel Law

School abjuration [chaotic]; **Level** cleric 5

This spell functions like dispel evil, except that you are surrounded by flickering, yellow chaotic energy, and the spell affects lawful creatures and spells rather than evil ones.

Dispel Magic

School abjuration; Level bard 3, cleric 3, druid 4, paladin 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target or Area one spellcaster, creature, or object

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You can use dispel magic to end one ongoing spell that has been cast on a creature or object, to temporarily suppress the magical abilities of a magic item, or to counter another spellcaster's spell. A dispelled spell ends as if its duration had expired. Some spells, as detailed in their descriptions, can't be defeated by dispel magic. Dispel magic can dispel (but not counter) spell-like effects just as it does spells. The effect of a spell with an instantaneous duration can't be dispelled, because the magical effect is already over before the dispel magic can take effect.

You choose to use dispel magic in one of two ways: a targeted dispel or a counterspell.

Targeted Dispel: One object, creature, or spell is the target of the dispel magic spell. You make one dispel check (1d20 + This spell functions like dispel magic, except that it can end caster level (DC = 11 + the spell's caster level). If successful, multiple creatures. that spell ends. If not, compare the same result to the spell with the next highest caster level. Repeat this process until you have dispelled one spell affecting the target, or you have failed to dispel every spell.

For example, a 7th-level caster casts dispel magic, targeting a creature affected by stoneskin (caster level 12th) and fly (caster level 6th). The caster level check results in a 19. This check is not high enough to end the stoneskin (which would Additionally, greater dispel magic has a chance to dispel any in a 23 or higher, the stoneskin would have been dispelled, curse's DC. leaving the fly intact. Had the dispel check been a 16 or less, no spells would have been affected.

or higher than the DC of that spell, it ends. No other spells or affected by an area dispel. effects on the target are dispelled if your check is not high enough to end the targeted effect.

If you target an object or creature that is the effect of an ongoing spell (such as a monster summoned by summon monster), you make a dispel check to end the spell that apply the dispel check to end the effect, but only within the conjured the object or creature.

dispel check against the item's caster level (DC = 11 + the item recovers its magical properties. A suppressed item

becomes nonmagical for the duration of the effect. An interdimensional opening (such as a bag of holding) is temporarily closed. A magic item's physical properties are unchanged: A suppressed magic sword is still a sword (a masterwork sword, in fact). Artifacts and deities are unaffected by mortal magic such as this.

You automatically succeed on your dispel check against any spell that you cast yourself.

Counterspell: When dispel magic is used in this way, the spell targets a spellcaster and is cast as a counterspell. Unlike a true counterspell, however, dispel magic may not work; you must make a dispel check to counter the other spellcaster's spell.

Dispel Magic, Greater

School abjuration; Level bard 5, cleric 6, druid 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Target or Area one spellcaster, creature, or object; or a 20ft.-radius burst

your caster level) and compare that to the spell with highest more than one spell on a target and it can be used to target

You choose to use *greater dispel magic* in one of three ways: a targeted dispel, area dispel, or a counterspell:

Targeted Dispel: This functions as a targeted dispel magic, but it can dispel one spell for every four caster levels you possess, starting with the highest level spells and proceeding to lower level spells.

have required a 23 or higher), but it is high enough to end the effect that remove curse can remove, even if dispel magic fly (which only required a 17). Had the dispel check resulted can't dispel that effect. The DC of this check is equal to the

Area Dispel: When greater dispel magic is used in this way, the spell affects everything within a 20-foot-radius burst. You can also use a targeted dispel to specifically end one Roll one dispel check and apply that check to each creature spell affecting the target or one spell affecting an area (such in the area, as if targeted by dispel magic. For each object as a wall of fire). You must name the specific spell effect to within the area that is the target of one or more spells, apply be targeted in this way. If your caster level check is equal to the dispel check as with creatures. Magic items are not

> For each ongoing area or effect spell whose point of origin is within the area of the greater dispel magic spell, apply the dispel check to dispel the spell. For each ongoing spell whose area overlaps that of the greater dispel magic spell, overlapping area.

If the object that you target is a magic item, you make a If an object or creature that is the effect of an ongoing spell (such as a monster summoned by summon monster) is in the item's caster level). If you succeed, all the item's magical area, apply the dispel check to end the spell that conjured properties are suppressed for 1d4 rounds, after which the that object or creature (returning it whence it came) in addition to attempting to dispel one spell targeting the

creature or object.

against any spell that you have cast.

Counterspell: This functions as dispel magic, but you receive a +4 bonus on your dispel check to counter the other spellcaster's spell.

Displacement

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, M (a small loop of leather)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

location and negates the miss chance.

Disrupt Undead

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect ray

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You direct a ray of positive energy. You must make a ranged touch attack to hit, and if the ray hits an undead creature, it deals 1d6 points of damage to it.

Disrupting Weapon

School transmutation; Level cleric 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Targets one melee weapon

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); see text; Components V, S, DF

Spell Resistance yes (harmless, object)

You may choose to automatically succeed on dispel checks This spell makes a melee weapon deadly to undead. Any undead creature with HD equal to or less than your caster level must succeed on a Will save or be destroyed utterly if struck in combat with this weapon. Spell resistance does not apply against the destruction effect.

Divination

School divination; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (incense and an appropriate offering worth 25 gp)

Range personal

Target you

Duration instantaneous

Similar to augury but more powerful, a divination spell can provide you with a useful piece of advice in reply to a The subject of this spell appears to be about 2 feet away from question concerning a specific goal, event, or activity that is its true location. The creature benefits from a 50% miss to occur within 1 week. The advice granted by the spell can chance as if it had total concealment. Unlike actual total be as simple as a short phrase, or it might take the form of a concealment, displacement does not prevent enemies from cryptic rhyme or omen. If your party doesn't act on the targeting the creature normally. True seeing reveals its true information, the conditions may change so that the information is no longer useful. The base chance for a correct divination is 70% + 1% per caster level, to a maximum of 90%. If the die roll fails, you know the spell failed, unless specific magic yielding false information is at work.

> As with augury, multiple divinations about the same topic by the same caster use the same dice result as the first divination spell and yield the same answer each time.

Divine Favor

School evocation; **Level** cleric 1, paladin 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 minute

Calling upon the strength and wisdom of a deity, you gain a +1 luck bonus on attack and weapon damage rolls for every three caster levels you have (at least +1, maximum +3). The bonus doesn't apply to spell damage.

Divine Power

School evocation; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 round/level

Calling upon the divine power of your patron, you imbue Casting Time 1 round yourself with strength and skill in combat. You gain a +1 luck bonus on attack rolls, weapon damage rolls, Strength checks, and Strength-based skill checks for every three caster Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) levels you have (maximum +6). You also gain 1 temporary hit point per caster level. Whenever you make a full-attack action, you can make an additional attack at your full base Duration 1 day/level attack bonus, plus any appropriate modifiers. This additional attack is not cumulative with similar effects, such as haste or weapons with the speed special ability.

Dominate Animal

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level If you and the subject have a common language, you can druid 3

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one animal

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

direct it with simple commands such as "Attack," "Run," and than the dominated animal) are simply ignored.

the subject creature. The animal can be directed by silent mental command as long as it remains in range. You need not see the creature to control it. You do not receive direct sensory input from the creature, but you know what it is experiencing. Because you are directing the animal with your own intelligence, it may be able to undertake actions normally beyond its own comprehension. You need not concentrate exclusively on controlling the creature unless you are trying to direct it to do something it normally Subjects resist this control, and any subject forced to take couldn't do. Changing your instructions or giving redirecting a spell, so it is a move action.

Dominate Monster

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level If you don't spend at least 1 round concentrating on the spell sorcerer/wizard 9

Target one creature

This spell functions like dominate person, except that the spell is not restricted by creature type.

Dominate Person

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 5

Components V, S

Target one humanoid

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You can control the actions of any humanoid creature through a telepathic link that you establish with the subject's

generally force the subject to perform as you desire, within the limits of its abilities. If no common language exists, you can communicate only basic commands, such as "Come here," "Go there," "Fight," and "Stand still." You know what the subject is experiencing, but you do not receive direct sensory input from it, nor can it communicate with you telepathically.

Once you have given a dominated creature a command, it continues to attempt to carry out that command to the exclusion of all other activities except those necessary for This spell allows you to enchant the targeted animal and day-to-day survival (such as sleeping, eating, and so forth). Because of this limited range of activity, a Sense Motive "Fetch." Suicidal or self-destructive commands (including an check against DC 15 (rather than DC 25) can determine that order to attack a creature two or more size categories larger the subject's behavior is being influenced by an enchantment effect (see the Sense Motive skill description).

Dominate animal establishes a mental link between you and Changing your orders or giving a dominated creature a new command is a move action.

> By concentrating fully on the spell (a standard action), you can receive full sensory input as interpreted by the mind of the subject, though it still can't communicate with you. You can't actually see through the subject's eyes, so it's not as good as being there yourself, but you still get a good idea of what's going on.

a actions against its nature receives a new saving throw with a dominated creature a new command is the equivalent of +2 bonus. Obviously self-destructive orders are not carried out. Once control is established, the range at which it can be exercised is unlimited, as long as you and the subject are on the same plane. You need not see the subject to control it.

> each day, the subject receives a new saving throw to throw off the domination.

> Protection from evil or a similar spell can prevent you from exercising control or using the telepathic link while the

subject is so warded, but such an effect does not automatically dispel it.

Doom

School necromancy [fear, mind-affecting]; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one living creature

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell fills a single subject with a feeling of horrible dread that causes it to become shaken.

Dream

School illusion (phantasm) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S

Range unlimited

Target one living creature touched

Duration see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You, or a messenger you touch, send a message to others in the form of a dream. At the beginning of the spell, you must name the recipient or identify him or her by some title that leaves no doubt as to identity. The messenger then enters a trance, appears in the intended recipient's dream, and delivers the message. The message can be of any length, and the recipient remembers it perfectly upon waking. The This spell functions like eagle's splendor, except that it communication is one-way. The recipient cannot ask questions or offer information, nor can the messenger gain any information by observing the dreams of the recipient.

Once the message is delivered, the messenger's mind returns School evocation [earth]; Level cleric 8, druid 8 instantly to its body. The duration of the spell is the time required for the messenger to enter the recipient's dream and deliver the message.

If the recipient is awake when the spell begins, the Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level) messenger can choose to wake up (ending the spell) or remain in the trance. The messenger can remain in the trance until the recipient goes to sleep, then enter the recipient's **Duration** 1 round dream and deliver the message as normal. A messenger that is disturbed during the trance comes awake, ending the spell.

Creatures who don't sleep or don't dream cannot be contacted by this spell.

The messenger is unaware of its own surroundings or of the activities around it while in the trance. It is defenseless both physically and mentally (always failing any saving throw) while in the trance.

Eagle's Splendor

School transmutation; Level bard 2, cleric 2, paladin 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (feathers or droppings from an eagle)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes

The transmuted creature becomes more poised, articulate, and personally forceful. The spell grants a +4 enhancement bonus to Charisma, adding the usual benefits to Charismabased skill checks and other uses of the Charisma modifier. Bards, paladins, and sorcerers (and other spellcasters who rely on Charisma) affected by this spell do not gain any additional bonus spells for the increased Charisma, but the save DCs for spells they cast while under this spell's effect do increase.

Eagle's Splendor, Mass

School transmutation; Level bard 6, cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target One creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

affects multiple creatures.

Earthquake

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Area 80-ft.-radius spread (S)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

When you cast earthquake, an intense but highly localized tremor rips the ground. The powerful shockwave created by this spell knocks creatures down, collapses structures, opens

cracks in the ground, and more. The effect lasts for 1 round, Casting Time 1 standard action during which time creatures on the ground can't move or attack. A spellcaster on the ground must make a Concentration check (DC 20 + spell level) or lose any spell **Range** personal he or she tries to cast. The earthquake affects all terrain, vegetation, structures, and creatures in the area. The specific effect of an earthquake spell depends on the nature of the Duration 1 min/level (D) terrain where it is cast.

points of damage to any creature caught under the cave-in depend upon the type of elemental into which you change. (Reflex DC 15 half) and pinning that creature beneath the Elemental abilities based on size, such as burn, vortex, and rubble (see below). An earthquake cast on the roof of a very whirlwind, use the size of the elemental you transform into to large cavern could also endanger those outside the actual determine their effect. area but below the falling debris and rubble.

landslide that travels horizontally as far as it falls vertically. +2 natural armor bonus. You also gain fly 60 feet (perfect), Any creature in the path takes 8d6 points of bludgeoning darkvision 60 feet, and the ability to create a whirlwind. damage (Reflex DC 15 half) and is pinned beneath the rubble (see below).

a DC 15 Reflex save or fall down. Fissures open in the earth, and every creature on the ground has a 25% chance to fall into one (Reflex DC 20 to avoid a fissure). The fissures are 40 feet deep. At the end of the spell, all fissures grind shut. Treat all trapped creatures as if they were in the bury zone of an avalanche, trapped without air (see Environment for more details).

Structure: Any structure standing on open ground takes 100 points of damage, enough to collapse a typical wooden or masonry building, but not a structure built of stone or reinforced masonry. Hardness does not reduce this damage, nor is it halved as damage dealt to objects normally is. Any creature caught inside a collapsing structure takes 8d6 points of bludgeoning damage (Reflex DC 15 half) and is pinned School transmutation (polymorph); Level sorcerer/wizard 5 beneath the rubble (see below).

draining away the water from that area and forming muddy ground. Soggy marsh or swampland becomes quicksand for the duration of the spell, sucking down creatures and structures. Each creature in the area must make a DC 15 Air elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +4 Reflex save or sink down in the mud and quicksand. At the end of the spell, the rest of the body of water rushes in to Earth elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a replace the drained water, possibly drowning those caught in +4 size bonus to your Strength and a +5 natural armor bonus. the mud.

takes 1d6 points of nonlethal damage per minute while pinned. If a pinned character falls unconscious, he or she must make a DC 15 Constitution check or take 1d6 points of lethal damage each minute thereafter until freed or dead.

Elemental Body I

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 4

Components V, S, M (the element you plan to assume)

Target you

When you cast this spell, you can assume the form of a Small Cave, Cavern, or Tunnel: The roof collapses, dealing 8d6 air, earth, fire, or water elemental. The abilities you gain

Air elemental: If the form you take is that of a Small air Cliffs: Earthquake causes a cliff to crumble, creating a elemental, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Dexterity and a

Earth elemental: If the form you take is that of a Small earth elemental, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Strength and a Open Ground: Each creature standing in the area must make +4 natural armor bonus. You also gain darkvision 60 feet, the push ability, and the ability to earth glide.

> Fire elemental: If the form you take is that of a Small fire elemental, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Dexterity and a +2 natural armor bonus. You gain darkvision 60 feet, resist fire 20, vulnerability to cold, and the burn ability.

> Water elemental: If the form you take is that of a Small water elemental, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Constitution and a +4 natural armor bonus. You also gain swim 60 feet, darkvision 60 feet, the ability to create a vortex, and the ability to breathe water.

Elemental Body II

This spell functions as *elemental body I*, except that it also River, Lake, or Marsh: Fissures open under the water, allows you to assume the form of a Medium air, earth, fire, or water elemental. The abilities you gain depend upon the elemental.

size bonus to your Dexterity and a +3 natural armor bonus.

Fire elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a Pinned Beneath Rubble: Any creature pinned beneath rubble +4 size bonus to your Dexterity and a +3 natural armor

> Water elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +4 size bonus to your Constitution and a +5 natural armor bonus.

Elemental Body III

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

This spell functions as elemental body II, except that it also allows you to assume the form of a Large air, earth, fire, or Effect two or more summoned creatures, no two of which water elemental. The abilities you gain depend upon the type can be more than 30 ft. apart of elemental into which you change. You are also immune to critical hits and sneak attacks while in elemental form.

Air elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +2 size bonus to your Strength, +4 size bonus to your Dexterity, and a +4 natural armor bonus.

Earth elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +6 size bonus to your Strength, a -2 penalty on your Dexterity, a +2 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +6 When the spell is complete, 2d4 Large elementals appear. natural armor bonus.

Fire elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +4 size bonus to your Dexterity, a +2 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +4 natural armor bonus.

Water elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +2 size bonus to your Strength, a -2 penalty on your Dexterity, a +6 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +6 natural armor bonus.

Elemental Body IV

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions as elemental body III, except that it also allows you to assume the form of a Huge air, earth, fire, or water elemental. The abilities you gain depend upon the type of elemental into which you change. You are also immune to critical hits and sneak attacks while in elemental form and Casting Time 1 standard action gain DR 5/-...

Air elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +4 size bonus to your Strength, +6 size bonus to your Dexterity, and a +4 natural armor bonus. You also gain fly 120 feet Target creature touched (perfect).

Earth elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +8 size bonus to your Strength, a -2 penalty on your Dexterity, a +4 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +6 natural armor bonus.

Fire elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +6 size bonus to your Dexterity, a +4 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +4 natural armor bonus.

Water elemental: As elemental body I except that you gain a +4 size bonus to your Strength, a -2 penalty on your Dexterity, a +8 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +6 natural armor bonus. You also gain swim 120 feet.

Elemental Swarm

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 9

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell opens a portal to an Elemental Plane and summons elementals from it. A druid can choose any plane (Air, Earth, Fire, or Water); a cleric opens a portal to the plane matching his domain.

Ten minutes later, 1d4 Huge elementals appear. Ten minutes after that, one greater elemental appears. Each elemental has maximum hit points per HD. Once these creatures appear, they serve you for the duration of the spell.

The elementals obey you explicitly and never attack you, even if someone else manages to gain control over them. You do not need to concentrate to maintain control over the elementals. You can dismiss them singly or in groups at any time.

When you use a summoning spell to summon an air, earth, fire, or water creature, it is a spell of that type.

Endure Elements

School abjuration; Level cleric 1, druid 1, paladin 1, ranger 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Components V, S

Range touch

Duration 24 hours

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

A creature protected by endure elements suffers no harm from being in a hot or cold environment. It can exist comfortably in conditions between -50 and 140 degrees Fahrenheit without having to make Fortitude saves. The creature's equipment is likewise protected.

Endure elements doesn't provide any protection from fire or cold damage, nor does it protect against other environmental hazards such as smoke, lack of air, and so forth.

Energy Drain

School necromancy; Level cleric 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; see text for *enervation*

This spell functions like *enervation*, except that the creature struck gains 2d4 temporary negative levels. Twenty-four hours after gaining them, the subject must make a Fortitude If insufficient room is available for the desired growth, the negative level. If the save succeeds, that negative level is removed. If it fails, that negative level becomes permanent.

An undead creature struck by the ray gains $2d4 \times 5$ temporary hit points for 1 hour.

Enervation

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect ray of negative energy

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You point your finger and fire a black ray of negative energy that suppresses the life force of any living creature it strikes. You must make a ranged touch attack to hit. If you hit, the Enlarge Person, Mass subject gains 1d4 temporary negative levels (see Special Abilities). Negative levels stack.

number of hours equal to your caster level (maximum 15 hours). Usually, negative levels have a chance of becoming permanent, but the negative levels from enervation don't last long enough to do so.

An undead creature struck by the ray gains $1d4 \times 5$ temporary hit points for 1 hour.

Enlarge Person

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, M (powdered iron)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one humanoid creature

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

penalty on attack rolls and AC due to its increased size.

A humanoid creature whose size increases to Large has a space of 10 feet and a natural reach of 10 feet. This spell does not change the target's speed.

saving throw (DC = energy drain spell's save DC) for each creature attains the maximum possible size and may make a Strength check (using its increased Strength) to burst any enclosures in the process. If it fails, it is constrained without harm by the materials enclosing it—the spell cannot be used to crush a creature by increasing its size.

> All equipment worn or carried by a creature is similarly enlarged by the spell. Melee weapons affected by this spell deal more damage (see Table: Tiny and Large Weapon Damage). Other magical properties are not affected by this spell. Any enlarged item that leaves an enlarged creature's possession (including a projectile or thrown weapon) instantly returns to its normal size. This means that thrown and projectile weapons deal their normal damage. Magical properties of enlarged items are not increased by this spell.

Multiple magical effects that increase size do not stack.

Enlarge person counters and dispels reduce person.

Enlarge person can be made permanent with a permanency

School transmutation; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 4

Assuming the subject survives, it regains lost levels after a Target One humanoid creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

> This spell functions like enlarge person, except that it affects multiple creatures.

Entangle

School transmutation; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area plants in a 40-ft.-radius spread

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw: Reflex partial; see text; Spell Resistance: no

This spell causes tall grass, weeds, and other plants to wrap around foes in the area of effect or those that enter the area. Creatures that fail their save gain the entangled condition. This spell causes instant growth of a humanoid creature, Creatures that make their save can move as normal, but those doubling its height and multiplying its weight by 8. This that remain in the area must save again at the end of your increase changes the creature's size category to the next turn. Creatures that move into the area must save larger one. The target gains a +2 size bonus to Strength, a -2 immediately. Those that fail must end their movement and size penalty to Dexterity (to a minimum of 1), and a -1 gain the entangled condition. Entangled creatures can attempt to break free as a move action, making a Strength or

DC of the spell. The entire area of effect is considered with a Wisdom score of 16 or higher becomes hostile. difficult terrain while the effect lasts.

If the plants in the area are covered in thorns, those in the area take 1 point of damage each time they fail a save against School abjuration; Level cleric 1 the entangle or fail a check made to break free. Other effects, depending on the local plants, might be possible at GM discretion.

Enthrall

School enchantment (charm) [language dependent, mindaffecting, sonic]; **Level** bard 2, cleric 2

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Targets any number of creatures

Duration 1 hour or less

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

If you have the attention of a group of creatures, you can use this spell to hold them enthralled. To cast the spell, you must speak or sing without interruption for 1 full round. Casting Time 1 standard action Thereafter, those affected give you their undivided attention, ignoring their surroundings. They are considered to have an attitude of friendly while under the effect of the spell. Any Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) potentially affected creature of a race or religion unfriendly to yours gets a +4 bonus on the saving throw.

A target with 4 or more HD or with a Wisdom score of 16 or higher remains aware of its surroundings and has an attitude Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no of indifferent. It gains a new saving throw if it witnesses actions that it opposes.

The effect lasts as long as you speak or sing, to a maximum of 1 hour. Those enthralled by your words take no action become enthralled. The speech ends (but the 1d3-round delay writing is 90%. still applies) if you lose concentration or do anything other than speak or sing.

If those not enthralled have unfriendly or hostile attitudes toward you, they can collectively make a Charisma check to use the Charisma bonus of the creature with the highest instead. Charisma in the group; others may make Charisma checks to assist. The heckling ends the spell if this check result beats your Charisma check result. Only one such challenge is allowed per use of the spell.

If any member of the audience is attacked or subjected to some other overtly hostile act, the spell ends and the previously enthralled members become immediately

Escape Artist check. The DC for this check is equal to the unfriendly toward you. Each creature with 4 or more HD or

Entropic Shield

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

A magical field appears around you, glowing with a chaotic blast of multicolored hues. This field deflects incoming arrows, rays, and other ranged attacks. Each ranged attack directed at you for which the attacker must make an attack roll has a 20% miss chance (similar to the effects of concealment). Other attacks that simply work at a distance are not affected.

Erase

School transmutation; **Level** bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Components V, S

Target one scroll or two pages

Duration instantaneous

Erase removes writings of either magical or mundane nature from a scroll or from one or two pages of paper, parchment, or similar surfaces. With this spell, you can remove explosive runes, a glyph of warding, a sepia snake sigil, or an arcane while you speak or sing and for 1d3 rounds thereafter while mark, but not illusory script or a symbol spell. Nonmagical they discuss the topic or performance. Those entering the writing is automatically erased if you touch it and no one else area during the performance must also successfully save or is holding it. Otherwise, the chance of erasing nonmagical

Magic writing must be touched to be erased, and you also must succeed on a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against DC 15. A natural 1 is always a failure on this check. If you fail to erase explosive runes, a glyph of warding, or a try to end the spell by jeering and heckling. For this check, sepia snake sigil, you accidentally activate that writing

Ethereal Jaunt

School transmutation; **Level** cleric 7, sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

You become ethereal, along with your equipment. For the This spell increases your base land speed by 30 feet. This return to material existence.

An ethereal creature is invisible, insubstantial, and capable of moving in any direction, even up or down, albeit at half normal speed. As an insubstantial creature, you can move through solid objects, including living creatures. An ethereal creature can see and hear on the Material Plane, but School abjuration [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 3 everything looks gray and ephemeral. Sight and hearing onto the Material Plane are limited to 60 feet.

Force effects and abjurations affect an ethereal creature normally. Their effects extend onto the Ethereal Plane from Range touch the Material Plane, but not vice versa. An ethereal creature can't attack material creatures, and spells you cast while ethereal affect only other ethereal things. Certain material creatures or objects have attacks or effects that work on the Ethereal Plane.

Treat other ethereal creatures and ethereal objects as if they were material.

If you end the spell and become material while inside a material object (such as a solid wall), you are shunted off to the nearest open space and take 1d6 points of damage per 5 feet that you so travel.

Etherealness

School transmutation; Level cleric 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Range touch; see text

Targets you and one other touched creature per three levels

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Spell Resistance yes

This spell functions like ethereal jaunt, except that you and Magic traps such as explosive runes are hard to detect and other willing creatures joined by linked hands (along with disable. A character with the trapfinding class feature (only) their equipment) become ethereal. Besides yourself, you can use Disable Device to thwart explosive runes. The DC to bring one creature per three caster levels to the Ethereal Plane. Once ethereal, the subjects need not stay together.

When the spell expires, all affected creatures on the Ethereal Plane return to material existence.

Expeditious Retreat

School transmutation; Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

duration of the spell, you are in the Ethereal Plane, which adjustment is treated as an enhancement bonus. There is no overlaps the Material Plane. When the spell expires, you effect on other modes of movement, such as burrow, climb, fly, or swim. As with any effect that increases your speed, this spell affects your jumping distance (see the Acrobatics

Explosive Runes

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Target one touched object weighing no more than 10 lbs.

Duration permanent until discharged (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes

You trace mystic runes upon a book, map, scroll, or similar object bearing written information. The explosive runes detonate when read, dealing 6d6 points of force damage. Anyone next to the explosive runes (close enough to read them) takes the full damage with no saving throw; any other creature within 10 feet of the explosive runes is entitled to a Reflex save for half damage. The object on which the explosive runes were written also takes full damage (no saving throw).

You and any characters you specifically instruct can read the protected writing without triggering the explosive runes. Likewise, you can remove the explosive runes whenever desired. Another creature can remove them with a successful dispel magic or erase spell, but attempting to dispel or erase the explosive runes and failing to do so triggers the explosion.

find magic traps using Perception and to disable them is 25 + spell level, or 28 for explosive runes.

Evebite

School necromancy; Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw: Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance: yes

Each round, you can target a single living creature, striking it with waves of power. Depending on the target's HD, this attack has as many as three effects.

HD	Effect
10 or more	Sickened
5–9	Panicked, sickened
4 or less	Comatose, panicked, sickened

The effects are cumulative and concurrent.

Sickened: Sudden pain and fever sweeps over the subject's body. A creature affected by this spell remains sickened for 10 minutes per caster level. The effects cannot be negated by A pale glow surrounds and outlines the subjects. Outlined a remove disease or heal spell, but a remove curse is subjects shed light as candles. Creatures outlined by faerie effective.

Panicked: The subject becomes panicked for 1d4 rounds. Even after the panic ends, the creature remains shaken for 10 minutes per caster level, and it automatically becomes panicked again if it comes within sight of you during that time. This is a fear effect.

Comatose: The subject falls into a catatonic coma for 10 awakened by any means short of dispelling the effect. This is thus outlined. not a *sleep* effect, and thus elves are not immune to it.

You must spend a swift action each round after the first to target a foe.

Fabricate

School transmutation; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time see text

Components V, S, M (the original material, which costs the same amount as the raw materials required to craft the item Duration 1 hour/level or until discharged; see text to be created)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target up to 10 cu. ft./level; see text

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You convert material of one sort into a product that is of the same material. Creatures or magic items cannot be created or transmuted by the fabricate spell. The quality of items made by this spell is commensurate with the quality of material used as the basis for the new fabrication. If you work with a mineral, the target is reduced to 1 cubic foot per level instead of 10 cubic feet.

You must make an appropriate Craft check to fabricate Duration 1 hour/level (D)

articles requiring a high degree of craftsmanship.

Casting requires 1 round per 10 cubic feet of material to be affected by the spell.

Faerie Fire

School evocation [light]; Level druid 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area creatures and objects within a 5-ft.-radius burst

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

fire take a -20 penalty on all Stealth checks. Outlined creatures do not benefit from the concealment normally provided by darkness (though a 2nd-level or higher magical darkness effect functions normally), blur, displacement, invisibility, or similar effects. The light is too dim to have any special effect on undead or dark-dwelling creatures vulnerable to light. The faerie fire can be blue, green, or violet, according to your choice at the time of casting. The minutes per caster level. During this time, it cannot be faerie fire does not cause any harm to the objects or creatures

False Life

School necromancy; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a drop of blood)

Range personal

Target you

You harness the power of unlife to grant yourself a limited ability to avoid death. While this spell is in effect, you gain temporary hit points equal to 1d10 + 1 per caster level (maximum +10).

False Vision

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (crushed jade worth 250 gp)

Range touch

Area 40-ft.-radius emanation

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell creates a subtle illusion, causing any divination (scrying) spell used to view anything within the area of this spell to instead receive a false image (as the major image Feather fall works only upon free-falling objects. It does not spell), as defined by you at the time of casting. As long as the duration lasts, you can concentrate to change the image as desired. While you aren't concentrating, the image remains static.

Fear

School necromancy [fear, mind-affecting]; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (the heart of a hen or a white feather)

Range 30 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration 1 round/level or 1 round; see text

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

area to become panicked unless it succeeds on a Will save. If communicate coherently. Still, it knows who its friends are cornered, a panicked creature begins cowering. If the Will and can follow them and even protect them. The subject save succeeds, the creature is shaken for 1 round.

Feather Fall

School transmutation; Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 immediate action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one Medium or smaller freefalling object or creature/level, no two of which may be more than 20 ft. apart

Duration until landing or 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless) or Will negates (object); **Spell Resistance** yes (object)

The affected creatures or objects fall slowly. Feather fall instantly changes the rate at which the targets fall to a mere 60 feet per round (equivalent to the end of a fall from a few The recipient of this spell can find the shortest, most direct normal rate of falling resumes.

The spell affects one or more Medium or smaller creatures (including gear and carried objects up to each creature's maximum load) or objects, or the equivalent in larger creatures: a Large creature or object counts as two Medium creatures or objects, a Huge creature or object counts as four Medium creatures or objects, and so forth.

This spell has no special effect on ranged weapons unless

they are falling quite a distance. If the spell is cast on a falling item, the object does half normal damage based on its weight, with no bonus for the height of the drop.

affect a sword blow or a charging or flying creature.

Feeblemind

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a handful of clay, crystal, or glass spheres)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

Target creature's Intelligence and Charisma scores each drop to 1. The affected creature is unable to use Intelligence- or An invisible cone of terror causes each living creature in the Charisma-based skills, cast spells, understand language, or remains in this state until a heal, limited wish, miracle, or wish spell is used to cancel the effect of the feeblemind. A creature that can cast arcane spells, such as a sorcerer or a wizard, takes a –4 penalty on its saving throw.

Find the Path

School divination; **Level** bard 6, cleric 6, druid 6

Casting Time 3 rounds

Components V, S, F (a set of divination counters)

Range personal or touch

Target you or creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none or Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance no or yes (harmless)

feet), and the subjects take no damage upon landing while physical route to a prominent specified destination, such as a the spell is in effect. When the spell duration expires, a city, keep, lake, or dungeon. The locale can be outdoors or underground, as long as it is prominent. For example, a hunter's cabin is not prominent enough, but a logging camp is. Find the path works with respect to locations, not objects or creatures at a locale. The location must be on the same plane as the subject at the time of casting.

> The spell enables the subject to sense the correct direction that will eventually lead it to its destination, indicating at appropriate times the exact path to follow or physical actions

to take. For example, the spell enables the subject to sense **Targets** up to four acorns or up to eight holly berries what cavern corridor to take when a choice presents itself. The spell ends when the destination is reached or the duration expires, whichever comes first. Find the path can be Saving Throw none or Reflex half; see text; Spell used to remove the subject and its companions from the Resistance no effect of a maze spell in a single round, specifying the destination as "outside the maze." This divination is keyed to the recipient, not its companions, and its effect does not predict or allow for the actions of creatures (including guardians) who might take action to oppose the caster as he follows the path revealed by this spell.

Find Traps

School divination; Level cleric 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level

You gain intuitive insight into the workings of traps. You gain an insight bonus equal to 1/2 your caster level (maximum +10) on Perception checks made to find traps while the spell is in effect. You receive a check to notice traps within 10 feet of you, even if you are not actively searching for them. Note that find traps grants no ability to disable the traps that you may find.

Finger of Death

School necromancy [death]; **Level** druid 8, sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; Spell Resistance yes

This spell instantly delivers 10 points of damage per caster Target you level. If the target's Fortitude saving throw succeeds, it instead takes 3d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level. The subject might die from damage even if it succeeds on its This spell wreathes you in flame and causes damage to each saving throw.

Fire Seeds

School conjuration (creation) [fire]; **Level** druid 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (acorns or holly berries)

Range touch

Duration 10 min./level or until used

Depending on the version of fire seeds you choose, you turn acorns into splash weapons that you or another character can throw, or you turn holly berries into bombs that you can detonate on command.

Acorn Grenades: As many as four acorns turn into special thrown splash weapons. An acorn grenade has a range increment of 20 feet. A ranged touch attack roll is required to strike the intended target. Together, the acorns are capable of dealing 1d4 points of fire damage per caster level (maximum 20d4) divided among the acorns as you wish. No acorn can deal more than 10d4 points of damage.

Each acorn grenade explodes upon striking any hard surface. In addition to its regular fire damage, all creatures adjacent to the explosion take 1 point of fire damage per die of the explosion. This explosion of fire ignites any combustible materials adjacent to the target.

Holly Berry Bombs: You turn as many as eight holly berries into special bombs. The holly berries are usually placed by hand, since they are too light to make effective thrown weapons (they can be tossed only 5 feet). If you are within 200 feet and speak a word of command, each berry instantly bursts into flame, causing 1d8 points of fire damage + 1 point per caster level to every creature in a 5-foot-radius burst and igniting any combustible materials within 5 feet. A creature in the area that makes a successful Reflex saving throw takes only half damage.

Fire Shield

School evocation [fire or cold]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (phosphorus for the warm shield; a firefly or glowworm for the chill shield)

Range personal

Duration 1 round/level (D)

creature that attacks you in melee. The flames also protect you from either cold-based or fire-based attacks, depending on if you choose cool or warm flames for your fire shield.

Any creature striking you with its body or a handheld weapon deals normal damage, but at the same time the attacker takes 1d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +15). This damage is either cold damage (if you choose a chill shield) or fire damage (if you choose a warm

effect. Creatures wielding melee weapons with reach are not object that can be opened and closed. subject to this damage if they attack you.

red if the warm shield is employed. The special powers of protected by the trap is not harmed by this explosion. each version are as follows.

half damage from fire-based attacks. If such an attack allows An unsuccessful dispel magic spell does not detonate the a Reflex save for half damage, you take no damage on a spell. Underwater, this ward deals half damage and creates a successful saving throw.

Warm Shield: The flames are warm to the touch. You take You can use the fire-trapped object without discharging it, as only half damage from cold-based attacks. If such an attack can any individual to whom the object was specifically allows a Reflex save for half damage, you take no damage on attuned when cast. Attuning a fire-trapped object to an a successful saving throw.

Fire Storm

School evocation [fire]; Level cleric 8, druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area two 10-ft. cubes per level (S)

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

When a *fire storm* spell is cast, the whole area is shot through with sheets of roaring flame. The raging flames do not harm natural vegetation, ground cover, or any plant creatures in the Area 20-ft.-radius spread area that you wish to exclude from damage. Any other creature within the area takes 1d6 points of fire damage per caster level (maximum 20d6). Creatures that fail their Reflex Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes save catch on fire, taking 4d6 points of fire damage each round until the flames are extinguished. Extinguishing the flames is a full-round action that requires a DC 20 Reflex save.

Fire Trap

School abjuration [fire]; **Level** druid 2, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (gold dust worth 25 gp)

Range touch

Target object touched

Duration permanent until discharged (D)

Saving Throw Reflex half; see text; Spell Resistance yes

Fire trap creates a fiery explosion when an intruder opens

shield). If the attacker has spell resistance, it applies to this the item that the trap protects. A fire trap spell can ward any

When casting *fire trap*, you select a point on the object as the When casting this spell, you appear to immolate yourself, but spell's center. When someone other than you opens the the flames are thin and wispy, increasing the light level object, a fiery explosion fills the area within a 5-foot radius within 10 feet by one step, up to normal light. The color of around the spell's center. The flames deal 1d4 points of fire the flames is blue or green if the chill shield is cast, violet or damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +20). The item

A fire-trapped item cannot have a second closure or warding Chill Shield: The flames are cool to the touch. You take only spell placed on it. A knock spell does not bypass a fire trap. large cloud of steam.

> individual usually involves setting a password that you can share with friends.

> Magic traps such as *fire trap* are hard to detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a *fire trap* and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level (DC 27 for a druid's fire trap or DC 29 for the arcane version).

Fireball

School evocation [fire]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a ball of bat guano and sulfur)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Duration instantaneous

A fireball spell generates a searing explosion of flame that detonates with a low roar and deals 1d6 points of fire damage per caster level (maximum 10d6) to every creature within the area. Unattended objects also take this damage. The explosion creates almost no pressure.

You point your finger and determine the range (distance and height) at which the *fireball* is to burst. A glowing, pea-sized bead streaks from the pointing digit and, unless it impacts upon a material body or solid barrier prior to attaining the prescribed range, blossoms into the fireball at that point. An early impact results in an early detonation. If you attempt to send the bead through a narrow passage, such as through an arrow slit, you must "hit" the opening with a ranged touch attack, or else the bead strikes the barrier and detonates prematurely.

The *fireball* sets fire to combustibles and damages objects in

the area. It can melt metals with low melting points, such as Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) lead, gold, copper, silver, and bronze. If the damage caused to an interposing barrier shatters or breaks through it, the fireball may continue beyond the barrier if the area permits; **Duration** instantaneous otherwise it stops at the barrier just as any other spell effect does.

Flame Arrow

School transmutation [fire]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a drop of oil and a small piece of flint)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target fifty projectiles, all of which must be together at the time of casting

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell allows you to turn ammunition (such as arrows, crossbow bolts, shuriken, and sling stones) into fiery projectiles. Each piece of ammunition deals an extra 1d6 points of fire damage to any target it hits. A flaming projectile can easily ignite a flammable object or structure, A burning globe of fire rolls in whichever direction you point but it won't ignite a creature it strikes.

Flame Blade

School evocation [fire]; **Level** druid 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 0 ft.

Effect sword-like beam

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

A 3-foot-long, blazing beam of red-hot fire springs forth from your hand. You wield this blade-like beam as if it were a scimitar. Attacks with the flame blade are melee touch attacks. The blade deals 1d8 points of fire damage + 1 point per two caster levels (maximum +10). Since the blade is damage. A flame blade can ignite combustible materials such sorcerer/wizard 0 as parchment, straw, dry sticks, and cloth.

Flame Strike

School evocation [fire]; Level cleric 5, druid 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Area cylinder (10-ft. radius, 40-ft. high)

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

A flame strike evokes a vertical column of divine fire. The spell deals 1d6 points of damage per caster level (maximum 15d6). Half the damage is fire damage, but the other half results directly from divine power and is therefore not subject to being reduced by resistance to fire-based attacks.

Flaming Sphere

School evocation [fire]; **Level** druid 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (tallow, brimstone, and powdered

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect 5-ft.-diameter sphere

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Reflex negates; **Spell Resistance** yes

and burns those it strikes. It moves 30 feet per round. As part of this movement, it can ascend or jump up to 30 feet to strike a target. If it enters a space with a creature, it stops moving for the round and deals 3d6 points of fire damage to that creature, though a successful Reflex save negates that damage. A flaming sphere rolls over barriers less than 4 feet tall. It ignites flammable substances it touches and illuminates the same area as a torch would.

The sphere moves as long as you actively direct it (a move action for you); otherwise, it merely stays at rest and burns. It can be extinguished by any means that would put out a normal fire of its size. The surface of the sphere has a spongy, yielding consistency and so does not cause damage except by its flame. It cannot push aside unwilling creatures or batter down large obstacles. A flaming sphere winks out if it exceeds the spell's range.

Flare

immaterial, your Strength modifier does not apply to the School evocation [light]; Level bard 0, druid 0,

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect burst of light

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

This cantrip creates a burst of light. If you cause the light to burst in front of a single creature, that creature is dazzled for 1 minute unless it makes a successful Fortitude save. Sightless creatures, as well as creatures already dazzled, are not affected by *flare*.

Flesh to Stone

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (lime, water, and earth)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

The subject, along with all its carried gear, turns into a mindless, inert statue. If the statue resulting from this spell is original state) has similar damage or deformities. The caster level. creature is not dead, but it does not seem to be alive either when viewed with spells such as deathwatch.

Only creatures made of flesh are affected by this spell.

Floating Disk

School evocation [force]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a drop of mercury)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect 3-ft.-diameter disk of force

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create a slightly concave, circular plane of force that Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft. level) follows you about and carries loads for you. The disk is 3 feet in diameter and 1 inch deep at its center. It can hold 100 pounds of weight per caster level. If used to transport a Duration 10 min./level liquid, its capacity is 2 gallons. The disk floats approximately 3 feet above the ground at all times and remains level. It floats along horizontally within spell range and will A bank of fog billows out from the point you designate. The accompany you at a rate of no more than your normal speed fog obscures all sight, including darkvision, beyond 5 feet. A each round. If not otherwise directed, it maintains a constant creature within 5 feet has concealment (attacks have a 20% interval of 5 feet between itself and you. The disk winks out miss chance). Creatures farther away have total concealment of existence when the spell duration expires. The disk also (50% miss chance, and the attacker can't use sight to locate winks out if you move beyond its range or try to take the disk the target). more than 3 feet away from the surface beneath it. When the disk winks out, whatever it was supporting falls to the surface beneath it.

Fly

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a wing feather)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

The subject can fly at a speed of 60 feet (or 40 feet if it wears medium or heavy armor, or if it carries a medium or heavy load). It can ascend at half speed and descend at double speed, and its maneuverability is good. Using a fly spell requires only as much concentration as walking, so the subject can attack or cast spells normally. The subject of a fly spell can charge but not run, and it cannot carry aloft more weight than its maximum load, plus any armor it wears. The broken or damaged, the subject (if ever returned to its subject gains a bonus on Fly skill checks equal to 1/2 your

> Should the spell duration expire while the subject is still aloft, the magic fails slowly. The subject floats downward 60 feet per round for 1d6 rounds. If it reaches the ground in that amount of time, it lands safely. If not, it falls the rest of the distance, taking 1d6 points of damage per 10 feet of fall. Since dispelling a spell effectively ends it, the subject also descends safely in this way if the fly spell is dispelled, but not if it is negated by an antimagic field.

Fog Cloud

School conjuration (creation); Level druid 2, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Effect fog spreads in 20-ft. radius, 20 ft. high

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

A moderate wind (11+ mph) disperses the fog in 4 rounds; a strong wind (21+ mph) disperses the fog in 1 round.

The spell does not function underwater.

Forbiddance

School abjuration; Level cleric 6

Casting Time 6 rounds

Components V, S, M (holy water and incense worth 1,500 gp, plus 1,500 gp per 60-foot cube), DF

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area 60-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration permanent

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes

Forbiddance seals an area against all planar travel into or within it. This includes all teleportation spells (such as dimension door and teleport), plane shifting, astral travel, ethereal travel, and all summoning spells. Such effects simply fail automatically.

In addition, it damages entering creatures whose alignments are different from yours. The effect on those attempting to enter the warded area is based on their alignment relative to yours (see below). A creature inside the area when the spell is cast takes no damage unless it exits the area and attempts to reenter, at which time it is affected as normal.

Alignments identical: No effect. The creature may enter the forcecage. area freely (although not by planar travel).

good/evil: The creature takes 6d6 points of damage. A applies.

Alignments different with respect to both law/chaos and good/evil: The creature takes 12d6 points of damage. A successful Will save halves the damage, and spell resistance applies.

At your option, the abjuration can include a password, in which case creatures of alignments different from yours can avoid the damage by speaking the password as they enter the area. You must select this option (and the password) at the time of casting. Adding a password requires the burning of Forceful Hand additional rare incenses worth at least 1,000 gp, plus 1,000 gp per 60-foot cube.

dispeller's level is at least as high as your caster level.

You can't have multiple overlapping forbiddance effects. In such a case, the more recent effect stops at the boundary of the older effect.

Forcecage

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (ruby dust worth 500 gp)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area barred cage (20-ft. cube) or windowless cell (10-ft. cube)

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw Reflex negates; Spell Resistance no

This spell creates an immobile, invisible cubical prison composed of either bars of force or solid walls of force (your choice).

Creatures within the area are caught and contained unless they are too big to fit inside, in which case the spell automatically fails. Teleportation and other forms of astral travel provide a means of escape, but the force walls or bars extend into the Ethereal Plane, blocking ethereal travel.

Like a wall of force, a forcecage resists dispel magic, although a mage's disjunction still functions. The walls of a forcecage can be damaged by spells as normal, except for disintegrate, which automatically destroys it. The walls of a forcecage can be damaged by weapons and supernatural abilities, but they have a Hardness of 30 and a number of hit points equal to 20 per caster level. Contact with a sphere of annihilation or rod of cancellation instantly destroys a

Barred Cage: This version of the spell produces a 20-foot Alignments different with respect to either law/chaos or cube made of bands of force (similar to a wall of force spell) for bars. The bands are a half-inch wide, with half-inch gaps successful Will save halves the damage, and spell resistance between them. Any creature capable of passing through such a small space can escape; others are confined within the barred cage. You can't attack a creature in a barred cage with a weapon unless the weapon can fit between the gaps. Even against such weapons (including arrows and similar ranged attacks), a creature in the barred cage has cover. All spells and breath weapons can pass through the gaps in the bars.

> Windowless Cell: This version of the spell produces a 10-foot cube with no way in and no way out. Solid walls of force form its six sides.

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Dispel magic does not dispel a forbiddance effect unless the This spell functions as interposing hand, except that it can also pursue and bull rush one opponent you select. The forceful hand gets one bull rush attack per round. This attack does not provoke an attack of opportunity. Its CMB for bull rush checks uses your caster level in place of its base attack bonus, with a +8 bonus for its Strength score (27), and a +1 bonus for being Large. The hand always moves with the opponent to push them back as far as possible. It has no movement limit for this purpose. Directing the spell to a new

from moving closer to you without first succeeding on a bull two wing attacks (1d4). Your breath weapon and resistance rush attack, moving both the forceful hand and the target depend on the type of dragon. You can only use the breath closer to you. The forceful hand can instead be directed to weapon once per casting of this spell. All breath weapons interpose itself, as interposing hand does.

Foresight

School divination: **Level** druid 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a hummingbird's feather)

Range personal or touch

Target see text

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none or Will negates (harmless); Spell **Resistance** no or yes (harmless)

This spell grants you a powerful sixth sense in relation to yourself or another. Once foresight is cast, you receive instantaneous warnings of impending danger or harm to the subject of the spell. You are never surprised or flat-footed. In addition, the spell gives you a general idea of what action you might take to best protect yourself and gives you a +2 insight bonus to AC and on Reflex saves. This insight bonus Copper dragon: 60-foot line of acid, resist acid 20, spider is lost whenever you would lose a Dexterity bonus to AC.

When another creature is the subject of the spell, you receive warnings about that creature. You must communicate what you learn to the other creature for the warning to be useful, and the creature can be caught unprepared in the absence of such a warning. Shouting a warning, yanking a person back, and even telepathically communicating (via an appropriate spell) can all be accomplished before some danger befalls the **School** transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7 subject, provided you act on the warning without delay. The subject, however, does not gain the insight bonus to AC and Reflex saves.

Form of the Dragon I

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a scale of the dragon type you plan to assume)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Save see below; SR no

You become a Medium chromatic or metallic dragon. You gain a +4 size bonus to Strength, a +2 size bonus to Constitution, a +4 natural armor bonus, fly 60 feet (poor), darkvision 60 feet, a breath weapon, and resistance to one

target is a move action. Forceful hand prevents the opponent element. You also gain one bite (1d8), two claws (1d6), and deal 6d8 points of damage and allow a Reflex save for half damage. In addition, some of the dragon types grant additional abilities, as noted below.

Black dragon: 60-foot line of acid, resist acid 20, swim 60

Blue dragon: 60-foot line of electricity, resist electricity 20, burrow 20 feet

Green dragon: 30-foot cone of acid, resist acid 20, swim 40

Red dragon: 30-foot cone of fire, resist fire 30, vulnerability

White dragon: 30-foot cone of cold, resist cold 20, swim 60 feet, vulnerability to fire

Brass dragon: 60-foot line of fire, resist fire 20, burrow 30 feet, vulnerability to cold

Bronze dragon: 60-foot line of electricity, resist electricity 20, swim 60 feet

climb (always active)

Gold dragon: 30-foot cone of fire, resist fire 20, swim 60 feet

Silver dragon: 30-foot cone of cold, resist cold 30, vulnerability to fire

Form of the Dragon II

This spell functions as form of the dragon I except that it also allows you to assume the form of a Large chromatic or metallic dragon. You gain the following abilities: a +6 size bonus to Strength, a +4 size bonus to Constitution, a +6 natural armor bonus, fly 90 feet (poor), darkvision 60 feet, a breath weapon, DR 5/magic, and resistance to one element. You also gain one bite (2d6), two claws (1d8), two wing attacks (1d6), and one tail slap attack (1d8). You can only use the breath weapon twice per casting of this spell, and you must wait 1d4 rounds between uses. All breath weapons deal 8d8 points of damage and allow a Reflex save for half damage. Line breath weapons increase to 80-foot lines and cones increase to 40-foot cones.

Form of the Dragon III

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

This spell functions as form of the dragon II save that it also allows you to take the form of a Huge chromatic or metallic dragon. You gain the following abilities: a +10 size bonus to

bonus, fly 120 feet (poor), blindsense 60 feet, darkvision 120 feet, a breath weapon, DR 10/magic, frightful presence (DC equal to the DC for this spell), and immunity to one element (of the same type form of the dragon I grants resistance to). You also gain one bite (2d8), two claws (2d6), two wing attacks (1d8), and one tail slap attack (2d6). You can use the breath weapon as often as you like, but you must wait 1d4 rounds between uses. All breath weapons deal 12d8 points of damage and allow a Reflex save for half damage. Line breath weapons increase to 100-foot lines and cones increase to 50foot cones.

Fox's Cunning

School transmutation; Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (hairs or dung from a fox)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance This spell enables you or a creature you touch to move and

The target becomes smarter. The spell grants a +4 enhancement bonus to Intelligence, adding the usual benefits to Intelligence-based skill checks and other uses of the Intelligence modifier. Wizards (and other spellcasters who rely on Intelligence) affected by this spell do not gain any additional bonus spells for the increased Intelligence, but the save DCs for spells they cast while under this spell's effect The spell also allows the subject to move and attack do increase. This spell doesn't grant extra skill ranks.

Fox's Cunning, Mass

School transmutation; Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like fox's cunning, except that it affects Casting Time 1 standard action multiple creatures.

Freedom

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) or see text

Target one creature

Duration instantaneous

Strength, a +8 size bonus to Constitution, a +8 natural armor Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance

The subject is freed from spells and effects that restrict movement, including binding, entangle, imprisonment, maze, paralysis, petrification, pinning, sleep, slow, stunning, temporal stasis, and web. To free a creature from imprisonment or maze, you must know its name and background, and you must cast this spell at the spot where it was entombed or banished into the maze.

Freedom of Movement

School abjuration; Level bard 4, cleric 4, druid 4, ranger 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a leather strip bound to the target), DF

Range personal or touch

Target you or creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

attack normally for the duration of the spell, even under the influence of magic that usually impedes movement, such as paralysis, solid fog, slow, and web. All combat maneuver checks made to grapple the target automatically fail. The subject automatically succeeds on any combat maneuver checks and Escape Artist checks made to escape a grapple or

normally while underwater, even with slashing weapons such as axes and swords or with bludgeoning weapons such as flails, hammers, and maces, provided that the weapon is wielded in the hand rather than hurled. The freedom of movement spell does not, however, grant water breathing.

Freezing Sphere

School evocation [cold]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

Components V, S, F (a small crystal sphere)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Target, Effect, or Area see text

Duration instantaneous or 1 round/level; see text

Saving Throw Reflex half; see text; Spell Resistance yes

Freezing sphere creates a frigid globe of cold energy that streaks from your fingertips to the location you select, where it explodes in a 40-foot-radius burst, dealing 1d6 points of cold damage per caster level (maximum 15d6) to each

creature in the area. A creature of the water subtype instead takes 1d8 points of cold damage per caster level (maximum 15d8) and is staggered for 1d4 rounds.

If the *freezing sphere* strikes a body of water or a liquid that is principally water (not including water-based creatures), it freezes the liquid to a depth of 6 inches in a 40-foot radius. This ice lasts for 1 round per caster level. Creatures that were swimming on the surface of a targeted body of water become Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) trapped in the ice. Attempting to break free is a full-round action. A trapped creature must make a DC 25 Strength check or a DC 25 Escape Artist check to do so.

You can refrain from firing the globe after completing the spell, if you wish. Treat this as a touch spell for which you Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no are holding the charge. You can hold the charge for as long as 1 round per level, at the end of which time the freezing sphere bursts centered on you (and you receive no saving throw to resist its effect). Firing the globe in a later round is a standard action.

Gaseous Form

School transmutation; **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components S, M/DF (a bit of gauze and a wisp of smoke)

Range touch

Target willing corporeal creature touched

Duration 2 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

The subject and all its gear become insubstantial, misty, and translucent. Its material armor (including natural armor) becomes worthless, though its size, Dexterity, deflection bonuses, and armor bonuses from force effects still apply. The subject gains DR 10/magic and becomes immune to poison, sneak attacks, and critical hits. It can't attack or cast spells with verbal, somatic, material, or focus components while in gaseous form. This does not rule out the use of certain spells that the subject may have prepared using the feats Silent Spell, Still Spell, and Eschew Materials. The You may hold the gate open only for a brief time (no more subject also loses supernatural abilities while in gaseous than 1 round per caster level), and you must concentrate on form. If it has a touch spell ready to use, that spell is doing so, or else the interplanar connection is severed. discharged harmlessly when the gaseous form spell takes effect.

active, though in some cases their effects may be moot.

Gate

School conjuration (creation or calling); **Level** cleric 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (see text)

Effect see text

Duration instantaneous or concentration (up 1 round/level); see text

Casting a gate spell has two effects. First, it creates an interdimensional connection between your plane of existence and a plane you specify, allowing travel between those two planes in either direction.

Second, you may then call a particular individual or kind of being through the gate.

The gate itself is a circular hoop or disk from 5 to 20 feet in diameter (caster's choice) oriented in the direction you desire when it comes into existence (typically vertical and facing you). It is a two-dimensional window looking into the plane you specified when casting the spell, and anyone or anything that moves through is shunted instantly to the other side.

A gate has a front and a back. Creatures moving through the gate from the front are transported to the other plane; creatures moving through it from the back are not.

Planar Travel: As a mode of planar travel, a gate spell functions much like a plane shift spell, except that the gate opens precisely at the point you desire (a creation effect). Deities and other beings who rule a planar realm can prevent a gate from opening in their presence or personal demesnes if they so desire. Travelers need not join hands with you anyone who chooses to step through the portal is transported. A gate cannot be opened to another point on the same plane; the spell works only for interplanar travel.

Calling Creatures: The second effect of the gate spell is to call an extraplanar creature to your aid (a calling effect). By A gaseous creature can't run, but it can fly at a speed of 10 naming a particular being or kind of being as you cast the feet and automatically succeeds on all Fly skill checks. It can spell, you cause the gate to open in the immediate vicinity of pass through small holes or narrow openings, even mere the desired creature and pull the subject through, willing or cracks, with all it was wearing or holding in its hands, as unwilling. Deities and unique beings are under no long as the spell persists. The creature is subject to the effects compulsion to come through the gate, although they may of wind, and it can't enter water or other liquid. It also can't choose to do so of their own accord. This use of the spell manipulate objects or activate items, even those carried along creates a gate that remains open just long enough to transport with its gaseous form. Continuously active items remain the called creatures. This use of the spell has a material cost of 10,000 gp in rare incense and offerings. This cost is in

addition to any cost that must be paid to the called creatures.

If you choose to call a kind of creature instead of a known individual, you may call either a single creature or several creatures. In either case, their total HD cannot exceed twice your caster level. In the case of a single creature, you can If the subject is prevented from obeying the lesser geas for control it if its HD does not exceed your caster level. A 24 hours, it takes a -2 penalty to each of its ability scores. creature with more HD than your caster level can't be Each day, another -2 penalty accumulates, up to a total of -8. controlled. Deities and unique beings cannot be controlled in No ability score can be reduced to less than 1 by this effect. any event. An uncontrolled being acts as it pleases, making The ability score penalties are removed 24 hours after the the calling of such creatures rather dangerous. An subject resumes obeying the lesser geas. uncontrolled being may return to its home plane at any time.

service from a called creature, you must offer some fair trade wish. Dispel magic does not affect a lesser geas. in return for that service. The service exacted must be reasonable with respect to the promised favor or reward; see the lesser planar ally spell for appropriate rewards. Some creatures may want their payment in "livestock" rather than in coin, which could involve complications. Immediately upon completion of the service, the being is transported to your vicinity, and you must then and there turn over the promised reward. After this is done, the creature is instantly freed to return to its own plane.

subjected to service by the creature or by its liege and master, at the very least. At worst, the creature or its kin may attack

Note: When you use a calling spell such as *gate* to call an air, chaotic, earth, evil, fire, good, lawful, or water creature, it ability score can be reduced to less than 1 by this effect. The becomes a spell of that type.

Geas, Lesser

School enchantment (compulsion) [language-dependent, mind-affecting]; **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 round

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature with 7 HD or less

Duration 1 day/level or until discharged (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

A lesser geas places a magical command on a creature to carry out some service or to refrain from some action or course of activity, as desired by you. The creature must have Range touch 7 or fewer HD and be able to understand you. While a geas cannot compel a creature to kill itself or perform acts that would result in certain death, it can cause almost any other Duration 1 day/level course of activity.

The *geased* creature must follow the given instructions until the *geas* is completed, no matter how long it takes.

If the instructions involve some open-ended task that the recipient cannot complete through his own actions, the spell remains in effect for a maximum of 1 day per caster level. A clever recipient can subvert some instructions.

A lesser geas (and all ability score penalties) can be ended by If you choose to exact a longer or more involved form of break enchantment, limited wish, remove curse, miracle, or

Geas/Quest

School enchantment (compulsion) [language-dependent, mind-affecting]; Level bard 6, cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 10 minutes

Target one living creature

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Failure to fulfill the promise to the letter results in your being This spell functions similarly to lesser geas, except that it affects a creature of any HD and allows no saving throw.

> If the subject is prevented from obeying the geas/quest for 24 hours, it takes a -3 penalty to each of its ability scores. Each day, another -3 penalty accumulates, up to a total of -12. No ability score penalties are removed 24 hours after the subject resumes obeying the geas/quest.

> A remove curse spell ends a geas/quest spell only if its caster level is at least two higher than your caster level. Break enchantment does not end a geas/quest, but limited wish, miracle, and wish do.

> Bards, sorcerers, and wizards usually refer to this spell as geas, while clerics call the same spell quest.

Gentle Repose

School necromancy; **Level** cleric 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (salt and a copper piece for each of the corpse's eyes)

Target corpse touched

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

You preserve the remains of a dead creature so that they do

not decay. Doing so effectively extends the time limit on paralyze a single living humanoid for the duration of the raising that creature from the dead (see *raise dead*). Days spell with a successful melee touch attack. spent under the influence of this spell don't count against the time limit. Additionally, this spell makes transporting a slain (and thus decaying) comrade less unpleasant.

The spell also works on severed body parts and the like.

Ghost Sound

School illusion (figment); **Level** bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a bit of wool or a small lump of wax)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect illusory sounds

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw Will disbelief; Spell Resistance no

Ghost sound allows you to create a volume of sound that rises, recedes, approaches, or remains at a fixed place. You choose what type of sound ghost sound creates when casting it and cannot thereafter change the sound's basic character.

The volume of sound created depends on your level. You can eight humans running and shouting. A roaring lion is equal to element, you gain that vulnerability. the noise from 16 humans, while a roaring dragon is equal to the noise from 32 humans. Anyone who hears a ghost sound receives a Will save to disbelieve.

Ghost sound can enhance the effectiveness of a silent image spell.

Ghost sound can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Ghoul touch

School necromancy; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (cloth from a ghoul or earth from a ghoul's lair)

Range touch

Target living humanoid touched

Duration 1d6+2 rounds

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

Imbuing you with negative energy, this spell allows you to

A paralyzed subject exudes a carrion stench that causes all living creatures (except you) in a 10-foot-radius spread to become sickened (Fortitude negates). A neutralize poison spell removes the effect from a sickened creature, and creatures immune to poison are unaffected by the stench.

Giant Form I

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of the creature whose form you plan to assume)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

When you cast this spell you can assume the form of any Large humanoid creature of the giant subtype. Once you assume your new form, you gain the following abilities: a +6 size bonus to Strength, a -2 penalty to Dexterity, a +4 size bonus to Constitution, a +4 natural armor bonus, and lowproduce as much noise as four normal humans per caster light vision. If the form you assume has any of the following level (maximum 40 humans). Thus, talking, singing, abilities, you gain the listed ability: darkvision 60 feet, rend shouting, walking, marching, or running sounds can be (2d6 damage), regeneration 5, rock catching, and rock created. The noise a ghost sound spell produces can be throwing (range 60 feet, 2d6 damage). If the creature has virtually any type of sound within the volume limit. A horde immunity or resistance to any elements, you gain resistance of rats running and squeaking is about the same volume as 20 to those elements. If the creature has vulnerability to an

Giant Form II

School Transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

This spell functions as giant form I except that it also allows you to assume the form of any Huge creature of the giant type. You gain the following abilities: a +8 size bonus to Strength, a -2 penalty to Dexterity, a +6 size bonus to Constitution, a +6 natural armor bonus, low-light vision, and a +10 foot enhancement bonus to your speed. If the form you assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the listed ability: swim 60 feet, darkvision 60 feet, rend (2d8 damage), regeneration 5, rock catching, and rock throwing (range 120 feet, 2d10 damage). If the creature has immunity or resistance to one element, you gain that immunity or resistance. If the creature has vulnerability to an element, you gain that vulnerability.

Giant Vermin

School transmutation; Level cleric 4, druid 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets 1 or more vermin, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You turn a number of normal-sized centipedes, scorpions, or spiders into their giant counterparts. Only one type of vermin can be transmuted (so a single casting cannot affect both a centipede and a spider). The number of vermin which can be affected by this spell depends on your caster level, as noted on the table below.

Giant vermin created by this spell do not attempt to harm A cloud of golden particles covers everyone and everything commands ("Attack," "Defend," "Stop," and so forth). Orders to attack a certain creature when it appears or guard the giant vermin attack whomever or whatever is near them.

Caster Level	Centipedes	Scorpions	Spiders
9th or lower	3	1	2
10th-13th	4	2	3
14th-17th	6	3	4
18th-19th	8	4	5
20th or higher	12	6	8

Glibness

School transmutation; Level bard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Your speech becomes fluent and more believable, causing those who hear you to believe every word you say. You gain a +20 bonus on Bluff checks made to convince another of the truth of your words. This bonus doesn't apply to other uses of the Bluff skill, such as feinting in combat, creating a diversion to hide, or communicating a hidden message via innuendo.

If a magical effect is used against you that would detect your lies or force you to speak the truth, the user of the effect must succeed on a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against a DC of 15 + your caster level to succeed. Failure means the effect does not detect your lies or force you to speak only the truth.

Glitterdust

School conjuration (creation); Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (ground mica)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area creatures and objects within 10-ft.-radius spread

Duration 1 round/level

Save Will negates (blinding only); SR no

you, but your control of such creatures is limited to simple in the area, causing creatures to become blinded and visibly outlining invisible things for the duration of the spell. All within the area are covered by the dust, which cannot be against a particular occurrence are too complex for the removed and continues to sparkle until it fades. Each round vermin to understand. Unless commanded to do otherwise, at the end of their turn blinded creatures may attempt new saving throws to end the blindness effect.

> Any creature covered by the dust takes a -40 penalty on Stealth checks.

Globe of Invulnerability

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

This spell functions like lesser globe of invulnerability, except that it also excludes 4th-level spells and spell-like effects.

Globe of Invulnerability, Lesser

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a glass or crystal bead)

Range 10 ft.

Area 10-ft.-radius spherical emanation, centered on you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

An immobile, faintly shimmering magical sphere surrounds you and excludes all spell effects of 3rd level or lower. The area or effect of any such spells does not include the area of the lesser globe of invulnerability. Such spells fail to affect any target located within the globe. Excluded effects include spell-like abilities and spells or spell-like effects from items. Any type of spell, however, can be cast through or out of the magical globe. Spells of 4th level and higher are not affected by the globe, nor are spells already in effect when the globe is cast. The globe can be brought down by a dispel magic spell. You can leave and return to the globe without penalty.

Note that spell effects are not disrupted unless their effects

enter the globe, and even then they are merely suppressed, and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to not dispelled.

If a given spell has more than one level depending on which character class is casting it, use the level appropriate to the Depending on the version selected, a glyph either blasts the caster to determine whether lesser globe of invulnerability intruder or activates a spell. stops it.

Glyph of Warding

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 3

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (powdered diamond worth 200 gp)

Range touch

Target or Area object touched or up to 5 sq. ft./level

Duration permanent until discharged (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no (object) and yes; see text

This powerful inscription harms those who enter, pass, or open the warded area or object. A glyph of warding can guard a bridge or passage, ward a portal, trap a chest or box, and so

You set all of the conditions of the ward. Typically, any creature entering the warded area or opening the warded object without speaking a password (which you set when casting the spell) is subject to the magic it stores. Alternatively or in addition to a password trigger, glyphs can Read magic allows you to identify a greater glyph of be set according to physical characteristics (such as height or weight) or creature type, subtype, or kind. Glyphs can also be set with respect to good, evil, law, or chaos, or to pass those of your religion. They cannot be set according to class, HD, or level. Glyphs respond to invisible creatures normally but are not triggered by those who travel past them ethereally. Multiple glyphs cannot be cast on the same area. However, if a cabinet has three different drawers, each can be separately School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level warded.

When casting the spell, you weave a tracery of faintly Casting Time 1 standard action glowing lines around the warding sigil. A glyph can be placed to conform to any shape up to the limitations of your total square footage. When the spell is completed, the glyph Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) and tracery become nearly invisible.

Glyphs cannot be affected or bypassed by such means as more than 30 ft. apart physical or magical probing, though they can be dispelled. Mislead, polymorph, and nondetection (and similar magical effects) can fool a glyph, though nonmagical disguises and Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance the like can't. Read magic allows you to identify a glyph of warding with a DC 13 Knowledge (arcana) check. Identifying the glyph does not discharge it and allows you to know the basic nature of the glyph (version, type of damage caused, what spell is stored).

Note: Magic traps such as glyph of warding are hard to detect

find the glyph and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 28 for glyph of warding.

Blast Glyph: A blast glyph deals 1d8 points of damage per two caster levels (maximum 5d8) to the intruder and to all within 5 feet of him or her. This damage is acid, cold, fire, electricity, or sonic (caster's choice, made at time of casting). Each creature affected can attempt a Reflex save to take half damage. Spell resistance applies against this effect.

Spell Glyph: You can store any harmful spell of 3rd level or lower that you know. All level-dependent features of the spell are based on your caster level at the time of casting the glyph. If the spell has a target, it targets the intruder. If the spell has an area or an amorphous effect, the area or effect is centered on the intruder. If the spell summons creatures, they appear as close as possible to the intruder and attack. Saving throws and spell resistance operate as normal, except that the DC is based on the level of the spell stored in the glyph.

Glyph of Warding, Greater

School abjuration; Level cleric 6

This spell functions like glyph of warding, except that a greater blast glyph deals up to 10d8 points of damage, and a greater spell glyph can store a spell of 6th level or lower.

warding with a DC 16 Spellcraft check.

Material Component: You trace the glyph with incense, which must first be sprinkled with powdered diamond worth at least 400 gp.

Good Hope

bard 3

Components V, S

Targets one living creature/level, no two of which may be

Duration 1 min./level

ves (harmless)

This spell instills powerful hope in the subjects. Each affected creature gains a +2 morale bonus on saving throws, attack rolls, ability checks, skill checks, and weapon damage

Good hope counters and dispels crushing despair.

Goodberry

School transmutation; Level druid 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Targets 2d4 fresh berries touched

Duration 1 day/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Casting *goodberry* makes 2d4 freshly picked berries magical. You (as well as any other druid of 3rd or higher level) can immediately discern which berries are affected. Each transmuted berry provides nourishment as if it were a normal meal for a Medium creature. The berry also cures 1 point of damage when eaten, subject to a maximum of 8 points of such curing in any 24-hour period.

Grasping Hand

School evocation [force]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions as interposing hand, except that it can provoke an attack of opportunity. Its CMB and CMD for shadow evocation, shout, and teleport. grapple checks use your caster level in place of its base attack bonus, with a +10 bonus for its Strength (31) score and a +1 bonus for being Large (its Dexterity is 10, granting no bonus on the Combat Maneuver Defense). The hand holds but does not harm creatures that it grapples. Directing the Casting Time 30 minutes spell to a new target is a move action. The grasping hand can instead be directed to bull rush a target, using the same bonuses outlined above, or it can be directed to interpose itself, as interposing hand does.

Grease

School conjuration (creation); Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (butter)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one object or 10-ft. square

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Save see text; SR no

A grease spell covers a solid surface with a layer of slippery Fog: Fog fills all corridors, obscuring all sight, including grease. Any creature in the area when the spell is cast must make a successful Reflex save or fall. A creature can walk

within or through the area of grease at half normal speed with a DC 10 Acrobatics check. Failure means it can't move that round (and must then make a Reflex save or fall), while failure by 5 or more means it falls (see the Acrobatics skill for details). Creatures that do not move on their turn do not need to make this check and are not considered flat-footed.

The spell can also be used to create a greasy coating on an item. Material objects not in use are always affected by this spell, while an object wielded or employed by a creature requires its bearer to make a Reflex saving throw to avoid the effect. If the initial saving throw fails, the creature immediately drops the item. A saving throw must be made in each round that the creature attempts to pick up or use the greased item. A creature wearing greased armor or clothing gains a +10 circumstance bonus on Escape Artist checks and combat maneuver checks made to escape a grapple, and to their CMD to avoid being grappled.

Greater (Spell Name)

Any spell whose name begins with greater is alphabetized according to the spell name. Thus, the description of a greater spell appears near the description of the spell on which it is based. Spell chains that have greater spells in them include those based on the spells arcane sight, command, dispel magic, glyph of warding, invisibility, magic also grapple one opponent you select. The grasping hand fang, magic weapon, planar ally, planar binding, polymorph, gets one grapple attack per round. This attack does not prying eyes, restoration, scrying, shadow conjuration,

Guards and Wards

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Components V, S, M (burning incense, a small measure of brimstone and oil, a knotted string, and a small amount of blood), F (a small silver rod)

Range anywhere within the area to be warded

Area up to 200 sq. ft./level (S)

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance see text

This powerful spell is primarily used to defend a stronghold or fortress by creating a number of magical wards and effects. The ward protects 200 square feet per caster level. The warded area can be as much as 20 feet high, and shaped as you desire. You can ward several stories of a stronghold by dividing the area among them; you must be somewhere within the area to be warded to cast the spell. The spell creates the following magical effects within the warded area.

darkvision, beyond 5 feet. A creature within 5 feet has concealment (attacks have a 20% miss chance). Creatures

farther away have total concealment (50% miss chance, and Range touch the attacker cannot use sight to locate the target). Saving Throw: none. Spell Resistance: no.

Arcane Locks: All doors in the warded area are arcane locked. Saving Throw: none. Spell Resistance: no.

Webs: Webs fill all stairs from top to bottom. These strands are identical with those created by the web spell, except that This spell imbues the subject with a touch of divine they regrow in 10 minutes if they are burned or torn away guidance. The creature gets a +1 competence bonus on a while the guards and wards spell lasts. Saving Throw: Reflex single attack roll, saving throw, or skill check. It must choose negates; see text for web. Spell Resistance: no.

Confusion: Where there are choices in direction—such as a corridor intersection or side passage—a minor confusiontype effect functions so as to make it 50% probable that School evocation [air]; Level druid 2, sorcerer/wizard 2 intruders believe they are going in the opposite direction from the one they actually chose. This is a mind-affecting effect. Saving Throw: none. Spell Resistance: yes.

Lost Doors: One door per caster level is covered by a silent Range 60 ft. image to appear as if it were a plain wall. Saving Throw: Will disbelief (if interacted with). Spell Resistance: no.

In addition, you can place your choice of one of the following five magical effects.

- 1. Dancing lights in four corridors. You can designate a simple program that causes the lights to repeat as This spell creates a severe blast of air (approximately 50 Throw: none. Spell Resistance: no.
- 2. A *magic mouth* in two places. Saving Throw: none. Spell Resistance: no.
- 3. A stinking cloud in two places. The vapors appear in the places you designate; they return within 10 minutes if dispersed by wind while the guards and wards spell lasts. Saving Throw: Fortitude negates; see text for stinking cloud. Spell Resistance: no.
- 4. A gust of wind in one corridor or room. Saving Throw: Fortitude negates. Spell Resistance: yes.
- 5. A suggestion in one place. You select an area of up to 5 feet square, and any creature who enters or passes through the area receives the suggestion mentally. Saving Throw: Will negates. Spell Large or larger creatures may move normally within a gust Resistance: yes.

The whole warded area radiates strong magic of the This spell can't move a creature beyond the limit of it's range. abjuration school. A dispel magic cast on a specific effect, if successful, removes only that effect. A successful mage's disjunction destroys the entire guards and wards effect.

Guidance

School divination; Level cleric 0, druid 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Target creature touched

Duration 1 minute or until discharged

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance

to use the bonus before making the roll to which it applies.

Gust of Wind

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Effect line-shaped gust of severe wind emanating out from you to the extreme of the range

Duration 1 round

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

long as the guards and wards spell lasts. Saving mph) that originates from you, affecting all creatures in its path. All flying creatures in this area take a -4 penalty on Fly skill checks. Tiny or smaller flying creatures must make a DC 25 Fly skill check or be blown back 2d6 × 10 feet and take 2d6 points of damage. Small or smaller flying creatures must make a DC 20 Fly skill check to move against the force

> A Tiny or smaller creature on the ground is knocked down and rolled 1d4 × 10 feet, taking 1d4 points of nonlethal damage per 10 feet.

Small creatures are knocked prone by the force of the wind.

Medium or smaller creatures are unable to move forward against the force of the wind unless they succeed at a DC 15 Strength check.

of wind effect.

Any creature, regardless of size, takes a -4 penalty on ranged attacks and Perception checks in the area of a gust of wind.

The force of the gust automatically extinguishes candles, torches, and similar unprotected flames. It causes protected flames, such as those in lanterns, to dance wildly and has a 50% chance to extinguish those lights.

In addition to the effects noted, a gust of wind can do anything that a sudden blast of wind would be expected to do. It can create a stinging spray of sand or dust, fan a large fire, overturn delicate awnings or hangings, heel over a small boat, and blow gases or vapors to the edge of its range.

Gust of wind can be made permanent with a permanency Casting Time 10 minutes spell.

Hallow

School evocation [good]; **Level** cleric 5, druid 5

Casting Time 24 hours

Components V, S, M (herbs, oils, and incense worth at least Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell 1,000 gp, plus 1,000 gp per level of the spell to be included **Resistance** no in the hallowed area), DF

Range touch

Area 40-ft. radius emanating from the touched point

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance see text

Hallow makes a particular site, building, or structure a holy site. This has four major effects.

First, the site is warded by a *magic circle against evil* effect.

Second, the DC to resist positive channeled energy within Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) this area gains a +4 sacred bonus and the DC to resist negative energy is reduced by 4. Spell resistance does not apply to this effect. This provision does not apply to the druid version of the spell.

Third, any dead body interred in a hallowed site cannot be Saving Throw Will negates (see text); Spell Resistance yes turned into an undead creature.

Finally, you can fix a single spell effect to the *hallowed* site. The spell effect lasts for 1 year and functions throughout the creatures who adhere to another faith or alignment. At the are attacked or take damage. end of the year, the chosen effect lapses, but it can be renewed or replaced simply by casting hallow again.

Spell effects that may be tied to a hallowed site include aid, School necromancy; Level cleric 6 bane, bless, cause fear, darkness, daylight, death ward, deeper darkness, detect evil, detect magic, dimensional anchor, discern lies, dispel magic, endure elements, freedom Components V, S of movement, invisibility purge, protection from energy, remove fear, resist energy, silence, tongues, and zone of truth. Saving throws and spell resistance might apply to these spells' effects. (See the individual spell descriptions for details.)

An area can receive only one hallow spell (and its associated Saving Throw Will half; see text; Spell Resistance yes spell effect) at a time. Hallow counters but does not dispel unhallow.

Hallucinatory Terrain

School illusion (glamer); Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Components V, S, M (a stone, a twig, and a green leaf)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area one 30-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

You make natural terrain look, sound, and smell like some other sort of natural terrain. Structures, equipment, and creatures within the area are not hidden or changed in appearance.

Halt Undead

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a pinch of sulfur and powdered garlic)

Targets up to three undead creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 round/level

This spell renders as many as three undead creatures immobile. A nonintelligent undead creature gets no saving throw; an intelligent undead creature does. If the spell is entire site, regardless of the normal duration and area or successful, it renders the undead creature immobile for the effect. You may designate whether the effect applies to all duration of the spell (similar to the effect of hold person on a creatures, creatures who share your faith or alignment, or living creature). The effect is broken if the halted creatures

Harm

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Harm charges a subject with negative energy that deals 10 points of damage per caster level (to a maximum of 150 points at 15th level). If the creature successfully saves, harm deals half this amount. Harm cannot reduce the target's hit

points to less than 1.

If used on an undead creature, harm acts like heal.

Haste

School transmutation; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a shaving of licorice root)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (harmless); **Resistance** yes (harmless)

normal. This extra speed has several effects.

attack is made using the creature's full base attack bonus, 250. plus any modifiers appropriate to the situation. (This effect is not cumulative with similar effects, such as that provided by a speed weapon, nor does it actually grant an extra action, so you can't use it to cast a second spell or otherwise take an extra action in the round.)

A hasted creature gains a +1 bonus on attack rolls and a +1 Components V, S dodge bonus to AC and Reflex saves. Any condition that makes you lose your Dexterity bonus to Armor Class (if any) also makes you lose dodge bonuses.

All of the hasted creature's modes of movement (including **Duration** instantaneous land movement, burrow, climb, fly, and swim) increase by 30 feet, to a maximum of twice the subject's normal speed using that form of movement. This increase counts as an enhancement bonus, and it affects the creature's jumping This spell functions like heal, but it affects only the paladin's distance as normal for increased speed. Multiple haste effects special mount (typically a horse). don't stack. Haste dispels and counters slow.

Heal

School conjuration (healing); **Level** cleric 6, druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

Heal enables you to channel positive energy into a creature

to wipe away injury and afflictions. It immediately ends any and all of the following adverse conditions affecting the target: ability damage, blinded, confused, dazed, dazzled, deafened, diseased, exhausted, fatigued, feebleminded, insanity, nauseated, poisoned, sickened, and stunned. It also cures 10 hit points of damage per level of the caster, to a maximum of 150 points at 15th level.

Heal does not remove negative levels or restore permanently drained ability score points.

If used against an undead creature, heal instead acts like

Heal, Mass

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 9

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

The transmuted creatures move and act more quickly than Targets one or more creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

When making a full attack action, a hasted creature may This spell functions like heal, except as noted above. The make one extra attack with any weapon he is holding. The maximum number of hit points restored to each creature is

Heal Mount

School conjuration (healing); **Level** paladin 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Target your mount touched

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

Heat Metal

School transmutation [fire]; **Level** druid 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target metal equipment of one creature per two levels, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart; or 25 lbs. of metal/level, all of which must be within a 30-ft. circle

Duration 7 rounds

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

Heat metal causes metal objects to become red-hot. far away he is, as detailed on the following table. Unattended, nonmagical metal gets no saving throw. Magical metal is allowed a saving throw against the spell. An item in a creature's possession uses the creature's saving throw bonus unless its own is higher.

A creature takes fire damage if its equipment is heated. It takes full damage if its armor, shield, or weapon is affected. The creature takes minimum damage (1 point or 2 points; see the table) if it's not wearing or wielding such an item.

On the first round of the spell, the metal becomes warm and uncomfortable to touch but deals no damage. The same effect also occurs on the last round of the spell's duration. During the second (and also the next-to-last) round, intense heat causes pain and damage. In the third, fourth, and fifth rounds, the metal is searing hot, and causes more damage, as shown on the table below.

Round	Metal Temperature	Damage
1	Warm	None
2	Hot	1d4 points
3–5	Searing	2d4 points
6	Hot	1d4 points
7	Warm	None

basis. If cast underwater, heat metal deals half damage and out a second subject. boils the surrounding water.

Heat metal counters and dispels chill metal.

Helping Hand

School evocation: Level cleric 3 Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 5 miles

Effect ghostly hand

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create the ghostly image of a hand, which you can send to find a creature within 5 miles. The hand then beckons to that creature and leads it to you if the creature is willing to Components V, S, DF follow.

When the spell is cast, you specify a person (or any creature) by physical description, which can include race, gender, and appearance but not ambiguous factors such as level, Duration 1 hour plus 12 hours; see text alignment, or class. When the description is done, the hand streaks off in search of a subject that fits the description. The amount of time it takes to find the subject depends on how You bring forth a great feast, including a magnificent table,

Distance	Time to Locate
100 ft. or less	1 round
1,000 ft.	1 minute
1 mile	10 minutes
2 miles	1 hour
3 miles	2 hours
4 miles	3 hours
5 miles	4 hours

Once the hand locates the subject, it beckons the creature to follow it. If the subject does so, the hand points in your direction, indicating the most direct, feasible route. The hand hovers 10 feet in front of the subject, moving before it at a speed of as much as 240 feet per round. Once the hand leads the subject back to you, it disappears.

The subject is not compelled to follow the hand or act in any particular way toward you. If the subject chooses not to follow, the hand continues to beckon for the duration of the spell, then disappears. If the spell expires while the subject is en route to you, the hand disappears; the subject must then rely on its own devices to locate you.

If more than one subject in a 5-mile radius meets the Any cold intense enough to damage the creature negates fire description, the hand locates the closest creature. If that damage from the spell (and vice versa) on a point-for-point creature refuses to follow the hand, the hand does not seek

> If, at the end of 4 hours of searching, the hand has found no subject that matches the description within 5 miles, it returns to you, displays an outstretched palm (indicating that no such creature was found), and disappears.

> The ghostly hand has no physical form. It is invisible to anyone except you and a potential subject. It cannot engage in combat or execute any other task aside from locating a subject and leading it back to you. The hand can't pass through solid objects but can ooze through small cracks and slits. The hand cannot travel more than 5 miles from the spot it appeared when you cast the spell.

Heroes' Feast

School conjuration [creation]; Level bard 6, cleric 6

Casting Time 10 minutes

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect feast for one creature/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

(maximum +10) after imbibing the nectar-like beverage that ends for all recipients. is part of the feast. The ambrosial food grants each creature that partakes a +1 morale bonus on attack rolls and Will saves and a +4 morale bonus on saving throws against poison and fear effects for 12 hours.

If the feast is interrupted for any reason, the spell is ruined and all effects of the spell are negated.

Heroism

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

yes (harmless)

This spell imbues a single creature with great bravery and morale in battle. The target gains a +2 morale bonus on attack rolls, saves, and skill checks.

Heroism, Greater

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 6

Duration 1 min./level

This spell functions like heroism, except the creature gains a +4 morale bonus on attack rolls, saves, and skill checks, immunity to fear effects, and temporary hit points equal to Casting Time 1 standard action your caster level (maximum 20).

Hide from Animals

School abjuration; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components S, DF

Range touch

Targets one creature touched/level

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes

chairs, service, and food and drink. The feast takes 1 hour to Animals cannot sense the warded creatures. Even consume, and the beneficial effects do not set in until this extraordinary or supernatural sensory capabilities, such as hour is over. Every creature partaking of the feast is cured of blindsense, blindsight, scent, and tremorsense, cannot detect all sickness and nausea, receives the benefits of both or locate warded creatures. Animals simply act as though the neutralize poison and remove disease, and gains 1d8 warded creatures are not there. If a warded character touches temporary hit points + 1 point per two caster levels an animal or attacks any creature, even with a spell, the spell

Hide from Undead

School abjuration; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Targets one touched creature/level

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); see text; Spell Resistance yes

Undead cannot see, hear, or smell creatures warded by this spell. Even extraordinary or supernatural capabilities, such as blindsense, blindsight, scent, and tremorsense, cannot detect or locate warded creatures. Nonintelligent undead creatures (such as skeletons or Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance zombies) are automatically affected and act as though the warded creatures are not there. An intelligent undead creature gets a single Will saving throw. If it fails, the subject can't see any of the warded creatures. If it has reason to believe unseen opponents are present, however, it can attempt to find or strike them. If a warded creature attempts to channel positive energy, turn or command undead, touches an undead creature, or attacks any creature (even with a spell), the spell ends for all recipients.

Hideous Laughter

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 2

Components V, S, M (tiny fruit tarts and a feather)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature; see text

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell afflicts the subject with uncontrollable laughter. It collapses into gales of manic laughter, falling prone. The subject can take no actions while laughing, but is not considered helpless. After the spell ends, it can act normally. On the creature's next turn, it may attempt a new saving throw to end the effect. This is a full round action that does

entire duration.

A creature with an Intelligence score of 2 or lower is not affected. A creature whose type is different from the caster's receives a +4 bonus on its saving throw, because humor doesn't "translate" well.

Hold Animal

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level Targets one or more humanoid creatures, no two of which druid 2, ranger 2

Components: V, S

Target one animal

This spell functions like hold person, except that it affects an animal instead of a humanoid.

Hold Monster

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 5

Components: V, S, M/DF (one hard metal bar or rod, which can be as small as a three-penny nail)

Target one living creature

This spell functions like hold person, except that it affects This spell magically holds shut a door, gate, window, or any living creature that fails its Will save.

Hold Monster, Mass

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Targets one or more creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like hold person, except that it affects multiple creatures and holds any living creature that fails its Will save.

Hold Person

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 2, cleric 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F/DF (a small, straight piece of iron)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one humanoid creature

Duration 1 round/level (D); see text

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

The subject becomes paralyzed and freezes in place. It is aware and breathes normally but cannot take any actions,

not provoke attacks of opportunity. If this save is successful, even speech. Each round on its turn, the subject may attempt the effect ends. If not, the creature continues laughing for the a new saving throw to end the effect. This is a full-round action that does not provoke attacks of opportunity. A winged creature who is paralyzed cannot flap its wings and falls. A swimmer can't swim and may drown.

Hold Person, Mass

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

can be more than 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like *hold person*, except as noted above.

Hold Portal

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Component V

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one portal, up to 20 sq. ft./level

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

shutter of wood, metal, or stone. The magic affects the portal just as if it were securely closed and normally locked. A knock spell or a successful dispel magic spell can negate a hold portal spell.

Add 5 to the normal DC for forcing open a portal affected by this spell.

Holy Aura

School abjuration [good]; **Level** cleric 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a tiny reliquary worth 500 gp)

Range 20 ft.

Targets one creature/level in a 20-ft.-radius burst centered on you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw see text; **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

A brilliant divine radiance surrounds the subjects, protecting them from attacks, granting them resistance to spells cast by evil creatures, and causing evil creatures to become blinded when they strike the subjects. This abjuration has four effects.

First, each warded creature gains a +4 deflection bonus to AC and a +4 resistance bonus on saves. Unlike protection

from evil, this benefit applies against all attacks, not just also emits a magic circle against evil effect (as the spell). If against attacks by evil creatures.

Second, each warded creature gains spell resistance 25 against evil spells and spells cast by evil creatures.

Third, the abjuration protects the recipient from possession and mental influence, just as protection from evil does.

a creature warded by a holy aura, the offending attacker is inoperative for the duration of the spell. This spell is not blinded (Fortitude save negates, as blindness/deafness, but cumulative with bless weapon or any other spell that might against holy aura's save DC).

Holy Smite

School evocation [good]; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area 20-ft.-radius burst

Duration instantaneous (1 round); see text

Saving Throw Will partial; see text; Spell Resistance yes

You draw down holy power to smite your enemies. Only evil and neutral creatures are harmed by the spell; good creatures are unaffected.

The spell deals 1d8 points of damage per two caster levels (maximum 5d8) to each evil creature in the area (or 1d6 points of damage per caster level, maximum 10d6, to an evil outsider) and causes it to become blinded for 1 round. A successful Will saving throw reduces damage to half and negates the blinded effect.

The spell deals only half damage to creatures who are neither good nor evil, and they are not blinded. Such a creature can reduce that damage by half (down to one-quarter of the roll) with a successful Will save.

Holy Sword

School evocation [good]; **Level** paladin 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target melee weapon touched

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell allows you to channel holy power into your sword, or any other melee weapon you choose. The weapon acts as a +5 holy weapon (+5 enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls, extra 2d6 damage against evil opponents). It

the magic circle ends, the sword creates a new one on your turn as a free action. The spell is automatically canceled 1 round after the weapon leaves your hand. You cannot have more than one holy sword at a time.

If this spell is cast on a magic weapon, the powers of the spell supercede any that the weapon normally has, rendering Finally, if an evil creature succeeds on a melee attack against the normal enhancement bonus and powers of the weapon modify the weapon in any way. This spell does not work on artifacts. A masterwork weapon's bonus to attack does not stack with an enhancement bonus to attack.

Holy Word

School evocation [good, sonic]; **Level** cleric 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range 40 ft.

Area nongood creatures in a 40-ft.-radius spread centered on

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

Any nongood creature within the area of a holy word spell suffers the following ill effects.

HD	Effect	
Equal to caster level	Deafened	
Up to caster level –1	Blinded, deafened	
Up to caster level –5 Paralyzed, blinded, deafened		
Up to caster level –10 Killed, paralyzed, blinded, deafened		

The effects are cumulative and concurrent. A successful Will save reduces or eliminates these effects. Creatures affected by multiple effects make only one save and apply the result to all the effects.

Deafened: The creature is deafened for 1d4 rounds. Save negates.

Blinded: The creature is blinded for 2d4 rounds. Save reduces the blinded effect to 1d4 rounds.

Paralyzed: The creature is paralyzed and helpless for 1d10 minutes. Save reduces the paralyzed effect to 1 round.

Killed: Living creatures die. Undead creatures are destroyed. Save negates. If the save is successful, the creature instead takes 3d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +25).

Furthermore, if you are on your home plane when you cast

this spell, nongood extraplanar creatures within the area are instantly banished back to their home planes. Creatures so banished cannot return for at least 24 hours. This effect takes School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level place regardless of whether the creatures hear the holy word bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1 or not. The banishment effect allows a Will save (at a -4 penalty) to negate.

Creatures whose HD exceed your caster level are unaffected by holy word.

Horrid Wilting

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a bit of sponge)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Targets living creatures, no two of which can be more than 60 ft. apart

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude half; Spell Resistance yes

This spell evaporates moisture from the body of each subject living creature, causing flesh to wither and crack and crumble to dust. This deals 1d6 points of damage per caster level (maximum 20d6). This spell is especially devastating to water elementals and plant creatures, which instead take 1d8 points of damage per caster level (maximum 20d8).

Hypnotic Pattern

School illusion (pattern) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V (bard only), S, M (a stick of incense or a crystal rod); see text

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect colorful lights in a 10-ft.-radius spread

Duration Concentration + 2 rounds

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

A twisting pattern of subtle, shifting colors weaves through the air, fascinating creatures within it. Roll 2d4 and add your caster level (maximum 10) to determine the total number of Area cylinder (20-ft. radius, 40 ft. high) HD of creatures affected. Creatures with the fewest HD are affected first; and, among creatures with equal HD, those who are closest to the spell's point of origin are affected first. HD that are not sufficient to affect a creature are wasted. Affected creatures become fascinated by the pattern of colors. Sightless creatures are not affected.

A wizard or sorcerer need not utter a sound to cast this spell, but a bard must perform as a verbal component.

Hypnotism

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area several living creatures, no two of which may be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 2d4 rounds (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Your gestures and droning incantation fascinate nearby creatures, causing them to stop and stare blankly at you. In addition, you can use their rapt attention to make your suggestions and requests seem more plausible. Roll 2d4 to see how many total HD of creatures you affect. Creatures with fewer HD are affected before creatures with more HD. Only creatures that can see or hear you are affected, but they do not need to understand you to be fascinated.

If you use this spell in combat, each target gains a +2 bonus on its saving throw. If the spell affects only a single creature not in combat at the time, the saving throw has a penalty of –

While the subject is fascinated by this spell, it reacts as though it were two steps more friendly in attitude. This allows you to make a single request of the affected creature (provided you can communicate with it). The request must be brief and reasonable. Even after the spell ends, the creature retains its new attitude toward you, but only with respect to that particular request.

A creature that fails its saving throw does not remember that you enspelled it.

Ice Storm

School evocation [cold]; Level druid 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (dust and water)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Great magical hailstones pound down upon casting this spell, dealing 3d6 points of bludgeoning damage and 2d6 points of cold damage to every creature in the area. This damage only occurs once, when the spell is cast. For the remaining duration of the spell, heavy snow and sleet rains down in the

area. Creatures inside this area take a -4 penalty on spell. Perception skill checks and the entire area is treated as difficult terrain. At the end of the duration, the snow and hail disappear, leaving no aftereffects (other than the damage dealt).

Identify

School divination: **Level** bard 1. sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (wine stirred with an owl's feather)

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped emanation

Duration 3 rounds/level (D)

Saving Throw: none; Spell Resistance: no

a +10 enhancement bonus on Spellcraft checks made to detection abilities that do not require sight work normally. identify the properties and command words of magic items in Touch or a probing search reveals the true nature of the your possession. This spell does not allow you to identify surface, though such measures do not cause the illusion to artifacts.

Illusory Script

School illusion (phantasm) [mind-affecting]; **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 minute per page

Components V, S, M (lead-based ink worth 50 gp)

Range touch

Target one touched object weighing no more than 10 lbs.

Duration one day/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

You write instructions or other information on parchment, paper, or any suitable writing material. The illusory script appears to be some form of foreign or magical writing. Only You transfer some of your currently prepared spells, and the character.

Any unauthorized creature attempting to read the script triggers a potent illusory effect and must make a saving throw. A successful saving throw means the creature can look away with only a mild sense of disorientation. Failure means the creature is subject to a suggestion implanted in the script by you at the time the illusory script spell was cast. The suggestion lasts only 30 minutes. Typical suggestions include "Close the book and leave," "Forget the existence of this note," and so forth. If successfully dispelled by dispel magic, the illusory script and its secret message disappear. The hidden message can be read by a combination of the true seeing spell with the read magic or comprehend languages

Illusory Wall

School illusion (figment); Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect image 1 ft. by 10 ft. by 10 ft.

Duration permanent

Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell Resistance no

This spell creates the illusion of a wall, floor, ceiling, or similar surface. It appears absolutely real when viewed, but physical objects can pass through it without difficulty. When This spell functions as detect magic, except that it gives you the spell is used to hide pits, traps, or normal doors, any disappear. Although the caster can see through his illusory wall, other creatures cannot, even if they succeed at their will save (but they do learn that it is not real).

Imbue with Spell Ability

School evocation; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched; see text

Duration permanent until discharged (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

the person (or people) designated by you at the time of the ability to cast them, to another creature. Only a creature with casting can read the writing; it's unintelligible to any other an Intelligence score of at least 5 and a Wisdom score of at least 9 can receive this boon. Only cleric spells from the schools of abjuration, divination, and conjuration (healing) can be transferred. The number and level of spells that the subject can be granted depends on its Hit Dice; even multiple castings of imbue with spell ability can't exceed this limit.

HD of Recipient	Spells Imbued
2 or lower	One 1st-level spell
3–4	One or two 1st-level spells
5 or higher	One or two 1st-level spells and one 2nd-level spell

duration, area, and the like) function according to your level, freedom spell is cast at the locale where the imprisonment not the level of the recipient.

Once you cast imbue with spell ability, you cannot prepare a new 4th-level spell to replace it until the recipient uses the imbued spells or is slain, or until you dismiss the imbue with spell ability spell. In the meantime, you remain responsible to your deity or your principles for the use to which the spell is put. If the number of 4th-level spells you can cast decreases, and that number drops below your current number of active imbue with spell ability spells, the more recently cast imbued spells are dispelled.

To cast a spell with a verbal component, the subject must be Casting Time 1 standard action able to speak. To cast a spell with a somatic component, it must be able to move freely. To cast a spell with a material component or focus, it must have the materials or focus.

Implosion

School evocation; **Level** cleric 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one corporeal creature/round

Duration concentration (up to 1 round per 2 levels)

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell causes a destructive resonance in a corporeal creature's body. Each round you concentrate (including the first), you can cause one creature to collapse in on itself, inflicting 10 points of damage per caster level. If you break concentration, the spell immediately ends, though any implosions that have already happened remain in effect. You can target a particular creature only once with each casting of the spell. Implosion has no effect on creatures in gaseous As with fog cloud, wind disperses the smoke, and the spell form or on incorporeal creatures.

Imprisonment

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

When you cast imprisonment and touch a creature, it is entombed in a state of suspended animation (see the temporal stasis spell) in a small sphere far beneath the

The transferred spell's variable characteristics (range, surface of the ground. The subject remains there unless a took place. Magical search by a crystal ball, a locate object spell, or some other similar divination does not reveal the fact that a creature is imprisoned, but discern location does. A wish or miracle spell will not free the recipient, but will reveal where it is entombed. If you know the target's name and some facts about its life, the target takes a -4 penalty on its save.

Incendiary Cloud

School conjuration (creation) [fire]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area cloud spreads in 20-ft. radius, 20 ft. high

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw: Reflex half, see text; Spell Resistance: no

An incendiary cloud spell creates a cloud of roiling smoke shot through with white-hot embers. The smoke obscures all sight as a fog cloud does. In addition, the white-hot embers within the cloud deal 6d6 points of fire damage to everything within the cloud on your turn each round. All targets can make Reflex saves each round to take half damage.

As with a cloudkill spell, the smoke moves away from you at 10 feet per round. Figure out the smoke's new spread each round based on its new point of origin, which is 10 feet farther away from where you were when you cast the spell. By concentrating, you can make the cloud move as much as 60 feet each round. Any portion of the cloud that would extend beyond your maximum range dissipates harmlessly, reducing the remainder's spread thereafter.

can't be cast underwater.

Inflict Critical Wounds

School necromancy; Level cleric 4

This spell functions like inflict light wounds, except that you deal 4d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +20).

Inflict Critical Wounds, Mass

School necromancy; Level cleric 8

This spell functions like mass inflict light wounds, except that it deals 4d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +40).

Inflict Light Wounds

School necromancy; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will half; Spell Resistance yes

When laying your hand upon a creature, you channel negative energy that deals 1d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +5).

Since undead are powered by negative energy, this spell School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cures such a creature of a like amount of damage, rather than sorcerer/wizard 7 harming it.

Inflict Light Wounds, Mass

School necromancy; Level cleric 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

30 ft. apart

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will half; Spell Resistance yes

Negative energy spreads out in all directions from the point of origin, dealing 1d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +25) to nearby living enemies.

Like other inflict spells, mass inflict light wounds cures undead in its area rather than damaging them. A cleric capable of spontaneously casting inflict spells can also spontaneously cast mass inflict spells.

Inflict Moderate Wounds

School necromancy; Level cleric 2

This spell functions like inflict light wounds, except that you Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no deal 2d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +10).

Inflict Moderate Wounds, Mass

School necromancy; Level cleric 6

This spell functions like mass inflict light wounds, except that it deals 2d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +30).

Inflict Serious Wounds

School necromancy; Level cleric 3

This spell functions like inflict light wounds, except that you deal 3d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum + 15).

Inflict Serious Wounds, Mass

School necromancy; Level cleric 7

This spell functions like mass inflict light wounds, except that it deals 3d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +35).

Insanity

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one living creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Target one creature/level, no two of which can be more than The affected creature suffers from a continuous confusion effect, as the spell.

> Remove curse does not remove insanity. Greater restoration, heal, limited wish, miracle, or wish can restore the creature.

Insect Plague

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** cleric 5, druid 5

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, DF

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Effect one swarm of wasps per three levels, each of which must be adjacent to at least one other swarm

Duration 1 min./level

You summon a number of swarms of wasps (one per three levels, to a maximum of six swarms at 18th level). The swarms must be summoned so that each one is adjacent to at least one other swarm (that is, the swarms must fill one contiguous area). You may summon the wasp swarms so that they share the area of other creatures. Each swarm attacks any creatures occupying its area. The swarms are stationary after being summoned, and won't pursue creatures that flee.

Instant Summons

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (sapphire worth 1,000 gp)

Range see text

Target one object weighing 10 lbs. or less whose longest dimension is 6 ft. or less

Duration permanent until discharged

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You call some nonliving item directly to your hand from virtually any location.

First, you must place your arcane mark on the item. Then you cast this spell, which magically and invisibly inscribes the name of the item on a sapphire worth at least 1,000 gp. Thereafter, you can summon the item by speaking a special word (set by you when the spell is cast) and crushing the gem. The item appears instantly in your hand. Only you can use the gem in this way.

does not work, but you know who the possessor is and roughly where that creature is located when the summons occurs.

The inscription on the gem is invisible. It is also unreadable, except by means of a read magic spell, to anyone but you.

The item can be summoned from another plane, but only if Saving Throw Will negates (harmless) or Will negates no other creature has claimed ownership of it.

Interposing Hand

School evocation [force]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a soft glove)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect 10-ft. hand

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Interposing hand creates a Large magic hand that appears between you and one opponent. This floating, disembodied hand then moves to remain between the two of you, regardless of where you move or how the opponent tries to get around it, providing cover (+4 AC) for you against that opponent. Nothing can fool the hand—it sticks with the selected opponent in spite of darkness, invisibility, polymorphing, or any other attempt at hiding or disguise. The hand does not pursue an opponent, however.

An interposing hand is 10 feet long and about that wide with its fingers outstretched. It has as many hit points as you do when you're undamaged, and is AC 20 (-1 size, +11 natural). It takes damage as a normal creature, but most magical effects that don't cause damage do not affect it.

The hand never provokes attacks of opportunity from opponents. It cannot push through a wall of force or enter an antimagic field, but it suffers the full effect of a prismatic wall or prismatic sphere. The hand makes saving throws as its caster.

Disintegrate or a successful dispel magic destroys it.

Any creature weighing 2,000 pounds or less that tries to push past the hand is slowed to half its normal speed. The hand cannot reduce the speed of a creature weighing more than 2,000 pounds, but it still affects the creature's attacks.

Directing the spell to a new target is a move action.

<u>Invisibility</u>

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

If the item is in the possession of another creature, the spell Components V, S, M/DF (an eyelash encased in gum arabic)

Range personal or touch

Target you or a creature or object weighing no more than 100 lbs./level

Duration 1 min./level (D)

(harmless, object); Spell Resistance yes (harmless) or yes (harmless, object)

The creature or object touched becomes invisible. If the recipient is a creature carrying gear, that vanishes, too. If you cast the spell on someone else, neither you nor your allies can see the subject, unless you can normally see invisible things or you employ magic to do so.

Items dropped or put down by an invisible creature become visible; items picked up disappear if tucked into the clothing or pouches worn by the creature. Light, however, never becomes invisible, although a source of light can become so (thus, the effect is that of a light with no visible source). Any part of an item that the subject carries but that extends more than 10 feet from it becomes visible.

Of course, the subject is not magically silenced, and certain other conditions can render the recipient detectable (such as swimming in water or stepping in a puddle). If a check is required, a stationary invisible creature has a +40 bonus on its Stealth checks. This bonus is reduced to +20 if the creature is moving. The spell ends if the subject attacks any creature. For purposes of this spell, an attack includes any spell targeting a foe or whose area or effect includes a foe.

Exactly who is a foe depends on the invisible character's You surround yourself with a sphere of power with a radius perceptions. Actions directed at unattended objects do not of 5 feet per caster level that negates all forms of invisibility. break the spell. Causing harm indirectly is not an attack. Thus, an invisible being can open doors, talk, eat, climb stairs, summon monsters and have them attack, cut the ropes holding a rope bridge while enemies are on the bridge, remotely trigger traps, open a portcullis to release attack School illusion (glamer); Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3 dogs, and so forth. If the subject attacks directly, however, it immediately becomes visible along with all its gear. Spells such as *bless* that specifically affect allies but not foes are not attacks for this purpose, even when they include foes in their

permanency spell.

Invisibility, Greater

School illusion (glamer); Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Components: V, S

Target you or creature touched

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless)

This spell functions like *invisibility*, except that it doesn't end if the subject attacks.

Invisibility, Mass

School illusion (glamer); Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Targets any number of creatures, no two of which can be more than 180 ft. apart

This spell functions like invisibility, except that the effect them exceeds 180 feet.

Invisibility Purge

School evocation; Level cleric 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Anything invisible becomes visible while in the area.

Invisibility Sphere

Components: V, S, M

Area 10-ft.-radius emanation around the creature

This spell functions like invisibility, except that this spell confers invisibility upon all creatures within 10 feet of the Invisibility can be made permanent (on objects only) with a recipient at the time the spell is cast. The center of the effect is mobile with the recipient.

> Those affected by this spell can see each other and themselves as if unaffected by the spell. Any affected creature moving out of the area becomes visible, but creatures moving into the area after the spell is cast do not become invisible. Affected creatures (other than the recipient) who attack negate the invisibility only for themselves. If the spell recipient attacks, the invisibility sphere ends.

Iron Body

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a piece of iron from an iron golem, a hero's armor, or a war machine)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

moves with the group and is broken when anyone in the This spell transforms your body into living iron, which group attacks. Individuals in the group cannot see each other. grants you several powerful resistances and abilities. You The spell is broken for any individual who moves more than gain damage reduction 15/adamantine. You are immune to 180 feet from the nearest member of the group. If only two blindness, critical hits, ability score damage, deafness, individuals are affected, the one moving away from the other disease, drowning, electricity, poison, stunning, and all spells one loses its invisibility. If both are moving away from each or attacks that affect your physiology or respiration, because other, they both become visible when the distance between you have no physiology or respiration while this spell is in effect. You take only half damage from acid and fire. However, you also become vulnerable to all special attacks that affect iron golems.

> You gain a +6 enhancement bonus to your Strength score, but you take a -6 penalty to Dexterity as well (to a minimum Dexterity score of 1), and your speed is reduced to half normal. You have an arcane spell failure chance of 35% and a -6 armor check penalty, just as if you were clad in full plate armor. You cannot drink (and thus can't use potions) or play wind instruments.

> Your unarmed attack deals damage equal to a club sized for you (1d4 for Small characters or 1d6 for Medium

characters), and you are considered armed when making unarmed attacks.

Your weight increases by a factor of 10, causing you to sink in water like a stone. However, you could survive the lack of air at the bottom of the ocean-at least until the spell duration expires.

Ironwood

School transmutation; **Level** druid 6

Casting Time 1 minute/lb. created

Components V, S, F (wood to be transformed)

Range 0 ft.

Effect an *ironwood* object weighing up to 5 lbs./level

Duration 1 day/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Ironwood is a magical substance created by druids from normal wood. While remaining natural wood in almost every way, ironwood is as strong, heavy, and resistant to fire as steel. Spells that affect metal or iron do not function on ironwood. Spells that affect wood do affect ironwood, although ironwood does not burn. Using this spell with wood School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 3 shape or a wood-related Craft check, you can fashion wooden items that function as steel items. Thus, wooden plate armor and wooden swords can be created that are as Components V, S durable as their normal steel counterparts. These items are freely usable by druids.

Further, if you make only half as much ironwood as the spell would normally allow, any weapon, shield, or suit of armor so created is treated as a magic item with a +1 enhancement **Duration** 10 min./level bonus.

Irresistible Dance

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 1d4+1 rounds

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

The subject feels an undeniable urge to dance and begins doing so, complete with foot shuffling and tapping. The spell effect makes it impossible for the subject to do anything other than caper and prance in place. The effect imposes a -4 penalty to Armor Class and a -10 penalty on Reflex saves, and it negates any AC bonus granted by a shield the target School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 2

holds. The dancing subject provokes attacks of opportunity each round on its turn. A successful Will save reduces the duration of this effect to 1 round.

Jump

School transmutation; Level druid 1, ranger sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a grasshopper's hind leg)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes

The subject gets a +10 enhancement bonus on Acrobatics checks made to attempt high jumps or long jumps. The enhancement bonus increases to +20 at caster level 5th, and to +30 (the maximum) at caster level 9th.

Keen Edge

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one weapon or 50 projectiles, all of which must be together at the time of casting

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell **Resistance** yes (harmless, object)

This spell makes a weapon magically keen, improving its ability to deal telling blows. This transmutation doubles the threat range of the weapon. A threat range of 20 becomes 19-20, a threat range of 19-20 becomes 17-20, and a threat range of 18–20 becomes 15–20. The spell can be cast only on piercing or slashing weapons. If cast on arrows or crossbow bolts, the keen edge on a particular projectile ends after one use, whether or not the missile strikes its intended target. Treat shuriken as arrows, rather than as thrown weapons, for the purpose of this spell.

Multiple effects that increase a weapon's threat range (such as the keen special weapon property and the Improved Critical feat) don't stack. You can't cast this spell on a natural weapon, such as a claw.

Knock

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one door, box, or chest with an area of up to 10 sq. ft./level

Duration instantaneous; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Knock opens stuck, barred, or locked doors, as well as those subject to hold portal or arcane lock. When you complete the casting of this spell, make a caster level check against the DC of the lock with a +10 bonus. If successful, knock opens up to two means of closure. This spell opens secret doors, as well as locked or trick-opening boxes or chests. It also loosens welds, shackles, or chains (provided they serve to hold something shut). If used to open an arcane locked door, the spell does not remove the arcane lock but simply suspends its functioning for 10 minutes. In all other cases, the door does not relock itself or become stuck again on its own. Knock does not raise barred gates or similar impediments (such as a portcullis), nor does it affect ropes, vines, and the like. The effect is limited by the area. Each casting can undo as many as two means of preventing access.

Know Direction

School divination; **Level** bard 0, druid 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration instantaneous

When you cast this spell, you instantly know the direction of north from your current position. The spell is effective in any Components V, S, F (a leather loop or golden wire bent into environment in which "north" exists, but it may not work in a cup shape) extraplanar settings. Your knowledge of north is correct at the moment of casting, but you can get lost again within moments if you don't find some external reference point to Target you or one willing creature or one object (total help you keep track of direction.

Legend Lore

School divination; Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time see text

Components V, S, M (incense worth 250 gp), F (four pieces of ivory worth 50 gp each)

Range personal

Target you

Duration see text

Legend lore brings to your mind legends about an important person, place, or thing. If the person or thing is at hand, or if you are in the place in question, the casting time is only 1d4 × 10 minutes. If you have only detailed information on the person, place, or thing, the casting time is 1d10 days, and the resulting lore is less complete and specific (though it often provides enough information to help you find the person, place, or thing, thus allowing a better legend lore result next time). If you know only rumors, the casting time is 2d6 weeks, and the resulting lore is vague and incomplete (though it often directs you to more detailed information, thus allowing a better *legend lore* result next time).

During the casting, you cannot engage in other than routine activities: eating, sleeping, and so forth. When completed, the divination brings legends (if any) about the person, place, or things to your mind. These may be legends that are still current, legends that have been forgotten, or even information that has never been generally known. If the person, place, or thing is not of legendary importance, you gain no information. As a rule of thumb, characters who are 11th level and higher are "legendary," as are the sorts of creatures they contend with, the major magic items they wield, and the places where they perform their key deeds.

Lesser (Spell Name)

Any spell whose name begins with lesser is alphabetized according to the spell name. Thus, the description of a lesser spell appears near the description of the spell on which it is based. Spell chains that have lesser spells in them include those based on the spells confusion, geas, globe of invulnerability, planar ally, planar binding, and restoration.

Levitate

School transmutation; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range personal or close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

weight up to 100 lbs./level)

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Levitate allows you to move yourself, another creature, or an object up and down as you wish. A creature must be willing to be levitated, and an object must be unattended or possessed by a willing creature. You can mentally direct the recipient to move up or down as much as 20 feet each round; doing so is a move action. You cannot move the recipient horizontally, but the recipient could clamber along the face of a cliff, for example, or push against a ceiling to move

laterally (generally at half its base land speed).

A levitating creature that attacks with a melee or ranged weapon finds itself increasingly unstable; the first attack has a -1 penalty on attack rolls, the second -2, and so on, to a maximum penalty of -5. A full round spent stabilizing allows the creature to begin again at -1.

Light

School evocation [light]; **Level** bard 0, cleric 0, druid 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, M/DF (a firefly)

Range touch

Target object touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell causes a touched object to glow like a torch, shedding normal light in a 20-foot radius, and increasing the light level for an additional 20 feet by one step, up to normal light (darkness becomes dim light, and dim light becomes normal light). In an area of normal or bright light, this spell has no effect. The effect is immobile, but it can be cast on a movable object.

You can only have one light spell active at any one time. If you cast this spell while another casting is still in effect, the previous casting is dispelled. If you make this spell permanent (through permanency or a similar effect), it does not count against this limit. Light can be used to counter or dispel any darkness spell of equal or lower spell level.

Lightning Bolt

School evocation [electricity]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (fur and a glass rod)

Range 120 ft.

Area 120-ft. line

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Reflex half; Spell Resistance yes

You release a powerful stroke of electrical energy that deals 1d6 points of electricity damage per caster level (maximum 10d6) to each creature within its area. The bolt begins at your fingertips.

The lightning bolt sets fire to combustibles and damages objects in its path. It can melt metals with a low melting point, such as lead, gold, copper, silver, or bronze. If the Duration 1 day/level (D) damage caused to an interposing barrier shatters or breaks

through it, the bolt may continue beyond the barrier if the spell's range permits; otherwise, it stops at the barrier just as any other spell effect does.

Limited Wish

School universal; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (diamond worth 1,500 gp)

Range see text

Target, Effect, Area see text

Duration see text

Saving Throw none, see text; Spell Resistance yes

A *limited wish* lets you create nearly any type of effect. For example, a limited wish can do any of the following things.

- · Duplicate any sorcerer/wizard spell of 6th level or lower, provided the spell does not belong to one of your opposition schools.
- Duplicate any non-sorcerer/wizard spell of 5th level or lower, provided the spell does not belong to one of your opposition schools.
- Duplicate any sorcerer/wizard spell of 5th level or lower, even if it belongs to one of your opposition
- Duplicate any non-sorcerer/wizard spell of 4th level or lower, even if it belongs to one of your opposition
- Undo the harmful effects of many spells, such as or insanity.
- Produce any other effect whose power level is in line with the above effects, such as a single creature automatically hitting on its next attack or taking a -7 penalty on its next saving throw.

A duplicated spell allows saving throws and spell resistance as normal, but the save DC is for a 7th-level spell. When a limited wish spell duplicates a spell with a material component that costs more than 1,000 gp, you must provide that component (in addition to the 1,500 gp diamond component for this spell).

Liveoak

School transmutation; Level druid 6

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range touch

Target tree touched

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell turns an oak tree into a protector or guardian. The spell can only be cast on a single tree at a time; while liveoak is in effect, you can't cast it again on another tree. Liveoak School transmutation; Level druid 1, ranger 1 must be cast on a healthy, Huge oak. A triggering phrase of up to one word per caster level is placed on the targeted oak. The *liveoak* spell triggers the tree into animating as a treant.

If liveoak is dispelled, the tree takes root immediately Range personal wherever it happens to be. If released by you, the tree tries to return to its original location before taking root.

Locate Creature

School divination; Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Components: V, S, M (fur from a bloodhound)

Duration 10 min./level

This spell functions like locate object, except this spell School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level locates a known creature. You slowly turn and sense when bard 0 you are facing in the direction of the creature to be located, provided it is within range. You also know in which direction the creature is moving, if any.

The spell can locate a creature of a specific kind or a specific Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) creature known to you. It cannot find a creature of a certain type. To find a kind of creature, you must have seen such a creature up close (within 30 feet) at least once.

Running water blocks the spell. It cannot detect objects. It Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes can be fooled by mislead, nondetection, and polymorph spells.

Locate Object

School divination; **Level** bard 2, cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F/DF (a forked twig)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area circle, centered on you, with a radius of 400 ft. + 40 ft./level

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You sense the direction of a well-known or clearly visualized object. You can search for general items, in which case you locate the nearest of its kind if more than one is within range. Attempting to find a certain item requires a specific and accurate mental image; if the image is not close enough to the actual object, the spell fails. You cannot specify a unique item unless you have observed that particular item firsthand (not through divination).

The spell is blocked by even a thin sheet of lead. Creatures cannot be found by this spell. Polymorph any object and

nondetection fool it.

Longstrider

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a pinch of dirt)

Target you

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

This spell gives you a +10 foot enhancement bonus to your base speed. It has no effect on other modes of movement, such as burrow, climb, fly, or swim.

Lullaby

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Area living creatures within a 10-ft.-radius burst

Duration concentration + 1 round/level (D)

Any creature within the area that fails a Will save becomes drowsy and inattentive, taking a -5 penalty on Perception checks and a -2 penalty on Will saves against *sleep* effects while the *lullaby* is in effect. *Lullaby* lasts for as long as the caster concentrates, plus up to 1 round per caster level thereafter.

Mage Armor

School conjuration (creation) [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a piece of cured leather)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance no

An invisible but tangible field of force surrounds the subject of a mage armor spell, providing a +4 armor bonus to AC.

Unlike mundane armor, mage armor entails no armor check penalty, arcane spell failure chance, or speed reduction. Since mage armor is made of force, incorporeal creatures can't

bypass it the way they do normal armor.

Mage Hand

School transmutation; Level bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one nonmagical, unattended object weighing up to 5 lbs.

Duration concentration

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You point your finger at an object and can lift it and move it at will from a distance. As a move action, you can propel the object as far as 15 feet in any direction, though the spell ends **Duration** 1 hour/caster level or until discharged, then 1 if the distance between you and the object ever exceeds the round/caster level; see text spell's range.

Mage's Disjunction

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area all magical effects and magic items within a 40-ft.radius burst, or one magic item (see text)

Duration 1 minute/level

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance no

All magical effects and magic items within the radius of the spell, except for those that you carry or touch, are disjoined. That is, spells and spell-like effects are unraveled and destroyed completely (ending the effect as a dispel magic spell does), and each permanent magic item must make a successful Will save or be turned into a normal item for the duration of this spell. An item in a creature's possession uses its own Will save bonus or its possessor's Will save bonus, whichever is higher. If an item's saving throw results in a natural 1 on the die, the item is destroyed instead of being suppressed.

You also have a 1% chance per caster level of destroying an antimagic field. If the antimagic field survives the disjunction, no items within it are disjoined.

You can also use this spell to target a single item. The item gets a Will save at a -5 penalty to avoid being permanently Components V, S destroyed. Even artifacts are subject to mage's disjunction, though there is only a 1% chance per caster level of actually affecting such powerful items. If successful, the artifact's Target you power unravels, and it is destroyed (with no save). If an

artifact is destroyed, you must make a DC 25 Will save or permanently lose all spellcasting abilities. These abilities cannot be recovered by mortal magic, not even miracle or wish. Destroying artifacts is a dangerous business, and it is 95% likely to attract the attention of some powerful being who has an interest in or connection with the device.

Mage's Faithful Hound

School conjuration (creation); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a tiny silver whistle, a piece of bone, and a thread)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect phantom watchdog

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You conjure up a phantom watchdog that is invisible to everyone but yourself. It then guards the area where it was conjured (it does not move). The hound immediately starts barking loudly if any Small or larger creature approaches within 30 feet of it. (Those within 30 feet of the hound when it is conjured may move about in the area, but if they leave and return, they activate the barking.) The hound sees invisible and ethereal creatures. It does not react to figments, but it does react to shadow illusions.

If an intruder approaches to within 5 feet of the hound, the dog stops barking and delivers a vicious bite (+10 attack bonus, 2d6+3 points of piercing damage) once per round. The dog also gets the bonuses appropriate to an invisible creature (see invisibility).

The dog is considered ready to bite intruders, so it delivers its first bite on the intruder's turn. Its bite is the equivalent of a magic weapon for the purpose of damage reduction. The hound cannot be attacked, but it can be dispelled.

The spell lasts for 1 hour per caster level, but once the hound begins barking, it lasts only 1 round per caster level. If you are ever more than 100 feet distant from the hound, the spell ends.

Mage's Lucubration

School transmutation; Level wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range personal

Duration instantaneous

You instantly prepare any one spell of 5th level or lower that **Duration** 24 hours (D) you have used during the past 24 hours. The spell must have been actually cast during that period. The chosen spell is stored in your mind as through prepared in the normal This spell ensures privacy. Anyone looking into the area fashion.

If the recalled spell requires material components, you must provide them. The recovered spell is not usable until the material components are available.

Mage's Magnificent Mansion

School conjuration (creation); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a miniature ivory door, a piece of polished marble, and a silver spoon, each worth 5 gp)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect extradimensional mansion, up to three 10-ft. cubes/level (S)

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You conjure up an extradimensional dwelling that has a single entrance on the plane from which the spell was cast. Casting Time 1 standard action The entry point looks like a faint shimmering in the air that is 4 feet wide and 8 feet high. Only those you designate may enter the mansion, and the portal is shut and made invisible behind you when you enter. You may open it again from your Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) own side at will. Once observers have passed beyond the entrance, they are in a magnificent foyer with numerous chambers beyond. The atmosphere is clean, fresh, and warm. **Duration** 1 round/level (D)

You can create any floor plan you desire to the limit of the **Saving Throw** none; **Spell Resistance** yes spell's effect. The place is furnished and contains sufficient foodstuffs to serve a nine-course banquet to a dozen people per caster level. A staff of near-transparent servants (as many as two per caster level), liveried and obedient, wait upon all who enter. The servants function as unseen servant spells except that they are visible and can go anywhere in the mansion.

outside conditions do not affect the mansion, nor do creatures. It deals 4d6+3 points of force damage, with a conditions inside it pass to the plane beyond.

Mage's Private Sanctum

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (a sheet of lead, a piece of glass, a wad of cotton, and powdered chrysolite)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 30-ft. cube/level (S)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

from outside sees only a dark, foggy mass. Darkvision cannot penetrate it. No sounds, no matter how loud, can escape the area, so nobody can eavesdrop from outside. Those inside can see out normally.

Divination (scrying) spells cannot perceive anything within the area, and those within are immune to detect thoughts. The ward prevents speech between those inside and those outside (because it blocks sound), but it does not prevent other communication, such as a sending or message spell, or telepathic communication, such as that between a wizard and her familiar.

The spell does not prevent creatures or objects from moving into and out of the area.

Mage's private sanctum can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Mage's Sword

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Components V, S, F (a miniature platinum sword worth 250

Effect one sword

This spell brings into being a shimmering, sword-like plane of force. The sword strikes at any opponent within its range, as you desire, starting in the round that you cast the spell. The sword attacks its designated target once each round on your turn. Its attack bonus is equal to your caster level + your Intelligence bonus or your Charisma bonus (for wizards or sorcerers, respectively) with an additional +3 enhancement Since the place can be entered only through its special portal, bonus. As a force effect, it can strike ethereal and incorporeal threat range of 19–20 and a critical multiplier of ×2.

> The sword always strikes from your direction. It does not get a bonus for flanking or help a combatant get one. If the sword goes beyond the spell range from you, goes out of your sight, or you are not directing it, it returns to you and hovers.

> Each round after the first, you can use a standard action to switch the sword to a new target. If you do not, the sword continues to attack the previous round's target.

> The sword cannot be attacked or harmed by physical attacks,

but dispel magic, disintegrate, a sphere of annihilation, or a Area 10-ft.-radius emanation from touched creature rod of cancellation affects it. The sword's AC is 13 (10, +0 size bonus for Medium object, +3 deflection bonus).

If an attacked creature has spell resistance, the resistance is checked the first time mage's sword strikes it. If the sword is successfully resisted, the spell is dispelled. If not, the sword All creatures within the area gain the effects of a protection the spell.

Magic Aura

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a small square of silk that must be passed over the object that receives the aura)

Range touch

Target one touched object weighing up to 5 lbs./level

Duration 1 day/level (D)

Saving Throw none; see text; Spell Resistance no

You alter an item's aura so that it registers to detect spells (and spells with similar capabilities) as though it were nonmagical, or a magic item of a kind you specify, or the subject of a spell you specify. If the object bearing magic aura has identify cast on it or is similarly examined, the examiner recognizes that the aura is false and detects the reveals what the true magic is.

If the targeted item's own aura is exceptionally powerful (if it is an artifact, for instance), magic aura doesn't work.

Note: A magic weapon, shield, or suit of armor must be a masterwork item, so a sword of average make, for example, looks suspicious if it has a magical aura.

Magic Circle against Chaos

School abjuration [lawful]; **Level** cleric 3, paladin 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

This spell functions like magic circle against evil, except that it is similar to protection from chaos instead of protection from evil, and it can imprison a nonlawful called creature.

Magic Circle against Evil

School abjuration [good]; **Level** cleric 3, paladin 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a 3-ft.-diameter circle of powdered silver)

Range touch

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance no;

has its normal full effect on that creature for the duration of from evil spell, and evil summoned creatures cannot enter the area either. Creatures in the area, or who later enter the area, receive only one attempt to suppress effects that are controlling them. If successful, such effects are suppressed as long as they remain in the area. Creatures that leave the area and come back are not protected. You must overcome a creature's spell resistance in order to keep it at bay (as in the third function of protection from evil), but the deflection and resistance bonuses and the protection from mental control apply regardless of enemies' spell resistance.

> This spell has an alternative version that you may choose when casting it. A magic circle against evil can be focused inward rather than outward. When focused inward, the spell binds a nongood called creature (such as those called by the lesser planar binding, planar binding, and greater planar binding spells) for a maximum of 24 hours per caster level, provided that you cast the spell that calls the creature within 1 round of casting the *magic circle*. The creature cannot cross the circle's boundaries. If a creature too large to fit into the spell's area is the subject of the spell, the spell acts as a normal *protection from evil* spell for that creature only.

object's actual qualities if he succeeds on a Will save. A magic circle leaves much to be desired as a trap. If the Otherwise, he believes the aura and no amount of testing circle of powdered silver laid down in the process of spellcasting is broken, the effect immediately ends. The trapped creature can do nothing that disturbs the circle, directly or indirectly, but other creatures can. If the called creature has spell resistance, it can test the trap once a day. If you fail to overcome its spell resistance, the creature breaks free, destroying the circle. A creature capable of any form of dimensional travel (astral projection, blink, dimension door, etherealness, gate, plane shift, shadow walk, teleport, and similar abilities) can simply leave the circle through such means. You can prevent the creature's extradimensional escape by casting a dimensional anchor spell on it, but you must cast the spell before the creature acts. If you are successful, the anchor effect lasts as long as the magic circle does. The creature cannot reach across the magic circle, but its ranged attacks (ranged weapons, spells, magical abilities, and the like) can. The creature can attack any target it can reach with its ranged attacks except for the circle itself.

> You can add a special diagram (a two-dimensional bounded figure with no gaps along its circumference, augmented with various magical sigils) to make the *magic circle* more secure. Drawing the diagram by hand takes 10 minutes and requires a DC 20 Spellcraft check. You do not know the result of this check. If the check fails, the diagram is ineffective. You can take 10 when drawing the diagram if you are under no particular time pressure to complete the task. This task also

takes 10 full minutes. If time is no factor at all, and you Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) devote 3 hours and 20 minutes to the task, you can take 20.

A successful diagram allows you to cast a dimensional anchor spell on the magic circle during the round before casting any summoning spell. The anchor holds any called This spell functions like magic fang, except that the can cross the diagram. If the creature tries a Charisma check reduction aside from magic. to break free of the trap (see the lesser planar binding spell), the DC increases by 5. The creature is immediately released if anything disturbs the diagram—even a straw laid across it. The creature itself cannot disturb the diagram either directly or indirectly, as noted above.

This spell is not cumulative with protection from evil and vice versa.

Magic Circle against Good

School abjuration [evil]; **Level** cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

This spell functions like magic circle against evil, except that Components V, S, F (a gem or crystal worth at least 100 gp) it is similar to protection from good instead of protection from evil, and it can imprison a nonevil called creature.

Magic Circle against Law

School abjuration [chaotic]; **Level** cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

This spell functions like magic circle against evil, except that it is similar to protection from law instead of protection from evil, and it can imprison a nonchaotic called creature.

Magic Fang

School transmutation; Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

Magic fang gives one natural weapon or unarmed strike of the subject a +1 enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls. The spell can affect a slam attack, fist, bite, or other natural weapon. The spell does not change an unarmed strike's damage from nonlethal damage to lethal damage.

Magic fang can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Magic Fang, Greater

School transmutation; **Level** druid 3, ranger 3

Target one living creature

Duration 1 hour/level

creatures in the magic circle for 24 hours per caster level. A enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls is +1 per four creature cannot use its spell resistance against a magic circle caster levels (maximum +5). This bonus does not allow a prepared with a diagram, and none of its abilities or attacks natural weapon or unarmed strike to bypass damage

> Alternatively, you may imbue all of the creature's natural weapons with a +1 enhancement bonus (regardless of your caster level).

> Greater magic fang can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Magic Jar

School necromancy; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one creature

Duration 1 hour/level or until you return to your body

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

By casting magic jar, you place your soul in a gem or large crystal (known as the magic jar), leaving your body lifeless. Then you can attempt to take control of a nearby body, forcing its soul into the *magic jar*. You may move back to the jar (thereby returning the trapped soul to its body) and attempt to possess another body. The spell ends when you send your soul back to your own body, leaving the receptacle empty. To cast the spell, the magic jar must be within spell range and you must know where it is, though you do not need line of sight or line of effect to it. When you transfer your soul upon casting, your body is, as near as anyone can tell, dead.

While in the magic jar, you can sense and attack any life force within 10 feet per caster level (and on the same plane of existence). You do need line of effect from the jar to the creatures. You cannot determine the exact creature types or positions of these creatures. In a group of life forces, you can sense a difference of 4 or more HD between one creature and another and can determine whether a life force is powered by positive or negative energy. (Undead creatures are powered by negative energy. Only sentient undead creatures have, or are, souls.)

You could choose to take over either a stronger or a weaker creature, but which particular stronger or weaker creature you attempt to possess is determined randomly.

blocked by protection from evil or a similar ward. You Objects are not damaged by the spell. possess the body and force the creature's soul into the magic jar unless the subject succeeds on a Will save. Failure to take over the host leaves your life force in the magic jar, and the target automatically succeeds on further saving throws if you attempt to possess its body again.

If you are successful, your life force occupies the host body, and the host's life force is imprisoned in the *magic jar*. You you check for spell resistance or roll damage. keep your Intelligence, Wisdom, Charisma, level, class, base attack bonus, base save bonuses, alignment, and mental abilities. The body retains its Strength, Dexterity, Constitution, hit points, natural abilities, and automatic abilities. A body with extra limbs does not allow you to make more attacks (or more advantageous two-weapon attacks) than normal. You can't choose to activate the body's extraordinary or supernatural abilities. The creature's spells and spell-like abilities do not stay with the body.

As a standard action, you can shift freely from a host to the Target one creature or object magic jar if within range, sending the trapped soul back to its body. The spell ends when you shift from the jar to your own body.

If the host body is slain, you return to the magic jar, if within range, and the life force of the host departs (it is dead). If the host body is slain beyond the range of the spell, both you and the host die. Any life force with nowhere to go is treated as slain.

If the spell ends while you are in the *magic jar*, you return to your body (or die if your body is out of range or destroyed). If the spell ends while you are in a host, you return to your body (or die, if it is out of range of your current position), and the soul in the magic jar returns to its body (or dies if it is out of range). Destroying the receptacle ends the spell, and the spell can be dispelled at either the magic jar or the host's location.

Magic Missile

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Targets up to five creatures, no two of which can be more than 15 ft. apart

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

A missile of magical energy darts forth from your fingertip and strikes its target, dealing 1d4+1 points of force damage.

The missile strikes unerringly, even if the target is in melee combat, so long as it has less than total cover or total

Attempting to possess a body is a full-round action. It is concealment. Specific parts of a creature can't be singled out.

For every two caster levels beyond 1st, you gain an additional missile—two at 3rd level, three at 5th, four at 7th, and the maximum of five missiles at 9th level or higher. If you shoot multiple missiles, you can have them strike a single creature or several creatures. A single missile can strike only one creature. You must designate targets before

Magic Mouth

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a small bit of honeycomb and jade dust worth 10 gp)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Duration permanent until discharged

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

This spell imbues the chosen object or creature with an enchanted mouth that suddenly appears and speaks its message the next time a specified event occurs. The message, which must be 25 or fewer words long, can be in any language known by you and can be delivered over a period of 10 minutes. The mouth cannot utter verbal components, use command words, or activate magical effects. It does, however, move according to the words articulated; if it were placed upon a statue, the mouth of the statue would move and appear to speak. Magic mouth can also be placed upon a tree, rock, or any other object or creature.

The spell functions when specific conditions are fulfilled according to your command as set in the spell. Commands can be as general or as detailed as desired, although only visual and audible triggers can be used. Triggers react to what appears to be the case. Disguises and illusions can fool them. Normal darkness does not defeat a visual trigger, but magical darkness or invisibility does. Silent movement or magical silence defeats audible triggers. Audible triggers can be keyed to general types of noises or to a specific noise or spoken word. Actions can serve as triggers if they are visible or audible. A magic mouth cannot distinguish alignment, level, Hit Dice, or class except by external garb.

The range limit of a trigger is 15 feet per caster level, so a 6th-level caster can command a magic mouth to respond to triggers as far as 90 feet away. Regardless of range, the mouth can respond only to visible or audible triggers and actions in line of sight or within hearing distance.

Magic mouth can be made permanent with a permanency

spell.

Magic Stone

School transmutation; Level cleric 1, druid 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Targets up to three pebbles touched

Duration 30 minutes or until discharged

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell **Resistance** yes (harmless, object)

You transmute as many as three pebbles, which can be no larger than sling bullets, so that they strike with great force when thrown or slung. If hurled, they have a range increment of 20 feet. If slung, treat them as sling bullets (range Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) increment 50 feet). The spell gives them a +1 enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls. The user of the stones makes a normal ranged attack. Each stone that hits deals 1d6+1 points of damage (including the spell's enhancement **Duration** 1 hour/level bonus), or 2d6+2 points against undead.

Magic Vestment

School transmutation; Level cleric 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target armor or shield touched

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell Resistance yes (harmless, object)

You imbue a suit of armor or a shield with an enhancement bonus of +1 per four caster levels (maximum +5 at 20th level).

An outfit of regular clothing counts as armor that grants no Casting Time: 10 minutes AC bonus for the purpose of this spell.

Magic Weapon

School transmutation; Level cleric 1, paladin sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target weapon touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell **Resistance** yes (harmless, object)

Magic weapon gives a weapon a +1 enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls. An enhancement bonus does not stack with a masterwork weapon's +1 bonus on attack rolls.

You can't cast this spell on a natural weapon, such as an unarmed strike (instead, see magic fang). A monk's unarmed strike is considered a weapon, and thus it can be enhanced by this spell.

Magic Weapon, Greater

transmutation; Level cleric paladin 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (powdered lime and carbon)

Target one weapon or 50 projectiles (all of which must be together at the time of casting)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell **Resistance** yes (harmless, object)

This spell functions like *magic weapon*, except that it gives a weapon an enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls of +1 per four caster levels (maximum +5). This bonus does not allow a weapon to bypass damage reduction aside from magic.

Alternatively, you can affect as many as 50 arrows, bolts, or bullets. The projectiles must be of the same kind, and they have to be together (in the same quiver or other container). Projectiles, but not thrown weapons, lose their transmutation after they are used. Treat shuriken as projectiles, rather than as thrown weapons, for the purpose of this spell.

Major Creation

School conjuration (creation); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Duration see text

1. This spell functions like *minor creation*, except that you can also create an object of mineral nature: stone, crystal, metal, or the like. The duration of the created item varies with its relative hardness and rarity, as indicated on the following table.

Hardness and Rarity Examples	Duration
Vegetable matter	2 hr./level
Stone, crystal, base metals	1 hr./level
Precious metals	20 min./level
Gems	10 min./level
Rare metal*	1 round/level

^{*} Includes adamantine, alchemical silver, and mithral. You can't use major creation to create a cold iron item.

Major Image

School illusion (figment); **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Duration Concentration + 3 rounds

This spell functions like silent image, except that sound, smell, and thermal illusions are included in the spell effect. While concentrating, you can move the image within the range.

The image disappears when struck by an opponent unless you cause the illusion to react appropriately.

Make Whole

School transmutation; **Level** cleric 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one object of up to 10 cu. ft./level or one construct creature of any size

This spell functions as mending, except that it repairs 1d6 points of damage per level when cast on a construct creature (maximum 5d6).

Make whole can fix destroyed magic items (at 0 hit points or less), and restores the magic properties of the item if your caster level is at least twice that of the item. Items with charges (such as wands) and single-use items (such as potions and scrolls) cannot be repaired in this way. When Target one creature make whole is used on a construct creature, the spell bypasses any immunity to magic as if the spell did not allow spell resistance.

Mark of Justice

School necromancy; **Level** cleric 5, paladin 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration permanent; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You mark a subject and state some behavior on the part of the subject that will activate the mark. When activated, the mark curses the subject. Typically, you designate some sort of undesirable behavior that activates the mark, but you can pick any act you please. The effect of the mark is identical with the effect of bestow curse.

Since this spell takes 10 minutes to cast and involves writing on the target, you can cast it only on a creature that is willing or restrained.

Like the effect of bestow curse, a mark of justice cannot be dispelled, but it can be removed with a break enchantment, limited wish, miracle, remove curse, or wish spell. Remove curse works only if its caster level is equal to or higher than your mark of justice caster level. These restrictions apply regardless of whether the mark has activated.

Mass (Spell Name)

Any spell whose name begins with mass is alphabetized according to the spell name. Thus, the description of a mass spell appears near the description of the spell on which it is based. Spell chains that have mass spells in them include those based on the spells bear's endurance, bull's strength, cat's grace, charm monster, cure critical wounds, cure light wounds, cure moderate wounds, cure serious wounds, eagle's splendor, enlarge person, fox's cunning, heal, hold monster, hold person, inflict critical wounds, inflict light wounds, inflict moderate wounds, inflict serious wounds, invisibility, owl's wisdom, reduce person, and suggestion.

Maze

School conjuration (teleportation); Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Duration see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You banish the subject into an extradimensional labyrinth. Each round on its turn, it may attempt a DC 20 Intelligence check to escape the labyrinth as a full-round action. If the subject doesn't escape, the maze disappears after 10 minutes, freeing the subject.

On escaping or leaving the maze, the subject reappears where it had been when the maze spell was cast. If this location is filled with a solid object, the subject appears in the nearest open space. Spells and abilities that move a creature within a plane, such as teleport and dimension door, do not help a creature escape a maze spell, although a plane shift spell allows it to exit to whatever plane is designated in

that spell. Minotaurs are not affected by this spell.

Meld into Stone

School transmutation [earth]; Level cleric 3, druid 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range personal

Target you

Duration 10 min./level

Meld into stone enables you to meld your body and possessions into a single block of stone. The stone must be large enough to accommodate your body in all three dimensions. When the casting is complete, you and not more than 100 pounds of nonliving gear merge with the stone. If Message either condition is violated, the spell fails and is wasted.

While in the stone, you remain in contact, however tenuous, with the face of the stone through which you melded. You remain aware of the passage of time and can cast spells on Casting Time 1 standard action yourself while hiding in the stone. Nothing that goes on outside the stone can be seen, but you can still hear what happens around you. Minor physical damage to the stone Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) does not harm you, but its partial destruction (to the extent that you no longer fit within it) expels you and deals you 5d6 points of damage. The stone's complete destruction expels **Duration** 10 min./level you and slays you instantly unless you make a DC 18 Fortitude save. Even if you make your save, you still take 5d6 points of damage.

Any time before the duration expires, you can step out of the stone through the surface that you entered. If the spell's duration expires or the effect is dispelled before you voluntarily exit the stone, you are violently expelled and take 5d6 points of damage.

are occupying. Stone to flesh expels you and deals you 5d6 straight line. It can circumvent a barrier if there is an open points of damage. Stone shape deals 3d6 points of damage path between you and the subject, and the path's entire length but does not expel you. Transmute rock to mud expels you lies within the spell's range. The creatures that receive the and then slays you instantly unless you make a DC 18 message can whisper a reply that you hear. The spell Fortitude save, in which case you are merely expelled. transmits sound, not meaning; it doesn't transcend language Finally, passwall expels you without damage.

Mending

School transmutation; Level bard 0, cleric 0, druid 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range 10 ft.

Target one object of up to 1 lb./level

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw: Will negates (harmless, object); Spell **Resistance**: yes (harmless, object)

This spell repairs damaged objects, restoring 1d4 hit points to the object. If the object has the broken condition, this condition is removed if the object is restored to at least half its original hit points. All of the pieces of an object must be present for this spell to function. Magic items can be repaired by this spell, but you must have a caster level equal to or higher than that of the object. Magic items that are destroyed (at 0 hit points or less) can be repaired with this spell, but this spell does not restore their magic abilities. This spell does not affect creatures (including constructs). This spell has no effect on objects that have been warped or otherwise transmuted, but it can still repair damage done to such items.

School transmutation [language-dependent]; **Level** bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Components V, S, F (a piece of copper wire)

Targets one creature/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You can whisper messages and receive whispered replies. Those nearby can hear these messages with a DC 25 Perception check. You point your finger at each creature you want to receive the message. When you whisper, the whispered message is audible to all targeted creatures within range. Magical silence, 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal (or a thin sheet of lead), or 3 feet of wood or dirt The following spells harm you if cast upon the stone that you blocks the spell. The message does not have to travel in a barriers. To speak a message, you must mouth the words and whisper.

Meteor Swarm

School evocation [fire]; Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area four 40-ft.-radius spreads, see text

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none or Reflex half, see text; Spell Components V, S Resistance yes

Meteor swarm is a very powerful and spectacular spell that is similar to fireball in many aspects. When you cast it, four 2foot-diameter spheres spring from your outstretched hand Duration 30 minutes and 2d6 rounds; see text and streak in straight lines to the spots you select. The meteor spheres leave a fiery trail of sparks.

If you aim a sphere at a specific creature, you may make a ranged touch attack to strike the target with the meteor. Any creature struck by a sphere takes 2d6 points of bludgeoning damage (no save) and takes a -4 penalty on the saving throw against the sphere's fire damage (see below). If a targeted sphere misses its target, it simply explodes at the nearest corner of the target's space. You may aim more than one sphere at the same target.

Once a sphere reaches its destination, it explodes in a 40foot-radius spread, dealing 6d6 points of fire damage to each creature in the area. If a creature is within the area of more than one sphere, it must save separately against each. Despite stemming from separate spheres, all of the fire damage is added together after the saves have been made, and fire Minor Creation resistance is applied only once.

Mind Blank

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature

Duration 24 hours

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

The subject is protected from all devices and spells that gather information about the target through divination magic (such as detect evil, locate creature, scry, and see invisible). This spell also grants a +8 resistance bonus on saving throws against all mind-affecting spells and effects. Mind blank even foils limited wish, miracle, and wish spells when they are used in such a way as to gain information about the target. In the case of scrying that scans an area the creature is in, such as arcane eye, the spell works but the creature simply isn't detected. Scrying attempts that are targeted specifically at the subject do not work at all.

Mind Fog

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect fog spreads in 20-ft. radius, 20 ft. high

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Mind fog produces a bank of thin mist that weakens the mental resistance of those caught in it. Creatures in the mind fog take a −10 penalty on Wisdom checks and Will saves. (A creature that successfully saves against the fog is not affected and need not make further saves even if it remains in the fog.) Affected creatures take the penalty as long as they remain in the fog and for 2d6 rounds thereafter. The fog is stationary and lasts for 30 minutes (or until dispersed by wind).

A moderate wind (11+ mph) disperses the fog in 4 rounds; a strong wind (21+ mph) disperses the fog in 1 round.

The fog is thin and does not significantly hamper vision.

School conjuration (creation); Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (a tiny piece of matter of the same sort of item you plan to create with *minor creation*)

Range 0 ft.

Effect unattended, nonmagical object of nonliving plant matter, up to 1 cu. ft./level

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create a nonmagical, unattended object of nonliving vegetable matter. The volume of the item created cannot exceed 1 cubic foot per caster level. You must succeed on an appropriate Craft skill check to make a complex item.

Attempting to use any created object as a material component causes the spell to fail.

Minor Image

School illusion (figment); Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Duration concentration + 2 rounds

This spell functions like silent image, except that minor image includes some minor sounds but not understandable speech.

Miracle

School evocation; Level cleric 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S; see text

Range see text

Target, Effect, or Area see text

Duration see text

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes

You don't so much cast a *miracle* as request one. You state **Casting Time** 1 standard action what you would like to have happen and request that your deity (or the power you pray to for spells) intercede.

A miracle can do any of the following things.

- Duplicate any cleric spell of 8th level or lower.
- Duplicate any other spell of 7th level or lower.
- Undo the harmful effects of certain spells, such as feeblemind or insanity.
- Have any effect whose power level is in line with the above effects.

Alternatively, a cleric can make a very powerful request. Casting such a miracle costs the cleric 25,000 gp in powdered diamond because of the powerful divine energies involved. Examples of especially powerful *miracles* of this sort could include the following:

- Swinging the tide of a battle in your favor by raising fallen allies to continue fighting.
- · Moving you and your allies, with all your and their gear, from one plane to a specific locale through planar barriers with no chance of error.
- Protecting a city from an earthquake, volcanic eruption, flood, or other major natural disaster.

In any event, a request that is out of line with the deity's (or harmlessly discharged if used to destroy a figment. alignment's) nature is refused.

A duplicated spell allows saving throws and spell resistance you are invisible or the attacker is blind, the spell has no as normal, but the save DCs are as for a 9th-level spell. effect (although the normal miss chances still apply). When a miracle spell duplicates a spell with a material component that costs more than 100 gp, you must provide Misdirection that component.

Mirage Arcana

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Area one 20-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration concentration +1 hour/ level (D)

This spell functions like hallucinatory terrain, except that it enables you to make any area appear to be something other By means of this spell, you misdirect the information from

can alter the appearance of structures (or add them where none are present). Still, it can't disguise, conceal, or add creatures (though creatures within the area might hide themselves within the illusion just as they can hide themselves within a real location).

Mirror Image

School illusion (figment); **Level** bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level

This spell creates a number of illusory doubles of you that inhabit your square. These doubles make it difficult for enemies to precisely locate and attack you.

When mirror image is cast, 1d4 images plus one image per three caster levels (maximum eight images total) are created. These images remain in your space and move with you, mimicking your movements, sounds, and actions exactly. Whenever you are attacked or are the target of a spell that requires an attack roll, there is a possibility that the attack targets one of your images instead. If the attack is a hit, roll randomly to see whether the selected target is real or a figment. If it is a figment, the figment is destroyed. If the attack misses by 5 or less, one of your figments is destroyed by the near miss. Area spells affect you normally and do not destroy any of your figments. Spells and effects that do not require an attack roll affect you normally and do not destroy any of your figments. Spells that require a touch attack are

An attacker must be able to see the figments to be fooled. If

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature or object, up to a 10-ft. cube in size

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw none or Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance no

than it is. The illusion includes audible, visual, tactile, and divination spells that reveal auras (detect evil, detect magic, olfactory elements. Unlike hallucinatory terrain, the spell discern lies, and the like). On casting the spell, you choose another object within range. For the duration of the spell, the **Target** you subject of misdirection is detected as if it were the other object. Neither the subject nor the other object gets a saving throw against this effect. Detection spells provide Casting this spell allows you to prepare additional spells or actual target of the detection unless the caster of the detection when the spell is cast. succeeds on a Will save. For instance, you could make yourself detect as a tree if one were within range at casting: not evil, not lying, not magical, neutral in alignment, and so forth. This spell does not affect other types of divination magic (augury, detect thoughts, clairaudience/clairvoyance, Retain: You retain any spell of 3rd level or lower that you and the like).

Mislead

School illusion sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target/Effect you/one illusory double

Duration 1 round/level (D) and concentration + 3 rounds; Components V, S see text

Saving Throw none or Will disbelief (if interacted with); see text; Spell Resistance no

You become invisible (as greater invisibility, a glamer), and at the same time, an illusory double of you (as major image, a figment) appears. You are then free to go elsewhere while your double moves away. The double appears within range but thereafter moves as you direct it (which requires concentration beginning on the first round after the casting). You can make the figment appear superimposed perfectly over your own body so that observers don't notice an image appearing and you turning invisible. You and the figment can then move in different directions. The double moves at your speed and can talk and gesture as if it were real, but it cannot attack or cast spells, though it can pretend to do so.

The illusory double lasts as long as you concentrate upon it, plus 3 additional rounds. After you cease concentration, the illusory double continues to carry out the same activity until the duration expires. The greater invisibility lasts for 1 round per level, regardless of concentration.

Mnemonic Enhancer

School transmutation; Level wizard 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (a piece of string, and ink consisting of squid secretion mixed with black dragon's blood), F (an ivory plaque worth 50 gp)

Range personal

Duration instantaneous

information based on the second object rather than on the retain spells recently cast. Pick one of these two versions

Prepare: You prepare up to three additional levels of spells. A cantrip counts as 1/2 level for this purpose. You prepare and cast these spells normally.

had cast up to 1 round before you started casting the mnemonic enhancer. This restores the previously cast spell to your mind.

(figment, glamer); Level bard 5, In either event, the spell or spells prepared or retained fade after 24 hours (if not cast).

Modify Memory

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 4

Casting Time 1 round; see text

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature

Duration permanent

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You reach into the subject's mind and modify as many as 5 minutes of its memories in one of the following ways.

- Eliminate all memory of an event the subject actually experienced. This spell cannot negate charm, geas/quest, suggestion, or similar spells.
- Allow the subject to recall with perfect clarity an event it actually experienced.
- Change the details of an event the subject actually experienced.
- Implant a memory of an event the subject never experienced.

Casting the spell takes 1 round. If the subject fails to save, you proceed with the spell by spending as much as 5 minutes (a period of time equal to the amount of memory you want to modify) visualizing the memory you wish to modify in the subject. If your concentration is disturbed before the visualization is complete, or if the subject is ever beyond the spell's range during this time, the spell is lost.

A modified memory does not necessarily affect the subject's actions, particularly if it contradicts the creature's natural inclinations. An illogical modified memory is dismissed by the creature as a bad dream, too much wine, or another similar excuse.

Moment of Prescience

School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 hour/level or until discharged

This spell grants you a sixth sense. Once during the spell's duration, you may choose to use its effect. This spell grants you an insight bonus equal to your caster level (maximum +25) on any single attack roll, combat maneuver check, opposed ability or skill check, or saving throw. Alternatively, you can apply the insight bonus to your AC against a single attack (even if flat-footed). Activating the effect doesn't take an action; you can even activate it on another character's turn. You must choose to use the moment of prescience This spell has no effect on earth creatures. before you make the roll it is to modify. Once used, the spell ends. You can't have more than one moment of prescience active on you at the same time.

Mount

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, M (a bit of horse hair)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one mount

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You summon a light horse or a pony (your choice) to serve you as a mount. The steed serves willingly and well. The mount comes with a bit and bridle and a riding saddle.

Move Earth

School transmutation [earth]; Level druid 6, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time see text

Components V, S, M (clay, loam, sand, and an iron blade)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area dirt in an area up to 750 ft. square and up to 10 ft. deep

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Move earth moves dirt (clay, loam, sand, and soil), possibly

collapsing embankments, moving hillocks, shifting dunes, and so forth.

In no event can rock formations be collapsed or moved. The area to be affected determines the casting time. For every 150-foot square (up to 10 feet deep), casting takes 10 minutes. The maximum area, 750 feet by 750 feet, takes 4 hours and 10 minutes to move.

This spell does not violently break the surface of the ground. Instead, it creates wavelike crests and troughs, with the earth reacting with glacial fluidity until the desired result is achieved. Trees, structures, rock formations, and such are mostly unaffected except for changes in elevation and relative topography.

The spell cannot be used for tunneling and is generally too slow to trap or bury creatures. Its primary use is for digging or filling moats or for adjusting terrain contours before a

Neutralize Poison

School conjuration (healing); Level bard 4, cleric 4, druid 3, paladin 4, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (charcoal)

Range touch

Target creature or object of up to 1 cu. ft./level touched

Duration instantaneous or 10 min./level; see text

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell **Resistance** yes (harmless, object)

You detoxify any sort of venom in the creature or object touched. If the target is a creature, you must make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against the DC of each poison affecting the target. Success means that the poison is neutralized. A cured creature suffers no additional effects from the poison, and any temporary effects are ended, but the spell does not reverse instantaneous effects, such as hit point damage, temporary ability damage, or effects that don't go away on their own.

This spell can instead neutralize the poison in a poisonous creature or object for 10 minutes per level, at the caster's option. If cast on a creature, the creature receives a Will save to negate the effect.

Nightmare

School illusion (phantasm) [mind-affecting, evil]; Level bard 5. sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range unlimited

Target one living creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

You send a hideous and unsettling phantasmal vision to a Saving Throw Will negates (harmless, object); Spell specific creature that you name or otherwise specifically **Resistance** yes (harmless, object) designate.

The nightmare prevents restful sleep and causes 1d10 points divination spells such as clairaudience/clairvoyance, locate of damage. The nightmare leaves the subject fatigued and object, and detect spells. Nondetection also prevents location unable to regain arcane spells for the next 24 hours.

The difficulty of the save depends on your knowledge the subject and the physical connection (if any) you have to that creature.

Knowledge	Will Save Modifier
None*	+10
Secondhand (you have heard of the subject)	+5
Firsthand (you have met the subject)	+0
Familiar (you know the subject well)	5
Connection	Will Save Modifier
Likeness or picture	2
Possession or garment	4
Body part, lock of hair, bit of nail, etc.	10

^{*}You must have some sort of connection to a creature of which you have no knowledge.

Dispel evil cast on the subject while you are casting the spell dispels the *nightmare* and causes you to be stunned for 10 minutes per caster level of the dispel evil.

If the recipient is awake when the spell begins, you can choose to cease casting (ending the spell) or to enter a trance until the recipient goes to sleep, whereupon you become alert again and complete the casting. If you are disturbed during the trance, you must succeed on a Concentration check as if you were in the midst of casting a spell or the spell ends.

If you choose to enter a trance, you are not aware of your surroundings or the activities around you while in the trance.

You are defenseless, both physically and mentally, while in the trance. (You always fail Reflex and Will saving throws, for example.)

Creatures who don't sleep (such as elves, but not half-elves) or dream are immune to this spell.

Nondetection

School abjuration; Level ranger 4, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (diamond dust worth 50 gp)

Range touch

Target creature or object touched

Duration 1 hour/level

The warded creature or object becomes difficult to detect by by such magic items as crystal balls. If a divination is attempted against the warded creature or item, the caster of the divination must succeed on a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against a DC of 11 + the caster level of the spellcaster who cast nondetection. If you cast nondetection on yourself or on an item currently in your possession, the DC is 15 + your caster level.

If cast on a creature, nondetection wards the creature's gear as well as the creature itself.

Obscure Object

School abjuration; Level bard 1, cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (chameleon skin)

Range touch

Target one object touched of up to 100 lbs./level

Duration 8 hours (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance ves (object)

This spell hides an object from location by divination (scrying) effects, such as the scrying spell or a crystal ball. Such an attempt automatically fails (if the divination is targeted on the object) or fails to perceive the object (if the divination is targeted on a nearby location, object, or person).

Obscuring Mist

School conjuration (creation); Level cleric 1, druid 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 20 ft.

Effect cloud spreads in 20-ft. radius from you, 20 ft. high

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

A misty vapor arises around you. It is stationary. The vapor damage per caster level, maximum 10d6, to chaotic obscures all sight, including darkvision, beyond 5 feet. A outsiders) and causes them to be dazed for 1 round. A creature 5 feet away has concealment (attacks have a 20% successful Will save reduces the damage to half and negates miss chance). Creatures farther away have total concealment the daze effect. (50% miss chance, and the attacker cannot use sight to locate the target).

spell, disperses the fog in 4 rounds. A strong wind (21+ mph) with a successful Will save. disperses the fog in 1 round. A fireball, flame strike, or similar spell burns away the fog in the explosive or fiery spell's area. A wall of fire burns away the fog in the area into which it deals damage.

This spell does not function underwater.

Open/Close

School transmutation; **Level** bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a brass key)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target object weighing up to 30 lbs. or portal that can be opened or closed

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

You can open or close (your choice) a door, chest, box, School transmutation; Level cleric 2, druid 2, paladin 2, window, bag, pouch, bottle, barrel, or other container. If ranger 2, sorcerer/wizard 2 anything resists this activity (such as a bar on a door or a lock on a chest), the spell fails. In addition, the spell can only open and close things weighing 30 pounds or less. Thus, Components V, S, M/DF (feathers or droppings from an doors, chests, and similar objects sized for enormous owl) creatures may be beyond this spell's ability to affect.

Order's Wrath

School evocation [lawful]; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

cube

Duration instantaneous (1 round); see text

Saving Throw Will partial; see text; Spell Resistance yes

You channel lawful power to smite enemies. The power takes the form of a three-dimensional grid of energy. Only chaotic School transmutation; Level cleric and neutral (not lawful) creatures are harmed by the spell.

The spell deals 1d8 points of damage per two caster levels Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) (maximum 5d8) to chaotic creatures (or 1d6 points of

The spell deals only half damage to creatures who are neither chaotic nor lawful, and they are not dazed. They can reduce A moderate wind (11+ mph), such as from a gust of wind the damage in half again (down to one-quarter of the roll)

Overland Flight

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Components: V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 hour/level

This spell functions like a fly spell, except you can fly at a speed of 40 feet (30 feet if wearing medium or heavy armor, or if carrying a medium or heavy load) with a bonus on Fly skill checks equal to half your caster level. When using this spell for long-distance movement, you can hustle without taking nonlethal damage (a forced march still requires Constitution checks). This means you can cover 64 miles in an 8-hour period of flight (or 48 miles at a speed of 30 feet).

Owl's Wisdom

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance

The transmuted creature becomes wiser. The spell grants a +4 enhancement bonus to Wisdom, adding the usual benefit Area nonlawful creatures within a burst that fills a 30-ft. to Wisdom-related skills. Clerics, druids, and rangers (and other Wisdom-based spellcasters) who receive owl's wisdom do not gain any additional bonus spells for the increased Wisdom, but the save DCs for their spells increase.

Owl's Wisdom, Mass

druid 6. sorcerer/wizard 6

Target one creature/level, no two of which can be more than **Range** see text 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like owl's wisdom, except that it affects multiple creatures.

Pass without Trace

School transmutation; **Level** druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Targets one creature/level touched

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance ves (harmless)

The subject or subjects of this spell do not leave footprints or a scent trail while moving. Tracking the subjects is impossible by nonmagical means.

Passwall

School transmutation; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (sesame seeds)

Range touch

Effect 5-ft.-by-8-ft. opening, 10 ft. deep plus 5 ft. deep per three additional levels

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create a passage through wooden, plaster, or stone walls, but not through metal or other harder materials. The passage is 10 feet deep plus an additional 5 feet deep per three caster levels above 9th (15 feet at 12th, 20 feet at 15th, and a maximum of 25 feet deep at 18th level). If the wall's thickness is more than the depth of the passage created, then a single passwall simply makes a niche or short tunnel. Several passwall spells can then form a continuing passage *Only bonds two creatures per casting of permanency. to breach very thick walls. When passwall ends, creatures within the passage are ejected out the nearest exit. If someone dispels the passwall or you dismiss it, creatures in the passage are ejected out the far exit, if there is one, or out the sole exit if there is only one.

Permanency

School universal; Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 2 rounds

Components V, S, M (see tables below)

Target see text

Duration permanent; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell makes the duration of certain other spells permanent. You first cast the desired spell and then follow it with the *permanency* spell.

Depending on the spell, you must be of a minimum caster level and must expend a specific gp value of diamond dust as a material component.

You can make the following spells permanent in regard to yourself.

Spell	Minimum Caster Level	GP Cost
Arcane sight	11th	7,500 gp
Comprehend languages	9th	2,500 gp
Darkvision	10th	5,000 gp
Detect magic	9th	2,500 gp
Read magic	9th	2,500 gp
See invisibility	10th	5,000 gp
Tongues	11th	7,500 gp

You cannot cast these spells on other creatures. This application of *permanency* can be dispelled only by a caster of higher level than you were when you cast the spell.

In addition to personal use, permanency can be used to make the following spells permanent on yourself, another creature, or an object (as appropriate).

Spell	Minimum Caster Level	GP Cost
Enlarge person	9th	2,500 gp
Magic fang	9th	2,500 gp
Magic fang, greater	11th	7,500 gp
Reduce person	9th	2,500 gp
Resistance	9th	2,500 gp
Telepathic bond*	13th	12,500 gp

Additionally, the following spells can be cast upon objects or areas only and rendered permanent.

Snoll	Minimum Caster	GD G
Spell	Level	GP Cost
Alarm	9th	2,500 gp
Animate objects	14th	15,000 gp
Dancing lights	9th	2,500 gp
Ghost sound	9th	2,500 gp

11th	7,500 gp
10th	5,000 gp
13th	12,500 gp
10th	5,000 gp
15th	17,500 gp
17th	22,500 gp
16th	20,000 gp
11th	7,500 gp
12th	10,000 gp
11th	7,500 gp
16th	20,000 gp
14th	15,000 gp
16th	20,000 gp
13th	12,500 gp
14th	15,000 gp
16th	20,000 gp
15th	17,500 gp
15th	17,500 gp
17th	22,500 gp
12th	10,000 gp
13th	7,500 gp
10th	5,000 gp
	10th 13th 10th 13th 10th 15th 17th 16th 11th 12th 11th 16th 14th 16th 13th 14th 16th 15th 15th 15th 17th 12th 13th

normal. The GM may allow other spells to be made disbelieve it or become subject to its deadly fear attack. permanent.

Permanent Image

School illusion (figment); Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Effect figment that cannot extend beyond a 20-ft. cube + one Casting Time 10 minutes 10-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration permanent (D)

This spell functions like silent image, except that the figment includes visual, auditory, olfactory, and thermal elements, and the spell is permanent. By concentrating, you can move **Duration** 1 hour/level (D) the image within the limits of the range, but it is static while you are not concentrating.

Persistent Image

School illusion (figment); Level bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Duration 1 min./level (D)

This spell functions like *silent image*, except that the figment includes visual, auditory, olfactory, and thermal components, and the figment follows a script determined by you. The figment follows that script without your having to The mount is AC 18 (-1 size, +4 natural armor, +5 Dex) and

if you wish.

Phantasmal Killer

School illusion (phantasm) [fear, mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Target one living creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will disbelief, then Fortitude partial; see text; Spell Resistance ves

You create a phantasmal image of the most fearsome creature imaginable to the subject simply by forming the fears of the subject's subconscious mind into something that its conscious mind can visualize: this most horrible beast. Only the spell's subject can see the phantasmal killer. You see only a vague shape. The target first gets a Will save to recognize the image as unreal. If that save fails, the phantasm touches the subject, and the subject must succeed on a Fortitude save or die from fear. Even if the Fortitude save is successful, the subject takes 3d6 points of damage.

If the subject of a phantasmal killer attack succeeds in disbelieving and possesses telepathy or is wearing a helm of Spells cast on other targets are vulnerable to dispel magic as telepathy, the beast can be turned upon you. You must then

Phantom Steed

School conjuration (creation); Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard

Components V, S

Range 0 ft.

Effect one quasi-real, horselike creature

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You conjure a Large, quasi-real, horselike creature (the exact coloration can be customized as you wish). It can be ridden only by you or by the one person for whom you specifically created the mount. A phantom steed has a black head and body, gray mane and tail, and smoke-colored, insubstantial hooves that make no sound. It has what seems to be a saddle, bit, and bridle. It does not fight, but animals shun it and refuse to attack it.

concentrate on it. The illusion can include intelligible speech 7 hit points + 1 hit point per caster level. If it loses all its hit

points, the phantom steed disappears. A phantom steed has a Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no speed of 20 feet per two caster levels, to a maximum of 100 feet at 10th level. It can bear its rider's weight plus up to 10 pounds per caster level.

A mount's abilities include those of mounts of lower caster levels.

8th Level: The mount can ride over sandy, muddy, or even swampy ground without difficulty or decrease in speed.

spell, no action required to activate this ability).

12th Level: The mount can use air walk at will (as the spell, no action required to activate this ability) for up to 1 round at a time, after which it falls to the ground.

14th Level: The mount can fly at its speed with a bonus on Fly skill checks equal to your caster level.

Phantom Trap

School illusion (glamer); Level sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (special dust worth 50 gp)

Range touch

Target object touched

Duration permanent (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell makes a lock or other small mechanism seem to be trapped to anyone who can detect traps. You place the spell upon any small mechanism or device, such as a lock, hinge, hasp, cork, cap, or ratchet. Any character able to detect traps, or who uses any spell or device enabling trap detection, is HD, which cannot be more than 30 ft. apart when they certain a real trap exists. Of course, the effect is illusory and appear nothing happens if the trap is "sprung"; its primary purpose is to frighten away thieves or make them waste precious time.

spell is cast, the casting fails.

Phase Door

School conjuration (creation); Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range touch

Effect ethereal 5-ft.-by-8-ft. opening, 10 ft. deep + 5 ft. deep per three levels

Duration one usage per two levels

This spell creates an ethereal passage through wooden, plaster, or stone walls, but not other materials. The phase door is invisible and inaccessible to all creatures except you, These mounts gain certain powers according to caster level. and only you can use the passage. You disappear when you enter the *phase door* and appear when you exit. If you desire, you can take one other creature (Medium or smaller) through the door. This counts as two uses of the door. The door does not allow light, sound, or spell effects through it, nor can you see through it without using it. Thus, the spell can provide an 10th Level: The mount can use water walk at will (as the escape route, though certain creatures, such as phase spiders, can follow with ease. A gem of true seeing or similar magic reveals the presence of a phase door but does not allow its

> A phase door is subject to dispel magic. If anyone is within the passage when it is dispelled, he is harmlessly ejected just as if he were inside a passwall effect.

> You can allow other creatures to use the phase door by setting some triggering condition for the door. Such conditions can be as simple or elaborate as you desire. They can be based on a creature's name, identity, or alignment, but otherwise must be based on observable actions or qualities. Intangibles such as level, class, HD, and hit points don't qualify.

Phase door can be made permanent with a *permanency* spell.

Planar Ally

School conjuration (calling) [see text for *lesser planar ally*]; Level cleric 6

Components V, S, M (offerings worth 1,250 gp plus payment), DF

Effect one or two called outsiders, totaling no more than 12

This spell functions like lesser planar ally, except you may call a single creature of 12 HD or less, or two creatures of the same kind whose HD total no more than 12. The creatures If another phantom trap is active within 50 feet when the agree to help you and request your return payment together.

Planar Ally, Greater

School conjuration (calling) [see text for *lesser planar ally*]; Level cleric 8

Components V, S, M (offerings worth 2,500 gp plus payment), DF

Effect up to three called outsiders, totaling no more than 18 HD, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart when they

This spell functions like lesser planar ally, except that you may call a single creature of 18 HD or less, or up to three

payment together.

Planar Ally, Lesser

School conjuration (calling) [see text]; Level cleric 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (offerings worth 500 gp plus payment, see text), DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one called outsider of 6 HD or less

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

By casting this spell, you request your deity to send you an outsider (of 6 HD or less) of the deity's choice. If you serve no particular deity, the spell is a general plea answered by a creature sharing your philosophical alignment. If you know an individual creature's name, you may request that individual by speaking the name during the spell (though you might get a different creature anyway).

You may ask the creature to perform one task in exchange for a payment from you. Tasks might range from the simple to Targets up to three elementals or outsiders, totaling no more the complex. You must be able to communicate with the than 18 HD, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart creature called in order to bargain for its services.

The creature called requires a payment for its services. This This spell functions like lesser planar binding, except that must be made before the creature agrees to perform any persuaded to aid you. services. The bargaining takes at least 1 round, so any actions by the creature begin in the round after it arrives.

payment of 100 gp per HD of the creature called. For a task 5 taking up to 1 hour per caster level, the creature requires a payment of 500 gp per HD. A long-term task, one requiring up to 1 day per caster level, requires a payment of 1,000 gp Components V, S per HD.

A nonhazardous task requires only half the indicated payment, while an especially hazardous task might require a greater gift. Few if any creatures will accept a task that **Duration** instantaneous seems suicidal (remember, a called creature actually dies when it is killed, unlike a summoned creature). However, if Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance no and yes; the task is strongly aligned with the creature's ethos, it may halve or even waive the payment.

At the end of its task, or when the duration bargained for expires, the creature returns to its home plane (after reporting back to you, if appropriate and possible).

creatures of the same kind whose Hit Dice total no more than *Note*: When you use a calling spell that calls an air, chaotic, 18. The creatures agree to help you and request your return earth, evil, fire, good, lawful, or water creature, it is a spell of that type.

Planar Binding

School conjuration (calling) [see text for *lesser planar* binding]; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Components: V. S

Targets up to three elementals or outsiders, totaling no more than 12 HD, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart when they appear

This spell functions like lesser planar binding, except that you may call a single creature of 12 HD or less, or up to three creatures of the same kind whose Hit Dice total no more than 12. Each creature gets a saving throw, makes an independent attempt to escape, and must be individually persuaded to aid you.

Planar Binding, Greater

School conjuration (calling) [see text for lesser planar binding]; Level: sorcerer/wizard 8

Components: V, S

when they appear.

payment can take a variety of forms, from donating gold or you may call a single creature of 18 HD or less, or up to magic items to an allied temple, to a gift given directly to the three creatures of the same kind whose Hit Dice total no creature, to some other action on your part that matches the more than 18. Each creature gets a saying throw, makes an creature's alignment and goals. Regardless, this payment independent attempt to escape, and must be individually

Planar Binding, Lesser

A task taking up to 1 minute per caster level requires a School conjuration (calling) [see text]; Level sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 10 minutes

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels); see text

Target one elemental or outsider with 6 HD or less

see text

Casting this spell attempts a dangerous act: to lure a creature from another plane to a specifically prepared trap, which must lie within the spell's range. The called creature is held in the trap until it agrees to perform one service in return for its freedom.

To create the trap, you must use a magic circle spell, focused **Target** creature touched, or up to eight willing creatures inward. The kind of creature to be bound must be known and joining hands stated. If you wish to call a specific individual, you must use that individual's proper name in casting the spell.

The target creature is allowed a Will saving throw. If the saving throw succeeds, the creature resists the spell. If the You move yourself or some other creature to another plane of saving throw fails, the creature is immediately drawn to the existence or alternate dimension. If several willing persons trap (spell resistance does not keep it from being called). The link hands in a circle, as many as eight can be affected by the creature can escape from the trap by successfully pitting its plane shift at the same time. Precise accuracy as to a spell resistance against your caster level check, by particular arrival location on the intended plane is nigh dimensional travel, or with a successful Charisma check (DC impossible. From the Material Plane, you can reach any other try each method once per day. If it breaks loose, it can flee or intended destination. Plane shift transports creatures attack you. A dimensional anchor cast on the creature instantaneously and then ends. The creatures need to find prevents its escape via dimensional travel. You can also other means if they are to travel back (including casting employ a calling diagram (see magic circle against evil) to plane shift again). make the trap more secure.

If the creature does not break free of the trap, you can keep it bound for as long as you dare. You can attempt to compel the School transmutation; Level druid 3, ranger 3 creature to perform a service by describing the service and perhaps offering some sort of reward. You make a Charisma check opposed by the creature's Charisma check. The check Components V, S, DF is assigned a bonus of +0 to +6 based on the nature of the service and the reward. If the creature wins the opposed check, it refuses service. New offers, bribes, and the like can Target or Area see text be made or the old ones reoffered every 24 hours. This process can be repeated until the creature promises to serve, until it breaks free, or until you decide to get rid of it by Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no means of some other spell. Impossible demands or unreasonable commands are never agreed to. If you ever roll Plant growth has different effects depending on the version a natural 1 on the Charisma check, the creature breaks free of chosen. the spell's effect and can escape or attack you.

Once the requested service is completed, the creature need only to inform you to be instantly sent back whence it came. The creature might later seek revenge. If you assign some open-ended task that the creature cannot complete through its own actions, the spell remains in effect for a maximum of 1 day per caster level, and the creature gains an immediate chance to break free (with the same chance to resist as when it was trapped). Note that a clever recipient can subvert some instructions.

When you use a calling spell to call an air, chaotic, earth, evil, fire, good, lawful, or water creature, it is a spell of that type.

Plane Shift

School conjuration (teleportation); cleric sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a forked metal rod attuned to the plane of travel)

Range touch

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

15 + 1/2 your caster level + your Charisma modifier). It can plane, though you appear 5 to 500 miles (5d%) from your

Plant Growth

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range see text

Duration instantaneous

Overgrowth: This effect causes normal vegetation (grasses, briars, bushes, creepers, thistles, trees, vines, and so on) within long range (400 feet + 40 feet per caster level) to become thick and overgrown. The plants entwine to form a thicket or jungle that creatures must hack or force a way through. Speed drops to 5 feet, or 10 feet for Large or larger creatures. The area must have brush and trees in it for this spell to take effect. If this spell is cast on an area that is already affected by any spell or effect that enhances plants, such as entangle or wall of thorns, any DC involved with these spells is increased by 4. This bonus is granted for 1 day after the casting of *plant growth*.

At your option, the area can be a 100-foot-radius circle, a 150-foot-radius semicircle, or a 200-foot-radius quarter

You may designate places within the area that are not affected.

Enrichment: This effect targets plants within a range of a half-mile, raising their potential productivity over the course of the next year to one-third above normal.

Plant growth counters diminish plants.

This spell has no effect on plant creatures.

Plant Shape I

School transmutation (polymorph); Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of the creature whose form Range touch you plan to assume)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

ability to move, your speed is reduced to 5 feet and you lose damage and end the affliction. all other forms of movement. If the creature has vulnerability to an element, you gain that vulnerability.

Small plant: If the form you take is that of a Small plant, you School evocation [cold]; Level sorcerer/wizard 8 gain a +2 size bonus to your Constitution and a +2 natural armor bonus.

Medium plant: If the form you take is that of a Medium plant, you gain a +2 size bonus to your Strength, a +2 Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) enhancement bonus to your Constitution, and a +2 natural armor bonus.

Plant Shape II

School transmutation (polymorph); Level sorcerer/wizard 6

This spell functions as *plant shape I* except that it also allows you gain resistance 20 to those elements. If the creature has points of Dexterity drain. vulnerability to an element, you gain that vulnerability.

Large plant: If the form you take is that of a Large plant, you gain a +4 size bonus to your Strength, a +2 size bonus to School transmutation (polymorph); Level sorcerer/wizard 5 your Constitution, and a +4 natural armor bonus.

Plant Shape III

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions as plant shape II except that it also allows you to assume the form of a Huge creature of the plant type. If the form you assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the listed ability: DR, regeneration 5, and trample.

Huge plant: If the form you take is that of a Huge plant, you gain a +8 size bonus to your Strength, a -2 penalty to your This spell transforms a willing creature into an animal, Dexterity, a +4 size bonus to your Constitution, and a +6 natural armor bonus.

Poison

School necromancy; Level cleric 4, druid 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Target living creature touched

Duration instantaneous: see text

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; see text; Spell Resistance

When you cast this spell you can assume the form of any Calling upon the venomous powers of natural predators, you Small or Medium creature of the plant type. If the form you infect the subject with a horrible poison by making a assume has any of the following abilities, you gain the listed successful melee touch attack. This poison deals 1d3 ability: darkvision 60 feet, low-light vision, constrict, grab, Constitution damage per round for 6 rounds. Poisoned and poison. If the form you assume does not possess the creatures can make a Fortitude save each round to negate the

Polar Rav

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a white ceramic cone or prism)

Effect ray

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

A blue-white ray of freezing air and ice springs from your hand. You must succeed on a ranged touch attack with the you to assume the form of a Large creature of the plant type. ray to deal damage to a target. The ray deals 1d6 points of If the creature has immunity or resistance to any elements, cold damage per caster level (maximum 25d6) and 1d4

Polymorph

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of the creature whose form you choose)

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 1 min/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

humanoid or elemental of your choosing; the spell has no effect on unwilling creatures, nor can the creature being

targeted by this spell influence the new form assumed (apart from conveying its wishes, if any, to you verbally).

If you use this spell to cause the target to take on the form of an animal or magical beast, the spell functions as beast shape II. If the form is that of an elemental, the spell functions as elemental body I. If the form is that of a humanoid, the spell functions as *alter self*. The subject may *Add all that apply. Look up the total on the next table. choose to resume its normal form as a full-round action; doing so ends the spell for that subject.

Polymorph, Greater

School transmutation (polymorph); Level sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions as polymorph except that it allows the creature to take on the form of a dragon or plant creature. If you use this spell to cause the target to take on the form of an animal or magical beast, it functions as beast shape IV. If the form is that of an elemental, the spell functions as *elemental* body III. If the form is that of a humanoid, the spell functions as alter self. If the form is that of a plant, the spell functions as plant shape II. If the form is that of a dragon, the spell functions as form of the dragon I. The subject may choose to resume its normal form as a full-round action; doing so ends the spell.

Polymorph Any Object

School transmutation (polymorph); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (mercury, gum arabic, and smoke)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature, or one nonmagical object of up to 100 cu. ft./level

Duration see text

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (object); see text; Spell Resistance yes (object)

This spell functions like greater polymorph, except that it changes one object or creature into another. You can use this spell to transform all manner of objects and creatures into new forms-you aren't limited to transforming a living creature into another living form. The duration of the spell depends on how radical a change is made from the original state to its transmuted state. The duration is determined by using the following guidelines.

Changed Subject Is	Increase to Duration Factor*
Same kingdom (animal, vegetable, mineral)	+5
Same class (mammals, fungi, metals, etc.)	+2

Changed Subject Is	Increase to Duration Factor*
Same size	+2
Related (twig is to tree, wolf fur is to wolf, etc.)	+2
Same or lower Intelligence	+2

Duration Factor	Duration	Example
0	20 minutes	Pebble to human
2	1 hour	Marionette to human
4	3 hours	Human to marionette
5	12 hours	Lizard to manticore
6	2 days	Sheep to wool coat
7	1 week	Shrew to manticore
9+	Permanent	Manticore to shrew

If the target of the spell does not have physical ability scores (Strength, Dexterity, or Constitution), this spell grants a base score of 10 to each missing ability score. If the target of the spell does not have mental ability scores (Intelligence, Wisdom, or Charisma), this spell grants a score of 5 to such scores. Damage taken by the new form can result in the injury or death of the polymorphed creature. In general, damage occurs when the new form is changed through physical force. A nonmagical object cannot be made into a magic item with this spell. Magic items aren't affected by this

This spell cannot create material of great intrinsic value, such as copper, silver, gems, silk, gold, platinum, mithral, or adamantine. It also cannot reproduce the special properties of cold iron in order to overcome the damage reduction of certain creatures.

This spell can also be used to duplicate the effects of baleful polymorph, greater polymorph, flesh to stone, stone to flesh, transmute mud to rock, transmute metal to wood, or transmute rock to mud.

Power Word Blind

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature with 200 hp or less

Duration see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You utter a single word of power that causes a creature to become blinded, whether the creature can hear the word or not. The duration of the spell depends on the target's current hit point total. Any creature that currently has 201 or more hit points is unaffected.

Hit Points	Duration
50 or less	Permanent
51-100	1d4+1 minutes
101-200	1d4+1 rounds

Power Word Kill

School enchantment (compulsion) [death, mind-affecting]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature with 100 hp or less

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You utter a single word of power that instantly kills one creature of your choice, whether the creature can hear the word or not. Any creature that currently has 101 or more hit points is unaffected by *power word kill*.

Power Word Stun

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature with 150 hp or less

Duration See text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You utter a single word of power that instantly causes one creature of your choice to become stunned, whether the creature can hear the word or not. The duration of the spell depends on the target's current hit point total. Any creature that currently has 151 or more hit points is unaffected by *power word stun*.

Hit Points	Duration
50 or less	4d4 rounds
51-100	2d4 rounds
101–150	1d4 rounds

Prayer

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; **Level** cleric 3, paladin 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 40 ft.

Area all allies and foes within a 40-ft.-radius burst centered on you

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You bring special favor upon yourself and your allies while bringing disfavor to your enemies. You and each of your allies gain a +1 luck bonus on attack rolls, weapon damage rolls, saves, and skill checks, while each of your foes takes a -1 penalty on such rolls.

Prestidigitation

School universal; Level bard 0, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 10 ft.

Target, Effect, or Area see text

Duration 1 hour

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

Prestidigitations are minor tricks that novice spellcasters use for practice. Once cast, a *prestidigitation* spell enables you to perform simple magical effects for 1 hour. The effects are minor and have severe limitations. A prestidigitation can slowly lift 1 pound of material. It can color, clean, or soil items in a 1-foot cube each round. It can chill, warm, or flavor 1 pound of nonliving material. It cannot deal damage or affect the concentration of spellcasters. *Prestidigitation* can create small objects, but they look crude and artificial. The materials created by a *prestidigitation* spell are extremely fragile, and they cannot be used as tools, weapons, or spell components. Finally, *prestidigitation* lacks the power to duplicate any other spell effects. Any actual change to an object (beyond just moving, cleaning, or soiling it) persists only 1 hour.

Prismatic Sphere

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 9

Components: V

Range 10 ft.

Effect 10-ft.-radius sphere centered on you

This spell functions like prismatic wall, except you conjure up an immobile, opaque globe of shimmering, multicolored light that surrounds you and protects you from all forms of attack. The sphere flashes in all colors of the visible spectrum.

The sphere's blindness effect on creatures with less than 8 HD lasts $2d4 \times 10$ minutes.

You can pass into and out of the *prismatic sphere* and remain near it without harm. When you're inside it, however, the sphere blocks any attempt to project something through the School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 8 sphere (including spells). Other creatures that attempt to attack you or pass through suffer the effects of each color, one at a time.

Typically, only the upper hemisphere of the globe exists, Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) since you are at the center of the sphere, so the lower half is usually occluded by the floor surface you are standing on.

The colors of the sphere have the same effects as the colors of a prismatic wall.

Prismatic sphere can be made permanent with a permanency Prismatic wall creates a vertical, opaque wall—a

Prismatic Spray

School evocation; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 60 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes

This spell causes seven shimmering, multicolored beams of light to spray from your hand. Each beam has a different power. Creatures in the area of the spell with 8 HD or less are automatically blinded for 2d4 rounds. Every creature in the area is randomly struck by one or more beams, which have additional effects.

1d8	Color of Beam	
1	Red	20 points fire damage (Reflex half)
2	Orange	40 points acid damage (Reflex half)
3	Yellow	80 points electricity damage (Reflex half)
4	Green	Poison (Frequency 1/rd. for 6 rd.; Init. effect death; Sec. effect 1 Con/rd.; Cure 2 consecutive Fort saves)*
5	Blue	Flesh to stone (Fortitude negates)

1d8	Color of Beam	
6	Indigo	Insane, as insanity spell (Will negates)
7	Violet	Sent to another plane (Will negates)
8	Struck by two rays	Roll twice more, ignoring any "8" results

^{*} See poisons.

Prismatic Wall

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Effect wall 4 ft./level wide, 2 ft./level high

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance see text

shimmering, multicolored plane of light that protects you from all forms of attack. The wall flashes with seven colors, each of which has a distinct power and purpose. The wall is immobile, and you can pass through and remain near the wall without harm. Any other creature with less than 8 HD that is within 20 feet of the wall is blinded by the colors for 2d4 rounds if it looks at the wall.

The wall's maximum proportions are 4 feet wide per caster level and 2 feet high per caster level. A prismatic wall spell cast to materialize in a space occupied by a creature is disrupted, and the spell is wasted.

Each color in the wall has a special effect. The accompanying table shows the seven colors of the wall, the order in which they appear, their effects on creatures trying to attack you or pass through the wall, and the magic needed to negate each color.

The wall can be destroyed, color by color, in consecutive order, by casting the specified spells on the wall; however, the first color must be brought down before the second can be affected, and so on. A rod of cancellation or a mage's disjunction spell destroys a prismatic wall, but an antimagic field fails to penetrate it. Dispel magic and greater dispel magic can only be used on the wall once all the other colors have been destroyed. Spell resistance is effective against a prismatic wall, but the caster level check must be repeated for each color present.

Prismatic wall can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Table 10-4: Prismatic Wall

Order	Color	Effect of Color	Negated by
1st	Red	Stops nonmagical ranged weapons. Deals 20 points of fire damage (Reflex half).	Cone of cold
2nd	Orange	Stops magical ranged weapons. Deals 40 points of acid damage (Reflex half).	Gust of wind
3rd	Yellow	Stops poisons, gases, and petrification. Deals 80 points of electricity damage (Reflex half).	Disintegrate
4th	Green	Stops breath weapons. Poison (frequency: 1/rd. for 6 rd.; init. effect: death, sec. effect: 1 Con/rd.; cure 2 consecutive Fort saves).	Passwall
5th	Blue	Stops divination and mental attacks. Turned to stone (Fortitude negates).	Magic missile
6th	Indigo	Stops all spells. Will save or become insane (as <i>insanity</i> spell).	Daylight
7th	Violet	Energy field destroys all objects and effects.* Creatures sent to another plane (Will negates).	Dispel magic or greater dispel magic

^{*} The violet effect makes the special effects of the other six colors redundant, but these six effects are included here because certain magic items can create prismatic effects one color at a time, and spell resistance might render some colors ineffective (see above).

Produce Flame

School evocation [fire]; Level druid 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 0 ft.

Effect flame in your palm

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Flames as bright as a torch appear in your open hand. The flames harm neither you nor your equipment.

In addition to providing illumination, the flames can be hurled or used to touch enemies. You can strike an opponent with a melee touch attack, dealing fire damage equal to 1d6 + 1 point per caster level (maximum +5). Alternatively, you can hurl the flames up to 120 feet as a thrown weapon. When doing so, you attack with a ranged touch attack (with no range penalty) and deal the same damage as with the melee attack. No sooner do you hurl the flames than a new set appears in your hand. Each attack you make reduces the School illusion (shadow); Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 7 remaining duration by 1 minute. If an attack reduces the remaining duration to 0 minutes or less, the spell ends after the attack resolves.

This spell does not function underwater.

Programmed Image

School illusion (figment); Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Components V, S, M (fleece and jade dust worth 25 gp)

Effect visual figment that cannot extend beyond a 20-ft. cube + one 10-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration permanent until triggered, then 1 round/level

This spell functions like *silent image*, except that this spell's figment activates when a specific condition occurs. The figment includes visual, auditory, olfactory, and thermal elements, including intelligible speech.

You set the triggering condition (which may be a special word) when casting the spell. The event that triggers the illusion can be as general or as specific and detailed as desired but must be based on an audible, tactile, olfactory, or visual trigger. The trigger cannot be based on some quality not normally obvious to the senses, such as alignment. See magic mouth for more details about such triggers.

Project Image

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a small replica of you worth 5 gp)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect one shadow duplicate

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell Resistance no

You tap energy from the Plane of Shadow to create a quasireal, illusory version of yourself. The projected image looks, sounds, and smells like you but is intangible. The projected Casting Time 1 standard action image mimics your actions (including speech) unless you direct it to act differently (which is a move action).

You can see through its eyes and hear through its ears as if you were standing where it is, and during your turn you can Target creature touched switch from using its senses to using your own, or back again, as a free action. While you are using its senses, your body is considered blinded and deafened.

If you desire, any spell you cast whose range is touch or greater can originate from the projected image instead of Protection from energy grants temporary immunity to the from you. The projected image can't cast any spells on itself except for illusion spells. The spells affect other targets normally, despite originating from the projected image.

Objects are affected by the projected image as if they had succeeded on their Will save. You must maintain line of effect to the projected image at all times. If your line of effect is obstructed, the spell ends. If you use dimension door, teleport, plane shift, or a similar spell that breaks your line of until its power is exhausted. effect, even momentarily, the spell ends.

Protection from Arrows

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a piece of tortoiseshell or turtle shell)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 hour/level or until discharged

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance no; ves (harmless)

The warded creature gains resistance to ranged weapons. The This spell wards a creature from attacks by evil creatures, prevented a total of 10 points of damage per caster level effects. (maximum 100 points), it is discharged.

Protection from Chaos

School abjuration [lawful]; Level cleric 1, paladin 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

creatures cannot touch the target.

Protection from Energy

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 3, druid 3, ranger 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Duration 10 min./level or until discharged

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (harmless); Resistance yes (harmless)

type of energy you specify when you cast it (acid, cold, electricity, fire, or sonic). When the spell absorbs 12 points per caster level of energy damage (to a maximum of 120 points at 10th level), it is discharged.

Protection from energy overlaps (and does not stack with) resist energy. If a character is warded by protection from energy and resist energy, the protection spell absorbs damage

Protection from Evil

School abjuration [good]; **Level** cleric 1, paladin 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level (D)

see text

subject gains damage reduction 10/magic against ranged from mental control, and from summoned creatures. It weapons. This spell doesn't grant you the ability to damage creates a magical barrier around the subject at a distance of 1 creatures with similar damage reduction. Once the spell has foot. The barrier moves with the subject and has three major

> First, the subject gains a +2 deflection bonus to AC and a +2 resistance bonus on saves. Both these bonuses apply against attacks made or effects created by evil creatures.

Second, the subject immediately receives another saving throw (if one was allowed to begin with) against any spells This spell functions like protection from evil, except that the or effects that possess or exercise mental control over the deflection and resistance bonuses apply to attacks made by creature (including enchantment [charm] effects and chaotic creatures. The target receives a new saving throw enchantment [compulsion] effects). This saving throw is against control by chaotic creatures and chaotic summoned made with a +2 morale bonus, using the same DC as the original effect. If successful, such effects are suppressed for

the duration of this spell. The effects resume when the against spells and spell-like abilities (but not against duration of this spell expires. While under the effects of this supernatural and extraordinary abilities). spell, the target is immune to any new attempts to possess or exercise mental control over the target. This spell does not Prying Eyes expel a controlling life force (such as a ghost or spellcaster using magic jar), but it does prevent them from controlling the target. This second effect only functions against spells and effects created by evil creatures or objects, subject to GM discretion.

Third, the spell prevents bodily contact by evil summoned creatures. This causes the natural weapon attacks of such Effect 10 or more levitating eyes creatures to fail and the creatures to recoil if such attacks require touching the warded creature. Summoned creatures that are not evil are immune to this effect. The protection against contact by summoned creatures ends if the warded creature makes an attack against or tries to force the barrier against the blocked creature. Spell resistance can allow a creature to overcome this protection and touch the warded creature.

Protection from Good

School abjuration [evil]; Level cleric 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

This spell functions like protection from evil, except that the deflection and resistance bonuses apply to attacks made by good creatures. The target receives a new saving throw against control by good creatures and good summoned creatures cannot touch the target.

Protection from Law

School abjuration [chaotic]; **Level** cleric 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

This spell functions like protection from evil, except that the deflection and resistance bonuses apply to attacks made by lawful creatures. The target receives a new saving throw In order to report their findings, the eyes must return to your against control by lawful creatures and lawful summoned hand. Each replays in your mind all it has seen during its creatures cannot touch the target.

Protection from Spells

School abjuration; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (diamond worth 500 gp), F (One 1,000 gp diamond per target. Each subject must carry the gem for the duration of the spell. If a subject loses the gem, the spell ceases to affect him.)

Range touch

Targets up to one creature touched per four levels

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 8 yes (harmless)

School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (a handful of crystal marbles)

Range 1 mile

Duration 1 hour/level; see text (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create a number of semitangible, visible magical orbs (called "eyes") equal to 1d4 + your caster level. These eyes move out, scout around, and return as you direct them when casting the spell. Each eye can see 120 feet (normal vision only) in all directions.

While the individual eyes are quite fragile, they're small and difficult to spot. Each eye is a Fine construct, about the size of a small apple, that has 1 hit point, AC 18 (+8 bonus for its size), flies at a speed of 30 feet with a +20 bonus on Fly skill checks and a +16 bonus on Stealth skill checks. It has a Perception modifier equal to your caster level (maximum +15) and is subject to illusions, darkness, fog, and any other factors that affect your ability to receive visual information about your surroundings. An eye traveling in darkness must find its way by touch.

When you create the eyes, you specify instructions you want them to follow in a command of no more than 25 words. Any knowledge you possess is known by the eyes as well.

existence. It takes an eye 1 round to replay 1 hour of recorded images. After relaying its findings, an eye disappears.

If an eye ever gets more than 1 mile away from you, it instantly ceases to exist. However, your link with the eye is such that you won't know if the eye was destroyed because it wandered out of range or because of some other event.

The eyes exist for up to 1 hour per caster level or until they return to you. Dispel magic can destroy eyes. Roll separately for each eye caught in an area dispel. Of course, if an eye is sent into darkness, it could hit a wall or similar obstacle and destroy itself.

Prying Eyes, Greater

This spell functions like prying eyes, except that the eyes can The subject gains a +8 resistance bonus on saving throws see all things as they actually are, just as if they had true

seeing with a range of 120 feet. Thus, they can navigate Smoke Cloud: A stream of smoke billows out from the fire, darkened areas at normal speed. Also, a greater prying eye's forming a choking cloud that spreads 20 feet in all directions maximum Perception modifier is +25 instead of +15.

Purify Food and Drink

School transmutation; Level cleric 0, druid 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 10 ft.

Target 1 cu. ft./level of contaminated food and water

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

This spell makes spoiled, rotten, diseased, poisonous, or otherwise contaminated food and water pure and suitable for eating and drinking. This spell does not prevent subsequent **Duration** instantaneous natural decay or spoilage. Unholy water and similar food and drink of significance is spoiled by purify food and drink, but the spell has no effect on creatures of any type nor upon magic potions. Water weighs about 8 pounds per gallon. One Quench is often used to put out forest fires and other about 60 pounds.

Pyrotechnics

School transmutation; Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (one fire source)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Target one fire source, up to a 20-ft. cube

Duration 1d4+1 rounds, or 1d4+1 rounds after creatures leave the smoke cloud; see text

Saving Throw Will negates or Fortitude negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes or no; see text

Pyrotechnics turns a fire into a burst of blinding fireworks or a thick cloud of choking smoke, depending on your choice. The spell uses one fire source, which is immediately extinguished. A fire so large that it exceeds a 20-foot cube is only partly extinguished. Magical fires are not extinguished, Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) although a fire-based creature used as a source takes 1 point of damage per caster level.

Fireworks: The fireworks are a flashing, fiery, momentary burst of glowing, colored aerial lights. This effect causes creatures within 120 feet of the fire source to become blinded **Saving Throw** none; **Spell Resistance** yes for 1d4+1 rounds (Will negates). These creatures must have line of sight to the fire to be affected. Spell resistance can prevent blindness.

and lasts for 1 round per caster level. All sight, even darkvision, is ineffective in or through the cloud. All within the cloud take -4 penalties to Strength and Dexterity (Fortitude negates). These effects last for 1d4+1 rounds after the cloud dissipates or after the creature leaves the area of the cloud. Spell resistance does not apply.

Ouench

School transmutation: **Level** druid 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area or Target one 20-ft. cube/level (S) or one fire-based magic item

Saving Throw none or Will negates (object); Spell Resistance no or yes (object)

cubic foot of water contains roughly 8 gallons and weighs conflagrations. It extinguishes all nonmagical fires in its area. The spell also dispels any fire spells in its area, though you must succeed on a dispel check (1d20 +1 per caster level, maximum +15) against each spell to dispel it. The DC to dispel such spells is 11 + the caster level of the fire spell.

> Each creature with the fire subtype within the area of a quench spell takes 1d6 points of damage per caster level (maximum 10d6, no save allowed).

> Alternatively, you can target the spell on a single magic item that creates or controls flame. The item loses all its fire-based magical abilities for 1d4 hours unless it succeeds on a Will save. Artifacts are immune to this effect.

Rage

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Targets one willing living creature per three levels, no two of which may be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration concentration + 1 round/level (D)

Each affected creature gains a +2 morale bonus to Strength and Constitution, a + 1 morale bonus on Will saves, and a - 2penalty to AC. The effect is otherwise identical with a

barbarian's rage except that the subjects aren't fatigued at the Coming back from the dead is an ordeal. The subject of the end of the rage.

Rainbow Pattern

School illusion (pattern) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V (bard only), S, M (a piece of phosphor), F (a crystal prism); see text

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect colorful lights with a 20-ft.-radius spread

Duration Concentration +1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

A glowing, rainbow-hued pattern of interweaving colors fascinates those within it. Rainbow pattern fascinates a maximum of 24 HD of creatures. Creatures with the fewest HD are affected first. Among creatures with equal HD, those who are closest to the spell's point of origin are affected first. An affected creature that fails its saves is fascinated by the pattern.

With a simple gesture (a free action), you can make the rainbow pattern move up to 30 feet per round (moving its effective point of origin). All fascinated creatures follow the Ray of Enfeeblement moving rainbow of light, trying to remain within the effect. Fascinated creatures who are restrained and removed from School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 1 the pattern still try to follow it. If the pattern leads its subjects into a dangerous area, each fascinated creature gets a second save. If the view of the lights is completely blocked, Components V, S creatures who can't see them are no longer affected.

The spell does not affect sightless creatures.

Raise Dead

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 5

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (diamond worth 5,000 gp), DF

Range touch

Target dead creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none, see text; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

You restore life to a deceased creature. You can raise a creature that has been dead for no longer than 1 day per caster level. In addition, the subject's soul must be free and willing to return. If the subject's soul is not willing to return, the spell does not work; therefore, a subject that wants to Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) return receives no saving throw.

spell gains two permanent negative levels when it is raised, just as if it had been hit by an energy-draining creature. If the subject is 1st level, it takes 2 points of Constitution drain instead (if this would reduce its Con to 0 or less, it can't be raised). A character who died with spells prepared has a 50% chance of losing any given spell upon being raised. A spellcasting creature that doesn't prepare spells (such as a sorcerer) has a 50% chance of losing any given unused spell slot as if it had been used to cast a spell.

A raised creature has a number of hit points equal to its current HD. Any ability scores damaged to 0 are raised to 1. Normal poison and normal disease are cured in the process of raising the subject, but magical diseases and curses are not undone. While the spell closes mortal wounds and repairs lethal damage of most kinds, the body of the creature to be raised must be whole. Otherwise, missing parts are still missing when the creature is brought back to life. None of the dead creature's equipment or possessions are affected in any way by this spell.

A creature who has been turned into an undead creature or killed by a death effect can't be raised by this spell. Constructs, elementals, outsiders, and undead creatures can't be raised. The spell cannot bring back a creature that has died of old age.

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect ray

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Fortitude half; Spell Resistance yes

A coruscating ray springs from your hand. You must succeed on a ranged touch attack to strike a target. The subject takes a penalty to Strength equal to 1d6+1 per two caster levels (maximum 1d6+5). The subject's Strength score cannot drop below 1. A successful Fortitude save reduces this penalty by half. This penalty does not stack with itself. Apply the highest penalty instead.

Ray of Exhaustion

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a drop of sweat)

Effect ray

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; see text; Spell Resistance

A black ray projects from your pointing finger. You must succeed on a ranged touch attack with the ray to strike a target.

The subject is immediately exhausted for the spell's duration. A successful Fortitude save means the creature is only fatigued.

A character that is already fatigued instead becomes exhausted.

This spell has no effect on a creature that is already Range touch exhausted. Unlike normal exhaustion or fatigue, the effect ends as soon as the spell's duration expires.

Ray of Frost

School evocation [cold]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect ray

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

A ray of freezing air and ice projects from your pointing finger. You must succeed on a ranged touch attack with the ray to deal damage to a target. The ray deals 1d3 points of Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) cold damage.

Read Magic

School divination; Level bard 0, cleric 0, druid 0, paladin 1, Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes ranger 1, sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a clear crystal or mineral prism)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 10 min./level

case of a cursed or trapped scroll. Furthermore, once the doesn't change the target's speed. spell is cast and you have read the magical inscription, you are thereafter able to read that particular writing without recourse to the use of *read magic*. You can read at the rate of one page (250 words) per minute. The spell allows you to Melee and projectile weapons deal less damage. Other

identify a glyph of warding with a DC 13 Spellcraft check, a greater glyph of warding with a DC 16 Spellcraft check, or any symbol spell with a Spellcraft check (DC 10 + spell level).

Read magic can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Reduce Animal

School transmutation; **Level** druid 2, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Target one willing animal of Small, Medium, Large, or Huge size

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell functions like *reduce person*, except that it affects a single willing animal. Reduce the damage dealt by the animal's natural attacks as appropriate for its new size (see Equipment how to adjust damage for size).

Reduce Person

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, M (a pinch of powdered iron)

Target one humanoid creature

Duration 1 min./level (D)

This spell causes instant diminution of a humanoid creature, halving its height, length, and width and dividing its weight by 8. This decrease changes the creature's size category to the next smaller one. The target gains a +2 size bonus to Dexterity, a -2 size penalty to Strength (to a minimum of 1), and a +1 bonus on attack rolls and AC due to its reduced size.

A Small humanoid creature whose size decreases to Tiny has You can decipher magical inscriptions on objects—books, a space of 2-1/2 feet and a natural reach of 0 feet (meaning scrolls, weapons, and the like—that would otherwise be that it must enter an opponent's square to attack). A Large unintelligible. This deciphering does not normally invoke the humanoid creature whose size decreases to Medium has a magic contained in the writing, although it may do so in the space of 5 feet and a natural reach of 5 feet. This spell

> All equipment worn or carried by a creature is similarly reduced by the spell.

magical properties are not affected by this spell. Any reduced item that leaves the *reduced* creature's possession (including a projectile or thrown weapon) instantly returns to its normal School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 7, druid 9 size. This means that thrown weapons deal their normal damage (projectiles deal damage based on the size of the weapon that fired them).

Multiple magical effects that reduce size do not stack. Range touch Reduce person counters and dispels enlarge person.

Reduce person can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Reduce Person, Mass

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Target one humanoid creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

multiple creatures.

Refuge

School conjuration (teleportation); Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a prepared object worth 1,500 gp)

Range touch

Target object touched

Duration permanent until discharged

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

When you cast this spell, you create powerful magic in a **Target** dead creature touched specially prepared object. This object contains the power to instantly transport its possessor across any distance within the same plane to your abode. Once the item is so enhanced, Saving Throw none, see text; Spell Resistance yes you must give it willingly to a creature and at the same time (harmless) inform it of a command word to be spoken when the item is used. To make use of the item, the subject speaks the command word at the same time that it rends or breaks the item (a standard action). When this is done, the individual and all objects it is wearing and carrying (to a maximum of the character's heavy load) are instantly transported to your abode. No other creatures are affected (aside from a familiar or animal companion that is touching the subject).

You can alter the spell when casting it so that it transports you to within 10 feet of the possessor of the item when it is broken and the command word spoken. You will have a general idea of the location and situation of the item possessor at the time the refuge spell is discharged, but once you decide to alter the spell in this fashion, you have no choice whether or not to be transported.

Regenerate

Casting Time 3 full rounds

Components V, S, DF

Target living creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

The subject's severed body members (fingers, toes, hands, feet, arms, legs, tails, or even heads of multiheaded creatures), broken bones, and ruined organs grow back. After the spell is cast, the physical regeneration is complete in 1 This spell functions like reduce person, except that it affects round if the severed members are present and touching the creature. It takes 2d10 rounds otherwise.

> Regenerate also cures 4d8 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +35), rids the subject of exhaustion and fatigue, and eliminates all nonlethal damage the subject has taken. It has no effect on nonliving creatures (including undead).

Reincarnate

School transmutation; Level druid 4

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M, DF (oils worth 1,000 gp)

Range touch

Duration instantaneous

With this spell, you bring back a dead creature in another body, provided that its death occurred no more than 1 week before the casting of the spell and the subject's soul is free and willing to return. If the subject's soul is not willing to return, the spell does not work; therefore, a subject that wants to return receives no saving throw.

Since the dead creature is returning in a new body, all physical ills and afflictions are repaired. The condition of the remains is not a factor. So long as some small portion of the creature's body still exists, it can be reincarnated, but the portion receiving the spell must have been part of the creature's body at the time of death. The magic of the spell creates an entirely new young adult body for the soul to inhabit from the natural elements at hand. This process takes 1 hour to complete. When the body is ready, the subject is reincarnated.

and form. It retains any class abilities, feats, or skill ranks it new form. formerly possessed. Its class, base attack bonus, base save bonuses, and hit points are unchanged. Strength, Dexterity, and Constitution scores depend partly on the new body. First eliminate the subject's racial adjustments (since it is no longer necessarily of his previous race) and then apply the adiustments found below to its remaining ability scores. The School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 3, paladin 3 subject of the spell gains two permanent negative levels when it is reincarnated. If the subject is 1st level, it takes 2 points of Constitution drain instead (if this would reduce its Components V, S Con to 0 or less, it can't be reincarnated). A character who died with spells prepared has a 50% chance of losing any given spell upon being reincarnated. A spellcasting creature that doesn't prepare spells (such as a sorcerer) has a 50% chance of losing any given unused spell slot as if it had been Duration instantaneous used to cast a spell.

It's possible for the change in the subject's ability scores to make it difficult for it to pursue its previous character class. Remove blindness/deafness cures blindness or deafness (your If this is the case, the subject is advised to become a multiclass character.

For a humanoid creature, the new incarnation is determined using the table below. For nonhumanoid creatures, a similar Remove table of creatures of the same type should be created.

A creature that has been turned into an undead creature or killed by a death effect can't be returned to life by this spell. Constructs, elementals, outsiders, and undead creatures can't be reincarnated. The spell can bring back a creature that has died of old age.

d%	Incarnation	Str	Dex	Con
01	Bugbear	+4	+2	+2
02-13	Dwarf	+0	+0	+2
14-25	Elf	+0	+2	-2
26	Gnoll	+4	+0	+2
27-38	Gnome	-2	+0	+2
39–42	Goblin	-2	+2	+0
43-52	Half-elf	+0	+2	+0
53-62	Half-orc	+2	+0	+0
63-74	Halfling	-2	+2	+0
75–89	Human	+0	+0	+2
90-93	Kobold	-4	+2	-2
94	Lizardfolk	+2	+0	+2
95–98	Orc	+4	+0	+0
99	Troglodyte	+0	-2	+4
100	Other (GM's choice)	?	?	?

The reincarnated creature gains all abilities associated with School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 3, druid 3, ranger its new form, including forms of movement and speeds, 3 natural armor, natural attacks, extraordinary abilities, and the

A reincarnated creature recalls the majority of its former life like, but it doesn't automatically speak the language of the

A wish or a miracle spell can restore a reincarnated character to his or her original form.

Remove Blindness/Deafness

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Target creature touched

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (harmless); **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

choice), whether the effect is normal or magical in nature. The spell does not restore ears or eyes that have been lost, but it repairs them if they are damaged.

blindness/deafness dispels counters and blindness/deafness.

Remove Curse

School abjuration; Level bard 3, cleric 3, paladin 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature or object touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance ves (harmless)

Remove curse can remove all curses on an object or a creature. If the target is a creature, you must make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against the DC of each curse affecting the target. Success means that the curse is removed. Remove curse does not remove the curse from a cursed shield, weapon, or suit of armor, although a successful caster level check enables the creature afflicted with any such cursed item to remove and get rid of it.

Remove curse counters and dispels bestow curse.

Remove Disease

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

Remove disease can cure all diseases from which the subject is suffering. You must make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against the DC of each disease affecting the target. Success means that the disease is cured. The spell also kills some hazards and parasites, including green slime and Casting Time 1 standard action others.

Since the spell's duration is instantaneous, it does not prevent reinfection after a new exposure to the same disease at a later date.

Remove Fear

School abjuration; Level bard 1, cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature plus one additional creature per four levels, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 10 minutes; see text

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance spell are repelled at the rate of 40 feet per round. yes (harmless)

bonus against fear effects for 10 minutes. If the subject is with metal components are repelled, although an antimagic under the influence of a fear effect when receiving the spell, field blocks the effects. A creature being dragged by an item that effect is suppressed for the duration of the spell.

Remove fear counters and dispels cause fear.

Remove Paralysis

School conjuration (healing); **Level** cleric 2, paladin 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets up to four creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance Area 10-ft.-radius emanation centered on you yes (harmless)

You can free one or more creatures from the effects of temporary paralysis or related magic, including spells and

effects that cause a creature to gain the staggered condition. If the spell is cast on one creature, the paralysis is negated. If cast on two creatures, each receives another save with a +4 resistance bonus against the effect that afflicts it. If cast on three or four creatures, each receives another save with a +2 resistance bonus.

The spell does not restore ability scores reduced by penalties, damage, or drain.

Repel Metal or Stone

School abjuration [earth]; Level druid 8

Components V, S

Range 60 ft.

Area 60-ft. line from you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell creates waves of invisible energy that roll forth from you. All metal or stone objects in the path of the spell are pushed away from you to the limit of the range. Fixed metal or stone objects larger than 3 inches in diameter and loose objects weighing more than 500 pounds are not affected. Anything else, including animated objects, small boulders, and creatures in metal armor, moves back. Fixed objects 3 inches in diameter or smaller bend or break, and the pieces move with the wave of energy. Objects affected by the

Objects such as metal armor, swords, and the like are pushed You instill courage in the subject, granting it a +4 morale back, dragging their bearers with them. Even magic items it is carrying can let go. A creature being dragged by a shield can loose it as a move action and drop it as a free action.

> The waves of energy continue to sweep down the set path for the spell's duration. After you cast the spell, the path is set, and you can then do other things or go elsewhere without affecting the spell's power.

Repel Vermin

School abjuration; **Level** bard 4, cleric 4, druid 4, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 10 ft.

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none or Will negates; see text; Spell

Resistance yes

An invisible barrier holds back vermin. A vermin with HD of Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes less than one-third your level cannot penetrate the barrier.

most vermin.

Repel Wood

School transmutation; Level druid 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 60 ft.

Area 60-ft. line-shaped emanation from you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Waves of energy roll forth from you, moving in the direction that you determine, causing all wooden objects in the path of the spell to be pushed away from you to the limit of the range. Wooden objects larger than 3 inches in diameter that are fixed firmly are not affected, but loose objects are. Duration 1 min./level (D) Objects 3 inches in diameter or smaller that are fixed in place splinter and break, and the pieces move with the wave of energy. Objects affected by the spell are repelled at the rate A globe of shimmering force encloses a creature, provided of 40 feet per round.

Objects such as wooden shields, spears, wooden weapon shafts and hafts, and arrows and bolts are pushed back, dragging those carrying them along. A creature being dragged by an item it is carrying can let go. A creature being dragged by a shield can loose it as a move action and drop it as a free action. If a spear is planted (set) in a way that prevents this forced movement, it splinters. Even magic items with wooden sections are repelled, although an antimagic field blocks the effects.

The waves of energy continue to sweep down the set path for the spell's duration. After you cast the spell, the path is set, and you can then do other things or go elsewhere without affecting the spell's power.

Repulsion

School abjuration; Level cleric 7, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F/DF (a pair of canine statuettes worth 50 Resistance yes (harmless)

Range up to 10 ft./level

Area up to 10-ft.-radius/level emanation centered on you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

An invisible, mobile field surrounds you and prevents A vermin with HD of one-third your level or more can creatures from approaching you. You decide how big the penetrate the barrier if it succeeds on a Will save. Even so, field is at the time of casting (to the limit your level allows). crossing the barrier deals the vermin 2d6 points of damage, Any creature within or entering the field must attempt a save. and pressing against the barrier causes pain, which deters If it fails, it becomes unable to move toward you for the duration of the spell. Repelled creatures' actions are not otherwise restricted. They can fight other creatures and can cast spells and attack you with ranged weapons. If you move closer to an affected creature, nothing happens. The creature is not forced back. The creature is free to make melee attacks against you if you come within reach. If a repelled creature moves away from you and then tries to turn back toward you, it cannot move any closer if it is still within the spell's area.

Resilient Sphere

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a crystal sphere)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect 1-ft.-diameter/level sphere, centered around a creature

Saving Throw Reflex negates; Spell Resistance yes

the creature is small enough to fit within the diameter of the sphere. The sphere contains its subject for the spell's duration. The sphere functions as a wall of force, except that it can be negated by dispel magic. A subject inside the sphere can breathe normally. The sphere cannot be physically moved either by people outside it or by the struggles of those within.

Resist Energy

School abjuration; Level cleric 2, druid 2, paladin 2, ranger 1, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Throw Fortitude negates Saving (harmless); **Spell**

This abjuration grants a creature limited protection from damage of whichever one of five energy types you select: acid, cold, electricity, fire, or sonic. The subject gains resist

points before being applied to the creature's hit points. The eliminates any fatigue or exhaustion suffered by the target. value of the energy resistance granted increases to 20 points at 7th level and to a maximum of 30 points at 11th level. The Restoration, Greater spell protects the recipient's equipment as well.

Resist energy absorbs only damage. The subject could still suffer unfortunate side effects.

Resist energy overlaps (and does not stack with) protection from energy. If a character is warded by protection from energy and resist energy, the protection spell absorbs damage until its power is exhausted.

Resistance

School abjuration; Level bard 0, cleric 0, druid 0, paladin 1, confusion, and similar mental effects. sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a miniature cloak)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 minute

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

You imbue the subject with magical energy that protects it from harm, granting it a + 1 resistance bonus on saves.

Resistance can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Restoration

School conjuration (healing); **Level** cleric 4, paladin 4

Casting Time 1 minute

Components V, S, M (diamond dust worth 100 gp or 1,000 gp, see text)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes to restore life and complete strength to any deceased (harmless)

This spell functions like lesser restoration, except that it also The condition of the remains is not a factor. So long as some period.

energy 10 against the energy type chosen, meaning that each Restoration cures all temporary ability damage, and it time the creature is subjected to such damage (whether from restores all points permanently drained from a single ability a natural or magical source), that damage is reduced by 10 score (your choice if more than one is drained). It also

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 7

Components V, S, M (diamond dust 5,000 gp)

This spell functions like lesser restoration, except that it dispels all permanent and temporary negative levels afflicting the healed creature. Greater restoration also dispels all magical effects penalizing the creature's abilities, cures all temporary ability damage, and restores all points permanently drained from all ability scores. It also eliminates fatigue and exhaustion, and removes all forms of insanity,

Restoration, Lesser

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 2, druid 2, paladin

Casting Time 3 rounds

Components V. S

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

Lesser restoration dispels any magical effects reducing one of the subject's ability scores or cures 1d4 points of temporary ability damage to one of the subject's ability scores. It also eliminates any fatigue suffered by the character, and improves an exhausted condition to fatigued. It does not restore permanent ability drain.

Resurrection

School conjuration (healing); **Level** cleric 7

Components V, S, M (diamond worth 10,000 gp), DF

This spell functions like raise dead, except that you are able creature.

dispels temporary negative levels or one permanent negative small portion of the creature's body still exists, it can be level. If this spell is used to dispel a permanent negative resurrected, but the portion receiving the spell must have level, it has a material component of diamond dust worth been part of the creature's body at the time of death. (The 1,000 gp. This spell cannot be used to dispel more than one remains of a creature hit by a disintegrate spell count as a permanent negative level possessed by a target in a 1-week small portion of its body.) The creature can have been dead no longer than 10 years per caster level.

restored to full hit points, vigor, and health, with no loss of DR 5/good (if you normally channel negative energy). At prepared spells. The subject of the spell gains one permanent 15th level, this DR becomes 10/evil or 10/good (the negative level when it is raised, just as if it had been hit by an maximum). Your size modifier for AC and attacks changes as energy-draining creature. If the subject is 1st level, it takes 2 appropriate to your new size category. This spell doesn't points of Constitution drain instead (if this would reduce its change your speed. Determine space and reach as appropriate Con to 0 or less, it can't be resurrected).

someone who has been turned into an undead creature and attain the maximum possible size and may make a Strength then destroyed. You cannot resurrect someone who has died check (using your increased Strength) to burst any enclosures of old age. Constructs, elementals, outsiders, and undead in the process (see Additional Rules for rules on breaking creatures can't be resurrected.

Reverse Gravity

School transmutation; Level druid 8, sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (lodestone and iron filings)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area up to one 10-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; see text; Spell Resistance no

This spell reverses gravity in an area, causing unattached objects and creatures in the area to fall upward and reach the top of the area in 1 round. If a solid object (such as a ceiling) Components V, S, M (powdered corn and a twisted loop of is encountered in this fall, falling objects and creatures strike parchment) it in the same manner as they would during a normal downward fall. If an object or creature reaches the top of the area without striking anything, it remains there, oscillating Target one touched piece of rope from 5 ft. to 30 ft. long slightly, until the spell ends. At the end of the spell duration, affected objects and creatures fall downward.

Provided it has something to hold onto, a creature caught in themselves from falling.

Righteous Might

School transmutation: **Level** cleric 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

gain a +2 enhancement bonus to your natural armor. You the spell ends. The rope can be climbed by only one person

Upon completion of the spell, the creature is immediately gain DR 5/evil (if you normally channel positive energy) or to your new size.

You can resurrect someone killed by a death effect or If insufficient room is available for the desired growth, you objects). If you fail, you are constrained without harm by the materials enclosing you—the spell cannot crush you by increasing your size.

> All equipment you wear or carry is similarly enlarged by the spell. Melee weapons deal more damage. Other magical properties are not affected by this spell. Any enlarged item that leaves your possession (including a projectile or thrown weapon) instantly returns to its normal size. This means that thrown and projectile weapons deal their normal damage. Magical effects that increase size do not stack.

Rope Trick

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

the area can attempt a Reflex save to secure itself when the When this spell is cast upon a piece of rope from 5 to 30 feet spell strikes. Creatures who can fly or levitate can keep long, one end of the rope rises into the air until the whole rope hangs perpendicular to the ground, as if affixed at the upper end. The upper end is, in fact, fastened to an extradimensional space that is outside the usual multiverse of extradimensional spaces. Creatures in the extradimensional space are hidden, beyond the reach of spells (including divinations), unless those spells work across planes. The space holds as many as eight creatures (of any size). The rope cannot be removed or hidden. The rope can support up to 16,000 pounds. A weight greater than that can pull the rope free.

Spells cannot be cast across the extradimensional interface, nor can area effects cross it. Those in the extradimensional Your height immediately doubles, and your weight increases space can see out of it as if a 3-foot-by-5-foot window were by a factor of eight. This increase changes your size category centered on the rope. The window is invisible, and even to the next larger one. You gain a +4 size bonus to Strength creatures that can see the window can't see through it. and Constitution and take a -2 penalty to your Dexterity. You Anything inside the extradimensional space drops out when at a time. The rope trick spell enables climbers to reach a opponent can't follow through with the attack, that part of its normal place if they do not climb all the way to the action is lost, and it can't directly attack the warded creature extradimensional space.

Rusting Grasp

School transmutation: Level druid 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target one nonmagical ferrous object (or the volume of the object within 3 ft. of the touched point) or one ferrous creature

Duration see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Any iron or iron alloy item you touch crumbles into rust. If the item is so large that it cannot fit within a 3-foot radius, a 3-foot-radius volume of the metal is rusted and destroyed. Magic items made of metal are immune to this spell.

You may employ rusting grasp in combat with a successful melee touch attack. Rusting grasp used in this way instantaneously destroys 1d6 points of AC gained from metal armor (to the maximum amount of protection the armor offers) through corrosion.

Weapons in use by an opponent targeted by the spell are more difficult to grasp. You must succeed on a melee touch attack against the weapon. A metal weapon that is hit is destroyed. Striking at an opponent's weapon provokes an attack of opportunity. Also, you must touch the weapon and Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) not the other way around.

Against a ferrous creature, rusting grasp instantaneously deals 3d6 points of damage + 1 per caster level (maximum +15) per successful attack. The spell lasts for 1 round per Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes level, and you can make one melee touch attack per round.

Sanctuary

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 1 Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance no

Any opponent attempting to directly attack the warded creature, even with a targeted spell, must attempt a Will save. 13 or more: Confused for 1d4 rounds. If the save succeeds, the opponent can attack normally and is unaffected by that casting of the spell. If the save fails, the

for the duration of the spell. Those not attempting to attack the subject remain unaffected. This spell does not prevent the warded creature from being attacked or affected by area of effect spells. The subject cannot attack without breaking the spell but may use nonattack spells or otherwise act.

Scare

School necromancy [fear, mind-affecting]; **Level** bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a bone from an undead creature)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Targets one living creature per three levels, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 round/level or 1 round; see text for *cause fear*

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

This spell functions like cause fear, except that it causes all targeted creatures of less than 6 HD to become frightened.

Scintillating Pattern

School illusion (pattern) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a crystal prism)

Effect colorful lights in a 20-ft.-radius spread

Duration concentration + 2 rounds

A twisting pattern of coruscating colors weaves through the air, affecting creatures within. The spell affects a total number of HD of creatures equal to your caster level (maximum 20). Creatures with the fewest HD are affected first, and among creatures with equal HD, those who are closest to the spell's point of origin are affected first. HD that are not sufficient to affect a creature are wasted. The spell affects each subject according to its HD.

6 or less: Unconscious for 1d4 rounds, then stunned for 1d4 rounds, and then confused for 1d4 rounds. (Treat an unconscious result as stunned for nonliving creatures.)

7 to 12: Stunned for 1d4 rounds, then confused for an additional 1d4 rounds.

Sightless creatures are not affected by scintillating pattern.

Scorching Ray

School evocation [fire]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one or more rays

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

You blast your enemies with a searing beam of fire. You may fire one ray, plus one additional ray for every four levels beyond 3rd (to a maximum of three rays at 11th level). Each ray requires a ranged touch attack to hit and deals 4d6 points of fire damage. The rays may be fired at the same or different targets, but all rays must be aimed at targets within 30 feet of each other and fired simultaneously.

Screen

School illusion (glamer); Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 30-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration 24 hours

text; Spell Resistance no

This spell creates a powerful protection from scrying and observation. When casting the spell, you dictate what will and will not be observed in the spell's area. The illusion created must be stated in general terms. Once the conditions If the save succeeds, you can't attempt to scry on that subject are set, they cannot be changed. Attempts to scry the area automatically detect the image stated by you with no save allowed. Sight and sound are appropriate to the illusion created. Direct observation may allow a save (as per a normal illusion), if there is cause to disbelieve what is seen. Even entering the area does not cancel the illusion or necessarily allow a save, assuming that hidden beings take Casting Time 1 standard action care to stay out of the way of those affected by the illusion.

Scrying

School divination (scrying); **Level** bard 3, cleric 5, druid 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 hour

Components V, S, M/DF (a pool of water), F (a silver mirror worth 1,000 gp)

Range see text

Effect magical sensor

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You can observe a creature at any distance. If the subject succeeds on a Will save, the spell fails. The difficulty of the save depends on how well your knowledge of the subject and what sort of physical connection (if any) you have to that creature. Furthermore, if the subject is on another plane, it gets a +5 bonus on its Will save.

Knowledge	Will Save Modifier
None*	+10
Secondhand (you have heard of the subject)	+5
Firsthand (you have met the subject)	+0
Familiar (you know the subject well)	5
Connection	Will Save Modifier
Likeness or picture	2
Possession or garment	4
Body part, lock of hair, bit of nail, etc.	10

^{*}You must have some sort of connection (see below) to a creature of which you have no knowledge.

If the save fails, you can see and hear the subject and its surroundings (approximately 10 feet in all directions of the subject). If the subject moves, the sensor follows at a speed of up to 150 feet.

Saving Throw none or Will disbelief (if interacted with); see As with all divination (scrying) spells, the sensor has your full visual acuity, including any magical effects. In addition, the following spells have a 5% chance per caster level of operating through the sensor: detect chaos, detect evil, detect good, detect law, detect magic, and message.

again for at least 24 hours.

Scrying, Greater

School divination (scrying); **Level** bard 6, cleric 7, druid 7, sorcerer/wizard 7

Components V, S

Duration 1 hour/level

This spell functions like scrying, except as noted above. Additionally, all of the following spells function reliably through the sensor: detect chaos, detect evil, detect good, detect law, detect magic, message, read magic, and tongues.

Sculpt Sound

School transmutation; Level bard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature or object/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

You can change the sounds that creatures or objects make. You can create sounds where none exist, deaden sounds, or transform sounds into other sounds. All affected creatures or objects must be transmuted in the same way. Once the transmutation is made, you cannot change it. You can change the qualities of sounds but cannot create words with which you are unfamiliar yourself.

A spellcaster whose voice is changed dramatically is unable to cast spells with verbal components.

Searing Light

School evocation; Level cleric 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect ray

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Focusing divine power like a ray of the sun, you project a blast of light from your open palm. You must succeed on a Components V, S, M (powdered herring scales and a vial of ranged touch attack to strike your target. A creature struck by this ray of light takes 1d8 points of damage per two caster levels (maximum 5d8). An undead creature takes 1d6 points Range touch of damage per caster level (maximum 10d6), and an undead creature particularly vulnerable to bright light takes 1d8 points of damage per caster level (maximum 10d8). A construct or inanimate object takes only 1d6 points of damage per two caster levels (maximum 5d6).

Secret Chest

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, F (the chest and its replica)

Range see text

Target one chest and up to 1 cu. ft. of goods/caster level

Duration 60 days or until discharged

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You hide a chest on the Ethereal Plane for as long as 60 days and can retrieve it at will. The chest can contain up to 1 cubic foot of material per caster level (regardless of the chest's actual size, which is about 3 feet by 2 feet by 2 feet). If any living creatures are in the chest, there is a 75% chance that the spell simply fails. Once the chest is hidden, you can retrieve it by concentrating (a standard action), and it appears next to you.

The chest must be exceptionally well crafted and expensive, constructed for you by master crafters. The cost of such a chest is never less than 5,000 gp. Once it is constructed, you must make a tiny replica (of the same materials and perfect in every detail) so that the miniature of the chest appears to be a perfect copy. (The replica costs 50 gp.) The chests are nonmagical and can be fitted with locks, wards, and so on, just as any normal chest can be.

To hide the chest, you cast the spell while touching both the chest and the replica. The chest vanishes into the Ethereal Plane. You need the replica to recall the chest. After 60 days, there is a cumulative chance of 5% per day that the chest is irretrievably lost. If the miniature of the chest is lost or destroyed, there is no way, even with a wish spell, that the large chest can be summoned back, although an extraplanar expedition might be mounted to find it.

Living things in the chest eat, sleep, and age normally, and they die if they run out of food, air, water, or whatever they need to survive.

Secret Page

School transmutation; **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 10 minutes

will-o'-wisp essence)

Target page touched, up to 3 sq. ft. in size

Duration permanent

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Secret page alters the contents of a page so that it appears to be something entirely different. The text of a spell can be changed to show another spell of equal or lower level known by the caster. This spell cannot be used to change a spell contained on a scroll, but it can be used to hide a scroll. Explosive runes or sepia snake sigil can be cast upon the secret page.

A comprehend languages spell alone cannot reveal a secret

page's contents. You are able to reveal the original contents Target you by speaking a special word. You can then peruse the actual page and return it to its secret page form at will. You can also remove the spell by double repetition of the special word. A You can see any objects or beings that are invisible within contents unless cast in combination with comprehend difference between visible, invisible, and ethereal creatures. languages. A secret page spell can be dispelled, and the hidden writings can be destroyed by means of an *erase* spell.

Secure Shelter

School conjuration (creation); **Level** bard 4, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (a chip of stone, sand, a drop of water, and a wood splinter)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect 20-ft.-square structure

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You conjure a sturdy cottage or lodge made of material that is common in the area where the spell is cast. The floor is **Duration** 12 hours (D) level, clean, and dry. The lodging resembles a normal cottage, with a sturdy door, two shuttered windows, and a small fireplace.

The shelter must be heated as a normal dwelling, and extreme heat adversely affects it and its occupants. The dwelling does, however, provide considerable security otherwise—it is as strong as a normal stone building, regardless of its material composition. The dwelling resists flames and fire as if it were stone. It is impervious to normal missiles (but not the sort cast by siege engines or giants).

The door, shutters, and even chimney are secure against intrusion, the former two being secured with arcane lock and the latter by an iron grate at the top and a narrow flue. In addition, these three areas are protected by an alarm spell. Finally, an unseen servant is conjured to provide service to Range see text you for the duration of the shelter.

The secure shelter contains crude furnishings—eight bunks, a trestle table, eight stools, and a writing desk.

See Invisibility

School divination; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (talc and powdered silver)

Range personal

Duration 10 min./level (D)

detect magic spell reveals dim magic on the page in question your range of vision, as well as any that are ethereal, as if but does not reveal its true contents. True seeing reveals the they were normally visible. Such creatures are visible to you presence of the hidden material but does not reveal the as translucent shapes, allowing you easily to discern the

> The spell does not reveal the method used to obtain invisibility. It does not reveal illusions or enable you to see through opaque objects. It does not reveal creatures who are simply hiding, concealed, or otherwise hard to see.

> See invisibility can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Seeming

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature per two levels, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Saving Throw Will negates or Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell Resistance yes or no; see text

This spell functions like disguise self, except that you can change the appearance of other people as well. Affected creatures resume their normal appearances if slain. Unwilling targets can negate the spell's effect on them by making Will saves or with spell resistance.

Sending

School evocation; Level cleric 4, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M/DF (fine copper wire)

Target one creature

Duration 1 round; see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You contact a particular creature with which you are familiar and send a short message of 25 words or less to the subject. The subject recognizes you if it knows you. It can answer in like manner immediately. A creature with an Intelligence score as low as 1 can understand the sending, though the subject's ability to react is limited as normal by its Intelligence. Even if the sending is received, the subject is

not obligated to act upon it in any manner.

If the creature in question is not on the same plane of **Components** V, S, M (a basilisk eyelash and gum arabic) existence as you are, there is a 5% chance that the sending does not arrive. (Local conditions on other planes may worsen this chance considerably.)

Sepia Snake Sigil

School conjuration (creation) [force]; **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (powdered amber worth 500 gp and a snake scale)

Range touch

Target one touched book or written work

Duration permanent or until discharged; until released or 1d4 days + 1 day/level; see text

Saving Throw Reflex negates; Spell Resistance no

You cause a small symbol to appear in the text of a written spell. work. The text containing the symbol must be at least 25 words long. When anyone reads the text containing the symbol, the *sepia snake sigil* springs into being, transforming into a large sepia serpent that strikes at the reader, provided there is line of effect between the symbol and the reader.

Simply seeing the enspelled text is not sufficient to trigger the spell; the subject must deliberately read it. The target is entitled to a save to evade the snake's strike. If it succeeds, the sepia snake dissipates in a flash of brown light accompanied by a puff of dun-colored smoke and a loud noise. If the target fails its save, it is engulfed in a shimmering amber field of force and immobilized until School illusion (shadow); Level bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4 released, either at your command or when 1d4 days + 1 day per caster level have elapsed.

While trapped in the amber field of force, the subject does not age, breathe, grow hungry, sleep, or regain spells. It is Range see text preserved in a state of suspended animation, unaware of its surroundings. It can be damaged by outside forces (and perhaps even killed), since the field provides no protection **Duration** see text against physical injury. However, a dying subject does not lose hit points or become stable until the spell ends.

The hidden sigil cannot be detected by normal observation, and detect magic reveals only that the entire text is magical.

A dispel magic can remove the sigil. An erase spell destroys the entire page of text.

Sepia snake sigil can be cast in combination with other spells that hide or garble text, such as secret page.

Sequester

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Target one willing creature or object (up to a 2-ft. cube/level) touched

Duration 1 day/level (D)

Saving Throw none or Will negates (object); Spell **Resistance** no or yes (object)

When cast, this spell prevents divination spells from detecting or locating the target and also renders the affected target invisible (as the invisibility spell). The spell does not prevent the subject from being discovered through tactile means or through the use of devices. Creatures affected by sequester become comatose and are effectively in a state of suspended animation until the spell ends.

Note: The Will save prevents an attended or magical object from being sequestered. There is no save to see the sequestered creature or object or to detect it with a divination

Shades

School illusion (shadow); Level sorcerer/wizard 9

This spell functions like shadow conjuration, except that it mimics conjuration spells of 8th level or lower. The illusory conjurations created deal four-fifths (80%) damage to nonbelievers, and nondamaging effects are 80% likely to work against nonbelievers.

Shadow Conjuration

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Effect see text

Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); varies; see text; Spell Resistance yes; see text

You use material from the Plane of Shadow to shape quasireal illusions of one or more creatures, objects, or forces. Shadow conjuration can mimic any sorcerer or wizard conjuration (summoning) or conjuration (creation) spell of 3rd level or lower.

Shadow conjurations are only one-fifth (20%) as strong as the real things, though creatures who believe the shadow conjurations to be real are affected by them at full strength. Any creature that interacts with the spell can make a Will

save to recognize its true nature.

Spells that deal damage have normal effects unless the affected creature succeeds on a Will save. Each disbelieving creature takes only one-fifth (20%) damage from the attack. If the disbelieved attack has a special effect other than damage, that effect is only 20% likely to occur. Regardless of the result of the save to disbelieve, an affected creature is also allowed any save that the spell being simulated allows, but the save DC is set according to shadow conjuration's level (4th) rather than the spell's normal level. In addition, any effect created by shadow conjuration allows spell resistance, even if the spell it is simulating does not. Shadow objects or substances have normal effects except against those who disbelieve them. Against disbelievers, they are Nondamaging effects have normal effects except against 20% likely to work.

A shadow creature has one-fifth the hit points of a normal creature of its kind (regardless of whether it's recognized as Objects automatically succeed on their Will saves against shadowy). It deals normal damage and has all normal this spell. abilities and weaknesses. Against a creature that recognizes it as a shadow creature, however, the shadow creature's damage is one-fifth (20%) normal, and all special abilities that do not deal lethal damage are only 20% likely to work. (Roll for each use and each affected character separately.) This spell functions like shadow evocation, except that it Furthermore, the shadow creature's AC bonuses are just onefifth as large.

A creature that succeeds on its save sees the shadow conjurations as transparent images superimposed on vague, shadowy forms. Objects automatically succeed on their Will saves against this spell.

Shadow Conjuration, Greater

School illusion (shadow); Level sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions like shadow conjuration, except that it duplicates any sorcerer or wizard conjuration (summoning) or conjuration (creation) spell of 6th level or lower. The illusory conjurations created deal three-fifths (60%) damage to nonbelievers, and nondamaging effects are 60% likely to work against nonbelievers.

Shadow Evocation

School illusion (shadow); **Level** bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range see text

Effect see text

Duration see text

Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell Resistance yes

You tap energy from the Plane of Shadow to cast a quasi-

real, illusory version of a sorcerer or wizard evocation spell of 4th level or lower. Spells that deal damage have normal effects unless an affected creature succeeds on a Will save. Each disbelieving creature takes only one-fifth damage from the attack. If the disbelieved attack has a special effect other than damage, that effect is one-fifth as strong (if applicable) or only 20% likely to occur. If recognized as a shadow evocation, a damaging spell deals only one-fifth (20%) damage. Regardless of the result of the save to disbelieve, an affected creature is also allowed any save (or spell resistance) that the spell being simulated allows, but the save DC is set according to shadow evocation's level (5th) rather than the spell's normal level.

those who disbelieve them. Against disbelievers, they have no effect.

Shadow Evocation, Greater

School illusion (shadow); Level sorcerer/wizard 8

enables you to create partially real, illusory versions of sorcerer or wizard evocation spells of 7th level or lower. If recognized as a greater shadow evocation, a damaging spell deals only three-fifths (60%) damage.

Shadow Walk

School illusion (shadow); Level bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Targets up to one touched creature/level

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

To use the *shadow walk* spell, you must be in an area of dim light. You and any creature you touch are then transported along a coiling path of shadowstuff to the edge of the Material Plane where it borders the Plane of Shadow. The effect is largely illusory, but the path is quasi-real. You can take more than one creature along with you (subject to your level limit), but all must be touching each other.

In the region of shadow, you move at a rate of 50 miles per hour, moving normally on the borders of the Plane of Shadow but much more rapidly relative to the Material Plane. Thus, you can use this spell to travel rapidly by stepping onto the Plane of Shadow, moving the desired distance, and then stepping back onto the Material Plane.

Because of the blurring of reality between the Plane of summoned is rainy, marshy, or damp. Shadow and the Material Plane, you can't make out details of the terrain or areas you pass over during transit, nor can you predict perfectly where your travel will end. It's impossible to judge distances accurately, making the spell virtually useless for scouting or spying. Furthermore, when the spell effect ends, you are shunted $1d10 \times 100$ feet in a random Casting Time 1 standard action horizontal direction from your desired endpoint. If this would place you within a solid object, you are shunted $1d10 \times 1,000$ feet in the same direction. If this would still place you within a solid object, you (and any creatures with you) are shunted to the nearest empty space available, but the strain of this activity renders each creature fatigued (no save).

Shadow walk can also be used to travel to other planes that This spell allows you to take the form of a wide variety of border on the Plane of Shadow, but this usage requires the transit of the Plane of Shadow to arrive at a border with another plane of reality. The transit of the Plane of Shadow requires 1d4 hours.

Any creatures touched by you when shadow walk is cast also make the transition to the borders of the Plane of Shadow.

They may opt to follow you, wander off through the plane, or stumble back into the Material Plane (50% chance for either of the latter results if they are lost or abandoned by you). Creatures unwilling to accompany you into the Plane of Shadow receive a Will saving throw, negating the effect if successful.

Shambler

School conjuration (creation); Level druid 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect three or more shambling mounds, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart; see text

Duration 7 days or 7 months (D); see text

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

The shambler spell creates 1d4+2 shambling mounds with the advanced template. The creatures willingly aid you in combat or battle, perform a specific mission, or serve as bodyguards. The creatures remain with you for 7 days unless you dismiss them. If the shamblers are created only for guard duty, however, the duration of the spell is 7 months. In this case, the shamblers can only be ordered to guard a specific move outside the spell's range, which is measured from the point where each first appeared. You can only have one shambler spell in effect at one time. If you cast this spell while another casting is still in effect, the previous casting is dispelled. The shamblers have resistance to fire as normal shambling mounds do only if the terrain where they are

Shapechange

School transmutation (polymorph); Level druid 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Components V, S, F (jade circlet worth 1,500 gp)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 10 min./level (D)

creatures. This spell can function as alter self, beast form IV, elemental body IV, form of the dragon III, giant form II, and plant shape III depending on what form you take. You can change form once each round as a free action. The change takes place either immediately before your regular action or immediately after it, but not during the action.

Shatter

School evocation [sonic]; **Level** bard 2, cleric 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a chip of mica)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area or Target 5-ft.-radius spread; or one solid object or one crystalline creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Will negates (object) or Fortitude half; see text; Spell Resistance yes

Shatter creates a loud, ringing noise that breaks brittle, nonmagical objects; sunders a single solid, nonmagical object; or damages a crystalline creature.

Used as an area attack, *shatter* destroys nonmagical objects of crystal, glass, ceramic, or porcelain. All such objects within a 5-foot radius of the point of origin are smashed into dozens of pieces by the spell. Objects weighing more than 1 pound per your level are not affected, but all other objects of the appropriate composition are shattered.

Alternatively, you can target shatter against a single solid nonmagical object, regardless of composition, weighing up site or location. Shamblers summoned to guard duty cannot to 10 pounds per caster level. Targeted against a crystalline creature (of any weight), shatter deals 1d6 points of sonic damage per caster level (maximum 10d6), with a Fortitude save for half damage.

Shield

School abjuration [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Shield creates an invisible shield of force that hovers in front of you. It negates *magic missile* attacks directed at you. The disk also provides a +4 shield bonus to AC. This bonus applies against incorporeal touch attacks, since it is a force effect. The *shield* has no armor check penalty or arcane spell failure chance.

Shield of Faith

School abjuration; Level cleric 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (parchment with a holy text written on it)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

This spell creates a shimmering, magical field around the target that averts and deflects attacks. The spell grants the subject a +2 deflection bonus to AC, with an additional +1 to the bonus for every six levels you have (maximum +5 deflection bonus at 18th level).

Shield of Law

School abjuration [lawful]; **Level** cleric 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a reliquary worth 500 gp)

Range 20 ft.

Targets one creature/level in a 20-ft.-radius burst centered on you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

A dim, blue glow surrounds the subjects, protecting them from attacks, granting them resistance to spells cast by chaotic creatures, and *slowing* chaotic creatures when they strike the subjects. This abjuration has four effects.

First, each warded creature gains a +4 deflection bonus to AC and a +4 resistance bonus on saves. Unlike *protection from chaos*, this benefit applies against all attacks, not just against attacks by chaotic creatures.

Second, a warded creature gains spell resistance 25 against chaotic spells and spells cast by chaotic creatures.

Third, the abjuration protects you from possession and mental influence, just as *protection from chaos* does.

Finally, if a chaotic creature succeeds on a melee attack against a warded creature, the attacker is *slowed* (Will save negates, as the *slow* spell, but against *shield of law*'s save DC).

Shield Other

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 2, paladin 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a pair of platinum rings worth 50 gp worn by both you and the target)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); **Spell Resistance** yes (harmless)

This spell wards the subject and creates a mystic connection between you and the subject so that some of its wounds are transferred to you. The subject gains a +1 deflection bonus to AC and a +1 resistance bonus on saves. Additionally, the subject takes only half damage from all wounds and attacks (including those dealt by special abilities) that deal hit point damage. The amount of damage not taken by the warded creature is taken by you. Forms of harm that do not involve hit points, such as *charm* effects, temporary ability damage, level draining, and death effects, are not affected. If the subject suffers a reduction of hit points from a lowered Constitution score, the reduction is not split with you because it is not hit point damage. When the spell ends, subsequent damage is no longer divided between the subject and you, but damage already split is not reassigned to the subject.

If you and the subject of the spell move out of range of each other, the spell ends.

Shillelagh

School transmutation; Level druid 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target one touched nonmagical oak club or quarterstaff

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

Your own nonmagical club or quarterstaff becomes a weapon with a +1 enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls. A quarterstaff gains this enhancement for both ends of the Range 60 ft. weapon. It deals damage as if it were two size categories larger (a Small club or quarterstaff so transmuted deals 1d8 points of damage, a Medium 2d6, and a Large 3d6), +1 for its enhancement bonus. These effects only occur when the This spell functions like shout, except that the cone deals behaves as if unaffected by this spell.

Shocking Grasp

School evocation [electricity]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target creature or object touched

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

Your successful melee touch attack deals 1d6 points of electricity damage per caster level (maximum 5d6). When Range touch delivering the jolt, you gain a +3 bonus on attack rolls if the opponent is wearing metal armor (or is carrying a metal weapon or is made of metal).

Shout

School evocation [sonic]; **Level** bard 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range 30 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude partial or Reflex negates (object); see text; **Spell Resistance** yes (object)

You emit an ear-splitting yell that deafens and damages creatures in its path. Any creature within the area is deafened for 2d6 rounds and takes 5d6 points of sonic damage. A successful save negates the deafness and reduces the damage by half. Any exposed brittle or crystalline object or crystalline creature takes 1d6 points of sonic damage per caster level (maximum 15d6). An affected creature is School illusion (glamer); Level bard 2, cleric 2 allowed a Fortitude save to reduce the damage by half, and a creature holding fragile objects can negate damage to them

with a successful Reflex save. A shout spell cannot penetrate a *silence* spell.

Shout, Greater

School evocation [sonic]; Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 8

Components: V, S, F (a metal or ivory horn)

Saving Throw Fortitude partial or Reflex negates (object);

weapon is wielded by you. If you do not wield it, the weapon 10d6 points of sonic damage (or 1d6 points of sonic damage per caster level, maximum 20d6, against exposed brittle or crystalline objects or crystalline creatures). It also causes creatures to be stunned for 1 round and deafened for 4d6 rounds. A creature in the area of the cone can negate the stunning and halve both the damage and the duration of the deafness with a successful Fortitude save. A creature holding vulnerable objects can attempt a Reflex save to negate the damage to those objects.

Shrink Item

School transmutation: **Level** sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Target one touched object of up to 2 cu. ft./level

Duration 1 day/level; see text

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

You are able to shrink one nonmagical item (if it is within the size limit) to 1/16 of its normal size in each dimension (to about 1/4,000 the original volume and mass). This change effectively reduces the object's size by four categories. Optionally, you can also change its now shrunken composition to a clothlike one. Objects changed by a shrink item spell can be returned to normal composition and size merely by tossing them onto any solid surface or by a word of command from the original caster. Even a burning fire and its fuel can be shrunk by this spell. Restoring the shrunken object to its normal size and composition ends the spell.

Shrink item can be made permanent with a permanency spell, in which case the affected object can be shrunk and expanded an indefinite number of times, but only by the original caster.

Silence

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area 20-ft.-radius emanation centered on a creature, object, or point in space

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw: Will negates; see text or none (object); Spell **Resistance**: ves: see text or no (object)

the affected area. All sound is stopped: Conversation is impossible, spells with verbal components cannot be cast, successful Perception check (opposed by the caster's and no noise whatsoever issues from, enters, or passes Disguise check) or a DC 20 Sense Motive check. through the area. The spell can be cast on a point in space, but the effect is stationary unless cast on a mobile object. The spell can be centered on a creature, and the effect then radiates from the creature and moves as it moves. An unwilling creature can attempt a Will save to negate the spell and can use spell resistance, if any. Items in a creature's possession or magic items that emit sound receive the benefits of saves and spell resistance, but unattended objects and points in space do not. Creatures in an area of a *silence* spell are immune to sonic or language-based attacks, spells, and effects.

Silent Image

School illusion (figment); **Level** bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a bit of fleece)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Effect visual figment that cannot extend beyond four 10-ft. Duration instantaneous cubes + one 10-ft. cube/level (S)

Duration concentration

Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell Resistance no

This spell creates the visual illusion of an object, creature, or force, as visualized by you. The illusion does not create sound, smell, texture, or temperature. You can move the image within the limits of the size of the effect.

Simulacrum

School illusion (shadow); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 12 hours

Components V, S, M (ice sculpture of the target plus powdered rubies worth 500 gp per HD of the simulacrum)

Range 0 ft.

Effect one duplicate creature

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Simulacrum creates an illusory duplicate of any creature. The duplicate creature is partially real and formed from ice or snow. It appears to be the same as the original, but it has only half of the real creature's levels or HD (and the appropriate hit points, feats, skill ranks, and special abilities for a creature of that level or HD). You can't create a simulacrum of a creature whose HD or levels exceed twice your caster level. You must make a Disguise check when you cast the Upon the casting of this spell, complete silence prevails in spell to determine how good the likeness is. A creature familiar with the original might detect the ruse with a

> At all times, the simulacrum remains under your absolute command. No special telepathic link exists, so command must be exercised in some other manner. A simulacrum has no ability to become more powerful. It cannot increase its level or abilities. If reduced to 0 hit points or otherwise destroyed, it reverts to snow and melts instantly into nothingness. A complex process requiring at least 24 hours, 100 gp per hit point, and a fully equipped magical laboratory can repair damage to a simulacrum.

Slay Living

School necromancy [death]; Level cleric 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; Spell Resistance yes

You can attempt to slay any one living creature. When you cast this spell, your hand seethes with eerie dark fire. You must succeed on a melee touch attack to touch the target. The target takes 12d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level. If the target's Fortitude saving throw succeeds, it instead takes 3d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level. The subject might die from damage even if it succeeds on its saving throw.

Sleep

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, M (fine sand, rose petals, or a live

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area one or more living creatures within a 10-ft.-radius burst

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

A sleep spell causes a magical slumber to come upon 4 HD of creatures. Creatures with the fewest HD are affected first. Among creatures with equal HD, those who are closest to the spell's point of origin are affected first. HD that are not sufficient to affect a creature are wasted. Sleeping creatures School transmutation; Level druid 3, ranger 2 are helpless. Slapping or wounding awakens an affected creature, but normal noise does not. Awakening a creature is a standard action (an application of the aid another action). Sleep does not target unconscious creatures, constructs, or undead creatures.

Sleet Storm

School conjuration (creation) [cold]; Level druid 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (dust and water)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area cylinder (40-ft. radius, 20 ft. high)

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Driving sleet blocks all sight (even darkvision) within it and fastened to it. The spell causes the tree to bend, straightening causes the ground in the area to be icy. A creature can walk when the loop is triggered, dealing 1d6 points of damage to within or through the area of sleet at half normal speed with the creature trapped and lifting it off the ground by the a DC 10 Acrobatics check. Failure means it can't move in trapped limb or limbs. If no such tree is available, the that round, while failure by 5 or more means it falls (see the cordlike object tightens around the creature, dealing no Acrobatics skill for details).

The sleet extinguishes torches and small fires.

Slow

School transmutation; **Level** bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a drop of molasses)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

An affected creature moves and attacks at a drastically slowed rate. Creatures affected by this spell are staggered and can take only a single move action or standard action each turn, but not both (nor may it take full-round actions). When this spell is cast, all natural, undressed earth or stone Additionally, it takes a -1 penalty on attack rolls, AC, and speed (round down to the next 5-foot increment), which

affects the creature's jumping distance as normal for decreased speed.

Multiple slow effects don't stack. Slow counters and dispels

Snare

Casting Time 3 rounds

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target touched nonmagical circle of vine, rope, or thong with a 2 ft. diameter + 2 ft./level

Duration Until triggered or broken

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell enables you to make a snare that functions as a magic trap. The snare can be made from any supple vine, a thong, or a rope. When you cast snare upon it, the cordlike object blends with its surroundings (DC 23 Perception check for a character with the trapfinding ability to locate). One end of the snare is tied in a loop that contracts around one or more of the limbs of any creature stepping inside the circle.

If a strong and supple tree is nearby, the snare can be damage but causing it to be entangled.

The snare is magical. To escape, a trapped creature must make a DC 23 Escape Artist check or a DC 23 Strength check that is a full-round action. The snare has AC 7 and 5 hit points. A successful escape from the snare breaks the loop and ends the spell.

Soften Earth and Stone

School transmutation [earth]; **Level** druid 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 10-ft. square/level; see text

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

in the spell's area is softened. Wet earth becomes thick mud, Reflex saves. A slowed creature moves at half its normal dry earth becomes loose sand or dirt, and stone becomes soft clay that is easily molded or chopped. You affect a 10-foot

square area to a depth of 1 to 4 feet, depending on the Casting Time 1 standard action toughness or resilience of the ground at that spot. Magical, enchanted, dressed, or worked stone cannot be affected. Earth or stone creatures are not affected.

A creature in mud must succeed on a Reflex save or be Area creatures within a 20-ft.-radius spread caught for 1d2 rounds and unable to move, attack, or cast spells. A creature that succeeds on its save can move through the mud at half speed, and it can't run or charge. Loose dirt is Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes not as troublesome as mud, but all creatures in the area can move at only half their normal speed and can't run or charge over the surface. Stone softened into clay does not hinder movement, but it does allow characters to cut, shape, or excavate areas they may not have been able to affect before.

of the wall or roof and falls (treat as a cave-in with no bury however, harm targets that have fallen unconscious. zone, see Environment).

A moderate amount of structural damage can be dealt to a manufactured structure by softening the ground beneath it, causing it to settle. However, most well-built structures will only be damaged by this spell, not destroyed.

Solid Fog

School conjuration (creation); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 4

Components: V, S, M (powdered peas and an animal hoof)

Duration 1 min./level

Spell Resistance no

This spell functions like fog cloud, but in addition to obscuring sight, the solid fog is so thick that it impedes more than 1 round per caster level. The soul, once trapped in movement. Creatures moving through a solid fog move at the gem, cannot be returned through clone, raise dead, half their normal speed and take a -2 penalty on all melee reincarnation, resurrection, true resurrection, or even a attack and melee damage rolls. The vapors prevent effective miracle or a wish. Only by destroying the gem or dispelling ranged weapon attacks (except for magic rays and the like). the spell on the gem can one free the soul (which is then still A creature or object that falls into *solid fog* is slowed so that dead). each 10 feet of vapor that it passes through reduces the falling damage by 1d6. A creature cannot take a 5-foot-step while in solid fog. Solid fog, and effects that work like solid fog, do not stack with each other in terms of slowed movement and attack penalties.

Unlike normal fog, only a severe wind (31+ mph) disperses these vapors, and it does so in 1 round.

Solid fog can be made permanent with a permanency spell. A permanent solid fog dispersed by wind reforms in 10 School evocation [sonic]; Level bard 2, cleric 2 minutes.

Song of Discord

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting, sonic]; Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) Level bard 5

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Duration 1 round/level

This spell causes those within the area to turn on each other rather than attack their foes. Each affected creature has a 50% chance to attack the nearest target each round. (Roll to determine each creature's behavior every round at the beginning of its turn.) A creature that does not attack its While this spell does not affect dressed or worked stone, nearest neighbor is free to act normally for that round. cavern ceilings or vertical surfaces such as cliff faces can be Creatures forced by a song of discord to attack their fellows affected. Usually, this causes a moderate collapse or employ all methods at their disposal, choosing their deadliest landslide as the loosened material peels away from the face spells and most advantageous combat tactics. They do not,

Soul Bind

School necromancy; Level cleric 9, sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (see text)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target corpse

Duration permanent

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance no

You draw the soul from a newly dead body and imprison it in a black sapphire gem. The subject must have been dead no

The focus for this spell is a black sapphire of at least 1,000 gp value for every HD possessed by the creature whose soul is to be bound. If the gem is not valuable enough, it shatters when the binding is attempted. (While creatures have no concept of level or HD as such, the value of the gem needed to trap an individual can be researched.)

Sound Burst

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F/DF (a musical instrument)

Area 10-ft.-radius spread

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude partial; Spell Resistance yes

You blast an area with a tremendous cacophony. Every creature in the area takes 1d8 points of sonic damage and must succeed on a Fortitude save to avoid being stunned for 1 round. Creatures that cannot hear are not stunned but are still damaged.

Speak with Animals

School divination; Level bard 3, druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level

You can ask questions of and receive answers from animals, but the spell doesn't make them any more friendly than normal. Wary and cunning animals are likely to be terse and evasive, while the more stupid ones make inane comments. If an animal is friendly toward you, it may do some favor or service for you.

Speak with Dead

School necromancy [language-dependent]; **Level** cleric 3

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, DF

Range 10 ft.

Target one dead creature

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance no

You grant the semblance of life to a corpse, allowing it to Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no answer questions. You may ask one question per two caster levels. The corpse's knowledge is limited to what it knew during life, including the languages it spoke. Answers are brief, cryptic, or repetitive, especially if the creature would have opposed you in life.

that pertain to events that occurred after its death.

If the corpse has been subject to speak with dead within the past week, the new spell fails. You can cast this spell on a

corpse that has been deceased for any amount of time, but the body must be mostly intact to be able to respond. A damaged corpse may be able to give partial answers or partially correct answers, but it must at least have a mouth in order to speak at all. This spell does not affect a corpse that has been turned into an undead creature.

Speak with Plants

School divination; **Level** bard 4, druid 3, ranger 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level

You can communicate with normal plants and plant creatures, and can ask questions of and receive answers from them. A normal plant's sense of its surroundings is limited, so it won't be able to give (or recognize) detailed descriptions of creatures or answer questions about events outside its immediate vicinity. The spell doesn't make plant creatures any more friendly or cooperative than normal. Furthermore, wary and cunning plant creatures are likely to be terse and evasive, while the more stupid ones may make inane comments. If a plant creature is friendly, it may do some favor or service for you.

Spectral Hand

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect one spectral hand

Duration 1 min./level (D)

A ghostly hand shaped from your life force materializes and moves as you desire, allowing you to deliver low-level, touch range spells at a distance. On casting the spell, you lose 1d4 hit points that return when the spell ends (even if it is dispelled), but not if the hand is destroyed. (The hit points If the dead creature's alignment was different from yours, the can be healed as normal.) For as long as the spell lasts, any corpse gets a Will save to resist the spell as if it were alive. If touch range spell of 4th level or lower that you cast can be successful, the corpse can refuse to answer your questions or delivered by the spectral hand. The spell gives you a +2 attempt to deceive you, using Bluff. The soul can only speak bonus on your melee touch attack roll, and attacking with the about what it knew in life. It cannot answer any questions hand counts normally as an attack. The hand always strikes from your direction. The hand cannot flank targets like a creature can. After it delivers a spell, or if it goes beyond the spell range or goes out of your sight, the hand returns to you and hovers.

The hand is incorporeal and thus cannot be harmed by Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance normal weapons. It has improved evasion (half damage on a yes (harmless) failed Reflex save and no damage on a successful save), your

The target gains spell resistance equal to 12 + your caster Your Intelligence modifier applies to the hand's AC as if it were the hand's Dexterity modifier. The hand has 1 to 4 hit points, the same number that you lost in creating it.

Spell Immunity

School abjuration; **Level** cleric 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance ves (harmless)

The warded creature is immune to the effects of one exact number is rolled secretly. specified spell for every four levels you have. The spells must be of 4th level or lower. The warded creature effectively has unbeatable spell resistance regarding the specified spell or spells. Naturally, that immunity doesn't protect a creature from spells for which spell resistance doesn't apply. Spell immunity protects against spells, spelllike effects of magic items, and innate spell-like abilities of creatures. It does not protect against supernatural or extraordinary abilities, such as breath weapons or gaze attacks.

Only a particular spell can be protected against, not a certain created. Roll randomly to determine the result. domain or school of spells or a group of spells that are similar in effect. A creature can have only one spell immunity or greater spell immunity spell in effect on it at a time.

Spell Immunity, Greater

School abjuration; Level cleric 8

This spell functions like spell immunity, except the immunity applies to spells of 8th level or lower. A creature can have only one spell immunity or greater spell immunity spell in effect on it at a time.

Spell Resistance

School abjuration; Level cleric 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min./level

level.

Spell Turning

School abjuration; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a small silver mirror)

Range personal

Target you

Duration until expended or 10 min./level

Spells and spell-like effects targeted on you are turned back upon the original caster. The abjuration turns only spells that have you as a target. Effect and area spells are not affected. Spell turning also fails to stop touch range spells. From seven to ten (1d4+6) spell levels are affected by the turning. The

When you are targeted by a spell of higher level than the amount of spell turning you have left, that spell is partially turned. Subtract the amount of spell turning left from the spell level of the incoming spell, then divide the result by the spell level of the incoming spell to see what fraction of the effect gets through. For damaging spells, you and the caster each take a fraction of the damage. For nondamaging spells, each of you has a proportional chance to be the one who is affected. If you and a spellcasting attacker are both warded by spell turning effects in operation, a resonating field is

d% **Effect**

01-70 Spell drains away without effect.

71–80 Spell affects both of you equally at full effect.

Both turning effects are rendered nonfunctional for 81–97 1d4 minutes.

98–100 Both of you go through a rift into another plane.

Spellstaff

School transmutation; Level druid 6

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, F (the staff that stores the spell)

Range touch

Target wooden quarterstaff touched

Duration permanent until discharged (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

use up any applicable material components required to cast and succeeding on a Heal check against the spell's save DC. the spell when you store it in the spellstaff.

Spider Climb

School transmutation: **Level** druid 2. sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a live spider)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level) yes (harmless)

The subject can climb and travel on vertical surfaces or even traverse ceilings as well as a spider does. The affected creature must have its hands free to climb in this manner. The Saving Throw Reflex partial; Spell Resistance yes subject gains a climb speed of 20 feet and a +8 racial bonus on Climb skill checks; furthermore, it need not make Climb checks to traverse a vertical or horizontal surface (even upside down). A spider climbing creature retains its Dexterity bonus to Armor Class (if any) while climbing, and opponents Spike stones impede progress through an area and deal get no special bonus to their attacks against it. It cannot, however, use the run action while climbing.

Spike Growth

School transmutation; Level druid 3, ranger 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area one 20-ft. square/level

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Reflex partial; Spell Resistance yes

Any ground-covering vegetation in the spell's area becomes very hard and sharply pointed without changing its stones is a magic trap that can't be disabled with the Disable appearance.

In areas of bare earth, roots and rootlets act in the same way. Typically, spike growth can be cast in any outdoor setting except open water, ice, heavy snow, sandy desert, or bare School evocation [force]; Level cleric 2 stone. Any creature moving on foot into or through the spell's area takes 1d4 points of piercing damage for each 5 feet of movement through the spiked area.

You store one spell that you can normally cast in a wooden Any creature that takes damage from this spell must also quarterstaff. Only one such spell can be stored in a staff at a succeed on a Reflex save or suffer injuries to its feet and legs given time, and you cannot have more than one spellstaff at that slow its land speed by half. This speed penalty lasts for any given time. You can cast a spell stored within a staff just 24 hours or until the injured creature receives a *cure* spell as though it were among those you had prepared, but it does (which also restores lost hit points). Another character can not count against your normal allotment for a given day. You remove the penalty by taking 10 minutes to dress the injuries

> Magic traps are hard to detect. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a *spike growth*. The DC is 25 + spell level, or DC 28 for spike growth (or DC 27 for spike growth cast by a ranger). Spike growth can't be disabled with the Disable Device skill.

Spike Stones

School transmutation [earth]; Level druid 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Area one 20-ft. square/level

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Rocky ground, stone floors, and similar surfaces shape themselves into long, sharp points that blend into the background.

damage. Any creature moving on foot into or through the spell's area moves at half speed. In addition, each creature moving through the area takes 1d8 points of piercing damage for each 5 feet of movement through the spiked area.

Any creature that takes damage from this spell must also succeed on a Reflex save to avoid injuries to its feet and legs. A failed save causes the creature's speed to be reduced to half normal for 24 hours or until the injured creature receives a cure spell (which also restores lost hit points). Another character can remove the penalty by taking 10 minutes to dress the injuries and succeeding on a Heal check against the spell's save DC.

Magic traps such as spike stones are hard to detect. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find spike stones. The DC is 25 + spell level, or DC 29 for spike stones. Spike Device skill.

Spiritual Weapon

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect magic weapon of force

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

A weapon made of force appears and attacks foes at a distance, as you direct it, dealing 1d8 force damage per hit, + 1 point per three caster levels (maximum +5 at 15th level). Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) The weapon takes the shape of a weapon favored by your deity or a weapon with some spiritual significance or symbolism to you (see below) and has the same threat range **Duration** instantaneous and critical multipliers as a real weapon of its form. It strikes the opponent you designate, starting with one attack in the round the spell is cast and continuing each round thereafter yes (harmless) on your turn. It uses your base attack bonus (possibly Upon casting this spell, you target a living creature that has spell, not as a weapon, so for example, it can damage creatures that have damage reduction. As a force effect, it can strike incorporeal creatures without the reduction in damage associated with incorporeality. The weapon always strikes from your direction. It does not get a flanking bonus or help School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 7 a combatant get one. Your feats or combat actions do not affect the weapon. If the weapon goes beyond the spell range, if it goes out of your sight, or if you are not directing Components V, S, M (lime, sand, and a drop of water stirred it, the weapon returns to you and hovers.

Each round after the first, you can use a move action to redirect the weapon to a new target. If you do not, the weapon continues to attack the previous round's target. On any round that the weapon switches targets, it gets one attack. Subsequent rounds of attacking that target allow the weapon to make multiple attacks if your base attack bonus would allow it to. Even if the spiritual weapon is a ranged increment, and switching targets still is a move action.

A *spiritual weapon* cannot be attacked or harmed by physical attacks, but dispel magic, disintegrate, a sphere of annihilation, or a rod of cancellation affects it. A spiritual weapon's AC against touch attacks is 12 (10 + size bonus for Tiny object).

If an attacked creature has spell resistance, you make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against that spell resistance the first time the spiritual weapon strikes it. If the weapon is action) if it so desires as long as the spell duration is in successfully resisted, the spell is dispelled. If not, the weapon has its normal full effect on that creature for the duration of the spell.

The weapon that you get is often a force replica of your **School** divination; **Level** cleric 2 deity's own personal weapon. A cleric without a deity gets a weapon based on his alignment. A neutral cleric without a deity can create a spiritual weapon of any alignment, Components V, S provided he is acting at least generally in accord with that alignment at the time. The weapons associated with each alignment are as follows: chaos (battleaxe), evil (light flail), **Targets** one living creature touched per three levels

good (warhammer), law (longsword).

Stabilize

School conjuration (healing); Level cleric 0, druid 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Target one living creature

Saving Throw: Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance:

allowing it multiple attacks per round in subsequent rounds) 1 or fewer hit points. That creature is automatically stabilized plus your Wisdom modifier as its attack bonus. It strikes as a and does not lose any further hit points. If the creature later takes damage, it continues dying normally.

Statue

Casting Time 1 round

by an iron spike)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

weapon, use the spell's range, not the weapon's normal range A statue spell turns the subject to solid stone, along with any garments and equipment worn or carried. In statue form, the subject gains hardness 8. The subject retains its own hit points. The subject can see, hear, and smell normally, but it does not need to eat or breathe. Feeling is limited to those sensations that can affect the granite-hard substance of the individual's body. Chipping is equal to a mere scratch, but breaking off one of the statue's arms constitutes serious damage. The subject of a statue spell can return to its normal state, act, and then return instantly to the statue state (a free effect.

Status

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

When you need to keep track of comrades who may get separated, status allows you to mentally monitor their relative positions and general condition. You are aware of direction and distance to the creatures and any conditions affecting them: unharmed, wounded, disabled, staggered, Casting Time 10 minutes unconscious, dying, nauseated, panicked, stunned, poisoned, diseased, confused, or the like. Once the spell has been cast upon the subjects, the distance between them and the caster does not affect the spell as long as they are on the same plane of existence. If a subject leaves the plane, or if it dies, the spell ceases to function for it.

Stinking Cloud

School conjuration (creation); Level sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a rotten egg or cabbage leaves)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect cloud spreads in 20-ft. radius, 20 ft. high

Duration 1 round/level

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; see text; Spell Resistance Casting Time 1 standard action no

Stinking cloud creates a bank of fog like that created by fog cloud, except that the vapors are nauseating. Living creatures in the cloud become nauseated. This condition lasts as long Target one petrified creature or a cylinder of stone from 1 ft. as the creature is in the cloud and for 1d4+1 rounds after it leaves. (Roll separately for each nauseated character.) Any creature that succeeds on its save but remains in the cloud must continue to save each round on your turn.

Stinking cloud can be made permanent with a permanency spell. A permanent stinking cloud dispersed by wind reforms This spell restores a petrified creature to its normal state, in 10 minutes.

Stone Shape

School transmutation [earth]; **Level** cleric 3, druid 3, sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (soft clay)

Range touch

Target stone or stone object touched, up to 10 cu. ft. + 1 cu. ft./level

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You can form an existing piece of stone into any shape that Casting Time 1 standard action

suits your purpose. While it's possible to make crude coffers, doors, and so forth with stone shape, fine detail isn't possible. There is a 30% chance that any shape including moving parts simply doesn't work.

Stone Tell

School divination; Level druid 6

Components V, S, DF

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 min./level

You gain the ability to speak with stones, which relate to you who or what has touched them as well as revealing what is covered or concealed behind or under them. The stones relate complete descriptions if asked. A stone's perspective, perception, and knowledge may prevent the stone from providing the details you are looking for. You can speak with natural or worked stone.

Stone to Flesh

School transmutation; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 6

Components V, S, M (a drop of blood mixed with earth)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

to 3 ft. in diameter and up to 10 ft. long

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates (object); see text; Spell Resistance yes

restoring life and goods. The creature must make a DC 15 Fortitude save to survive the process. Any petrified creature, regardless of size, can be restored. The spell also can convert a mass of stone into a fleshy substance. Such flesh is inert and lacking a vital life force unless a life force or magical energy is available. For example, this spell would turn an animated stone statue into an animated flesh statue, but an ordinary statue would become a mass of inert flesh in the shape of the statue. You can affect an object that fits within a cylinder from 1 foot to 3 feet in diameter and up to 10 feet long or a cylinder of up to those dimensions in a larger mass of stone.

Stoneskin

School abjuration; Level druid 5, sorcerer/wizard 4

Components V, S, M (granite and diamond dust worth 250 succeeds on a Concentration check against a DC equal to the gp)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 10 min./level or until discharged

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance ves (harmless)

The warded creature gains resistance to blows, cuts, stabs, Components V, M (a snake's tongue and a honeycomb) and slashes. The subject gains DR 10/adamantine. It ignores the first 10 points of damage each time it takes damage from a weapon, though an adamantine weapon bypasses the Target one living creature reduction. Once the spell has prevented a total of 10 points of damage per caster level (maximum 150 points), it is discharged.

Storm of Vengeance

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** cleric 9, druid 9

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Effect 360-ft.-radius storm cloud

Duration concentration (maximum 10 rounds) (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes

You create a huge black storm cloud in the air. Each creature under the cloud must succeed on a Fortitude save or be deafened for 1d4 × 10 minutes. Each round you continue to concentrate, the spell generates additional effects as noted below. Each effect occurs on your turn.

2nd Round: Acid rains down in the area, dealing 1d6 points of acid damage (no save).

3rd Round: You call six bolts of lightning down from the cloud. You decide where the bolts strike. No two bolts may be directed at the same target. Each bolt deals 10d6 points of Targets one creature/level, no two of which can be more electricity damage. A creature struck can attempt a Reflex than 30 ft. apart save for half damage.

4th Round: Hailstones rain down in the area, dealing 5d6 more creatures. The same suggestion applies to all these points of bludgeoning damage (no save).

5th through 10th Rounds: Violent rain and wind gusts reduce visibility. The rain obscures all sight, including darkvision, beyond 5 feet. A creature 5 feet away has concealment School conjuration (summoning); Level bard 0 (attacks have a 20% miss chance). Creatures farther away have total concealment (50% miss chance, and the attacker cannot use sight to locate the target). Speed is reduced by Components V, S three-quarters.

Ranged attacks within the area of the storm are impossible. Spells cast within the area are disrupted unless the caster

storm of vengeance's save DC + the level of the spell the caster is trying to cast.

Suggestion

School enchantment (compulsion) [language-dependent, mind-affecting]; **Level** bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Duration 1 hour/level or until completed

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

You influence the actions of the target creature by suggesting a course of activity (limited to a sentence or two). The suggestion must be worded in such a manner as to make the activity sound reasonable. Asking the creature to do some obviously harmful act automatically negates the effect of the spell.

The suggested course of activity can continue for the entire duration. If the suggested activity can be completed in a shorter time, the spell ends when the subject finishes what it was asked to do. You can instead specify conditions that will trigger a special activity during the duration. If the condition is not met before the spell duration expires, the activity is not performed.

A very reasonable suggestion causes the save to be made with a penalty (such as -1 or -2).

Suggestion, Mass

School enchantment (compulsion) [language-dependent, mind-affecting]; Level bard 5, sorcerer/wizard 6

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

This spell functions like *suggestion*, except that it can affect creatures.

Summon Instrument

Casting Time 1 round

Range 0 ft.

Effect one summoned handheld musical instrument

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

This spell summons one handheld musical instrument of your choice. This instrument appears in your hands or at your feet (your choice). The instrument is typical for its type. Only one instrument appears per casting, and it will play only for you. You can't summon an instrument too large to be held in two hands. The summoned instrument disappears at the end of this spell.

Summon Monster I

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** bard 1, cleric 1, sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, F/DF (a tiny bag and a small candle)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one summoned creature

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

1st Level

Table 10-5: Summon Monster

Subtype

Dire rat*	_
Dolphin*	_
Eagle*	_
Fire beetle*	_
Poisonous frog*	
Pony (horse)*	_
Riding dog*	_
Viner (snake)*	_
2nd Level	Subtype
Ant, drone*	<u> </u>
Elemental (Small)	Elemental
Giant centipede*	_
Giant frog*	<u>_</u>
Giant spider*	_
Goblin dog*	_
Horse*	_
Hyena*	_
Lemure (devil)	Evil, Lawful
Octopus*	_
Squid*	_

Ant, soldier*	_
Ape*	_
Aurochs (herd animal)*	_
Boar*	_
Cheetah*	_
Constrictor snake*	_
Crocodile*	_
Dire bat*	_
Dretch (demon)	Chaotic, Evil
Electric eel*	_
Giant lizard*	
Lantern archon	Good, Lawful
Leopard (cat)*	
Shark*	_
Wolverine*	_
4th Level	Subtype
Bison (herd animal)*	
Deinonychus (dinosaur)*	_
Dire ape*	
Dire boar*	_
Dire wolf*	_
Elemental (Medium)	Elemental
Giant scorpion*	_
Giant wasp*	_
Grizzly bear*	_
Hell hound	Evil, Lawful
Hound archon	Good, Lawful
Lion*	_
Mephit (any)	Elemental
Pteranodon (dinosaur)*	_
Rhinoceros*	_
5th Level	Subtype
Ankylosaurus (dinosaur)*	
Babau (demon)	Chaotic, Evil
Bearded devil	Evil, Lawful
Bralani azata	Chaotic, Good
Dire lion*	
Elemental (Large)	Elemental
Giant moray eel*	
Kyton	Evil, Lawful
Orca (dolphin)*	
Salamander	Evil
Woolly rhinoceros*	
Xill	Evil, Lawful

6th Level

Subtype

Dire bear*	
Dire tiger*	_
Elasmosaurus (dinosaur)*	_
Elemental (Huge)	Elemental
Elephant*	_
Erinyes (devil)	Evil, Lawful
Giant octopus*	_
Invisible stalker	Air
Lillend azata	Good, Lawful
Shadow demon	Chaotic, Evil
Succubus (demon)	Chaotic, Evil
Triceratops (dinosaur)*	_
7th Level	Subtype
Bebelith	Chaotic, Evil
Bone devil	Evil, Lawful
Brachiosaurus (dinosaur)*	_
Dire crocodile*	_
Dire shark*	_
Elemental (greater)	Elemental
Giant squid*	_
Mastadon (elephant)*	_
Roc*	_
Tyrannosaurus (dinosaur)*	_
Vrock (demon)	Chaotic, Evil
8th Level	Subtype
Barbed devil	Evil, Lawful
Elemental (elder)	Elemental
Hezrou (demon)	Chaotic, Evil

Hezrou (dellioli)	Chaotic, Evil
9th Level	Subtype
Astral Deva (angel)	Good
Ghaele azata	Chaotic, Good
Glabrezu (demon)	Chaotic, Evil
Ice devil	Evil, Lawful
Nalfeshnee (demon)	Chaotic, Evil
Trumpet archon	Good, Lawful

^{*} This creature is summoned with the celestial template if you are good, or the fiendish template if you are evil; you may choose either if you are neutral.

This spell summons an extraplanar creature (typically an outsider, elemental, or magical beast native to another plane). It appears where you designate and acts immediately, on your turn. It attacks your opponents to the best of its ability. If you can communicate with the creature, you can direct it not to attack, to attack particular enemies, or to perform other This spell functions like summon monster I, except that you actions. The spell conjures one of the creatures from the 1st can summon one creature from the 5th-level list, 1d3 Level list on Table 10-5. You choose which kind of creature

to summon, and you can choose a different one each time you cast the spell.

A summoned monster cannot summon or otherwise conjure another creature, nor can it use any teleportation or planar travel abilities. Creatures cannot be summoned into an environment that cannot support them. Creatures summoned using this spell cannot use spells or spell-like abilities that duplicate spells with expensive material components (such as

When you use a summoning spell to summon a creature with an alignment or elemental subtype, it is a spell of that type. Creatures on Table 10-5 marked with an "*" are summoned with the celestial template, if you are good, and the fiendish template, if you are evil. If you are neutral, you may choose which template to apply to the creature. Creatures marked with an "*" always have an alignment that matches yours, regardless of their usual alignment. Summoning these creatures makes the summoning spell's type match your alignment.

Summon Monster II

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** bard 2, cleric 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except that you can summon one creature from the 2nd-level list or 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 1st-level list.

Summon Monster III

School conjuration (summoning); Level bard 3, cleric 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except that you can summon one creature from the 3rd-level list, 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 2nd-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from the 1st-level list.

Summon Monster IV

School conjuration (summoning); Level bard 4, cleric 4, sorcerer/wizard 4

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except that you can summon one creature from the 4th-level list, 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 3rd-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from a lower-level list.

Summon Monster V

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** bard 5, cleric 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

creatures of the same kind from the 4th-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from a lower-level list.

Summon Monster VI

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** bard 6, cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except you can summon one creature from the 6th-level list, 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 5th-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from a lower-level list.

Summon Monster VII

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** cleric 7 sorcerer/wizard 7

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except that you can summon one creature from the 7th-level list, 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 6th-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from a lower-level list.

Summon Monster VIII

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** cleric sorcerer/wizard 8

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except that you can summon one creature from the 8th-level list, 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 7th-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from a lower-level list.

Summon Monster IX

School conjuration (summoning); Level cleric sorcerer/wizard 9

This spell functions like *summon monster I*, except that you can summon one creature from the 9th-level list, 1d3 creatures of the same kind from the 8th-level list, or 1d4+1 creatures of the same kind from a lower-level list.

Summon Nature's Ally I

School conjuration (summoning); Level druid 1, ranger 1

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one summoned creature

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

Table 10-6: Summon Nature's Ally

	1st Level	Subtype
Dire rat		_
Dolphin		_

Eagle	_
Giant centipede	_
Fire beetle	_
Mite (gremlin)	_
Poisonous frog	_
Pony (horse)	_
Riding dog	_
Stirge	_
Viper (snake)	_
2nd Level	Subtype
Ant, drone	
Elemental (Small)	Elemental
Giant frog	_
Giant spider	_
Goblin Dog	_
Horse	_
Hyena	_
Octopus	_
Squid	_
Wolf	_
3rd Level	Subtype
Ant, soldier	_
Ape	_
Aurochs (herd animal)	_
Boar	_
Cheetah	_
Constrictor snake	_
Crocodile	_
Dire bat	_
Electric Eel	_
Giant crab	_
Giant lizard	_
Leopard (cat)	_
Shark	_
Wolverine	_
4th Level	Subtype
Bison (herd animal)	
Deinonychus (dinosaur)	_
Dire ape	
Dire boar	_
Dire wolf	
Elemental (Medium)	Elemental
Giant stag beetle	_
Giant wasp	
Griffon	_

Dire crocodile Dire shark Elemental (greater) Fire giant Frost giant Giant squid Mastadon (elephant) Roc Tyrannosaurus (dinosaur)	Earth — Subtype — Elemental Fire Cold — — — Subtype
Dire shark Elemental (greater) Fire giant Frost giant Giant squid Mastadon (elephant)	Subtype Subtype Elemental Fire
Dire shark Elemental (greater) Fire giant Frost giant Giant squid	Subtype Subtype Elemental Fire
Dire shark Elemental (greater) Fire giant Frost giant	Subtype Subtype Elemental Fire
Dire shark Elemental (greater) Fire giant	Subtype Subtype Elemental Fire
Dire shark Elemental (greater)	Subtype ————————————————————————————————————
Dire shark	Subtype — — —
Dire crocodile	
Brachiosaurus (dinosaur)	
7th Level	Earth
Triceratops (dinosaur)	Farth
Stegosaurus (dinosaur) Stone giant	
	_
Giant scorpion Hill giant	
Giant octopus	
Elephant Giant actorus	_
Elemental (Huge)	Elemental
Elasmosaurus (dinosaur)	——————————————————————————————————————
Dire tiger	_
Dire bear	_
Bulette	
6th Level	Subtype
Woolly rhinoceros	_
Manticore	
Girallon	_
Giant moray eel	
Ettin	_
Elemental (Large)	Elemental
Dolphin (orca)	_
Dire lion	
Cyclops	_
Ankylosaurus (dinosaur)	
5th Level	Subtype
Tiger	
Satyr	_
Rhinoceros	
Pteranodon (dinosaur)	_
Owlbear	
Mephit (any)	Elemental
Lion	_
Grizzly bear	_

Cloud giant

Elemental (elder)	Elemental
Purple worm	_
9th Level	Subtype
Pixie (w/irresistible dance and sleep arrows)	_
Storm giant	_

This spell summons to your side a natural creature (typically an animal, fey, magical beast, outsider with the elemental subtype, or a giant). The summoned ally appears where you designate and acts immediately, on your turn. It attacks your opponents to the best of its ability. If you can communicate with the creature, you can direct it not to attack, to attack particular enemies, or to perform other actions as you command.

A summoned monster cannot summon or otherwise conjure another creature, nor can it use any teleportation or planar travel abilities. Creatures cannot be summoned into an environment that cannot support them. Creatures summoned using this spell cannot use spells or spell-like abilities that duplicate spells that have expensive material components (such as *wish*).

The spell conjures one of the creatures from the 1st Level list on Table 10-6. You choose which kind of creature to summon, and you can change that choice each time you cast the spell. All the creatures on the table are neutral unless otherwise noted.

When you use a summoning spell to summon a creature with an alignment or elemental subtype, it is a spell of that type. All creatures summoned with this spell without alignment subtypes have an alignment that matches yours, regardless of their usual alignment. Summoning these creatures makes the summoning spell's type match your alignment.

Summon Nature's Ally II

School conjuration (summoning); **Level** druid 2, ranger 2

This spell functions as *summon nature's ally I*, except that you summon one 2nd-level creature or 1d3 1st-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally III

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 3, ranger 3

This spell functions like *summon nature's ally I*, except that you can summon one 3rd-level creature, 1d3 2nd-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 1st-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally IV

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 4, ranger 4

Air

This spell functions like summon nature's ally I, except that **Duration** concentration + 2 rounds you can summon one 4th-level creature, 1d3 3rd-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 lower-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally V

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 5

you can summon one 5th-level creature, 1d3 4th-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 lower-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally VI

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 6

This spell functions like *summon nature's ally I*, except that you can summon one 6th-level creature, 1d3 5th-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 lower-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally VII

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 7

This spell functions like summon nature's ally I, except that you can summon one 7th-level creature, 1d3 6th-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 lower-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally VIII

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 8

This spell functions like summon nature's ally I, except that you can summon one 8th-level creature, 1d3 7th-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 lower-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Nature's Ally IX

School conjuration (summoning) [see text]; **Level** druid 9

This spell functions like summon nature's ally I, except that you can summon one 9th-level creature, 1d3 8th-level creatures of the same kind, or 1d4+1 lower-level creatures of the same kind.

Summon Swarm

School conjuration (summoning); Level bard 2, druid 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S, M/DF (a square of red cloth)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one swarm of bats, rats, or spiders

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You summon a swarm of bats, rats, or spiders (your choice), which attacks all other creatures within its area. (You may summon the swarm so that it shares the area of other creatures.) If no living creatures are within its area, the swarm attacks or pursues the nearest creature as best it can. This spell functions like *summon nature's ally I*, except that The caster has no control over its target or direction of travel.

Sunbeam

School evocation [light]; **Level** druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range 60 ft.

Area line from your hand

Duration 1 round/level or until all beams are exhausted

Saving Throw Reflex negates and Reflex half; see text; Spell Resistance yes

For the duration of this spell, you can use a standard action to evoke a dazzling beam of intense light each round. You can call forth one beam per three caster levels (maximum six beams at 18th level). The spell ends when its duration runs out or your allotment of beams is exhausted.

Each creature in the beam is blinded and takes 4d6 points of damage. Any creatures to which sunlight is harmful or unnatural take double damage. A successful Reflex save negates the blindness and reduces the damage by half.

An undead creature caught within the beam takes 1d6 points of damage per caster level (maximum 20d6), or half damage if a Reflex save is successful. In addition, the beam results in the destruction of any undead creature specifically harmed by bright light if it fails its save.

The ultraviolet light generated by the spell deals damage to fungi, mold, oozes, and slimes just as if they were undead creatures.

Sunburst

School evocation [light]; Level druid 8, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (sunstone and fire source)

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area 80-ft.-radius burst

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Reflex partial; see text; Spell Resistance yes

Sunburst causes a globe of searing radiance to explode

blinded and take 6d6 points of damage. A creature to which Regardless of the trigger method or methods chosen, a damage by half.

An undead creature caught within the globe takes 1d6 points of damage per caster level (maximum 25d6), or half damage In this case, "reading" the rune means any attempt to study it, by bright light if it fails its save.

The ultraviolet light generated by the spell deals damage to fungi, mold, oozes, and slimes just as if they were undead creatures.

Sunburst dispels any darkness spells of lower than 9th level strikes a foe. within its area.

Symbol of Death

School necromancy [death]; Level cleric 8, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth 5,000 gp each)

Range 0 ft.; see text

Effect one symbol

Duration see text

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

This spell allows you to scribe a potent rune of power upon a surface. When triggered, a symbol of death kills one or more creatures within 60 feet of the symbol (treat as a burst) whose combined total current hit points do not exceed 150. The symbol of death affects the closest creatures first, skipping creatures with too many hit points to affect. Once triggered, the *symbol* becomes active and glows, lasting for effects, even if within its radius when it is triggered. You are points' worth of creatures, whichever comes first. A creature death, and thus always ignore the effects and cannot that enters the area while the symbol of death is active is subject to its effect, whether or not that creature was in the area when it was triggered. A creature need save against the Read magic allows you to identify a symbol with a Spellcraft still active, it must save again.

symbol of death ineffective, unless a creature removes the triggers it. covering, in which case the symbol of death works normally.

looks at the rune; reads the rune; touches the rune; passes for 10 minutes, but then can be triggered again as normal.

silently from a point you select. All creatures in the globe are over the rune; or passes through a portal bearing the rune. sunlight is harmful or unnatural takes double damage. A creature more than 60 feet from a symbol of death can't successful Reflex save negates the blindness and reduces the trigger it (even if it meets one or more of the triggering conditions, such as reading the rune). Once the spell is cast, a symbol of death's triggering conditions cannot be changed.

if a Reflex save is successful. In addition, the burst results in identify it, or fathom its meaning. Throwing a cover over a the destruction of any undead creature specifically harmed symbol of death to render it inoperative triggers it if the symbol reacts to touch. You can't use a symbol of death offensively; for instance, a touch-triggered symbol of death remains untriggered if an item bearing the symbol of death is used to touch a creature. Likewise, a symbol of death cannot be placed on a weapon and set to activate when the weapon

> You can also set special triggering limitations of your own. These can be as simple or elaborate as you desire. Special conditions for triggering a symbol of death can be based on a creature's name, identity, or alignment, but otherwise must be based on observable actions or qualities. Intangibles such as level, class, HD, and hit points don't qualify.

> When scribing a symbol of death, you can specify a password or phrase that prevents a creature using it from triggering the symbol's effect. Anyone using the password remains immune to that particular rune's effects so long as the creature remains within 60 feet of the rune. If the creature leaves the radius and returns later, it must use the password again.

You also can attune any number of creatures to the symbol of death, but doing this can extend the casting time. Attuning one or two creatures takes negligible time, and attuning a small group (as many as 10 creatures) extends the casting time to 1 hour. Attuning a large group (as many as 25 creatures) takes 24 hours. Attuning larger groups takes an additional 24 hours per 25 creatures. Any creature attuned to a symbol of death cannot trigger it and is immune to its 10 minutes per caster level or until it has affected 150 hit automatically considered attuned to your own symbols of inadvertently trigger them.

symbol only once as long as it remains within the area, check (DC 10 + the symbol's spell level). Of course, if the though if it leaves the area and returns while the symbol is symbol is set to be triggered by reading it, this will trigger the symbol.

Until it is triggered, the symbol of death is inactive (though A symbol of death can be removed by a successful dispel visible and legible at a distance of 60 feet). To be effective, a magic targeted solely on the rune. An erase spell has no symbol of death must always be placed in plain sight and in a effect on a symbol of death. Destruction of the surface where prominent location. Covering or hiding the rune renders the a symbol of death is inscribed destroys the symbol but also

Symbol of death can be made permanent with a permanency As a default, a symbol of death is triggered whenever a spell. A permanent symbol of death that is disabled or has creature does one or more of the following, as you select: affected its maximum number of hit points becomes inactive

Note: Magic traps such as *symbol of death* are hard to detect minutes per caster level. and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a symbol of death and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 33 for *symbol of death*.

Symbol of Fear

School necromancy [fear, mind-affecting]; Level cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus 6, sorcerer/wizard 6 powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 1,000 gp)

Saving Throw Will negates

This spell functions like symbol of death, except that all Saving Throw Will negates creatures within 60 feet of the symbol of fear instead become panicked for 1 round per caster level.

and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to for 1 hour per caster level. find a symbol of fear and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 31 for symbol of fear.

Symbol of Insanity

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric 8, sorcerer/wizard 8

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 5,000 gp)

Saving Throw Will negates

This spell functions like symbol of death, except that all creatures within the radius of the symbol of insanity instead become permanently insane (as the *insanity* spell).

Unlike symbol of death, symbol of insanity has no hit point limit; once triggered, a symbol of insanity simply remains active for 10 minutes per caster level.

Note: Magic traps such as symbol of insanity are hard to This spell functions like symbol of death, except that all thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 33 for minutes. Unlike with the sleep spell, sleeping creatures symbol of insanity.

Symbol of Pain

School necromancy [evil]; **Level** cleric 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 1,000 gp)

This spell functions like symbol of death, except that each creature within the radius of a symbol of pain instead suffers wracking pains that impose a -4 penalty on attack rolls, skill checks, and ability checks. These effects last for 1 hour after the creature moves farther than 60 feet from the symbol.

Unlike symbol of death, symbol of pain has no hit point limit; once triggered, a symbol of pain simply remains active for 10

Note: Magic traps such as symbol of pain are hard to detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a symbol of pain and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 30 for symbol of pain.

Symbol of Persuasion

School enchantment (charm) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 5,000 gp)

This spell functions like symbol of death, except that all creatures within the radius of a symbol of persuasion instead Note: Magic traps such as symbol of fear are hard to detect become charmed by the caster (as the charm monster spell)

> Unlike symbol of death, symbol of persuasion has no hit point limit; once triggered, a symbol of persuasion simply remains active for 10 minutes per caster level.

> Note: Magic traps such as symbol of persuasion are hard to detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a symbol of persuasion and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 31 for symbol of persuasion.

Symbol of Sleep

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 1,000 gp)

Saving Throw Will negates

detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception creatures of 10 HD or less within 60 feet of the symbol of skill to find a symbol of insanity and Disable Device to sleep instead fall into a catatonic slumber for $3d6 \times 10$ cannot be awakened by nonmagical means before this time expires.

> Unlike symbol of death, symbol of sleep has no hit point limit; once triggered, a symbol of sleep simply remains active for 10 minutes per caster level.

> Note: Magic traps such as symbol of sleep are hard to detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a symbol of sleep and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 30 for symbol of sleep.

Symbol of Stunning

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric 7, sorcerer/wizard 7

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 5,000 gp)

Saving Throw Will negates

This spell functions like symbol of death, except that all creatures within 60 feet of a symbol of stunning instead become stunned for 1d6 rounds.

Note: Magic traps such as symbol of stunning are hard to detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception Components V, S, M (a drop of honey and crushed pearls skill to find a symbol of stunning and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 32 for symbol of stunning.

Symbol of Weakness

School necromancy; **Level** cleric 7, sorcerer/wizard 7

Components V, S, M (mercury and phosphorus, plus powdered diamond and opal worth a total of 5,000 gp)

damage.

affected by this symbol once.

Note: Magic traps such as symbol of weakness are hard to detect and disable. A rogue (only) can use the Perception skill to find a symbol of weakness and Disable Device to thwart it. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 32 for Sympathy counters and dispels antipathy. symbol of weakness.

Sympathetic Vibration

School evocation [sonic]; Level bard 6

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, S, F (a tuning fork)

Range touch

Target one freestanding structure

Duration up to 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; see text; Spell Resistance yes

By attuning yourself to a freestanding structure, you can create a damaging vibration within it. Once it begins, the You move objects or creatures by concentrating on them. structure, bypassing hardness. You can choose at the time of casting to limit the duration of the spell; otherwise it lasts for maneuvers, or exert a single short, violent thrust. 1 round per level. If the spell is cast upon a target that is not freestanding, the surrounding stone dissipates the effect and no damage occurs.

constructs). Since a structure is an unattended object, it gets no saving throw to resist the effect.

Sympathy

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level druid 9, sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 hour

worth 1,500 gp)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one location (up to a 10-ft. cube/level) or one object

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes

You cause an object or location to emanate magical vibrations that attract either a specific kind of intelligent This spell functions like symbol of death, except that every creature or creatures of a particular alignment, as defined by creature within 60 feet of a symbol of weakness instead you. The particular kind of creature to be affected must be suffers crippling weakness that deals 3d6 points of Strength named specifically. A creature subtype is not specific enough. Likewise, the specific alignment must be named.

Unlike symbol of death, symbol of weakness has no hit point Creatures of the specified kind or alignment feel elated and limit; once triggered, a symbol of weakness simply remains pleased to be in the area or desire to touch or possess the active for 10 minutes per caster level. A creature can only be object. The compulsion to stay in the area or touch the object is overpowering. If the save is successful, the creature is released from the enchantment, but a subsequent save must be made $1d6 \times 10$ minutes later. If this save fails, the affected creature attempts to return to the area or object.

Telekinesis

School transmutation: **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Target or Targets see text

Duration concentration (up to round/level) instantaneous; see text

Saving Throw Will negates (object) or none; see text; Spell Resistance yes (object); see text

vibration deals 2d10 points of damage per round to the target Depending on the version selected, the spell can provide a gentle, sustained force, perform a variety of combat

Sustained Force: A sustained force moves an object weighing no more than 25 pounds per caster level (maximum 375 pounds at 15th level) up to 20 feet per round. A creature can Sympathetic vibration cannot affect creatures (including negate the effect on an object it possesses with a successful

Will save or with spell resistance.

This version of the spell can last 1 round per caster level, but it ends if you cease concentration. The weight can be moved **Range** close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels) vertically, horizontally, or in both directions. An object cannot be moved beyond your range. The spell ends if the object is forced beyond the range. If you cease concentration for any reason, the object falls or stops.

An object can be telekinetically manipulated as if with one Saving Throw Reflex negates (object); Spell Resistance yes hand. For example, a lever or rope can be pulled, a key can (object) be turned, an object rotated, and so on, if the force required is within the weight limitation. You might even be able to untie simple knots, though delicate activities such as these require DC 15 Intelligence checks.

your caster level in place of your Combat Maneuver Bonus, contents. and you add your Intelligence modifier (if a wizard) or Charisma modifier (if a sorcerer) in place of your Strength or Dexterity modifier. No save is allowed against these attempts, but spell resistance applies normally. This version of the spell can last 1 round per caster level, but it ends if you cease concentration.

a single round. You can hurl one object or creature per caster level (maximum 15) that are within range and all within 10 feet of each other toward any target within 10 feet per level of all the objects. You can hurl up to a total weight of 25 pounds per caster level (maximum 375 pounds at 15th level).

You must succeed on attack rolls (one per creature or object thrown) to hit the target with the items, using your base attack bonus + your Intelligence modifier (if a wizard) or Charisma modifier (if a sorcerer). Weapons cause standard damage (with no Strength bonus; note that arrows or bolts deal damage as daggers of their size when used in this School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 5 manner). Other objects cause damage ranging from 1 point per 25 pounds (for less dangerous objects) to 1d6 points of damage per 25 pounds (for hard, dense objects). Objects and Components V, S, M (two eggshells from two different creatures that miss their target land in a square adjacent to the target.

Creatures who fall within the weight capacity of the spell can be hurled, but they are allowed Will saves (and spell resistance) to negate the effect, as are those whose held two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart possessions are targeted by the spell.

If a telekinesed creature is hurled against a solid surface, it Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no takes damage as if it had fallen 10 feet (1d6 points).

Telekinetic Sphere

School evocation [force]; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a crystal sphere and a pair of small magnets)

Effect 1-ft.-diameter/level sphere, centered around creatures or objects

Duration 1 min./level (D)

This spell functions like *resilient sphere*, but the creatures or objects caught inside the globe created by the spell are made nearly weightless. Anything contained within a telekinetic sphere weighs only one-sixteenth of its normal weight. You Combat Maneuver: Alternatively, once per round, you can can telekinetically lift anything in the sphere that normally use telekinesis to perform a bull rush, disarm, grapple weighs 5,000 pounds or less. The telekinetic control extends (including pin), or trip. Resolve these attempts as normal, from you out to medium range (100 feet + 10 feet per caster except that they don't provoke attacks of opportunity, you use level) after the sphere has succeeded in encapsulating its

You can move the sphere, along with the objects and creatures it contains that weigh a total of 5,000 pounds or less, by concentrating on the sphere. You can begin moving a sphere in the round after casting the spell. If you concentrate on doing so (a standard action), you can move the sphere as much as 30 feet in a round. If you cease concentrating, the Violent Thrust: Alternatively, the spell energy can be spent in sphere does not move in that round (if on a level surface) or descends at its falling rate (if aloft) until it reaches a level surface. You can resume concentrating on your next turn or any later turn during the spell's duration.

> The sphere falls at a rate of only 60 feet per round, which is not fast enough to cause damage to the contents of the sphere.

You can move the sphere telekinetically even if you are in it.

Telepathic Bond

Casting Time 1 standard action

creatures)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Targets you plus one willing creature per three levels, no

Duration 10 min./level (D)

You forge a telepathic bond among yourself and a number of willing creatures, each of which must have an Intelligence score of 3 or higher. Each creature included in the link is linked to all the others. The creatures can communicate telepathically through the bond regardless of language. No

special power or influence is established as a result of the have seen once, possibly using magic such as scrying. bond. Once the bond is formed, it works over any distance (although not from one plane to another).

forged. This decision must be made at the time of casting.

Telepathic bond can be made permanent with a permanency spell, though it only bonds two creatures per casting of permanency.

Teleport

School conjuration (teleportation); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range personal and touch

Target you and touched objects or other touched willing creatures

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none and Will negates (object); Spell Resistance no and yes (object)

This spell instantly transports you to a designated destination, which may be as distant as 100 miles per caster level. Interplanar travel is not possible. You can bring along objects as long as their weight doesn't exceed your maximum load. You may also bring one additional willing Medium or smaller creature (carrying gear or objects up to its maximum load) or its equivalent per three caster levels. A Large creature counts as two Medium creatures, a Huge creature counts as four Medium creatures, and so forth. All creatures to be transported must be in contact with one another, and at least one of those creatures must be in contact with you. As with all spells where the range is personal and the target is you, you need not make a saving throw, nor is spell resistance applicable to you. Only objects held or in use School conjuration (teleportation); Level sorcerer/wizard 7 (attended) by another person receive saving throws and spell resistance.

the destination. The clearer your mental image, the more likely the teleportation works. Areas of strong physical or magical energy may make teleportation more hazardous or insufficient information (or with misleading information), even impossible.

To see how well the teleportation works, roll d% and consult the table at the end of this spell. Refer to the following information for definitions of the terms on the table.

Familiarity: "Very familiar" is a place where you have been very often and where you feel at home. "Studied carefully" is Range touch a place you know well, either because you can currently physically see it or you've been there often. "Seen casually" is a place that you have seen more than once but with which you are not very familiar. "Viewed once" is a place that you Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes

"False destination" is a place that does not truly exist or if you are teleporting to an otherwise familiar location that no If desired, you may leave yourself out of the telepathic bond longer exists as such or has been so completely altered as to no longer be familiar to you. When traveling to a false destination, roll 1d20+80 to obtain results on the table, rather than rolling d%, since there is no real destination for you to hope to arrive at or even be off target from.

On Target: You appear where you want to be.

Off Target: You appear safely a random distance away from the destination in a random direction. Distance off target is d % of the distance that was to be traveled. The direction off target is determined randomly.

Similar Area: You wind up in an area that's visually or thematically similar to the target area. Generally, you appear in the closest similar place within range. If no such area exists within the spell's range, the spell simply fails instead.

Mishap: You and anyone else teleporting with you have gotten "scrambled." You each take 1d10 points of damage, and you reroll on the chart to see where you wind up. For these rerolls, roll 1d20+80. Each time "Mishap" comes up, the characters take more damage and must reroll.

Familiarity	On Target	Off Target	Similar Area	Mishap
Very familiar	01–97	98–99	100	
Studied carefully	01-94	95–97	98–99	100
Seen casually	01 - 88	89–94	95–98	99-100
Viewed once	01–76	77–88	89–96	97-100
False destination	_	_	81-92	93-100

Teleport, Greater

This spell functions like *teleport*, except that there is no range limit and there is no chance you arrive off target. In You must have some clear idea of the location and layout of addition, you need not have seen the destination, but in that case you must have at least a reliable description of the place to which you are teleporting. If you attempt to teleport with you disappear and simply reappear in your original location. Interplanar travel is not possible.

Teleport Object

School conjuration (teleportation); Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Target one touched object of up to 50 lbs./level and 3 cu. ft./level

(object)

This spell functions like *teleport*, except that it teleports an **Duration** permanent object, not you. Creatures and magical forces cannot be teleported.

If desired, the target object can be sent to a distant location on the Ethereal Plane. In this case, the point from which the object was teleported remains faintly magical until the item is retrieved. A successful targeted dispel magic spell cast on that point brings the vanished item back from the Ethereal Plane.

Teleportation Circle

School conjuration (teleportation); Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 10 minutes

Components V, M (amber dust to cover circle worth 1,000 gp)

Range 0 ft.

Effect 5-ft.-radius circle that teleports those who activate it

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

description, or to another plane.

The circle itself is subtle and nearly impossible to notice. If you intend to keep creatures from activating it accidentally, you need to mark the circle in some way.

Teleportation circle can be made permanent with a permanency spell. A permanent teleportation circle that is disabled becomes inactive for 10 minutes, then can be triggered again as normal.

Magic traps such as teleportation circle are hard to detect and disable. A character with the trapfinding class feature can use the Disable Device to disarm magic traps. The DC in each case is 25 + spell level, or 34 in the case of teleportation circle.

Temporal Stasis

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (powdered diamond, emerald, ruby, and sapphire dust worth 5,000 gp)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

You must succeed on a melee touch attack. You place the subject into a state of suspended animation. For the creature, time ceases to flow, and its condition becomes fixed. The creature does not grow older. Its body functions virtually cease, and no force or effect can harm it. This state persists until the magic is removed (such as by a successful dispel magic spell or a freedom spell).

Time Stop

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1d4+1 rounds (apparent time); see text

This spell seems to make time cease to flow for everyone but you. In fact, you speed up so greatly that all other creatures You create a circle on the floor or other horizontal surface seem frozen, though they are actually still moving at their that teleports, as greater teleport, any creature who stands on normal speeds. You are free to act for 1d4+1 rounds of it to a designated spot. Once you designate the destination for apparent time. Normal and magical fire, cold, gas, and the the circle, you can't change it. The spell fails if you attempt like can still harm you. While the time stop is in effect, other to set the circle to teleport creatures into a solid object, to a creatures are invulnerable to your attacks and spells; you place with which you are not familiar and have no clear cannot target such creatures with any attack or spell. A spell that affects an area and has a duration longer than the remaining duration of the time stop have their normal effects on other creatures once the time stop ends. Most spellcasters use the additional time to improve their defenses, summon allies, or flee from combat.

> You cannot move or harm items held, carried, or worn by a creature stuck in normal time, but you can affect any item that is not in another creature's possession.

> You are undetectable while time stop lasts. You cannot enter an area protected by an antimagic field while under the effect of time stop.

Tiny Hut

School evocation [force]; Level bard 3, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a small crystal bead)

Range 20 ft.

Effect 20-ft.-radius sphere centered on your location

Duration 2 hours/level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You create an unmoving, opaque sphere of force of any color **Target** creature touched you desire around yourself. Half the sphere projects above the ground, and the lower hemisphere passes through the ground. As many as nine other Medium creatures can fit into Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes the field with you; they can freely pass into and out of the hut without harming it. However, if you remove yourself from the hut, the spell ends.

The temperature inside the hut is 70°F if the exterior duration. temperature is between 0° and 100°F. An exterior temperature below 0° or above 100° lowers or raises the interior temperature on a 1-degree-for-1 basis. The hut also provides protection against the elements, such as rain, dust, and sandstorms. The hut withstands any wind of less than hurricane force, but a hurricane (75+ mph wind speed) or greater force destroys it.

The interior of the hut is a hemisphere. You can illuminate it dimly upon command or extinguish the light as desired. Casting Time 1 standard action Although the force field is opaque from the outside, it is transparent from within. Missiles, weapons, and most spell effects can pass through the hut without affecting it, although the occupants cannot be seen from outside the hut (they have total concealment).

Tongues

School divination; **Level** bard 2, cleric 4, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, M/DF (a clay model of a ziggurat)

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance no

This spell grants the creature touched the ability to speak and understand the language of any intelligent creature, whether it is a racial tongue or a regional dialect. The subject can speak only one language at a time, although it may be able to understand several languages. Tongues does not enable the subject to speak with creatures who don't speak. The subject can make itself understood as far as its voice carries. This spell does not predispose any creature addressed toward the subject in any way.

Tongues can be made permanent with a *permanency* spell.

Touch of Fatigue

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 0

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a drop of sweat)

Range touch

Duration 1 round/level

You channel negative energy through your touch, fatiguing the target. You must succeed on a touch attack to strike a target. The subject is immediately fatigued for the spell's

This spell has no effect on a creature that is already fatigued. Unlike with normal fatigue, the effect ends as soon as the spell's duration expires.

Touch of Idiocy

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level sorcerer/wizard 2

Components V, S

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Duration 10 min./level

Saving Throw no; Spell Resistance yes

With a touch, you reduce the target's mental faculties. Your successful melee touch attack applies a 1d6 penalty to the target's Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma scores. This penalty can't reduce any of these scores below 1.

This spell's effect may make it impossible for the target to cast some or all of its spells, if the requisite ability score drops below the minimum required to cast spells of that level.

Transformation

School transmutation; Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a potion of bull's strength, which you drink and whose effects are subsumed by the spell effects)

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 round/level

You become a fighting machine—stronger, tougher, faster, and more skilled in combat. Your mindset changes so that you relish combat and you can't cast spells, even from magic

You gain a +4 enhancement bonus to Strength, Dexterity, and Constitution, a +4 natural armor bonus to AC, a +5 competence bonus on Fortitude saves, and proficiency with all simple and martial weapons. Your base attack bonus

equals your character level (which may give you multiple attacks).

You lose your spellcasting ability, including your ability to use spell activation or spell completion magic items, just as if the spells were no longer on your class list.

Transmute Metal to Wood

School transmutation: **Level** druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Area all metal objects within a 40-ft.-radius burst

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes (object; see text)

This spell enables you to change all metal objects within its area to wood. Weapons, armor, and other metal objects AC. Brush or similar material thrown atop the mud can carried by creatures are affected as well. A magic object support creatures able to climb on top of it. Creatures large made of metal effectively has spell resistance equal to 20 + enough to walk on the bottom can wade through the area at a its caster level against this spell. Artifacts cannot be speed of 5 feet. transmuted. Weapons converted from metal to wood take a 2 penalty on attack and damage rolls. The armor bonus of any armor converted from metal to wood is reduced by 2. Weapons changed by this spell splinter and break on any natural attack roll of 1 or 2, and armor changed by this spell loses an additional point of armor bonus every time it is struck with a natural attack roll of 19 or 20.

Only limited wish, miracle, wish, or similar magic can restore a transmuted object to its metallic state.

Transmute Mud to Rock

School transmutation [earth]; Level druid 5, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (sand, lime, and water)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area up to two 10-ft. cubes/level (S)

Duration permanent

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

This spell permanently transforms normal mud or quicksand School conjuration (teleportation); Level druid 6 of any depth into soft stone (sandstone or a similar mineral).

Any creature in the mud is allowed a Reflex save to escape before the area is hardened to stone.

Transmute mud to rock counters and dispels transmute rock to mud.

Transmute Rock to Mud

School transmutation [earth]; **Level** druid 5, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (clay and water)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Area up to two 10-ft. cubes/level (S)

Duration permanent; see text

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

This spell turns natural, uncut, or unworked rock of any sort into an equal volume of mud. Magical stone is not affected by the spell. The depth of the mud created cannot exceed 10 feet. A creature unable to levitate, fly, or otherwise free itself from the mud sinks until hip- or chest-deep, reducing its speed to 5 feet and causing a -2 penalty on attack rolls and

If transmute rock to mud is cast upon the ceiling of a cavern or tunnel, the mud falls to the floor and spreads out in a pool at a depth of 5 feet. The falling mud and the ensuing cave-in deal 8d6 points of bludgeoning damage to anyone caught directly beneath the targeted area, or half damage to those who succeed on Reflex saves.

Castles and large stone buildings are generally immune to the effect of the spell, since transmute rock to mud can't affect worked stone and doesn't reach deep enough to undermine such buildings' foundations. However, small buildings or structures often rest upon foundations shallow enough to be damaged or even partially toppled by this spell.

The mud remains until a successful dispel magic or transmute mud to rock spell restores its substance—but not necessarily its form. Evaporation turns the mud to normal dirt over a period of days. The exact time depends on exposure to the sun, wind, and normal drainage.

Transmute rock to mud counters and dispels transmute mud to rock.

Transport via Plants

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range unlimited

Target you and touched objects or other touched willing creatures

Duration 1 round

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

round, regardless of the distance separating the two. The resistance is successful, the gem shatters. plants must be alive. The destination plant need not be familiar to you. If you are uncertain of the location of a particular kind of destination plant, you need merely designate direction and distance and the transport via plants spell moves you as close as possible to the desired location. If a particular destination plant is desired but the plant is not living, the spell fails and you are ejected from the entry plant.

exceed your maximum load. You may also bring one transferred to the gem without the benefit of spell resistance additional willing Medium or smaller creature (carrying gear or objects up to its maximum load) or its equivalent per three caster levels. Use the following equivalents to determine the Tree Shape maximum number of larger creatures you can bring along: a Large creature counts as two Medium creatures, a Huge creature counts as four Medium creatures, and so forth. All creatures to be transported by the spell must be in physical contact with one another, and at least one of those creatures must be in contact with you.

You can't use this spell to travel through plant creatures.

The destruction of an occupied plant slays you and any creatures you have brought along, and ejects the bodies and all carried objects from it.

Trap the Soul

School conjuration (summoning); Level sorcerer/wizard 8

Casting Time 1 standard action or see text

Components V, S, M (gem worth 1,000 gp per HD of the trapped creature)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature

Duration permanent; see text

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes; see text

Trap the soul forces a creature's life force (and its material body) into a gem. The gem holds the trapped entity indefinitely or until the gem is broken and the life force is released, which allows the material body to reform. If the School conjuration (teleportation); Level druid 5, ranger 4 trapped creature is a powerful creature from another plane, it can be required to perform a service immediately upon being freed. Otherwise, the creature can go free once the gem Components V, S, DF imprisoning it is broken.

Depending on the version selected, the spell can be triggered in one of two ways.

Spell Completion: First, the spell can be completed by

speaking its final word as a standard action as if you were casting a regular spell at the subject. This allows spell resistance (if any) and a Will save to avoid the effect. If the You can enter any normal plant (equal to your size or larger) creature's name is spoken as well, any spell resistance is and pass any distance to a plant of the same kind in a single ignored and the save DC increases by 2. If the save or spell

Trigger Object: The second method is far more insidious, for it tricks the subject into accepting a trigger object inscribed with the final spell word, automatically placing the creature's soul in the trap. To use this method, both the creature's name and the trigger word must be inscribed on the trigger object when the gem is enspelled. A *sympathy* spell can also be placed on the trigger object. As soon as the subject picks up You can bring along objects as long as their weight doesn't or accepts the trigger object, its life force is automatically or a save.

School transmutation; **Level** druid 2, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

This spell allows you to assume the form of a Large living tree or shrub or a Large dead tree trunk with a small number of limbs. The exact type of tree, as well as its appearance, is completely under your control. Even the closest inspection cannot reveal that the tree in question is actually a magically concealed creature. To all normal tests you are, in fact, a tree or shrub, although a detect magic spell reveals a faint transmutation on the tree. While in tree form, you can observe all that transpires around you just as if you were in your normal form, and your hit points and save bonuses remain unaffected. You gain a +10 natural armor bonus to AC but have an effective Dexterity score of 0 and a speed of 0 feet. You are immune to critical hits while in tree form. All clothing and gear carried or worn changes with you. You can dismiss tree shape as a free action (instead of as a standard action).

Tree Stride

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range personal

Target you

Duration 1 hour/level or until expended; see text

When you cast this spell, you gain the ability to step into a tree, magically infusing yourself with the plant. Once within a tree, you can teleport from that particular tree to another School divination; Level cleric 5, druid 7, sorcerer/wizard 6 tree. The trees you enter must be of the same kind, must be living, and must have girth at least equal to yours. By moving into an oak tree (for example), you instantly know Components V, S, M (an eye ointment that costs 250 gp) the location of all other oak trees within transport range (see below) and may choose whether you want to pass into one or simply step back out of the tree you moved into. You may Target creature touched choose to pass to any tree of the appropriate kind within the transport range as shown on the following table.

Type of Tree	Transport Range
Oak, ash, yew	3,000 feet
Elm, linden	2,000 feet
Other deciduous	1,500 feet
Any coniferous	1,000 feet

You may move into a tree up to one time per caster level (passing from one tree to another counts only as moving into one tree). The spell lasts until the duration expires or you exit a tree. Each transport is a full-round action.

You can, at your option, remain within a tree without transporting yourself, but you are forced out when the spell ends. If the tree in which you are concealed is chopped down or burned, you are slain if you do not exit before the process is complete.

True Resurrection

School conjuration (healing); **Level** cleric 9

Casting Time: 10 minutes

Components V, S, M, DF (diamond worth 25,000 gp)

This spell functions like raise dead, except that you can resurrect a creature that has been dead for as long as 10 years per caster level. This spell can even bring back creatures whose bodies have been destroyed, provided that you Components V, F (small wooden replica of an archery unambiguously identify the deceased in some fashion (reciting the deceased's time and place of birth or death is the most common method).

Upon completion of the spell, the creature is immediately restored to full hit points, vigor, and health, with no negative levels (or Constitution points) and all of the prepared spells possessed by the creature when it died.

You can revive someone killed by a death effect or someone who has been turned into an undead creature and then destroyed. This spell can also resurrect elementals or outsiders, but it can't resurrect constructs or undead creatures.

Even true resurrection can't restore to life a creature who has died of old age.

True Seeing

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance ves (harmless)

You confer on the subject the ability to see all things as they actually are. The subject sees through normal and magical darkness, notices secret doors hidden by magic, sees the exact locations of creatures or objects under blur or displacement effects, sees invisible creatures or objects normally, sees through illusions, and sees the true form of polymorphed, changed, or transmuted things. Further, the subject can focus its vision to see into the Ethereal Plane (but not into extradimensional spaces). The range of true seeing conferred is 120 feet.

True seeing, however, does not penetrate solid objects. It in no way confers X-ray vision or its equivalent. It does not negate concealment, including that caused by fog and the like. True seeing does not help the viewer see through mundane disguises, spot creatures who are simply hiding, or notice secret doors hidden by mundane means. In addition, the spell effects cannot be further enhanced with known magic, so one cannot use true seeing through a crystal ball or in conjunction with clairaudience/clairvoyance.

True Strike

School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

target)

Range personal

Target you

Duration see text

You gain temporary, intuitive insight into the immediate future during your next attack. Your next single attack roll (if it is made before the end of the next round) gains a +20 insight bonus. Additionally, you are not affected by the miss chance that applies to attackers trying to strike a concealed target.

Undeath to Death

School necromancy; Level cleric 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Components: V, S, M/DF (diamond powder worth 500 gp)

Area several undead creatures within a 40-ft.-radius burst

Saving Throw Will negates

This spell functions like circle of death, except that it destroys undead creatures as noted above.

Undetectable Alignment

School abjuration; **Level** bard 1, cleric 2, paladin 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one creature or object

Duration 24 hours

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes (object)

An undetectable alignment spell conceals the alignment of an object or a creature from all forms of divination.

Unhallow

School evocation [evil]; **Level** cleric 5, druid 5

Casting Time 24 hours

Components V, S, M (herbs, oils, and incense worth at least 1,000 gp, plus 1,000 gp per level of the spell to be tied to the unhallowed area)

Range touch

Area 40-ft. radius emanating from the touched point

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance see text

Unhallow makes a particular site, building, or structure an unholy site. This has three major effects.

First, the site or structure is guarded by a magic circle against good effect.

Second, the DC to resist negative channeled energy within the spell's area of effect gains a +4 sacred bonus and the DC to resist positive energy is reduced by 4. Spell resistance does not apply to this effect. This provision does not apply to the druid version of the spell.

Finally, you may choose to fix a single spell effect to the unhallowed site. The spell effect lasts for 1 year and functions throughout the entire site, regardless of its normal duration and area or effect. You may designate whether the Casting Time 1 standard action effect applies to all creatures, creatures that share your faith or alignment, or creatures that adhere to another faith or alignment. At the end of the year, the chosen effect lapses, Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

but it can be renewed or replaced simply by casting *unhallow* again.

Spell effects that may be tied to an unhallowed site include aid, bane, bless, cause fear, darkness, daylight, death ward, deeper darkness, detect magic, detect good, dimensional anchor, discern lies, dispel magic, endure elements, freedom of movement, invisibility purge, protection from energy, remove fear, resist energy, silence, tongues, and zone of truth.

Saving throws and spell resistance might apply to these spells' effects. (See the individual spell descriptions for details.)

An area can receive only one unhallow spell (and its associated spell effect) at a time.

Unhallow counters but does not dispel hallow.

Unholy Aura

School abjuration [evil]; Level cleric 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, F (a tiny reliquary worth 500 gp)

Range 20 ft.

Targets one creature/level in a 20-ft.-radius burst centered on you

Duration 1 round/level (D)

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

A malevolent darkness surrounds the subjects, protecting them from attacks, granting them resistance to spells cast by good creatures, and weakening good creatures when they strike the subjects. This abjuration has four effects.

First, each warded creature gains a +4 deflection bonus to AC and a +4 resistance bonus on saves. Unlike the effect of protection from good, this benefit applies against all attacks, not just against attacks by good creatures.

Second, a warded creature gains SR 25 against good spells and spells cast by good creatures.

Third, the abjuration protects the subjects from possession and mental influence, just as protection from good does.

Finally, if a good creature succeeds on a melee attack against a warded creature, the offending attacker takes 1d6 points of Strength damage (Fortitude negates).

Unholy Blight

School evocation [evil]; Level cleric 4

Components V, S

Area 20-ft.-radius spread

Duration instantaneous (1d4 rounds); see text

Saving Throw Will partial; Spell Resistance yes

You call up unholy power to smite your enemies. The power takes the form of a cold, cloying miasma of greasy darkness. Only good and neutral (not evil) creatures are harmed by the Components V, S spell.

The spell deals 1d8 points of damage per two caster levels (maximum 5d8) to a good creature (or 1d6 per caster level, maximum 10d6, to a good outsider) and causes it to be Duration instantaneous/1 hour; see text sickened for 1d4 rounds. A successful Will save reduces damage to half and negates the sickened effect. The effects cannot be negated by remove disease or heal, but remove You must succeed on a melee touch attack. Your touch deals curse is effective.

The spell deals only half damage to creatures who are neither evil nor good, and they are not sickened. Such a creature can reduce the damage by half again (down to one-quarter) with a successful Will save.

Unseen Servant

School conjuration (creation); Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of string and a bit of wood)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect one invisible, mindless, shapeless servant

Duration 1 hour/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

An unseen servant is an invisible, mindless, shapeless force that performs simple tasks at your command. It can run and fetch things, open unstuck doors, and hold chairs, as well as clean and mend. The servant can perform only one activity at a time, but it repeats the same activity over and over again if told to do so as long as you remain within range. It can open only normal doors, drawers, lids, and the like. It has an effective Strength score of 2 (so it can lift 20 pounds or drag 100 pounds). It can trigger traps and such, but it can exert only 20 pounds of force, which is not enough to activate certain pressure plates and other devices. It can't perform any task that requires a skill check with a DC higher than 10 or that requires a check using a skill that can't be used untrained. This servant cannot fly, climb, or even swim (though it can walk on water). Its base speed is 15 feet.

The servant cannot attack in any way; it is never allowed an School illusion (figment); Level bard 1, sorcerer/wizard 1 attack roll. It cannot be killed, but it dissipates if it takes 6 points of damage from area attacks. (It gets no saves against attacks.) If you attempt to send it beyond the spell's range (measured from your current position), the servant ceases to

exist.

Vampiric touch

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Target living creature touched

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

1d6 points of damage per two caster levels (maximum 10d6). You gain temporary hit points equal to the damage you deal. You can't gain more than the subject's current hit points + the subject's Constitution score (which is enough to kill the subject). The temporary hit points disappear 1 hour later.

Veil

School illusion (glamer); Level bard 6, sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Targets one or more creatures, no two of which can be more than 30 ft. apart

Duration concentration + 1 hour/level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates; see text; Spell Resistance yes; see text

You instantly change the appearance of the subjects and then maintain that appearance for the spell's duration. You can make the subjects appear to be anything you wish. The subjects look, feel, and smell just like the creatures the spell makes them resemble. Affected creatures resume their normal appearances if slain. You must succeed on a Disguise check to duplicate the appearance of a specific individual. This spell gives you a + 10 bonus on the check.

Unwilling targets can negate the spell's effect on them by making Will saves or with spell resistance. Those who interact with the subjects can attempt Will disbelief saves to see through the glamer, but spell resistance doesn't help.

Ventriloguism

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, F (parchment rolled into cone)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect intelligible sound, usually speech

Duration 1 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Will disbelief (if interacted with); Spell Resistance no

You can make your voice (or any sound that you can normally make vocally) seem to issue from someplace else. You can speak in any language you know. With respect to School evocation [fire]; Level druid 5, sorcerer/wizard 4 such voices and sounds, anyone who hears the sound and rolls a successful save recognizes it as illusory (but still hears it).

Virtue

School transmutation; Level cleric 0, druid 0, paladin 1

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Target creature touched

Duration 1 min.

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

With a touch, you infuse a creature with a tiny surge of life, granting the subject 1 temporary hit point.

Vision

School divination; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

This spell functions like *legend lore*, except that it works more quickly and produces some strain on you. You pose a question about some person, place, or object, then cast the spell. If the person or object is at hand or if you are in the place in question, you receive a vision about it by succeeding on a caster level check (1d20 + 1 per caster level; maximum +25) against DC 20. If only detailed information on the person, place, or object is known, the DC is 25, and the information gained is incomplete. If only rumors are known, the DC is 30, and the information gained is vague. After this Wall of Force spell is complete, you are fatigued.

Wail of the Banshee

School necromancy [death, sonic]; Level sorcerer/wizard 9

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target one living creature/level within a 40-ft.-radius spread

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Fortitude negates; Spell Resistance yes

When you cast this spell, you emit a terrible, soul-chilling scream that possibly kills creatures that hear it (except for yourself). The spell affects up to one creature per caster level, inflicting 10 points of damage per caster level. Creatures closest to the point of origin are affected first.

Wall of Fire

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a piece of phosphor)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect opaque sheet of flame up to 20 ft. long/level or a ring of fire with a radius of up to 5 ft./two levels; either form 20 ft. high

Duration concentration + 1 round/level

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance yes

An immobile, blazing curtain of shimmering violet fire springs into existence. One side of the wall, selected by you, sends forth waves of heat, dealing 2d4 points of fire damage to creatures within 10 feet and 1d4 points of fire damage to those past 10 feet but within 20 feet. The wall deals this damage when it appears, and to all creatures in the area on your turn each round. In addition, the wall deals 2d6 points of fire damage + 1 point of fire damage per caster level (maximum +20) to any creature passing through it. The wall deals double damage to undead creatures.

If you evoke the wall so that it appears where creatures are, each creature takes damage as if passing through the wall. If any 5-foot length of wall takes 20 points or more of cold damage in 1 round, that length goes away. (Do not divide cold damage by 2, as normal for objects.)

Wall of fire can be made permanent with a permanency spell. A permanent wall of fire that is extinguished by cold damage becomes inactive for 10 minutes, then reforms at normal strength.

School evocation [force]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (powdered quartz)

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Effect wall whose area is up to one 10-ft. square/level

Duration 1 round /level (D)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

A wall of force creates an invisible wall of pure force. The wall cannot move and is not easily destroyed. A wall of force is immune to dispel magic, although a mage's disjunction can oriented in any fashion as long as it is anchored. A vertical still dispel it. A wall of force can be damaged by spells as wall need only be anchored on the floor, while a horizontal normal, except for *disintegrate*, which automatically destroys or slanting wall must be anchored on two opposite sides. it. It can be damaged by weapons and supernatural abilities, but a wall of force has hardness 30 and a number of hit points equal to 20 per caster level. Contact with a sphere of annihilation or rod of cancellation instantly destroys a wall of force.

Breath weapons and spells cannot pass through a wall of force in either direction, although dimension door, teleport, and similar effects can bypass the barrier. It blocks ethereal creatures as well as material ones (though ethereal creatures can usually circumvent the wall by going around it, through material floors and ceilings). Gaze attacks can operate Hemisphere: The wall takes the form of a hemisphere whose through a wall of force.

The caster can form the wall into a flat, vertical plane whose area is up to one 10-foot square per level. The wall must be continuous and unbroken when formed. If its surface is broken by any object or creature, the spell fails.

Wall of force can be made permanent with a permanency spell.

Wall of Ice

School evocation [cold]; **Level** sorcerer/wizard 4

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a piece of quartz or rock crystal)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect anchored plane of ice, up to one 10-ft. square/level, or hemisphere of ice with a radius of up to 3 ft. + 1 ft./level

Duration 1 min./level

Saving Throw Reflex negates; see text; Spell Resistance

of ice, depending on the version selected. A wall of ice cannot form in an area occupied by physical objects or creatures. Its surface must be smooth and unbroken when created. Any creature adjacent to the wall when it is created may attempt a Reflex save to disrupt the wall as it is being formed. A successful save indicates that the spell automatically fails. Fire can melt a wall of ice, and it deals full damage to the wall (instead of the normal half damage taken by objects). Suddenly melting a wall of ice creates a great cloud of steamy fog that lasts for 10 minutes.

Ice Plane: A sheet of strong, hard ice appears. The wall is 1 inch thick per caster level. It covers up to a 10-foot-square area per caster level (so a 10th-level wizard can create a wall of ice 100 feet long and 10 feet high, a wall 50 feet long and 20 feet high, or any other combination of length and height that does not exceed 1,000 square feet). The plane can be

Each 10-foot square of wall has 3 hit points per inch of thickness. Creatures can hit the wall automatically. A section of wall whose hit points drop to 0 is breached. If a creature tries to break through the wall with a single attack, the DC for the Strength check is 15 + caster level.

Even when the ice has been broken through, a sheet of frigid air remains. Any creature stepping through it (including the one who broke through the wall) takes 1d6 points of cold damage + 1 point per caster level (no save).

maximum radius is 3 feet + 1 foot per caster level. The hemisphere is as hard to break through as the ice plane form, but it does not deal damage to those who go through a breach.

Wall of Iron

School conjuration (creation); Level sorcerer/wizard 6

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (a small iron sheet plus gold dust worth 50 gp)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect iron wall whose area is up to one 5-ft. square/level; see text

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

You cause a flat, vertical iron wall to spring into being. The wall inserts itself into any surrounding nonliving material if its area is sufficient to do so. The wall cannot be conjured so that it occupies the same space as a creature or another This spell creates an anchored plane of ice or a hemisphere object. It must always be a flat plane, though you can shape its edges to fit the available space.

> A wall of iron is 1 inch thick per four caster levels. You can double the wall's area by halving its thickness. Each 5-foot square of the wall has 30 hit points per inch of thickness and hardness 10. A section of wall whose hit points drop to 0 is breached. If a creature tries to break through the wall with a single attack, the DC for the Strength check is 25 + 2 per inch of thickness.

> If you desire, the wall can be created vertically resting on a flat surface but not attached to the surface, so that it can be tipped over to fall on and crush creatures beneath it. The wall is 50% likely to tip in either direction if left unpushed. Creatures can push the wall in one direction rather than letting it fall randomly. A creature must make a DC 40 Strength check to push the wall over. Creatures with room to flee the falling wall may do so by making successful Reflex

saves. Any Large or smaller creature that fails takes 10d6 Components V, S points of damage while fleeing from the wall. The wall cannot crush Huge and larger creatures.

Like any iron wall, this wall is subject to rust, perforation, and other natural phenomena. Iron created by this spell is not **Duration** 10 min./level (D) suitable for use in the creation of other objects and cannot be sold.

Wall of Stone

School conjuration (creation) [earth]; **Level** cleric 5, druid 6, sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a small block of granite)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect stone wall whose area is up to one 5-ft. square/level You can make the wall as thin as 5 feet thick, which allows

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw see text; Spell Resistance no

This spell creates a wall of rock that merges into adjoining rock surfaces. A wall of stone is 1 inch thick per four caster levels and composed of up to one 5-foot square per level. You can double the wall's area by halving its thickness. The a creature or another object.

Unlike a wall of iron, you can create a wall of stone in almost any shape you desire. The wall created need not be vertical, nor rest upon any firm foundation; however, it must merge with and be solidly supported by existing stone. It can be Any creature within the area of the spell when it is cast takes used to bridge a chasm, for instance, or as a ramp. For this damage as if it had moved into the wall and is caught inside. use, if the span is more than 20 feet, the wall must be arched In order to escape, it must attempt to push its way free, or it and buttressed. This requirement reduces the spell's area by can wait until the spell ends. Creatures with the ability to half. The wall can be crudely shaped to allow crenellations, pass through overgrown areas unhindered can pass through a battlements, and so forth by likewise reducing the area.

hit points drop to 0 is breached. If a creature tries to break minutes. through the wall with a single attack, the DC for the Strength check is 20 + 2 per inch of thickness.

It is possible, but difficult, to trap mobile opponents within or School transmutation; Level druid 2 under a wall of stone, provided the wall is shaped so it can hold the creatures. Creatures can avoid entrapment with successful Reflex saves.

Wall of Thorns

School conjuration (creation); **Level** druid 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect wall of thorny brush, up to one 10-ft. cube/level (S)

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

A wall of thorns spell creates a barrier of very tough, pliable, tangled brush bearing needle-sharp thorns as long as a human's finger. Any creature forced into or attempting to move through a wall of thorns takes piercing damage per round of movement equal to 25 minus the creature's AC. Dexterity and dodge bonuses to AC do not count for this calculation. (Creatures with an AC of 25 or higher, without considering Dexterity and dodge bonuses, take no damage from contact with the wall.)

you to shape the wall as a number of 10-by-10-by-5-foot blocks equal to twice your caster level. This has no effect on the damage dealt by the thorns, but any creature attempting to break through takes that much less time to force its way through the barrier.

Creatures can force their way slowly through the wall by making a Strength check as a full-round action. For every 5 points by which the check exceeds 20, a creature moves 5 wall cannot be conjured so that it occupies the same space as feet (up to a maximum distance equal to its normal land speed). Of course, moving or attempting to move through the thorns incurs damage as described above. A creature trapped in the thorns can choose to remain motionless in order to avoid taking any more damage.

wall of thorns at normal speed without taking damage.

Like any other stone wall, this one can be destroyed by a A wall of thorns can be breached by slow work with edged disintegrate spell or by normal means such as breaking and weapons. Chopping away at the wall creates a safe passage 1 chipping. Each 5-foot square of the wall has hardness 8 and foot deep for every 10 minutes of work. Normal fire cannot 15 hit points per inch of thickness. A section of wall whose harm the barrier, but magical fire burns it away in 10

Varp Wood

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Target 1 Small wooden object/level, all within a 20-ft. radius

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes and even lava can be traversed easily, since the subjects' feet (object)

You cause wood to bend and warp, permanently destroying its straightness, form, and strength. A warped door springs open (or becomes stuck, requiring a Strength check to open, at your option). A boat or ship springs a leak. Warped ranged weapons are useless. A warped melee weapon causes a -4 penalty on attack rolls.

You may warp one Small or smaller object or its equivalent per caster level. A Medium object counts as two Small objects, a Large object as four, a Huge object as eight, a Gargantuan object as 16, and a Colossal object as 32.

Alternatively, you can unwarp wood (effectively warping it Casting Time 1 standard action back to normal) with this spell. Make whole, on the other hand, does no good in repairing a warped item.

You can combine multiple consecutive warp wood spells to warp (or unwarp) an object that is too large for you to warp Area cone-shaped burst with a single spell. Until the object is completely warped, it suffers no ill effects.

Water Breathing

transmutation; School Level cleric druid sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (short reed or piece of straw)

Range touch

Target living creatures touched

Duration 2 hours/level; see text

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance ves (harmless)

The transmuted creatures can breathe water freely. Divide the duration evenly among all the creatures you touch. The spell Saving Throw no; Spell Resistance yes does not make creatures unable to breathe air.

Water Walk

School transmutation [water]; **Level** cleric 3, ranger 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Targets one touched creature/level

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Saving Throw Will negates (harmless); Spell Resistance yes (harmless)

The transmuted creatures can tread on any liquid as if it were Saving Throw Reflex negates; see text; Spell Resistance no firm ground. Mud, oil, snow, quicksand, running water, ice,

hover an inch or two above the surface. Creatures crossing molten lava still take damage from the heat because they are near it. The subjects can walk, run, charge, or otherwise move across the surface as if it were normal ground.

If the spell is cast underwater (or while the subjects are partially or wholly submerged in whatever liquid they are in), the subjects are borne toward the surface at 60 feet per round until they can stand on it.

Waves of Exhaustion

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 7

Components V, S

Range 60 ft.

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw no; Spell Resistance yes

Waves of negative energy cause all living creatures in the spell's area to become exhausted. This spell has no effect on a creature that is already exhausted.

Waves of Fatigue

School necromancy; Level sorcerer/wizard 5

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S

Range 30 ft.

Area cone-shaped burst

Duration instantaneous

Waves of negative energy render all living creatures in the spell's area fatigued. This spell has no effect on a creature that is already fatigued.

Web

School conjuration (creation); **Level** sorcerer/wizard 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M (spider web)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect webs in a 20-ft.-radius spread

Duration 10 min./level (D)

Web creates a many-layered mass of strong, sticky strands.

These strands trap those caught in them. The strands are **Effect** cyclone 10 ft. wide at base, 30 ft. wide at top, and 30 similar to spiderwebs but far larger and tougher. These ft. tall masses must be anchored to two or more solid and diametrically opposed points or else the web collapses upon itself and disappears. Creatures caught within a web become Saving Throw Reflex negates; see text; Spell Resistance grappled by the sticky fibers. Attacking a creature in a web yes doesn't cause you to become grappled.

check as part of their move action, with a DC equal to the control of the cyclone, even if it comes back within range.) spell's DC. Creatures that fail lose their movement and become grappled in the first square of webbing that they enter.

If you have at least 5 feet of web between you and an save must succeed on a second one or be picked up bodily by opponent, it provides cover. If you have at least 20 feet of the cyclone and held suspended in its powerful winds, taking web between you, it provides total cover.

The strands of a web spell are flammable. A flaming weapon can slash them away as easily as a hand brushes away cobwebs. Any fire can set the webs alight and burn away one 5-foot square in 1 round. All creatures within flaming webs take 2d4 points of fire damage from the flames.

Web can be made permanent with a permanency spell. A permanent web that is damaged (but not destroyed) regrows Casting Time 1 standard action in 10 minutes.

Weird

School illusion (phantasm) [fear, mind-affecting]; Level Area 10-ft.-radius spread sorcerer/wizard 9

Targets any number of creatures, no two of which can be (destination is reached) more than 30 ft. apart

This spell functions like phantasmal killer, except it can affect more than one creature. Only the affected creatures see the phantasmal creatures attacking them, though you see the attackers as shadowy shapes.

of damage and is stunned for 1 round. The subject also takes 1d4 points of Strength damage.

Whirlwind

School evocation [air]; Level druid 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V. S. DF

Range long (400 ft. + 40 ft./level)

Duration 1 round/level (D)

This spell creates a powerful cyclone of raging wind that Anyone in the effect's area when the spell is cast must make moves through the air, along the ground, or over water at a a Reflex save. If this save succeeds, the creature is inside the speed of 60 feet per round. You can concentrate on web but is otherwise unaffected. If the save fails, the creature controlling the cyclone's every movement or specify a simple gains the grappled condition, but can break free by making a program. Directing the cyclone's movement or changing its combat maneuver check or Escape Artist check as a standard programmed movement is a standard action for you. The action against the DC of this spell. The entire area of the web cyclone always moves during your turn. If the cyclone is considered difficult terrain. Anyone moving through the exceeds the spell's range, it moves in a random, uncontrolled webs must make a combat maneuver check or Escape Artist fashion for 1d3 rounds and then dissipates. (You can't regain

> Any Large or smaller creature that comes in contact with the spell effect must succeed on a Reflex save or take 3d6 points of damage. A Medium or smaller creature that fails its first 1d8 points of damage each round on your turn with no save allowed. You may direct the cyclone to eject any carried creatures whenever you wish, depositing the hapless souls wherever the cyclone happens to be when they are released.

Whispering Wind

School transmutation [air]; Level bard 2, sorcerer/wizard 2

Components V, S

Range 1 mile/level

Duration no more than 1 hour/level or until discharged

Saving Throw none; Spell Resistance no

You send a message or sound on the wind to a designated spot. The whispering wind travels to a specific location within range that is familiar to you, provided that it can find a way to the location. A whispering wind is as gentle and If a subject's Fortitude save succeeds, it still takes 3d6 points unnoticed as a zephyr until it reaches the location. It then delivers its whisper-quiet message or other sound. Note that the message is delivered regardless of whether anyone is present to hear it. The wind then dissipates.

> You can prepare the spell to bear a message of no more than 25 words, cause the spell to deliver other sounds for 1 round, or merely have the whispering wind seem to be a faint stirring of the air. You can likewise cause the whispering wind to move as slowly as 1 mile per hour or as quickly as 1 mile per 10 minutes.

When the spell reaches its objective, it swirls and remains in **Saving Throw** none; see text; **Spell Resistance** yes place until the message is delivered. As with magic mouth, whispering wind cannot speak verbal components, use command words, or activate magical effects.

Wind Walk

School transmutation [air]; Level cleric 6, druid 7

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range touch

Targets you and one touched creature per three levels

Duration 1 hour/level (D); see text

Saving Throw no and Will negates (harmless); Spell **Resistance** no and yes (harmless)

You alter the substance of your body to a cloudlike vapor (as the gaseous form spell) and move through the air, possibly at great speed. You can take other creatures with you, each of which acts independently.

Normally, a wind walker flies at a speed of 10 feet with School universal; Level sorcerer/wizard 9 perfect maneuverability. If desired by the subject, a magical wind wafts a wind walker along at up to 600 feet per round (60 mph) with poor maneuverability. Wind walkers are not Components V, S, M (diamond worth 25,000 gp) invisible but rather appear misty and translucent. If fully clothed in white, they are 80% likely to be mistaken for clouds, fog, vapors, or the like.

A wind walker can regain its physical form as desired and **Duration** see text later resume the cloud form. Each change to and from vaporous form takes 5 rounds, which counts toward the duration of the spell (as does any time spent in physical Wish is the mightiest spell a wizard or sorcerer can cast. By others.

For the last minute of the spell's duration, a wind walker in cloud form automatically descends 60 feet per round (for a total of 600 feet), though it may descend faster if it wishes. This descent serves as a warning that the spell is about to end.

Wind Wall

School evocation [air]; Level cleric 3, druid 3, ranger 2, sorcerer/wizard 3

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, M/DF (a tiny fan and an exotic feather)

Range medium (100 ft. + 10 ft./level)

Effect wall up to 10 ft./level long and 5 ft./level high (S)

Duration 1 round/level

An invisible vertical curtain of wind appears. It is 2 feet thick and of considerable strength. It is a roaring blast sufficient to blow away any bird smaller than an eagle, or tear papers and similar materials from unsuspecting hands. (A Reflex save allows a creature to maintain its grasp on an object.) Tiny and Small flying creatures cannot pass through the barrier. Loose materials and cloth garments fly upward when caught in a wind wall. Arrows and bolts are deflected upward and miss, while any other normal ranged weapon passing through the wall has a 30% miss chance. (A giant-thrown boulder, a siege engine projectile, and other massive ranged weapons are not affected.) Gases, most gaseous breath weapons, and creatures in gaseous form cannot pass through the wall (although it is no barrier to incorporeal creatures).

While the wall must be vertical, you can shape it in any continuous path along the ground that you like. It is possible to create cylindrical or square wind walls to enclose specific points.

Wish

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range see text

Target, Effect, Area see text

Saving Throw none, see text; Spell Resistance yes

form). As noted above, you can dismiss the spell, and you simply speaking aloud, you can alter reality to better suit can even dismiss it for individual wind walkers and not you. Even wish, however, has its limits. A wish can produce any one of the following effects.

- · Duplicate any sorcerer/wizard spell of 8th level or lower, provided the spell does not belong to one of your opposition schools.
- Duplicate any non-sorcerer/wizard spell of 7th level or lower, provided the spell does not belong to one of your opposition schools.
- Duplicate any sorcerer/wizard spell of 7th level or lower, even if it belongs to one of your opposition schools.
- Duplicate any non-sorcerer/wizard spell of 6th level or lower, even if it belongs to one of your opposition schools.
- Undo the harmful effects of many other spells, such as geas/quest or insanity.
- Grant a creature a +1 inherent bonus to an ability score. Two to five wish spells cast in immediate succession can grant a creature a +2 to +5 inherent bonus to an ability score (two wishes for a +2

inherent bonus, three wishes for a +3 inherent Components V, S, DF bonus, and so on). Inherent bonuses are instantaneous, so they cannot be dispelled. Note: An inherent bonus may not exceed +5 for a single Target one touched piece of wood no larger than 10 cu. ft. + ability score, and inherent bonuses to a particular 1 cu. ft./level ability score do not stack, so only the best one applies.

- aid one creature per caster level, and all subjects are (object) cured of the same kind of affliction. For example, you could heal all the damage you and your companions have taken, or remove all poison effects from everyone in the party, but not do both with the same wish.
- Revive the dead. A wish can bring a dead creature back to life by duplicating a resurrection spell. A wish can revive a dead creature whose body has been destroyed, but the task takes two wishes: one to **School** evocation [chaotic, sonic]; **Level** cleric 7 recreate the body and another to infuse the body with life again. A wish cannot prevent a character who was brought back to life from gaining a Components V permanent negative level.
- Transport travelers. A wish can lift one creature per caster level from anywhere on any plane and place Area nonchaotic creatures in a 40-ft.-radius spread centered those creatures anywhere else on any plane on you regardless of local conditions. An unwilling target gets a Will save to negate the effect, and spell resistance (if any) applies.
- Undo misfortune. A wish can undo a single recent event. The wish forces a reroll of any roll made within the last round (including your last turn). Reality reshapes itself to accommodate the new result. For example, a wish could undo an opponent's successful save, a foe's successful critical hit (either the attack roll or the critical roll), a friend's failed save, and so on. The reroll, however, may be as bad as or worse than the original roll. An unwilling target gets a Will save to negate the effect, and spell resistance (if any) applies.

You may try to use a wish to produce greater effects than The effects are cumulative and concurrent. A successful Will these, but doing so is dangerous. (The wish may pervert your intent into a literal but undesirable fulfillment or only a by multiple effects make only one save and apply the result partial fulfillment, at the GM's discretion.)

Duplicated spells allow saves and spell resistance as normal Deafened: The creature is deafened for 1d4 rounds. Save (but save DCs are for 9th-level spells).

When a wish duplicates a spell with a material component Stunned: The creature is stunned for 1 round. Save negates. that costs more than 10,000 gp, you must provide that component (in addition to the 25,000 gp diamond component for this spell).

Wood Shape

School transmutation; Level druid 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range touch

Duration instantaneous

Remove injuries and afflictions. A single wish can Saving Throw Will negates (object); Spell Resistance yes

Wood shape enables you to form one existing piece of wood into any shape that suits your purpose. While it is possible to make crude coffers, doors, and so forth, fine detail isn't possible. There is a 30% chance that any shape that includes moving parts simply doesn't work.

Word of Chaos

Casting Time 1 standard action

Range 40 ft.

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none or Will negates; see text; Spell **Resistance** yes

Any nonchaotic creature within the area of a word of chaos spell suffers the following ill effects, depending on their HD.

HD	Effect
Equal to caster level	Deafened
Up to caster level –1	Stunned, deafened
Up to caster level –5	Confused, stunned, deafened
Up to caster level –10	Killed, confused, stunned, deafened

save reduces or eliminates these effects. Creatures affected to all the effects.

negates.

Confused: The creature is confused for 1d10 minutes. This is a mind-affecting enchantment effect. Save reduces the confused effect to 1 round.

Killed: Living creatures die. Undead creatures are destroyed. Save negates. If the save is successful, the creature instead takes 3d6 points of damage + 1 point per caster level (maximum +25).

a –4 penalty) to negate.

Creatures whose HD exceed your caster level are unaffected by word of chaos.

Word of Recall

School conjuration (teleportation); Level cleric 6, druid 8

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V

Range unlimited

Target you and touched objects or other willing creatures

Duration instantaneous

Saving Throw none or Will negates (harmless, object); Spell Duration 1 min./level **Resistance** no or yes (harmless, object)

Word of recall teleports you instantly back to your sanctuary when the word is uttered. You must designate the sanctuary when you prepare the spell, and it must be a very familiar place. The actual point of arrival is a designated area no larger than 10 feet by 10 feet. You can be transported any distance within a plane but cannot travel between planes. You can transport, in addition to yourself, any objects you carry, as long as their weight doesn't exceed your maximum load. You may also bring one additional willing Medium or smaller creature (carrying gear or objects up to its maximum load) or its equivalent per three caster levels. A Large creature counts as two Medium creatures, a Huge creature counts as two Large creatures, and so forth. All creatures to be transported must be in contact with one another, and at least one of those creatures must be in contact with you. Exceeding this limit causes the spell to fail.

An unwilling creature can't be teleported by word of recall. Likewise, a creature's Will save (or spell resistance) prevents items in its possession from being teleported. Unattended, nonmagical objects receive no saving throw.

Zone of Silence

School illusion (glamer); **Level** bard 4

Casting Time 1 round

Components V, S

Range personal

Area 5-ft.-radius emanation centered on you

Duration 1 hour/level (D)

Furthermore, if you are on your home plane when you cast By casting zone of silence, you manipulate sound waves in this spell, nonchaotic extraplanar creatures within the area your immediate vicinity so that you and those within the are instantly banished back to their home planes. Creatures spell's area can converse normally, yet no one outside can so banished cannot return for at least 24 hours. This effect hear your voices or any other noises from within, including takes place regardless of whether the creatures hear the word language-dependent or sonic spell effects. This effect is of chaos or not. The banishment effect allows a Will save (at centered on you and moves with you. Anyone who enters the zone immediately becomes subject to its effects, but those who leave are no longer affected. Note, however, that a successful DC 20 Linguistics check to read lips can still reveal what's said inside a zone of silence.

Zone of Truth

School enchantment (compulsion) [mind-affecting]; Level cleric 2, paladin 2

Casting Time 1 standard action

Components V, S, DF

Range close (25 ft. + 5 ft./2 levels)

Area 20-ft.-radius emanation

Saving Throw Will negates; Spell Resistance yes

Creatures within the emanation area (or those who enter it) can't speak any deliberate and intentional lies. Each potentially affected creature is allowed a save to avoid the effects when the spell is cast or when the creature first enters the emanation area. Affected creatures are aware of this enchantment. Therefore, they may avoid answering questions to which they would normally respond with a lie, or they may be evasive as long as they remain within the boundaries of the truth. Creatures who leave the area are free to speak as they choose.

Prestige Classes

Prestige classes allow characters to become truly exceptional, gaining powers beyond the ken of their peers. Mystic Theurge: Equally devoted to divine and arcane requirements before they can take their first level of prestige class. If a character does not meet the requirements for a prestige class before gaining any benefits of that level, that character cannot take that prestige class. Characters that take levels in prestige classes do not gain any favored class bonuses for those levels.

Arcane Archer: An arcane spellcaster who draws upon ancient elven traditions to infuse his arrows with potent magical power.

Arcane Trickster: A troublemaker and a scoundrel who uses **Definitions of Terms** arcane magic to enhance her thievery and trickery.

Assassin: A remorseless murderer who kills for money and the sheer thrill of death-dealing.

Dragon Disciple: An arcane spellcaster who has embraced his latent draconic heritage and, over the course of training and devotion, undergoes a partial transformation into a dragon.

Duelist: A swashbuckling swordfighter who relies upon grace, poise, and acrobatics to win the day.

Eldritch Knight: An arcane spellcaster who augments his magical skills with combat to create a deadly combination of

weapons and magic.

Loremaster: A spellcaster who devotes his life to research and rumination upon the mysteries of the world.

Unlike the core classes, characters must meet specific magic, the mystic theurge combines both magical traditions a into one incredibly diverse class.

> Pathfinder Chronicler: An explorer at heart, the Pathfinder chronicler travels to distant, exotic lands to expand her knowledge of the world.

> Shadowdancer: A mysterious adventurer who walks the boundaries between the real world and the realm of shadows, and who can command shadows to do her bidding.

Here are definitions of some terms used in this section.

Core Class: One of the standard eleven classes found in

Caster Level: Generally equal to the number of class levels (see below) in a spellcasting class. Some prestige classes add caster levels to an existing class.

Character Level: The total level of the character, which is the sum of all class levels held by that character.

Class Level: The level of a character in a particular class. For a character with levels in only one class, class level and character level are the same.

Arcane Archer

Elves or half-elves who seek to perfect the use of the bow Alignment: Arcane archers can be of any alignment, though sometimes pursue the path of the arcane archer. Arcane archers are masters of ranged combat, as they possess the ability to strike at targets with unerring accuracy and can imbue their arrows with powerful spells. Arrows fired by arcane archers fly at weird and uncanny angles to strike at foes around corners, and can pass through solid objects to hit enemies that cower behind such cover. At the height of their power, arcane archers can fell even the most powerful foes with a single, deadly shot. Those who have trained as both rangers and wizards excel as arcane archers, although other multiclass combinations are not unheard of. Arcane archers may be found wherever elves travel, but not all are allies of the elves. Many, particularly half-elven arcane archers, use Race: Elf or half-elf. elven traditions solely for their own gain, or worse, against the elves whose very traditions they adhere to.

Role: Arcane archers deal death from afar, winnowing down opponents while their allies rush into hand-to-hand combat.

With their capacity to unleash hails of arrows on the enemy, they represent the pinnacle of ranged combat.

as elves and half-elves tend to be free-spirited, they are rarely lawful. Similarly, it is uncommon to find evil elves and halfelves, and the path of the arcane archer is therefore more often pursued by good or neutral characters.

Hit Die: d10.

Requirements

To qualify to become an arcane archer, a character must fulfill all the following criteria.

Table 11-1: Arcane Archer

Level	Base Attack Bonu	s Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Spells per Day
1st	+1	+1	+1	+0	Enhance arrows (magic)	_
2nd	+2	+1	+1	+1	Imbue arrow	+1 level of existing class
3rd	+3	+2	+2	+1	Enhance arrows (elemental)	+1 level of existing class
4th	+4	+2	+2	+1	Seeker arrow	+1 level of existing class
5th	+5	+3	+3	+2	Enhance arrows (distance)	_
6th	+6	+3	+3	+2	Phase arrow	+1 level of existing class
7th	+7	+4	+4	+2	Enhance arrows (elemental burst)	+1 level of existing class
8th	+8	+4	+4	+3	Hail of arrows	+1 level of existing class
9th	+9	+5	+5	+3	Enhance arrows (aligned)	_
10th	+10	+5	+5	+3	Arrow of death	+1 level of existing class

Base Attack Bonus: +6.

Feats: Point Blank Shot, Precise Shot, Weapon Focus (longbow or shortbow).

Spells: Ability to cast 1st-level arcane spells.

Class Skills

The arcane archer's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Perception (Wis), Ride (Dex), Stealth (Dex), and Survival (Wis).

Skill Ranks at Each Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the arcane archer prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: An arcane archer is At 9th level, every nonmagical arrow fired by an arcane proficient with all simple and martial weapons, light armor, medium armor, and shields.

Spells per Day: At the indicated levels, an arcane archer gains new spells per day as if he had also gained a level in an arcane spellcasting class he belonged to before adding the prestige class. He does not, however, gain other benefits a The bonuses granted by a magic bow apply as normal to additional spells per day, spells known (if he is a spontaneous spellcaster), and an increased effective level of spellcasting. If a character had more than one arcane spellcasting class before becoming an arcane archer, he must decide to which class he adds the new level for purposes of determining spells per day.

Enhance Arrows (Su): At 1st level, every nonmagical arrow an arcane archer nocks and lets fly becomes magical, gaining a +1 enhancement bonus. Unlike magic weapons created by normal means, the archer need not spend gold pieces to

accomplish this task. However, an archer's magic arrows only function for him.

In addition, the arcane archer's arrows gain a number of additional qualities as he gains additional levels. The elemental, elemental burst, and aligned qualities can be changed once per day, when the arcane archer prepares spells or, in the case of spontaneous spellcasters, after 8 hours of rest.

At 3rd level, every nonmagical arrow fired by an arcane archer gains one of the following elemental themed weapon qualities: flaming, frost, or shock.

At 5th level, every nonmagical arrow fired by an arcane archer gains the distance weapon quality.

At 7th level, every nonmagical arrow fired by an arcane archer gains one of the following elemental burst weapon qualities: flaming burst, icy burst, or shocking burst. This ability replaces the ability gained at 3rd level.

archer gains one of the following aligned weapon qualities: anarchic, axiomatic, holy, or unholy. The arcane archer cannot choose an ability that is the opposite of his alignment (for example, a lawful good arcane archer could not choose anarchic or unholy as his weapon quality).

character of that class would have gained, except for arrows that have been enhanced with this ability. Only the larger enhancement bonus applies. Duplicate abilities do not

> **Imbue Arrow** (**Sp**): At 2nd level, an arcane archer gains the ability to place an area spell upon an arrow. When the arrow is fired, the spell's area is centered where the arrow lands, even if the spell could normally be centered only on the caster. This ability allows the archer to use the bow's range rather than the spell's range. A spell cast in this way uses its standard casting time and the arcane archer can fire the arrow as part of the casting. The arrow must be fired during the

round that the casting is completed or the spell is wasted. If action (and shooting the arrow is part of the action). An the arrow misses, the spell is wasted.

Seeker Arrow (Sp): At 4th level, an arcane archer can launch an arrow at a target known to him within range, and the arrow travels to the target, even around corners. Only an Hail of Arrows (Sp): In lieu of his regular attacks, once per the arrow is part of the action). An arcane archer can use this enemy may only be targeted by a single arrow. ability once per day at 4th level, and one additional time per day for every two levels beyond 4th, to a maximum of four times per day at 10th level.

concealment, armor, and shield modifiers, but otherwise the existence at a time. attack is rolled normally. Using this ability is a standard

arcane archer can use this ability once per day at 6th level, and one additional time per day for every two levels beyond 6th, to a maximum of three times per day at 10th level.

unavoidable obstacle or the limit of the arrow's range day an arcane archer of 8th level or higher can fire an arrow prevents the arrow's flight. This ability negates cover and at each and every target within range, to a maximum of one concealment modifiers, but otherwise the attack is rolled target for every arcane archer level she has earned. Each normally. Using this ability is a standard action (and shooting attack uses the archer's primary attack bonus, and each

Arrow of Death (Sp): At 10th level, an arcane archer can create a special type of slaying arrow that forces the target, if damaged by the arrow's attack, to make a Fortitude save or Phase Arrow (Sp): At 6th level, an arcane archer can launch be slain immediately. The DC of this save is equal to 20 + the an arrow once per day at a target known to him within range, arcane archer's Charisma modifier. It takes 1 day to make a and the arrow travels to the target in a straight path, passing slaying arrow, and the arrow only functions for the arcane through any nonmagical barrier or wall in its way. (Any archer who created it. The slaying arrow lasts no longer than magical barrier stops the arrow.) This ability negates cover, 1 year, and the archer can only have one such arrow in

<u>Arcane Trickster</u>

Few can match the guile and craftiness of arcane tricksters. These prodigious thieves blend the subtlest aspects of the arcane with the natural cunning of the bandit and the Requirements scoundrel, using spells to enhance their natural thieving abilities. Arcane tricksters can pick locks, disarm traps, and To qualify to become an arcane trickster, a character must lift purses from a safe distance using their magical fulfill all of the following criteria. legerdemain, and as often as not seek humiliation as a goal to triumph over their foes than more violent solutions.

The path to becoming an arcane trickster is a natural progression for rogues who have supplemented their talents for theft with the study of the arcane. Multiclass rogue/sorcerers and rogue/bards are the most common arcane tricksters, although other combinations are possible. Arcane tricksters are most often found in large, cosmopolitan cities where their talents for magical larceny can be most effectively put to use, prowling the streets and stealing from the unwary.

Role: With their mastery of magic, arcane tricksters can make for even more subtle or confounding opponents than standard rogues. Ranged legerdemain enhances their skill as thieves, and their ability to make sneak attacks without flanking or as part of a spell can make arcane tricksters formidable damage-dealers.

Alignment: All arcane tricksters have a penchant for mischief and thievery, and are therefore never lawful. Although they sometimes acquire their magical abilities through the studious path of wizardry, their magical aptitude more often stems from a sorcerous bloodline. As such, many

arcane tricksters are of a chaotic alignment.

Hit Die: d6.

Alignment: Any nonlawful.

Skills: Disable Device 4 ranks, Escape Artist 4 ranks, Knowledge (arcana) 4 ranks.

Spells: Ability to cast *mage hand* and at least one arcane spell of 2nd level or higher.

Special: Sneak attack +2d6.

Class Skills

The arcane trickster's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Acrobatics (Dex), Appraise (Int), Bluff (Cha), Climb (Str), Diplomacy (Cha), Disable Device (Int), Disguise (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Knowledge (all skills taken individually) (Int), Perception (Wis), Sense Motive (Wis), Sleight of Hand (Dex), Spellcraft (Int), Stealth (Dex), and Swim (Str).

Skill Ranks at Each Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the arcane trickster prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Arcane tricksters gain no proficiency with any weapon or armor.

Spells per Day: When a new arcane trickster level is gained. the character gains new spells per day as if she had also gained a level in a spellcasting class she belonged to before adding the prestige class. She does not, however, gain other benefits a character of that class would have gained, except Tricky Spells (Su): Starting at 5th level, an arcane trickster determining spells per day.

Ranged Legerdemain (Su): An arcane trickster can use Disable Device and Sleight of Hand at a range of 30 feet. Invisible Thief (Su): At 9th level, an arcane trickster can being used.

bonuses on damage stack.

Impromptu Sneak Attack (Ex): Beginning at 3rd level,

once per day an arcane trickster can declare one melee or ranged attack she makes to be a sneak attack (the target can be no more than 30 feet distant if the impromptu sneak attack is a ranged attack). The target of an impromptu sneak attack loses any Dexterity bonus to AC, but only against that attack. The power can be used against any target, but creatures that are not subject to critical hits take no extra damage (though they still lose any Dexterity bonus to AC against the attack).

At 7th level, an arcane trickster can use this ability twice per day.

for additional spells per day, spells known (if she is a can cast her spells without their somatic or verbal spontaneous spellcaster), and an increased effective level of components, as if using the Still Spell and Silent Spell feats. spellcasting. If a character had more than one spellcasting Spells cast using this ability do not increase in spell level or class before becoming an arcane trickster, she must decide to casting time. She can use this ability 3 times per day at 5th which class she adds the new level for purposes of level and one additional time per every two levels thereafter, to a maximum of 5 times per day at 9th level. The arcane trickster decides to use this ability at the time of casting.

Working at a distance increases the normal skill check DC by become invisible, as if under the effects of greater 5, and an arcane trickster cannot take 10 on this check. Any invisibility, as a free action. She can remain invisible for a object to be manipulated must weigh 5 pounds or less. She number of rounds per day equal to her arcane trickster level. can only use this ability if she has at least 1 rank in the skill Her caster level for this effect is equal to her caster level. These rounds need not be consecutive.

Sneak Attack: This is exactly like the rogue ability of the Surprise Spells: At 10th level, an arcane trickster can add same name. The extra damage dealt increases by +1d6 every her sneak attack damage to any spell that deals damage, if other level (2nd, 4th, 6th, 8th, and 10th). If an arcane the targets are flat-footed. This additional damage only trickster gets a sneak attack bonus from another source, the applies to spells that deal hit point damage, and the additional damage is of the same type as the spell. If the spell allows a saving throw to negate or halve the damage, it also negates or halves the sneak attack damage.

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Spells per Day
1st	+0	+0	+1	+1	Ranged legerdemain	+1 level of existing class
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1	Sneak attack +1d6	+1 level of existing class
3rd	+1	+1	+2	+2	Impromptu sneak attack 1/day	+1 level of existing class
4th	+2	+1	+2	+2	Sneak attack +2d6	+1 level of existing class
5th	+2	+2	+3	+3	Tricky spells 3/day	+1 level of existing class
6th	+3	+2	+3	+3	Sneak attack +3d6	+1 level of existing class
7th	+3	+2	+4	+4	Impromptu sneak attack 2/day, Tricky spells 4/day	+1 level of existing class
8th	+4	+3	+4	+4	Sneak attack +4d6	+1 level of existing class
9th	+4	+3	+5	+5	Invisible thief, Tricky spells 5/day	+1 level of existing class
10th	+5	+3	+5	+5	Sneak attack +5d6, surprise spells	+1 level of existing class

Table 11-2: Arcane Trickster

<u>Assassin</u>

A mercenary undertaking his task with cold, professional detachment, the assassin is equally adept at espionage, bounty hunting, and terrorism. At his core, an assassin is an artisan, and his medium is death. Trained in a variety of killing techniques, assassins are among the most feared classes.

While nearly any class is capable of becoming an assassin, rogues suit the part more than any other, from both an ability viewpoint and an ideological one. Though they make excellent allies during combat, assassins excel in more clandestine situations, and the best assassins are the ones the victims never knew existed.

Role: Assassins tend to be loners by nature, seeing Swim (Str), and Use Magic Device (Cha). companions as liabilities at best. Sometimes an assassin's missions put him in the company of adventurers for long stretches at a time, but few people are comfortable trusting a professional assassin to watch their backs in a fight, and are more likely to let the emotionless killer scout ahead or help prepare ambushes.

Alignment: Due to its necessary selfishness and callous indifference toward taking lives, the assassin class attracts Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Assassins are proficient Neutral characters sometimes become assassins, frequently shields. thinking of themselves as simple professionals performing a job, yet the nature of their duties inevitably pushes them toward an evil alignment.

Hit Die: d8.

Requirements

To qualify to become an assassin, a character must fulfill all that successfully deals damage, the sneak attack has the

the following criteria.

Alignment: Any evil.

Skills: Disguise 2 ranks, Stealth 5 ranks.

Special: The character must kill someone for no other reason than to become an assassin.

Class Skills

The assassin's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Acrobatics (Dex), Bluff (Cha), Climb (Str), Diplomacy (Cha), Disable Device (Int), Disguise (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), Linguistics (Int), Perception (Wis), Sense Motive (Wis), Sleight of Hand (Dex), Stealth (Dex),

Skill Ranks at Each Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the assassin prestige

those with evil alignments more than any others. Because the with the crossbow (hand, light, or heavy), dagger (any type), profession requires a degree of self-discipline, chaotic dart, rapier, sap, shortbow (normal and composite), and short characters are ill suited to becoming these shadowy killers. sword. Assassins are proficient with light armor but not with

> **Sneak Attack**: This is exactly like the rogue ability of the same name. The extra damage dealt increases by +1d6 every other level (1st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, and 9th). If an assassin gets a sneak attack bonus from another source, the bonuses on damage stack.

> **Death Attack (Ex)**: If an assassin studies his victim for 3 rounds and then makes a sneak attack with a melee weapon

Table 11-3: Assassin

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special
1st	+0	+0	+1	+0	Sneak attack +1d6, death attack, poison use
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1	+1 save bonus against poison,uncanny dodge
3rd	+2	+1	+2	+1	Sneak attack +2d6
4th	+3	+1	+2	+1	+2 save bonus against poison, hidden weapons, true death
5th	+3	+2	+3	+2	Improved uncannydodge, Sneak attack +3d6
6th	+4	+2	+3	+2	+3 save bonus against poison, quiet death
7th	+5	+2	+4	+2	Sneak attack +4d6
8th	+6	+3	+4	+3	+4 save bonus against poison, hide in plain sight
9th	+6	+3	+5	+3	Sneak attack +5d6, swift death
10th	+7	+3	+5	+3	+5 save bonus against poison,angel of death

target (assassin's choice). Studying the victim is a standard make a caster level check with a DC equal to 15 + the action. The death attack fails if the target detects the assassin assassin's level or the spell fails and the material component or recognizes the assassin as an enemy (although the attack is wasted. Casting remove curse the round before attempting might still be a sneak attack if the target is denied his to bring the creature back from the dead negates this chance. Dexterity bonus to his Armor Class or is flanked). If the The DC of the remove curse is 10 + the assassin's level. victim of such a death attack fails a Fortitude save (DC 10 + the assassin's class level + the assassin's Int modifier) against the kill effect, she dies. If the saving throw fails against the paralysis effect, the victim is rendered helpless and unable to act for 1d6 rounds plus 1 round per level of the assassin. If the victim's saving throw succeeds, the attack is just a normal sneak attack. Once the assassin has completed the 3 rounds If a character already has uncanny dodge from another class, of study, he must make the death attack within the next 3 rounds.

If a death attack is attempted and fails (the victim makes her save) or if the assassin does not launch the attack within 3 required before he can attempt another death attack.

Poison Use: Assassins are trained in the use of poison and cannot accidentally poison themselves when applying poison to a blade (see Poison).

Save Bonus against Poison: At 2nd level, the assassin gains a +1 saving throw bonus against poisons. This bonus increase by +1 every two levels.

caught flat-footed, even if the attacker is invisible. He still loses his Dexterity bonus to AC if immobilized. An assassin shadow. with this ability can still lose his Dexterity bonus to AC if an opponent successfully uses the feint action against him.

class, he automatically gains improved uncanny dodge weapon that deals damage. instead.

others from noticing them.

True Death (Su): Starting at 4th level, anyone slain by an assassin's death attack becomes more difficult to bring back from the dead. Spellcasters attempting to bring a creature

additional effect of possibly either paralyzing or killing the back from the dead using raise dead or similar magic must

Improved Uncanny Dodge (Ex): At 5th level and higher, an assassin can no longer be flanked. This defense denies a rogue the ability to sneak attack the assassin by flanking him, unless the attacker has at least four more rogue levels than the target has assassin levels.

the levels from the classes that grant uncanny dodge stack to determine the minimum rogue level required to flank the character.

Quiet Death (Ex): At 6th level, whenever an assassin kills a rounds of completing the study, 3 new rounds of study are creature using his death attack during a surprise round, he can also make a Stealth check, opposed by Perception checks of those in the vicinity to prevent them from identifying him as the assailant. If successful, those nearby might not even notice that the target is dead for a few moments, allowing the assassin to avoid detection.

Hide in Plain Sight (Su): At 8th level, an assassin can use the Stealth skill even while being observed. As long as he is within 10 feet of some sort of shadow, an assassin can hide Uncanny Dodge (Ex): At 2nd level, an assassin cannot be himself from view in the open without having anything to actually hide behind. He cannot, however, hide in his own

Swift Death (Ex): At 9th level, once per day, an assassin can make a death attack against a foe without studying the foe If an assassin already has uncanny dodge from a different beforehand. He must still sneak attack his foe using a melee

Angel of Death (Su): At 10th level, the assassin becomes a **Hidden Weapons** (Ex): At 4th level, an assassin becomes a master of death. Once per day, when the assassin makes a master at hiding weapons on his body. He adds his assassin successful death attack, he can cause the target's body to level to all Sleight of Hand skill checks made to prevent crumble to dust. This prevents raise dead and resurrection (although true resurrection works as normal). The assassin must declare the use of this ability before the attack is made. If the attack misses or the target successfully saves against the death attack, this ability is wasted with no effect.

Dragon Disciple

As some of the most ancient, powerful, and capricious creatures in existence, dragons occasionally enter into trysts with unsuspecting mortals or sire offspring with exceptional individuals. Likewise, the great power wielded by these creatures has long intrigued wizards and alchemists who have sought various magical methods to infuse their bodies with draconic power. As a result, the blood of dragons runs

through the veins of many races. For some, this heritage manifests as a sorcerous bloodline and a predilection for magic; for others, however, the power of their draconic ancestors becomes an obsession.

Spellcasters who embrace their draconic heritage and learn to channel their abilities can become dragon disciples, fearsome warriors who possess not only the repertoire of an accomplished sorcerer but also the ability to unleash the furious power of dragons upon their foes. As dragon

disciples discover the power of their forebears, they can learn **Skills**: Knowledge (arcana) 5 ranks. to breathe fire, take flight on leathery wings, and-at the pinnacle of their abilities—assume the form of a dragon. Although they are rare, dragon disciples can be found in any Spellcasting: Ability to cast 1st-level arcane spells without land where dragons interact with mortals.

Role: With the magic of a spellcasting class at their disposal, dragon disciples can assume the typical role of a magic-user, hampering the movement of the enemy and hurling damagedealing spells at their opponents. Dragon disciples' draconic abilities, however, make these versatile spellcasters even more formidable, as they use their breath weapons and flight to destroy their foes directly.

Alignment: Dragon disciples can be of any alignment, although they tend to be more chaotic than lawful. Those dragon disciples that assume the traits of chromatic dragons, such as bestial white and fearsome red dragons, have a Skill Ranks at Each Level: 2 + Int modifier. proclivity for evil. Conversely, those that take after the metallic dragons, such as stoic brass and chivalric gold dragons, are often of good alignments.

Hit Die: d12.

Requirements

To qualify to become a dragon disciple, a character must fulfill all the following criteria.

Race: Any nondragon.

Languages: Draconic.

preparation. If the character has sorcerer levels, he must have the draconic bloodline. If the character gains levels of sorcerer after taking this class, he must take the draconic bloodline.

Class Skills

The dragon disciple's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Diplomacy (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Fly (Dex), Knowledge (all skills taken individually) (Int), Perception (Wis), and Spellcraft (Int).

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the dragon disciple prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Dragon disciples gain no proficiency with any weapon or armor.

Spells per Day: At the indicated levels, a dragon disciple gains new spells per day as if he had also gained a level in an arcane spellcasting class he belonged to before adding the

Table 11-4: Dragon Disciple

					0 1	
Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Spells per Day
1st	+0	+1	+0	+1	Blood of dragons, natural armor increase (+1)	_
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1	Ability boost (Str +2), bloodline feat, dragon bite	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
3rd	+2	+2	+1	+2	Breath weapon	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
4th	+3	+2	+1	+2	Ability boost (Str +2), natural armor increase (+1)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
5th	+3	+3	+2	+3	Blindsense 30 ft., bloodline feat	<u>—</u>
6th	+4	+3	+2	+3	Ability boost (Con +2)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
7th	+5	+4	+2	+4	Dragon form (1/day), natural armor increase (+1)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
8th	+6	+4	+3	+4	Ability boost (Int +2), bloodline feat	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
9th	+6	+5	+3	+5	Wings	
10th	+7	+5	+3	+5	Blindsense 60 ft., Dragon form (2/day)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class

character of that class would have gained, except for the dragon disciple's bloodline. additional spells per day, spells known (if he is a spontaneous spellcaster), and an increased effective level of spellcasting. If a character had more than one arcane spellcasting class before becoming a dragon disciple, he must decide to which class he adds the new level for purposes of determining spells per day.

sorcerer levels when determining the powers gained from his bloodline. If the dragon disciple does not have levels of sorcerer, he instead gains bloodline powers of the draconic bloodline, using his dragon disciple level as his sorcerer level to determine the bonuses gained. He must choose a dragon type upon gaining his first level in this class and that type must be the same as his sorcerer type. This ability does not grant bonus spells to a sorcerer unless he possesses spell slots of an appropriate level. Such bonus spells are automatically granted if the sorcerer gains spell slots of the Any opponent the dragon disciple cannot see still has total spell's level.

Natural Armor Increase (Ex): As his skin thickens, a dragon disciple takes on more and more of his progenitor's physical aspect. At 1st, 4th, and 7th level, a dragon disciple gains an increase to the character's existing natural armor (if any), as indicated on Table: Dragon Disciple. These armor bonuses stack.

Ability Boost (Ex): As a dragon disciple gains levels in this prestige class, his ability scores increase as noted on Table: Dragon Disciple. These increases stack and are gained as if through level advancement.

chosen from the draconic bloodline's bonus feat list.

his Strength modifier on damage rolls made with his bite. to 90 feet. Upon reaching 6th level, this bite also deals 1d6 points of

prestige class. He does not, however, gain other benefits a energy damage. The type of damage dealt is determined by

Breath Weapon (Su): At 3rd level, a dragon disciple gains the breath weapon bloodline power, even if his level does not yet grant that power. Once his level is high enough to grant this ability through the bloodline, the dragon disciple gains an additional use of his breath weapon each day. The type and shape of the breath weapon depends on the type of **Blood of Dragons**: A dragon disciple adds his level to his dragon selected by the dragon disciple, as detailed under the Draconic sorcerer bloodline description.

> **Blindsense** (Ex): At 5th level, the dragon disciple gains blindsense with a range of 30 feet. Using nonvisual senses the dragon disciple notices things he cannot see. He usually does not need to make Perception checks to notice and pinpoint the location of creatures within range of his blindsense ability, provided that he has line of effect to that creature.

> concealment against him, and the dragon disciple still has the normal miss chance when attacking foes that have concealment. Visibility still affects the movement of a creature with blindsense. A creature with blindsense is still denied its Dexterity bonus to Armor Class against attacks from creatures it cannot see. At 10th level, the range of this ability increases to 60 feet.

Dragon Form (Sp): At 7th level, a dragon disciple can assume the form of a dragon. This ability works like form of the dragon I. At 10th level, this ability functions as form of the dragon II and the dragon disciple can use this ability twice per day. His caster level for this effect is equal to his Bloodline Feat: Upon reaching 2nd level, and every three effective sorcerer levels for his draconic bloodline. levels thereafter, a dragon disciple receives one bonus feat, Whenever he casts form of the dragon, he must assume the form of a dragon of the same type as his bloodline.

Dragon Bite (Ex): At 2nd level, whenever the dragon Wings (Su): At 9th level, a dragon disciple gains the wings disciple uses his bloodline to grow claws, he also gains a bite bloodline power, even if his level does not yet grant that attack. This natural attack is made at the dragon disciple's power. Once his level is high enough to grant this ability full base attack bonus. The dragon disciple adds 1-1/2 times through the bloodline, the dragon disciple's speed increases

Duelists represent the pinnacle of elegant swordplay. They The path to the duelist is natural for rogues and bards, as protection as their grace allows them to dodge their elaborate rules and etiquette for battle. opponents with ease. While others flounder on treacherous terrain, duelists charge nimbly across the battlefield, leaping and tumbling into the fray. They thrive in melee, where their skill with the blade allows them to make sudden attacks

Duelist against clumsy foes and to cripple opponents with particularly well-placed thrusts of the blade.

move with a grace unmatched by most foes, parrying blows those classes do not rely on armor for defense, although and countering attacks with swift thrusts of their blades. nearly as many duelists come from the ranks of fighters and They may wear armor, but generally eschew such bulky rangers. They are often found in those regions that possess

> Role: The abilities of duelists complement those rogues or bards who wish to accentuate their fighting prowess but, because of their lack of heavy armor, are afraid to leap into

barbarians, and other melee combatants, deftly avoiding the with light armor but not with shields. blades of their opponents while expertly targeting their vulnerabilities.

most hail from backgrounds as rogues or bards, they tend to to modify Armor Class while wielding a melee weapon. If a eschew lawful behavior. Lawful duelists are not unheard of, duelist is caught flat-footed or otherwise denied her however, and such duelists often adhere to a strict code of Dexterity bonus, she also loses this bonus. honor, refusing to attack unarmed or obviously inferior opponents.

Hit Die: d10.

Requirements

To qualify to become a duelist, a character must fulfill all the following criteria.

Base Attack Bonus: +6.

Skills: Acrobatics 2 ranks, Perform 2 ranks.

Feats: Dodge, Mobility, Weapon Finesse.

Class Skills

The duelist's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Acrobatics (Dex), Bluff (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Perception (Wis), Perform (Cha), and Sense Motive (Wis).

Skill Ranks at Each Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the duelist prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: The duelist is proficient

combat. Duelists fight in the forefront alongside fighters, with all simple and martial weapons. Duelists are proficient

Canny Defense (Ex): When wearing light or no armor and not using a shield, a duelist adds 1 point of Intelligence Alignment: Duelists can be of any alignment, although since bonus (if any) per duelist class level to her Dexterity bonus

> Precise Strike (Ex): A duelist gains the ability to strike precisely with a light or one-handed piercing weapon, adding her duelist level to her damage roll.

> When making a precise strike, a duelist cannot attack with a weapon in her other hand or use a shield. A duelist's precise strike only works against living creatures with discernible anatomies. Any creature that is immune to critical hits is also immune to a precise strike, and any item or ability that protects a creature from critical hits also protects a creature from a precise strike.

> **Improved Reaction (Ex)**: At 2nd level, a duelist gains a +2 bonus on initiative checks. At 8th level, the bonus increases to +4. This bonus stacks with the benefit provided by the Improved Initiative feat.

> Parry (Ex): At 2nd level, a duelist learns to parry the attacks of other creatures, causing them to miss. Whenever the duelist takes a full attack action with a light or one-handed piercing weapon, she can elect not to take one of her attacks. At any time before her next turn, she can attempt to parry an attack against her or an adjacent ally as an immediate action. To parry the attack, the duelist makes an attack roll, using the same bonuses as the attack she chose to forego during her previous action. If her attack roll is greater than the roll of the attacking creature, the attack automatically misses. For each size category that the attacking creature is larger than the duelist, the duelist takes a -4 penalty on her attack roll. The duelist also takes a -4 penalty when attempting to parry

Table 11-5: Duelist

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special
1st	+1	+0	+1	+0	Canny defense, precise strike
2nd	+2	+1	+1	+1	Improved reaction +2, parry
3rd	+3	+1	+2	+1	Enhanced mobility
4th	+4	+1	+2	+1	Combat Reflexes, grace
5th	+5	+2	+3	+2	Riposte
6th	+6	+2	+3	+2	Acrobatic charge
7th	+7	+2	+4	+2	Elaborate defense
8th	+8	+3	+4	+3	Improved reaction +4
9th	+9	+3	+5	+3	Deflect Arrows, no retreat
10th	+10	+3	+5	+3	Crippling critical

an attack made against an adjacent ally. The duelist must Depending on the circumstance, she may still need to make declare the use of this ability after the attack is announced, appropriate checks to successfully move over the terrain. but before the roll is made.

gains an additional +4 bonus to AC against attacks of every 3 levels of duelist she has attained. opportunity caused when she moves out of a threatened square.

Combat Reflexes: At 4th level, a duelist gains the benefit of piercing weapon. The duelist does not need a free hand to use the Combat Reflexes feat when using a light or one-handed this feat. piercing weapon.

competence bonus on all Reflex saving throws. This ability opportunity from the duelist. functions for a duelist only when she is wearing light or no armor and not using a shield.

within reach.

Acrobatic Charge (Ex): At 6th level, a duelist gains the ability to charge in situations where others cannot. She may charge over difficult terrain that normally slows movement.

Elaborate Defense (Ex): At 7th level and higher, if a duelist Enhanced Mobility (Ex): Starting at 3rd level, when chooses to fight defensively or use total defense in melee wearing light or no armor and not using a shield, a duelist combat, she gains an additional +1 dodge bonus to AC for

> Deflect Arrows: At 9th level, a duelist gains the benefit of the Deflect Arrows feat when using a light or one-handed

No Retreat (Ex): At 9th level, enemies adjacent to the Grace (Ex): At 4th level, a duelist gains an additional +2 duelist that take a withdraw action provoke an attack of

Crippling Critical (Ex): When you confirm a critical hit using a light or one-handed piercing weapon, you can apply Riposte (Ex): Starting at 5th level, a duelist can make an one of the following penalties in addition to the damage attack of opportunity against any creature whose attack she dealt: reduce all of the target's speeds by 10 feet (minimum 5 successfully parries, so long as the creature she is attacking is feet), 1d4 points of Strength or Dexterity damage, -4 penalty on all saving throws, -4 penalty to Armor Class, or 2d6 points of bleed damage. These penalties last for 1 minute, except for ability damage, which must be healed normally, and bleed damage, which continues until the target receives magic healing or a DC 15 Heal skill check.

Eldritch Knight

Fearsome warriors and spellcasters, eldritch knights are rare among magic-users in their ability to wade into battle Hit Die: d10. alongside fighters, barbarians, and other martial classes. Those who must face eldritch knights in combat fear them greatly, for their versatility on the battlefield is tremendous; Requirements against heavily armed and armored opponents they may level crippling spells, while opposing spellcasters meet their ends on an eldritch knight's blade.

Because the road to becoming an eldritch knight requires both martial prowess and arcane power, eldritch knights almost always begin their paths as multiclassed characters, such as fighter/wizards or ranger/sorcerers. They may be found wherever studies of the arcane are as prevalent as martial training.

Role: Eldritch knights blend the abilities of fighting classes and spellcasters, hurling magic at the enemy one moment and hewing down their opponents with steel the next. They are just as comfortable fighting in the thick of combat as they are casting spells at foes while remaining safely behind their compatriots. Their versatility makes them valuable allies Skill Ranks at Each Level: 2 + Int modifier. when the nature of an upcoming battle is unclear.

Alignment: The road to becoming an eldritch knight is as varied as the paths leading to apprenticeship under a wizard or a career as a soldier, and eldritch knights can therefore be All of the following are features of the eldritch knight

of any alignment. Maintaining a balance between studies of arcane lore and martial techniques requires great discipline, however, and for that reason many favor lawful alignments.

To qualify to become an eldritch knight, a character must fulfill all the following criteria.

Weapon Proficiency: Must be proficient with all martial weapons.

Spells: Able to cast 3rd-level arcane spells.

Class Skills

The eldritch knight's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Climb (Str), Knowledge (arcana) (Int), Knowledge (nobility and royalty) (Int), Linguistics (Int), Ride (Dex), Sense Motive (Wis), Spellcraft (Int), and Swim (Str).

Class Features

Table 11-6: Eldritch Knight

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Spells per Day
1st	+1	+1	+0	+0	Bonus combat feat, diverse training	_
2nd	+2	+1	+1	+1	_	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
3rd	+3	+2	+1	+1	_	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
4th	+4	+2	+1	+1	_	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
5th	+5	+3	+2	+2	Bonus combat feat	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
6th	+6	+3	+2	+2	_	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
7th	+7	+4	+2	+2	_	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
8th	+8	+4	+3	+3	_	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
9th	+9	+5	+3	+3	Bonus combat feat	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class
10th	+10	+5	+3	+3	Spell critical	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class

proficiency with any weapon or armor.

Bonus Feat: At 1st level, an eldritch knight may choose a bonus combat feat. This is in addition to the feats that a character of any class normally gets from advancing levels. The character must still meet any prerequisites for these bonus feats. An eldritch knight gains an additional combat feat at 5th and 9th level.

Diverse Training: An eldritch knight adds his level to any spells per day. levels of fighter he might have for the purpose of meeting the prerequisites for feats (if he has no fighter levels, treat his eldritch knight levels as levels of fighter). He also adds his level to any levels in an arcane spellcasting class for the purpose of meeting the prerequisites for feats.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Eldritch knights gain no gains new spells per day as if he had also gained a level in an arcane spellcasting class he belonged to before adding the prestige class. He does not, however, gain any other benefit a character of that class would have gained, except for additional spells per day, spells known (if he is a spontaneous spellcaster), and an increased effective level of spellcasting. If a character had more than one arcane spellcasting class before becoming an eldritch knight, he must decide to which class he adds the new level for purposes of determining

Spell Critical (Su): At 10th level, whenever an eldritch knight successfully confirms a critical hit, he can cast a spell as a swift action. The spell must include the target of the attack as one of its targets or in its area of effect. Casting this spell does not provoke an attack of opportunity. The caster Spells per Day: At the indicated levels, an eldritch knight must still meet all of the spell's components and must roll for arcane spell failure if necessary.

Loremaster

The loremaster is a gatherer and keeper of secrets. He is often obsessed by the written word, with cryptic and arcane lore serving as his devoted mistress. Holding to the adage that knowledge is power, the loremaster often forsakes material wealth and personal glory for rare or unusual information, an endless quest that brings him ever closer to become a loremaster. his unattainable goal: perfection through edification. Often rejecting what he views as the pointless affectations and transitory pleasures of his short-sighted neighbors, the loremaster believes that the only worthwhile goal in life is the acquisition of intellectual might. After all, wealth is age, while the mind's capacity to grow greater with time is might provide a degree of protection to the scholar while he

The loremaster class holds little appeal for non-spellcasters -indeed, before one can devote a life to the studies and traditions of the loremaster, a character must first master several spells of the school of divination. Most loremasters begin their paths as clerics or wizards, but any character capable of casting enough divination spells can, eventually,

Role: Loremasters' lives are spent in study, research, and fieldwork. While the first two lend themselves to the loremaster's reputation as a bookish recluse, the latter oftentimes forces a loremaster to seek out the aid of spent, passions fade, and the power of the body is limited by adventurers who, through a mutually beneficial arrangement,

Table 11-7: Loremaster

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Spells per Day
1st	+0	+0	+0	+1	Secret	+1 level of existing class
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1	Lore	+1 level of existing class
3rd	+1	+1	+1	+2	Secret	+1 level of existing class
4th	+2	+1	+1	+2	Bonus language	+1 level of existing class
5th	+2	+2	+2	+3	Secret	+1 level of existing class
6th	+3	+2	+2	+3	Greater lore	+1 level of existing class
7th	+3	+2	+2	+4	Secret	+1 level of existing class
8th	+4	+3	+3	+4	Bonus language	+1 level of existing class
9th	+4	+3	+3	+5	Secret	+1 level of existing class
10th	+5	+3	+3	+5	True lore	+1 level of existing class

seeks whatever knowledge he is after. For his part, the loremaster provides a wealth of information and arcane firepower to a party. Some loremasters actively deride those To qualify to become a loremaster, a character must fulfill all of their kind who fear to leave the safety of the temple or the following criteria. library, pointing out that only old lore can be discovered in books—new lore must be sought out in the world. These more active loremasters might join up with an adventuring Feats: Any three metamagic or item creation feats, plus Skill party for the benefit of the journey, content with whatever Focus (Knowledge [any individual Knowledge skill]). knowledge might be picked up along the way.

Alignment: Most loremasters cannot be bothered with which must be 3rd level or higher. distracting and pointless philosophies such as ethics, and so tend to be neutral, neutral good, or neutral evil.

Hit Die: d6.

Requirements

Skills: Knowledge (any two) 7 ranks in each.

Spells: Able to cast seven different divination spells, one of

Class Skills

The loremaster's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Appraise (Int), Diplomacy (Cha), Handle Animals

Table 11-8: Loremaster Secrets

Level + Int Modifier	Secret	Effect
1	Instant mastery	4 ranks of a skill in which the character has no ranks
2	Secret health	Toughness bonus feat
3	Secrets of inner strength	+2 bonus on Will saves
4	The lore of true stamina	+2 bonus on Fortitude saves
5	Secret knowledge of avoidance	+2 bonus on Reflex saves
6	Weapon trick	+1 bonus on attack rolls
7	Dodge trick	+1 dodge bonus to AC
8	Applicable knowledge	Any one feat
9	Newfound arcana	1 bonus 1st-level spell*
10	More newfound arcana	1 bonus 2nd-level spell*

^{*} As if gained through having a high ability score.

(Int), Linguistics (Int), Perform (Cha), Spellcraft (Int), and 5th, 7th, and 9th), the loremaster chooses one secret from the Use Magic Device (Cha).

Skill Ranks at Each Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are Class Features of the loremaster prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Loremasters gain no proficiency with any weapon or armor.

Spells per Day/Spells Known: When a new loremaster level is gained, the character gains new spells per day as if he had also gained a level in a spellcasting class he belonged to before adding the prestige class. He does not, however, gain other benefits a character of that class would have gained, except for additional spells per day, spells known (if he is a spells per day.

(Cha), Heal (Wis), Knowledge (all skills taken individually) Secret: At 1st level and every two levels higher than 1st (3rd, Loremaster Secrets table. His level plus Intelligence modifier determines which secrets he can choose. He can't choose the same secret twice.

> Lore: At 2nd level, a loremaster adds half his level to all Knowledge skill checks and may make such checks untrained. The bonuses gained from this ability stack with those gained from Bardic Knowledge.

> **Bonus Languages**: A loremaster can learn any new language at 4th and 8th level.

> Greater Lore (Ex): At 6th level, a loremaster gains the ability to understand magic items. Whenever a loremaster examines a magic item to determine its properties, he gains a +10 circumstance bonus on his Spellcraft skill check.

True Lore (Ex): At 10th level, a loremaster's knowledge becomes vast indeed. Once per day a loremaster can use his spontaneous spellcaster), and an increased effective level of knowledge to gain the effect of a legend lore spell or an spellcasting. If a character had more than one spellcasting analyze dweomer spell. If used to create a legend lore effect, class before becoming a loremaster, he must decide to which this ability has a casting time of 1 minute, regardless of how class he adds the new level for purposes of determining much information is already known about the subject in question.

Mystic Theurge

Mystic theurges place no boundaries on their magical abilities and find no irreconcilable paradox in devotion to the Hit Die: d6. arcane as well as the divine. They seek magic in all of its forms, finding no reason or logic in denying themselves instruction by limiting their knowledge to one stifling Requirements paradigm, though many are simply hungry for limitless power. No matter what their motivations, mystic theurges To qualify to become a mystic theurge, a character must believe that perception is reality, and through the divine fulfill all the following criteria. forces and astral energies of the multiverse, that perception can be used to manipulate and control not only the nature of this reality, but destiny itself.

Mystic theurges are drawn from multiclass spellcasters who can already cast both arcane and divine spells, and the powers that they gain increase their mastery over both.

Role: The mystic theurge is a powerful component for any party, supplying magic for attack, defense, and healing. Mystic theurges travel the world in search of arcane and holy artifacts, magical lore, or divine revelations, and most have no qualms about teaming up with groups of adventurers so long as that group's goals do not directly conflict with their Skill Ranks at Each Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Alignment: The motivations of a mystic theurge rarely stem from a sense of altruism or philanthropy, so most tend to be neutral, neutral good, or neutral evil. Lawful mystic theurges, All of the following are features of the mystic theurge whether good, neutral, or evil, are rarer, and often use their

powers for either the benefit—or control—of society. Chaotic mystic theurges are rarer still, as the calling generally requires great personal discipline.

Skills: Knowledge (arcana) 3 ranks, Knowledge (religion) 3 ranks.

Spells: Able to cast 2nd-level divine spells and 2nd-level arcane spells.

Class Skills

The mystic theurge's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Knowledge (arcana) (Int), Knowledge (religion) (Int), Sense Motive (Wis), and Spellcraft (Int).

Class Features

prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Mystic theurges gain no proficiency with any weapon or armor.

the character gains new spells per day as if he had also gained a level in any one arcane spellcasting class he belonged to before he added the prestige class and any one divine spellcasting class he belonged to previously. He does not, however, gain other benefits a character of that class would have gained. This essentially means that he adds the level of mystic theurge to the level of whatever other arcane spellcasting class and divine spellcasting class the character has, then determines spells per day, spells known, and caster level accordingly. If a character had more than one arcane spellcasting class or more than one divine spellcasting class before he became a mystic theurge, he must decide to which class he adds each level of mystic theurge for the purpose of Spell Synthesis (Su): At 10th level, a mystic theurge can cast determining spells per day.

Combined Spells (Su): A mystic theurge can prepare and cast spells from one of his spellcasting classes using the available slots from any of his other spellcasting classes. Spells prepared or cast in this way take up a slot one level higher than they originally occupied. This ability cannot be used to cast a spell at a lower level if that spell exists on both spell lists. At 1st level, a mystic theurge can prepare 1st-level

spells from one of his spellcasting classes using the 2nd-level slots of the other spellcasting class. Every two levels thereafter, the level of spells that can be cast in this way increases by one, to a maximum of 5th-level spells at 9th Spells per Day: When a new mystic theurge level is gained, level (these spells would take up 6th-level spell slots). The components of these spells do not change, but they otherwise follow the rules for the spellcasting class used to cast the spell.

> Spontaneous spellcasters can only select spells that they have prepared that day using non-spontaneous classes for this ability, even if the spells have already been cast. For example, a cleric/sorcerer/mystic theurge can use this ability to spontaneously cast a bless spell using a 2nd-level sorcerer spell slot, if the character had a prepared bless spell using a 1st-level cleric spell slot, even if that spell had already been cast that day.

> two spells, one from each of his spellcasting classes, using one action. Both of the spells must have the same casting time. The mystic theurge can make any decisions concerning the spells independently. Any target affected by both of the spells takes a -2 penalty on saves made against each spell. The mystic theurge receives a +2 bonus on caster level checks made to overcome spell resistance with these two spells. A mystic theurge may use this ability once per day.

Table 11-9: Mystic Theurge

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special	Spells per Day
1st	+0	+0	+0	+1	Combined spells (1st)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1		+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
3rd	+1	+1	+1	+2	Combined spells (2nd)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
4th	+2	+1	+1	+2		+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
5th	+2	+2	+2	+3	Combined spells (3rd)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
6th	+3	+2	+2	+3		+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
7th	+3	+2	+2	+4	Combined spells (4th)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
8th	+4	+3	+3	+4		+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
9th	+4	+3	+3	+5	Combined spells (5th)	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class
10th	+5	+3	+3	+5	Spell synthesis	+1 level of existing arcane spellcasting class/ +1 level of existing divine spellcasting class

Pathfinder Chronicler Requirements

knowledge, Pathfinder chroniclers are quintessential must fulfill all the following criteria. adventurers, exploring the world for esoteric truths, magical **Skills**: Linguistics 3 ranks, Perform (oratory) 5 ranks, and mundane relics and artifacts, and new and mysterious vistas, be they wonderful or terrible. For some, this journey is purely about the wealth, for others the glory of discovery, Special: Must have authored or scribed something (other the bones of the ages and legends of forgotten epochs in an person (not a PC) paid at least 50 gp. effort to chronicle the deeds of yesterday, today, and tomorrow.

The Pathfinder chronicler class attracts any who see the chroniclers are more than mere treasure hunters.

Role: The Pathfinder chronicler's missions often thrust her into the role of party leader, and adventures typically result Skill Ranks at Each Level: 8 + Int modifier. from, and revolve around, his endless quests.

Alignment: A Pathfinder chronicler's alignment largely determines her motivations. Good characters tend to view their missions as noble ventures, neutral characters seek to The following are class features of the Pathfinder chronicler preserve knowledge for knowledge's sake, and evil characters are driven by an urge to accumulate wealth and add to their own glory.

Hit Dice: d8.

Brave explorers and scavengers of lost or forgotten To qualify to become a Pathfinder chronicler, a character

Profession (scribe) 5 ranks.

and still more are stirred by the irresistible drive to uncover than a magical scroll or other device) for which another

Class Skills

world as a great mystery to be unraveled, and thus has a The Pathfinder chronicler's class skills (and the key ability diverse and varied following, from fighters and bards to for each skill) are Appraise (Int), Bluff (Cha), Diplomacy wizards and clerics, and everything in between. However, (Cha), Disguise (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Intimidate (Cha), due to their role as historians and preservers of posterity, Knowledge (all skills, taken individually) (Int), Linguistics hopefuls must be literate and scholarly—for Pathfinder (Int), Perception (Wis), Perform (Cha), Ride (Dex), Sense Motive (Wis), Sleight of Hand (Dex), Survival (Wis), and Use Magic Device (Cha).

Class Features

prestige class.

Bardic Knowledge (Ex): This ability is identical to the bard class feature of the same name, and levels in this class stack with levels in any other class that grants a similar ability.

Deep Pockets (Ex): A Pathfinder chronicler collects items as well as lore, picking up small amounts of this or that throughout her travels. As a result, she may carry unspecified

Table 11-10: Pathfinder Chronicler

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special
1st	+0	+0	+1	+1	Bardic knowledge, deep pockets, master scribe
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1	Live to tell the tale, pathfinding
3rd	+2	+1	+2	+2	Bardic music, improved aid
4th	+3	+1	+2	+2	Epic tales
5th	+3	+2	+3	+3	Whispering campaign
6th	+4	+2	+3	+3	Inspired action (move)
7th	+5	+2	+4	+4	Call down the legends
8th	+6	+3	+4	+4	Greater epic tales
9th	+6	+3	+5	+5	Inspired action (standard)
10th	+7	+3	+5	+5	Lay of the exalted dead

any kind of gear that can reasonably fit into a backpack, +2. including potions and scrolls (but not any other sort of magic item). As a full-round action, the chronicler may dig through her pockets to retrieve an item she specifies at that time, deducting its value from the allocated amount of cost. This item cannot weigh more than 10 pounds. When the total remaining cost reaches 0, the chronicler can retrieve no more items until she refills her deep pockets by spending a few hours and an amount of gold to bring her total up to 100 gp per class level.

encumbers her less than the same amount of weight normally consumed. should. Finally, the Pathfinder chronicler gains a +4 bonus on Sleight of Hand checks made to conceal small objects on her person.

scrolls or other written magical items. A Pathfinder dependent effect. chronicler can make Linguistics checks to decipher text as a full-round action and can always take 10 on Linguistics and Profession (scribe) checks, even if distracted or endangered.

she failed a saving throw in a previous round, even if the chronicler's choice) for 1 day per class level. effect is normally permanent. This ability has no effect on conditions that do not allow saving throws or against instantaneous effects.

chronicler develops an excellent sense of direction and skill against the ally's number of actions on his own turn. at leading others through difficult terrain or by following ancient maps. A Pathfinder chronicler gains a +5 bonus on Survival checks made to avoid becoming lost and to Intelligence checks to escape a maze spell. In addition, she Call Down the Legends (Su): At 7th level, once per week as extend this benefit to one companion per class level.

Bardic Music (Su): At 3rd level, a Pathfinder chronicler gains this ability, which functions like the bard class feature of the same name, except that the chronicler's effective bard level is 2 lower than her class level. Levels in this class stack Greater Epic Tales (Su): At 8th level, the Pathfinder with levels in any other class that grants a similar ability to chronicler's written word gains power. This ability functions determine her effective bard level.

Improved Aid (Ex): Pathfinder chroniclers frequently serve as the companions of great heroes, standing by their sides and recording their deeds, but often lending a crucial helping hand. Starting at 3rd level, a Pathfinder chronicler using the Lay of the Exalted Dead (Su): Once per week as a full-

equipment worth up to 100 gp per class level. This can be aid another action grants a +4 bonus, rather than the normal

Epic Tales (Su): A 4th-level Pathfinder chronicler can inscribe a tale so evocative and so moving that it conveys the effects of bardic music through the written word. To create an epic tale requires two daily uses of her bardic music ability, and any relevant skill ranks or checks are made with Profession (scribe) rather than Perform (oratory). An epic tale affects only the reader, but it grants all the benefits that would normally apply for hearing a performance. A Pathfinder chronicler may apply the effects of any feats that In addition, if she takes 1 hour to pack her gear each day, she affect bardic music to her epic tales. An epic tale retains its gains a +4 bonus to Strength to determine her light supernatural potency for 1 day per class level. It requires 1 encumbrance. This does not affect her maximum carrying hour to inscribe, a full-round action to activate, and has a capacity. The efficient distribution of weight simply duration of 1 minute. Once activated, an epic tale's magic is

Whispering Campaign (Ex): Pathfinder chroniclers influence the world through their control of information and ability to shape public perception. At 5th level, as a special Master Scribe (Ex): A Pathfinder chronicler adds her class use of bardic music, the Pathfinder chronicler can create the level as a bonus on all Linguistics and Profession (scribe) effect of a doom spell as cast by a sorcerer of her class level checks, as well as Use Magic Device checks involving by denouncing a creature in person. This is a language-

Alternatively, the chronicler can denounce a particular target (an individual or a definable group of creatures) to others. This form of bardic music creates the effect of the enthrall Live to Tell the Tale (Ex): At 2nd level, once per day per spell, but at the end of the performance all creatures who two class levels, a Pathfinder chronicler can attempt a new failed to save shift their attitude toward the target of the saving throw against any ongoing condition against which oration by one step (in the direction of the Pathfinder

Inspire Action (Su): As a special use of bardic music, a 6thlevel Pathfinder chronicler can exhort any one ally within hearing to a sudden surge of action, allowing her ally to Pathfinding (Ex): Beginning at 2nd level, a Pathfinder immediately take an extra move action. This does not count

> At 9th level, she can enable an ally to immediately take a standard action instead.

always uses the "road or trail" overland movement modifier a full-round action, a Pathfinder chronicler can summon 2d4 even when in trackless terrain, whether on foot or mounted. 4th-level human barbarians, as if she used a bronze horn of With a DC 15 Survival check, the Pathfinder chronicler can Valhalla; these summoned barbarians serve her with complete loyalty. The barbarians are constructs, not actual people (although they seem to be). They arrive with the normal starting equipment for barbarians and attack anyone the chronicler designates.

> like the chronicler's epic tales ability, except that if read aloud, the bardic music takes effect as if the author had used the ability, but the effects are targeted by the reader and use the reader's Charisma score where applicable.

sources). They arrive wearing +2 studded leather and Pathfinder chronicler's Charisma modifier). wielding +1 ghost touch greataxes (allowing them to deal

round action, a 10th-level Pathfinder chronicler can summon full damage to corporeal creatures) and attack anyone the 1d4+1 5th-level human barbarians, as if she used an iron chronicler designates. To the chronicler and their allies, these horn of Valhalla. The summoned barbarians serve her with exalted dead appear like a noble troop of spectral warriors. complete and unquestioning loyalty. They are constructs, Her enemies, however, behold the terrible wrath of the with the incorporeal subtype (they take 50% of the damage ancient heroes and must succeed at Will saves or become from corporeal sources, and no damage from nonmagical shaken for 1 round per summoned barbarian (DC 15 + the

Shadowdancer

Civilized folk have always feared the night, barring themselves behind doors or comforting themselves with Alignment: Because of their nature as visually duplicitous creatures that prowl the darkness. Yet long ago, some learned that the best way to conquer an enemy is to embrace it. These were the first shadowdancers.

Shadowdancers exist in the boundary between light and darkness, where they weave together the shadows to become half-seen artists of deception. Unbound by any specified morality or traditional code, shadowdancers encompass a wide variety of adventuring types who have seen the value of the dark. Spellcasters use their abilities to safely cast spells from hiding and then move quickly away, while classes Requirements devoted to hand-to-hand combat enjoy the ability to attack foes with the element of surprise. Some even take the name of their kind quite literally, becoming eerie and mysterious performers and dancers, though more often the temptation presented by their talents with deception and infiltration causes shadowdancers to turn to lives of thievery.

Role: Shadowdancers adventure for a wide variety of reasons. Many adventuring parties find shadowdancers valuable members of their teams due to their incredible

attacks where they're least expected. For this reason, their services are often sought out by those groups in need of scouts or spies.

bonfires when the shadows grow long, rightfully wary of the tricksters, shadowdancers do not fit comfortably into the lawful category, as many use their talents to avoid the eyes of legitimate authority. Yet though they are allies of darkness, shadowdancers are neither inherently evil nor predisposed to good. To them, the darkness is simply the darkness, without any of the usual moral connotations made by the unenlightened.

Hit Die: d8.

To qualify to become a shadowdancer, a character must fulfill all the following criteria.

Skills: Stealth 5 ranks, Perform (dance) 2 ranks.

Feats: Combat Reflexes, Dodge, Mobility.

Class Skills

Table 11-11: Shadowdancer

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special
1st	+0	+0	+1	+0	Hide in plain sight
2nd	+1	+1	+1	+1	Evasion, darkvision, uncanny dodge
3rd	+2	+1	+2	+1	Rogue talent, shadow illusion, summon shadow
4th	+3	+1	+2	+1	Shadow call, shadow jump 40 ft.
5th	+3	+2	+3	+2	Defensive roll, improved uncanny dodge
6th	+4	+2	+3	+2	Rogue talent, shadow jump 80 ft.
7th	+5	+2	+4	+2	Slippery mind
8th	+6	+3	+4	+3	shadow jump 160 ft., shadow power
9th	+6	+3	+5	+3	Rogue talent
10th	+7	+3	+5	+3	Improved evasion, shadow jump 320 ft., shadow master

stealth and ability to surprise enemies with lightning-quick The shadowdancer's class skills (and the key ability for each

Disguise (Cha), Escape Artist (Dex), Perception (Wis), this ability is Charisma-based. Perform (Cha), Sleight of Hand (Dex), and Stealth (Dex).

Skill Ranks at Each Level: 6 + Int modifier.

Class Features

All of the following are features of the shadowdancer prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Shadowdancers are proficient with the club, crossbow (hand, light, or heavy), dagger (any type), dart, mace, morningstar, quarterstaff, rapier, sap, shortbow (normal and composite), and short sword. Shadowdancers are proficient with light armor but not with shields.

Stealth skill even while being observed. As long as she is within 10 feet of an area of dim light, a shadowdancer can hide herself from view in the open without anything to actually hide behind. She cannot, however, hide in her own replaced for 30 days. shadow.

exposed to any effect that normally allows her to attempt a Reflex saving throw for half damage, she takes no damage be used if the shadowdancer is wearing light armor or no armor.

Darkvision (Ex): At 2nd level, a shadowdancer gains darkvision out to a range of 60 feet. If she already has darkvision, the range increases by 30 feet.

Uncanny Dodge (Ex): At 2nd level, a shadowdancer cannot be caught flat-footed, even if the attacker is invisible. He still loses her Dexterity bonus to AC if immobilized. An shadowdancer with this ability can still lose his Dexterity bonus to AC if an opponent successfully uses the feint action four jumps of 10 feet each. Every two levels higher than 4th, against him.

If a shadowdancer already has uncanny dodge from a different class, he automatically gains improved uncanny dodge instead.

Rogue Talent: At 3rd level, and every three levels thereafter, a shadowdancer gains a special ability that allows her to confound her foes. This functions as the rogue talent class feature. A shadowdancer cannot select an individual talent more than once. If a shadowdancer has the advanced talents rogue class feature, she can chose from the advanced talents list instead.

Shadow Illusion (Sp): When a shadowdancer reaches 3rd level, she can create visual illusions. This ability functions as silent image, using the shadowdancer's level as the caster

skill) are Acrobatics (Dex), Bluff (Cha), Diplomacy (Cha), every two shadowdancer levels she has attained. The DC for

Summon Shadow (Su): At 3rd level, a shadowdancer can summon a shadow, an undead shade. Unlike a normal shadow, this shadow's alignment matches that of the shadowdancer, and the creature cannot create spawn. The summoned shadow receives a +4 bonus on Will saves made to halve the damage from positive channeled energy and the shadow cannot be turned or commanded. This shadow serves as a companion to the shadowdancer and can communicate intelligibly with the shadowdancer. This shadow has a number of hit points equal to half the shadowdancer's total. The shadow uses the shadowdancer's base attack bonus and base save bonuses.

If a shadow companion is destroyed, or the shadowdancer chooses to dismiss it, the shadowdancer must attempt a DC Hide in Plain Sight (Su): A shadowdancer can use the 15 Fortitude save. If the saving throw fails, the shadowdancer gains one permanent negative level. A successful saving throw avoids this negative level. A destroyed or dismissed shadow companion cannot be

Shadow Call (Sp): At 4th level, a shadowdancer can create Evasion (Ex): At 2nd level, a shadowdancer gains evasion. If creatures and effects out of raw shadow. This ability functions as shadow conjuration, using the shadowdancer's level as the caster level. A shadowdancer can use this ability with a successful saving throw. The evasion ability can only once per day at 4th level, plus one additional time per day for every two levels attained beyond 4th (2/day at 6th level, 3/day at 8th level, and 4/day at 10th level). Upon reaching 10th level, this ability functions as greater shadow conjuration. The DC for this ability is Charisma-based.

> Shadow Jump (Su): At 4th level, a shadowdancer gains the ability to travel between shadows as if by means of a dimension door spell. The limitation is that the magical transport must begin and end in an area with at least some dim light. A shadowdancer can jump up to a total of 40 feet each day in this way; this may be a single jump of 40 feet or the distance a shadowdancer can jump each day doubles (80 feet at 6th, 160 feet at 8th, and 320 feet at 10th). This amount can be split among many jumps, but each one, no matter how small, counts as a 10-foot increment.

> **Defensive Roll (Ex)**: Starting at 5th level, once per day, a shadowdancer can attempt to avoid a lethal blow. This functions as the rogue's advanced talent of the same name.

> Improved Uncanny Dodge (Ex): At 5th level and higher, shadowdancer can no longer be flanked. This defense denies a rogue the ability to sneak attack the assassin by flanking him, unless the attacker has at least four more rogue levels than the target has assassin levels.

If a character already has uncanny dodge from another class, the levels from the classes that grant uncanny dodge stack to level. A shadowdancer can use this ability once per day for determine the minimum rogue level required to flank the

character.

Slippery Mind (Ex): At 7th level, a shadowdancer becomes resilient to enchantment spells. This functions as the rogue's advanced talent of the same name.

Shadow Power (Sp): At 8th level, a shadowdancer can use raw shadow to damage her foes. This ability functions as *shadow evocation*, using the shadowdancer's level as the caster level. A shadowdancer can use this ability once per day at 8th level, and one additional time per day upon reaching 10th level. The DC for this ability is Charismabased.

Improved Evasion (Ex): This ability, gained at 10th level, works like evasion (see above). A shadowdancer takes no damage at all on successful saving throws against attacks that allow a Reflex saving throw for half damage. What's more, she takes only half damage even if she fails her saving throw.

Shadow Master (Su): At 10th level, whenever a shadowdancer is in an area of dim light, she gains DR 10/— and a +2 luck bonus on all saving throws. In addition, whenever she successfully scores a critical hit against a foe who is in an area of dim light, that foe is blinded for 1d6 rounds.

12. Gamemastering

Designing Encounters

The heart of any adventure is its encounters. An encounter is any event that puts a specific problem before the PCs that they must solve. Most encounters present combat with monsters or hostile NPCs, but there are many other types—a trapped corridor, a political interaction with a suspicious king, a dangerous passage over a rickety rope bridge, an awkward argument with a friendly NPC who suspects a PC has betrayed him, or anything that adds drama to the game. Brain-teasing puzzles, roleplaying challenges, and skill checks are all classic methods for resolving encounters, but the most complex encounters to build are the most common ones—combat encounters.

When designing a combat encounter, you first decide what level of challenge you want your PCs to face, then follow the steps outlined below.

Step 1—Determine APL: Determine the average level of your player characters—this is their Average Party Level (APL for short). You should round this value to the nearest whole number (this is one of the few exceptions to the round down rule). Note that these encounter creation guidelines assume a group of four or five PCs. If your group contains six or more players, add one to their average level. If your group contains three or fewer players, subtract one from their average level. For example, if your group consists of six players, two of which are 4th level and four of which are 5th level, their APL is 6th (28 total levels, divided by six players, rounding up, and adding one to the final result).

Table 12-1: Encounter Design

Difficulty	Challenge Rating Equals
Easy	APL-1
Average	APL
Challenging	APL +1
Hard	APL +2
Epic	APL+3

Table 12-2: CR Equivalencies

Number of Creatures	Equal to
1 Creature	CR
2 Creatures	CR +2
3 Creatures	CR +3
4 Creatures	CR +4
6 Creatures	CR +5

Number of Creatures	Equal to
8 Creatures	CR +6
12 Creatures	CR +7
16 Creatures	CR +8

Table 12-3: Experience Point Awards

	-	T	ndividual XI	D
CR	Total XP	1-3		
			4-5	6+
1/8	50	15	15	10
1/6	65	20	15	10
1/4	100	35	25	15
1/3	135	45	35	25
1/2	200	65	50	35
1	400	135	100	65
2	600	200	150	100
3	800	265	200	135
4	1,200	400	300	200
5	1,600	535	400	265
6	2,400	800	600	400
7	3,200	1,070	800	535
8	4,800	1,600	1,200	800
9	6,400	2,130	1,600	1,070
10	9,600	3,200	2,400	1,600
11	12,800	4,270	3,200	2,130
12	19,200	6,400	4,800	3,200
13	25,600	8,530	6,400	4,270
14	38,400	12,800	9,600	6,400
15	51,200	17,100	12,800	8,530
16	76,800	25,600	19,200	12,800
17	102,400	34,100	25,600	17,100
18	153,600	51,200	38,400	25,600
19	204,800	68,300	51,200	34,100
20	307,200	102,000	76,800	51,200
21	409,600	137,000	102,400	68,300
22	614,400	205,000	153,600	102,400
23	819,200	273,000	204,800	137,000
24	1,228,800	410,000	307,200	204,800
25	1,638,400	546,000	409,600	273,000
	, ,	,	,	,

Step 2—Determine CR: Challenge Rating (or CR) is a convenient number used to indicate the relative danger presented by a monster, trap, hazard, or other encounter—the higher the CR, the more dangerous the encounter. Refer to Table: Encounter Design to determine the Challenge Rating your group should face, depending on the difficulty of the

challenge you want and the group's APL.

add creatures, traps, and hazards whose combined XP does were one CR lower than its actual CR. not exceed the total XP budget for your encounter. It's easiest to add the highest CR challenges to the encounter first, filling out the remaining total with lesser challenges.

Point Awards. At CR 8, the stone giant is worth 4,800 XP, one higher. leaving you with another 4,800 points in your XP budget for the gargovles. Gargovles are CR 4 each, and thus worth 1,200 XP apiece, meaning that the encounter can support four gargoyles in its XP budget. You could further refine the encounter by including only three gargoyles, leaving you with 1,200 XP to spend on a trio of Small earth elemental servants (at CR 1, each is worth 400 XP) to further aid the stone giant.

little differently than normal monsters or monsters with class treasure budget in one fell swoop! levels. A creature that possesses class levels, but does not have any racial Hit Dice, is factored in as a creature with a CR equal to its class levels –1. A creature that only possesses Awarding Experience non-player class levels (such as a warrior or adept) is factored in as a creature with a CR equal to its class levels – 2. If this reduction would reduce a creature's CR to below 1, its CR drops one step on the following progression for each step below 1 this reduction would make: 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/6, 1/8.

High CR Encounters: The XP values for high-CR can seem quite daunting. Table: manage these large numbers. When using a large number of between game sessions to do that. identical creatures, this chart can help simplify the math by combining them into one CR, making it easier to find their total XP value. For example, using this chart, four CR 8 creatures (worth 4,800 XP each) are equivalent to a CR 12 creature (worth 19,200 XP).

encounter's difficulty.

Step 3—Build the Encounter: Determine the total XP Favorable Terrain for the PCs: An encounter against a award for the encounter by looking it up by its CR on Table: monster that's out of its favored element (like a yeti Experience Point Awards. This gives you an "XP budget" for encountered in a sweltering cave with lava, or an enormous the encounter. Every creature, trap, and hazard is worth an dragon encountered in a tiny room) gives the PCs an amount of XP determined by its CR, as noted on Table: advantage. Build the encounter as normal, but when you Experience Point Awards. To build your encounter, simply award experience for the encounter, do so as if the encounter

Unfavorable Terrain for the PCs: Monsters are designed with the assumption that they are encountered in their favored terrain—encountering a water-breathing aboleth in For example, let's say you want your group of six 8th-level an underwater area does not increase the CR for that PCs to face a challenging encounter against a group of encounter, even though none of the PCs breathe water. If, on gargoyles (each CR 4) and their stone giant boss (CR 8). The the other hand, the terrain impacts the encounter significantly PCs have an APL of 9, and table 12-1 tells you that a (such as an encounter against a creature with blindsight in an challenging encounter for your APL 9 group is a CR 10 area that suppresses all light), you can, at your option, encounter—worth 9,600 XP according to Table: Experience increase the effective XP award as if the encounter's CR were

NPC Gear Adjustments: You can significantly increase or decrease the power level of an NPC with class levels by adjusting the NPC's gear. The combined value of an NPC's gear is given in Creating NPCs on Table: NPC Gear. A classed NPC encountered with no gear should have his CR reduced by 1 (provided that loss of gear actually hampers the NPC), while a classed NPC that instead has gear equivalent to that of a PC (as listed on Table: Character Wealth by Adding NPCs: Creatures whose Hit Dice are solely a factor Level) has a CR of 1 higher than his actual CR. Be careful of their class levels and not a feature of their race, such as all awarding NPCs this extra gear, though—especially at high of the PC races detailed in Races, are factored into combats a levels, where you can blow out your entire adventure's

Pathfinder Roleplaying Game characters advance in level by defeating monsters, overcoming challenges, and completing adventures—in so doing, they earn experience points (XP for short). Although you can award experience points as soon as a challenge is overcome, this can quickly disrupt the flow of game play. It's easier to simply award experience points at the end of a game session—that way, if a character earns enough XP to gain a level, he won't disrupt the game while Equivalencies provides some simple formulas to help you he levels up his character. He can instead take the time

Keep a list of the CRs of all the monsters, traps, obstacles, and roleplaying encounters the PCs overcome. At the end of each session, award XP to each PC that participated. Each monster, trap, and obstacle awards a set amount of XP, as determined by its CR, regardless of the level of the party in Ad Hoc CR Adjustments: While you can adjust a specific relation to the challenge, although you should never bother monster's CR by advancing it, applying templates, or giving awarding XP for challenges that have a CR of 10 or more it class levels, you can also adjust an encounter's difficulty by lower than the APL. Pure roleplaying encounters generally applying ad hoc adjustments to the encounter or creature have a CR equal to the average level of the party (although itself. Listed here are three additional ways you can alter an particularly easy or difficult roleplaying encounters might be

one higher or lower). There are two methods for awarding that all PCs of equivalent level have roughly equal amounts XP. While one is more exact, it requires a calculator for ease of treasure and magic items. Since the primary income for a of use. The other is slightly more abstract.

Exact XP: Once the game session is over, take your list of defeated CR numbers and look up the value of each CR on Table: Experience Point Awards under the "Total XP" column. Add up the XP values for each CR and then divide this total by the number of characters—each character earns an amount of XP equal to this number.

Abstract XP: Simply add up the individual XP awards listed for a group of the appropriate size. In this case, the division is done for you-you need only total up all the awards to determine how many XP to award to each PC.

players conclude a major storyline or make an important accomplishment. These awards should be worth double the amount of experience points for a CR equal to the APL. Particularly long or difficult story arcs might award even more, at your discretion as GM.

Placing Treasure

Table 12-4: Character Wealth by Level

PC Level*	Wealth
2	1,000 gp
3	3,000 gp
4	6,000 gp
5	10,500 gp
6	16,000 gp
7	23,500 gp
8	33,000 gp
9	46,000 gp
10	62,000 gp
11	82,000 gp
12	108,000 gp
13	140,000 gp
14	185,000 gp
15	240,000 gp
16	315,000 gp
17	410,000 gp
18	530,000 gp
19	685,000 gp
20	880,000 gp

^{*} For 1st-level PCs, see table 6-1 in Equipment.

As PCs gain levels, the amount of treasure they carry and use increases as well. The Pathfinder Roleplaying Game assumes

PC derives from treasure and loot gained from adventuring, it's important to moderate the wealth and hoards you place in your adventures. To aid in placing treasure, the amount of treasure and magic items the PCs receive for their adventures is tied to the Challenge Rating of the encounters they face the higher an encounter's CR, the more treasure it can award.

Table: Character Wealth by Level lists the amount of treasure each PC is expected to have at a specific level. Note that this table assumes a standard fantasy game. Low-fantasy games might award only half this value, while high-fantasy games might double the value. It is assumed that some of this treasure is consumed in the course of an adventure (such as Story Awards: Feel free to award Story Awards when potions and scrolls), and that some of the less useful items are sold for half value so more useful gear can be purchased.

> Table: Character Wealth by Level can also be used to budget gear for characters starting above 1st level, such as a new character created to replace a dead one. Characters should spend no more than half their total wealth on any single item. For a balanced approach, PCs that are built after 1st level should spend no more than 25% of their wealth on weapons, 25% on armor and protective devices, 25% on other magic items, 15% on disposable items like potions, scrolls, and wands, and 10% on ordinary gear and coins. Different character types might spend their wealth differently than these percentages suggest; for example, arcane casters might spend very little on weapons but a great deal more on other magic items and disposable items.

> Table: Treasure Values per Encounter lists the amount of treasure each encounter should award based on the average level of the PCs and the speed of the campaign's XP progression (slow, medium, or fast). Easy encounters should award treasure one level lower than the PCs' average level. Challenging, hard, and epic encounters should award treasure one, two, or three levels higher than the PCs' average level, respectively. If you are running a low-fantasy game, cut these values in half. If you are running a high-fantasy game, double these values.

> Encounters against NPCs typically award three times the treasure a monster-based encounter awards, due to NPC gear. To compensate, make sure the PCs face off against a pair of additional encounters that award little in the way of treasure. Animals, plants, constructs, mindless undead, oozes, and traps are great "low treasure" encounters. Alternatively, if the PCs face a number of creatures with little or no treasure, they should have the opportunity to acquire a number of significantly more valuable objects sometime in the near future to make up for the imbalance. As a general rule, PCs should not own any magic item worth more than half their total character wealth, so make sure to check before awarding expensive magic items.

Table 12-5: Treasure Values per Encounter

Average Party Level Treasure per Encounter Slow Medium Fast 1 170 gp 260 gp 400 gp 2 350 gp 550 gp 800 gp 3 550 gp 800 gp 1,200 gp 4 750 gp 1,150 gp 1,700 gp 5 1,000 gp 1,550 gp 2,300 gp 6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,900 gp 7 1,750 gp 2,600 gp 3,900 gp
1 170 gp 260 gp 400 gp 2 350 gp 550 gp 800 gp 3 550 gp 800 gp 1,200 gp 4 750 gp 1,150 gp 1,700 gp 5 1,000 gp 1,550 gp 2,300 gp 6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,000 gp
2 350 gp 550 gp 800 gp 3 550 gp 800 gp 1,200 gp 4 750 gp 1,150 gp 1,700 gp 5 1,000 gp 1,550 gp 2,300 gp 6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,000 gp
3 550 gp 800 gp 1,200 gp 4 750 gp 1,150 gp 1,700 gp 5 1,000 gp 1,550 gp 2,300 gp 6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,000 gp
4 750 gp 1,150 gp 1,700 gp 5 1,000 gp 1,550 gp 2,300 gp 6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,000 gp
5 1,000 gp 1,550 gp 2,300 gp 6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,000 gp
6 1,350 gp 2,000 gp 3,000 gp
7 1.750 gp 2.600 gp 3.900 gp
-, or -, or 5, 8P
8 2,200 gp 3,350 gp 5,000 gp
9 2,850 gp 4,250 gp 6,400 gp
10 3,650 gp 5,450 gp 8,200 gp
11 4,650 gp 7,000 gp 10,500 gp
12 6,000 gp 9,000 gp 13,500 gp
13 7,750 gp 11,600 gp 17,500 gp
14 10,000 gp 15,000 gp 22,000 gp
15 13,000 gp 19,500 gp 29,000 gp
16 16,500 gp 25,000 gp 38,000 gp
17 22,000 gp 32,000 gp 48,000 gp
18 28,000 gp 41,000 gp 62,000 gp
19 35,000 gp 53,000 gp 79,000 gp
20 44,000 gp 67,000 gp 100,000 g

Building a Treasure Hoard

While it's often enough to simply tell your players they've found 5,000 gp in gems and 10,000 gp in jewelry, it's generally more interesting to give details. Giving treasure a personality can not only help the verisimilitude of your Fine Artwork (100 gp or more): Although some artwork is objects as you see fit. It's easiest to place the expensive items salvage an adventure in and of itself. first—if you wish, you can even randomly roll magic items, using the tables in Magic Items, to determine what sort of items are present in the hoard. Once you've consumed a sizable portion of the hoard's value, the remainder can simply be loose coins or nonmagical treasure with values arbitrarily assigned as you see fit.

Coins: Coins in a treasure hoard can consist of copper, silver, gold, and platinum pieces—silver and gold are the most common, but you can divide the coinage as you wish. Coins and their value relative to each other are described at the start of Equipment.

Gems: Although you can assign any value to a gemstone, some are inherently more valuable than others. Use the value categories below (and their associated gemstones) as

guidelines when assigning values to gemstones.

Low-Quality Gems (10 gp): agates; azurite; blue quartz; hematite; lapis lazuli; malachite; obsidian; rhodochrosite; tigereye; turquoise; freshwater (irregular) pearl

Semi-Precious Gems (50 gp): bloodstone; carnelian; chalcedony; chrysoprase; citrine; jasper; moonstone; onyx; peridot; rock crystal (clear quartz); sard; sardonyx; rose, smoky, or star rose quartz; zircon

Medium Quality Gemstones (100 gp): amber; amethyst; chrysoberyl; coral; red or brown-green garnet; jade; jet; white, golden, pink, or silver pearl; red, red-brown, or deep green spinel; tourmaline

High Quality Gemstones (500 gp): alexandrite; aquamarine; violet garnet; black pearl; deep blue spinel; golden yellow

Jewels (1,000 gp): emerald; white, black, or fire opal; blue sapphire; fiery yellow or rich purple corundum; blue or black star sapphire

Grand Jewels (5,000 gp or more): clearest bright green emerald; diamond; jacinth; ruby

Nonmagical Treasures: This expansive category includes jewelry, fine clothing, trade goods, alchemical items, masterwork objects, and more. Unlike gemstones, many of these objects have set values, but you can always increase an object's value by having it be bejeweled or of particularly fine craftsmanship. This increase in cost doesn't grant additional abilities—a gem-encrusted masterwork cold iron scimitar worth 40,000 gp functions the same as a typical masterwork cold iron scimitar worth the base price of 330 gp. Listed below are numerous examples of several types of nonmagical treasures, along with typical values.

game, but can sometimes trigger new adventures. The composed of precious materials, the value of most paintings, information on the below can help you randomly determine sculptures, works of literature, fine clothing, and the like types of additional treasure—suggested values are given for come from their skill and craftsmanship. Artwork is often many of the objects, but feel free to assign values to the bulky or cumbersome to move and fragile to boot, making

> Jewelry, Minor (50 gp): This category includes relatively small pieces of jewelry crafted from materials like brass, bronze, copper, ivory, or even exotic woods, sometimes set with tiny or flawed low-quality gems. Minor jewelry includes rings, bracelets, and earrings.

> Jewelry, Normal (100-500 gp): Most jewelry is made of silver, gold, jade, or coral, often ornamented with semiprecious or even medium-quality gemstones. Normal jewelry includes all types of minor jewelry plus armbands, necklaces, and brooches.

> Jewelry, Precious (500 gp or more): Truly precious jewelry is crafted from gold, mithral, platinum, or similar rare metals. Such objects include normal jewelry types plus crowns,

scepters, pendants, and other large items.

Masterwork Tools (100-300 gp): This category includes masterwork weapons, armor, and skill kits-see Equipment for more details and costs for these items.

clothing work well as interesting bits of treasure. Trade afford. goods can even serve as treasure—10 pounds of saffron, for example, is worth 150 gp.

treasure maps, deeds to ships and homes, lists of informants or guard rosters, passwords, and the like can also make fun items of treasure—you can set the value of such items at any amount you wish, and often they can serve double-duty as adventure seeds.

Magic Items: Of course, the discovery of a magic item is the true prize for any adventurer. You should take care with the placement of magic items in a hoard—it's generally more satisfying for many players to find a magic item rather than purchase it, so there's no crime in placing items that happen to be those your players can use! An extensive list of magic items (and their costs) is given in Magic Items.

Magic Item Category	Average Value
Minor Item	1,000 gp
Medium Item	10,000 gp
Major Item	40,000 gp

Although you should generally place items with careful consideration of their likely effects on your campaign, it can be fun and save time to generate magic items in a treasure subtracting the indicated amount from your treasure budget and then rolling on the appropriate column on table 15-2 in Magic Items to determine what item is in the treasure hoard. Take care with this approach, though! It's easy, through the luck (or unluck) of the dice to bloat your game with too much treasure or deprive it of the same. Random magic item placement should always be tempered with good common sense by the GM.

Cost of Livina

An adventurer's primary source of income is treasure, and his primary purchases are tools and items he needs to continue adventuring-spell components, weapons, magic items, potions, and the like. Yet what about things like food? Rent? Taxes? Bribes? Idle purchases?

You can certainly handle these minor expenditures in detail during play, but tracking every time a PC pays for a room, buys water, or pays a gate tax can swiftly become obnoxious and tiresome. If you're not really into tracking these minor costs of living, you can choose to simply ignore these small Mundane Gear (up to 1,000 gp): There are many valuable payments. A more realistic and easier-to-use method is to items of mundane or alchemical nature detailed in have PCs pay a recurring cost of living tax. At the start of Equipment that can be utilized as treasure. Most of the every game month, a PC must pay an amount of gold equal alchemical items are portable and valuable, but other objects to the lifestyle bracket he wishes to live in—if he can't afford like locks, holy symbols, spyglasses, fine wine, or fine his desired bracket, he drops down to the first one he can

Destitute (0 gp/month): The PC is homeless and lives in the wilderness or on the streets. A destitute character must track Treasure Maps and Other Intelligence (variable): Items like every purchase, and may need to resort to Survival checks or theft to feed himself.

> Poor (3 gp/month): The PC lives in common rooms of taverns, with his parents, or in some other communal situation—this is the lifestyle of most untrained laborers and commoners. He need not track purchases of meals or taxes that cost 1 sp or less.

> Average (10 gp/month): The PC lives in his own apartment, small house, or similar location—this is the lifestyle of most trained or skilled experts or warriors. He can secure any nonmagical item worth 1 gp or less from his home in 1d10 minutes, and need not track purchases of common meals or taxes that cost 1 gp or less.

> Wealthy (100 gp/month): The PC has a sizable home or a nice suite of rooms in a fine inn. He can secure any nonmagical item worth 5 gp or less from his belongings in his home in 1d10 minutes, and need only track purchases of meals or taxes in excess of 10 gp.

Extravagant (1,000 gp/month): The PC lives in a mansion, castle, or other extravagant home—he might even own the building in question. This is the lifestyle of most aristocrats. hoard randomly. You can "purchase" random die rolls of He can secure any nonmagical item worth 25 gp or less from magic items for a treasure hoard at the following prices, his belongings in his home in 1d10 minutes. He need only track purchases of meals or taxes in excess of 100 gp.

Beyond 20th Level

Although Classes doesn't describe what happens after 20th level, this isn't to say that there are no resources available to you should you wish to continue your campaign on to 21st level and beyond. Rules for epic-level play like this exist in numerous products that are compatible with the Pathfinder Roleplaying Game, although in many cases these alternative rules can provide unanticipated problems. For example, if your campaign world is populated by creatures and villains who, at the upper limit of power, can challenge a 20th-level character, where will epic-level PCs go for challenges? You might be looking at creating an entirely new campaign setting, one set on different planes, planets, or dimensions

from the one where your players spent their first 20 levels, one for each level beyond 20th level. Every odd-numbered and that's a lot of work.

Paizo Publishing may eventually publish rules to take your game into these epic realms, but if you can't wait and would rather not use existing open content rules for epic-level play, you can use the following brief guidelines to continue beyond 20th level. Note that these guidelines aren't robust enough to keep the game vibrant and interesting on their own for much longer past 20th level, but they should do in a pinch for a campaign that needs, say, 22 or 23 experience levels to For example, a 21st-level wizard gains a single 10th-level wrap up. Likewise, you can use these rules to create superpowerful NPCs for 20th-level characters to face.

Experience Points: To gain a level beyond 20th, a character must double the experience points needed to achieve the previous level. Thus, assuming the medium XP progression, a 20th-level character needs 2,100,000 XP to become 21st level, since he needed 1,050,000 XP to reach 20th level from 19th. He'd then need 4,200,000 XP to reach 22nd level, 8,400,000 XP to reach 23rd, and so on.

Scaling Powers: Hit dice, base attack bonuses, and saving throws continue to increase at the same rate beyond 20th level, as appropriate for the class in question. Note that no character can have more than 4 attacks based on its base attack bonus. Note also that, before long, the difference between good saving throws and poor saving throws You might want to further adjust the rate of spell level gain becomes awkwardly large—the further you get from 20th level, the more noticeable this difference grows, and for slowly than more dedicated spellcaster classes. high-level characters, bolstering their poor saving throws should become increasingly important. Class abilities that have a set, increasing rate, such as a barbarian's damage reduction, a fighter's bonus feats and weapon training, a paladin's smite evil, or a rogue's sneak attack continue to progress at the appropriate rate.

Spells: A spellcaster's caster level continues to increase by

level, a spellcaster gains access to a new level of spell one above his previous maximum level, gaining one spell slot in that new level. These spell slots can be used to prepare or cast spells adjusted by metamagic feats or any known spell of lower levels. Every even-numbered level, a spellcaster gains additional spell slots equal to the highest level spell he can currently cast. He can split these new slots any way he wants among the slots he currently has access to.

spell slot, in which he can prepare any spell of level 1st through 9th, or in which he can prepare a metamagic spell that results in an effective spell level of 10 (such as extended summon monster IX, or quickened disintegrate). At 22nd level he gains 10 spell-levels' worth of new spell slots, and can gain 10 1st-level spells per day, two 5th-level spells per day, one 7th-level and one 3rd-level spell per day, or one more 10th-level spell per day. At 23rd level, he gains a single 11th-level spell slot, and so on.

Spellcasters who have a limited number of spells known (such as bards and sorcerers) can opt out of the benefits they gain (either a new level of spells or a number of spell slots) for that level and in exchange learn two more spells of any level they can currently cast.

for classes (like paladins and rangers) who gain spells more

Multiclassing/Prestige Classes: The simplest way to progress beyond 20th level is to simply multiclass or take levels in a prestige class, in which case you gain all of the abilities of the new class level normally. This effectively treats 20th level as a hard limit for class level, but not as a hard limit for total character level.

13. Environment

Dungeons

Of all the strange places that an adventurer might explore, none is deadlier than the dungeon. These labyrinths, full of deadly traps, hungry monsters, and priceless treasure, test every skill a character possesses. These rules can apply to dungeons of any type, from the wreck of a sunken ship to a vast cave complex.

Types of Dungeons

The four basic dungeon types are defined by their current status. Many dungeons are variations on these basic types or Natural Cavern Complex: Underground caves provide for different purposes.

Ruined Structure: Once occupied, this place is now abandoned (completely or in part) by its original creator or creators, and other creatures have wandered in. Many Fungi of all sorts thrive in caves, sometimes growing in huge subterranean creatures look for abandoned underground forests of mushrooms and puffballs. Subterranean predators constructions in which to make their lairs. Any traps that might exist have probably been set off, but wandering beasts might very well be common.

Occupied Structure: This type of dungeon is still in use. Creatures (usually intelligent) live there, although they might not be the dungeon's creators. An occupied structure might be a home, a fortress, a temple, an active mine, a prison, or a Natural cavern complexes often connect with other types of supplies, and the ability for occupants to move around. The manufactured dungeon and populate it. inhabitants might have a communication system, and they almost certainly control an exit to the outside.

Some dungeons are partially occupied and partially empty or in ruins. In such cases, the occupants are typically not the The following rules cover the basics of terrain that can be original builders, but instead a group of intelligent creatures that have set up their base, lair, or fortification within an abandoned dungeon.

Safe Storage: When people want to protect something, they sometimes bury it underground. Whether the item they want Masonry walls-stones piled on top of each other, usually to protect is a fabulous treasure, a forbidden artifact, or the dead body of an important figure, these valuable objects are placed within a dungeon and surrounded by barriers, traps, and guardians.

The safe storage dungeon is the most likely to have traps but the least likely to have wandering beasts. This type of dungeon is normally built for function rather than appearance, but sometimes it has ornamentation in the form of statuary or painted walls. This is particularly true of the tombs of important people.

Sometimes, however, a vault or a crypt is constructed in such a way as to house living guardians. The problem with this strategy is that something must be done to keep the creatures alive between intrusion attempts. Magic is usually the best solution to provide food and water for these creatures. Builders of vaults or tombs often use undead creatures or constructs, both of which have no need for sustenance or rest, to guard their dungeons. Magic traps can attack intruders by summoning monsters into the dungeon that disappear when their task is done.

combinations of more than one of them. Sometimes old homes for all sorts of subterranean monsters. Created dungeons are used again and again by different inhabitants naturally and connected by labyrinthine tunnel systems, these caverns lack any sort of pattern, order, or decoration. With no intelligent force behind its construction, this type of dungeon is the least likely to have traps or even doors.

> prowl these forests, looking for weaker creatures feeding upon the fungi. Some varieties of fungus give off a phosphorescent glow, providing a natural cavern complex with its own limited light source. In other areas, a daylight spell or similar magical effect can provide enough light for green plants to grow.

headquarters. This type of dungeon is less likely to have dungeons, the caves having been discovered when the traps or wandering beasts, and more likely to have organized manufactured dungeons were delved. A cavern complex can guards-both on watch and on patrol. Traps or wandering connect two otherwise unrelated dungeons, sometimes beasts that might be encountered are usually under the creating a strange mixed environment. A natural cavern control of the occupants. Occupied structures have complex joined with another dungeon often provides a route furnishings to suit the inhabitants, as well as decorations, by which subterranean creatures find their way into a

Dungeon Terrain

found in a dungeon.

Walls

but not always held in place with mortar-often divide dungeons into corridors and chambers. Dungeon walls can also be hewn from solid rock, leaving them with a rough, chiseled look. Still other dungeon walls can be the smooth, unblemished stone of a naturally occurring cave. Dungeon

walls are difficult to break down or through, but they're also usually wet or at least damp, since it's water that most generally easy to climb.

Table 13-1: Walls

Wall Type	Typical Thickness	Break DC	Hardness	Hit Points ¹	Climb DC
Masonry	1 ft.	35	8	90 hp	20
Superior masonry	1 ft.	35	8	90 hp	25
Reinforced masonry	1 ft.	45	8	180 hp	20
Hewn stone	3 ft.	50	8	540 hp	25
Unworked stone	5 ft.	65	8	900 hp	15
Iron	3 in.	30	10	90 hp	25
Paper	Paper-thin	1	_	1 hp	30
Wooden	6 in.	20	5	60 hp	21
Magically treated ²		+20	×2	$\times 2^3$	_

- 1 Per 10-foot-by-10-foot section.
- 2 This modifier can be applied to any of the other wall types.
- 3 Or an additional 50 hit points, whichever is greater.

Masonry Walls: The most common kind of dungeon wall, masonry walls are usually at least 1 foot thick. Often, these ancient walls sport cracks and crevices, and sometimes dangerous slimes or small monsters live in these areas and wait for prey. Masonry walls stop all but the loudest noises. It takes a DC 20 Climb check to travel along a masonry wall.

better built (smoother, with tighter-fitting stones and less cracking), and occasionally these superior walls are covered with plaster or stucco. Covered walls often bear paintings, carved reliefs, or other decoration. Superior masonry walls are no more difficult to destroy than regular masonry walls but are more difficult to climb (DC 25).

remains the same, but its hit points are doubled and the feature. Strength check DC to break through it is increased by 10.

Hewn Stone Walls: Such walls usually result when a chamber or passage is tunneled out from solid rock. The rough surface of a hewn wall frequently provides minuscule As with walls, dungeon floors come in many types. ledges where fungus grows and fissures where vermin, bats, and subterranean snakes live. When such a wall has an "other side" (meaning it separates two chambers in the dungeon). the wall is usually at least 3 feet thick; anything thinner risks collapsing from the weight of all the stone overhead. It takes a DC 25 Climb check to climb a hewn stone wall.

Unworked Stone Walls: These surfaces are uneven and rarely flat. They are smooth to the touch but filled with tiny holes, hidden alcoves, and ledges at various heights. They're

frequently creates natural caves. When such a wall has an

"other side," the wall is usually at least 5 feet thick. It takes a DC 15 Climb check to move along an unworked stone wall.

Iron Walls: These walls are placed within dungeons around important places, such vaults.

Paper Walls: Paper walls are placed as screens to block line of sight, but nothing more.

Wooden Walls: Wooden walls often exist as recent additions to older dungeons, used to create animal pens, storage bins, and temporary structures, or just to make a number of smaller rooms out of a larger one.

Magically Treated Walls:

These walls are stronger than average, with a greater hardness, more hit points, and a higher break DC. Magic can usually double the hardness and hit points of a wall and add up to 20 to the break DC. A magically treated wall also gains a saving throw against spells that could affect it, with the save bonus equaling 2 + 1/2 the caster level of the magic Superior Masonry Walls: Sometimes masonry walls are reinforcing the wall. Creating a magic wall requires the Craft Wondrous Item feat and the expenditure of 1,500 gp for each 10-foot-by-10-foot wall section.

Walls with Arrow Slits: Walls with arrow slits can be made of any durable material but are most commonly masonry, hewn stone, or wood. Such a wall allows defenders to fire arrows or crossbow bolts at intruders from behind the safety Reinforced Masonry Walls: These are masonry walls with of the wall. Archers behind arrow slits have improved cover iron bars on one or both sides of the wall, or placed within that gives them a +8 bonus to Armor Class, a +4 bonus on the wall to strengthen it. The hardness of a reinforced wall Reflex saves, and the benefits of the improved evasion class

Floors

Flagstone: Like masonry walls, flagstone floors are made of fitted stones. They are usually cracked and only somewhat level. Slime and mold grows in the cracks. Sometimes water runs in rivulets between the stones or sits in stagnant puddles. Flagstone is the most common dungeon floor.

Uneven Flagstone: Over time, some floors can become so uneven that a DC 10 Acrobatics check is required to run or charge across the surface. Failure means the character can't move that round. Floors as treacherous as this should be the

exception, not the rule.

Hewn Stone Floors: Rough and uneven, hewn floors are usually covered with loose stones, gravel, dirt, or other debris. A DC 10 Acrobatics check is required to run or charge across such a floor. Failure means the character can still act, Transparent Floor: Transparent floors, made of reinforced but can't run or charge in this round.

Light Rubble: Small chunks of debris litter the ground. Light rubble adds 2 to the DC of Acrobatics checks.

Dense Rubble: The ground is covered with debris of all used by defenders to watch key areas for intruders. sizes. It costs 2 squares of movement to enter a square with dense rubble. Dense rubble adds 5 to the DC of Acrobatics checks, and it adds 2 to the DC of Stealth checks.

polished, smooth floors are found only in dungeons made by creates, assuming there's somewhere else to go. If such a capable and careful builders.

Natural Stone Floors: The floor of a natural cave is as uneven as the walls. Caves rarely have flat surfaces of any great size. Rather, their floors have many levels. Some adjacent floor surfaces might vary in elevation by only a Trap Floors: Some floors are designed to become suddenly square with a natural stone floor, and the DC of Acrobatics you would any other trap. checks increases by 5. Running and charging are impossible, except along paths.

Slippery: Water, ice, slime, or blood can make any of the dungeon floors described in this section more treacherous. Slippery floors increase the DC of Acrobatics checks by 5.

Grate: A grate often covers a pit or an area lower than the main floor. Grates are usually made from iron, but large ones can also be made from iron-bound timbers. Many grates have checks to break through it or tear it loose.

Ledge: Ledges allow creatures to walk above some lower area. They often circle around pits, run along underground streams, form balconies around large rooms, or provide a place for archers to stand while firing upon enemies below. Narrow ledges (12 inches wide or less) require those moving along them to make Acrobatics checks. Failure results in the moving character falling off the ledge. Ledges sometimes have railings along the wall. In such a case, characters gain a +5 circumstance bonus on Acrobatics checks to move along the ledge. A character who is next to a railing gains a +2 circumstance bonus on his opposed Strength check to avoid being bull rushed off the edge.

Ledges can also have low walls 2 to 3 feet high along their edges. Such walls provide cover against attackers within 30 feet on the other side of the wall, as long as the target is closer to the low wall than the attacker is.

glass or magic materials (even a wall of force), allow a dangerous setting to be viewed safely from above. Transparent floors are sometimes placed over lava pools, arenas, monster dens, and torture chambers. They can be

Sliding Floors: A sliding floor is a type of trap door, designed to be moved and thus reveal something that lies beneath it. A typical sliding floor moves so slowly that Smooth Stone Floors: Finished and sometimes even anyone standing on one can avoid falling into the gap it floor slides quickly enough that there's a chance of a character falling into whatever lies beneath—a spiked pit, a vat of burning oil, or a pool filled with sharks—then it's a

foot, so that moving from one to the other is no more dangerous. With the application of just the right amount of difficult than negotiating a stair step, but in other places the weight, or the pull of a lever somewhere nearby, spikes floor might suddenly drop off or rise up several feet or more, protrude from the floor, gouts of steam or flame shoot up requiring Climb checks to get from one surface to the other. from hidden holes, or the entire floor tilts. These strange Unless a path has been worn and well marked in the floor of floors are sometimes found in arenas, designed to make a natural cave, it takes 2 squares of movement to enter a combats more exciting and deadly. Construct these floors as

Doors

Doors in dungeons are much more than mere entrances and exits. Often they can be encounters all by themselves. Dungeon doors come in three basic types: wooden, stone, and iron.

Wooden Doors: Constructed of thick planks nailed together, hinges to allow access to what lies below (such grates can be sometimes bound with iron for strength (and to reduce locked like any door), while others are permanent and swelling from dungeon dampness), wooden doors are the designed to not move. A typical 1-inch-thick iron grate has most common type. Wooden doors come in varying 25 hit points, hardness 10, and a DC of 27 for Strength strengths: simple, good, and strong. Simple doors (break DC 15) are not meant to keep out motivated attackers. Good doors (break DC 18), while sturdy and long-lasting, are still not meant to take much punishment. Strong doors (break DC 25) are bound in iron and are a sturdy barrier to those attempting to get past them. Iron hinges fasten the door to its frame, and typically a circular pull-ring in the center is there to help open it. Sometimes, instead of a pull-ring, a door has an iron pull-bar on one or both sides of the door to serve as a handle. In inhabited dungeons, these doors are usually wellmaintained (not stuck) and unlocked, although important areas are locked up if possible.

Table 13-2: Doors

Door Type	Typical Thickness	Hardness	Hit Points	Break DC	
Door Type	Typical Tillelliess	riai arioss	THE TOTAL	Stuck	Locked
Simple wooden	1 in.	5	10 hp	13	15
Good wooden	1-1/2 in.	5	15 hp	16	18
Strong wooden	2 in.	5	20 hp	23	25
Stone	4 in.	8	60 hp	28	28
Iron	2 in.	10	60 hp	28	28
Portcullis, wooden	3 in	5	30 hp	25*	25*
Portcullis, iron	2 in.	10	60 hp	25*	25*
Lock	_	15	30 hp	_	_
Hinge	_	10	30 hp	_	_

^{*} DC to lift. Use appropriate door figure for breaking.

Stone: Carved from solid blocks of stone, these heavy, although locks with lower or higher DCs can exist. A door able to fashion hinges strong enough to hold up a stone door. Secret doors concealed within a stone wall are usually stone doors. Otherwise, such doors stand as tough barriers protecting something important beyond. Thus, they are often locked or barred.

nonmagical door. They are usually locked or barred.

Breaking Doors: Dungeon doors might be locked, trapped, A special door might have a lock with no key, instead door with a heavy tool such as a sledgehammer, and a keypad in the correct sequence to open the door. number of spells and magic items give characters an easy way around a locked door.

Table: Doors. When assigning a DC to an attempt to knock a respectively) for long-abandoned or neglected dungeons. door down, use the following as guidelines.

DC 10 or Lower: a door just about anyone can break open.

DC 11-15: a door that a strong person could break with one try and an average person might be able to break with one try.

DC 16-20: a door that almost anyone could break, given now-open doorway.

DC 21-25: a door that only a strong or very strong person has a hope of breaking, probably not on the first try.

DC 26 or Higher: a door that only an exceptionally strong person has a hope of breaking.

Locks: Dungeon doors are often locked, and thus the Disable

Device skill comes in very handy. Locks are usually built into the door, either on the edge opposite the hinges or right in the middle of the door. Built-in locks either control an iron bar that juts out of the door and into the wall of its frame, or else a sliding iron bar or heavy wooden bar that rests behind the entire door. By contrast, padlocks are not built-in but usually run through two rings, one on the door and the other on the wall. More complex locks, such as combination locks and puzzle locks, are usually built into the door itself. Because such keyless locks are larger and more complex, they are typically only found in sturdy doors (strong wooden, stone, or iron doors).

The Disable Device DC to pick a lock often falls within the range of 20 to 30,

unwieldy doors are often built so that they pivot when can have more than one lock, each of which must be opened, although dwarves and other skilled craftsfolk are unlocked separately. Locks are often trapped, usually with poison needles that extend out to prick a rogue's finger.

Breaking a lock is sometimes quicker than breaking the whole door. If a PC wants to whack at a lock with a weapon, treat the typical lock as having hardness 15 and 30 hit points. A lock can only be broken if it can be attacked separately Iron: Rusted but sturdy, iron doors in a dungeon are hinged from the door, which means that a built-in lock is immune to like wooden doors. These doors are the toughest form of this sort of treatment. In an occupied dungeon, every locked door should have a key somewhere.

reinforced, barred, magically sealed, or sometimes just stuck. requiring that the right combination of nearby levers must be All but the weakest characters can eventually knock down a manipulated or the right symbols must be pressed on a

Stuck Doors: Dungeons are often damp, and sometimes doors get stuck, particularly wooden doors. Assume that Attempts to literally chop down a door with a slashing or about 10% of wooden doors and 5% of non-wooden doors bludgeoning weapon use the hardness and hit points given in are stuck. These numbers can be doubled (to 20% and 10%,

> Barred Doors: When characters try to bash down a barred door, it's the quality of the bar that matters, not the material the door is made of. It takes a DC 25 Strength check to break through a door with a wooden bar, and a DC 30 Strength check if the bar is made of iron. Characters can attack the door and destroy it instead, leaving the bar hanging in the

> Magic Seals: Spells such as arcane lock can discourage passage through a door. A door with an arcane lock spell on it is considered locked even if it doesn't have a physical lock. It takes a knock spell, a dispel magic spell, or a successful Strength check to open such a door.

> Hinges: Most doors have hinges, but sliding doors do not.

They usually have tracks or grooves instead, allowing them more hit points as well as an improved saving throw bonus to slide easily to one side.

Standard Hinges: These hinges are metal, joining one edge of the door to the door frame or wall. Remember that the door swings open toward the side with the hinges. (So, if the hinges are on the PCs' side, the door opens toward them; otherwise it opens away from them.) Adventurers can take Portcullises: These special doors consist of iron or thick, the hinges apart one at a time with successful Disable Device ironbound wooden shafts that descend from recesses in the checks (assuming the hinges are on their side of the door, of ceilings above archways. Sometimes a portcullis has course). Such a task has a DC of 20 because most hinges are crossbars that create a grid, sometimes not. Typically raised rusted or stuck. Breaking a hinge is difficult. Most have by means of a winch or a capstan, a portcullis can be dropped hardness 10 and 30 hit points. The break DC for a hinge is quickly, and the shafts end in spikes to discourage anyone the same as for breaking down the door.

Nested Hinges: These hinges are much more complex than ordinary hinges, and are found only in areas of excellent construction. These hinges are built into the wall and allow the door to swing open in either direction. PCs can't get at the hinges to fool with them unless they break through the door frame or wall. Nested hinges are typically found on stone doors but sometimes on wooden or iron doors as well.

Pivots: Pivots aren't really hinges at all, but simple knobs jutting from the top and bottom of the door that fit into holes in the door frame, allowing the door to spin. The advantages of pivots are that they can't be dismantled like hinges and they're simple to make. The disadvantage is that since the door pivots on its center of gravity (typically in the middle), nothing larger than half the door's width can fit through without squeezing. Doors with pivots are usually stone and Stairs often quite wide to overcome this disadvantage. Another solution is to place the pivot toward one side and have the Stairs are the most common means of traveling up and down door be thicker at that end and thinner toward the other end within a dungeon. A character can move up or down stairs as so that it opens more like a normal door. Secret doors in part of their movement without penalty, but they cannot run walls often turn on pivots, since the lack of hinges makes it on them. Increase the DC of any Acrobatics skill check made easier to hide the door's presence. Pivots also allow objects on stairs by 4. Some stairs are particularly steep and are such as bookcases to be used as secret doors.

Secret Doors: Disguised as a bare patch of wall (or floor or ceiling), a bookcase, a fireplace, or a fountain, a secret door leads to a secret passage or room. Someone examining the area finds a secret door, if one exists, on a successful Perception check (DC 20 for a typical secret door to DC 30 Not only do dungeon explorers face the danger of being for a well-hidden secret door). Elves have a chance to detect a secret door just by casually looking at an area.

Many secret doors require special methods of opening, such as hidden buttons or pressure plates. Secret doors can open like normal doors, or they might pivot, slide, sink, rise, or even lower like a drawbridge to permit access. Builders might put a secret door low near the floor or high in a wall, making it difficult to find or reach. Wizards and sorcerers have a spell, phase door, that allows them to create a magic secret door that only they can use.

Magic Doors: Enchanted by the original builders, a door might speak to explorers, warning them away. It might be A weakened ceiling might collapse when subjected to a protected from harm, increasing its hardness or giving it

against disintegrate and similar spells. A magic door might not lead into the space behind it, but instead might be a portal to a faraway place or even another plane of existence. Other magic doors might require passwords or special keys to open

from standing underneath (or from attempting to dive under it as it drops). Once it is dropped, a portcullis locks, unless it is so large that no normal person could lift it anyway. In any event, lifting a typical portcullis requires a DC 25 Strength

Walls, Doors, and Detect Spells

Stone walls, iron walls, and iron doors are usually thick enough to block most detect spells, such as detect thoughts. Wooden walls, wooden doors, and stone doors are usually not thick enough to do so. A secret stone door built into a wall and as thick as the wall itself (at least 1 foot) does block most detect spells.

treated as difficult terrain.

Cave-Ins and Collapses (CR 8)

Cave-ins and collapsing tunnels are extremely dangerous. crushed by tons of falling rock, but even if they survive they might be buried beneath a pile of rubble or cut off from the only known exit. A cave-in buries anyone in the middle of the collapsing area, and then sliding debris damages anyone in the periphery of the collapse. A typical corridor subject to a cave-in might have a bury zone with a 15-foot radius and a 10-foot-wide slide zone extending beyond the bury zone. A weakened ceiling can be spotted with a DC 20 Knowledge (engineering) or DC 20 Craft (stonemasonry) check. Remember that Craft checks can be made untrained as Intelligence checks. A dwarf can make such a check if he simply passes within 10 feet of a weakened ceiling.

major impact or concussion. A character can cause a cave-in consumes organic matter. It drops from walls and ceilings by destroying half the pillars holding up the ceiling.

damage, or half that amount if they make a DC 15 Reflex Constitution damage per round while it devours flesh. On the save. They are subsequently buried. Characters in the slide first round of contact, the slime can be scraped off a creature zone take 3d6 points of damage, or no damage at all if they (destroying the scraping device), but after that it must be make a DC 15 Reflex save. Characters in the slide zone who frozen, burned, or cut away (dealing damage to the victim as fail their saves are buried.

Characters take 1d6 points of nonlethal damage per minute while buried. If such a character falls unconscious, he must make a DC 15 Constitution check each minute. If it fails, he takes 1d6 points of lethal damage each minute until freed or dead.

Characters who aren't buried can dig out their friends. In 1 minute, using only her hands, a character can clear rocks and debris equal to five times her heavy load limit. The amount of loose stone that fills a 5-foot-by-5-foot area weighs 1 ton Shrieker: This human-sized purple mushroom emits a himself with a DC 25 Strength check.

Slimes, Molds, and Fungi

In a dungeon's damp, dark recesses, molds and fungi thrive. For purposes of spells and other special effects, all slimes, within 10 feet of the mold must make a DC 15 Fortitude save molds, and fungi are treated as plants. Like traps, dangerous or take 1d3 points of Constitution damage. Another DC 15 slimes and molds have CRs, and characters earn XP for Fortitude save is required once per round for the next 5 encountering them.

A form of glistening organic sludge coats almost anything that remains in the damp and dark for too long. This kind of slime, though it might be repulsive, is not dangerous. Molds and fungi flourish in dark, cool, damp places. While some are as inoffensive as the normal dungeon slime, others are quite dangerous. Mushrooms, puffballs, yeasts, mildew, and other sorts of bulbous, fibrous, or flat patches of fungi can be found throughout most dungeons. They are usually inoffensive, and some are even edible (although most are unappealing or odd-tasting).

Brown Mold (CR 2): Brown mold feeds on warmth, drawing heat from anything around it. It normally comes in patches 5 feet in diameter, and the temperature is always cold in a 30-foot radius around it. Living creatures within 5 feet of it take 3d6 points of nonlethal cold damage. Fire brought within 5 feet of brown mold causes the mold to instantly double in size. Cold damage, such as from a cone of cold, instantly destroys it.

Green Slime (CR 4): This dungeon peril is a dangerous variety of normal slime. Green slime devours flesh and Type organic materials on contact and is even capable of dissolving metal. Bright green, wet, and sticky, it clings to walls, floors, and ceilings in patches, reproducing as it

when it detects movement (and possible food) below.

Characters in the bury zone of a cave-in take 8d6 points of A single 5-foot square of green slime deals 1d6 points of well). Anything that deals cold or fire damage, sunlight, or a remove disease spell destroys a patch of green slime. Against wood or metal, green slime deals 2d6 points of damage per round, ignoring metal's hardness but not that of wood. It does not harm stone.

> Phosphorescent Fungus: This strange underground fungus gives off a soft violet glow that illuminates underground caverns and passages as well as a candle does. Rare patches of fungus illuminate as well as a torch does.

(2,000 pounds). Armed with an appropriate tool, such as a piercing sound that lasts for 1d3 rounds whenever there is pick, crowbar, or shovel, a digger can clear loose stone twice movement or a light source within 10 feet. This shriek makes as quickly as by hand. A buried character can attempt to free it impossible to hear any other sound within 50 feet. The sound attracts nearby creatures that are disposed to investigate it. Some creatures that live near shriekers learn that this noise means there is food or an intruder nearby.

> Yellow Mold (CR 6): If disturbed, a 5-foot square of this mold bursts forth with a cloud of poisonous spores. All rounds, to avoid taking 1d3 points of Constitution damage each round. A successful Fortitude save ends this effect. Fire destroys yellow mold, and sunlight renders it dormant.

Traps

Traps are a common danger in dungeon environments. From gouts of white-hot flame to hails of poisoned darts, traps can serve to protect valuable treasure or stop intruders from proceeding.

Elements of a Trap

All traps—mechanical or magical—have the following elements: CR, type, Perception DC, Disable Device DC, trigger, reset, and effect. Some traps might also include optional elements, such as poison or a bypass. These characteristics are described below.

A trap can be either mechanical or magical in nature.

Mechanical: Dungeons are frequently equipped with deadly

mechanical (nonmagical) traps. A trap typically is defined by level spell used. Only characters with the trapfinding class before it goes off, how much damage it deals, and whether or magic trap. not the characters receive a saving throw to mitigate its effects. Traps that attack with arrows, sweeping blades, and other types of weaponry make normal attack rolls, with Trigger specific attack bonuses dictated by the trap's design. A mechanical trap can be constructed by a PC through successful use of the Craft (traps) skill (see Designing a Trap Location: A location trigger springs a trap when someone and the Craft skill description).

Creatures that succeed on a Perception check detect a trap **Proximity**: This trigger activates the trap when a creature before it is triggered. The DC of this check depends on the approaches within a certain distance of it. A proximity trigger trap itself. Success generally indicates that the creature has differs from a location trigger in that the creature need not be detected the mechanism that activates the trap, such as a standing in a particular square. Creatures that are flying can pressure plate, odd gears attached to a door handle, and the spring a trap with a proximity trigger but not one with a like. Beating this check by 5 or more also gives some location trigger. Mechanical proximity triggers are extremely indication of what the trap is designed to do.

Magic: Many spells can be used to create dangerous traps. Unless the spell or item description states otherwise, assume the following to be true.

- A successful Perception check (DC 25 + spell level) detects a magic trap before it goes off.
- Magic traps permit a saving throw in order to avoid the effect (DC 10 + spell level \times 1.5).
- Magic traps may be disarmed by a character with the trapfinding class feature with a successful Disable Device skill check (DC 25 + spell level). Other characters have no chance to disarm a magic trap with a Disable Device check.

Magic traps are further divided into spell traps and magic device traps. Magic device traps initiate spell effects when activated, just as wands, rods, rings, and other magic items do. Creating a magic device trap requires the Craft Wondrous Item feat.

Spell traps are simply spells that themselves function as traps. Creating a spell trap requires the services of a character the character creating the trap or an NPC spellcaster hired for that purpose.

Perception and Disable Device DCs

The builder sets the Perception and Disable Device DCs for a mechanical trap. For a magic trap, the values depend on the highest-level spell used.

Mechanical Trap: The base DC for both Perception and Disable Device checks is 20. Raising or lowering either of these DCs affects the CR (Table: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps).

Device checks is equal to 25 + the spell level of the highest- spell being used, they can fool the visual trigger as well.

its location and triggering conditions, how hard it is to spot feature can attempt a Disable Device check involving a

A trap's trigger determines how it is sprung.

stands in a particular square.

sensitive to the slightest change in the air. This makes them useful only in places such as crypts, where the air is unusually still.

The proximity trigger used most often for magic device traps is the alarm spell. Unlike when the spell is cast, an alarm spell used as a trigger can have an area that's no larger than the area the trap is meant to protect.

Some magic device traps have special proximity triggers that activate only when certain kinds of creatures approach. For example, a detect good spell can serve as a proximity trigger on an evil altar, springing the attached trap only when someone of good alignment gets close enough to it.

Sound: This trigger springs a magic trap when it detects any sound. A sound trigger functions like an ear and has a +15 bonus on Perception checks. A successful Stealth check, magical silence, and other effects that would negate hearing defeat it. A trap with a sound trigger requires the casting of clairaudience during its construction.

Visual: This trigger for magic traps works like an actual eye, springing the trap whenever it "sees" something. A trap with who can cast the needed spell or spells, who is usually either a visual trigger requires the casting of arcane eye, clairvoyance, or true seeing during its construction. Sight range and the Perception bonus conferred on the trap depend on the spell chosen, as shown.

Spell	Sight Range	Perception Bonus
arcane eye	Line of sight (unlimited range)	+20
clairvoyance	One preselected location	+15
true seeing	Line of sight (up to 120 ft.)	+30

If you want the trap to see in the dark, you must either choose the true seeing option or add darkvision to the trap as well. (Darkvision limits the trap's sight range in the dark to Magic Trap: The DC for both Perception and Disable 60 feet.) If invisibility, disguises, or illusions can fool the

is one of the simplest kinds of trigger to construct. This to open. trigger may be physically attached to the part of the mechanism that deals the damage or it may not. You can make a magic touch trigger by adding alarm to the trap and reducing the area of the effect to cover only the trigger spot.

Timed: This trigger periodically springs the trap after a certain duration has passed.

Spell: All spell traps have this kind of trigger. The appropriate spell descriptions explain the trigger conditions for traps that contain spell triggers.

Duration

Unless otherwise stated, most traps have a duration of instantaneous; once triggered, they have their effect and then Never Miss). stop functioning. Some traps have a duration measured in rounds. Such traps continue to have their listed effect each round at the top of the initiative order (or whenever they were activated, if they were triggered during combat).

Reset

A reset element is the set of conditions under which a trap becomes ready to trigger again. Resetting a trap usually takes only a minute or so. For a trap with a more difficult reset method, you should set the time and labor required.

No Reset: Short of completely rebuilding the trap, there's no way to trigger it more than once. Spell traps have no reset element.

Repair: To get the trap functioning again, you must repair it. Repairing a mechanical trap requires a Craft (traps) check against a DC equal to the one for building it. The cost for raw materials is one-fifth of the trap's original market price. To calculate how long it takes to fix a trap, use the same calculations you would for building it, but use the cost of the raw materials required for repair in place of the market price.

Manual: Resetting the trap requires someone to move the parts back into place. This is the kind of reset element most mechanical traps have.

Automatic: The trap resets itself, either immediately or after a timed interval.

Bypass (Optional Element)

If the builder of a trap wants to be able to move past the trap after it is created or placed, it's a good idea to build in a bypass mechanism: something that temporarily disarms the trap. Bypass elements are typically used only with mechanical traps; spell traps usually have built-in allowances Pit traps often have something nastier than just a hard floor at for the caster to bypass them.

Touch: A touch trigger, which springs the trap when touched, **Lock:** A lock bypass requires a DC 30 Disable Device check

Hidden Switch: A hidden switch requires a DC 25 Perception check to locate.

Hidden Lock: A hidden lock combines the features above, requiring a DC 25 Perception check to locate and a DC 30 Disable Device check to open.

Effect

The effect of a trap is what happens to those who spring it. This often takes the form of either damage or a spell effect, but some traps have special effects. A trap usually either makes an attack roll or forces a saving throw to avoid it. Occasionally a trap uses both of these options, or neither (see

Pits: These are holes (covered or not) that characters can fall into, causing them to take damage. A pit needs no attack roll, but a successful Reflex save (DC set by the builder) avoids it. Other save-dependent mechanical traps also fall into this category. Falling into a pit deals 1d6 points of damage per 10 feet of depth.

Pits in dungeons come in three basic varieties: uncovered, covered, and chasms. Pits and chasms can be defeated by judicious application of the Acrobatics skill, the Climb skill, or various mechanical or magical means.

Uncovered pits and natural chasms serve mainly to discourage intruders from going a certain way, although they cause much grief to characters who stumble into them in the dark, and they can greatly complicate nearby melee.

Covered pits are much more dangerous. They can be detected with a DC 20 Perception check, but only if the character is taking the time to carefully examine the area before walking across it. A character who fails to detect a covered pit is still entitled to a DC 20 Reflex save to avoid falling into it. If she was running or moving recklessly at the time, however, she gets no saving throw and falls automatically.

Trap coverings can be as simple as piled refuse (straw, leaves, sticks, garbage), a large rug, or an actual trap door concealed to appear as a normal part of the floor. Such a trap door usually swings open when enough weight (usually about 50 to 80 pounds) is placed upon it. Devious trap builders sometimes design trap doors so they spring back shut after they open. The trap door might lock once it's back in place, leaving the stranded character well and truly trapped. Opening such a trap door is just as difficult as opening a regular door (assuming the trapped character can reach it), and a DC 13 Strength check is needed to keep a spring-loaded door open.

the bottom. A trap designer might put spikes, monsters, or a

pit spikes and other such add-ons, see the Miscellaneous like. Some such items mimic spell effects. If the item mimics Trap Features section.

Monsters sometimes live in pits. Any monster that can fit into the pit might have been placed there by the dungeon's climb back out.

A secondary trap, mechanical or magical, at the bottom of a she's least ready for it.

spears, or the like at whomever activated the trap. The than one character. builder sets the attack bonus. A ranged attack trap can be configured to simulate the effect of a composite bow with a high Strength rating, which provides the trap with a bonus on damage equal to its Strength rating. These traps deal whatever damage their ammunition normally does. If a trap is constructed with a high Strength rating, it has a corresponding bonus on damage.

Melee Attack Traps: These traps feature such obstacles as sharp blades that emerge from walls and stone blocks that fall from ceilings. Once again, the builder sets the attack bonus. These traps deal the same damage as the melee Poison: Traps that employ poison are deadlier than their stone back into place.

A melee attack trap can be constructed with a built-in bonus on damage rolls, just as if the trap itself had a high Strength score.

Spell Traps: Spell traps produce the spell's effect. Like all spells, a spell trap that allows a saving throw has a save DC of 10 + spell level + caster's relevant ability modifier.

Magic Device Traps: These traps produce the effects of any spikes. This damage is in addition to any damage from the spells included in their construction, as described in the fall itself, and the statistics presented above are merely the appropriate entries. If the spell in a magic device trap allows most common variant—some traps might have far more a saving throw, its save DC is (10 + spell level) × 1.5. Some dangerous spikes at their bottom. Pit spikes add to the spells make attack rolls instead.

Special: Some traps have miscellaneous features that Pit Bottom: If something other than spikes waits at the depend on the poison or are set by the builder, as appropriate. significant impact, such as a falling character.

Miscellaneous Trap Features

Some traps include optional features that can make them considerably more deadly. The most common features are discussed below.

Alchemical Item: Mechanical traps might incorporate alchemical devices or other special substances or items, such

pool of acid, lava, or even water at the bottom. For rules on as tanglefoot bags, alchemist's fire, thunderstones, and the a spell effect, it increases the CR as shown on Table: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps.

designer, or might simply have fallen in and not been able to Gas: With a gas trap, the danger is in the inhaled poison it delivers. Traps employing gas usually have the never miss and onset delay features.

pit can be particularly deadly. Activated by a falling victim, Liquid: Any trap that involves a danger of drowning is in the secondary trap attacks the already injured character when this category. Traps employing liquid usually have the never miss and onset delay features.

Ranged Attack Traps: These traps fling darts, arrows, Multiple Targets: Traps with this feature can affect more

Never Miss: When the entire dungeon wall moves to crush you, your quick reflexes won't help, since the wall can't possibly miss. A trap with this feature has neither an attack bonus nor a saving throw to avoid, but it does have an onset delay. Most traps involving liquid or gas are of the never miss variety.

Onset Delay: An onset delay is the amount of time between when the trap is sprung and when it deals damage. A never miss trap always has an onset delay.

weapons they "wield." In the case of a falling stone block, nonpoisonous counterparts, so they have correspondingly you can assign any amount of bludgeoning damage you like, higher CRs. To determine the CR modifier for a given but remember that whoever resets the trap has to lift that poison, consult Table: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps. Only injury, contact, and inhaled poisons are suitable for traps; ingested types are not. Some traps simply deal the poison's damage. Others deal damage with ranged or melee attacks as well.

> Pit Spikes: Treat spikes at the bottom of a pit as daggers, each with a +10 attack bonus. The damage bonus for each spike is +1 per 10 feet of pit depth (to a maximum of +5). Each character who falls into the pit is attacked by 1d4 average damage of the trap (see Average Damage, below).

produce special effects, such as drowning for a water trap or bottom of a pit, it's best to treat that as a separate trap (see ability damage for poison. Saving throws and damage Multiple Traps) with a location trigger that activates on any

> Touch Attack: This feature applies to any trap that needs only a successful touch attack (melee or ranged) to hit.

Sample Traps

The following sample traps represent just some of the possibilities when constructing traps to challenge the player characters.

Arrow Trap CR 1

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger touch; Reset none

Effect Atk +15 ranged $(1d8+1/\times3)$

Pit Trap CR 1

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect 20-ft.-deep pit (2d6 falling damage); DC 20 Reflex Trigger proximity (alarm); Reset none avoids; multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.-square area)

Poisoned Dart Trap CR 1

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger touch; Reset none

Effect Atk +10 ranged (1d3 plus greenblood oil)

Swinging Axe Trap CR 1

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect Atk +10 melee $(1d8+1/\times3)$; multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft. line)

Burning Hands Trap CR 2

Type magic; Perception DC 26; Disable Device DC 26

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); **Reset** none

Effect spell effect (burning hands, 2d4 fire damage, DC 11 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 15-ft. cone)

Javelin Trap CR 2

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset none

Effect Atk +15 ranged (1d6+6)

Spiked Pit Trap CR 2

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect 10-ft.-deep pit (1d6 falling damage); pit spikes (Atk +10 melee, 1d4 spikes per target for 1d4+2 damage each); DC 20 Reflex avoids; multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.square area)

Acid Arrow Trap CR 3

Type magic; Perception DC 27; Disable Device DC 27

Effects

Effect spell effect (acid arrow, Atk +2 ranged touch, 2d4 acid damage for 4 rounds)

Camouflaged Pit Trap CR 3

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; **Reset** manual

Effect 30-ft.-deep pit (3d6 falling damage); DC 20 Reflex avoids; multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.-square area)

Electricity Arc Trap CR 4

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger touch; Reset none

Effect electricity arc (4d6 electricity damage, DC 20 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 30-ft. line)

Wall Scythe Trap CR 4

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; **Reset** automatic reset

Effect Atk +20 melee $(2d4+6/\times4)$

Falling Block Trap CR 5

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect Atk +15 melee (6d6); multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft. square)

Fireball Trap CR 5

Type magic; Perception DC 28; Disable Device DC 28

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); **Reset** none

Effect spell effect (fireball, 6d6 fire damage, DC 14 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 20-ft.- **Trigger** location; **Reset** repair radius burst)

Flame Strike Trap CR 6

Type magic; Perception DC 30; Disable Device DC 30

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); **Reset** none

Effect spell effect (*flame strike*, 8d6 fire damage, DC 17 **Trigger** visual (*arcane eye*); **Reset** repair Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.-radius cylinder)

Wyvern Arrow Trap CR 6

Type mechanical; Perception DC 20; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; **Reset** none

Effect Atk +15 ranged (1d6 plus wyvern poison/×3)

Frost Fangs Trap CR 7

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Duration 3 rounds; Reset none

Effect jets of freezing water (3d6 cold damage, DC 20 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 40-ft.-square chamber)

Summon Monster VI Trap CR 7

Type magic; Perception DC 31; Disable Device DC 31

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); Reset none

Effect spell effect (summon monster VI, summons 1 Large elemental)

Camouflaged Spiked Pit Trap CR 8

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect 50-ft.-deep pit (5d6 falling damage); pit spikes (Atk +15 melee, 1d4 spikes per target for 1d6+5 damage each);

DC 20 Reflex avoids; multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.square area)

Insanity Mist Trap CR 8

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Effect poison gas (insanity mist); never miss; onset delay (1 round); multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.-by-10-ft. room)

Hail of Arrows Trap CR 9

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 25

Effects

Effect Atk +20 ranged (6d6); multiple targets (all targets in a 20-ft. line)

Shocking Floor Trap CR 9

Type magic; Perception DC 26; Disable Device DC 26

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); Duration 1d6 rounds; Reset

Effect spell effect (*shocking grasp*, Atk +9 melee touch [4d6 electricity damage]); multiple targets (all targets in a 40-ft.square room)

Energy Drain Trap CR 10

Type magic; Perception DC 34; Disable Device DC 34

Effects

Trigger visual (true seeing); Reset none

Effect spell effect (energy drain, Atk +10 ranged touch, 2d4 temporary negative levels, DC 23 Fortitude negates after 24 hours)

Chamber of Blades Trap CR 10

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; **Duration** 1d4 rounds; **Reset** repair

Effect Atk +20 melee (3d8+3); multiple targets (all targets in a 20-ft.-square chamber)

Cone of Cold Trap CR 11

Type magic; Perception DC 30; Disable Device DC 30

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); **Reset** none

Effect spell effect (cone of cold, 15d6 cold damage, DC 17 Type magic; Perception DC 29; Disable Device DC 29 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 60-ft. cone)

Poisoned Pit Trap CR 12

Type mechanical; Perception DC 25; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect 50-ft.-deep pit (5d6 falling damage); pit spikes (Atk +15 melee, 1d4 spikes per target for 1d6+5 damage each plus poison [shadow essence]); DC 25 Reflex avoids; multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft.-square area)

Maximized Fireball Trap CR 13

Type magic; Perception DC 31; Disable Device DC 31

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); **Reset** none

Effect spell effect (*fireball*, 60 fire damage, DC 14 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (all targets in a 20-ft.radius burst)

Harm Trap CR 14

Type magic; Perception DC 31; Disable Device DC 31

Effects

Trigger touch; Reset none

Effect spell effect (harm, +6 melee touch, 130 damage, DC 19 Will save for half, cannot be reduced to less than 1 hit Type magic; Perception DC 34; Disable Device DC 34 point)

Crushing Stone Trap CR 15

Type mechanical; Perception DC 30; Disable Device DC 20

Effects

Trigger location; Reset manual

Effect Atk +15 melee (16d6); multiple targets (all targets in a 10-ft. square)

Empowered Disintegrate Trap CR 16

Type magic; Perception DC 33; Disable Device DC 33

Effects

Trigger sight (true seeing); Reset none

Effect spell effect (empowered disintegrate, +9 ranged touch, 30d6 damage plus 50%, DC 19 Fort save reduces the

damage to 5d6 plus 50%)

Lightning Bolt Gallery Trap CR 17

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); Duration 1d6 rounds; Reset

Effect spell effect (heightened lighting bolt, 8d6 electricity damage, DC 16 Reflex save for half); multiple targets (all targets in a 60-ft.-square chamber)

Deadly Spear Trap CR 18

Type mechanical; Perception DC 30; Disable Device DC 30

Effects

Trigger sight (true seeing); Reset manual

Effect Atk +20 ranged (1d8+6 plus black lotus extract)

Meteor Swarm Trap CR 19

Type magic; Perception DC 34; Disable Device DC 34

Effects

Trigger sight (true seeing); Reset none

Effect spell effect (meteor swarm, 4 meteors at separate targets, +9 ranged touch, 2d6 plus 6d6 fire [-4 save on a hit], DC 23 Reflex save for half fire damage, 18d6 fire damage from other meteors, DC 23 Reflex save for half damage); multiple targets (four targets, no two of which can be more than 40 ft. apart)

Destruction Trap CR 20

Effects

Trigger proximity (alarm); **Reset** none

Effect spell effect (heightened *destruction*, 190 damage, DC 23 Fortitude save reduces damage to 10d6)

Designing a Trap

Designing new traps is a simple process. Start by deciding what type of trap you want to create.

Table 13-3: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps

Feature		CR Modifier		
	Perception DC			
	15 or lower	-1		
	16–20	_		

Feature	CR Modifier
21–25	+1
26–29	+2
30 or higher	+3
Disable Device DC	
15 or lower	1
16–20	_
21–25	+1
26–29	+2
30 or higher	+3
Reflex Save DC (Pit or Other So	ave-Dependent Trap)
15 or lower	1
16–20	_
21–25	+1
26–29	+2
30 or higher	+3
Attack Bonus (Melee or Ranged	Attack Trap)
+0 or lower	2
+1 to +5	1
+6 to +10	
+11 to +15	+1
+16 to +20	+2
Touch attack	+1
Damage/Effect	
Average damage	+1 per 10 points of average
	damage
Miscellaneous Features	To all Constitution of
Alchemical device	Level of spell mimicked
Automatic reset	+1
Liquid	+5
Multiple targets (non-damage)	+1
Never miss	+2
Proximity or visual trigger	+1

Poison	CR of Poison	Poison	CR of Poison
Black adder venom	+1	Malyass root paste	+3
Black lotus extract	+8	Medium spider venom	+2
Bloodroot	+1	Nitharit	+4
Blue whinnis	+1	Purple worm poison	+4
Burnt othur fumes	+6	Sassone leaf residue	+3
Deathblade	+5	Shadow essence	+3
Dragon bile	+6	Small centipede poison	+1
Giant wasp poison	+3	Terinav root	+5
Greenblood oil	+1	Ungol dust	+3

Poison	CR of Poison	Poison	CR of Poison
Insanity mist	+4	Wyvern poison	+5
Large scorpion venom	+3		

Table 13-4: CR Modifiers for Magic Traps

Feature	CR Modifier
Highest-level spell effect	+ Spell level
Damaging spell effect	+1 per 10 points of average damage

Table 13-5: Cost Modifiers for Magic Device Traps

Feature	Cost Modifier
Alarm spell used in trigger	_
One-Shot Trap	
Each spell used	$+50 \text{ gp} \times \text{caster level} \times \text{spell level}$
Material components	+Material component costs
Automatic Reset Trap	
Each spell used	$+500 \text{ gp} \times \text{caster level} \times \text{spell level}$
Material components	+Material component costs \times 100

Table 13-6: Craft (Traps) DCs

Trap CR	Base Craft (Traps) DC
1–5	20
6–10	25
11–15	30
16+	35
Additional Components	Modifier to Craft (Traps) DC
Proximity trigger	+5
Automatic reset	+5

Mechanical Traps: Simply select the elements you want the trap to have and add up the adjustments to the trap's Challenge Rating that those elements require (see Table: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps) to arrive at the trap's final CR. From the CR you can derive the DC of the Craft (traps) checks a character must make to construct the trap.

Magic Traps: As with mechanical traps, decide what elements you want and then determine the CR of the resulting trap (see CR Modifiers for Magic Traps). If a player character wants to design and construct a magic trap, he, or an ally, must have the Craft Wondrous Item feat. In addition, he must be able to cast the spell or spells that the trap requires—or he must be able to hire an NPC to cast the spells for him.

Challenge Rating of a Trap

To calculate the Challenge Rating of a trap, add all the CR modifiers (see Table: CR Modifiers for Mechanical Traps or CR Modifiers for Magic Traps) to the base CR for the trap type.

Mechanical Trap: The base CR for a mechanical trap is 0. If your final CR is 0 or lower, add features until you get a CR of 1 or higher.

Magic Trap: For a spell trap or magic device trap, the base CR is 1. The highest-level spell used modifies the CR (see Building a magic device trap involves the expenditure of gp CR Modifiers for Magic Traps).

Average Damage: If a trap (mechanical or magical) does hit point damage, calculate the average damage for a successful hit and round that value to the nearest multiple of 10. If the trap is designed to hit more than one target, multiply this value by 2. If the trap is designed to deal damage over a number of rounds, multiply this value by the number of rounds the trap will be active (or the average number of The costs derived from Table; Cost Modifiers for Magic and multiple attacks does.

For a magic trap, only one modifier applies to the CR— A magic device trap takes 1 day to construct per 500 gp of its either the level of the highest-level spell used in the trap, or cost. the average damage figure, whichever is larger.

Multiple Traps: If a trap is really two or more connected traps that affect approximately the same area, determine the CR of each one separately.

Multiple Dependent Traps: If one trap depends on the success of the other (that is, you can avoid the second trap by not falling victim to the first), characters earn XP for both traps by defeating the first one, regardless if the second one is also sprung.

Multiple Independent Traps: If two or more traps act independently (they do not depend on one another to activate), characters only earn XP for traps that they defeat.

Mechanical Trap Cost

The cost of a mechanical trap is 1,000 gp × the trap's Challenge Rating. If the trap uses spells in its trigger or reset, add those costs separately. If the trap cannot be reset, divide the cost in half. If the trap has an automatic reset, increase the cost by half (+50%). Particularly simple traps, such as pit traps, might have a greatly reduced cost, subject to GM discretion. Such traps might cost as little as 250 gp × the trap's Challenge Rating.

After you've determined the cost by Challenge Rating, add the price of any alchemical items or poison you incorporated

into the trap. If the trap uses one of these elements and has an automatic reset, multiply the poison or alchemical item cost by 20 to provide an adequate supply of doses.

Multiple Traps: If a trap is really two or more connected traps, determine the final cost of each separately, then add those values together. This holds for both multiple dependent and multiple independent traps.

Magic Device Trap Cost

and requires the services of a spellcaster. Table: Cost Modifiers for Magic Device Traps summarizes the cost information for magic device traps. If the trap uses more than one spell (for instance, a sound or visual trigger spell in addition to the main spell effect), the builder must pay for them all (except alarm, which is free unless it must be cast by an NPC).

rounds, if the duration is variable). Use this value to adjust Device Traps assume that the builder is casting the necessary the Challenge Rating of the trap, as indicated on Table: CR spells himself (or perhaps some other PC is providing the Modifiers for Mechanical Traps. Damage from poison does spells for free). If an NPC spellcaster must be hired to cast not count toward this value, but extra damage from pit spikes them, those costs must be factored in as well (see Equipment).

Spell Trap Cost

A spell trap has a cost only if the builder must hire an NPC spellcaster to cast it.

Craft DCs for Mechanical Traps

Once you know the Challenge Rating of a trap, determine the Craft (traps) DC by referring to the values and modifiers given on Table: Craft (Traps) DCs.

Making the Checks: To determine how much progress a character makes on building a trap each week, that character makes a Craft (traps) check. See the Craft skill description for details on Craft checks and the circumstances that can affect them.

Wilderness

Outside the safety of city walls, the wilderness is a dangerous place, and many adventurers have gotten lost in its trackless wilds or fallen victim to deadly weather. The following rules give you guidelines on running adventures in a wilderness setting.

Getting Lost

There are many ways to get lost in the wilderness. Following an obvious road, trail, or feature such as a stream or shoreline prevents most from becoming lost, but travelers striking off cross-country might become disoriented—especially in conditions of poor visibility or in difficult terrain.

feet due to reduced visibility conditions, they might become lost. lost. Characters traveling through fog, snow, or a downpour might easily lose the ability to see any landmarks not in their immediate vicinity. Similarly, characters traveling at night might be at risk, too, depending on the quality of their light sources, the amount of moonlight, and whether they have darkvision or low-light vision.

Difficult Terrain: Any character in forest, moor, hill, or mountain terrain might become lost if he moves away from a trail, road, stream, or other obvious path or track. Forests are especially dangerous because they obscure far-off landmarks and make it hard to see the sun or stars.

Chance to Get Lost: If conditions exist that make getting lost a possibility, the character leading the way must succeed on a Survival check or become lost. The difficulty of this check varies based on the terrain, the visibility conditions, and whether or not the character has a map of the area being traveled through. Refer to the table below and use the highest DC that applies.

Terrain	Survival DC
Desert or plains	14
Forest	16
Moor or hill	10
Mountain	12
Open sea	18
Urban, ruins, or dungeon	8
Situation	Check Modifier
Proper navigational tools (map, sextant)	+4
Poor visibility	4

A character with at least 5 ranks in Knowledge (geography) or Knowledge (local) pertaining to the area being traveled through gains a + 2 bonus on this check.

Check once per hour (or portion of an hour) spent in local or overland movement to see if travelers have become lost. In the case of a party moving together, only the character leading the way makes the check.

Effects of Being Lost: If a party becomes lost, it is no longer certain of moving in the direction it intended to travel. Randomly determine the direction in which the party actually travels during each hour of local or overland movement. The characters' movement continues to be random until they

blunder into a landmark they can't miss, or until they recognize that they are lost and make an effort to regain their bearings.

Recognizing You're Lost: Once per hour of random travel, each character in the party may attempt a Survival check (DC 20, -1 per hour of random travel) to recognize that he is no longer certain of his direction of travel. Some Poor Visibility: Anytime characters cannot see at least 60 circumstances might make it obvious that the characters are

> Setting a New Course: Determining the correct direction of travel once a party has become lost requires a Survival check (DC 15, +2 per hour of random travel). If a character fails this check, he chooses a random direction as the "correct" direction for resuming travel.

> Once the characters are traveling along their new course, correct or incorrect, they might get lost again. If the conditions still make it possible for travelers to become lost, check once per hour of travel as described above to see if the party maintains its new course or begins to move at random again.

> Conflicting Directions: It's possible that several characters may attempt to determine the right direction to proceed after becoming lost. Make a Survival check for each character in secret, then tell the players whose characters succeeded the correct direction in which to travel, and tell the players whose characters failed a random direction they think is right, with no indication who is correct.

> **Regaining Your Bearings**: There are several ways for characters to find their way after becoming lost. First, if the characters successfully set a new course and follow it to the destination they're trying to reach, they're not lost anymore. Second, the characters, through random movement, might run into an unmistakable landmark. Third, if conditions suddenly improve—the fog lifts or the sun comes up—lost characters may attempt to set a new course, as described above, with a +4 bonus on the Survival check.

Forest Terrain

Forest terrain can be divided into three categories: sparse, medium, and dense. An immense forest could have all three categories within its borders, with more sparse terrain at the outer edge of the forest and dense forest at its heart.

The table below describes in general terms how likely it is that a given square has a terrain element in it.

	Category of Forest		
	Sparse	Medium	Dense
Typical trees	50%	70%	80%
Massive trees	_	10%	20%
Light undergrowth	50%	70%	50%
Heavy undergrowth	_	20%	50%

Trees: The most important terrain element in a forest is the trees, obviously. A creature standing in the same square as a tree gains partial cover, which grants a +2 bonus to Armor Class and a +1 bonus on Reflex saves. The presence of a tree doesn't otherwise affect a creature's fighting space, because it's assumed that the creature is using the tree to its advantage when it can. The trunk of a typical tree has AC 4, hardness 5, and 150 hp. A DC 15 Climb check is sufficient to climb a tree. Medium and dense forests have massive trees as well. These trees take up an entire square and provide cover to Most campfire sparks ignite nothing, but if conditions are check to climb them.

Undergrowth: Vines, roots, and short bushes cover much of the ground in a forest. A space covered with light undergrowth costs 2 squares of movement to move into, and A forest fire can be spotted from as far away as 2d6 × 100 DC of Acrobatics checks by 5. Heavy undergrowth is easy to forest fire can be spotted as far as 10 miles away. hide in, granting a +5 circumstance bonus on Stealth checks. Running and charging are impossible. Squares with undergrowth are often clustered together. Undergrowth and trees aren't mutually exclusive; it's common for a 5-foot square to have both a tree and undergrowth.

Forest Canopy: It's common for elves and other forest dwellers to live on raised platforms far above the surface floor. These wooden platforms often have rope bridges between them. To get to the treehouses, characters ascend the trees' branches (Climb DC 15), use rope ladders (Climb DC 0), or take pulley elevators (which can be made to rise a number of feet equal to a Strength check, made each round as a full-round action). Creatures on platforms or branches in Within the bounds of a forest fire, a character faces three creatures on the ground, and in medium or dense forests they inhalation. have concealment as well.

Other Forest Terrain Elements: Fallen logs generally stand worse than being exposed to extreme heat (see Heat about 3 feet high and provide cover just as low walls do. Dangers). Breathing the air causes a character to take 1d6 They cost 5 feet of movement to cross. Forest streams points of fire damage per round (no save). In addition, a average 5 to 10 feet wide and no more than 5 feet deep. character must make a Fortitude save every 5 rounds (DC 15, Pathways wind through most forests, allowing normal +1 per previous check) or take 1d4 points of nonlethal movement and providing neither cover nor concealment. damage. A character who holds his breath can avoid the These paths are less common in dense forests, but even

unexplored forests have occasional game trails.

Stealth and Detection in a Forest: In a sparse forest, the maximum distance at which a Perception check for detecting the nearby presence of others can succeed is $3d6 \times 10$ feet. In a medium forest, this distance is $2d8 \times 10$ feet, and in a dense forest it is $2d6 \times 10$ feet.

Because any square with undergrowth provides concealment, it's usually easy for a creature to use the Stealth skill in the forest. Logs and massive trees provide cover, which also makes hiding possible.

The background noise in the forest makes Perception checks that rely on sound more difficult, increasing the DC of the check by 2 per 10 feet, not 1.

Forest Fires (CR 6)

anyone behind them. They have AC 3, hardness 5, and 600 dry, winds are strong, or the forest floor is dried out and hp. Like their smaller counterparts, it takes a DC 15 Climb flammable, a forest fire can result. Lightning strikes often set trees ablaze and start forest fires in this way. Whatever the cause of the fire, travelers can get caught in the conflagration.

provides concealment. Undergrowth increases the DC of feet by a character who makes a Perception check, treating Acrobatics and Stealth checks by 2 because the leaves and the fire as a Colossal creature (reducing the DC by 16). If all branches get in the way. Heavy undergrowth costs 4 squares characters fail their Perception checks, the fire moves closer of movement to move into and provides concealment with a to them. They automatically see it when it closes to half the 30% miss chance (instead of the usual 20%). It increases the original distance. With proper elevation, the smoke from a

> Characters who are blinded or otherwise unable to make Perception checks can feel the heat of the fire (and thus automatically "spot" it) when it is 100 feet away.

> The leading edge of a fire (the downwind side) can advance faster than a human can run (assume 120 feet per round for winds of moderate strength). Once a particular portion of the forest is ablaze, it remains so for 2d4 × 10 minutes before dying to a smoking wasteland. Characters overtaken by a forest fire might find the leading edge of the fire advancing away from them faster than they can keep up, trapping them deeper and deeper within its grasp.

a forest canopy are considered to have cover when fighting dangers: heat damage, catching on fire, and smoke

Heat Damage: Getting caught within a forest fire is even lethal damage, but not the nonlethal damage. Those wearing

heavy clothing or any sort of armor take a -4 penalty on their **Undergrowth**: The bushes, rushes, and other tall grasses in saving throws. Those wearing metal armor or who come into marshes function as undergrowth does in a forest. A square contact with very hot metal are affected as if by a heat metal that is part of a bog does not also have undergrowth.

thereafter.

Smoke Inhalation: Forest fires naturally produce a great deal of smoke. A character who breathes heavy smoke must make a Fortitude save each round (DC 15, +1 per previous check) or spend that round choking and coughing. A character who chokes for 2 consecutive rounds takes 1d6 points of nonlethal damage. Smoke also provides Effects of Quicksand: Characters in quicksand must make a concealment to characters within it.

Marsh Terrain

Two categories of marsh exist: relatively dry moors and watery swamps. Both are often bordered by lakes (described in Aquatic Terrain), which are effectively a third category of terrain found in marshes.

	Marsh Category	
	Moor	Swamp
Shallow bog	20%	40%
Deep bog	5%	20%
Light undergrowth	30%	20%
Heavy undergrowth	10%	20%

Bogs: If a square is part of a shallow bog, it has deep mud or standing water of about 1 foot in depth. It costs 2 squares of movement to move into a square with a shallow bog, and the DC of Acrobatics checks in such a square increases by 2.

impossible in a deep bog.

on attacks against creatures that aren't underwater.

surrounded by an irregular ring of shallow bog squares.

Both shallow and deep bogs increase the DC of Stealth checks by 2.

Quicksand: Patches of quicksand present a deceptively solid Catching on Fire: Characters engulfed in a forest fire are at appearance (appearing as undergrowth or open land) that risk of catching on fire when the leading edge of the fire might trap careless characters. A character approaching a overtakes them, and continue to be at risk once per minute patch of quicksand at a normal pace is entitled to a DC 8 Survival check to spot the danger before stepping in, but charging or running characters don't have a chance to detect a hidden patch before blundering into it. A typical patch of quicksand is 20 feet in diameter; the momentum of a charging or running character carries him $1d2 \times 5$ feet into the quicksand.

> DC 10 Swim check every round to simply tread water in place, or a DC 15 Swim check to move 5 feet in whatever direction is desired. If a trapped character fails this check by 5 or more, he sinks below the surface and begins to drown whenever he can no longer hold his breath (see the Swim skill description in Using Skills).

> Characters below the surface of quicksand may swim back to the surface with a successful Swim check (DC 15, +1 per consecutive round of being under the surface).

> Rescue: Pulling out a character trapped in quicksand can be difficult. A rescuer needs a branch, spear haft, rope, or similar tool that enables him to reach the victim with one end of it. Then he must make a DC 15 Strength check to successfully pull the victim, and the victim must make a DC 10 Strength check to hold onto the branch, pole, or rope. If both checks succeed, the victim is pulled 5 feet closer to safety. If the victim fails to hold on, he must make a DC 15 Swim check immediately to stay above the surface.

Hedgerows: Common in moors, hedgerows are tangles of stones, soil, and thorny bushes. Narrow hedgerows function as low walls, and it takes 3 squares of movement to cross A square that is part of a deep bog has roughly 4 feet of them. Wide hedgerows are more than 5 feet tall and take up standing water. It costs Medium or larger creatures 4 squares entire squares. They provide total cover, just as a wall does. of movement to move into a square with a deep bog, or It takes 4 squares of movement to move through a square characters can swim if they wish. Small or smaller creatures with a wide hedgerow; creatures that succeed on a DC 10 must swim to move through a deep bog. Tumbling is Climb check need only 2 squares of movement to move through the square.

The water in a deep bog provides cover for Medium or larger Other Marsh Terrain Elements: Some creatures. Smaller creatures gain improved cover (+8 bonus particularly swamps, have trees just as forests do, usually to AC, +4 bonus on Reflex saves). Medium or larger clustered in small stands. Paths lead across many marshes, creatures can crouch as a move action to gain this improved winding to avoid bog areas. As in forests, paths allow normal cover. Creatures with this improved cover take a -10 penalty movement and don't provide the concealment that undergrowth does.

Deep bog squares are usually clustered together and Stealth and Detection in a Marsh: In a marsh, the maximum distance at which a Perception check for detecting the nearby presence of others can succeed is $6d6 \times 10$ feet. In a swamp, this distance is $2d8 \times 10$ feet.

Undergrowth and deep bogs provide plentiful concealment,

so it's easy to use Stealth in a marsh.

Hills Terrain

A hill can exist in most other types of terrain, but hills can also dominate the landscape. Hills terrain is divided into two The three mountain terrain categories are alpine meadows, categories: gentle hills and rugged hills. Hills terrain often rugged mountains, and forbidding mountains. As characters serves as a transition zone between rugged terrain such as ascend into a mountainous area, they're likely to face each mountains and flat terrain such as plains.

	Hills Category		
	Gentle Hills Rugged Hills		
Gradual slope	75%	40%	
Steep slope	20%	50%	
Cliff	5%	10%	
Light undergrowth	15%	15%	

Gradual Slope: This incline isn't steep enough to affect movement, but characters gain a +1 bonus on melee attacks against foes downhill from them.

Steep Slope: Characters moving uphill (to an adjacent square of higher elevation) must spend 2 squares of movement to enter each square of steep slope. Characters running or charging downhill (moving to an adjacent square of lower elevation) must succeed on a DC 10 Acrobatics check upon entering the first steep slope square. Mounted characters make a DC 10 Ride check instead. Characters who fail this **Gradual and Steep Slopes**: These function as described in check stumble and must end their movement $1d2 \times 5$ feet later. Characters who fail by 5 or more fall prone in the square where they end their movement. A steep slope increases the DC of Acrobatics checks by 2.

Cliff: A cliff typically requires a DC 15 Climb check to scale and is $1d4 \times 10$ feet tall, although the needs of your map might mandate a taller cliff. A cliff isn't perfectly vertical, taking up 5-foot squares if it's less than 30 feet tall and 10foot squares if it's 30 feet or taller.

Light Undergrowth: Sagebrush and other scrubby bushes grow on hills, although they rarely cover the landscape. Light undergrowth provides concealment and increases the DC of Acrobatics and Stealth checks by 2.

Other Hills Terrain Elements: Trees aren't out of place in hills terrain, and valleys often have active streams (5 to 10 feet wide and no more than 5 feet deep) or dry streambeds (treat as a trench 5 to 10 feet across) in them. If you add a stream or streambed, remember that water always flows downhill.

Stealth and Detection in Hills: In gentle hills, the maximum distance at which a Perception check for detecting the nearby presence of others can succeed is 2d10 × 10 feet. In rugged hills, this distance is $2d6 \times 10$ feet.

Hiding in hills terrain can be difficult if there isn't

undergrowth around. A hilltop or ridge provides enough cover to hide from anyone below the hilltop or ridge.

Mountain Terrain

terrain category in turn, beginning with alpine meadows, extending through rugged mountains, and reaching forbidding mountains near the summit.

Mountains have an important terrain element, the rock wall, that is marked on the border between squares rather than taking up squares itself.

	Mountain Category		
	Alpine Meadow	Rugged	Forbidding
Gradual slope	50%	25%	15%
Steep slope	40%	55%	55%
Cliff	10%	15%	20%
Chasm	_	5%	10%
Light undergrowth	20%	10%	_
Scree	_	20%	30%
Dense rubble	_	20%	30%

Hills Terrain.

Cliff: These terrain elements also function like their hills terrain counterparts, but they're typically $2d6 \times 10$ feet tall. Cliffs taller than 80 feet take up 20 feet of horizontal space.

Chasm: Usually formed by natural geological processes, chasms function like pits in a dungeon setting. Chasms aren't hidden, so characters won't fall into them by accident (although bull rushes are another story). A typical chasm is 2d4 × 10 feet deep, at least 20 feet long, and anywhere from 5 feet to 20 feet wide. It takes a DC 15 Climb check to climb out of a chasm. In forbidding mountain terrain, chasms are typically $2d8 \times 10$ feet deep.

Light Undergrowth: This functions as described in Forest Terrain.

Scree: A field of shifting gravel, scree doesn't affect speed, but it can be treacherous on a slope. The DC of Acrobatics checks increases by 2 if there's scree on a gradual slope and by 5 if there's scree on a steep slope. The DC of Stealth checks increases by 2 if the scree is on a slope of any kind.

Dense Rubble: The ground is covered with rocks of all sizes. It costs 2 squares of movement to enter a square with dense rubble. The DC of Acrobatics checks on dense rubble increases by 5, and the DC of Stealth checks increases by 2.

Rock Wall: A vertical plane of stone, rock walls require DC A landslide or avalanche consists of two distinct areas: the 25 Climb checks to ascend. A typical rock wall is $2d4 \times 10$ bury zone (in the direct path of the falling debris) and the feet tall in rugged mountains and 2d8 × 10 feet tall in slide zone (the area the debris spreads out to encompass). squares, not in the squares themselves.

Cave Entrance: Found in cliff and steep slope squares and next to rock walls, cave entrances are typically between 5 and 20 feet wide and 5 feet deep. A cave could be anything from a simple chamber to the entrance to an elaborate dungeon. Caves used as monster lairs typically have 1d3 rooms that are $1d4 \times 10$ feet across.

Other Mountain Terrain Features: Most alpine meadows begin above the treeline, so trees and other forest elements are rare in the mountains. Mountain terrain can include active streams (5 to 10 feet wide and no more than 5 feet The typical avalanche has a width of 1d6 × 100 feet, from deep) and dry streambeds (treat as a trench 5 to 10 feet one edge of the slide zone to the opposite edge. The bury across). Particularly high-altitude areas tend to be colder than zone in the center of the avalanche is half as wide as the the lowland areas that surround them, so they might be avalanche's full width. covered in ice sheets (described in Desert Terrain).

maximum distance in mountain terrain at which a Perception from the center of the path taken by the bury zone to the check for detecting the nearby presence of others can center of the party's location. Avalanches of snow and ice succeed is 4d10 × 10 feet. Certain peaks and ridgelines advance at a speed of 500 feet per round, while rock and soil afford much better vantage points, of course, and twisting avalanches travel at a speed of 250 feet per round. valleys and canyons have much shorter spotting distances. Because there's little vegetation to obstruct line of sight, the specifics on your map are your best guide for the range at Mountain Travel which an encounter could begin. As in hills terrain, a ridge or peak provides enough cover to hide from anyone below the high point.

It's easier to hear faraway sounds in the mountains. The DC of Perception checks that rely on sound increase by 1 per 20 feet between listener and source, not per 10 feet.

Avalanches (CR 7)

that avalanches are a deadly peril in many mountainous two months away from the mountains must reacclimate areas. While avalanches of snow and ice are common, it's themselves when they return. Undead, constructs, and other also possible to have an avalanche of rock and soil.

An avalanche can be spotted from as far away as $1d10 \times 500$ Altitude Zones: In general, mountains present three possible feet by a character who makes a DC 20 Perception check, altitude bands: low pass, low peak/high pass, and high peak. treating the avalanche as a Colossal creature. If all characters fail their Perception checks to determine the encounter distance, the avalanche moves closer to them, and they automatically become aware of it when it closes to half the original distance. It's possible to hear an avalanche coming even if you can't see it. Under optimum conditions (no other loud noises occurring), a character who makes a DC 15 Perception check can hear the avalanche or landslide when it Low Peak or High Pass (5,000 to 15,000 feet): Ascending to is $1d6 \times 500$ feet away. This check might have a DC of 20, 25, or higher in conditions where hearing is difficult (such as in the middle of a thunderstorm).

forbidding mountains. Rock walls are drawn on the edges of Characters in the bury zone always take damage from the avalanche; characters in the slide zone might be able to get out of the way. Characters in the bury zone take 8d6 points of damage, or half that amount if they make a DC 15 Reflex save. They are subsequently buried. Characters in the slide zone take 3d6 points of damage, or no damage if they make a DC 15 Reflex save. Those who fail their saves are buried.

> Buried characters take 1d6 points of nonlethal damage per minute. If a buried character falls unconscious, he must make a DC 15 Constitution check or take 1d6 points of lethal damage each minute thereafter until freed or dead.

To determine the precise location of characters in the path of **Stealth and Detection in Mountains:** As a guideline, the an avalanche, roll $1d6 \times 20$; the result is the number of feet

High altitude travel can be extremely fatiguing—and sometimes deadly-to creatures that aren't used to it. Cold becomes extreme, and the lack of oxygen in the air can wear down even the most hardy of warriors.

Acclimated Characters: Creatures accustomed to high altitude generally fare better than lowlanders. Any creature with an Environment entry that includes mountains is considered native to the area and acclimated to the high altitude. Characters can also acclimate themselves by living The combination of high peaks and heavy snowfalls means at high altitude for a month. Characters who spend more than creatures that do not breathe are immune to altitude effects.

Low Pass (lower than 5,000 feet): Most travel in low mountains takes place in low passes, a zone consisting largely of alpine meadows and forests. Travelers might find the going difficult (which is reflected in the movement modifiers for traveling through mountains), but the altitude itself has no game effect.

the highest slopes of low mountains, or most normal travel through high mountains, falls into this category. All nonacclimated creatures labor to breathe in the thin air at this

altitude. Characters must succeed on a Fortitude save each squares of movement to enter a square covered by an ice hour (DC 15, +1 per previous check) or be fatigued. The sheet, and the DC of Acrobatics checks there increases by 5. fatigue ends when the character descends to an altitude with A DC 10 Acrobatics check is required to run or charge across more air. Acclimated characters do not have to attempt the an ice sheet. Fortitude save.

exceed 15,000 feet in height. At these elevations, creatures Acrobatics checks increases by 2. are subject to both high altitude fatigue (as described above) and altitude sickness, whether or not they're acclimated to high altitudes. Altitude sickness represents long-term oxygen deprivation, and affects mental and physical ability scores. After each 6-hour period a character spends at an altitude of over 15,000 feet, he must succeed on a Fortitude save (DC Sand Dunes: Created by the action of wind on sand, dunes 15, +1 per previous check) or take 1 point of damage to all seasoned mountaineers must abandon these dangerous the prevailing wind and a steep slope on the leeward side. elevations.

Desert Terrain

Desert terrain exists in warm, temperate, and cold climates, but all deserts share one common trait: little rain. The three categories of desert terrain are tundra (cold desert), rocky deserts (often temperate), and sandy deserts (often warm).

Tundra differs from the other desert categories in two important ways. Because snow and ice cover much of the landscape, it's easy to find water. During the height of summer, the permafrost thaws to a depth of a foot or so, turning the landscape into a vast field of mud. The muddy described in Marsh Terrain, although there's little standing water.

The table below describes terrain elements found in each of the three desert categories. The terrain elements on this table are mutually exclusive; for instance, a square of tundra might contain either light undergrowth or an ice sheet, but not both.

	Desert Category		
	Tundra	Rocky	Sandy
Light undergrowth	15%	5%	5%
Ice sheet	25%	_	_
Light rubble	5%	30%	10%
Dense rubble	_	30%	5%
Sand dunes	_	_	50%

Light Undergrowth: Consisting of scrubby, hardy bushes Plains Terrain and cacti, light undergrowth functions as described for other terrain types.

Ice Sheet: The ground is covered with slippery ice. It costs 2

Light Rubble: Small rocks are strewn across the ground, High Peak (more than 15,000 feet): The highest mountains making nimble movement more difficult. The DC of

> Dense Rubble: This terrain feature consists of more and larger stones. It costs 2 squares of movement to enter a square with dense rubble. The DC of Acrobatics checks increases by 5, and the DC of Stealth checks increases by 2.

function as hills that move. If the wind is strong and ability scores. Creatures acclimated to high altitude receive a consistent, a sand dune can move several hundred feet in a +4 competence bonus on their saving throws to resist high week's time. Sand dunes can cover hundreds of squares. altitude effects and altitude sickness, but eventually even They always have a gentle slope pointing in the direction of

> Other Desert Terrain Features: Tundra is sometimes bordered by forests, and the occasional tree isn't out of place in the cold wastes. Rocky deserts have towers and mesas consisting of flat ground surrounded on all sides by cliffs and steep slopes (as described in Mountain Terrain). Sandy deserts sometimes have quicksand; this functions as described in Marsh Terrain, although desert quicksand is a waterless mixture of fine sand and dust. All desert terrain is crisscrossed with dry streambeds (treat as trenches 5 to 15 feet wide) that fill with water on the rare occasions when rain

Stealth and Detection in the Desert: In general, the maximum distance in desert terrain at which a Perception tundra affects movement and skill use as the shallow bogs check for detecting the nearby presence of others can succeed is $6d6 \times 20$ feet; beyond this distance, elevation changes and heat distortion in warm deserts makes sightbased Perception impossible. The presence of dunes in sandy deserts limits spotting distance to $6d6 \times 10$ feet. The scarcity of undergrowth or other elements that offer concealment or cover makes using Stealth more difficult.

Sandstorms

A sandstorm reduces visibility to $1d10 \times 5$ feet and provides a -4 penalty on Perception checks. A sandstorm deals 1d3 points of nonlethal damage per hour to any creatures caught in the open, and leaves a thin coating of sand in its wake. Driving sand creeps in through all but the most secure seals and seams, chafing skin and contaminating carried gear.

Plains come in three categories: farms, grasslands, and battlefields. Farms are common in settled areas, while grasslands represent untamed plains. The battlefields where

lot of time there, not because they're particularly prevalent.

The table below shows the proportions of terrain elements in the different categories of plains. On a farm, light Other Plains Terrain Features: Occasional trees dot the months after planting.

The terrain elements in the table below are mutually exclusive.

	Plains Category		
	Farm	Grassland	Battlefield
Light undergrowth	40%	20%	10%
Heavy undergrowth	_	10%	_
Light rubble	_	_	10%
Trench	5%	_	5%
Berm	_		5%

in a forest. Particularly thick bushes form patches of heavy undergrowth that dot the landscape in grasslands.

Light Rubble: On the battlefield, light rubble usually represents something that was destroyed: the ruins of a building or the scattered remnants of a stone wall, for example. It functions as described in the Desert Terrain section.

Trench: Often dug before a battle to protect soldiers, a trench functions as a low wall, except that it provides no cover against adjacent foes. It costs 2 squares of movement to leave a trench, but it costs nothing extra to enter one. Creatures outside a trench who make a melee attack against a creature inside the trench gain a +1 bonus on melee attacks because they have higher ground. In farm terrain, trenches are generally irrigation ditches.

Berm: A common defensive structure, a berm is a low, earthen wall that slows movement and provides a measure of cover. Put a berm on the map by drawing two adjacent rows of steep slope (described in Hills Terrain), with the edges of swimming upstream. the berm on the downhill side. Thus, a character crossing a 2square berm will travel uphill for 1 square, then downhill for 1 square. Two square berms provide cover as low walls for anyone standing behind them. Larger berms provide the low wall benefit for anyone standing 1 square downhill from the top of the berm.

livestock or impede oncoming soldiers. It costs an extra 20 Swim checks in a row. Characters arrested by a rock, square of movement to cross a wooden fence. A stone fence limb, or snag can't escape under their own power unless they

large armies clash are temporary places, usually reclaimed by provides a measure of cover as well, functioning as low natural vegetation or the farmer's plow. Battlefields represent walls. Mounted characters can cross a fence without slowing a third terrain category because adventurers tend to spend a their movement if they succeed on a DC 15 Ride check. If the check fails, the steed crosses the fence, but the rider falls out of the saddle.

undergrowth represents most mature grain crops, so farms landscape in many plains, although on battlefields they're growing vegetable crops will have less light undergrowth, as often felled to provide raw material for siege engines will all farms during the time between harvest and a few (described in Urban Features). Hedgerows (described in Marsh Terrain) are found in plains as well. Streams. generally 5 to 20 feet wide and 5 to 10 feet deep, are commonplace.

> Stealth and Detection in Plains: In plains terrain, the maximum distance at which a Perception check for detecting the nearby presence of others can succeed is $6d6 \times 40$ feet, although the specifics of your map might restrict line of sight. Cover and concealment are not uncommon, so a good place of refuge is often nearby, if not right at hand.

Aquatic Terrain

Aquatic terrain is the least hospitable to most PCs, because Undergrowth: Whether they're crops or natural vegetation, they can't breathe there. Aquatic terrain doesn't offer the the tall grasses of the plains function like light undergrowth variety that land terrain does. The ocean floor holds many marvels, including undersea analogues of any of the terrain elements described earlier in this section, but if characters find themselves in the water because they were bull rushed off the deck of a pirate ship, the tall kelp beds hundreds of feet below them don't matter. Accordingly, these rules simply divide aquatic terrain into two categories: flowing water (such as streams and rivers) and non-flowing water (such as lakes and oceans).

> Flowing Water: Large, placid rivers move at only a few miles per hour, so they function as still water for most purposes. But some rivers and streams are swifter; anything floating in them moves downstream at a speed of 10 to 40 feet per round. The fastest rapids send swimmers bobbing downstream at 60 to 90 feet per round. Fast rivers are always at least rough water (Swim DC 15), and whitewater rapids are stormy water (Swim DC 20). If a character is in moving water, move her downstream the indicated distance at the end of her turn. A character trying to maintain her position relative to the riverbank can spend some or all of her turn

Swept Away: Characters swept away by a river moving 60 feet per round or faster must make DC 20 Swim checks every round to avoid going under. If a character gets a check result of 5 or more over the minimum necessary, she arrests her motion by catching a rock, tree limb, or bottom snagshe is no longer being carried along by the flow of the water. Fences: Wooden fences are generally used to contain Escaping the rapids by reaching the bank requires three DC

strike out into the water and attempt to swim their way clear. chest-deep water, or walking along the bottom of a body of Other characters can rescue them as if they were trapped in water. quicksand (described in Marsh Terrain).

water). Characters need a way to breathe if they're addition to the normal penalties for range. underwater; failing that, they risk drowning. When underwater, characters can move in any direction.

it's in a particularly large, slow-moving river.

It's hard to find cover or concealment to hide underwater (except along the sea floor).

Invisibility: An invisible creature displaces water and leaves like any other effects) and fire effects. a visible, body-shaped "bubble" where the water was displaced. The creature still has concealment (20% miss chance), but not total concealment (50% miss chance).

Underwater Combat

fighting in water. Water affects a creature's attack rolls, description states otherwise. The surface of a body of water damage, and movement. In some cases a creature's blocks line of effect for any fire spell. If the caster has made opponents might get a bonus on attacks. The effects are the caster level check to make the fire spell usable summarized on Table: Combat Adjustments Underwater, underwater, the surface still blocks the spell's line of effect. They apply whenever a character is swimming, walking in

Ranged Attacks Underwater: Thrown weapons are Non-Flowing Water: Lakes and oceans simply require a ineffective underwater, even when launched from land. swim speed or successful Swim checks to move through (DC Attacks with other ranged weapons take a -2 penalty on 10 in calm water, DC 15 in rough water, DC 20 in stormy attack rolls for every 5 feet of water they pass through, in

Attacks from Land: Characters swimming, floating, or treading water on the surface, or wading in water at least Stealth and Detection Underwater: How far you can see chest deep, have improved cover (+8 bonus to AC, +4 bonus underwater depends on the water's clarity. As a guideline, on Reflex saves) from opponents on land. Land-bound creatures can see $4d8 \times 10$ feet if the water is clear, and 1d8 opponents who have freedom of movement effects ignore this × 10 feet if it's murky. Moving water is always murky, unless cover when making melee attacks against targets in the water. A completely submerged creature has total cover against opponents on land unless those opponents have freedom of movement effects. Magical effects are unaffected except for those that require attack rolls (which are treated

Fire: Nonmagical fire (including alchemist's fire) does not burn underwater. Spells or spell-like effects with the fire descriptor are ineffective underwater unless the caster makes a caster level check (DC 20 + spell level). If the check succeeds, the spell creates a bubble of steam instead of its usual fiery effect, but otherwise the spell works as described. Land-based creatures can have considerable difficulty when A supernatural fire effect is ineffective underwater unless its

Condition	Attack/Dama	ge	Movement	Off Balance?1
	Slashing or Bludgeoning	Piercing	Movement	On balance?
Freedom of movement	normal/normal	normal/normal	normal	No
Has a swim speed	−2/half	normal	normal	No
Successful Swim check	-2/half ²	normal	quarter or half ³	No
Firm footing ⁴	$-2/\text{half}^2$	normal	half	No
None of the above	-2/half ²	-2/half	normal	Yes

Table 13-7: Combat Adjustments Underwater

- 1 Creatures flailing about in the water (usually because they failed their Swim checks) have a hard time fighting effectively. An off-balance creature loses its Dexterity bonus to Armor Class, and opponents gain a +2 bonus on attacks against it.
- 2 A creature without *freedom of movement* effects or a swim speed makes grapple checks underwater at a -2 penalty, but deals damage normally when grappling.
- 3 A successful Swim check lets a creature move one-quarter its speed as a move action or one-half its speed as a full-round action.
- 4 Creatures have firm footing when walking along the bottom, braced against a ship's hull, or the like. A creature can only walk along the bottom if it wears or carries enough gear to weigh itself down: at least 16 pounds for Medium creatures, twice that for each size category larger than Medium, and half that for each size category smaller than Medium.

can be difficult for those who cannot breathe underwater. A stability the city relies on, and prohibitions about murder creature that cannot breathe water must make a concentration rarely apply to monsters such as aberrations or evil outsiders. check (DC 15 + spell level) to cast a spell underwater (this is Most evil humanoids, however, are typically protected by the in addition to the caster level check to successfully cast a fire same laws that protect all the citizens of the city. Having an spell underwater). Creatures that can breathe water are evil alignment is not a crime (except in some severely unaffected and can cast spells normally. Some spells might theocratic cities, perhaps, with the magical power to back up function differently underwater, subject to GM discretion.

Floods

In many wilderness areas, river floods are a common occurrence.

In spring, an enormous snowmelt can engorge the streams and rivers it feeds. Other catastrophic events such as massive rainstorms or the destruction of a dam can create floods as well.

During a flood, rivers become wider, deeper, and swifter. Assume that a river rises by 1d10+10 feet during the spring flood, and its width increases by a factor of $1d4 \times 50\%$. Fords might disappear for days, bridges might be swept away, and even ferries might not be able to manage the crossing of a flooded river. A river in flood makes Swim checks one category harder (calm water becomes rough, and rough water becomes stormy). Rivers also become 50% swifter.

Urban Adventures

At first glance, a city is much like a dungeon, made up of walls, doors, rooms, and corridors. Adventures that take place in cities have two salient differences from their dungeon counterparts, however. Characters have greater access to resources, and they must contend with law enforcement.

wilderness, characters can buy and sell gear quickly in a city. A large city or metropolis probably has high-level NPCs and experts in obscure fields of knowledge who can provide assistance and decipher clues. And when the PCs are battered and bruised, they can retreat to the comfort of a room at an inn.

The freedom to retreat and ready access to the marketplace means that the players have a greater degree of control over the pacing of an urban adventure.

Law Enforcement: The other key distinctions between adventuring in a city and delving into a dungeon is that a dungeon is, almost by definition, a lawless place where the only law is that of the jungle: kill or be killed. A city, on the other hand, is held together by a code of laws, many of has outgrown, or walls dividing individual districts from which are explicitly designed to prevent the sort of killing and looting that adventurers engage in all the time. Even so,

Spellcasting Underwater: Casting spells while submerged most cities' laws recognize monsters as a threat to the the law); only evil deeds are against the law. Even when adventurers encounter an evildoer in the act of perpetrating some heinous evil upon the populace of the city, the law tends to frown on the sort of vigilante justice that leaves the evildoer dead or otherwise unable to testify at a trial.

Weapon and Spell Restrictions

Different cities have different laws about such issues as carrying weapons in public and restricting spellcasters.

The city's laws might not affect all characters equally. A monk isn't hampered at all by a law about peace-bonding weapons, but a cleric is reduced to a fraction of his power if all holy symbols are confiscated at the city's gates.

Urban Features

Walls, doors, poor lighting, and uneven footing: in many ways a city is much like a dungeon. Some special considerations for an urban setting are covered below.

Walls and Gates

Many cities are surrounded by walls. A typical small city wall is a fortified stone wall 5 feet thick and 20 feet high. Such a wall is fairly smooth, requiring a DC 30 Climb check to scale. The walls are crenellated on one side to provide a low wall for the guards atop it, and there is just barely room for guards to walk along the top of the wall. A typical small Access to Resources: Unlike in dungeons and the city wall has AC 3, hardness 8, and 450 hp per 10-foot

> A typical large city wall is 10 feet thick and 30 feet high, with crenellations on both sides for the guards on top of the wall. It is likewise smooth, requiring a DC 30 Climb check to scale. Such a wall has AC 3, hardness 8, and 720 hp per 10foot section.

> A typical metropolis wall is 15 feet thick and 40 feet tall. It has crenellations on both sides and often has a tunnel and small rooms running through its interior. Metropolis walls have AC 3, hardness 8, and 1,170 hp per 10-foot section.

> Unlike smaller cities, metropolises often have interior walls as well as surrounding walls—either old walls that the city each other. Sometimes these walls are as large and thick as the outer walls, but more often they have the characteristics

of a large city's or small city's walls.

Watchtowers: Some city walls are adorned watchtowers set at irregular intervals. Few cities have enough guards to keep someone constantly stationed at every tower, unless the city is expecting attack from outside. The towers provide a superior view of the surrounding countryside as well as a point of defense against invaders.

Watchtowers are typically 10 feet higher than the wall they neighborhood consisting of several districts). adjoin, and their diameter is 5 times the thickness of the wall. Arrow slits line the outer sides of the upper stories of a tower, and the top is crenellated like the surrounding walls are. In a small tower (25 feet in diameter adjoining a 5-footthick wall), a simple ladder typically connects the tower's stories and its roof. In a larger tower, stairs serve that purpose.

Heavy wooden doors, reinforced with iron and bearing good locks (Disable Device DC 30), block entry to a tower, unless the tower is in regular use. As a rule, the captain of the guard keeps the keys to the towers secured on her person, and second copies are in the city's inner fortress or barracks.

Gates: A typical city gate is a gatehouse with two portcullises and murder holes above the space between them. In towns and some small cities, the primary entry is through iron double doors set into the city wall.

Gates are usually open during the day and locked or barred at (depending on the city and the guards).

Guards and Soldiers

A city typically has full-time military personnel equal to 1% of its adult population, in addition to militia or conscript soldiers equal to 5% of the population. The full-time soldiers are city guards responsible for maintaining order within the Catapult, Heavy: A heavy catapult is a massive engine city, similar to the role of modern police, and (to a lesser soldiers are called up to serve in case of an attack on the city.

A typical city guard force works on three 8-hour shifts, with 30% of the force on a day shift (8 a.m. to 4 p.m.), 35% on an evening shift (4 p.m. to 12 a.m.), and 35% on a night shift (12 a.m. to 8 a.m.). At any given time, 80% of the guards on duty are on the streets patrolling, while the remaining 20% are stationed at various posts throughout the city where they can respond to nearby alarms. At least one such guard post is present within each neighborhood of a city (each

The majority of a city guard force is made up of warriors, mostly 1st level. Officers include higher-level warriors, fighters, a fair number of clerics, and wizards or sorcerers, as well as multiclass fighter/spellcasters.

Siege Engines

Siege engines are large weapons, temporary structures, or pieces of equipment traditionally used in besieging castles or fortresses.

Siege engines are treated as difficult devices if someone tries to disable them using Disable Device. This takes 2d4 rounds and requires a DC 20 Disable Device check. Siege engines are typically made out of wood and have an AC of 3 (-5 Dex, -2 size), a Hardness of 5, and 80 hit points. Siege engines made up of a different material might have different values. Some siege engines are armored as well. Treat the night. Usually, one gate lets in travelers after sunset and is siege engine as a Huge creature to determine the cost of such staffed by guards who will open it for someone who seems armor. Siege engines can be crafted as masterwork and honest, presents proper papers, or offers a large enough bribe enchanted as magic weapons, adding bonuses on attack rolls to the checks made to hit with the siege engine. A masterwork siege engine costs 300 gp more than the listed price. Enchanting a siege engine costs twice the normal amount. For example, a +1 flaming heavy catapult, armored with full plate, would have an AC of 11 and would cost 23,100 gp (800 gp base + 6,000 gp for the armor + 300 gp masterwork + 16,000 gp for the enhancements).

capable of throwing rocks or heavy objects with great force. extent) for defending the city from outside assault. Conscript Because the catapult throws its payload in a high arc, it can hit squares out of its line of sight. To fire a heavy catapult, the crew chief makes a special check against DC 15 using

Item	Cost	Damage	Critical Range	Increment	Typical Crew
Catapult, heavy	800 gp	6d6	_	200 ft. (100 ft. minimum)	4
Catapult, light	550 gp	4d6	_	150 ft. (100 ft. minimum)	2
Ballista	500 gp	3d8	19–20	120 ft.	1
Ram	1,000 gp	3d6*	_	_	10
Siege tower	2,000 gp	_	_	<u> </u>	20

Table 13-8: Siege Engines

^{*} See description for special rules.

Table 13-9: Catapult Attack Modifiers

Condition	Modifier
No line of sight to target square	6
Successive shots (crew can see where most recent misses landed)	Cumulative +2 per previous miss (maximum +10)
Successive shots (crew can't see where most recent misses landed, but observer is providing feedback)	Cumulative +1 per previous miss (maximum +5)

wind changes direction or speed.

If a catapult stone misses, roll 1d8 to determine where it lands. This determines the misdirection of the throw, with 1 being back toward the catapult and 2 through 8 counting clockwise around the target square. Finally, count 1d4 A ram is typically 30 feet long. In a battle, the creatures squares away from the target square for every range wielding the ram stand in two adjacent columns of equal increment of the attack.

members to use the aid another action, assisting the main with cover. The wooden walls are usually 1 foot thick. winch operator. A DC 15 Profession (siege engineer) check latches the arm into place, and then another DC 15 Profession (siege engineer) check loads the catapult ammunition. It takes four full-round actions to re-aim a heavy catapult (multiple crew members can perform these full-round actions in the same round, so it would take a crew of four only 1 round to re-aim the catapult).

A heavy catapult takes up a space 15 feet across.

Catapult, Light: This is a smaller, lighter version of the Typical city streets are narrow and twisting. Most streets catapult.

A light catapult takes up a space 10 feet across.

Ballista: A ballista is essentially a Huge heavy crossbow fixed in place. Its size makes it hard for most creatures to aim it. Thus, a Medium creature takes a -4 penalty on attack rolls when using a ballista, and a Small creature takes a -6 penalty. It takes a creature smaller than Large two full-round actions to reload the ballista after firing.

A ballista takes up a space 5 feet across.

only his base attack bonus, Intelligence modifier, range Ram: This heavy pole is sometimes suspended from a increment penalty, and the appropriate modifiers from the movable scaffold that allows the crew to swing it back and lower section of Table: Siege Engines. If the check succeeds, forth against objects. As a full-round action, the character the catapult stone hits the square the catapult was aimed at, closest to the front of the ram makes an attack roll against the dealing the indicated damage to any object or character in the AC of the construction, applying the -4 penalty for lack of square. Characters who succeed on a DC 15 Reflex save take proficiency. It's not possible to be proficient with this device. half damage. Once a catapult stone hits a square, subsequent In addition to the damage given on Table: Siege Engines, up shots hit the same square unless the catapult is reaimed or the to nine other characters holding the ram can add their Strength modifiers to the ram's damage, if they devote an attack action to doing so. It takes at least one Huge or larger creature, two Large creatures, four Medium creatures, or eight Small creatures to swing a ram.

length, with the ram between them.

Loading a catapult requires a series of full-round actions. It Siege Tower: This device is a massive wooden tower on takes a DC 15 Strength check to winch the throwing arm wheels or rollers that can be rolled up against a wall to allow down; most catapults have wheels to allow up to two crew attackers to scale the tower and thus get to the top of the wall

> A typical siege tower takes up a space 15 feet across. The creatures inside push it at a base land speed of 10 feet (and a siege tower can't run). The eight creatures pushing on the ground floor have total cover, and those on higher floors get improved cover and can fire through arrow slits.

City Streets

heavy catapult. It functions as the heavy catapult, except that average 15 to 20 feet wide, while alleys range from 10 feet it takes a DC 10 Strength check to winch the arm into place, wide to only 5 feet. Cobblestones in good condition allow and only two full-round actions are required to re-aim the normal movement, but roads in poor repair and heavily rutted dirt streets are considered light rubble, increasing the DC of Acrobatics checks by 2.

> Some cities have no larger thoroughfares, particularly cities that gradually grew from small settlements to larger cities. Cities that are planned, or perhaps have suffered a major fire that allowed authorities to construct new roads through formerly inhabited areas, might have a few larger streets through town. These main roads are 25 feet wide—offering room for wagons to pass each other-with 5-foot-wide sidewalks on either side.

> Crowds: Urban streets are often full of people going about

the city's main thoroughfare. Instead, just indicate which ground floor, with offices or apartments above. squares on the map contain crowds. If crowds see something obviously dangerous, they'll move away at 30 feet per round at initiative count 0. It takes 2 squares of movement to enter a square with crowds. The crowds provide cover for anyone who does so, enabling a Stealth check and providing a bonus to Armor Class and on Reflex saves.

Directing Crowds: It takes a DC 15 Diplomacy check or DC 20 Intimidate check to convince a crowd to move in a particular direction, and the crowd must be able to hear or Most city buildings are made of a combination of stone or see the character making the attempt. It takes a full-round clay brick (on the lower one or two stories) and timbers (for action to make the Diplomacy check, but only a free action the upper stories, interior walls, and floors). Roofs are a to make the Intimidate check.

If two or more characters are trying to direct a crowd in different directions, they make opposed Diplomacy or Intimidate checks to determine to whom the crowd listens. The crowd ignores everyone if none of the characters' check results beat the DCs given above.

Above and Beneath the Streets

Rooftops: Getting to a roof usually requires climbing a wall, unless the character can reach a roof by jumping down from a higher window, balcony, or bridge. Flat roofs, common only in warm climates (as accumulated snow can cause a flat roof to collapse), are easy to run across. Moving along the peak of a pitched roof requires a DC 20 Acrobatics check. Moving on an angled roof surface without changing altitude (moving parallel to the peak, in other words) requires a DC Alleys can be dark places even in daylight, thanks to the 15 Acrobatics check. Moving up and down across the peak of shadows of the tall buildings that surround them. A dark alley a roof requires a DC 10 Acrobatics check.

Eventually a character runs out of roof, requiring a long jump across to the next roof or down to the ground. The distance to the closest roof is usually $1d3 \times 5$ feet horizontally, but the next roof is equally likely to be 5 feet higher, 5 feet lower, or the same height. Use the guidelines in the Acrobatics skill (a horizontal jump's peak height is one-fourth of the horizontal distance) to determine whether a character can make a jump.

Sewers: To get into the sewers, most characters open a grate (a full-round action) and jump down 10 feet. Sewers are built exactly like dungeons, except that they're much more likely to have floors that are slippery or covered with water. Sewers are also similar to dungeons in terms of creatures liable to be encountered therein. Some cities were built atop the ruins of older civilizations, so their sewers sometimes lead to treasures and dangers from a bygone age.

City Buildings

Most city buildings fall into three categories. The majority of Hot: Between 85° and 110° Fahrenheit during the day, 10 to buildings in the city are two to five stories high, built side- 20 degrees colder at night.

their daily lives. In most cases, it isn't necessary to put every by-side to form long rows separated by secondary or main 1st-level commoner on the map when a fight breaks out on streets. These row houses usually have businesses on the

> Inns, successful businesses, and large warehouses—as well as millers, tanners, and other businesses that require extra space—are generally large, free-standing buildings with up to five stories.

> Finally, small residences, shops, warehouses, or storage sheds are simple, one-story wooden buildings, especially if they're in poorer neighborhoods.

> mixture of boards, thatch, and slates, sealed with pitch. A typical lower-story wall is 1 foot thick, with AC 3, hardness 8, 90 hp, and a Climb DC of 25. Upper-story walls are 6 inches thick, with AC 3, hardness 5, 60 hp, and a Climb DC of 21. Exterior doors on most buildings are good wooden doors that are usually kept locked, except on public buildings such as shops and taverns.

City Lights

If a city has main thoroughfares, they are lined with lanterns hanging at a height of 7 feet from building awnings. These lanterns are spaced 60 feet apart, so their illumination is all but continuous. Secondary streets and alleys are not lit; it is common for citizens to hire lantern-bearers when going out after dark.

in daylight is rarely dark enough to afford true concealment, but it can lend a +2 circumstance bonus on Stealth checks.

Weather

Weather can play an important role in an adventure.

Table: Random Weather can be used as a simple local weather table. Terms on that table are defined as follows.

Calm: Wind speeds are light (0 to 10 mph).

Cold: Between 0° and 40° Fahrenheit during the day, 10 to 20 degrees colder at night.

Cold Snap: Lowers temperature by -10° F.

Downpour: Treat as rain (see Precipitation, below), but conceals as fog. Can create floods. A downpour lasts for 2d4 hours.

Heat Wave: Raises temperature by $+10^{\circ}$ F.

Table 13-10: Random Weather

d%	Weather	Cold Climate	Temperate Climate ¹	Desert
01–70	Normal weather	Cold, calm	Normal for season ²	Hot, calm
71–80	Abnormal weather	Heat wave (01–30) or cold snap (31–100)	Heat wave (01–50) or cold snap (51–100)	Hot, windy
81-90	Inclement weather	Precipitation (snow)	Precipitation (normal for season)	Hot, windy
91–99	Storm	Snowstorm	Thunderstorm, snowstorm	Duststorm
100	Powerful storm	Blizzard	Windstorm, blizzard, hurricane, tornado	Downpour

¹ Temperate includes forests, hills, marshes, mountains, plains, and warm aquatic environments.

Moderate: Between 40° and 60° Fahrenheit during the day, above freezing to 30° F or below might produce ice. 10 to 20 degrees colder at night.

Powerful Storm

(Windstorm/Blizzard/Hurricane/Tornado): Wind speeds are over 50 mph (see Table: Wind Effects). In addition, blizzards are accompanied by heavy snow (1d3 feet), and hurricanes are accompanied by downpours. Windstorms last for 1d6 hours. Blizzards last for 1d3 days. Hurricanes can last for up to a week, but their major impact on characters comes in a 24-to-48-hour period when the center of the storm moves through their area. Tornadoes are very short-lived $(1d6 \times 10 \text{ minutes})$, typically forming as part of a thunderstorm system.

Precipitation: Roll d% to determine whether precipitation is fog (01-30), rain/snow (31-90), or sleet/hail (91-00). Snow and sleet occur only when the temperature is 30° Fahrenheit or below. Most precipitation lasts for 2d4 hours. By contrast, hail lasts for only 1d20 minutes but usually accompanies 1d4 hours of rain.

(Duststorm/Snowstorm/Thunderstorm): speeds are severe (30 to 50 mph) and visibility is cut by three-quarters. Storms last for 2d4-1 hours. See Storms, below, for more details.

Warm: Between 60° and 85° Fahrenheit during the day, 10 ground. to 20 degrees colder at night.

Windy: Wind speeds are moderate to strong (10 to 30 mph); see Table: Wind Effects.

Rain, Snow, Sleet, and Hail

Bad weather frequently slows or halts travel and makes it virtually impossible to navigate from one spot to another. Torrential downpours and blizzards obscure vision as effectively as a dense fog.

Most precipitation is rain, but in cold conditions it can manifest as snow, sleet, or hail. Precipitation of any kind followed by a cold snap in which the temperature dips from

Rain: Rain reduces visibility ranges by half, resulting in a -4 penalty on Perception checks. It has the same effect on flames, ranged weapon attacks, and Perception checks as severe wind.

Snow: Falling snow has the same effects on visibility, ranged weapon attacks, and skill checks as rain, and it costs 2 squares of movement to enter a snow-covered square. A day of snowfall leaves 1d6 inches of snow on the ground.

Heavy Snow: Heavy snow has the same effects as normal snowfall but also restricts visibility as fog does (see Fog). A day of heavy snow leaves 1d4 feet of snow on the ground, and it costs 4 squares of movement to enter a square covered with heavy snow. Heavy snow accompanied by strong or severe winds might result in snowdrifts 1d4 × 5 feet deep, especially in and around objects big enough to deflect the wind—a cabin or a large tent, for instance. There is a 10% chance that a heavy snowfall is accompanied by lightning (see Thunderstorm). Snow has the same effect on flames as Wind moderate wind.

> Sleet: Essentially frozen rain, sleet has the same effect as rain while falling (except that its chance to extinguish protected flames is 75%) and the same effect as snow once on the

> Hail: Hail does not reduce visibility, but the sound of falling hail makes sound-based Perception checks more difficult (-4 penalty). Sometimes (5% chance) hail can become large enough to deal 1 point of lethal damage (per storm) to anything in the open. Once on the ground, hail has the same effect on movement as snow.

Storms

The combined effects of precipitation (or dust) and wind that accompany all storms reduce visibility ranges by threequarters, imposing a -8 penalty on Perception checks. Storms make ranged weapon attacks impossible, except for

² Winter is cold, summer is warm, spring and autumn are temperate. Marsh regions are slightly warmer in winter.

Table 13-11: Wind Effects

Wind Force	Wind Speed	Ranged Attacks Normal/Siege Weapons ¹	Checked Size ²	Blown Away Size	Fly Penalty
Light	0–10 mph	—/—	_	_	_
Moderate	11-20 mph	/	_	_	_
Strong	21-30 mph	-2/	Tiny	_	2
Severe	31-50 mph	-4/	Small	Tiny	4
Windstorm	51-74 mph	Impossible/–4	Medium	Small	8
Hurricane	75–174 mph	Impossible/–8	Large	Medium	12
Tornado	175-300 mph	Impossible/impossible	Huge	Large	16

¹ The siege weapon category includes ballista and catapult attacks as well as boulders tossed by giants.

attack rolls. They automatically extinguish candles, torches, between 4d8 and 10d8 points of electricity damage. One in and similar unprotected flames. They cause protected flames, 10 thunderstorms is accompanied by a tornado. such as those of lanterns, to dance wildly and have a 50% chance to extinguish these lights. See Table: Wind Effects for possible consequences to creatures caught outside without shelter during such a storm. Storms are divided into the following three types.

unprotected flames, and can even choke protected flames following four types. (50% chance). Most duststorms are accompanied by severe winds and leave behind a deposit of 1d6 inches of sand. There is a 10% chance for a greater duststorm to be accompanied by windstorm-magnitude winds (see Table: Wind Effects). These greater duststorms deal 1d3 points of Blizzard: The combination of high winds, heavy snow open without shelter and also pose a choking hazard (see all who are unprepared for them. Drowning, except that a character with a scarf or similar protection across her mouth and nose does not begin to choke until after a number of rounds equal to 10 + her Constitution score). Greater duststorms leave 2d3-1 feet of fine sand in their wake.

Snowstorm: In addition to the wind and precipitation common to other storms, snowstorms leave 1d6 inches of snow on the ground afterward.

Thunderstorm: In addition to wind and precipitation (usually Fog rain, but sometimes also hail), thunderstorms accompanied by lightning that can pose a hazard to characters without proper shelter (especially those in metal armor). As a rule of thumb, assume one bolt per minute for a

those using siege weapons, which have a -4 penalty on 1-hour period at the center of the storm. Each bolt causes

Powerful Storms: Very high winds and torrential precipitation reduce visibility to zero, making Perception checks and all ranged weapon attacks impossible. Unprotected flames are automatically extinguished, and protected flames have a 75% chance of being doused. Duststorm (CR 3): These desert storms differ from other Creatures caught in the area must make a Fortitude save or storms in that they have no precipitation. Instead, a duststorm face the effects based on the size of the creature (see Table: blows fine grains of sand that obscure vision, smother Wind Effects). Powerful storms are divided into the

> Windstorm: While accompanied by little or no precipitation, windstorms can cause considerable damage simply through the force of their winds.

nonlethal damage each round to anyone caught out in the (typically 1d3 feet), and bitter cold make blizzards deadly for

Hurricane: In addition to very high winds and heavy rain, hurricanes are accompanied by floods. Most adventuring activity is impossible under such conditions.

Tornado: In addition to incredibly high winds, tornadoes can severely injure and kill those that get pulled into their funnels.

Whether in the form of a low-lying cloud or a mist rising from the ground, fog obscures all sight beyond 5 feet, including darkvision. Creatures 5 feet away have

² Checked Size: Creatures of this size or smaller are unable to move forward against the force of the wind unless they succeed on a DC 10 Strength check (if on the ground) or a DC 20 Fly skill check if airborne.

³ Blown Away Size: Creatures on the ground are knocked prone and rolled $1d4 \times 10$ feet, taking 1d4 points of nonlethal damage per 10 feet, unless they make a DC 15 Strength check. Flying creatures are blown back 2d6 × 10 feet and take 2d6 points of nonlethal damage due to battering and buffeting, unless they succeed on a DC 25 Fly skill check.

concealment (attacks by or against them have a 20% miss chance).

Winds

The wind can create a stinging spray of sand or dust, fan a large fire, keel over a small boat, and blow gases or vapors away. If powerful enough, it can even knock characters down (see Table: Wind Effects), interfere with ranged attacks, or impose penalties on some skill checks.

Light Wind: A gentle breeze, having little or no game effect.

Moderate Wind: A steady wind with a 50% chance of extinguishing small, unprotected flames, such as candles.

Strong Wind: Gusts that automatically extinguish unprotected flames (candles, torches, and the like). Such gusts impose a – Earth-like of all planes and operates under the same set of 2 penalty on ranged attack rolls and on Perception checks.

Severe Wind: In addition to automatically extinguishing any unprotected flames, winds of this magnitude cause protected flames (such as those of lanterns) to dance wildly and have a 50% chance of extinguishing these lights. Ranged weapon attacks and Perception checks are at a –4 penalty. This is the velocity of wind produced by a *gust of wind* spell.

Windstorm: Powerful enough to bring down branches if not whole trees, windstorms automatically extinguish unprotected flames and have a 75% chance of blowing out protected flames, such as those of lanterns. Ranged weapon attacks are impossible, and even siege weapons have a -4 penalty on attack rolls. Perception checks that rely on sound are at a -8 penalty due to the howling of the wind.

Hurricane-Force Wind: All flames are extinguished. Ranged attacks are impossible (except with siege weapons, which have a -8 penalty on attack rolls). Perception checks based on sound are impossible: all characters can hear is the roaring of the wind. Hurricane-force winds often fell trees.

Tornado (CR 10): All flames are extinguished. All ranged attacks are impossible (even with siege weapons), as are sound-based Perception checks. Instead of being blown away (see Table: Wind Effects), characters in close proximity to a tornado who fail their Fortitude saves are sucked toward the tornado. Those who come in contact with the actual funnel cloud are picked up and whirled around for 1d10 rounds, taking 6d6 points of damage per round, before being violently expelled (falling damage might apply). While a tornado's rotational speed can be as great as 300 mph, the funnel itself moves forward at an average of 30 mph (roughly 250 feet per round). A tornado uproots trees, destroys buildings, and causes similar forms of major destruction.

While endless adventure awaits out in the game—there are other worlds beyond these—other continents, other planets, other galaxies. Yet even beyond this existence of countless planets exist more worlds—entirely different dimensions of reality known as the planes of existence. Except for rare linking points that allow travel between them, each plane is effectively its own universe with its own natural laws. Collectively, the entirety of these other dimensions and planes is known as the Great Beyond.

Although the number of planes is limited only by imagination, they can all be categorized into five general types: the Material Plane, the transitive planes, the Inner Planes, the Outer Planes, and the countless demiplanes.

Material Plane: The Material Plane tends to be the most Earth-like of all planes and operates under the same set of natural laws that our own real world does. The "size" of the Material Plane depends upon the campaign—it might conform only to the single world on which your game is set, or it might encompass an entire universe of planets, moons, stars, and galaxies. The Material Plane is the default plane for the Pathfinder Roleplaying Game.

Transitive Planes: Transitive planes have one important common characteristic: they "overlap" with other planes, and as such can be used to travel between these overlapping realities. These planes have the strongest regular interaction with the Material Plane and are often accessed by using various spells. They have native inhabitants as well. Example transitive planes include the following.

Astral Plane: A silvery void that connects the Material and Inner Planes to the Outer Planes, the astral plane is the medium through which the souls of the departed travel to the afterlife. A traveler in the Astral Plane sees the plane as a vast empty void periodically dotted with tiny motes of physical reality calved off of the countless planes it overlaps. Powerful spellcasters utilize the Astral Plane for a tiny fraction of a second when they teleport, or they can use it to travel between planes with spells like astral projection.

Ethereal Plane: The Ethereal Plane is a ghostly realm that exists as a buffer between the Material Plane and the Shadow Plane, overlapping each. A traveler in the Ethereal plane experiences the real world as if the world were an insubstantial ghost, and can move through solid objects without being seen in the real world. Strange creatures dwell in the Ethereal Plane, as well as ghosts and dreams, many of which can sometimes extend their influence into the real world in mysterious and terrifying ways. Powerful spellcasters utilize the Ethereal Plane with spells like blink, etherealness, and ethereal jaunt.

Shadow Plane: The eerie and deadly Shadow Plane is a grim, colorless "duplicate" of the Material Plane. It overlaps with

the Material Plane but is smaller in size, and is in many ways extradimensional spaces that function like planes but have a warped and mocking "reflection" of the Material Plane, measurable size and limited access. Other kinds of planes are one infused with negative energy (see Inner Planes) and theoretically infinite in size, but a demiplane might be only a serving as home for strange monsters like undead shadows few hundred feet across. There are countless demiplanes and worse. Powerful spellcasters utilize the Shadow Plane to adrift in reality, and while most are connected to the Astral swiftly travel immense distances on the Material Plane with Plane and Ethereal Plane, some are cut off entirely from the shadow walk, or draw upon the mutable essence of the transitive planes and can only be accessed by well-hidden Shadow Plane to create quasi-real effects and creatures with portals or obscure magic spells. spells like shadow evocation or shades.

Inner Planes: The Inner Planes contain the building blocks of reality—it's easiest to envision these planes as "containing" the Material Plane, but they do not overlap with Infinities may be broken into smaller infinities, and planes the Material Plane as do the transitive planes. Each Inner into smaller, related planes. These layers are effectively Plane is made up of a single type of energy or element that separate planes of existence, and each layer can have its own overwhelms all others. The natives of a particular Inner Plane features and qualities. Layers are connected to each other are made of the same energy or element as the plane itself. Example Inner Planes include the following.

Elemental Planes: The four classic Inner Planes are the Plane Access to a layered plane from elsewhere usually happens on of Air, the Plane of Earth, the Plane of Fire, and the Plane of Water—it is from these planes that the creatures known as elementals hail, yet they house many other strange denizens as well, such as the genie races, strange metal-eating xorns, unseen invisible stalkers, and mischievous mephits.

Energy Planes: Two energy planes exist—the Positive Energy Plane (from which the animating spark of life hails) and the Negative Energy Plane (from which the sinister taint of undeath hails). Energy from both planes infuses reality, the ebb and flow of this energy running through all creatures Two planes that are separate do not overlap or directly to bear them along the journey from birth to death. Clerics utilize power from these planes when they channel energy.

Outer Planes: Beyond the realm of the mortal world, beyond the building blocks of reality, lie the Outer Planes. Vast beyond imagining, it is to these realms that the souls of the dead travel, and it is upon these realms in which the gods themselves hold court. Each of the Outer Planes has an alignment, representing a particular moral or ethical outlook, and the natives of each plane tend to behave in agreement with that plane's alignment. The Outer Planes are also the created at any point, the two planes are coexistent. These final resting place of souls from the Material Plane, whether planes overlap each other completely. A coexistent plane can that final rest takes the form of calm introspection or eternal damnation. The denizens of the Outer Planes form the moving on a coexistent plane, it is often possible to see into mythologies of civilization, comprising angels and demons, titans and devils, and countless other incarnations of possibility. Each campaign world should have different Outer Planes to match its themes and needs, but classic Outer Planes include lawful good Heaven, the chaos and evil of the Abyss, the regimented lawful evil of Hell, and the capricious spellcasters can contact the Outer Planes for advice or guidance with spells like commune and contact outer plane, or can conjure allies with spells like planar ally or summon monster.

Demiplanes: This catchall category covers

Layered Planes

through a variety of planar gates, natural vortices, paths, and shifting borders.

the first layer of the plane, which can be either the top or bottom layer, depending on the specific plane. Most fixed access points (such as portals and natural vortices) reach this layer, which makes it the gateway for other layers of the plane. The plane shift spell generally deposits the spellcaster on the first layer of the plane.

How Planes Interact

connect to each other. They are like planets in different orbits. The only way to get from one separate plane to the other is to go through a third plane, such as a Transitive Plane.

Coterminous Planes: Planes that touch at specific points are coterminous. Where they touch, a connection exists, and travelers can leave one reality behind and enter the other.

Coexistent Planes: If a link between two planes can be be reached from anywhere on the plane it overlaps. When or interact with the plane with which it coexists.

Environmental Rules

Environmental hazards specific to one kind of terrain are freedom and joys of chaotic good Elysium. Powerful described in the Wilderness section. Environmental hazards common to more than one setting are detailed below.

Acid Effects

all Corrosive acids deals 1d6 points of damage per round of

exposure except in the case of total immersion (such as in a vat of acid), which deals 10d6 points of damage per round. An attack with acid, such as from a hurled vial or a monster's Darkvision allows many characters and monsters to see spittle, counts as a round of exposure.

The fumes from most acids are inhaled poisons. Those who are adjacent to a large body of acid must make a DC 13 Fortitude save or take 1 point of Constitution damage each round. This poison does not have a frequency, a creature is safe as soon as it moves away from the acid.

Creatures immune to acid's caustic properties might still drown in it if they are totally immersed (see Drowning).

Cold Dangers

Cold and exposure deal nonlethal damage to the victim. A character cannot recover from the damage dealt by a cold environment until she gets out of the cold and warms up Blind creatures must make a DC 10 Acrobatics skill check to damage equal to her total hit points, any further damage from prone. Blinded creatures can't run or charge. a cold environment is lethal damage.

make a Fortitude save each hour (DC 15, +1 per previous combat. A blinded creature must first pinpoint the location of check) or take 1d6 points of nonlethal damage. A character an opponent in order to attack the right square; if the blinded who has the Survival skill may receive a bonus on this saving creature launches an attack without pinpointing its foe, it throw and might be able to apply this bonus to other attacks a random square within its reach. For ranged attacks characters as well (see the skill description).

In conditions of severe cold or exposure (below 0° F), an unprotected character must make a Fortitude save once every 10 minutes (DC 15, +1 per previous check), taking 1d6 points of nonlethal damage on each failed save. A character A blinded creature loses its Dexterity modifier to AC (if who has the Survival skill may receive a bonus on this saving positive) and takes a -2 penalty to AC. throw and might be able to apply this bonus to other characters as well. Characters wearing a cold weather outfit only need check once per hour for cold and exposure damage.

A character who takes any nonlethal damage from cold or relying on vision. exposure is beset by frostbite or hypothermia (treat her as fatigued). These penalties end when the character recovers the nonlethal damage she took from the cold and exposure.

Extreme cold (below -20° F) deals 1d6 points of lethal damage per minute (no save). In addition, a character must make a Fortitude save (DC 15, +1 per previous check) or take 1d4 points of nonlethal damage.

Ice Effects

Characters walking on ice must spend 2 squares movement to enter a square covered by ice, and the DC for Acrobatics checks increases by +5. Characters in prolonged contact with ice might run the risk of taking damage from severe cold.

Darkness

perfectly well without any light at all, but characters with normal or low-light vision can be rendered completely blind by putting out the lights. Torches or lanterns can be blown out by sudden gusts of subterranean wind, magical light sources can be dispelled or countered, or magical traps might create fields of impenetrable darkness.

In many cases, some characters or monsters might be able to see while others are blinded. For purposes of the following points, a blinded creature is one who simply can't see through the surrounding darkness.

Creatures blinded by darkness lose the ability to deal extra damage due to precision (for example, via sneak attack or a duelist's precise strike ability).

again. Once a character has taken an amount of nonlethal move faster than half speed. Creatures that fail this check fall

All opponents have total concealment from a blinded An unprotected character in cold weather (below 40° F)must creature, so the blinded creature has a 50% miss chance in or spells against a foe whose location is not pinpointed, roll to determine which adjacent square the blinded creature is facing; its attack is directed at the closest target that lies in that direction.

A blinded creature takes a -4 penalty on Perception checks and most Strength- and Dexterity-based skill checks, including any with an armor check penalty. A creature blinded by darkness automatically fails any skill check

Creatures blinded by darkness cannot use gaze attacks and are immune to gaze attacks.

A creature blinded by darkness can make a Perception check as a free action each round in order to locate foes (DC equal to opponents' Stealth checks). A successful check lets a blinded character hear an unseen creature "over there somewhere." It's almost impossible to pinpoint the location of an unseen creature. A Perception check that beats the DC by 20 reveals the unseen creature's square (but the unseen creature still has total concealment from the blinded creature).

A blinded creature can grope about to find unseen creatures. A character can make a touch attack with his hands or a weapon into two adjacent squares using a standard action. If an unseen target is in the designated square, there is a 50%

location is once again unknown.

If a blinded creature is struck by an unseen foe, the blinded character pinpoints the location of the creature that struck him (until the unseen creature moves, of course). The only exception is if the unseen creature has a reach greater than 5 feet (in which case the blinded character knows the location of the unseen opponent, but has not pinpointed him) or uses a ranged attack (in which case the blinded character knows the general direction of the foe, but not his location).

A creature with the scent ability automatically pinpoints unseen creatures within 5 feet of its location.

Falling

Creatures that fall take 1d6 points of damage per 10 feet fallen, to a maximum of 20d6. Creatures that take lethal damage from a fall land in a prone position.

If a character deliberately jumps instead of merely slipping objects. or falling, the damage is the same but the first 1d6 is nonlethal damage. A DC 15 Acrobatics check allows the character to avoid any damage from the first 10 feet fallen and converts any damage from the second 10 feet to nonlethal damage. Thus, a character who slips from a ledge 30 feet up takes 3d6 damage. If the same character deliberately jumps, he takes 1d6 points of nonlethal damage and 2d6 points of lethal damage. And if the character leaps down with a successful Acrobatics check, he takes only 1d6 points of nonlethal damage and 1d6 points of lethal damage from the plunge.

Falls onto yielding surfaces (soft ground, mud) also convert the first 1d6 of damage to nonlethal damage. This reduction is cumulative with reduced damage due to deliberate jumps and the Acrobatics skill.

as feather fall. Casting a spell while falling requires a damage if he is aware of the object. Falling objects that are concentration check with a DC equal to 20 + the spell's level. part of a trap use the trap rules instead of these general Casting teleport or a similar spell while falling does not end guidelines. your momentum, it just changes your location, meaning that you still take falling damage, even if you arrive atop a solid surface.

Falling into Water: Falls into water are handled somewhat differently. If the water is at least 10 feet deep, the first 20 feet of falling do no damage. The next 20 feet do nonlethal damage (1d3 per 10-foot increment). Beyond that, falling damage is lethal damage (1d6 per additional 10-foot increment).

Characters who deliberately dive into water take no damage

miss chance on the touch attack. If successful, the groping on a successful DC 15 Swim check or DC 15 Acrobatics character deals no damage but has pinpointed the unseen check, so long as the water is at least 10 feet deep for every creature's current location. If the unseen creature moves, its 30 feet fallen. The DC of the check, however, increases by 5 for every 50 feet of the dive.

Falling Objects

Table 13-12: Damage from Falling Objects

Object Size	Damage
Small	2d6
Medium	3d6
Large	4d6
Huge	6d6
Gargantuan	8d6
Colossal	10d6

Just as characters take damage when they fall more than 10 feet, so too do they take damage when they are hit by falling

Objects that fall upon characters deal damage based on their size and the distance they have fallen. Table: Damage from Falling Objects determines the amount of damage dealt by an object based on its size. Note that this assumes that the object is made of dense, heavy material, such as stone. Objects made of lighter materials might deal as little as half the listed damage, subject to GM discretion. For example, a Huge boulder that hits a character deals 6d6 points of damage, whereas a Huge wooden wagon might deal only 3d6 damage. In addition, if an object falls less than 30 feet, it deals half the listed damage. If an object falls more than 150 feet, it deals double the listed damage. Note that a falling object takes the same amount of damage as it deals.

Dropping an object on a creature requires a ranged touch attack. Such attacks generally have a range increment of 20 A character cannot cast a spell while falling, unless the fall is feet. If an object falls on a creature (instead of being thrown), greater than 500 feet or the spell is an immediate action, such that creature can make a DC 15 Reflex save to halve the

Heat Dangers

Heat deals nonlethal damage that cannot be recovered from until the character gets cooled off (reaches shade, survives until nightfall, gets doused in water, is targeted by endure elements, and so forth). Once a character has taken an amount of nonlethal damage equal to her total hit points, any further damage from a hot environment is lethal damage.

A character in very hot conditions (above 90° F) must make a

Fortitude saving throw each hour (DC 15, +1 for each with a +4 bonus. previous check) or take 1d4 points of nonlethal damage. Characters wearing heavy clothing or armor of any sort take a -4 penalty on their saves. A character with the Survival skill may receive a bonus on this saving throw and might be able to apply this bonus to other characters as well (see the skill description). Characters reduced to unconsciousness begin taking lethal damage (1d4 points per hour).

In severe heat (above 110° F), a character must make a Fortitude save once every 10 minutes (DC 15, +1 for each previous check) or take 1d4 points of nonlethal damage. Characters wearing heavy clothing or armor of any sort take a -4 penalty on their saves. A character with the Survival Damage from lava continues for 1d3 rounds after exposure skill may receive a bonus on this saving throw and might be ceases, but this additional damage is only half of that dealt able to apply this bonus to other characters as well (see the during actual contact (that is, 1d6 or 10d6 points per round). each 10-minute period).

A character who takes any nonlethal damage from heat exposure now suffers from heatstroke and is fatigued. These penalties end when the character recovers from the nonlethal damage she took from the heat.

Extreme heat (air temperature over 140° F, fire, boiling water, lava) deals lethal damage. Breathing air in these temperatures deals 1d6 points of fire damage per minute (no save). In addition, a character must make a Fortitude save every 5 minutes (DC 15, +1 per previous check) or take 1d4 points of nonlethal damage. Those wearing heavy clothing or any sort of armor take a -4 penalty on their saves.

Boiling water deals 1d6 points of scalding damage, unless the character is fully immersed, in which case it deals 10d6 points of damage per round of exposure.

Catching on Fire

Characters exposed to burning oil, bonfires, and noninstantaneous magic fires might find their clothes, hair, or A character can go without water for 1 day plus a number of flame from these come and go in a flash.

Characters at risk of catching fire are allowed a DC 15 Reflex save to avoid this fate. If a character's clothes or hair instead. catch fire, he takes 1d6 points of damage immediately. In each subsequent round, the burning character must make A character can go without food for 3 days, in growing another Reflex saving throw. Failure means he takes another 1d6 points of damage that round. Success means that the fire has gone out—that is, once he succeeds on his saving throw, he's no longer on fire.

A character on fire may automatically extinguish the flames by jumping into enough water to douse himself. If no body of water is at hand, rolling on the ground or smothering the fire with cloaks or the like permits the character another save

Those whose clothes or equipment catch fire must make DC 15 Reflex saves for each item. Flammable items that fail take the same amount of damage as the character.

Lava Effects

Lava or magma deals 2d6 points of damage per round of exposure, except in the case of total immersion (such as when a character falls into the crater of an active volcano), which deals 20d6 points of damage per round.

Survival skill in Using Skills). Characters reduced to Immunity or resistance to fire serves as an immunity to lava unconsciousness begin taking lethal damage (1d4 points per or magma. A creature immune to fire might still drown if completely immersed in lava (see Drowning).

Smoke Effects

A character who breathes heavy smoke must make a Fortitude save each round (DC 15, +1 per previous check) or spend that round choking and coughing. A character who chokes for 2 consecutive rounds takes 1d6 points of nonlethal damage. Smoke obscures vision, concealment (20% miss chance) to characters within it.

Starvation and Thirst

Characters might find themselves without food or water and with no means to obtain them. In normal climates, Medium characters need at least a gallon of fluids and about a pound of decent food per day to avoid starvation. (Small characters need half as much.) In very hot climates, characters need two or three times as much water to avoid dehydration.

equipment on fire. Spells with an instantaneous duration hours equal to his Constitution score. After this time, the don't normally set a character on fire, since the heat and character must make a Constitution check each hour (DC 10, +1 for each previous check) or take 1d6 points of nonlethal damage. Characters that take an amount of nonlethal damage equal to their total hit points begin to take lethal damage

> discomfort. After this time, the character must make a Constitution check each day (DC 10, +1 for each previous check) or take 1d6 points of nonlethal damage. Characters that take an amount of nonlethal damage equal to their total hit points begin to take lethal damage instead.

> Characters who have taken nonlethal damage from lack of food or water are fatigued. Nonlethal damage from thirst or starvation cannot be recovered until the character gets food

or water, as needed—not even magic that restores hit points equal to twice her Constitution score. If a character takes a heals this damage.

Suffocation

A character who has no air to breathe can hold her breath for 2 rounds per point of Constitution. After this period of time, the character must make a DC 10 Constitution check in order each round, with the DC increasing by +1 for each previous success.

When the character fails one of these Constitution checks, she begins to suffocate. In the first round, she falls unconscious (0 hit points). In the following round, she drops suffocates.

for 6 hours in a sealed chamber measuring 10 feet on a side. After that time, the character takes 1d6 points of nonlethal damage every 15 minutes. Each additional Medium character or significant fire source (a torch, for example) proportionally reduces the time the air will last. Once rendered unconscious through the accumulation of nonlethal damage, the character begins to take lethal damage at the same rate. Small characters consume half as much air as Medium characters.

Water Dangers

Any character can wade in relatively calm water that isn't over his head, no check required. Similarly, swimming in calm water only requires Swim skill checks with a DC of 10. Trained swimmers can just take 10. Remember, however, that armor or heavy gear makes any attempt at swimming much more difficult (see the Swim skill description).

By contrast, fast-moving water is much more dangerous. Characters must make a successful DC 15 Swim check or a DC 15 Strength check to avoid going under. On a failed check, the character takes 1d3 points of nonlethal damage per round (1d6 points of lethal damage if flowing over rocks and cascades).

Very deep water is not only generally pitch black, posing a navigational hazard, but worse, deals water pressure damage of 1d6 points per minute for every 100 feet the character is below the surface. A successful Fortitude save (DC 15, +1 for each previous check) means the diver takes no damage in that minute. Very cold water deals 1d6 points of nonlethal damage from hypothermia per minute of exposure.

Drowning

Any character can hold her breath for a number of rounds

standard or full-round action, the remaining duration that the character can hold her breath is reduced by 1 round. After this period of time, the character must make a DC 10 Constitution check every round in order to continue holding her breath. Each round, the DC increases by 1.

When the character finally fails her Constitution check, she begins to drown. In the first round, she falls unconscious (0 to continue holding her breath. The check must be repeated hp). In the following round, she drops to -1 hit points and is dying. In the third round, she drowns.

Unconscious characters must begin making Constitution checks immediately upon being submerged (or upon becoming unconscious if the character was conscious when submerged). Once she fails one of these checks, she to -1 hit points and is dying. In the third round, she immediately drops to -1 (or loses 1 additional hit point, if her total is below -1). On the following round, she drowns.

Slow Suffocation: A Medium character can breathe easily It is possible to drown in substances other than water, such as sand, quicksand, fine dust, and silos full of grain.

14. NPC Classes

Class Features

All of the following are class features of the adept NPC class.

Adept

Alignment: Any. Hit Die: d6.

Class Skills

The adept's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are To prepare or cast a spell, an adept must have a Wisdom Craft (Int), Handle Animal (Cha), Heal (Wis), Knowledge (all skills taken individually) (Int), Profession (Wis), Spellcraft (Int), and Survival (Wis).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Table 14-1: Adept

T	Base	Fort	Ref	Will	C1		S	pells	per Da	ay	
Level	Attack Bonus	Save	Save	Save	Special	0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
1st	+0	+0	+0	+2		3	1	_	_	_	_
2nd	+1	+0	+0	+3	Summon familiar	3	1	_	_	_	_
3rd	+1	+1	+1	+3		3	2	_	_	_	_
4th	+2	+1	+1	+4		3	2	0	_	_	_
5th	+2	+1	+1	+4		3	2	1	_	_	_
6th	+3	+2	+2	+5		3	2	1	_	_	_
7th	+3	+2	+2	+5		3	3	2	_	_	_
8th	+4	+2	+2	+6		3	3	2	0	_	_
9th	+4	+3	+3	+6		3	3	2	1	_	_
10th	+5	+3	+3	+7		3	3	2	1	_	_
11th	+5	+3	+3	+7		3	3	3	2	_	_
12th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+8		3	3	3	2	0	_
13th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+8		3	3	3	2	1	_
14th	+7/+2	+4	+4	+9		3	3	3	2	1	_
15th	+7/+2	+5	+5	+9		3	3	3	3	2	_
16th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+10		3	3	3	3	2	0
17th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+10		3	3	3	3	2	1
18th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+11		3	3	3	3	2	1
19th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+11		3	3	3	3	3	2
20th	+10/+5	+6	+6	+12		3	3	3	3	3	2

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: Adepts are skilled with all simple weapons. Adepts are not proficient with any type of armor or shield.

Spells: An adept casts divine spells, which are drawn from the adept spell list. Like a cleric, an adept must choose and prepare her spells in advance. Unlike a cleric, an adept cannot spontaneously cast cure or inflict spells.

score equal to at least 10 + the spell level. The Difficulty Class for a saving throw against an adept's spell is 10 + the spell level + the adept's Wisdom modifier.

Adepts, unlike wizards, do not acquire their spells from books or scrolls, nor do they prepare them through study. Instead, they meditate or pray for their spells, receiving them as divine inspiration or through their own strength of faith.

> Each adept must choose a time each day during which she must spend an hour in quiet contemplation or supplication to regain her daily allotment of spells. Time spent resting has no effect on whether an adept can prepare spells.

> Like other spellcasters, an adept can cast only a certain number of spells of each spell level per day. Her base daily spell allotment is given on Table 14-1. In addition, she receives bonus spells per day if she has a high Wisdom score.

> Where Table 14-1 indicates that the adept gets 0 spells per day of a given spell level, she gains only the bonus spells she would be entitled to based on her Wisdom score for that spell level.

Each adept has a particular holy symbol (as a divine focus) depending on the adept's magical tradition.

Summon Familiar: At 2nd level, an adept can call a familiar, just as a wizard can using the arcane bond ability.

Adept Spell List

Adepts choose their spells from the following list.

0 Level: create water, detect magic, ghost sound, guidance, light, mending, purify food and drink, read magic, stabilize, touch of fatigue.

1st Level: bless, burning hands, cause fear, command, comprehend languages, cure light wounds, detect chaos, detect evil, detect good, detect law, endure elements, obscuring mist, protection from chaos, protection from evil, protection from good, protection from law, sleep.

2nd Level: aid, animal trance, bear's endurance, bull's strength, cat's grace, cure moderate wounds, darkness, delay poison, invisibility, mirror image, resist energy, scorching ray, see invisibility, web.

3rd Level: animate dead, bestow curse, contagion, continual flame, cure serious wounds, daylight, deeper darkness, lightning bolt, neutralize poison, remove curse, remove disease, tongues.

4th Level: cure critical wounds, minor creation, polymorph, restoration, stoneskin, wall of fire.

5th Level: baleful polymorph, break enchantment, commune, heal, major creation, raise dead, true seeing, wall of stone.

Aristocrat

Alignment: Any. Hit Die: d8.

Class Skills

The aristocrat's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Appraise (Int), Bluff (Cha), Craft (Int), Diplomacy (Cha), Disguise (Cha), Handle Animal (Cha), Intimidate (Cha), Knowledge (all skills taken individually) (Int), Linguistics Alignment: Any. (Int), Perception (Wis), Perform (Cha), Profession (Wis), Ride (Dex), Sense Motive (Wis), Swim (Str), and Survival (Wis).

Skill Ranks per Level: 4 + Int modifier.

Table 14-2: Aristocrat

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save
1st	+0	+0	+0	+2
2nd	+1	+0	+0	+3
3rd	+2	+1	+1	+3
4th	+3	+1	+1	+4
5th	+3	+1	+1	+4
6th	+4	+2	+2	+5
7th	+5	+2	+2	+5
8th	+6/+1	+2	+2	+6
9th	+6/+1	+3	+3	+6
10th	+7/+2	+3	+3	+7
11th	+8/+3	+3	+3	+7
12th	+9/+4	+4	+4	+8
13th	+9/+4	+4	+4	+8
14th	+10/+5	+4	+4	+9
15th	+11/+6/+1	+5	+5	+9
16th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+5	+10
17th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+5	+10
18th	+13/+8/+3	+6	+6	+11
19th	+14/+9/+4	+6	+6	+11
20th	+15/+10/+5	+6	+6	+12

Class Features

The following is a class feature of the aristocrat NPC class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: The aristocrat is proficient in the use of all simple and martial weapons and with all types of armor and shields.

Commoner

Hit Die: d6.

Class Skills

The commoner's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Handle Animal (Cha), Perception (Wis), Profession (Wis), Ride (Dex), and Swim

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Table 14-3: Commoner

Table 14-4: Expert

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save R	ef Save	Will Save	Level	Base Attack Bonu	s Fort Save F	Ref Save	Will Save
1st	+0	+0	+0	+0	1st	+0	+0	+0	+2
2nd	+1	+0	+0	+0	2nd	+1	+0	+0	+3
3rd	+1	+1	+1	+1	3rd	+2	+1	+1	+3
4th	+2	+1	+1	+1	4th	+3	+1	+1	+4
5th	+2	+1	+1	+1	5th	+3	+1	+1	+4
6th	+3	+2	+2	+2	6th	+4	+2	+2	+5
7th	+3	+2	+2	+2	7th	+5	+2	+2	+5
8th	+4	+2	+2	+2	8th	+6/+1	+2	+2	+6
9th	+4	+3	+3	+3	9th	+6/+1	+3	+3	+6
10th	+5	+3	+3	+3	10th	+7/+2	+3	+3	+7
11th	+5	+3	+3	+3	11th	+8/+3	+3	+3	+7
12th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+4	12th	+9/+4	+4	+4	+8
13th	+6/+1	+4	+4	+4	13th	+9/+4	+4	+4	+8
14th	+7/+2	+4	+4	+4	14th	+10/+5	+4	+4	+9
15th	+7/+2	+5	+5	+5	15th	+11/+6/+1	+5	+5	+9
16th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+5	16th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+5	+10
17th	+8/+3	+5	+5	+5	17th	+12/+7/+2	+5	+5	+10
18th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+6	18th	+13/+8/+3	+6	+6	+11
19th	+9/+4	+6	+6	+6	19th	+14/+9/+4	+6	+6	+11
20th	+10/+5	+6	+6	+6	20th	+15/+10/+5	+6	+6	+12

Class Features

The following is a class feature of the commoner NPC class. The following is a class feature of the expert NPC class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: The commoner is Weapon and Armor Proficiency: The expert is proficient in proficient with one simple weapon. He is not proficient with the use of all simple weapons and with light armor, but not any other weapons, nor is he proficient with any type of with any type of shield. armor or shield.

Class Features

Warrior

Expert

Alignment: Any.

Hit Die: d10.

Alignment: Any. Hit Die: d8.

Class Skills

The expert can choose any 10 skills to be class skills.

Skill Ranks per Level: 6 + Int modifier.

Class Skills

The warrior's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are Climb (Str), Craft (Int), Handle Animal (Cha), Intimidate (Cha), Profession (Wis), Ride (Dex), and Swim (Str).

Skill Ranks per Level: 2 + Int modifier.

Table 14-5: Warrior

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save
1st	+1	+2	+0	+0
2nd	+2	+3	+0	+0
3rd	+3	+3	+1	+1
4th	+4	+4	+1	+1
5th	+5	+4	+1	+1
6th	+6/+1	+5	+2	+2
7th	+7/+2	+5	+2	+2
8th	+8/+3	+6	+2	+2
9th	+9/+4	+6	+3	+3
10th	+10/+5	+7	+3	+3
11th	+11/+6/+1	+7	+3	+3
12th	+12/+7/+2	+8	+4	+4
13th	+13/+8/+3	+8	+4	+4
14th	+14/+9/+4	+9	+4	+4
15th	+15/+10/+5	+9	+5	+5
16th	+16/+11/+6/+1	+10	+5	+5
17th	+17/+12/+7/+2	+10	+5	+5
18th	+18/+13/+8/+3	+11	+6	+6
19th	+19/+14/+9/+4	+11	+6	+6
20th	+20/+15/+10/+5	+12	+6	+6

Class Features

The following is a class feature of the warrior NPC class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: The warrior is proficient in the use of all simple and martial weapons and with all types of armor and shields.

15. Creating NPCs

The world that the player characters inhabit should be full of rich and vibrant characters with whom they can interact. While most need little more than names and general descriptions, some require complete statistics, such as town guards, local clerics, and wizened sages. The PCs might find themselves in combat with these characters, either against Heroic NPCs: The ability scores for a heroic NPC are: 15, them or as allies. Alternatively the PCs might find 14, 13, 12, 10, and 8. themselves relying on the skills and abilities of the NPCs. In either case, the process for creating these NPCs can be performed in seven simple steps.

Step 1: The Basics

concept.

modifiers after the scores have been assigned. For every four levels the NPC has attained, increase one of its scores by 1. If the NPC possesses levels in a PC class, it is considered a heroic NPC and receives better ability scores. These scores can be assigned in any order.

Basic NPCs: The ability scores for a basic NPC are: 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, and 8.

Preset Ability Scores: Instead of assigning the scores, you can use Table: NPC Ability Scores to determine the NPC's ability scores, adjusting them as necessary to fit. Use the Melee NPC ability scores for characters whose primary role involves melee combat, such as barbarians, fighters, monks, paladins, rangers, and warriors. The Ranged NPC ability The first step in making an NPC is to determine its basic role scores are for characters that fight with ranged weapons or in your campaign. This includes its race, class, and basic use their Dexterity to hit, such as fighters, rangers, and rogues. Use the Divine NPC ability scores for characters with divine spellcasting capabilities, such as adepts, clerics,

	1 uote 13-1. W	C Admily Scores	
PC	Ranged NPC	Divine NPC	

Ability Score	Mele	e NPC	Range	ed NPC	Divin	e NPC	Arcan	e NPC	Skill	NPC
Ammy SPAPA	Basic	Heroic								
Strength	13	15	11	13	10	12	8	8	10	12
Dexterity	11	13	13	15	8	8	12	14	12	14
Constitution	12	14	12	14	12	14	10	12	11	13
Intelligence	9	10	10	12	9	10	13*	15*	13	15
Wisdom	10	12	9	10	13	15	9	10	8	8
Charisma	8	8	8	8	11	13	11*	13*	9	10

Table 15 1. NDC Ability Seeves

Step 2: Determine Ability Scores

Once the character's basic concept has been determined, its ability scores must be assigned. Apply the NPC's racial

and druids. The Arcane NPC ability scores should be used by characters with arcane spellcasting capabilities, such as bards, sorcerers, and wizards. Finally, the Skill NPC ability scores should be used for characters that focus on skill use,

				•			
Ability Score	Dwarf	Elf	Gnome	Half-Elf*	Half-Orc*	Halfling	Human*
Strength	_	_	-2	_	_	-2	_
Dexterity	_	+2	_	_	_	+2	—
Constitution	+2	-2	+2	_		_	_
Intelligence	_	+2	_	_	—	+2	—
Wisdom	+2	_		_	_	_	_
Charisma	-2	_	+2	_	_	_	_

Table 15-2: Racial Ability Adjustments

^{*} If the arcane caster's spellcasting relies on Charisma, exchange these scores with one another.

^{*} Half-elves, half-orcs, and humans receive a +2 bonus to one ability score of your choice.

such as aristocrats, bards, commoners, experts, and rogues. Some NPCs might not fit into one of these categories and should have custom ability scores.

Step 3: Skills

possessed by the character and assign them normally. Remember that the number of ranks in an individual skill the NPC's total character level (one feat for every two levels that a character can possess is limited by his total HD.

For simpler skill generation, refer to Table: NPC Skill Selections to determine the total number of skill selections the NPC possesses. After selecting that number of skills, Arcane Caster: Arcane Strike, Combat Casting, Eschew mostly from the class skills lists of the NPC's class, the NPC receives a number of ranks in each skill equal to his level.

If the NPC has two classes, start by selecting skills for the class with the fewest number of skill selections. The NPC level in the second class. For example, a human fighter Spell Focus, Spell Penetration, Toughness, and Turn Undead. 3/monk 4 with a +1 Intelligence modifier can select four skills for his fighter class (since it receives fewer selections). These four skills each have seven ranks (equal to his total level). Next, he selects a number of skills equal to the difference between the fighter and the monk classes, in this case two skills. These two skills each have four ranks (his monk level).

If the NPC has three or more classes, you must use the precise method for determining his skills.

class skill bonuses and apply the bonus or penalty from the Attack. NPC's relevant ability score.

Table 15-3: NPC Skill Selections

PC Skill C	lass Selections*	NPC Skill C	lass Selections*
Barbarian	4 + Int Mod	Adept	2 + Int Mod
Bard	6 + Int Mod	Aristocrat	4 + Int Mod
Cleric	2 + Int Mod	Commoner	2 + Int Mod
Druid	4 + Int Mod	Expert	6 + Int Mod
Fighter	2 + Int Mod	Warrior	2 + Int Mod
Monk	4 + Int Mod		
Paladin	2 + Int Mod		
Ranger	6 + Int Mod		
Rogue	8 + Int Mod		
Sorcerer	2 + Int Mod		
Wizard	2 + Int Mod		

PC Skill Class Selections* NPC Skill Class Selections*

* Humans receive one additional skill selection.

Step 4: Feats

After skills have been determined, the next step is to assign To assign skills precisely, total up the number of skill ranks the NPC's feats. Start by assigning all of the feats granted through class abilities. Next, assign the feats garnered from beyond 1st). Remember that humans receive an additional feat at 1st level. For simplified feat choices, select feats from the lists provided for the following character types.

> Materials, Greater Spell Focus, Greater Spell Penetration, Improved Initiative, Iron Will, item creation feats (all), Lightning Reflexes, metamagic feats (all), Spell Focus, Spell Mastery, Spell Penetration, and Toughness.

receives a number of ranks in those skills equal to his total **Divine Caster (With Channeling)**: Alignment Channel, character level. Next, find the difference in the number of Channel Smite, Combat Casting, Command Undead, selections between the first class and the other class Elemental Channel, Extra Channel, Improved Initiative, possessed by the NPC. Select that number of new skills and Improved Channel, Iron Will, item creation feats (all), give the NPC a number of ranks in those skills equal to his metamagic feats (all), Power Attack, Selective Channeling,

> Divine Caster (Without Channeling): Cleave, Combat Casting, Eschew Materials, Improved Initiative, Iron Will, item creation feats (all), Lightning Reflexes, metamagic feats (all), Natural Spell, Power Attack, Spell Focus, Spell Penetration, Toughness, and Weapon Focus.

Melee (Finesse Fighter): Combat Expertise, Combat Reflexes, Dazzling Display, Deadly Stroke, Dodge, Greater Vital Strike, Improved Disarm, Improved Feint, Improved Trip, Improved Vital Strike, Mobility, Spring Attack, Shatter Once all of the NPC's ranks have been determined, assign Defenses, Vital Strike, Weapon Finesse, and Whirlwind

> Melee (Unarmed Fighter): Combat Reflexes, Deflect Arrows, Dodge, Gorgon's Fist, Improved Grapple, Improved Initiative, Improved Unarmed Strike, Medusa's Wrath, Mobility, Scorpion Style, Snatch Arrows, Spring Attack, Stunning Fist, and Weapon Focus.

> Melee (Mounted): Improved Critical, Improved Initiative, Mounted Combat, Power Attack, Ride-By Attack, Skill Focus (Ride), Spirited Charge, Toughness, Trample, and Weapon Focus.

> Melee (Sword and Shield Fighter): Cleave, Great Cleave, Great Fortitude, Greater Vital Strike, Improved Bull Rush, Improved Critical, Improved Initiative, Improved Vital Strike, Power Attack, Shield Focus, Shield Master, Shield Slam, Two-Weapon Fighting, Vital Strike, and Weapon

> Melee (Two-Handed Fighter): Cleave, Great Cleave, Great Fortitude, Greater Vital Strike, Improved Bull Rush,

Improved Vital Strike, Power Attack, Vital Strike, and decisions about the NPC's spell selection, rage powers, rogue Weapon Focus.

Double Slice, Greater Two-Weapon Fighting, Greater Vital selections you need to make for each level. Choose a variety Strike, Improved Critical, Improved Initiative, Improved of spells for the highest two levels of spells possessed by the Two-Weapon Fighting, Improved Vital Strike, Two-Weapon NPC. For all other levels, stick to a few basic spells, Defense, Two-Weapon Fighting, Two-Weapon Rend, Vital prepared multiple times (if possible). If this NPC is slated to Strike, and Weapon Focus.

Ranged: Deadly Aim, Far Shot, Greater Vital Strike, Improved Initiative, Improved Vital Strike, Manyshot, Pinpoint Targeting, Point Blank Shot, Precise Shot, Rapid Reload, Rapid Shot, Shot on the Run, Vital Strike, and Weapon Focus.

Skill (most NPC classes): Armor Proficiency (all), Great Step 6: Gear Fortitude, Improved Initiative, Iron Will, Lightning Reflexes, Martial Weapon Proficiency, Run, Shield Proficiency, Skill Focus, and Toughness.

Step 5: Class Features

20

Improved Critical, Improved Initiative, Improved Sunder, features possessed by the NPC. This is the time to make talents, and other class-based abilities.

Melee (Two-Weapon Fighter): Combat Reflexes, Dodge, When it comes to spells, determine how many spell appear in only one encounter (such as a combat), leaving off lower-level spells entirely is an acceptable way to speed up generation, especially if the NPC is unlikely to cast those spells. You can always choose a few during play if they are needed.

After recording all of the NPC's class features, the next step is to outfit the character with gear appropriate to his level. Note that NPCs receive less gear than PCs of an equal level. If an NPC is a recurring character, his gear should be selected carefully. Use the total gp value found on Table: NPC Gear to determine how much gear he should carry. After determining feats, the next step is to fill in all the class NPCs that are only scheduled to appear once can have a

Basic Level	Heroic Level	Total gp Value	Weapons	Protection	Magic	Limited Use	Gear
1	_	260 gp	50 gp	130 gp	_	40 gp	40 gp
2	1	390 gp	100 gp	150 gp	_	40 gp	100 gp
3	2	780 gp	350 gp	200 gp	_	80 gp	150 gp
4	3	1,650 gp	650 gp	800 gp	_	100 gp	200 gp
5	4	2,400 gp	900 gp	1,000 gp	_	300 gp	200 gp
6	5	3,450 gp	1,400 gp	1,400 gp	_	450 gp	200 gp
7	6	4,650 gp	2,350 gp	1,650 gp	_	450 gp	200 gp
8	7	6,000 gp	2,700 gp	2,000 gp	500 gp	600 gp	200 gp
9	8	7,800 gp	3,000 gp	2,500 gp	1,000 gp	800 gp	500 gp
10	9	10,050 gp	3,500 gp	3,000 gp	2,000 gp	1,050 gp	500 gp
11	10	12,750 gp	4,000 gp	4,000 gp	3,000 gp	1,250 gp	500 gp
12	11	16,350 gp	6,000 gp	4,500 gp	4,000 gp	1,350 gp	500 gp
13	12	21,000 gp	8,500 gp	5,500 gp	5,000 gp	1,500 gp	500 gp
14	13	27,000 gp	9,000 gp	8,000 gp	7,000 gp	2,500 gp	500 gp
15	14	34,800 gp	12,000 gp	10,500 gp	9,000 gp	2,800 gp	500 gp
16	15	45,000 gp	17,000 gp	13,500 gp	11,000 gp	3,000 gp	500 gp
17	16	58,500 gp	19,000 gp	18,000 gp	16,000 gp	4,000 gp	1,500 gp
18	17	75,000 gp	24,000 gp	23,000 gp	20,000 gp	6,500 gp	1,500 gp
19	18	96,000 gp	30,000 gp	28,000 gp	28,000 gp	8,000 gp	2,000 gp
20	19	123,000 gp	40,000 gp	35,000 gp	35,000 gp	11,000 gp	2,000 gp

Table 15-4: NPC Gear

55,000 gp

40,000 gp

44,000 gp

18,000 gp

2,000 gp

159,000 gp

simpler gear selection. Table: NPC Gear includes a number few personality traits to round him out. of categories to make it easier to select an NPC's gear. When outfitting the character, spend the listed amount on each category by purchasing as few items as possible. Leftover gold from any category can be spent on any other category. Funds left over at the end represent coins and jewelry carried by the character.

Note that these values are approximate and based on the values for a campaign using the medium experience progression and a normal treasure allotment. If your campaign is using the fast experience progression, treat your NPCs as one level higher when determining their gear. If your campaign is using the slow experience progression, treat the NPCs as one level lower when determining their gear. If your campaign is high fantasy, double these values. Reduce them by half if your campaign is low fantasy. If the final value of an NPC's gear is a little over or under these amounts, that's okay.

Weapons: This includes normal, masterwork, and magic weapons, as well as magic staves and wands used by spellcasters to harm their enemies. For example, a wand of scorching ray would count as a weapon, but a staff of life would count as a piece of magic gear.

Protection: This category includes armor and shields, as well as any magic item that augments a character's Armor Class or saving throws.

Magic: This category includes all other permanent magic items. Most rings, rods, and wondrous items fit into this category.

Limited Use: Items that fall into this category include alchemical items, potions, scrolls, and wands with few charges. Charged wondrous items fall into this grouping as

Gear: Use the amount in this category to purchase standard nonmagical gear for the character. In most cases, this equipment can be omitted during creation and filled in as needed during play. You can assume that the character has whatever gear is needed for him to properly use his skills and class abilities. This category can also include jewelry, gems, or loose coins that the NPC might have on his person.

Step 7: Details

Once you have assigned all of the NPC's gear, all that remains is to fill out the details. Determine the character's attack and damage bonuses, CMB, CMD, initiative modifier, and Armor Class. If the character's magic items affect his skills or ability scores, make sure to take those changes into account. Determine the character's total hit points by assuming the average result. Finally, fill out any other important details, such as name, alignment, religion, and a

16. Magic Items

Magic Items and Detect Magic

When detect magic identifies a magic item's school of magic, this information refers to the school of the spell placed within the potion, scroll, or wand, or the prerequisite given for the item. The description of each item provides its aura strength and the school to which it belongs.

highest-level spell. If no spells are included in the needed. prerequisites, use the following default guidelines.

Item Nature	School
Armor and protection items	Abjuration
Weapons or offensive items	Evocation
Bonus to ability score, skill check, etc.	Transmutation

Using Items

To use a magic item, it must be activated, although sometimes activation simply means putting a ring on your finger. Some items, once donned, function constantly. In most cases, though, using an item requires a standard action that does not provoke attacks of opportunity. By contrast, spell completion items are treated like spells in combat and do provoke attacks of opportunity.

Activating a magic item is a standard action unless the item description indicates otherwise. However, the casting time of a spell is the time required to activate the same power in an item, regardless of the type of magic item, unless the item description specifically states otherwise.

The four ways to activate magic items are described below.

Spell Completion: This is the activation method for scrolls. A scroll is a spell that is mostly finished. The preparation is done for the caster, so no preparation time is needed beforehand as with normal spellcasting. All that's left to do is perform the finishing parts of the spellcasting (the final gestures, words, and so on). To use a spell completion item safely, a character must be of high enough level in the right spell, there's a chance he'll make a mistake. Activating a spell opportunity exactly as casting a spell does.

Spell Trigger: Spell trigger activation is similar to spell completion, but it's even simpler. No gestures or spell that an appropriate character would know, and a single word

that must be spoken. Spell trigger items can be used by anyone whose class can cast the corresponding spell. This is the case even for a character who can't actually cast spells, such as a 3rd-level paladin. The user must still determine what spell is stored in the item before she can activate it. Activating a spell trigger item is a standard action and does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

Command Word: If no activation method is suggested either in the magic item description or by the nature of the item, assume that a command word is needed to activate it. Command word activation means that a character speaks the If more than one spell is given as a prerequisite, use the word and the item activates. No other special knowledge is

> A command word can be a real word, but when this is the case, the holder of the item runs the risk of activating the item accidentally by speaking the word in normal conversation. More often, the command word is some seemingly nonsensical word, or a word or phrase from an ancient language no longer in common use. Activating a command word magic item is a standard action and does not provoke attacks of opportunity.

> Sometimes the command word to activate an item is written right on the item. Occasionally, it might be hidden within a pattern or design engraved on, carved into, or built into the item, or the item might bear a clue to the command word.

> The Knowledge (arcana) and Knowledge (history) skills might be useful in helping to identify command words or deciphering clues regarding them. A successful check against DC 30 is needed to come up with the word itself. If that check is failed, succeeding on a second check (DC 25) might provide some insight into a clue. The spells detect magic, identify, and analyze dweomer all reveal command words if the properties of the item are successfully identified.

> Use Activated: This type of item simply has to be used in order to activate it. A character has to drink a potion, swing a sword, interpose a shield to deflect a blow in combat, look through a lens, sprinkle dust, wear a ring, or don a hat. Use activation is generally straightforward and self-explanatory.

Many use-activated items are objects that a character wears. Continually functioning items are practically always items that one wears. A few must simply be in the character's possession (meaning on his person). However, some items class to cast the spell already. If he can't already cast the made for wearing must still be activated. Although this activation sometimes requires a command word (see above), completion item is a standard action (or the spell's casting usually it means mentally willing the activation to happen. time, whichever is longer) and provokes attacks of The description of an item states whether a command word is needed in such a case.

Unless stated otherwise, activating a use-activated magic item is either a standard action or not an action at all and finishing is needed, just a special knowledge of spellcasting does not provoke attacks of opportunity, unless the use involves performing an action that provokes an attack of

opportunity in itself. If the use of the item takes time before a **Ring (up to two)**: rings. magical effect occurs, then use activation is a standard action. If the item's activation is subsumed in its use and takes no extra time use, activation is not an action at all.

Use activation doesn't mean that if you use an item, you Wrist: bracelets and bracers. automatically know what it can do. You must know (or at least guess) what the item can do and then use the item in order to activate it, unless the benefit of the item comes automatically, such as from drinking a potion or swinging a sword.

Size and Magic Items

When an article of magic clothing or jewelry is discovered, most of the time size shouldn't be an issue. Many magic garments are made to be easily adjustable, or they adjust themselves magically to the wearer. Size should not keep characters of various kinds from using magic items.

There may be rare exceptions, especially with race-specific items.

Armor and Weapon Sizes: Armor and weapons that are found at random have a 30% chance of being Small (01-30), a 60% chance of being Medium (31–90), and a 10% chance of being any other size (91–100).

Magic Items on the Body

Many magic items need to be donned by a character who wants to employ them or benefit from their abilities. It's possible for a creature with a humanoid-shaped body to wear as many as 15 magic items at the same time. However, each of those items must be worn on (or over) a particular part of the body, known as a "slot."

A humanoid-shaped body can be decked out in magic gear consisting of one item from each of the following groups, keyed to which slot on the body the item is worn.

Armor: suits of armor.

Belts: belts and girdles.

Body: robes and vestments.

Chest: mantles, shirts, and vests.

Eyes: eyes, glasses, and goggles.

Feet: boots, shoes, and slippers.

Hands: gauntlets and gloves.

Head: circlets, crowns, hats, helms, and masks.

Headband: headbands and phylacteries.

Neck: amulets, brooches, medallions, necklaces, periapts,

and scarabs.

Shield: shields.

Shoulders: capes and cloaks.

Of course, a character may carry or possess as many items of the same type as he wishes. However, additional items beyond those in the slots listed above have no effect.

Some items can be worn or carried without taking up a slot on a character's body. The description of an item indicates when an item has this property.

Saving Throws Against Magic Item Powers

Magic items produce spells or spell-like effects. For a saving throw against a spell or spell-like effect from a magic item, the DC is 10 + the level of the spell or effect + the ability modifier of the minimum ability score needed to cast that level of spell.

Staves are an exception to the rule. Treat the saving throw as if the wielder cast the spell, including caster level and all modifiers to save DCs.

Most item descriptions give saving throw DCs for various effects, particularly when the effect has no exact spell equivalent (making its level otherwise difficult to determine quickly).

Damaging Magic Items

A magic item doesn't need to make a saving throw unless it is unattended, it is specifically targeted by the effect, or its wielder rolls a natural 1 on his save. Magic items should always get a saving throw against spells that might deal damage to them-even against attacks from which a nonmagical item would normally get no chance to save. Magic items use the same saving throw bonus for all saves, no matter what the type (Fortitude, Reflex, or Will). A magic item's saving throw bonus equals 2 + 1/2 its caster level (rounded down). The only exceptions to this are intelligent magic items, which make Will saves based on their own Wisdom scores.

Magic items, unless otherwise noted, take damage as nonmagical items of the same sort. A damaged magic item continues to function, but if it is destroyed, all its magical power is lost. Magic items that take damage in excess of half their total hit points, but not more than their total hit points, gain the broken condition, and might not function properly.

Repairing Magic Items

Repairing a magic item requires material components equal to half the cost to create the item, and requires half the time. The make whole spell can also repair a damaged (or even a destroyed) magic items—if the caster is high enough level.

Charges, Doses, and Multiple Uses

Many items, particularly wands and staves, are limited in power by the number of charges they hold. Normally, charged items have 50 charges at most (10 for staves). If such an item is found as a random part of a treasure, roll d% The following guidelines are presented to help GMs how many charges are left.

Prices listed are always for fully charged items. (When an item is created, it is fully charged.) For an item that's worthless when its charges run out (which is the case for item's value is based on the number of charges left.

Purchasing Magic Items

Table 16-1: Random Magic Item Generation

Minor	Medium	Major	Item
01-04	01 - 10	01-10	Armor and shields
05-09	11–20	11-20	Weapons
10-44	21-30	21-25	Potions
45–46	31–40	26-35	Rings
_	41–50	36–45	Rods
47-81	51–65	46–55	Scrolls
_	66–68	56–75	Staves
82-91	69–83	76–80	Wands
92-100	84-100	81-100	Wondrous items

Table 16-2: Available Magic Items

Community Size	Base Value	Minor	Medium	Major
Thorp	50 gp	1d4 items	_	_
Hamlet	200 gp	1d6 items	_	_
Village	500 gp	2d4 items	1d4 items	_
Small town	1,000 gp	3d4 items	1d6 items	_
Large town	2,000 gp	3d4 items	2d4 items	1d4 items
Small city	4,000 gp	4d4 items	3d4 items	1d6 items

Community Size	Base Value	Minor	Medium	Major
Large city	8,000 gp	4d4 items	3d4 items	2d4 items
Metropolis	16,000 gp	*	4d4 items	3d4 items
* in a metropolis	, nearly all n	ninor magi	c items are	available.

Magic items are valuable, and most major cities have at least one or two purveyors of magic items, from a simple potion merchant to a weapon smith that specializes in magic swords. Of course, not every item in this book is available in every town.

and divide by 2 to determine the number of charges left determine what items are available in a given community. (round down, minimum 1). If the item has a maximum These guidelines assume a setting with an average level of number of charges other than 50, roll randomly to determine magic. Some cities might deviate wildly from these baselines, subject to GM discretion. The GM should keep a list of what items are available from each merchant and should replenish the stocks on occasion to represent new acquisitions.

almost all charged items), the value of the partially used item. The number and types of magic items available in a is proportional to the number of charges left. For an item that community depend upon its size. Each community has a base has usefulness in addition to its charges, only part of the value associated with it (see Table: Available Magic Items). There is a 75% chance that any item of that value or lower can be found for sale with little effort in that community. In addition, the community has a number of other items for sale. These items are randomly determined and are broken down by category (minor, medium, or major). After determining the number of items available in each category, refer to Table: Random Magic Item Generation to determine the type of each item (potion, scroll, ring, weapon, etc.) before moving on to the individual charts to determine the exact item. Reroll any items that fall below the community's base value.

> If you are running a campaign with low magic, reduce the base value and the number of items in each community by half. Campaigns with little or no magic might not have magic items for sale at all. GMs running these sorts of campaigns should make some adjustments to the challenges faced by the characters due to their lack of magic gear.

> Campaigns with an abundance of magic items might have communities with twice the listed base value and random items available. Alternatively, all communities might count as one size category larger for the purposes of what items are available. In a campaign with very common magic, all magic items might be available for purchase in a metropolis.

> Nonmagical items and gear are generally available in a community of any size unless the item is particularly expensive, such as full plate, or made of an unusual material, such as an adamantine longsword. These items should follow the base value guidelines to determine their availability, subject to GM discretion.

Magic Item Descriptions

Each general type of magic item gets an overall description, followed by descriptions of specific items.

General descriptions include notes on activation, random generation, and other material. The AC, hardness, hit points, and break DC are given for typical examples of some magic items. The AC assumes that the item is unattended and includes a -5 penalty for the item's effective Dexterity of 0. If a creature holds the item, use the creature's Dexterity alignment, and race or kind. The prerequisites for creation of modifier in place of the -5 penalty.

Some individual items, notably those that just store spells, don't get full-blown descriptions. Reference the spell's A spell prerequisite may be provided by a character who has description for details, modified by the form of the item cast at the minimum level required to cast it.

Items with full descriptions have their powers detailed, and each of the following topics is covered in notational form as part of its entry.

Aura: Most of the time, a *detect magic* spell reveals the school of magic associated with a magic item and the strength of the aura an item emits. This information (when applicable) is given at the beginning of the item's notational entry. See the *detect magic* spell description for details.

Caster Level (CL): The next item in a notational entry gives the caster level of the item, indicating its relative power. The caster level determines the item's saving throw bonus, as well as range or other level-dependent aspects of the powers of the item (if variable). It also determines the level that must Cost: This is the cost in gold pieces to create the item. be contended with should the item come under the effect of a dispel magic spell or similar situation.

For potions, scrolls, and wands, the creator can set the caster level of an item at any number high enough to cast the stored spell but not higher than her own caster level. For other magic items, the caster level is determined by the item itself. In this case, the creator's caster level must be as high as the item's caster level (and prerequisites may effectively put a higher minimum on the creator's level).

Slot: Most magic items can only be utilized if worn or wielded in their proper slots. If the item is stowed or placed elsewhere, it does not function. If the slot lists "none," the item must be held or otherwise carried to function.

Price: This is the cost, in gold pieces, to purchase the item, if it is available for sale. Generally speaking, magic items can be sold by PCs for half this value.

Weight: This is the weight of an item. When a weight figure is not given, the item has no weight worth noting (for purposes of determining how much of a load a character can carry).

Description: This section of a magic item describes the

item's powers and abilities. Potions, scrolls, staves, and wands refer to various spells as part of their descriptions (see Spell Lists for details on these spells).

Construction: With the exception of artifacts, most magic items can be built by a spellcaster with the appropriate feats and prerequisites. This section describes those prerequisites.

Requirements: Certain requirements must be met in order for a character to create a magic item. These include feats, spells, and miscellaneous requirements such as level, an item are given immediately following the item's caster

prepared the spell (or who knows the spell, in the case of a (potion, scroll, wand, and so on). Assume that the spell is sorcerer or bard), or through the use of a spell completion or spell trigger magic item or a spell-like ability that produces the desired spell effect. For each day that passes in the creation process, the creator must expend one spell completion item or one charge from a spell trigger item if either of those objects is used to supply a prerequisite.

> It is possible for more than one character to cooperate in the creation of an item, with each participant providing one or more of the prerequisites. In some cases, cooperation may even be necessary.

> If two or more characters cooperate to create an item, they must agree among themselves who will be considered the creator for the purpose of determinations where the creator's level must be known.

> Generally this cost is equal to half the price of an item, but additional material components might increase this number. The cost to create includes the costs derived from the base cost plus the costs of the components.

Table 16-3: Armor and Shields

Minor	Medium	Major	Item	Base Price
01–60	01–05	_	+1 shield	1,000 gp
61–80	06-10	_	+1 armor	1,000 gp
81–85	11-20	_	+2 shield	4,000 gp
86–87	21-30	_	+2 armor	4,000 gp
	31–40	01–08	+3 shield	9,000 gp
—	41–50	09–16	+3 armor	9,000 gp
	51–55	17–27	+4 shield	16,000 gp
_	56–57	28–38	+4 armor	16,000 gp
	_	39–49	+5 shield	25,000 gp
_	_	50–57	+5 armor	25,000 gp
_	_	_	+6 armor/shield ¹	36,000 gp
_	_	_	+7 armor/shield ¹	49,000 gp
_	_	_	+8 armor/shield1	64,000 gp
_	_	_	+9 armor/shield1	81,000 gp
_	_	_	$+10\ armor/shield^1$	100,000 gp
88–89	58-60	58-60	Specific armor ²	_
90–91	61–63	61–63	Specific shield ³	_
92–100	64–100	64–100	Special ability and roll again ^{2,3}	_

1 Armor and shields can't have enhancement bonuses higher than +5. Use these lines to determine price when special abilities are added in.

2 Roll on Table: Specific Armors. 3 Roll on Table: Specific Shields.

extent than nonmagical armor. Magic armor bonuses are enhancement bonuses, never rise above +5, and stack with regular armor bonuses (and with shield and magic shield enhancement bonuses). All magic armor is also masterwork armor, reducing armor check penalties by 1.

In addition to an enhancement bonus, armor may have special abilities. Special abilities usually count as additional Armor is always created so that if the type of armor comes bonuses for determining the market value of an item, but do not improve AC. A suit of armor cannot have an effective can be switched for other magic boots, helms, or gauntlets. bonus (enhancement plus special ability bonus equivalents) higher than +10. A suit of armor with a special ability must also have at least a +1 enhancement bonus.

material. Roll d%: 01-95 indicates that the item is of a If an item has both an enhancement bonus and a special standard sort, and 96-100 indicates that it is made of a

Minor I	Medium	Major	Special Ability	Base Price Modifier
01–25	01–05	01-03	Glamered	+2,700 gp
26–32	06-08	04	Fortification, light	+1 bonus ¹
33–52	09–11		Slick	+3,750 gp
53–92	12–17	_	Shadow	+3,750 gp
93–96	18–19	_	Spell resistance (13)	+2 bonus ¹
97	20-29	05-07	Slick, improved	+15,000 gp
98–99	30–49	08-13	Shadow, improved	+15,000 gp
_	50-74	14-28	Energy resistance	+18,000 gp
_	75–79	29–33	Ghost touch	+3 bonus ¹
_	80-84	34–35	Invulnerability	+3 bonus ¹
_	85–89	36–40	Fortification, moderate	+3 bonus ¹
_	90–94	41–42	Spell resistance (15)	+3 bonus ¹
	95–99	43	Wild	+3 bonus ¹
_	_	44–48	Slick, greater	+33,750 gp
		49–58	Shadow, greater	+33,750 gp
_	_	59–83	Energy resistance, improved	+42,000 gp
		84–88	Spell resistance (17)	+4 bonus ¹
_	_	89	Etherealness	+49,000 gp
-		- 90	Undead controlling	+49,000 gp
_	_	91–92	Fortification, heavy	+5 bonus ¹
_	_	93–94	Spell resistance (19)	+5 bonus ¹
_	_	95–99	Energy resistance, greater	+66,000 gp
100	100	100	Roll twice again ²	_

In general, magic armor protects the wearer to a greater 1 Add to enhancement bonus on Table: Armor and Shields to determine total market price

> 2 If you roll a special ability twice, only one counts. If you roll two versions of the same special ability, use the better.

special material (see Equipment).

with a pair of boots, a helm, or a set of gauntlets, these pieces

Caster Level for Armor and Shields: The caster level of a magic shield or magic armor with a special ability is given in the item description. For an item with only an enhancement A suit of armor or a shield may be made of an unusual bonus, the caster level is three times the enhancement bonus. ability, the higher of the two caster level requirements must

Table 16-5: Shield Special Abilities

Minor	Medium	Major	Special Ability	Base Price Modifier
01-20	01–10	01–05	Arrow catching	+1 bonus ¹
21–40	11-20	06–08	Bashing	+1 bonus ¹
41–50	21–25	09–10	Blinding	+1 bonus ¹
51-75	26–40	11-15	Fortification, light	+1 bonus ¹
76–92	41-50	16-20	Arrow deflection	$+2 bonus^1$
93–97	51–57	21–25	Animated	+2 bonus ¹
98–99	58–59	_	Spell resistance (13)	+2 bonus ¹
	60–79	26-41	Energy resistance	+18,000 gp
_	80–85	42–46	Ghost touch	+3 bonus ¹
_	86–95	47–56	Fortification, moderate	+3 bonus ¹
_	96–98	57–58	Spell resistance (15)	+3 bonus ¹
	99	59	Wild	+3 bonus ¹
_		60–84	Energy resistance, improved	+42,000 gp
_	_	85–86	Spell resistance (17)	+4 bonus ¹
	_	— 8'	7 Undead controlling	+49,000 gp
_	_	88–91	Fortification, heavy	+5 bonus ¹
_	_	92–93 <i>I</i>	Reflecting	+5 bonus ¹
_	_	94	Spell resistance (19)	+5 bonus ¹
_	_	95–99	Energy resistance, greater	+66,000 gp
100	100	100	Roll twice again ²	_

1 Add to enhancement bonus on Table: Armor and Shields to determine total market price

2 If you roll a special ability twice, only one counts. If you roll two versions of the same special ability, use the better.

be met.

Shields: Shield enhancement bonuses stack with armor enhancement bonuses. Shield enhancement bonuses do not rounds. This property cannot be added to a tower shield. act as attack or damage bonuses when the shield is used in a shield bash. The bashing special ability, however, does grant a +1 bonus on attack and damage rolls (see the special ability description).

A shield could be built that also acted as a magic weapon, but the cost of the enhancement bonus on attack rolls would need

to be added into the cost of the shield and its enhancement bonus to AC.

As with armor, special abilities built into the shield add to the market value in the form of additions to the bonus of the shield, although they do not improve AC. A shield cannot have an effective bonus (enhancement plus special ability bonus equivalents) higher than +10. A shield with a special ability must also have at least a +1 enhancement bonus.

Activation: Usually a character benefits from magic armor and shields in exactly the way a character benefits from nonmagical armor and shields: by wearing them. If armor or a shield has a special ability that the user needs to activate, then the user usually needs to utter the command word (a standard action).

Armor for Unusual Creatures: The cost of armor for nonhumanoid creatures, as well as for creatures who are neither Small nor Medium, varies (see Equipment). The cost of the masterwork quality and any magical enhancement remains the same.

Magic Armor and Shield Special Ability Descriptions

Most magic armor and shields only have enhancement bonuses. Such items can also have one or more of the special abilities detailed below. Armor or a shield with a special ability must have at least a + 1 enhancement bonus.

Animated: As a move action, an animated shield can be loosed to defend its wielder on its own. For the following 4 rounds, the shield grants its bonus to the one who loosed it and then drops. While animated, the shield provides its shield bonus and the bonuses from all of the other shield special abilities it possesses, but it cannot take actions on its own, such as those provided by the bashing and blinding abilities. It can, however, use special abilities that do not require an action to function, such as arrow deflection and reflecting. While animated, a shield shares the same space as the activating character and accompanies the character who activated it, even if the character moves by magical means. A character with an animated shield still takes any penalties associated with shield use, such as armor check penalty, arcane spell failure chance, and nonproficiency. If the wielder who loosed it has an unoccupied hand, she can grasp it to end its animation as a free action. Once a shield has been retrieved, it cannot be animated again for at least 4

Strong transmutation; CL 12th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, animate objects; Price +2 bonus.

Arrow Catching: A shield with this ability attracts ranged weapons to it. It has a deflection bonus of +1 against ranged weapons because projectiles and thrown weapons veer

toward it. Additionally, any projectile or thrown weapon it absorbs the first 20 points of energy damage per attack. aimed at a target within 5 feet of the shield's wearer diverts from its original target and targets the shield's bearer instead. If the wielder has total cover relative to the attacker, the projectile or thrown weapon is not diverted. Additionally, Energy Resistance, Greater: As energy resistance, except it those attacking the wearer with ranged weapons ignore any miss chances that would normally apply. Projectiles and thrown weapons that have an enhancement bonus higher than the shield's base AC bonus are not diverted to the wearer (but the shield's deflection bonus still applies against these Etherealness: On command, this ability allows the wearer of with a command word.

Moderate abjuration; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, entropic shield; Price +1 bonus.

Arrow Deflection: This shield protects the wielder as if he had the Deflect Arrows feat. Once per round when he would normally be struck by a ranged weapon, he can make a DC Fortification: This suit of armor or shield produces a He must be aware of the attack and not flat-footed. attack is negated and damage is instead rolled normally. Attempting to deflect a ranged weapon doesn't count as an action. Exceptional ranged weapons, such as boulders hurled by giants or acid arrows, can't be deflected.

Faint abjuration; CL 5th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, shield; Price +2 bonus.

Bashing: A shield with this special ability is designed to perform a shield bash. A bashing shield deals damage as if it shield thus deals 1d6 points of damage and a Medium heavy limited wish or miracle; Price varies (see above). shield deals 1d8 points of damage). The shield acts as a +1 weapon when used to bash. Only light and heavy shields can have this ability.

Moderate transmutation; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, bull's strength; Price +1 bonus.

Blinding: A shield with this ability flashes with a brilliant light up to twice per day upon command of the wielder. Except for the wielder, anyone within 20 feet must make a DC 14 Reflex save or be blinded for 1d4 rounds.

Moderate evocation; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, searing light; Price +1 bonus.

Energy Resistance: A suit of armor or a shield with this property protects against one type of energy (acid, cold, electricity, fire, or sonic) and is designed with patterns depicting the element it protects against. The armor absorbs the first 10 points of energy damage per attack that the wearer would normally take (similar to the resist energy Moderate illusion; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, spell).

Faint abjuration; CL 3rd; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Invulnerability: This suit of armor grants the wearer damage resist energy; Price +18,000 gp.

Energy Resistance, Improved: As energy resistance, except Strong abjuration and evocation (if miracle is used); CL

Moderate abjuration; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, resist energy; Price +42,000 gp.

absorbs the first 30 points of energy damage per attack.

Moderate abjuration; CL 11th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, resist energy; Price +66,000 gp.

weapons). The wielder can activate or deactivate this ability the armor to become ethereal (as the ethereal jaunt spell) once per day. The character can remain ethereal for as long as desired, but once he returns to normal, he cannot become ethereal again that day.

> Strong transmutation; CL 13th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, ethereal jaunt; Price +49,000 gp.

20 Reflex save. If the ranged weapon (or piece of magical force that protects vital areas of the wearer more ammunition) has an enhancement bonus, the DC increases by effectively. When a critical hit or sneak attack is scored on that amount. If he succeeds, the shield deflects the weapon. the wearer, there is a chance that the critical hit or sneak

Fortification Type	Chance for Normal Damage	Base Price Modifier
Light	25%	+1 bonus
Moderate	50%	+3 bonus
Heavy	75%	+5 bonus

were a weapon of two size categories larger (a Medium light Strong abjuration; CL 13th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor,

Ghost Touch: This armor or shield seems almost translucent. Both its enhancement bonus and its armor bonus count against the attacks of corporeal and incorporeal creatures. It can be picked up, moved, and worn by corporeal and incorporeal creatures alike. Incorporeal creatures gain the armor's or shield's enhancement bonus against both corporeal and incorporeal attacks, and they can still pass freely through solid objects.

Strong transmutation; CL 15th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, etherealness; Price +3 bonus.

Glamered: Upon command, a suit of glamered armor changes shape and appearance to assume the form of a normal set of clothing. The armor retains all its properties (including weight) when it is so disguised. Only a true seeing spell or similar magic reveals the true nature of the armor when disguised.

disguise self; Price +2,700 gp.

reduction 5/magic.

miracle: Price +3 bonus.

Reflecting: This shield seems like a highly polished mirror. Its surface is completely reflective. Once per day, it can be Strong necromancy; CL 13th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, called on to reflect a spell back at its caster exactly like the *control undead*; Price +49,000 gp. spell turning spell.

spell turning; Price +5 bonus.

Shadow: This armor blurs the wearer whenever she tries to hide, while also dampening the sound around her, granting a +5 competence bonus on Stealth checks. The armor's armor check penalty still applies normally.

Faint illusion; CL 5th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, invisibility, silence; Price +3,750 gp.

Shadow, Improved: As *shadow*, except it grants a +10 competence bonus on Stealth checks.

Moderate illusion; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, invisibility, silence; Price +15,000 gp.

Shadow, Greater: As *shadow*, except it grants a +15 competence bonus on Stealth checks.

Strong illusion; CL 15th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, invisibility, silence; Price +33,750 gp.

Slick: Slick armor seems coated at all times with a slightly Banded Mail of Luck greasy oil. It provides a +5 competence bonus on its wearer's Escape Artist checks. The armor's armor check penalty still applies normally.

Faint conjuration; CL 4th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, grease; Price +3,750 gp.

Slick, Improved: As *slick*, except it grants a +10 competence bonus on Escape Artist checks.

Moderate conjuration; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, grease; Price +15,000 gp.

Slick, Greater: As slick, except it grants a +15 competence bonus on Escape Artist checks.

Strong conjuration; CL 15th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *grease*; Price +33,750 gp.

Spell Resistance: This property grants the armor's wearer spell resistance while the armor is worn. The spell resistance can be 13, 15, 17, or 19, depending on the armor.

Strong abjuration; CL 15th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, spell resistance; Price +2 bonus (SR 13), +3 bonus (SR 15), +4 bonus (SR 17), or +5 bonus (SR 19).

Undead Controlling: Undead controlling armor or shields often have skeletal or other grisly decorations or flourishes to their decor. They let the user control up to 26 HD of undead per day, as the control undead spell. At dawn each day, the wearer loses control of any undead still under his sway.

18th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, stoneskin, wish or Armor or a shield with this ability appears to be made of bone; this feature is entirely decorative and has no other effect on the armor.

Wild: The wearer of a suit of armor or a shield with this Strong abjuration; CL 14th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, ability preserves his armor bonus (and any enhancement bonus) while in a wild shape. Armor and shields with this ability usually appear to be covered in leaf patterns. While the wearer is in a wild shape, the armor cannot be seen.

> Moderate transmutation; CL 9th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *baleful polymorph*; Price +3 bonus.

Specific Armors

Adamantine Breastplate

Aura no aura (nonmagical); **CL**—

Slot armor; Price 10,200 gp; Weight 30 lbs.

Description

This nonmagical breastplate is made of adamantine, giving its wearer damage reduction of 2/-...

Aura strong enchantment; CL 12th

Table 16-6: Specific Armors

Minor	Medium	Major	Specific Armor	Market
			- T	Price
01-50	01–25	_	Mithral shirt	1,100 gp
51-80	26–45	_	Dragonhide plate	3,300 gp
81-100	46–57		Elven chain	5,150 gp
_	58–67	_	Rhino hide	5,165 gp
	68–82	01–10	Adamantine	10,200 gp
			breastplate	10,200 gp
_	83–97	11-20	Dwarven plate	16,500 gp
_	98–100	21–32	Banded mail of luck	18,900 gp
_	_	33-50	Celestial armor	22,400 gp
_	_	51-60	Plate armor of the deep	24,650 gp
_	_	61–75	Breastplate of command	25,400 gp
_	_	76–90	Mithral full plate of speed	26,500 gp
_	_	91-100	Demon armor	52,260 gp

Slot armor; **Price** 18,900 gp; **Weight** 35 lbs.

Description

rolled.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, bless; Cost 9,650 gp

Breastplate of Command

Aura strong enchantment; CL 15th

Slot armor; Price 25,400 gp; Weight 30 lbs.

Description

This +2 breastplate bestows a commanding aura upon its wearer. The wearer gains a +2 competence bonus on all Charisma checks, including Charisma-based skill checks. The wearer also gains a +2 competence bonus to his Leadership score. Friendly troops within 360 feet of the user **Dwarven Plate** become braver than normal, gaining a +2 resistance bonus on saving throws against fear. Since the effect arises in great part from the distinctiveness of the armor, it does not function if the wearer hides or conceals herself in any way.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, mass charm monster; Cost 12,875 gp

Celestial Armor

Aura faint transmutation [good]; CL 5th

Slot armor; Price 22,400 gp; Weight 20 lbs.

Description

This bright silver or gold +3 chainmail is so fine and light that it can be worn under normal clothing without betraving its presence. It has a maximum Dexterity bonus of +8, an armor check penalty of -2, and an arcane spell failure chance of 15%. It is considered light armor and allows the wearer to use fly on command (as the spell) once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, fly, creator must be good; Cost 11,350 gp

Demon Armor

Aura strong necromancy [evil]; **CL** 13th

Slot armor; **Price** 52,260 gp; **Weight** 50 lbs.

Description

Ten 100-gp gems adorn this +3 banded mail. Once per week, This plate armor is fashioned to make the wearer appear to the armor allows its wearer to require that an attack roll made be a demon. The helmet is shaped to look like a horned against him be rerolled. He must take whatever consequences demon head, and its wearer looks out of the open, toothcome from the second roll. The wearer's player must decide filled mouth. This +4 full plate allows the wearer to make whether to have the attack roll rerolled before damage is claw attacks that deal 1d10 points of damage, strike as +1 weapons, and afflict the target as if she had been struck by a contagion spell (Fortitude DC 14 negates). Use of contagion requires a normal melee attack with the claws. The "claws" are built into the armor's vambraces and gauntlets, and cannot be disarmed.

> A suit of demon armor is infused with evil, and as a result it bestows one negative level on any nonevil creature wearing it. This negative level persists as long as the armor is worn and disappears when the armor is removed. The negative level cannot be overcome in any way (including restoration spells) while the armor is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, contagion; Cost 26,955 gp

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL-

Slot armor; Price 16,500 gp; Weight 50 lbs.

Description

This full plate is made of adamantine, giving its wearer damage reduction of 3/—.

Dragonhide Plate

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL-

Slot armor; Price 3,300 gp; Weight 50 lbs.

Description

This suit of full plate is made of dragonhide, rather than metal, so druids can wear it. It is otherwise identical to masterwork full plate.

Elven Chain

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL —

Slot armor; Price 5,150 gp; Weight 20 lbs.

Description

This extremely light chainmail is made of very fine mithral links. This armor is treated, in all ways, like light armor, including when determining proficiency. The armor has an arcane spell failure chance of 20%, a maximum Dexterity bonus of +4, and an armor check penalty of -2.

Mithral Full Plate of Speed

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot armor; **Price** 26,500 gp; **Weight** 25 lbs.

Description

As a free action, the wearer of this fine set of +1 mithral full plate can activate it, enabling him to act as though affected by a haste spell for up to 10 rounds each day. The duration of the *haste* effect need not be consecutive rounds.

The armor has an arcane spell failure chance of 25%, a maximum Dexterity bonus of +3, and an armor check penalty of -3. It is considered medium armor, except that you **Specific Shields** must be proficient in heavy armor to avoid taking nonproficiency penalties.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, haste; Cost 18,500 gp

Mithral Shirt

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL -

Slot armor; Price 1,100 gp; Weight 10 lbs.

Description

This extremely light chain shirt is made of very fine mithral links. The armor has an arcane spell failure chance of 10%, a maximum Dexterity bonus of +6, and no armor check penalty. It is considered light armor.

Plate Armor of the Deep

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 11th

Slot armor; **Price** 24,650 gp; **Weight** 50 lbs.

Description

This +1 full plate is decorated with a wave and fish motif. Although the armor remains as heavy and bulky as normal full plate, the wearer of plate armor of the deep is treated as unarmored for purposes of Swim checks. The wearer can breathe underwater and can converse with any waterbreathing creature with a language.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, freedom of movement, tongues, water breathing; Cost 13,150 gp

Rhino Hide

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 9th

Slot armor; **Price** 5,165 gp; **Weight** 25 lbs.

Description

This +2 hide armor is made from rhinoceros hide. In addition to granting a +2 enhancement bonus to AC, it has a -1 armor check penalty and deals an additional 2d6 points of damage on any successful charge attack made by the wearer, including a mounted charge.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, bull's strength; Cost 2,665 gp

Table 16-7: Specific Shields

3.50			G 40 G1411	Market
Minor	Medium	Major	Specific Shield	Price
01-30	01-20	_	Darkwood buckler	205 gp
31-80	21–45	_	Darkwood shield	257 gp
81–95	46–70	_	Mithral heavy shield	1,020 gp
96– 100	71–85	01–20	Caster's shield	3,153 gp
_	86–90	21-40	Spined shield	5,580 gp
_	91–95	41-60	Lion's shield	9,170 gp
_	96-100	61-90	Winged shield	17,257 gp
_	_	91– 100	Absorbing shield	50,170 gp

Absorbing Shield

Aura strong transmutation; CL 17th

Slot shield; **Price** 50,170 gp; **Weight** 15 lbs.

Description

This +1 heavy steel shield is made of metal, but its color is flat black that seems to absorb light. Once every 2 days, on command, it can disintegrate an object that it touches, as the spell but requiring a melee touch attack. This effect only functions as an attack-it can't be activated to target a creature or weapon as it strikes the shield.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *disintegrate*; **Cost** 25,170 gp

Caster's Shield

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 6th

if one is currently scribed); Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This +1 light wooden shield has a leather strip on the back on which a spellcaster can scribe a single spell as on a scroll. A spell so scribed requires half the normal cost in raw materials. The strip cannot accommodate spells of higher than 3rd level. The strip is reusable.

A random caster's shield has a 50% chance of having a single medium scroll spell on it. The spell is divine (01-80 on d%) or arcane (81–100). A caster's shield has a 5% arcane spell failure chance.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Scribe Scroll, creator must be at least 6th level; Cost 1,653 gp

Darkwood Buckler

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL —

Slot shield; **Price** 205 gp; **Weight** 2.5 lbs.

Description

This nonmagical light wooden shield is made out of darkwood. It has no enhancement bonus, but its construction material makes it lighter than a normal wooden shield. It has no armor check penalty.

Darkwood Shield

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL -

Slot shield; Price 257 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This nonmagical heavy wooden shield is made out of darkwood. It has no enhancement bonus, but its construction material makes it lighter than a normal wooden shield. It has Slot shield; Price 17,257 gp; Weight 10 lbs. no armor check penalty.

Lion's Shield

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 10th

Slot shield; **Price** 9,170 gp; **Weight** 15 lbs.

Description

This +2 heavy steel shield is fashioned to appear to be a roaring lion's head. Three times per day as a free action, the lion's head can be commanded to attack (independently of the shield wearer), biting with the wielder's base attack bonus Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, fly; Cost 8,707

Slot shield; **Price** 3,153 gp (plus the value of the scroll spell (including multiple attacks, if the wielder has them) and dealing 2d6 points of damage. This attack is in addition to any actions performed by the wielder.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, summon nature's ally IV; Cost 4,670 gp

Mithral Heavy Shield

Aura no aura (nonmagical); **CL**—

Slot shield; **Price** 1,020 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This heavy shield is made of mithral and thus is much lighter than a standard steel shield. It has a 5% arcane spell failure chance and no armor check penalty.

Spined Shield

Aura moderate evocation; CL 6th

Slot shield; **Price** 5,580 gp; **Weight** 15 lbs.

Description

This +1 heavy steel shield is covered in spines. It acts as a normal spiked shield. On command up to three times per day, the shield's wearer can fire one of the shield's spines. A fired spine has a +1 enhancement bonus, a range increment of 120 feet, and deals 1d10 points of damage (19–20/x2). Fired spines regenerate each day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, magic missile; **Cost** 2,875 gp

Winged Shield

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Description

This heavy wooden shield has a +3 enhancement bonus. Arching bird wings are carved into the face of the shield. Once per day, it can be commanded to fly (as the spell), carrying the wielder. The shield can carry up to 133 pounds and move at 60 feet per round, or up to 266 pounds and move at 40 feet per round.

Construction

Weapons

Table 16-8: Weapons

Minor	Medium	Major	Weapon	Bonus Base Price ¹
01–70	01-10	_	+1	2,000 gp
71–85	11-29	—	+2	8,000 gp
_	30-58	01-20	+3	18,000 gp
	59-62	21–38	+4	32,000 gp
_	_	39–49	+5	50,000 gp
_	_	_	+6 ²	72,000 gp
_	_	_	+7 ²	98,000 gp
_	_	_	+8 ²	128,000 gp
_	_	_	+92	162,000 gp
_	_	_	$+10^{2}$	200,000 gp
86–90	63–68	50-63	Specific weapon	_
91–	co 100	C4 100	Special ability	
100	69–100	64-100	and roll again ⁴	_

- 1 For ammunition, this price is for 50 arrows, bolts, or bullets
- 2 A weapon can't have an enhancement bonus higher than +5. Use these lines to determine price when special abilities are added in.
- 3 See Table: Specific Weapons.
- 4 See Table: Melee Weapon Special Abilities for melee weapons and Table: Ranged Weapon Special Abilities for ranged weapons.

Table 16-9: Melee Weapon Special Abilities

Minor	Medium	Major	Special Ability	Base Price
17111101	r-reditam	Major		Modifier ¹
01–10	01–06	01–03	Bane	+1 bonus
11–17	07-12	_	Defending	+1 bonus
18–27	13–19	04-06	Flaming	+1 bonus
28-37	20-26	07-09	Frost	+1 bonus
38–47	27-33	10-12	Shock	+1 bonus
48–56	34–38	13–15	Ghost touch	+1 bonus
57–67	39–44	_	Keen ²	+1 bonus
68–71	45–48	16–19	Ki Focus	+1 bonus
72–75	49–50	_	Merciful	+1 bonus
76–82	51–54	20-21	Mighty cleaving	+1 bonus
83–87	55-59	22-24	Spell storing	+1 bonus
88–91	60–63	25–28	Throwing	+1 bonus
92–95	64–65	29-32	Thundering	+1 bonus
96–99	66–69	33–36	Vicious	+1 bonus

Minor	Medium	Major	Special Ability	Base Price Modifier ¹
_	70–72	37–41	Anarchic	+2 bonus
_	73–75	42–46	Axiomatic	+2 bonus
	76–78	47–49	$Disruption^3$	+2 bonus
_	79–81	50-54	Flaming burst	+2 bonus
_	82-84	55-59	Icy burst	+2 bonus
_	85–87	60–64	Holy	+2 bonus
_	88-90	65–69	Shocking burst	+2 bonus
_	91–93	70–74	Unholy	+2 bonus
_	94–95	75–78	Wounding	+2 bonus
_	_	79–83	Speed	+3 bonus
		84–86	Brilliant energy	+4 bonus
_	_	87–88	Dancing	+4 bonus
		89–90	$Vorpal^2$	+5 bonus
100	96–100	91–100	Roll again twice ⁴	_

- 1 Add to enhancement bonus on Table: Weapons to determine total market price.
- 2 Piercing or slashing weapons only (slashing only for vorpal). Reroll if randomly generated for a bludgeoning weapon.
- 3 Bludgeoning weapons only. Reroll if randomly generated for a piercing or slashing weapon.
- 4 Reroll if you get a duplicate special ability, an ability incompatible with an ability that you've already rolled, or if the extra ability puts you over the +10 limit. A weapon's enhancement bonus and special ability bonus equivalents can't total more than +10.

Table 16-10: Ranged Weapon Special Abilities

	Minor	Medium	Major	Special Ability	Base Price
		1v1culuiii	1124101	Special Homes	$Modifier^1$
	01-12	01–08	01-04	$Bane^2$	+1 bonus
ĺ	13–25	09–16	05-08	Distance	+1 bonus
	26–40	17–28	09-12	$Flaming^2$	+1 bonus
	41–55	29–40	13–16	Frost ²	+1 bonus
	56-60	41–42	_	$Merciful^2$	+1 bonus
	61–68	43–47	17–21	Returning	+1 bonus
	69-83	48-59	22-25	$Shock^2$	+1 bonus
	84–93	60–64	26–27	Seeking	+1 bonus
	94–99	65–68	28-29	$Thundering^2$	+1 bonus
	_	69–71	30–34	Anarchic ²	+2 bonus
	_	72–74	35–39	$Axiomatic^2$	+2 bonus
	_	75–79	40–49	Flaming burst ²	+2 bonus
	_	80–82	50-54	$Holy^2$	+2 bonus

Minor	Medium	Major	Special Ability	Base Price Modifier ¹
_	83–87	55–64	Icy burst ²	+2 bonus
_	88–92	65–74	Shocking burst ²	+2 bonus
_	93–95	75–79	$Unholy^2$	+2 bonus
_	_	80-84	Speed	+3 bonus
_	_	85–90	Brilliant energy	+4 bonus
100	96-100	91-100	Roll again twice ²	_

- 1 Add to enhancement bonus on Table: Weapons to determine total market price.
- 2 Bows, crossbows, and slings crafted with this ability bestow this power upon their ammunition.
- 3 Reroll if you get a duplicate special ability, an ability incompatible with an ability that you've already rolled, or if the extra ability puts you over the +10 limit. A weapon's enhancement bonus and special ability bonus equivalents can't total more than +10.

A magic weapon is enhanced to strike more truly and deliver more damage. Magic weapons have enhancement bonuses ranging from +1 to +5. They apply these bonuses to both attack and damage rolls when used in combat. All magic weapons are also masterwork weapons, but their masterwork bonuses on attack rolls do not stack with their enhancement bonuses on attack rolls.

Weapons come in two basic categories: melee and ranged. Some of the weapons listed as melee weapons can also be used as ranged weapons. In this case, their enhancement bonuses apply to both melee and ranged attacks.

Some magic weapons have special abilities. Special abilities count as additional bonuses for determining the market value of the item, but do not modify attack or damage bonuses (except where specifically noted). A single weapon cannot have a modified bonus (enhancement bonus plus special ability bonus equivalents) higher than +10. A weapon with a special ability must also have at least a +1 enhancement bonus. Weapons cannot possess the same special ability more than once.

Weapons or ammunition can be made of an unusual material. Roll d%: 01–95 indicates that the item is of a standard sort, and 96–100 indicates that it is made of a special material (see Equipment).

Caster Level for Weapons: The caster level of a weapon with a special ability is given in the item description. For an item with only an enhancement bonus and no other abilities, the caster level is three times the enhancement bonus. If an item has both an enhancement bonus and a special ability, the higher of the two caster level requirements must be met.

Additional Damage Dice: Some magic weapons deal additional dice of damage. Unlike other modifiers to damage,

additional dice of damage are not multiplied when the attacker scores a critical hit.

Ranged Weapons and Ammunition: The enhancement bonus from a ranged weapon does not stack with the enhancement bonus from ammunition. Only the higher of the two enhancement bonuses applies.

Ammunition fired from a projectile weapon with an enhancement bonus of +1 or higher is treated as a magic weapon for the purpose of overcoming damage reduction. Similarly, ammunition fired from a projectile weapon with an alignment gains the alignment of that projectile weapon.

Magic Ammunition and Breakage: When a magic arrow, crossbow bolt, or sling bullet misses its target, there is a 50% chance it breaks or is otherwise rendered useless. A magic arrow, bolt, or bullet that successfully hits a target is automatically destroyed after it delivers its damage.

Light Generation: Fully 30% of magic weapons shed light equivalent to a *light* spell. These glowing weapons are quite obviously magical. Such a weapon can't be concealed when drawn, nor can its light be shut off. Some of the specific weapons detailed below always or never glow, as defined in their descriptions.

Damaging Magic Weapons: An attacker cannot damage a magic weapon that has an enhancement bonus unless his weapon has at least as high an enhancement bonus as the weapon struck.

Activation: Usually a character benefits from a magic weapon in the same way a character benefits from a mundane weapon—by attacking with it. If a weapon has a special ability that the user needs to activate, then the user usually needs to utter a command word (a standard action). A character can activate the special abilities of 50 pieces of ammunition at the same time, assuming each piece has identical abilities.

Magic Weapons and Critical Hits: Some weapon qualities and some specific weapons have an extra effect on a critical hit. This special effect also functions against creatures not normally subject to critical hits. On a successful critical roll, apply the special effect, but do not multiply the weapon's regular damage.

Weapons for Unusually Sized Creatures: The cost of weapons for creatures who are neither Small nor Medium varies (see Equipment). The cost of the masterwork quality and any magical enhancement remains the same.

Special Qualities: Roll d%. A 01–30 result indicates that the item sheds light, 31–45 indicates that something (a design, inscription, or the like) provides a clue to the weapon's function, and 46–100 indicates no special qualities.

Magic Weapon Special Ability Descriptions

A weapon with a special ability must also have at least a +1 enhancement bonus.

chaos. It makes the weapon chaotically aligned and thus bypasses the corresponding damage reduction. It deals an extra 2d6 points of damage against all creatures of lawful alignment. It bestows one permanent negative level on any it because the weapon passes through armor. (Dexterity, lawful creature attempting to wield it. The negative level deflection, dodge, natural armor, and other such bonuses still remains as long as the weapon is in hand and disappears apply.) A brilliant energy weapon cannot harm undead, when the weapon is no longer wielded. This negative level constructs, and objects. This property can only be applied to cannot be overcome in any way (including *restoration* spells) while the weapon is wielded.

Moderate evocation [chaotic]; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, chaos hammer, creator must be chaotic; Price +2 bonus.

Axiomatic: An axiomatic weapon is infused with lawful power. It makes the weapon law-aligned and thus bypasses points of damage against chaotic creatures. It bestows one permanent negative level on any chaotic creature attempting to wield it. The negative level remains as long as the weapon is in hand and disappears when the weapon is no longer wielded. This negative level cannot be overcome in any way (including *restoration* spells) while the weapon is wielded.

Moderate evocation [lawful]; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, order's wrath, creator must be lawful; Price +2 bonus.

Bane: A bane weapon excels against certain foes. Against a designated foe, the weapon's enhancement bonus is +2 better than its actual bonus. It also deals an extra 2d6 points of damage against the foe. To randomly determine a weapon's designated foe, roll on the following table.

d%	Designated Foe
01–05	Aberrations
06–09	Animals
10–16	Constructs
17–22	Dragons
23–27	Fey
28-60	Humanoids (pick one subtype)
61–65	Magical beasts
66–70	Monstrous humanoids
71–72	Oozes
73–88	Outsiders (pick one subtype)
89–90	Plants
91–98	Undead
99-100	Vermin

Moderate conjuration; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, summon monster I; Price +1 bonus.

Brilliant Energy: A brilliant energy weapon has its significant portion transformed into light, although this does Anarchic: An anarchic weapon is infused with the power of not modify the item's weight. It always gives off light as a torch (20-foot radius). A brilliant energy weapon ignores nonliving matter. Armor and shield bonuses to AC (including any enhancement bonuses to that armor) do not count against melee weapons, thrown weapons, and ammunition.

> Strong transmutation; CL 16th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, gaseous form, continual flame; Price +4 bonus.

Dancing: As a standard action, a dancing weapon can be loosed to attack on its own. It fights for 4 rounds using the base attack bonus of the one who loosed it and then drops. While dancing, it cannot make attacks of opportunity, and the the corresponding damage reduction. It deals an extra 2d6 person who activated it is not considered armed with the weapon. The weapon is considered wielded or attended by the creature for all maneuvers and effects that target items. While dancing, the weapon shares the same space as the activating character and can attack adjacent foes (weapons with reach can attack opponents up to 10 feet away). The dancing weapon accompanies the person who activated it everywhere, whether she moves by physical or magical means. If the wielder who loosed it has an unoccupied hand. she can grasp it while it is attacking on its own as a free action; when so retrieved, the weapon can't dance (attack on its own) again for 4 rounds.

> Strong transmutation; CL 15th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, animate objects; Price +4 bonus.

Defending: A defending weapon allows the wielder to transfer some or all of the weapon's enhancement bonus to his AC as a bonus that stacks with all others. As a free action, the wielder chooses how to allocate the weapon's enhancement bonus at the start of his turn before using the weapon, and the bonus to AC lasts until his next turn.

Moderate abjuration; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, shield or shield of faith; Price +1 bonus.

Disruption: A disruption weapon is the bane of all undead. Any undead creature struck in combat must succeed on a DC 14 Will save or be destroyed. A disruption weapon must be a bludgeoning melee weapon.

Strong conjuration; CL 14th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, heal; Price +2 bonus.

Distance: This special ability can only be placed on a ranged weapon. A distance weapon has double the range increment of other weapons of its kind.

clairaudience/clairvoyance; Price +1 bonus.

Flaming: Upon command, a *flaming weapon* is sheathed in fire that deals an extra 1d6 points of fire damage on a successful hit. The fire does not harm the wielder. The effect remains until another command is given.

Moderate evocation; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor the multiplier is ×4, add an extra 3d10 points. and flame blade, flame strike, or fireball; Price +1 bonus.

Flaming Burst: A flaming burst weapon functions as a its extra cold damage on a successful critical hit. flaming weapon that also explodes with flame upon striking a successful critical hit. The fire does not harm the wielder. In addition to the extra fire damage from the flaming ability (see above), a *flaming burst weapon* deals an extra 1d10 **Keen**: This ability doubles the threat range of a weapon. 3d10 points of fire damage.

Even if the *flaming* ability is not active, the weapon still deals its extra fire damage on a successful critical hit.

Strong evocation; CL 12th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor and flame blade, flame strike, or fireball; Price +2 bonus.

Frost: Upon command, a frost weapon is sheathed in icy cold that deals an extra 1d6 points of cold damage on a successful hit. The cold does not harm the wielder. The effect remains until another command is given.

Moderate evocation; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, focus ability. chill metal or ice storm: Price +1 bonus.

Ghost Touch: A *ghost touch weapon* deals damage normally against incorporeal creatures, regardless of its bonus. An incorporeal creature's 50% reduction in damage from corporeal sources does not apply to attacks made against it with ghost touch weapons. The weapon can be picked up and moved by an incorporeal creature at any time. A manifesting ghost can wield the weapon against corporeal foes. Essentially, a ghost touch weapon counts as both corporeal or Faint conjuration; CL 5th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, incorporeal.

Moderate conjuration; CL 9th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Mighty Cleaving: A mighty cleaving weapon allows a plane shift; Price +1 bonus.

Holy: A *holy weapon* is imbued with holy power. This power makes the weapon good-aligned and thus bypasses the corresponding damage reduction. It deals an extra 2d6 points of damage against all creatures of evil alignment. It bestows one permanent negative level on any evil creature attempting Moderate evocation; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, to wield it. The negative level remains as long as the weapon divine power; Price +1 bonus. is in hand and disappears when the weapon is no longer wielded. This negative level cannot be overcome in any way (including by restoration spells) while the weapon is wielded.

Moderate evocation [good]; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *holy smite*, creator must be good; Price +2 bonus.

Moderate divination; CL 6th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Icy Burst: An icy burst weapon functions as a frost weapon that also explodes with frost upon striking a successful critical hit. The frost does not harm the wielder. In addition to the extra damage from the frost ability, an icy burst weapon deals an extra 1d10 points of cold damage on a successful critical hit. If the weapon's critical multiplier is ×3, add an extra 2d10 points of cold damage instead, and if

Even if the *frost* ability is not active, the weapon still deals

Moderate evocation; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, chill metal or ice storm; Price +2 bonus.

points of fire damage on a successful critical hit. If the Only piercing or slashing melee weapons can be keen. If you weapon's critical multiplier is ×3, add an extra 2d10 points of roll this property randomly for an inappropriate weapon, fire damage instead, and if the multiplier is ×4, add an extra reroll. This benefit doesn't stack with any other effect that expands the threat range of a weapon (such as the keen edge spell or the Improved Critical feat).

> Moderate transmutation; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *keen edge*; Price +1 bonus.

> Ki Focus: The magic weapon serves as a channel for the wielder's ki, allowing her to use her special ki attacks through the weapon as if they were unarmed attacks. These attacks include the monk's ki strike, quivering palm, and the Stunning Fist feat (including any condition that the monk can apply using this feat). Only melee weapons can have the ki

> Moderate transmutation; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, creator must be a monk; Price +1 bonus.

> Merciful: The weapon deals an extra 1d6 points of damage, and all damage it deals is nonlethal damage. On command, the weapon suppresses this ability until told to resume it (allowing it to deal lethal damage, but without any bonus damage from this ability).

cure light wounds; Price +1 bonus.

wielder using the Cleave feat to make one additional attack if the first attack hits, as long as the next foe is adjacent to the first and also within reach. This additional attack cannot be against the first foe. Only melee weapons can be mighty cleaving weapons.

Returning: This special ability can only be placed on a weapon that can be thrown. A returning weapon flies through the air back to the creature that threw it. It returns to the thrower just before the creature's next turn (and is therefore ready to use again in that turn). Catching a returning weapon when it comes back is a free action. If the character can't

thrown.

Moderate transmutation; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, telekinesis; Price +1 bonus.

Seeking: Only ranged weapons can have the seeking ability. The weapon veers toward its target, negating any miss chances that would otherwise apply, such as from concealment. The wielder still has to aim the weapon at the Thundering: A thundering weapon creates a cacophonous example, do not veer and hit invisible enemies, even if they are nearby.

Strong divination; CL 12th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, true seeing; Price +1 bonus.

crackling electricity that deals an extra 1d6 points of electricity damage on a successful hit. The electricity does not harm the wielder. The effect remains until another command is given.

Moderate evocation; CL 8th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, call lightning or lightning bolt; Price +1 bonus.

Shocking Burst: A shocking burst weapon functions as a proficient in its normal use. shock weapon that explodes with electricity upon striking a successful critical hit. The electricity does not harm the wielder. In addition to the extra electricity damage from the shock ability, a shocking burst weapon deals an extra 1d10 Unholy: An unholy weapon is imbued with unholy power. points of electricity damage on a successful critical hit. If the electricity damage instead, and if the multiplier is ×4, add an extra 3d10 points.

Even if the *shock* ability is not active, the weapon still deals its extra electricity damage on a successful critical hit.

call lightning or lightning bolt; Price +2 bonus.

speed weapon may make one extra attack with it. The attack Armor, unholy blight, creator must be evil; Price +2 bonus. uses the wielder's full base attack bonus, plus any modifiers appropriate to the situation. (This benefit is not cumulative with similar effects, such as a *haste* spell.)

Moderate transmutation; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *haste*; Price +3 bonus.

Spell Storing: A spell storing weapon allows a spellcaster to Moderate necromancy; CL 9th; Craft Magic Arms and store a single targeted spell of up to 3rd level in the weapon. (The spell must have a casting time of 1 standard action.) Anytime the weapon strikes a creature and the creature takes damage from it, the weapon can immediately cast the spell on that creature as a free action if the wielder desires. (This special ability is an exception to the general rule that casting a spell from an item takes at least as long as casting that spell normally.) Once the spell has been cast from the weapon, a

catch it, or if the character has moved since throwing it, the spellcaster can cast any other targeted spell of up to 3rd level weapon drops to the ground in the square from which it was into it. The weapon magically imparts to the wielder the name of the spell currently stored within it. A randomly rolled spell storing weapon has a 50% chance to have a spell stored in it already.

> Strong evocation (plus aura of stored spell); CL 12th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, creator must be a caster of at least 12th level; Price +1 bonus.

right square. Arrows mistakenly shot into an empty space, for roar like thunder upon striking a successful critical hit. The sonic energy does not harm the wielder. A thundering weapon deals an extra 1d8 points of sonic damage on a successful critical hit. If the weapon's critical multiplier is ×3, add an extra 2d8 points of sonic damage instead, and if the multiplier is ×4, add an extra 3d8 points of sonic damage. Shock: Upon command, a shock weapon is sheathed in Subjects dealt critical hits by a thundering weapon must make a DC 14 Fortitude save or be deafened permanently.

> Faint necromancy: CL 5th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, blindness/deafness; Price +1 bonus.

> **Throwing**: This ability can only be placed on a melee weapon. A melee weapon crafted with this ability gains a range increment of 10 feet and can be thrown by a wielder

> Faint transmutation; CL 5th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *magic stone*; Price +1 bonus.

This power makes the weapon evil-aligned and thus bypasses weapon's critical multiplier is ×3, add an extra 2d10 points of the corresponding damage reduction. It deals an extra 2d6 points of damage against all creatures of good alignment. It bestows one permanent negative level on any good creature attempting to wield it. The negative level remains as long as the weapon is in hand and disappears when the weapon is no longer wielded. This negative level cannot be overcome in Moderate evocation; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, any way (including restoration spells) while the weapon is wielded.

Speed: When making a full-attack action, the wielder of a Moderate evocation [evil]; CL 7th; Craft Magic Arms and

Vicious: When a vicious weapon strikes an opponent, it creates a flash of disruptive energy that resonates between the opponent and the wielder. This energy deals an extra 2d6 points of damage to the opponent and 1d6 points of damage to the wielder. Only melee weapons can be vicious.

Armor, *enervation*; Price +1 bonus.

Vorpal: This potent and feared ability allows the weapon to sever the heads of those it strikes. Upon a roll of natural 20 (followed by a successful roll to confirm the critical hit), the weapon severs the opponent's head (if it has one) from its body. Some creatures, such as many aberrations and all oozes, have no heads. Others, such as golems and undead creatures other than vampires, are not affected by the loss of

their heads. Most other creatures, however, die when their heads are cut off. A *vorpal weapon* must be a slashing melee weapon. If you roll this property randomly for an inappropriate weapon, reroll.

Strong necromancy and transmutation; CL 18th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *circle of death*, *keen edge*; Price +5 bonus.

Wounding: A *wounding weapon* deals 1 point of bleed damage when it hits a creature. Multiple hits from a wounding weapon increase the bleed damage. Bleeding creatures take the bleed damage at the start of their turns. Bleeding can be stopped by a DC 15 Heal check or through the application of any spell that cures hit point damage. A critical hit does not multiply the bleed damage. Creatures immune to critical hits are immune to the bleed damage dealt by this weapon.

Moderate evocation; CL 10th; Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *bleed;* Price +2 bonus.

Specific Weapons

Adamantine Battleaxe		
Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL —		
Slot none; Price 3,010 gp; Weight 6 lbs.		
Description		
This nonmagical axe is made out of adamantine. As a masterwork weapon, it has a +1 enhancement bonus on		

masterwork weapon, it has a +1 enhancement bonus or attack rolls.

Adamantine Dagger

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL —

Slot none; Price 3,002 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This nonmagical dagger is made out of adamantine. As a masterwork weapon, it has a +1 enhancement bonus on attack rolls.

Assassin's Dagger

Aura moderate necromancy; CL 9th

Slot none; Price 10,302 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This wicked-looking, curved +2 dagger provides a +1 bonus to the DC of a Fortitude save forced by the death attack of an assassin.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, slay living;

Table 16-11: Specific Weapons

01-15 — Sleep arrow 132 gp 16-25 — Screaming bolt Stiver dagger, 267 gp 26-45 — masterwork 322 gp 46-65 — Cold iron longsword, masterwork 330 gp 66-75 01-09 — Javelin of lightning 1,500 gp 76-80 10-15 — Slaying arrow 2,282 gp 81-90 16-24 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,002 gp 91- 100 25-33 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,010 gp Staying arrow — 4,057 gp — 38-40 — Shatterspike 4,315 gp — 47-51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52-57 01-04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58-62 05-07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63-66 08-09 1riaent of jisn command 18,650 gp — 75-79 14-17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp	Minor	Medium	Major	Specific Weapon	Market Price
16-25 — Screaming bolt Stiver dagger, masterwork 267 gp 26-45 — — masterwork 322 gp 46-65 — — Cold iron longsword, masterwork 330 gp 66-75 01-09 — Javelin of lightning 1,500 gp 76-80 10-15 — Slaying arrow 2,282 gp 81-90 16-24 — Adamantine dagger 3,002 gp 91- 25-33 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,010 gp Staying arrow — 4,057 gp — 38-40 — Shatterspike 4,315 gp — 41-46 — Dagger of venom 8,302 gp — 47-51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52-57 01-04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58-62 05-07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63-66 08-09 Irraent of jish 18,650 gp — 75-79 14-17 Lu	01–15	_	_	Sleep arrow	
Silver dagger, 322 gp	16–25	_	_		
A6-65				Silver dagger,	
46-65 — masterwork 330 gp 66-75 01-09 — Javelin of lightning 1,500 gp 76-80 10-15 — Slaying arrow 2,282 gp 81-90 16-24 — Adamantine dagger 3,002 gp 91- 100 25-33 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,010 gp Slaying arrow — 4,057 gp — 38-40 — Shatterspike 4,315 gp — 41-46 — Dagger of venom 8,302 gp — 47-51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52-57 01-04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58-62 05-07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63-66 08-09 Iriaent of jisn 18,650 gp — 67-74 10-13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75-79 14-17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 87-91 25-31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92-95 <td< td=""><td>26–45</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>masterwork</td><td>322 gp</td></td<>	26–45	_		masterwork	322 gp
76-80 10-15 — Slaying arrow 2,282 gp 81-90 16-24 — Adamantine dagger 3,002 gp 91- 100 25-33 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,010 gp Slaying arrow — 34-37 — (greater) 4,057 gp — 38-40 — Shatterspike 4,315 gp — 41-46 — Dagger of venom 8,302 gp — 47-51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52-57 01-04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58-62 05-07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63-66 08-09 Irident of fish 18,650 gp — 67-74 10-13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75-79 14-17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80-86 18-24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87-91 25-31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92-95 32-37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96-98 38-42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99-100 43-46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47-51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	46–65	_	_		330 gp
81-90 16-24 — Adamantine dagger 3,002 gp 91- 100 25-33 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,010 gp Slaying arrow — 34-37 — (greater) 4,057 gp — 38-40 — Shatterspike 4,315 gp — 41-46 — Dagger of venom 8,302 gp — 47-51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52-57 01-04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58-62 05-07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63-66 08-09 Iriaent of fish 18,650 gp — 67-74 10-13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75-79 14-17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80-86 18-24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87-91 25-31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92-95 32-37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96-98 38-42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99-100 43-46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47-51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	66–75	01-09	_	Javelin of lightning	1,500 gp
91- 100 25-33 — Adamantine battleaxe 3,010 gp Staying arrow 4,057 gp — 38-40 — Shatterspike 4,315 gp — 41-46 — Dagger of venom 8,302 gp — 47-51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52-57 01-04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58-62 05-07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63-66 08-09 Iriaent of Jish command 18,650 gp — 67-74 10-13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75-79 14-17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80-86 18-24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87-91 25-31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92-95 32-37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96-98 38-42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99-100 43-46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47-51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	76–80	10–15	_	Slaying arrow	2,282 gp
Slaying arrow 34-37 Greater 4,057 gp 4,057 gp 4,057 gp 10,115 gp 10,115 gp 10,115 gp 10,302 gp 10,302 gp 10,302 gp 10,302 gp 12,780 gp 13,650 gp 13,650 gp 14,057 gp 20,715 gp 20	81–90	16–24	_	Adamantine dagger	3,002 gp
 34–37 — (greater)		25–33	_		3,010 gp
— 38-40 — Shatterspike		24 27		Slaying arrow	4.057 an
— 41–46 — Dagger of venom 8,302 gp — 47–51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52–57 01–04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58–62 05–07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63–66 08–09 Iriaent of jish command 18,650 gp — 67–74 10–13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75–79 14–17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp		34–37		(greater)	4,037 gp
— 47–51 — Trident of warning 10,115 gp — 52–57 01–04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58–62 05–07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63–66 08–09 Iriaent of Jish command 18,650 gp — 67–74 10–13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75–79 14–17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	_	38–40	_	Shatterspike	4,315 gp
— 52–57 01–04 Assassin's dagger 10,302 gp — 58–62 05–07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63–66 08–09 Iriaent of fish command 18,650 gp — 67–74 10–13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75–79 14–17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp					
— 58–62 05–07 Shifter's sorrow 12,780 gp — 63–66 08–09 Iriaent of jish command 18,650 gp — 67–74 10–13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75–79 14–17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	—	47–51	_		
— 63–66 08–09 Irraent of Jish command 18,650 gp — 67–74 10–13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75–79 14–17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp		52–57	01–04	Assassin's dagger	10,302 gp
— 63-00 68-09 command 16,030 gp — 67-74 10-13 Flame tongue 20,715 gp — 75-79 14-17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80-86 18-24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87-91 25-31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92-95 32-37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96-98 38-42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99-100 43-46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47-51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	_	58–62	05–07	Shifter's sorrow	12,780 gp
— 75–79 14–17 Luck blade (0 wishes) 22,060 gp — 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp		63–66	08–09		18,650 gp
— 80–86 18–24 Sword of subtlety 22,310 gp — 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	_	67–74	10-13	Flame tongue	20,715 gp
— 87–91 25–31 Sword of the planes 22,315 gp — 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	_	75–79	14-17	Luck blade (0 wishes)	22,060 gp
— 92–95 32–37 Nine lives stealer 23,057 gp — 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp	_	80–86	18-24	Sword of subtlety	22,310 gp
 96–98 38–42 Oathbow 25,600 gp 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp 	_	87–91	25-31	Sword of the planes	22,315 gp
 — 99–100 43–46 Sword of life stealing 25,715 gp — 47–51 Mace of terror 38,552 gp 		92–95	32–37	Nine lives stealer	23,057 gp
— — 47–51 <i>Mace of terror</i> 38,552 gp	_	96–98	38–42	Oathbow	25,600 gp
	_	99–100	43–46	Sword of life stealing	25,715 gp
	_	— 47	–51 <i>Ma</i>	ace of terror	38,552 gp
32 31 Ege arriver - +0,320 gp	_	_			40,320 gp
— — 58–62 <i>Sylvan scimitar</i> 47,315 gp	_	— 58		*	
— 63–67 Rapier of puncturing 50,320 gp	_	_	-		
— — 68–73 <i>Sun blade</i> 50,335 gp	_	_			
— — 74–79 <i>Frost brand</i> 54,475 gp	_	_			
— — 80–84 <i>Dwarven thrower</i> 60,312 gp	_	— 80			
— 85–91 <i>Luck blade (1 wish)</i> 62,360 gp	_	_			
— — 92–95 <i>Mace of smiting</i> 75,312 gp		— 92		·	
— 96–97 Luck blade (2 wishes) 102,660 gp					
— 98–99 <i>Holy avenger</i> 120,630 gp		98			
— 100 Luck blade (3 wishes) 142,960 gp	_				

Cost 5,302 gp

Dagger of Venom

Aura faint necromancy; CL 5th

Slot none; Price 8,302 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This black +1 dagger has a serrated edge. It allows the a creature struck by the blade once per day. The wielder can decide to use the power after he has struck. Doing so is a free action, but the poison effect must be invoked in the same round that the dagger strikes.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *poison*; Cost spell. 4,302 gp

Dwarven Thrower

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot none; Price 60,312 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This weapon functions as a +2 warhammer in the hands of most users. Yet in the hands of a dwarf, the warhammer gains Slot none; Price 120,630 gp; Weight 4 lbs. an additional +1 enhancement bonus (for a total enhancement bonus of +3) and gains the returning special ability. It can be hurled with a 30-foot range increment. When hurled, a dwarven thrower deals an extra 2d8 points of damage against creatures of the giant subtype or an extra 1d8 points of damage against any other target.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, creator must be a dwarf of at least 10th level; Cost 30,312 gp

Flame Tongue

Aura strong evocation; CL 12th

Slot none; Price 20,715 gp; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

This is a +1 flaming burst longsword. Once per day, the sword can blast forth a fiery ray at any target within 30 feet Slot none; Price 1,500 gp; Weight 2 lbs. as a ranged touch attack. The ray deals 4d6 points of fire damage on a successful hit.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, scorching ray and fireball, flame blade, or flame strike; Cost 10,515 gp

Frost Brand

Aura strong evocation; **CL** 14th

Slot none; **Price** 54,475 gp; **Weight** 8 lbs.

Description

This +3 frost greatsword sheds light as a torch when the temperature drops below 0° F. At such times it cannot be concealed when drawn, nor can its light be shut off. Its wielder is protected from fire; the sword absorbs the first 10 wielder to use a poison effect (as the spell, save DC 14) upon points of fire damage each round that the wielder would otherwise take.

> A frost brand extinguishes all nonmagical fires in a 20-foot radius. As a standard action, it can also dispel lasting fire spells, but not instantaneous effects. You must succeed on a dispel check (1d20 +14) against each spell to dispel it. The DC to dispel such spells is 11 + the caster level of the fire

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, *ice storm*, dispel magic, protection from energy; Cost 27,375 gp and 5

Holy Avenger

Aura strong abjuration; CL 18th

Description

This +2 cold iron longsword becomes a +5 holy cold iron longsword in the hands of a paladin.

This sacred weapon provides spell resistance of 5 + the paladin's level to the wielder and anyone adjacent to her. It also enables the paladin to use greater dispel magic (once per round as a standard action) at the class level of the paladin. Only the area dispel is possible, not the targeted dispel or counterspell versions of greater dispel magic.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, holy aura, creator must be good; Cost 60,630 gp

Javelin of Lightning

Aura faint evocation; CL 5th

Description

This javelin becomes a 5d6 lightning bolt when thrown (Reflex DC 14 half). It is consumed in the attack.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, lightning bolt; **Cost** 750 gp

Life-Drinker

Aura strong necromancy; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 40,320 gp; Weight 12 lbs.

Description

after being struck, subjects must make a DC 16 Fortitude rather than ×2. save for each negative level or the negative levels become permanent.

bestows one negative level on the wielder. Any negative levels gained by the wielder in this fashion lasts for 1 hour.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, enervation; Slot none; Price 38,552 gp; Weight 8 lbs. Cost 20,320 gp

Longsword, Cold Iron Masterwork

Aura no aura (nonmagical); CL —

Slot none; **Price** 330 gp; **Weight** 4 lbs.

Description

This nonmagical longsword is crafted out of cold iron. As a masterwork weapon, it has a +1 enhancement bonus on attack rolls.

Luck Blade

Aura strong evocation; CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 22,060 gp (0 *wishes*), 62,360 gp (1 *wish*), 102,660 gp (2 wishes), 142,960 gp (3 wishes); Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This +2 short sword gives its possessor a +1 luck bonus on all saving throws. Its possessor also gains the power of good fortune, usable once per day. This extraordinary ability allows its possessor to reroll one roll that she just made, This longsword always performs as a +2 longsword, but it

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, wish or miracle; Cost 11,185 gp (0 wishes), 43,835 gp (1 wish), 76,485 gp (2 wishes), 109,135 gp (3 wishes).

Mace of Smiting

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 11th

Slot none; Price 75,312 gp; Weight 8 lbs.

Description

This +1 greataxe is favored by undead and constructs, who This +3 adamantine heavy mace has a +5 enhancement do not suffer its drawback. A life-drinker bestows two bonus against constructs, and a successful critical hit dealt to negative levels on its target whenever it deals damage, just as a construct completely destroys the construct (no saving if its target had been struck by an undead creature. One day throw). A critical hit dealt to an outsider deals ×4 damage

Construction

Each time a life-drinker deals damage to a foe, it also Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, disintegrate; Cost 39,312 gp

Mace of Terror

Aura strong necromancy; CL 13th

Description

This weapon usually appears to be a particularly frighteninglooking iron or steel mace. On command, this +2 heavy mace causes the wielder's clothes and appearance to transform into an illusion of darkest horror such that living creatures in a 30-foot cone become panicked as if by a fear spell (Will DC 16 partial). Those who fail take a -2 morale penalty on saving throws, and they flee from the wielder. The wielder may use this ability up to three times per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, fear; Cost 19,432 gp

Nine Lives Stealer

Aura strong necromancy [evil]; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 23,057 gp; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

before the results are revealed. She must take the result of the also has the power to draw the life force from an opponent. It reroll, even if it's worse than the original roll. In addition, a can do this nine times before the ability is lost. At that point, luck blade may contain up to three wishes (when randomly the sword becomes a simple +2 longsword (with a faint evil rolled, a luck blade holds 1d4-1 wishes, minimum 0). When aura). A critical hit must be dealt for the sword's deaththe last wish is used, the sword remains a +2 short sword, dealing ability to function, and this weapon has no effect on still grants the +1 luck bonus, and still grants its reroll power. creatures not subject to critical hits. The victim is entitled to a DC 20 Fortitude save to avoid death. If the save is successful, the sword's death-dealing ability does not function, no use of the ability is expended, and normal critical damage is determined. This sword is evil, and any good character attempting to wield it gains two negative levels. These negative levels remain as long as the sword is

in hand and disappear when the sword is no longer wielded. These negative levels never result in actual level loss, but they cannot be overcome in any way (including restoration spells) while the sword is wielded.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, finger of death; Cost 11,528 gp 5 sp.

Oathbow

Aura strong evocation; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 25,600 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

Of elven make, this white +2 composite longbow (+2 Str bonus) whispers, "Swift defeat to my enemies" in Elven when nocked and pulled. Once per day, if the archer swears aloud to slay her target (a free action), the bow's whisper 137 gp becomes the shout "Death to those who have wronged me!" Against such a sworn enemy, the bow has a +5 enhancement bonus, and arrows launched from it deal an additional 2d6 Aura strong evocation; CL 13th points of damage (and ×4 on a critical hit instead of the normal ×3). After an enemy has been sworn, the bow is treated as only a masterwork weapon against all foes other than the sworn enemy, and the archer takes a-1 penalty on attack rolls with any weapon other than the oathbow. These This intimidating weapon appears to be a longsword with bonuses and penalties last for 7 days or until the sworn enemy is slain or destroyed by the wielder of the oathbow, whichever comes first.

The oathbow may only have one sworn enemy at a time. Once the wielder swears to slay a target, he cannot make a new oath until he has slain that target or 7 days have passed. Even if the wielder slays the sworn enemy on the same day that he makes the oath, he cannot activate the oathbow's special power again until 24 hours have passed from the time Construction he made the oath.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, creator must Shifter's Sorrow be an elf; Cost 13,100 gp

Rapier of Puncturing

Aura strong necromancy; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 50,320 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

Three times per day, this +2 wounding rapier allows the wielder to make a touch attack with the weapon that deals 1d6 points of Constitution damage by draining blood. Creatures immune to critical hits are immune to the Constitution damage dealt by this weapon.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, harm; Cost 25,320 gp

Screaming Bolt

Aura faint enchantment; CL 5th

Slot none; Price 267 gp; Weight 1/10 lb.

Description

These +2 bolts scream when fired, forcing all enemies of the wielder within 20 feet of the path of the bolt to succeed on a DC 14 Will save or become shaken. This is a mind-affecting fear effect.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, doom; Cost

Shatterspike

Slot none; Price 4,315 gp; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

multiple hooks, barbs, and serrations along the blade, excellent for catching and sundering a foe's weapon. Wielders without the Improved Sunder feat use a shatterspike as a +1 longsword only. Wielders with the Improved Sunder feat instead use shatterspike as a +4 longsword when attempting to sunder an opponent's weapon. Shatterspike can damage weapons with an enhancement bonus of +4 or lower.

Requirements Str 13, Craft Arms and Armor, Improved Sunder, Power Attack, shatter; Cost 2,315 gp

Aura strong transmutation; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 12,780 gp; Weight 10 lbs.

Description

This +1/+1 two-bladed sword has blades of alchemical silver. The weapon deals an extra 2d6 points of damage against any creature with the shapechanger subtype. When a shapechanger or a creature in an alternate form (such as a druid using wild shape) is struck by the weapon, it must make a DC 15 Will save or return to its natural form.

Construction

Requirements Craft Arms and Armor, baleful polymorph; Cost 6,780 gp

Silver Dagger, Masterwork

Aura no aura (nonmagical); **CL** –

Slot none; Price 322 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

As a masterwork weapon, this alchemical silver dagger has a +1 enhancement bonus on attack rolls (but not to damage rolls).

Slaying Arrow

Aura strong necromancy; CL 13th

Slot none; **Price** 2,282 gp (*slaying arrow*) or 4,057 gp (greater slaying arrow); Weight 1/10 lb.

Description

This +1 arrow is keyed to a particular type or subtype of creature. If it strikes such a creature, the target must make a DC 20 Fortitude save or take 50 points of damage. Note that even creatures normally exempt from Fortitude saves (undead and constructs) are subject to this attack. When keyed to a living creature, this is a death effect (and thus death ward protects a target). To determine the type or subtype of creature the arrow is keyed to, roll on the table below.

A greater slaying arrow functions just like a normal slaying arrow, but the DC to avoid the death effect is 23 and the Description arrow deals 100 points of damage if the saving throw is failed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, finger of death (slaying arrow) or heightened finger of death (greater slaying arrow); Cost 1,144 gp 5 sp (slaying arrow) or 2,032 gp (greater slaying arrow)

d%	Designated Type or Subtype
06-09	Animals
10–16	Constructs
17–27	Dragons
28–32	Fey
33	Humanoids, aquatic
34–35	Humanoids, dwarf
36–37	Humanoids, elf
38–44	Humanoids, giant

d%	Designated Type or Subtype
45	Humanoids, gnoll
46	Humanoids, gnome
47–49	Humanoids, goblinoid
50	Humanoids, halfling
51-54	Humanoids, human
55–57	Humanoids, reptilian
58–60	Humanoids, orc
61–65	Magical beasts
66–70	Monstrous humanoids
71–72	Oozes
73	Outsiders, air
74–76	Outsiders, chaotic
77	Outsiders, earth
78–80	Outsiders, evil
81	Outsiders, fire
82–84	Outsiders, good
85–87	Outsiders, lawful
88	Outsiders, water
89–90	Plants
91–98	Undead
99–100	Vermin

Sleep Arrow

Aura faint enchantment; CL 5th

Slot none; **Price** 132 gp; **Weight** 1/10 lb.

This +1 arrow is painted white and has white fletching. If it strikes a foe so that it would normally deal damage, it instead bursts into magical energy that deals nonlethal damage (in the same amount as would lethal damage) and forces the target to make a DC 11 Will save or fall asleep.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, sleep; Cost 70

Sun Blade

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot none; **Price** 50,335 gp; **Weight** 2 lbs.

Description

This sword is the size of a bastard sword. However, a sun blade is wielded as if it were a short sword with respect to weight and ease of use. In other words, the weapon appears to all viewers to be a bastard sword, and deals bastard sword

damage, but the wielder feels and reacts as if the weapon were a short sword. Any individual able to use either a bastard sword or a short sword with proficiency is proficient in the use of a sun blade. Likewise, Weapon Focus and Material Plane, but on any Elemental Plane its enhancement Weapon Specialization in short sword and bastard sword bonus increases to +2. The +2 enhancement bonus also apply equally, but the benefits of those feats do not stack.

In normal combat, the glowing golden blade of the weapon is equal to a +2 bastard sword. Against evil creatures, its enhancement bonus is +4. Against Negative Energy Plane creatures or undead creatures, the sword deals double damage (and $\times 3$ on a critical hit instead of the usual $\times 2$).

the wielder can swing the blade vigorously above his head while speaking a command word. The sun blade then sheds a bright yellow radiance that acts like bright light and affects creatures susceptible to light as if it were natural sunlight. The radiance begins shining in a 10-foot radius around the sword wielder and extends outward at 5 feet per round for 10 Slot none; Price 22,310 gp; Weight 2 lbs. rounds thereafter, to create a globe of light with a 60-foot radius. When the wielder stops swinging, the radiance fades to a dim glow that persists for another minute before disappearing entirely. All sun blades are of good alignment, and any evil creature attempting to wield one gains one negative level. The negative level remains as long as the sword is in hand and disappears when the sword is no longer wielded. This negative level cannot be overcome in any way (including by restoration spells) while the sword is wielded.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, daylight, creator must be good; Cost 25,335 gp

Sword of Life Stealing

Aura strong necromancy; CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 25,715 gp; **Weight** 4 lbs.

Description

This black iron +2 *longsword* bestows a negative level when it deals a critical hit. The sword wielder gains 1d6 temporary hit points each time a negative level is bestowed on another. These temporary hit points last for 24 hours. One day after being struck, subjects must make a DC 16 Fortitude save for each negative level gained or they become permanent.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, enervation; Cost 13,015 gp

Sword of the Planes

Aura strong evocation; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 22,315 gp; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

This longsword has an enhancement bonus of +1 on the applies whenever the weapon is used against creatures native to the Elemental Plane. It operates as a +3 longsword on the Astral Plane and the Ethereal Plane, or when used against opponents native to either of those planes. On any other plane, or against any outsider, it functions as a +4 longsword.

Construction

The blade also has a special sunlight power. Once per day, Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, plane shift; Cost 11,315 gp

Sword of Subtlety

Aura moderate illusion; CL 7th

Description

A +1 short sword with a thin, dull gray blade, this weapon provides a +4 bonus on its wielder's attack and damage rolls when he is making a sneak attack with it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, blur; Cost 11,310 gp

Sylvan Scimitar

Aura moderate evocation: CL 11th

Slot none; **Price** 47,315 gp; **Weight** 4 lbs.

Description

This +3 scimitar, when used outdoors in a temperate climate, grants its wielder the use of the Cleave feat and deals an extra 1d6 points of damage.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, divine power or creator must be a 7th-level druid; Cost 23,815 gp

Trident of Fish Command

Aura moderate enchantment; CL 7th

Slot none; Price 18,650 gp; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

The magical properties of this +1 trident with a 6-foot-long haft enable its wielder to charm up to 14 HD of aquatic animals as per the spell *charm animals* (Will DC 16 negates, animals get a +5 bonus if currently under attack by the wielder or his allies), no two of which can be more than 30

feet apart. The wielder can use this effect up to three times **Slot** none; **Price** 10,115 gp; **Weight** 4 lbs. per day. The wielder can communicate with the animals as if using a speak with animals spell. Animals making their saving throws are free of control, but they will not approach within 10 feet of the trident.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, charm animals, speak with animals; Cost 9,482 gp and 5 sp

Trident of Warning

Aura moderate divination; CL 7th

Description

A weapon of this type enables its wielder to determine the location, depth, kind, and number of aquatic predators within 680 feet. A trident of warning must be grasped and pointed in order for the character using it to gain such information, and it requires 1 round to scan a hemisphere with a radius of 680 feet. The weapon is otherwise a +2 trident.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, locate creature; Cost 5,215 gp

Potions

Table 16-12: Potions

Minor	Medium	Major	Spell Level	Caster Level
01-20	_		0	1st
21–60	01-20	_	1st	1st
61–100	21-60	01–20	2nd	3rd
_	61-100	21-100	3rd	5th

Table 16-13: Potion Costs

Spell Level	Cleric, Druid, Wizard	Sorcerer	Bard	Paladin, Ranger
0	25 gp	25 gp	25 gp	_
1st	50 gp	50 gp	50 gp	50 gp
2nd	300 gp	400 gp	400 gp	400 gp
3rd	750 gp	900 gp	1,050 gp	1,050 gp

A potion is a magic liquid that produces its effect when imbibed. Potions vary incredibly in appearance. Magic oils Drinking a potion or using an oil is a standard action. The are similar to potions, except that oils are applied externally rather than imbibed. A potion or oil can be used only once. It spell \times the creator's caster level \times 50 gp. If the potion has a material component cost, it is added to the base price and cost to create. Table: Potions gives sample prices for potions created at the lowest possible caster level for each spellcasting class. Note that some spells appear at different levels for different casters. The level of such spells depends on the caster brewing the potion.

Potions are like spells cast upon the imbiber. The character taking the potion doesn't get to make any decisions about the effect—the caster who brewed the potion has already done

so. The drinker of a potion is both the effective target and the caster of the effect (though the potion indicates the caster level, the drinker still controls the effect).

The person applying an oil is the effective caster, but the object is the target.

Physical Description: A typical potion or oil consists of 1 ounce of liquid held in a ceramic or glass vial fitted with a tight stopper. The stoppered container is usually no more than 1 inch wide and 2 inches high. The vial has AC 13, 1 hit point, hardness 1, and a break DC of 12.

Identifying Potions: In addition to the standard methods of identification, PCs can sample from each container they find to attempt to determine the nature of the liquid inside with a Perception check. The DC of this check is equal to 15 + the spell level of the potion (although this DC might be higher for rare or unusual potions).

Activation: Drinking a potion or applying an oil requires no special skill. The user merely removes the stopper and swallows the potion or smears on the oil. The following rules govern potion and oil use.

potion or oil takes effect immediately. Using a potion or oil provokes attacks of opportunity. An enemy may direct an can duplicate the effect of a spell of up to 3rd level that has a attack of opportunity against the potion or oil container casting time of less than 1 minute and targets one or more rather than against the character. A successful attack of this creatures. The price of a potion is equal to the level of the sort can destroy the container, preventing the character from drinking the potion or applying the oil.

> A creature must be able to swallow a potion or smear on an oil. Because of this, incorporeal creatures cannot use potions or oils. Any corporeal creature can imbibe a potion or use an

> A character can carefully administer a potion to an unconscious creature as a full-round action, trickling the liquid down the creature's throat. Likewise, it takes a fullround action to apply an oil to an unconscious creature.

Rings

Rings bestow magical powers upon their wearers. Only a rare few have charges—most magic rings are permanent and potent magic items. Anyone can use a ring.

A character can only effectively wear two magic rings. A third magic ring doesn't work if the wearer is already wearing two magic rings.

Physical Description: Rings have no appreciable weight. Although exceptions exist that are crafted from glass or bone, the vast majority of rings are forged from metal—usually precious metals such as gold, silver, and platinum. A ring has AC 13, 2 hit points, hardness 10, and a break DC of 25.

Activation: A ring's ability is usually activated by a spoken command word (a standard action that does not provoke attacks of opportunity) or its effects work continually. Some rings have unusual activations, as mentioned in the ring's specific description.

Special Qualities: Roll d%. A result of 01 indicates the ring is intelligent, 02–31 indicates that something (a design, inscription, or the like) provides a clue to its function, and 32–100 indicates no special qualities. Intelligent items have extra abilities and sometimes extraordinary powers and special purposes (see Intelligent Items). Rings with charges can never be intelligent.

Table 16-14: Rings

	Medium	Major		Market Price
01-18			Protection +1	2,000 gp
19–28	_	_	Feather falling	2,200 gp
29–36	_	_	Sustenance	2,500 gp
37–44	_	_	Climbing	2,500 gp
45-52	_	_	Jumping	2,500 gp
53-60	_	_	Swimming	2,500 gp
61-70	01-05	_	Counterspells	4,000 gp
71–75	06-08	_	Mind shielding	8,000 gp
76–80	09-18	_	Protection + 2	8,000 gp
81-85	19–23	_	Force shield	8,500 gp
86–90	24-28	_	Ram, the	8,600 gp
_	29-34	_	Climbing, improved	10,000 gp
_	35-40	_	Jumping, improved	10,000 gp
_	41–46	_	Swimming, improved	10,000 gp
91–93	47-50	_	Animal friendship	10,800 gp
94–96	51–56	01-02	Energy resistance,	12,000 gp

Minor	Medium	Major	Ring	Market Price
			minor	
97–98	57-61	_	Chameleon power	12,700 gp
99– 100	62–66	_	Water walking	15,000 gp
_	67–71	03–07	Protection +3	18,000 gp
	72–76	08-10	Spell storing, minor	18,000 gp
_	77-81	11–15	Invisibility	20,000 gp
_	82–85	16–19	Wizardry (I)	20,000 gp
_	86–90	20-25	Evasion	25,000 gp
_	91–93	26–28	X-ray vision	25,000 gp
_	94–97	29-32	Blinking	27,000 gp
_	98–100	33–39	Energy resistance, major	28,000 gp
_	_	40–49	Protection +4	32,000 gp
_	_	50-55	Wizardry (II)	40,000 gp
_	_	56-60	Freedom of movement	40,000 gp
_	_	61–63	Energy resistance, greater	44,000 gp
_	_	64–65	Friend shield (pair)	50,000 gp
	_	66–70	Protection +5	50,000 gp
_		71–74	Shooting stars	50,000 gp
	_	75–79	Spell storing	50,000 gp
		80-83	Wizardry (III)	70,000 gp
	_	84–86	Telekinesis	75,000 gp
_	_	87–88	Regeneration	90,000 gp
—	—	89–91		100,000 gp
	_	92–93	Wizardry (IV)	100,000 gp
—	_	94	Three wishes	120,000 gp
		95	Djinni calling	125,000 gp
_	_	96	Elemental command (air)	200,000 gp
_	_	97	Elemental command (earth)	200,000 gp
_	_	98	Elemental command (fire)	200,000 gp
_	_	99	Elemental command (water)	200,000 gp
_	_	100	Spell storing, major	200,000 gp

Ring of Animal Friendship

Aura faint enchantment; CL 3rd

Slot ring; Price 10,800 gp; Weight —

Description

A ring of animal friendship always bears some sort of animal-like design in its craftsmanship. On command, this ring affects an animal as if the wearer had cast *charm animal*.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, charm animal; Cost 5,400 gp

Ring of Blinking

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 7th

Slot ring; Price 27,000 gp; Weight —

Description

On command, this ring makes the wearer blink, as the *blink* spell.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, blink; Cost 13,500 gp

Ring of Chameleon Power

Aura faint illusion; CL 3rd

Slot ring; Price 12,700 gp; Weight —

Description

As a free action, the wearer of this ring can gain the ability to magically blend in with the surroundings. This provides a +10 competence bonus on her Stealth checks. As a standard action, she can also use the spell *disguise self* as often as she wants.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, *disguise self, invisibility*; **Cost** 6,350 gp

Ring of Climbing

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot ring; **Price** 2,500 gp; **Weight** —

Description

This ring is actually a magic leather cord that ties around a finger. It continually grants the wearer a +5 competence bonus on Climb checks.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, creator must have 5 ranks in the Climb skill; **Cost** 1,250 gp

Ring of Climbing, Improved

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot ring; Price 10,000 gp; Weight —

Description

As a *ring of climbing*, except it grants a +10 competence bonus on its wearer's Climb checks.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, creator must have 10 ranks in the Climb skill; **Cost** 5,000 gp

Ring of Counterspells

Aura moderate evocation; CL 11th

Slot ring; Price 4,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This ring might seem to be a *ring of spell storing* upon first examination. However, while it allows a single spell of 1st through 6th level to be cast into it, that spell cannot be cast out of the ring again. Instead, should that spell ever be cast upon the wearer, the spell is immediately countered, as a counterspell action, requiring no action (or even knowledge) on the wearer's part. Once so used, the spell cast within the ring is gone. A new spell (or the same one as before) may be placed into it again.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, *imbue with spell ability*; **Cost** 2,000 gp

Ring of Djinni Calling

Aura strong conjuration; CL 17th

Slot ring; Price 125,000 gp; Weight —

Description

One of the many rings of fable, this "genie" ring is useful indeed. It serves as a special *gate* by means of which a specific djinni can be called from the Plane of Air. When the ring is rubbed (a standard action), the call goes out, and the djinni appears on the next round. The djinni faithfully obeys and serves the wearer of the ring, but never for more than 1 hour per day. If the djinni of the ring is ever killed, the ring becomes nonmagical and worthless.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, gate; Cost 62,500 gp

Ring of Elemental Command

Aura strong conjuration; CL 15th

Slot ring; Price 200,000 gp; Weight —

Description

All four kinds of *elemental command* rings are very powerful. Each appears to be nothing more than a lesser magic ring until fully activated (by meeting a special condition, such as single-handedly slaying an elemental of the appropriate type or exposure to a sacred material of the appropriate element), but each has certain other powers as well as the following common properties.

Elementals of the plane to which the ring is attuned can't attack the wearer, or even approach within 5 feet of him. If the wearer desires, he may forego this protection and instead attempt to charm the elemental (as *charm monster*, Will DC 17 negates). If the charm attempt fails, however, absolute protection is lost and no further attempt at charming can be made.

Creatures from the plane to which the ring is attuned who attack the wearer take a -1 penalty on their attack rolls. The ring wearer makes applicable saving throws against the extraplanar creature's attacks with a +2 resistance bonus. He gains a +4 morale bonus on all attack rolls against such creatures. Any weapon he uses bypasses the damage reduction of such creatures, regardless of any qualities the weapon may or may not have.

The wearer of the ring is able to converse with creatures from the plane to which his ring is attuned. These creatures recognize that he wears the ring, and show a healthy respect for the wearer if alignments are similar. If alignments are opposed, creatures fear the wearer if he is strong. If he is weak, they hate and desire to slay him.

The possessor of a *ring of elemental command* takes a saving throw penalty as follows:

Element	Saving Throw Penalty
Air	-2 against earth-based effects
Earth	-2 against air- or electricity-based effects
Fire	-2 against water- or cold-based effects
Water	-2 against fire-based effects

In addition to the powers described above, each specific ring gives its wearer the following abilities according to its kind.

Ring of Elemental Command (Air)

- Feather fall (unlimited use, wearer only)
- Resist energy (electricity) (unlimited use, wearer only)
- Gust of wind (twice per day)
- Wind wall (unlimited use)
- Air walk (once per day, wearer only)
- Chain lightning (once per week)

The ring appears to be a ring of feather falling until a certain

condition is met to activate its full potential. It must be reactivated each time a new wearer acquires it.

Ring of Elemental Command (Earth)

- Meld into stone (unlimited use, wearer only)
- *Soften earth and stone* (unlimited use)
- Stone shape (twice per day)
- Stoneskin (once per week, wearer only)
- Passwall (twice per week)
- Wall of stone (once per day)

The ring appears to be a *ring of meld into stone* (allowing the wearer to cast *meld into stone* at will) until the established condition is met.

Ring of Elemental Command (Fire)

- Resist energy (fire) (as a major ring of energy resistance [fire])
- Burning hands (unlimited use)
- Flaming sphere (twice per day)
- Pyrotechnics (twice per day)
- Wall of fire (once per day)
- Flame strike (twice per week)

The ring appears to be a *major ring of energy resistance* (*fire*) until the established condition is met.

Ring of Elemental Command (Water)

- Water walk (unlimited use)
- Create water (unlimited use)
- Water breathing (unlimited use)
- Wall of ice (once per day)
- Ice storm (twice per week)
- *Control water* (twice per week)

The ring appears to be a *ring of water walking* until the established condition is met.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, *summon monster VI*, all appropriate spells; **Cost** 100,000 gp

Ring of Energy Resistance

Aura faint (minor) or moderate (major or greater) abjuration; **CL** 3rd (minor), 7th (major), or 11th (greater)

Slot ring; **Price** 12,000 gp (minor), 28,000 gp (major), 44,000 gp (greater); **Weight** —

Description

This ring continually protects the wearer from damage from one type of energy—acid, cold, electricity, fire, or sonic (chosen by the creator of the item; determine randomly if found as part of a treasure hoard). Each time the wearer would normally take such damage, subtract the ring's

resistance value from the damage dealt.

A minor ring of energy resistance grants 10 points of Aura moderate abjuration; CL 7th resistance. A major ring of energy resistance grants 20 points of resistance. A greater ring of energy resistance grants 30 Slot ring; Price 40,000 gp; Weight points of resistance.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, resist energy; Cost 6,000 gp (minor), 14,000 gp (major), 22,000 gp (greater)

Ring of Evasion

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 7th

Slot ring; Price 25,000 gp; Weight

Description

This ring continually grants the wearer the ability to avoid damage as if she had evasion. Whenever she makes a Reflex saving throw to determine whether she takes half damage, a successful save results in no damage.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, jump; Cost 12,500 gp

Ring of Feather Falling

Aura faint transmutation; CL 1st

Slot ring; Price 2,200 gp; Weight -

Description

This ring is crafted with a feather pattern all around its edge. It acts exactly like a feather fall spell, activated immediately if the wearer falls more than 5 feet.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, feather fall; Cost 1,100 gp

Ring of Force Shield

Aura moderate evocation: CL 9th

Slot ring; **Price** 8,500 gp; **Weight** —

Description

An iron band, this simple ring generates a shield-sized (and shield-shaped) wall of force that stays with the ring and can be wielded by the wearer as if it were a heavy shield (+2 AC). This special creation has no armor check penalty or This ring continually allows the wearer to leap about, arcane spell failure chance since it is weightless and encumbrance-free. It can be activated and deactivated at will as a free action.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, wall of force; Cost 4,250 gp

Ring of Freedom of Movement

Description

This gold ring allows the wearer to act as if continually under the effect of a freedom of movement spell.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, freedom of movement; Cost 20,000 gp

Ring of Friend Shield

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 10th

Slot ring; **Price** 50,000 gp (for a pair); **Weight** —

Description

These curious rings always come in pairs. A friend shield ring without its mate is useless. Either wearer of one of a pair of the rings can, at any time, command his ring to cast a shield other spell with the wearer of the mated ring as the recipient. This effect has no range limitation.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, shield other; Cost 25,000 gp

Ring of Invisibility

Aura faint illusion; CL 3rd

Slot ring; Price 20,000 gp; Weight —

Description

By activating this simple silver ring, the wearer can benefit from invisibility, as the spell.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, invisibility; Cost 10,000 gp

Ring of Jumping

Aura faint transmutation; CL 2th

Slot ring; Price 2,500 gp; Weight -

Description

providing a +5 competence bonus on all his Acrobatics checks made to make high or long jumps.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, creator must have 5 ranks in the Acrobatics skill; Cost 1,250 gp

Ring of Jumping, Improved

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 7th Slot ring; Price 10,000 gp; Weight —

Description

bonus on its wearer's Acrobatics checks made to make high ring are subject to a bull rush if within 30 feet of the ringor long jumps.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, creator must have 10 ranks in the Acrobatics skill; **Cost** 5,000 gp

Ring of Mind Shielding

Aura faint abjuration; CL 3rd

Slot ring; Price 8,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This ring is usually of fine workmanship and wrought from heavy gold. The wearer is continually immune to detect thoughts, discern lies, and any attempt to magically discern her alignment.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, nondetection; Cost 4,000 gp

Ring of Protection

Aura faint abjuration; CL 5th

Slot ring; **Price** 2,000 gp (+1), 8,000 gp (+2), 18,000 gp (+3), 32,000 gp (+4), 50,000 gp (+5); **Weight** —

Description

This ring offers continual magical protection in the form of a deflection bonus of +1 to +5 to AC.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, *shield of faith*, caster must be of a level at least three times the bonus of the ring; Cost 1,000 gp (+1), 4,000 gp (+2), 9,000 gp (+3), 16,000 gp (+4), 25,000 gp (+5)

Ring of the Ram

Aura moderate transmutation: CL 9th

Slot ring; Price 8,600 gp; Weight —

Description

The ring of the ram is an ornate ring forged of hard metal, usually iron or an iron alloy. It has the head of a ram as its device. The wearer can command the ring to give forth a ram-like force, manifested by a vaguely discernible shape

that resembles the head of a ram or a goat. This force strikes a single target, dealing 1d6 points of damage if 1 charge is expended, 2d6 points if 2 charges are used, or 3d6 points if 3 charges (the maximum) are used. Treat this as a ranged attack with a 50-foot maximum range and no penalties for distance.

As a ring of jumping, except it grants a +10 competence The force of the blow is considerable, and those struck by the wearer. The ram is Large and uses the ring's caster level as its base attack bonus with a Strength of 25. This gives the ram a Combat Maneuver Bonus of +17. The ram gains a +1 bonus on the bull rush attempt if 2 charges are expended, or +2 if 3 charges are expended.

> In addition to its attack mode, the ring of the ram also has the power to open doors as if it were a character with Strength 25. This expends 1 charge. If 2 charges are expended, the effect is equivalent to a character with Strength 27. If 3 charges are expended, the effect is that of a character with Strength 29.

> A newly created ring has 50 charges. When all the charges are expended, the ring becomes a nonmagical item.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, bull's strength, telekinesis; Cost 4,300 gp

Ring of Regeneration

Aura strong conjuration; CL 15th

Slot ring; Price 90,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This white gold ring is generally set with a large green sapphire. When worn, the ring continually allows a living wearer to heal 1 point of damage per round and an equal amount of nonlethal damage. In addition, he is immune to bleed damage while wearing a ring of regeneration. If the wearer loses a limb, an organ, or any other body part while wearing this ring, the ring regenerates it as the spell. In either case, only damage taken while wearing the ring is regenerated.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, regenerate; Cost 45,000 gp

Ring of Shooting Stars

Aura strong evocation; CL 12th

Slot ring; **Price** 50,000 gp; **Weight** —

Description

This ring has two modes of operation: one for being in dim light or outdoors at night, and a second one when the wearer is underground or indoors at night.

During the night, under the open sky or in areas of shadow or darkness, the ring of shooting stars can perform the following functions on command.

- Dancing lights (once per hour)
- *Light* (twice per night)
- Ball lightning (special, once per night)
- Shooting stars (special, three per week)

The first special function, ball lightning, releases one to four Slot ring; Price 18,000 gp; Weight balls of lightning (ring wearer's choice). These glowing globes resemble dancing lights, and the ring wearer controls them similarly (see the dancing lights spell description). The spheres have a 120-foot range and a duration of 4 rounds. They can be moved at 120 feet per round. Each sphere is about 3 feet in diameter, and any creature who comes within 5 feet of one causes its charge to dissipate, taking electricity damage in the process according to the number of balls created.

Number of Balls	Damage per Ball
1 lightning ball	4d6 points of electricity damage
2 lightning balls	3d6 points of electricity damage each
3 lightning balls	2d6 points of electricity damage each
4 lightning balls	1d6 points of electricity damage each

Once the ball lightning function is activated, the balls can be released at any time before the sun rises. Multiple balls can be released in the same round.

The second special function produces three shooting stars that can be released from the ring each week, simultaneously or one at a time. They impact for 12 points of damage and spread (as a fireball) in a 5-foot-radius sphere for 24 points of fire damage.

Any creature struck by a shooting star takes full damage Construction from impact plus full fire damage from the spread unless it makes a DC 13 Reflex save. Creatures not struck but within Requirements Forge Ring, imbue with spell ability; Cost the spread ignore the impact damage and take only half damage from the fire spread on a successful DC 13 Reflex save. Range is 70 feet, at the end of which the shooting star Ring of Spell Storing explodes unless it strikes a creature or object before that. A shooting star always follows a straight line, and any creature in its path must make a save or be hit by the projectile.

Indoors at night, or underground, the ring of shooting stars has the following properties.

- Faerie fire (twice per day)
- Spark shower (special, once per day)

The spark shower is a flying cloud of sizzling purple sparks that fan out from the ring for a distance of 20 feet in an arc Requirements Forge Ring, imbue with spell ability; Cost 10 feet wide. Creatures within this area take 2d8 points of 25,000 gp damage each if not wearing metal armor or carrying a metal

weapon. Those wearing metal armor and/or carrying a metal weapon take 4d8 points of damage.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, faerie fire, fireball, light, lightning bolt; Cost 25,000 gp

Ring of Spell Storing, Minor

Aura faint evocation: CL 5th

Description

A minor ring of spell storing contains up to three levels of spells (either divine or arcane, or even a mix of both spell types) that the wearer can cast. Each spell has a caster level equal to the minimum level needed to cast that spell. The user need not provide any material components or focus to cast the spell, and there is no arcane spell failure chance for wearing armor (because the ring wearer need not gesture). The activation time for the ring is the same as the casting time for the relevant spell, with a minimum of 1 standard action.

For a randomly generated ring, treat it as a scroll to determine what spells are stored in it. If you roll a spell that would put the ring over the three-level limit, ignore that roll; the ring has no more spells in it.

A spellcaster can cast any spells into the ring, so long as the total spell levels do not add up to more than three. Metamagic versions of spells take up storage space equal to their spell level modified by the metamagic feat. A spellcaster can use a scroll to put a spell into the minor ring of spell storing.

The ring magically imparts to the wearer the names of all spells currently stored within it.

9,000 gp

Aura moderate evocation; CL 9th

Slot ring; Price 50,000 gp; Weight —

Description

As the minor ring of spell storing, except it holds up to 5 levels of spells.

Construction

Ring of Spell Storing, Major

Aura strong evocation; CL 17th

Slot ring; Price 200,000 gp; Weight —

Description

As the minor ring of spell storing, except it holds up to 10 levels of spells.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, imbue with spell ability; Cost 100,000 gp

Ring of Spell Turning

Aura strong abjuration; CL 13th

Slot ring; Price 100,000 gp; Weight —

Description

Up to three times per day on command, this simple platinum band automatically reflects the next nine levels of spells cast at the wearer, exactly as if spell turning had been cast upon Aura moderate transmutation; CL 9th him.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, spell turning; Cost 50,000 gp

Ring of Sustenance

Aura faint conjuration; CL 5th

Slot ring; Price 2,500 gp; Weight —

Description

This ring continually provides its wearer with life-sustaining Aura strong universal or evocation (if miracle is used); CL nourishment. The ring also refreshes the body and mind, so that its wearer needs only sleep 2 hours per day to gain the benefit of 8 hours of sleep. This allows a spellcaster that requires rest to prepare spells to do so after only 2 hours, but this does not allow a spellcaster to prepare spells more than once per day. The ring must be worn for a full week before it This ring is set with three rubies. Each ruby stores a wish another week to reattune it to himself.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, create food and water; Cost Construction 1,250 gp

Ring of Swimming

Aura faint transmutation; CL 2nd

Slot ring; Price 2,500 gp; Weight —

Description

This silver ring usually has fish-like designs and motifs

etched into the band. It continually grants the wearer a +5 competence bonus on Swim checks.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, creator must have 5 ranks in the Swim skill; Cost 1,250 gp

Ring of Swimming, Improved

Aura moderate transmutation: **CL** 7th

Slot ring; Price 10,000 gp; Weight —

Description

As a ring of swimming, except it grants a +10 competence bonus on its wearer's Swim checks.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, creator must have 10 ranks in the Swim skill; Cost 5,000 gp

Ring of Telekinesis

Slot ring; Price 75,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This ring allows the caster to use the spell telekinesis on command.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, telekinesis; Cost 37,500 gp

Ring of Three Wishes

Slot ring; Price 120,000 gp; Weight —

Description

begins to work. If it is removed, the owner must wear it for spell, activated by the ring. When a wish is used, that ruby disappears. For a randomly generated ring, roll 1d3 to determine the remaining number of rubies. When all the wishes are used, the ring becomes a nonmagical item.

Requirements Forge Ring, wish or miracle; Cost 97,500 gp

Ring of Water Walking

Aura moderate transmutation: **CL** 9th

Slot ring; Price 15,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This ring is often made of coral or bluish metal decorated **Requirements** Forge Ring, *limited wish*; **Cost** 10,000 gp (I), with wave motifs. It allows the wearer to continually utilize 20,000 gp (II), 35,000 gp (III), 50,000 gp (IV) the effects of the spell water walk.

Construction

Requirements Forge Ring, water walk; Cost 7,500 gp

Ring of Wizardry

Aura moderate (wizardry I) or strong (wizardry II-IV) (no school); CL 11th (I), 14th (II), 17th (III), 20th (IV)

Slot ring; **Price** 20,000 gp (I), 40,000 gp (II), 70,000 gp (III), 100,000 gp (IV); Weight —

Description

This special ring comes in four kinds (ring of wizardry I, ring of wizardry II, ring of wizardry III, and ring of wizardry Using the ring is exhausting, causing the wearer 1 point of spell level. A ring of wizardry I doubles 1st-level spells, a increments. ring of wizardry II doubles 2nd-level spells, a ring of wizardry III doubles 3rd-level spells, and a ring of wizardry Construction IV doubles 4th-level spells. Bonus spells from high ability scores or school specialization are not doubled.

Construction

Ring of X-Ray Vision

Aura moderate divination: CL 6th

Slot ring; Price 25,000 gp; Weight —

Description

On command, this ring gives its wearer the ability to see into and through solid matter. Vision range is 20 feet, with the viewer seeing as if he were looking at something in normal light even if there is no illumination. X-ray vision can penetrate 1 foot of stone, 1 inch of common metal, or up to 3 feet of wood or dirt. Thicker substances or a thin sheet of lead blocks the vision.

IV), all of them useful only to arcane spellcasters. The Constitution damage per minute after the first 10 minutes of wearer's arcane spells per day are doubled for one specific use in a single day. The ring must be used in 1-minute

Requirements Forge Ring, true seeing; Cost 12,500 gp

Rods

Table 16-15: Rods

Medium	Major	Rod	Market Price
01–07	_	Metamagic, Enlarge, lesser	3,000 gp
08–14	_	Metamagic, Extend, lesser	3,000 gp
15–21	_	Metamagic, Silent, lesser	3,000 gp
22–28	_	Immovable	5,000 gp
29–35	_	Metamagic, Empower, lesser	9,000 gp
36–42	_	Metal and mineral detection	10,500 gp
43–53	01-04	Cancellation	11,000 gp
54–57	05-06	Metamagic, Enlarge	11,000 gp
58–61	07–08	Metamagic, Extend	11,000 gp
62–65	09–10	Metamagic, Silent	11,000 gp
66–71	11-14	Wonder	12,000 gp
72–79	15–19	Python	13,000 gp
80–83	_	Metamagic, Maximize, lesser	14,000 gp
84–89	20-21	Flame extinguishing	15,000 gp
90–97	22–25	Viper	19,000 gp

Medium	Major	Rod	Market Price
_	26–30	Enemy detection	23,500 gp
_	31–36	Metamagic, Enlarge, greater	24,500 gp
_	37–42	Metamagic, Extend, greater	24,500 gp
	43–48	Metamagic, Silent, greater	24,500 gp
_	49–53	Splendor	25,000 gp
_	54-58	Withering	25,000 gp
98–99	59-64	Metamagic, Empower	32,500 gp
_	65–69	Thunder and lightning	33,000 gp
100	70–73	Metamagic, Quicken, lesser	35,000 gp
_	74–77	Negation	37,000 gp
_	78–80	Absorption	50,000 gp
_	81-84	Flailing	50,000 gp
_	85–86	Metamagic, Maximize	54,000 gp
_	87–88	Rulership	60,000 gp
_	89–90	Security	61,000 gp
_	91–92	Lordly might	70,000 gp
_	93_94	Metamagic, <i>Empower</i> , greater	73.000 gn
_	95–96	Metamagic, Quicken	75,500 gp

Mediun	n Major	Rod	Market Price
_	97–98	Alertness	85,000 gp
_	99	Metamagic, <i>Maximize</i> , greater	121,500 gp
_	100	Metamagic, Quicken, greater	170,000 gp

rod.

Physical Description: Rods weigh approximately 5 pounds. They range from 2 feet to 3 feet long and are usually made of Lesser and Greater Metamagic Rods: Normal metamagic iron or some other metal. (Many, as noted in their rods can be used with spells of 6th level or lower. Lesser rods descriptions, can function as light maces or clubs due to their can be used with spells of 3rd level or lower, while greater hardy construction.) These sturdy items have AC 9, 10 hit rods can be used with spells of 9th level or lower. points, hardness 10, and a break DC of 27.

Activation: Details relating to rod use vary from item to item. Unless noted otherwise, you must be holding a rod to use its abilities. See the individual descriptions for specifics.

Special Qualities: Roll d%. A 01 result indicates the rod is intelligent, 02–31 indicates that something (a design, inscription, or the like) provides a clue to its function, and 32-100 indicates no special qualities. Intelligent items have extra abilities and sometimes extraordinary powers and special purposes (see Intelligent Items).

Rods with charges can never be intelligent.

Immovable Rod

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th

Slot none; **Price** 5,000 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This rod looks like a flat iron bar with a small button on one end. When the button is pushed (a move action), the rod does not move from where it is, even if staying in place defies gravity. Thus, the owner can lift or place the rod wherever he wishes, push the button, and let go. Several immovable rods can even make a ladder when used together (although only two are needed). An immovable rod can support up to 8,000 pounds before falling to the ground. If a creature pushes against an immovable rod, it must make a DC 30 Strength check to move the rod up to 10 feet in a single round.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, *levitate*; Cost 2,500 gp

Metamagic Rods

Metamagic rods hold the essence of a metamagic feat, Description allowing the user to apply metamagic effects to spells as they are cast. This does not change the spell slot of the altered The wielder can cast up to three spells per day that are

spell. All the rods described here are use-activated (but casting spells in a threatened area still draws an attack of opportunity). A caster may only use one metamagic rod on any given spell, but it is permissible to combine a rod with metamagic feats possessed by the rod's wielder. In this case, only the feats possessed by the wielder adjust the spell slot of the spell being cast.

Possession of a metamagic rod does not confer the associated feat on the owner, only the ability to use the given feat a Rods are scepter-like devices that have unique magical specified number of times per day. A sorcerer still must take powers and do not usually have charges. Anyone can use a a full-round action when using a metamagic rod, just as if using a metamagic feat he possesses (except for quicken metamagic rods, which can be used as a swift action).

Metamagic, Empower

Aura strong (no school); CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 9,000 gp (lesser), 32,500 gp (normal), 73,000 gp (greater); Weight 5 lbs.

Description

The wielder can cast up to three spells per day that are empowered as though using the Empower Spell feat.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Empower Spell; Cost 4,500 gp (lesser), 16,250 gp (normal), 36,500 gp (greater)

Metamagic, Enlarge

Aura strong (no school); CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 3,000 gp (lesser), 11,000 gp (normal), 24,500 gp (greater); Weight 5 lbs.

Description

The wielder can cast up to three spells per day that are enlarged as though using the Enlarge Spell feat.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Enlarge Spell; Cost 1,500 gp (lesser), 5,500 gp (normal), 12,250 gp (greater)

Metamagic, Extend

Aura strong (no school); CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 3,000 gp (lesser), 11,000 gp (normal), 24,500 gp (greater); Weight 5 lbs.

extended as though using the Extend Spell feat.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Extend Spell; **Cost** 1,500 gp (lesser), 5,500 gp (normal), 12,250 gp (greater)

Metamagic, Maximize

Aura strong (no school); CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 14,000 gp (lesser), 54,000 gp (normal), 121,500 gp (greater); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

The wielder can cast up to three spells per day that are maximized as though using the Maximize Spell feat.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Maximize Spell feat; **Cost** 7,000 gp (lesser), 27,000 gp (normal), 60,750 gp (greater)

Metamagic, Quicken

Aura strong (no school); CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 35,000 gp (lesser), 75,500 gp (normal), 170,000 gp (greater); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

The wielder can cast up to three spells per day that are quickened as though using the Quicken Spell feat.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Quicken Spell; **Cost** 17,500 gp (lesser), 37,750 gp (normal), 85,000 gp (greater)

Metamagic, Silent

Aura strong (no school); CL 17th

Slot none; **Price** 3,000 gp (lesser), 11,000 gp (normal), 24,500 gp (greater); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

The wielder can cast up to three spells per day without verbal components as though using the Silent Spell feat.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Silent Spell; **Cost** 1,500 gp (lesser), 5,500 gp (normal), 12,250 gp (greater)

Rod of Absorption

Aura strong abjuration; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 50,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This rod absorbs spells or spell-like abilities into itself. The magic absorbed must be a single-target spell or a ray directed at either the character holding the rod or her gear. The rod then nullifies the spell's effect and stores its potential until the wielder releases this energy in the form of spells of her own. She can instantly detect a spell's level as the rod absorbs that spell's energy. Absorption requires no action on the part of the user if the rod is in hand at the time.

A running total of absorbed (and used) spell levels should be kept. The wielder of the rod can use captured spell energy to cast any spell she has prepared, without expending the preparation itself. The only restrictions are that the levels of spell energy stored in the rod must be equal to or greater than the level of the spell the wielder wants to cast, that any material components required for the spell be present, and that the rod be in hand when casting. For casters such as bards or sorcerers who do not prepare spells, the rod's energy can be used to cast any spell of the appropriate level or levels that they know.

A *rod of absorption* absorbs a maximum of 50 spell levels and can thereafter only discharge any remaining potential it might have. The rod cannot be recharged. The wielder knows the rod's remaining absorbing potential and current amount of stored energy.

To determine the absorption potential remaining in a newly found rod, roll d% and divide the result by 2. Then roll d% again: on a result of 71–100, half the levels already absorbed by the rod are still stored within.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, spell turning; Cost 25,000 gp

Rod of Alertness

Aura moderate abjuration, divination, enchantment, and evocation; **CL** 11th

Slot none; Price 85,000 gp; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

This rod is indistinguishable from a +1 light mace. It has eight flanges on its mace-like head. The rod bestows a +1 insight bonus on initiative checks. If grasped firmly, the rod enables the holder to use detect evil, detect good, detect chaos, detect law, detect magic, discern lies, light, or see invisibility. Each different use is a standard action.

If the head of a *rod of alertness* is planted in the ground and the possessor wills it to alertness (a standard action), the rod senses any creatures within 120 feet who intend to harm the possessor. At the same time, the rod creates the effect of a *prayer* spell upon all creatures friendly to the possessor in a 20-foot radius. Immediately thereafter, the rod sends forth a

mental alert to these friendly creatures, warning them of any unfriendly creatures within the 120-foot radius. These effects last for 10 minutes, and the rod can perform this function once per day. Last, the rod can be used to simulate the casting of an animate objects spell, utilizing any 11 (or fewer) Small objects located roughly around the perimeter of Aura moderate enchantment; CL 9th a 5-foot-radius circle centered on the rod when planted in the ground. Objects remain animated for 11 rounds. The rod can perform this function once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, alarm, animate objects, detect chaos, detect evil, detect good, detect law, detect magic, discern lies, light, prayer, see invisibility; Cost 42,500 gp

Rod of Cancellation

Aura strong abjuration; CL 17th

Slot none; Price 11,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This dreaded rod is a bane to magic items, for its touch drains an item of all magical properties. The item touched must make a DC 23 Will save to prevent the rod from draining it. If a creature is holding it at the time, then the item can use the holder's Will save bonus in place of its own if the holder's is better. In such cases, contact is made by making a melee touch attack roll. Upon draining an item, the bless; Cost 25,000 gp rod itself becomes brittle and cannot be used again. Drained items are only restorable by wish or miracle. If a sphere of annihilation and a rod of cancellation negate each other, Aura strong transmutation; CL 12th nothing can restore either of them.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, mage's disjunction; Cost 5,500 gp

Rod of Enemy Detection

Aura moderate divination; CL 10th

Slot none; **Price** 23,500 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This device pulses in the wielder's hand and points in the direction of any creature or creatures hostile to the bearer of Detection range is 60 feet. If the bearer of the rod action, effectively countering the entire spell. concentrates for a full round, the rod pinpoints the location of the nearest enemy and indicates how many enemies are within range. The rod can be used to pinpoint three times each day, each use lasting up to 10 minutes. Activating the rod is a standard action.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, true seeing; Cost 11,750 gp

Rod of Flailing

Slot none; **Price** 50,000 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

Upon the command of its possessor, the rod activates, changing from a normal-seeming rod to a +3/+3 dire flail. The dire flail is a double weapon, which means that each of the weapon's heads can be used to attack. The wielder can gain an extra attack (with the second head) at the cost of making all attacks at a -2 penalty (as if she had the Two-Weapon Fighting feat).

Once per day, the wielder can use a free action to cause the rod to grant her a +4 deflection bonus to Armor Class and a +4 resistance bonus on saving throws for 10 minutes. The rod need not be in weapon form to grant this benefit.

Transforming it into a weapon or back into a rod is a move action.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Craft Magic Arms and Armor,

Rod of Flame Extinguishing

Slot none; **Price** 15,000 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This rod can extinguish Medium or smaller nonmagical fires with simply a touch (a standard action). For the rod to be effective against other sorts of fires, the wielder must expend 1 or more of the rod's charges.

Extinguishing a Large or larger nonmagical fire, or a magic fire of Medium or smaller (such as that of a flaming weapon or a burning hands spell), expends 1 charge. Continual magic flames, such as those of a weapon or a fire creature, are suppressed for 6 rounds and flare up again after that time. To the device (nearest ones first). These creatures can be extinguish an instantaneous fire spell, the rod must be within invisible, ethereal, hidden, disguised, or in plain sight. the area of the effect and the wielder must have used a ready

> When applied to Large or larger magic fires, such as those caused by fireball, flame strike, or wall of fire, extinguishing the flames expends 2 charges from the rod.

> If a rod of flame extinguishing is touched to a creature with the fire subtype by making a successful melee touch attack, the rod deals 6d6 points of damage to the creature. This use requires 3 charges.

Spent charges are renewed every day, so that a wielder can on the number of times they can be employed. expend up to 10 charges in any 24-hour period.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, pyrotechnics; Cost 7,500 gp

Rod of Lordly Might

Aura strong enchantment, evocation, necromancy, and transmutation; CL 19th

Slot none; Price 70,000 gp; Weight 10 lbs.

Description

This rod has functions that are spell-like, and it can also be used as a magic weapon of various sorts. In addition, it has several more mundane uses. The rod of lordly might is metal, thicker than other rods, with a flanged ball at one end and six stud-like buttons along its length. Pushing any of the rod's buttons is an action equivalent to drawing a weapon, and the rod weighs 10 pounds.

The following spell-like functions of the rod can each be used once per day.

- · Hold person upon a touched creature, if the wielder so commands (Will DC 14 negates). The wielder must choose to use this power (a free action) and then succeed on a melee touch attack to activate the Rod of Metal and Mineral Detection power. If the attack fails, the effect is lost.
- Fear upon all enemies viewing it, if the wielder so desires (10-foot maximum range, Will DC 16 partial). Invoking this power is a standard action.
- Deal 2d4 hit points of damage to an opponent on a successful touch attack (Will DC 17 half) and cure the wielder of the same amount of damage. The wielder must choose to use this power before attacking, as with hold person.

The following functions of the rod have no limit on the number of times they can be employed.

- In its normal form, the rod can be used as a +2 light
- When button 1 is pushed, the rod becomes a +1flaming longsword. A blade springs from the ball, with the ball itself becoming the sword's hilt. The weapon stretches to an overall length of 4 feet.
- When button 2 is pushed, the rod becomes a +4battleaxe. A wide blade springs forth at the ball, and the whole lengthens to 4 feet.
- When button 3 is pushed, the rod becomes a + 3shortspear or +3 longspear. The spear blade springs forth, and the handle can be lengthened up to 12 feet (wielder's choice) for an overall length ranging from 6 feet to 15 feet. At its 15-foot length, the rod is suitable for use as a lance.

A rod of flame extinguishing has 10 charges when found. The following other functions of the rod also have no limit

- Climbing pole/ladder. When button 4 is pushed, a spike that can anchor in stone is extruded from the ball, while the other end sprouts three sharp hooks. The rod lengthens to anywhere between 5 and 50 feet in a single round, stopping when button 4 is pushed again. Horizontal bars 3 inches long fold out from the sides, 1 foot apart, in staggered progression. The rod is firmly held by the spike and hooks and can bear up to 4,000 pounds. The wielder can retract the pole by pushing button 5.
- The ladder function can be used to force open doors. The wielder plants the rod's base 30 feet or less from the portal to be forced and in line with it, then pushes button 4. The force exerted has a Strength modifier of +12.
- When button 6 is pushed, the rod indicates magnetic north and gives the wielder knowledge of his approximate depth beneath the surface or height above it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Craft Rod, bull's strength, fear, flame blade, hold person, inflict light wounds; Cost 35,000 gp

Aura moderate divination; CL 9th

Slot none; Price 10,500 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This rod is valued by treasure hunters and miners alike, for it pulses and hums in the wielder's hand in the proximity of metal. As the wearer aims the rod, the pulsations grow more noticeable as it points to the largest mass of metal within 30 feet. However, the wielder can concentrate on a specific metal or mineral. If the specific mineral is within 30 feet, the rod points to any places it is located, and the rod wielder knows the approximate quantity as well. If more than one deposit of the specified metal or mineral is within range, the rod points to the largest cache first. Each operation requires a full-round action.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, locate object; Cost 5,250 gp

Rod of Negation

Aura strong varied; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 37,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This device negates the spell or spell-like function or functions of magic items. The wielder points the rod at the target device, attacking as a ray (a ranged touch attack). The ray functions as a greater dispel magic spell, except it only affects magic items. To negate instantaneous effects from an item, the rod wielder needs to have a readied action. The dispel check uses the rod's caster level (15th). The target item gets no saving throw, although the rod can't negate artifacts (even minor artifacts). The rod can function three times per

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, dispel magic, and limited wish or miracle; Cost 18,500 gp

Rod of the Python

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th Slot none; Price 13,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Unlike most rods, one end of this rod curls and twists back on itself in a crook—the tip of this crook sometimes looks like the head of a snake. The rod itself is about 4 feet long and weighs 10 pounds. It strikes as a +1/+1 quarterstaff. If the user throws the rod to the ground (a standard action), it grows to become a constrictor snake by the end of the round. The python obeys all commands of the owner. (In animal form, it retains the +1 enhancement bonus on attacks and damage possessed by the rod form.) The serpent returns to rod form (a full-round action) whenever the wielder desires, or whenever it moves farther than 100 feet from the owner. If the snake form is slain, it returns to rod form and cannot be activated again for three days. A rod of the python only functions if the possessor is good.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Craft Magic Arms and Armor, baleful polymorph, creator must be good; Cost 6,500 gp

Rod of Rulership

Aura strong enchantment; CL 20th

Slot none; Price 60,000 gp; Weight 8 lbs.

Description

This rod looks like a royal scepter worth at least 5,000 gp in materials and workmanship alone. The wielder can command the obedience and fealty of creatures within 120 feet when she activates the device (a standard action). Creatures totaling 300 Hit Dice can be ruled, but creatures with Intelligence scores of 12 or higher are each entitled to a DC

16 Will save to negate the effect. Ruled creatures obey the wielder as if she were their absolute sovereign. Still, if the wielder gives a command that is contrary to the nature of the creatures commanded, the magic is broken. The rod can be magic item, and a pale gray beam shoots forth to touch the used for 500 total minutes before crumbling to dust. This duration need not be continuous.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, mass charm monster; Cost 32,500 gp

Rod of Security

Aura strong conjuration; CL 20th

Slot none; Price 61,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This item creates a nondimensional space, a pocket paradise. There the rod's possessor and as many as 199 other creatures can stay in complete safety for a period of time, up to 200 days divided by the number of creatures affected. All fractions are rounded down. In this pocket paradise, creatures don't age, and natural healing takes place at twice the normal rate. Fresh water and food (fruits and vegetables only) are in abundance. The climate is comfortable for all creatures involved.

Activating the rod (a standard action) causes the wielder and all creatures touching the rod to be transported instantaneously to the paradise. Members of large groups can hold hands or otherwise maintain physical contact, allowing all connected creatures in a circle or a chain to be affected by the rod. Unwilling creatures get a DC 17 Will save to negate the effect. If such a creature succeeds on its save, other creatures beyond that point in a chain can still be affected by the rod.

When the rod's effect expires, is dismissed, or is dispelled, all the affected creatures instantly reappear in the location they occupied when the rod was activated. If something else occupies the space that a traveler would be returning to, then his body is displaced a sufficient distance to provide the space required for reentry. The rod's possessor can dismiss the effect whenever he wishes before the maximum time period expires, but the rod can only be activated once per week.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, gate; Cost 30,500 gp

Rod of Splendor

Aura strong conjuration and transmutation; CL 12th

Slot none; **Price** 25,000 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

The possessor of this fantastically bejeweled rod gains a +4 enhancement bonus to her Charisma score for as long as she holds or carries the item. Once per day, the rod garbs her in magically created clothing of the finest fabrics, plus adornments of furs and jewels.

Apparel created by the magic of the rod remains in existence for 12 hours. However, if the possessor attempts to sell or give away any part of it, use it for a spell component, or the like, all the apparel immediately disappears. The same applies if any of it is forcibly taken from her.

The value of noble garb created by the rod ranges from 7,000 to $10,000 \text{ gp} (1d4+6 \times 1,000 \text{ gp})-1,000 \text{ gp}$ for the fabric alone, 5,000 gp for the furs, and the rest for the jewel trim (maximum of twenty gems, maximum value 200 gp each).

In addition, the rod has a second special power, usable once per week. Upon command, it creates a palatial tent—a huge pavilion of silk 60 feet across. Inside the tent are temporary furnishings and food suitable to the splendor of the pavilion and sufficient to entertain as many as 100 people. The tent and its trappings last for 1 day. At the end of that time, the tent and all objects associated with it (including any items that were taken out of the tent) disappear.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, eagle's splendor, fabricate, major creation; Cost 12,500 gp

Rod of Thunder and Lightning

Aura moderate evocation; CL 9th

Slot none; Price 33,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Constructed of iron set with silver rivets, this rod has the properties of a +2 light mace. Its other powers are as follows.

- **Thunder**: Once per day, the rod can strike as a +3light mace, and the opponent struck is stunned from the noise of the rod's impact (Fortitude DC 16 negates). Activating this sonic power counts as a Construction free action, and it works if the wielder strikes an opponent within 1 round.
- **Lightning**: Once per day, when the wielder desires, a short spark of electricity can leap forth when the rod strikes an opponent to deal the normal damage for a +2 light mace (1d6+2) and an extra 2d6 points of electricity damage. Even when the rod might not Slot none; Price 25,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs. score a normal hit in combat, if the roll was good enough to count as a successful melee touch attack, then the 2d6 points of electricity damage still apply. The wielder activates this power as a free action, and it works if he strikes an opponent within 1

round.

- Thunderclap: Once per day as a standard action, the wielder can cause the rod to give out a deafening noise, just as a *shout* spell (Fortitude DC 16 partial, 2d6 points of sonic damage, target deafened for 2d6 rounds).
- Lightning Stroke: Once per day as a standard action, the wielder can cause the rod to shoot out a 5-foot-wide lightning bolt (9d6 points of electricity damage, Reflex DC 16 half) to a range of 200 feet.
- Thunder and Lightning: Once per week as a standard action, the wielder of the rod can combine the thunderclap described above with a *lightning* bolt, as in the lightning stroke. The thunderclap affects all within 10 feet of the bolt. The lightning stroke deals 9d6 points of electricity damage (count rolls of 1 or 2 as rolls of 3, for a range of 27 to 54 points), and the thunderclap deals 2d6 points of sonic damage. A single DC 16 Reflex save applies for both effects.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Craft Rod, lightning bolt, shout; Cost 16,500 gp

Rod of the Viper

Aura moderate necromancy; CL 10th

Slot none; Price 19,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This rod strikes as a +2 heavy mace. Once per day, upon command, the head of the rod becomes that of an actual serpent for 10 minutes. During this period, any successful strike with the rod deals its usual damage and also poisons the creature hit. This poison deals 1d3 Constitution damage per round for 6 rounds. Poisoned creatures can make a DC 16 Fortitude save each round to negate the damage and end the affliction. Multiple hits extend the duration by 3 rounds and increase the DC by +2 for each hit. The rod only functions if its possessor is evil.

Requirements Craft Rod, Craft Magic Arms and Armor, poison, creator must be evil; Cost 9,500 gp

Rod of Withering

Aura strong necromancy; CL 13th

Description

A rod of withering acts as a +1 light mace that deals no hit point damage. Instead, the wielder deals 1d4 points of

Strength damage and 1d4 points of Constitution damage to any creature she touches with the rod (by making a melee touch attack). If she scores a critical hit, the damage from that hit is permanent ability drain. In either case, the defender negates the effect with a DC 17 Fortitude save.

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, Craft Magic Arms and Armor, contagion; Cost 12,500 gp

Rod of Wonder

Aura moderate enchantment; CL 10th

Slot none; Price 12,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

A *rod of wonder* is a strange and unpredictable device that randomly generates any number of weird effects each time it is used. Activating the rod is a standard action. Typical powers of the rod include the following.

d% Wondrous Effect

- 01-05 Slow target for 10 rounds (Will DC 15 negates). 06-
- 10 Faerie fire surrounds the target.
- 11–15 Deludes wielder for 1 round into believing the rod functions as indicated by a second die roll (no save).
- 16–20 *Gust of wind*, but at windstorm force (Fortitude DC 14 negates).
- 21–25 Wielder learns target's surface thoughts (as with *detect thoughts*) for 1d4 rounds (no save).
- 26–30 Stinking cloud appears at 30-ft. range (Fortitude DC 15 negates).
- Heavy rain falls for 1 round in 60-ft. radius centered on rod wielder.
- 34–36 Summon an animal—a rhino (01–25 on d%), elephant (26–50), or mouse (51–100).
- 37–46 *Lightning bolt* (70 ft. long, 5 ft. wide), 6d6 damage (Reflex DC 15 half).

d% Wondrous Effect

- A stream of 600 large butterflies pours forth and 47–49 flutters around for 2 rounds, blinding everyone within 25 ft. (Reflex DC 14 negates).
- 50–53 *Enlarge person* on target if within 60 ft. of rod (Fortitude DC 13 negates).
- 54–58 *Darkness*, 30-ft.-diameter hemisphere, centered 30 ft. away from rod.
- 59–62 Grass grows in 160-square-ft. area before the rod, or grass existing there grows to 10 times normal size.
- 63–65 Turn ethereal any nonliving object of up to 1,000 lbs. mass and up to 30 cubic ft. in size. Reduce wielder two size categories (no save) for 1
- 66–69 day
- 70–79 *Fireball* at target or 100 ft. straight ahead, 6d6 damage (Reflex DC 15 half).
- 80-84 Invisibility covers rod wielder.
- 85–87 Leaves grow from target if within 60 ft. of rod. These last 24 hours.
 - 10–40 gems, value 1 gp each, shoot forth in a 30-ft.-
- long stream. Each gem deals I point of damage to any creature in its path: roll 5d4 for the number of hits and divide them among the available targets.
- Shimmering colors dance and play over a 40-ft.-by-91–95 30-ft. area in front of rod. Creatures therein are blinded for 1d6 rounds (Fortitude DC 15 negates).
- 96–97 Wielder (50% chance) or target (50% chance) turns permanently blue, green, or purple (no save).
- Flesh to stone (or stone to flesh if target is stone 98–100 already) if target is within 60 ft. (Fortitude DC 18 negates).

Construction

Requirements Craft Rod, *confusion*, creator must be chaotic; Cost 6,000 gp

Table 16-16: Scrolls

Minor	Medium	Major	Spell Level	Caster Level
01–05	_	_	0	1st
06–50	_	—	1st	1st
51-95	01-05		2nd	3rd
96-100	06–65	_	3rd	5th
_	66–95	01–05	4th	7th
_	96–100	06-50	5th	9th
_	_	51-70	6th	11th
_	_	71–85	7th	13th
_	_	86–95	8th	15th
_	_	96–100	9th	17th

Table 16-17: Scroll Costs

Spell Level	Cleric, Druid, Wizard	Sorcerer	Bard	Paladin, Ranger
0	12.5 gp	12.5 gp	12.5 gp	_
1st	25 gp	25 gp	25 gp	25 gp
2nd	150 gp	200 gp	200 gp	200 gp
3rd	375 gp	450 gp	525 gp	525 gp
4th	700 gp	800 gp	1,000 gp	1,000 gp
5th	1,125 gp	1,250 gp	1,625 gp	_
6th	1,650 gp	1,800 gp	2,400 gp	_
7th	2,275 gp	2,450 gp	_	_
8th	3,000 gp	3,200 gp	<u> </u>	_
9th	3,825 gp	4,050 gp	_	_

A scroll is a spell (or collection of spells) that has been stored in written form. A spell on a scroll can be used only once. The writing vanishes from the scroll when the spell is activated. Using a scroll is basically like casting a spell. The price of a scroll is equal to the level of the spell × the creator's caster level × 25 gp. If the scroll has a material component cost, it is added to the base price and cost to create. Table: Scrolls gives sample prices for scrolls created at the lowest possible caster level for each spellcasting class. Note that some spells appear at different levels for different casters. The level of such spells depends on the caster scribing the scroll.

Physical Description: A scroll is a heavy sheet of fine vellum or high-quality paper. An area about 8-1/2 inches wide and 11 inches long is sufficient to hold one spell. The sheet is reinforced at the top and bottom with strips of leather slightly longer than the sheet is wide. A scroll holding more than one spell has the same width (about 8-1/2 inches) but is

an extra foot or so long for each additional spell. Scrolls that hold three or more spells are usually fitted with reinforcing rods at each end rather than simple strips of leather. A scroll has AC 9, 1 hit point, hardness 0, and a break DC of 8.

To protect it from wrinkling or tearing, a scroll is rolled up from both ends to form a double cylinder. (This also helps the user unroll the scroll quickly.) The scroll is placed in a tube of ivory, jade, leather, metal, or wood. Most scroll cases are inscribed with magic symbols which often identify the owner or the spells stored on the scrolls inside. The symbols sometimes hide magic traps.

Activation: To activate a scroll, a spellcaster must read the spell written on it. This involves several steps and conditions.

Decipher the Writing: The writing on a scroll must be deciphered before a character can use it or know exactly what spell it contains. This requires a *read magic* spell or a successful Spellcraft check (DC 20 + spell level). Deciphering a scroll is a full-round action.

Deciphering a scroll to determine its contents does not activate its magic unless it is a specially prepared cursed scroll. A character can decipher the writing on a scroll in advance so that she can proceed directly to the next step when the time comes to use the scroll.

Activate the Spell: Activating a scroll requires reading the spell from the scroll. The character must be able to see and read the writing on the scroll. Activating a scroll spell requires no material components or focus. (The creator of the scroll provided these when scribing the scroll.) Note that some spells are effective only when cast on an item or items. In such a case, the scroll user must provide the item when activating the spell. Activating a scroll spell is subject to disruption just as casting a normally prepared spell would be. Using a scroll is like casting a spell for purposes of arcane spell failure chance.

To have any chance of activating a scroll spell, the scroll user must meet the following requirements.

- The spell must be of the correct type (arcane or divine). Arcane spellcasters (wizards, sorcerers, and bards) can only use scrolls containing arcane spells, and divine spellcasters (clerics, druids, paladins, and rangers) can only use scrolls containing divine spells. (The type of scroll a character creates is also determined by his class.)
- The user must have the spell on her class list.
- The user must have the requisite ability score.

If the user meets all the requirements noted above, and her caster level is at least equal to the spell's caster level, she can automatically activate the spell without a check. If she meets all three requirements but her own caster level is lower than the scroll spell's caster level, then she has to make a caster level check (DC = scroll's caster level + 1) to cast the spell

successfully. If she fails, she must make a DC 5 Wisdom check to avoid a mishap (see Scroll Mishaps). A natural roll of 1 always fails, whatever the modifiers. Activating a scroll is a standard action (or the spell's casting time, whichever is longer) and it provokes attacks of opportunity exactly as casting a spell does.

Determine Effect: A spell successfully activated from a scroll works exactly like a spell prepared and cast the normal way. Assume the scroll spell's caster level is always the minimum level required to cast the spell for the character who scribed the scroll, unless the scriber specifically desired otherwise.

The writing for an activated spell disappears from the scroll as the spell is cast.

Scroll Mishaps: When a mishap occurs, the spell on the scroll has a reversed or harmful effect. Possible mishaps are given below.

• A surge of uncontrolled magical energy deals 1d6 points of damage per spell level to the scroll user.

- Spell strikes the scroll user or an ally instead of the intended target, or a random target nearby if the scroll user was the intended recipient.
- Spell takes effect at some random location within spell range.
- Spell's effect on the target is contrary to the spell's normal effect.
- The scroll user suffers some minor but bizarre effect related to the spell in some way. Most such effects should last only as long as the original spell's duration, or 2d10 minutes for instantaneous spells.
- Some innocuous item or items appear in the spell's area
- Spell has delayed effect. Sometime within the next 1d12 hours, the spell activates. If the scroll user was the intended recipient, the spell takes effect normally. If the user was not the intended recipient, the spell goes off in the general direction of the original recipient or target, up to the spell's maximum range, if the target has moved away.

Staves

Table 16-18: Staves

Medium	Major	Staff	Market Price
01–15	01-03	Charming	17,600 gp
16–30	04-09	Fire	18,950 gp
31–40	10-11	Swarming insects	22,800 gp
41–55	12-13	Size alteration	26,150 gp
56–75	14–19	Healing	29,600 gp
76–90	20-24	Frost	41,400 gp
91–95	25-31	Illumination	51,500 gp
96–100	32-38	Defense	62,000 gp
_	39–45	Abjuration	82,000 gp
_	46–50	Conjuration	82,000 gp
_	51-55	Divination	82,000 gp
_	56-60	Enchantment	82,000 gp
_	61–65	Evocation	82,000 gp
_	66–70	Illusion	82,000 gp
_	71–75	Necromancy	82,000 gp
_	76–80	Transmutation	82,000 gp
_	81-85	Earth and stone	85,800 gp
_	86–90	Woodlands	100,400 gp
	91–95	Life	109,400 gp
_	96–98	Passage	206,900 gp
_	99–100	Power	235,000 gp

A staff is a long shaft that stores several spells. Unlike wands, which can contain a wide variety of spells, each staff is of a certain kind and holds specific spells. A staff has 10 charges when created.

Physical Description: A typical staff measures anywhere from 4 feet to 7 feet long and is 2 inches to 3 inches thick, weighing about 5 pounds. Most staves are wood, but an exotic few are bone, metal, or even glass. A staff often has a gem or some device at its tip or is shod in metal at one or both ends. Staves are often decorated with carvings or runes. A typical staff is like a walking stick, quarterstaff, or cudgel. It has AC 7, 10 hit points, hardness 5, and a break DC of 24.

Activation: Staves use the spell trigger activation method, so casting a spell from a staff is usually a standard action that doesn't provoke attacks of opportunity. (If the spell being cast has a longer casting time than 1 standard action, however, it takes that long to cast the spell from a staff.) To activate a staff, a character must hold it forth in at least one hand (or whatever passes for a hand, for nonhumanoid creatures).

Special Qualities: Roll d%. A 01–30 result indicates that something (a design, inscription, or the like) provides some clue to the staff 's function, and 31–100 indicates no special qualities.

Using Staves: Staves use the wielder's ability score and relevant feats to set the DC for saves against their spells. Unlike with other sorts of magic items, the wielder can use his caster level when activating the power of a staff if it's higher than the caster level of the staff.

This means that staves are far more potent in the hands of a

powerful spellcaster. Because they use the wielder's ability Description score to set the save DC for the spell, spells from a staff are often harder to resist than those from other magic items, which use the minimum ability score required to cast the allows use of the following spells: spell. Not only are aspects of the spell dependent on caster level (range, duration, and so on) potentially higher, but spells from a staff are also harder to dispel and have a better chance of overcoming a target's spell resistance.

Staves hold a maximum of 10 charges. Each spell cast from a staff consumes one or more charges. When a staff runs out of charges, it cannot be used until it is recharged. Each morning, when a spellcaster prepares spells or regains spell slots, he can also imbue one staff with a portion of his power so long as one or more of the spells cast by the staff is on his spell list and he is capable of casting at least one of the Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs. spells. Imbuing a staff with this power restores one charge to the staff, but the caster must forgo one prepared spell or spell slot of a level equal to the highest-level spell cast by the staff. For example, a 9th-level wizard with a staff of fire could imbue the staff with one charge per day by using up one of his 4th-level spells. A staff cannot gain more than one charge per day and a caster cannot imbue more than one staff per day.

Furthermore, a staff can hold a spell of any level, unlike a wand, which is limited to spells of 4th level or lower. The minimum caster level of a staff is 8th.

Staff of Abjuration

Aura strong abjuration; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Usually carved from the heartwood of an ancient oak or other large tree, this staff allows use of the following spells:

- Dispel magic (1 charge)
- Resist energy (1 charge)
- Shield (1 charge)
- Dismissal (2 charges)
- Lesser globe of invulnerability (2 charges)
- Repulsion (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, dismissal, dispel magic, lesser globe of invulnerability, repulsion, resist energy, shield; Cost 41,000 gp

Staff of Charming

Aura moderate enchantment; CL 8th

Slot none; Price 17,600 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Made of twisting wood ornately shaped and carved, this staff

- Charm person (1 charge)
- Charm monster (2 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, charm person, charm monster; Cost 8,800 gp

Staff of Conjuration

Aura strong conjuration; CL 13th

Description

This staff is usually made of ash or walnut and bears ornate carvings of many different kinds of creatures. It allows use of the following spells:

- Stinking cloud (1 charge)
- Summon swarm (1 charge)
- Unseen servant (1 charge)
- Cloudkill (2 charges)
- Minor creation (2 charges)
- Summon monster VI (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, cloudkill, minor creation, stinking cloud, summon monster VI, summon swarm, unseen servant; Cost 41,000 gp

Staff of Defense

Aura strong abjuration; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 62,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

The staff of defense is a simple-looking polished wooden staff that throbs with power when held defensively. It allows use of the following spells:

- Shield (1 charge)
- Shield of Faith (1 charge)
- Shield other (1 charge)
- Shield of law (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, shield, shield of faith, shield of law, shield other, creator must be lawful; Cost 31,000 gp

Staff of Earth and Stone

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 11th

Slot none; Price 85,800 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This staff is topped with a fist-sized emerald that gleams with smoldering power. It allows the use of the following spells:

- Move earth (1 charge)
- Passwall (1 charge)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, move earth, passwall; Cost 42,900 gp

Staff of Divination

Aura strong divination; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Made from a supple length of willow, often with a forked tip, this staff allows use of the following spells:

- Detect secret doors (1 charge)
- Locate object (1 charge)
- Tongues (1 charge)
- Locate creature (2 charges)
- Prying eyes (2 charges)
- True seeing (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, detect secret doors, locate creature, locate object, prying eyes, tongues, true seeing; **Cost** 41,000 gp

Staff of Enchantment

Aura strong enchantment; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Often made from applewood and topped with a clear crystal, this staff allows use of the following spells:

- Hideous laughter (1 charge)
- Sleep (1 charge)
- Suggestion (1 charge)
- Crushing despair (2 charges)
- Mind fog (2 charges)
- Mass suggestion (3 charges)

Construction

laughter, mass suggestion, mind fog, sleep, suggestion; Cost ice; Cost 20,700 gp 41,000 gp

Staff of Evocation

Aura strong evocation; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This smooth hickory or yew staff allows use of the following spells:

- Fireball (1 charge)
- Magic missile (1 charge)
- Shatter (1 charge)
- Ice storm (2 charges)
- Wall of force (2 charges)
- Chain lightning (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, chain lightning, fireball, ice storm, magic missile, shatter, wall of force; Cost 41,000 gp

Staff of Fire

Aura moderate evocation; CL 8th

Slot none; **Price** 18,950 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

Crafted from bronzewood with brass bindings, this staff allows use of the following spells:

- Burning hands (1 charge)
- Fireball (2 charges)
- Wall of fire (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, burning hands, fireball, wall of fire; Cost 9,475 gp

Staff of Frost

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot none; **Price** 41,400 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

Tipped on either end with a glistening diamond, this runecovered staff allows use of the following spells:

- *Ice storm* (1 charge)
- Wall of ice (2 charges)
- Cone of cold (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, crushing despair, hideous Requirements Craft Staff, cone of cold, ice storm, wall of

Staff of Healing

Aura moderate conjuration; **CL** 8th **Slot** none; **Price** 29,600 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This white ash staff is decorated with inlaid silver runes. It allows use of the following spells:

- Cure serious wounds (1 charge)
- Lesser restoration (1 charge)
- Remove blindness/deafness (2 charges)
- Remove disease (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, cure serious wounds, lesser restoration, remove blindness/deafness, remove disease; **Cost** 14,800 gp

Staff of Illumination

Aura strong evocation; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 51,500 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This staff is usually sheathed in silver and decorated with sunbursts. It allows use of the following spells:

- Dancing lights (1 charge)
- Flare (1 charge)
- Daylight (2 charges)
- Sunburst (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, dancing lights, daylight, flare, sunburst; Cost 20,750 gp

Staff of Illusion

Aura strong illusion; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This staff is made from ebony or other dark wood and carved into an intricately twisted, fluted, or spiral shape. It allows use of the following spells:

- *Disguise self* (1 charge)
- Major image (1 charge)
- *Mirror image* (1 charge)
- Persistent image (2 charges)
- Rainbow pattern (2 charges)
- Mislead (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, disguise self, major image, mirror image, persistent image, mislead, rainbow pattern; **Cost** 41,000 gp

Staff of Life

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 11th

Slot none; Price 109,400 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

A *staff of life is* made of thick polished oak shod in gold and decorated with sinuous runes. This staff allows use of the following spells:

- Heal (1 charge)
- Raise dead (5 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, heal, raise dead; Cost 79,700 gp

Staff of Necromancy

Aura strong necromancy; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This staff is made from ebony or other dark wood and carved with images of bones and skulls mingled with strange spidery runes. It allows use of the following spells:

- Cause fear (1 charge)
- Ghoul touch (1 charge)
- Halt undead (1 charge)
- Enervation (2 charges)
- Waves of fatigue (2 charges)
- Circle of death (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, cause fear, circle of death, enervation, ghoul touch, halt undead, waves of fatigue; **Cost** 41,000 gp

Staff of Passage

Aura strong varied; CL 17th

Slot none; Price 206,900 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This potent item allows use of the following spells:

- Dimension door (1 charge)
- Passwall (1 charge)
- Greater teleport (2 charges)

- Phase door (2 charges)
- Astral projection (2 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, astral projection, dimension door, greater teleport, passwall, phase door; Cost 115,950 gp

Staff of Power

Aura strong varied; CL 15th

Slot none; Price 235,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

The staff of power is a very potent magic item with offensive and defensive abilities. It is usually topped with a glistening gem that often burns from within with a flickering red light. The staff allows the use of the following spells:

- Continual flame (1 charge)
- Fireball (heightened to 5th level) (1 charge)
- Levitate (1 charge)
- Lightning bolt (heightened to 5th level) (1 charge)
- Magic missile (1 charge)
- Ray of enfeeblement (heightened to 5th level) (1 charge)
- Cone of cold (2 charges)
- Globe of invulnerability (2 charges)
- Hold monster (2 charges)
- Wall of force (in a 10-ft.-diameter hemisphere around the caster only) (2 charges)

The wielder of a *staff of power* gains a +2 luck bonus to AC and on saving throws. The staff is also a +2 quarterstaff, and its wielder may use it to smite opponents. If 1 charge is expended (as a free action), the staff causes double damage $(\times 3 \text{ on a critical hit})$ for 1 round.

A staff of power can be used for a retributive strike, requiring it to be broken by its wielder. (If this breaking of the staff is purposeful and declared by the wielder, it can be performed as a standard action that does not require the wielder to make a Strength check.) All charges currently in the staff are instantly released in a 30-foot spread. All within 2 squares of the broken staff take points of damage equal to $20 \times$ the number of charges in the staff, those 3 or 4 squares away take 15 × the number of charges in damage, and those 5 or 6 squares distant take $10 \times$ the number of charges in damage. All those affected can make DC 17 Reflex saves to reduce the damage by half.

The character breaking the staff has a 50% chance of traveling to another plane of existence, but if he does not, the explosive release of spell energy destroys him. Only certain items, including the staff of the magi and the staff of power, This staff is generally carved from or decorated with are capable of being used for a retributive strike.

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, Craft Magic Arms and Armor, cone of cold, continual flame, heightened fireball, globe of invulnerability, hold monster, levitate, heightened lightning bolt, magic missile, heightened ray of enfeeblement, wall of force; Cost 117,500 gp

Staff of Size Alteration

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th

Slot none; Price 26,150 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This staff of dark wood is relatively more stout and sturdy than most magical staves, with a gnarled and twisted knot of wood at the top end. It allows use of the following spells:

- Enlarge person (1 charge)
- Reduce person (1 charge)
- Shrink item (2 charges)
- Mass enlarge person (3 charges)
- Mass reduce person (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, enlarge person, mass enlarge person, mass reduce person, reduce person, shrink item; **Cost** 13,075 gp

Staff of Swarming Insects

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th

Slot none; Price 22,800 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Made of twisted darkwood covered with knots and nodules resembling crawling insects (which occasionally seem to move), this staff allows use of the following spells:

- Summon swarm (1 charge)
- *Insect plague* (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, insect plague, summon swarm; **Cost** 11,400 gp

Staff of Transmutation

Aura strong transmutation; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 82,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

petrified wood or fossilized bone, each etched with tiny but complex runes. It allows use of the following spells:

- Alter self (1 charge)
- Blink (1 charge)
- Expeditious retreat (1 charge)
- Baleful polymorph (2 charges)
- Polymorph (2 charges)
- Disintegrate (3 charges)

Construction

Requirements Craft Staff, alter self, baleful polymorph, blink, disintegrate, expeditious retreat, polymorph; Cost 41,000 gp

Staff of the Woodlands

Aura strong varied; CL 13th

Slot none; Price 100,400 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Appearing to have grown naturally into its shape, this oak,

ash, or yew staff allows use of the following spells:

- Charm animal (1 charge)
- Speak with animals (1 charge)
- Barkskin (2 charges)
- Summon nature's ally VI (3 charges)
- Wall of thorns (3 charges)
- Animate plants (4 charges)

The staff may be used as a weapon, functioning as a +2quarterstaff. The staff of the woodlands also allows its wielder to cast pass without trace at will, with no charge cost. These two attributes continue to function after all the charges are expended.

Construction

Requirements Craft Magic Arms and Armor, Craft Staff, animate plants, barkskin, charm animal, pass without trace, speak with animals, summon nature's ally VI, wall of thorns; Cost 50,500 gp

Wands

Table 16-19: Wands

Minor	Medium	Major	Spell Level	Caster Level
01-05	_	_	0	1st
06–60	_	_	1st	1st
61-100	01-60	_	2nd	3rd
_	61-100	01–60	3rd	5th
_	_	61-100	4th	7th

A wand is a thin baton that contains a single spell of 4th level or lower. A wand has 50 charges when created—each charge typical wand has AC 7, 5 hit points, hardness 5, and a break allows the use of the wand's spell one time. A wand that runs out of charges is just a stick. The price of a wand is equal to the level of the spell \times the creator's caster level \times 750 gp. If the wand has a material component cost, it is added to the base price and cost to create once for each charge (50 \times material component cost). Table: Wands gives sample prices for wands created at the lowest possible caster level for each spellcasting class. Note that some spells appear at different levels for different casters. The level of such spells depends on the caster crafting the wand.

Table 16-20: Wand Costs

Spell Level	Cleric, Druid, Wizard	Sorcerer	Bard	Paladin, Ranger
0	375 gp	375 gp	375 gp	_
1st	750 gp	750 gp	750 gp	750 gp
2nd	4,500 gp	6,000 gp	6,000 gp	6,000 gp
3rd	11,250 gp	13,500 gp	15,750 gp	15,750 gp
4th	21,000 gp	24,000 gp	30,000 gp	30,000 gp

Physical Description: A wand is 6 to 12 inches long, 1/4 inch thick, and weighs no more than 1 ounce. Most wands are wood, but some are bone, metal, or even crystal. A DC of 16.

Activation: Wands use the spell trigger activation method, so casting a spell from a wand is usually a standard action that doesn't provoke attacks of opportunity. (If the spell being cast has a longer casting time than 1 action, however, it takes that long to cast the spell from a wand.) To activate a wand, a character must hold it in hand (or whatever passes for a hand, for nonhumanoid creatures) and point it in the general direction of the target or area. A wand may be used while grappling or while swallowed whole.

Special Qualities: Roll d%. A 01–30 result indicates that something (a design, inscription, or the like) provides some clue to the wand's function, and 31-100 indicates no special qualities.

Wondrous Items

Table 16-21: Minor Wondrous Items

d%	Item	Market Price
01	Feather token, anchor	50 gp
02	Universal solvent	50 gp
03	Elixir of love	150 gp
04	Unguent of timelessness	150 gp
05	Feather token, fan	200 gp
06	Dust of tracelessness	250 gp
07	Elixir of hiding	250 gp
08	Elixir of tumbling	250 gp
09	Elixir of swimming	250 gp
10	Elixir of vision	250 gp
11	Silversheen	250 gp
12	Feather token, bird	300 gp
13	Feather token, tree	400 gp
14	Feather token, swan boat	450 gp
15	Elixir of truth	500 gp
16	Feather token, whip	500 gp
17	Dust of dryness	850 gp
18	Hand of the mage	900 gp
19	Bracers of armor $+1$	1,000 gp
20	Cloak of resistance +1	1,000 gp
21	Pearl of power, 1st-level spell	1,000 gp
22	Phylactery of faithfulness	1,000 gp
23	Salve of slipperiness	1,000 gp
24	Elixir of fire breath	1,100 gp
25	Pipes of the sewers	1,150 gp
26	Dust of illusion	1,200 gp
27	Brooch of shielding	1,500 gp
28	Necklace of fireballs type I	1,650 gp
29	Dust of appearance	1,800 gp
30	Hat of disguise	1,800 gp
31	Pipes of sounding	1,800 gp
32	Efficient quiver	1,800 gp
33	$A mulet\ of\ natural\ armor+1$	2,000 gp
34	Handy haversack	2,000 gp
35	Horn of fog	2,000 gp
36	Elemental gem	2,250 gp
37	Robe of bones	2,400 gp
38	Sovereign glue	2,400 gp
39	Bag of holding type I	2,500 gp

		N/ -1
d%	Item	Market Price
40	Boots of elvenkind	2,500 gp
41	Boots of the winterlands	2,500 gp
42	Candle of truth	2,500 gp
43	Cloak of elvenkind	2,500 gp
44	Eyes of the eagle	2,500 gp
45	Goggles of minute seeing	2,500 gp
46	Scarab, golembane	2,500 gp
47	Necklace of fireballs type II	2,700 gp
48	Stone of alarm	2,700 gp
49	Bead of force	3,000 gp
50	Chime of opening	3,000 gp
51	Horseshoes of speed	3,000 gp
52	Rope of climbing	3,000 gp
53	Bag of tricks, gray	3,400 gp
54	Dust of disappearance	3,500 gp
55	Lens of detection	3,500 gp
56	Vestment, druid's	3,750 gp
57	Figurine of wondrous power, silver raven	3,800 gp
58	Belt of giant strength +2	4,000 gp
59	Belt of incredible dexterity +2	4,000 gp
60	Belt of mighty constitution +2	4,000 gp
61	Bracers of armor +2	4,000 gp
62	Cloak of resistance +2	4,000 gp
63	Gloves of arrow snaring	4,000 gp
64	Headband of alluring charisma +2	4,000 gp
65	Headband of inspired wisdom +2	4,000 gp
66	Headband of vast intelligence +2	4,000 gp
67	Ioun stone, clear spindle	4,000 gp
68	Restorative ointment	4,000 gp
69	Marvelous pigments	4,000 gp
70	Pearl of power, 2nd-level spell	4,000 gp
71	Stone salve	4,000 gp
72	Necklace of fireballs type III	4,350 gp
73	Circlet of persuasion	4,500 gp
74	Slippers of spider climbing	4,800 gp
75	Incense of meditation	4,900 gp
76	Amulet of mighty fists +1	5,000 gp
77	Bag of holding type II	5,000 gp
78	Bracers of archery, lesser	5,000 gp
79	Ioun stone, dusty rose prism	5,000 gp
80	Helm of comprehend languages and read magic	5,200 gp
81	Vest of escape	5,200 gp

d%	Item	Market Price	d%	Item	Market Price
82	Eversmoking bottle	5,400 gp	20	Pearl of power, 3rd-level spell	9,000 gp
83	Sustaining spoon	5,400 gp	21	Figurine of wondrous power, serpentine	9,100 gp
84	Necklace of fireballs type IV	5,400 gp	21	owl	7,100 gp
85	Boots of striding and springing	5,500 gp	22	Strand of prayer beads, lesser	9,600 gp
86	Wind fan	5,500 gp	23	Bag of holding type IV	10,000 gp
87	Necklace of fireballs type V	5,850 gp	24	Belt of physical might +2	10,000 gp
88	Horseshoes of a zephyr	6,000 gp	25	Figurine of wondrous power, bronze griffon	10,000 gp
89	Pipes of haunting	6,000 gp	26	Figurine of wondrous power, ebony fly	10,000 gp
90	Gloves of swimming and climbing	6,250 gp	27	Glove of storing	10,000 gr
91	Crown of blasting, minor	6,480 gp	28	Headband of mental prowess +2	10,000 gr
92	Horn of goodness/evil	6,500 gp	29	Ioun stone, dark blue rhomboid	10,000 gr
93	Robe of useful items	7,000 gp	30	Cape of the mountebank	10,080 gr
94	Boat, folding	7,200 gp	31	Phylactery of negative channeling	11,000 gr
95	Cloak of the manta ray	7,200 gp	32	Phylactery of positive channeling	11,000 gr
96	Bottle of air	7,250 gp	33	Gauntlet of rust	11,500 gr
97	Bag of holding type III	7,400 gp	34	Boots of speed	12,000 gr
98	Periapt of health	7,400 gp	35	Goggles of night	12,000 gr
9	Boots of levitation	7,500 gp	36	Golem manual, clay	12,000 g ₁
00	Harp of charming	7,500 gp	37	Medallion of thoughts	12,000 g _j
			38	Blessed book	12,500 g ₁
	Table 16-22: Medium Wondrous	Items	39	Gem of brightness	13,000 g _I
1%	Item	Market	40	Lyre of building	13,000 g ₁
-,0		Price	41	Robe, Monk's	13,000 gj
)1	Amulet of natural armor +2	8,000 gp	42	Cloak of arachnida	14,000 g ₁
)2	Golem manual, flesh	8,000 gp	43	Belt of dwarvenkind	14,900 g
)3	Hand of glory	8,000 gp	44	Periapt of wound closure	15,000 g ₁
)4	Ioun stone, deep red sphere	8,000 gp	45	Pearl of the sirines	15,300 g _j
)5	Ioun stone, incandescent blue sphere	8,000 gp	46	Figurine of wondrous power, onyx dog	15,500 g _j
06	Ioun stone, pale blue rhomboid	8,000 gp	47	Bag of tricks, tan	16,000 gj
07	Ioun stone, pink and green sphere	8,000 gp	48	Belt of giant strength +4	16,000 g _j
08	Ioun stone, pink rhomboid	8,000 gp	49	Belt of incredible dexterity +4	16,000 g _j
)9	Ioun stone, scarlet and blue sphere	8,000 gp	50	Belt of mighty constitution +4	16,000 g
10	Deck of illusions	8,100 gp	51	Belt of physical perfection +2	16,000 g
11	Necklace of fireballs type VI	8,100 gp	52	Boots, winged	16,000 g
12	Candle of invocation	8,400 gp	53	Bracers of armor +4	16,000 g
3	Robe of blending	8,400 gp	54	Cloak of resistance +4	16,000 g
4	Bag of tricks, rust	8,500 gp	55	Headband of alluring charisma +4	16,000 g
				Headband of inspired wisdom +4	16,000 g
5	Necklace of fireballs type VII	8,700 gp	56	* *	
16	Bracers of armor +3	9,000 gp	57	Headband of mental superiority +2	16,000 g
17	Cloak of resistance +3	9,000 gp	58	Headband of vast intelligence +4	16,000 gj
18	Decanter of endless water	9,000 gp	59	Pearl of power, 4th-level spell	16,000 g
()	Neaklage of adaptation	$\Omega \Omega \Omega \Omega = 0$	60	Coabband of keen adags	1 (M)

60

 $Scabbard\ of\ keen\ edges$

16,000 gp

9,000 gp

19

Necklace of adaptation

d%	Item	Market Price		Table 16-23: Major Wondrous Items		
61	Figurine of wondrous power, golden lions		d%	Item	Market Price	
62	Chime of interruption	16,800 gp	01	Dimensional shackles	28,000 gp	
63	Broom of flying		02	Figurine of wondrous power, obsidian steed	28,500 gp	
64	Figurine of wondrous power, marble	17,000 gp	03	Drums of panic	30,000 gp	
<i>(5</i>	A 1 . C . 1 . 2		04	Ioun stone, orange prism	30,000 gp	
65	Amulet of natural armor +3		05	Ioun stone, pale green prism	30,000 gp	
66	Ioun stone, iridescent spindle	18,000 gp	06	Lantern of revealing	30,000 gp	
67	Bracelet of friends		07	Amulet of natural armor +4	32,000 gp	
68	Amulet of mighty fists +2	20,000 gp	08	Amulet of proof against detection and	35,000 gp	
69	Carpet of flying, 5 ft. by 5 ft.	20,000 gp		location		
70	Horn of blasting		09	Carpet of flying, 5 ft. by 10 ft.	35,000 gp	
71	Ioun stone, pale lavender ellipsoid		10	Golem manual, iron	35,000 gp	
72	Ioun stone, pearly white spindle		11	Belt of giant strength +6	36,000 gp	
73	Portable hole		12	Belt of incredible dexterity +6	36,000 gp	
74	Stone of good luck (luckstone)		13	Belt of mighty constitution +6	36,000 gp	
75	Figurine of wondrous power, ivory goats		14	Bracers of armor +6	36,000 gp	
76	Rope of entanglement	21,000 gp	15	Headband of alluring charisma +6	36,000 gp	
77	Golem manual, stone	22,000 gp	16	Headband of inspired wisdom +6	36,000 gp	
78	Mask of the skull	22,000 gp	17	Headband of vast intelligence +6	36,000 gp	
79	Mattock of the titans	23,348 gp	18	Ioun stone, vibrant purple prism	36,000 gp	
80	Crown of blasting, major	23,760 gp	19	Pearl of power, 6th-level spell	36,000 gp	
81	Cloak of displacement, minor	24,000 gp	20	Scarab of protection	38,000 gp	
82	Helm of underwater action	24,000 gp	21	Belt of physical might +4	40,000 gp	
83	Bracers of archery, greater	25,000 gp	22	Headband of mental prowess +4	40,000 gp	
84	Bracers of armor +5	25,000 gp	23	Ioun stone, lavender and green ellipsoid	40,000 gp	
85	Cloak of resistance +5	25,000 gp	24	Ring gates	40,000 gp	
86	Eyes of doom		25	Crystal ball	42,000 gp	
87	Pearl of power, 5th-level spell	• • • • • •	26	Golem manual, stone guardian	44,000 gp	
88	Maul of the titans		27	Amulet of mighty fists +3	45,000 gp	
89	Cloak of the bat		28	Strand of prayer beads	45,800 gp	
90	Iron bands of binding	• • • • • •	29	Orb of storms	48,000 gp	
91	Cube of frost resistance		30	Boots of teleportation	49,000 gp	
92	Helm of telepathy	27 000	31	Bracers of armor +7	49,000 gp	
93	Periapt of proof against poison		32	Pearl of power, 7th-level spell	49,000 gp	
94	Robe of scintillating colors		33	Amulet of natural armor +5	50,000 gp	
95	Manual of bodily health +1		34	Cloak of displacement, major	50,000 gp	
96	Manual of gainful exercise +1		35	Crystal ball with see invisibility	50,000 gp	
97	Manual of quickness in action +1		36	Horn of Valhalla	50,000 gp	
98	Tome of clear thought +1		37	Crystal ball with detect thoughts	51,000 gp	
99	Tome of leadership and influence +1		38	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
100	Tome of understanding +1			Wings of flying Clock of other agle and	54,000 gp	
100	Tome of uncersamming 11		39	Cloak of etherealness	55,000 gp	
			40	Instant fortress	55,000 gp	

d%	Item	Market Price
41	Manual of bodily health +2	55,000 gp
42	Manual of gainful exercise +2	55,000 gp
43	Manual of quickness in action +2	55,000 gp
44	Tome of clear thought +2	55,000 gp
45	Tome of leadership and influence +2	55,000 gp
46	Tome of understanding +2	55,000 gp
47	Eyes of charming	56,000 gp
48	Robe of stars	58,000 gp
49	Carpet of flying, 10 ft. by 10 ft.	60,000 gp
50	Darkskull	60,000 gp
51	Cube of force	62,000 gp
52	Belt of physical perfection +4	64,000 gp
53	Bracers of armor +8	64,000 gp
54	Headband of mental superiority +4	64,000 gp
55	Pearl of power, 8th-level spell	64,000 gp
56	Crystal ball with telepathy	70,000 gp
57	Horn of blasting, greater	70,000 gp
58	Pearl of power, two spells	70,000 gp
59	Helm of teleportation	73,500 gp
60	Gem of seeing	75,000 gp
61	Robe of the archmagi	75,000 gp
62	Mantle of faith	76,000 gp
63	Amulet of mighty fists +4	80,000 gp
64	Crystal ball with true seeing	80,000 gp
65	Pearl of power, 9th-level spell	81,000 gp
66	Well of many worlds	82,000 gp
67	Manual of bodily health +3	82,500 gp
68	Manual of gainful exercise +3	82,500 gp
69	Manual of quickness in action +3	82,500 gp
70	Tome of clear thought +3	82,500 gp
71	Tome of leadership and influence +3	82,500 gp
72	Tome of understanding +3	82,500 gp
73	Apparatus of the crab	90,000 gp
74	Belt of physical might +6	90,000 gp
75	Headband of mental prowess +6	90,000 gp
76	Mantle of spell resistance	90,000 gp
77	Mirror of opposition	92,000 gp
78	Strand of prayer beads, greater	95,800 gp
79	Manual of bodily health +4	110,000 gp
80	Manual of gainful exercise +4	110,000 gp
81	Manual of quickness in action +4	110,000 gp
82	Tome of clear thought +4	110,000 gp
83	Tome of leadership and influence +4	110,000 gp

d%	Item	Market Price
84	Tome of understanding +4	110,000 gp
85	Amulet of the planes	120,000 gp
86	Robe of eyes	120,000 gp
87	Amulet of mighty fists +5	125,000 gp
88	Helm of brilliance	125,000 gp
89	Manual of bodily health +5	137,500 gp
90	Manual of gainful exercise +5	137,500 gp
91	Manual of quickness in action +5	137,500 gp
92	Tome of clear thought +5	137,500 gp
93	Tome of leadership and influence +5	137,500 gp
94	Tome of understanding +5	137,500 gp
95	Belt of physical perfection +6	144,000 gp
96	Headband of mental superiority +6	144,000 gp
97	Efreeti bottle	145,000 gp
98	Cubic gate	164,000 gp
99	Iron flask	170,000 gp
100	Mirror of life trapping	200,000 gp

This is a catch all category for anything that doesn't fall into the other groups. Anyone can use a wondrous item (unless specified otherwise in the description).

Physical Description: Varies.

Activation: Usually use-activated or command word, but details vary from item to item.

Special Qualities: Roll d%. An 01 result indicates the wondrous item is intelligent, 02–31 indicates that something (a design, inscription, or the like) provides a clue to its function, and 32–100 indicates no special qualities. Intelligent items have extra abilities and sometimes extraordinary powers and special purposes (see Intelligent Items).

Wondrous items with charges can never be intelligent.

Extradimensional Spaces

A number of spells and magic items utilize extradimensional spaces, such as *rope trick*, a *bag of holding*, a *handy haversack*, and a *portable hole*. These spells and magic items create a tiny pocket space that does not exist in any dimension. Such items do not function, however, inside another extradimensional space. If placed inside such a space, they cease to function until removed from the extradimensional space. For example, if a *bag of holding* is brought into a *rope trick*, the contents of the *bag of holding* become inaccessible until the *bag of holding* is taken outside the *rope trick*. The only exception to this is when a *bag of holding* and a *portable hole* interact, forming a rift to the Astral Plane, as noted in their descriptions.

Amulet of Mighty Fists

Aura faint evocation; CL 5th

Slot neck; **Price** 5,000 gp (+1), 20,000 gp (+2), 45,000 gp (+3), 80,000 gp (+4), 125,000 gp (+5); Weight –

Description

This amulet grants an enhancement bonus of +1 to +5 on attack and damage rolls with unarmed attacks and natural weapons.

Alternatively, this amulet can grant melee weapon special abilities, so long as they can be applied to unarmed attacks. See Table: Melee Weapon Special Abilities for a list of abilities. Special abilities count as additional bonuses for determining the market value of the item, but do not modify attack or damage bonuses. An amulet of mighty fists cannot have a modified bonus (enhancement bonus plus special Aura moderate abjuration; CL 8th ability bonus equivalents) higher than +5. An amulet of mighty fists does not need to have a +1 enhancement bonus to grant a melee weapon special ability.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, greater magic fang, creator's caster level must be at least three times the amulet's bonus, plus any requirements of the melee weapon special abilities; Cost 2,500 gp (+1), 10,000 gp (+2), 22,500 gp (+3), 40,000 gp (+4), 62,500 gp (+5)

Amulet of Natural Armor

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot neck; **Price** 2,000 gp (+1), 8,000 gp (+2), 18,000 gp (+3), 32,000 gp (+4), or 50,000 gp (+5); Weight -

Description

This amulet, usually crafted from bone or beast scales, toughens the wearer's body and flesh, giving him an Description enhancement bonus to his natural armor from +1 to +5, depending on the kind of amulet.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, barkskin, creator's caster level must be at least three times the amulet's bonus; Cost 1,000 gp (+1), 4,000 gp (+2), 9,000 gp (+3), 16,000 gp (+4), 25,000 gp (+5)

Amulet of the Planes

Aura strong conjuration; CL 15th

Slot neck; Price 120,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This device usually appears to be a black circular amulet, although any character looking closely at it sees a dark, moving swirl of color. The amulet allows its wearer to utilize plane shift. However, this is a difficult item to master. The user must make a DC 15 Intelligence check in order to get the amulet to take her to the plane (and the specific location on that plane) that she wants. If she fails, the amulet transports her and all those traveling with her to a random location on that plane (01-60 on d%) or to a random plane (61-100).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, plane shift; Cost 60,000 gp

Amulet of Proof against Detection and Location

Slot neck; Price 35,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This silver amulet protects the wearer from scrying and magical location just as a nondetection spell does. If a divination spell is attempted against the wearer, the caster of the divination must succeed on a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) against a DC of 19 (as if the wearer had cast nondetection on herself).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, nondetection; Cost 17,500 gp

Apparatus of the Crab

Aura strong evocation and transmutation; CL 19th

Slot—; **Price** 90,000 gp; **Weight** 500 lbs.

At first glance, an inactive apparatus of the crab appears to be a large, sealed iron barrel big enough to hold two Medium creatures. Close examination, and a DC 20 Perception check, reveals a secret catch that opens a hatch at one end. Anyone who crawls inside finds 10 (unlabeled) levers and seating for two Medium or Small occupants. These levers allow those inside to activate and control the apparatus's movements and actions.

Lever (1d10)	Lever Function
1	Extend/retract legs and tail
2	Uncover/cover forward porthole
3	Uncover/cover side portholes
4	Extend/retract pincers and feelers

Lever (1d10)	Lever Function
5	Snap pincers
6	Move forward/backward
7	Turn left/right
8	Open/close "eyes" with <i>continual flame</i> inside
9	Rise/sink in water
10	Open/close hatch

Operating a lever is a full-round action, and no lever may be operated more than once per round. However, since two characters can fit inside, the apparatus can move and attack in the same round. The device can function in water up to 900 feet deep. It holds enough air for a crew of two to

survive 1d4+1 hours (twice as long for a single occupant). When activated, the apparatus looks something like a giant Construction lobster.

characteristics: **hp** 200; **hardness** 15; **Spd** 20 ft., swim 20 ft.; 5,000 gp (type IV) AC 20 (-1 size, +11 natural); Attack 2 pincers +12 melee (2d8); CMB +14; CMD 24.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects, continual flame, creator must have 8 ranks in Knowledge (engineering); Cost 45,000 gp

Bag of Holding

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th

Slot—; **Price** see below; **Weight** see below

Description

This appears to be a common cloth sack about 2 feet by 4 feet in size. The bag of holding opens into a nondimensional space: its inside is larger than its outside dimensions. Regardless of what is put into the bag, it weighs a fixed amount. This weight, and the limits in weight and volume of the bag's contents, depend on the bag's type, as shown on the table below.

Bag	Bag Weight	Contents Limit	Contents Volume Limit	Market Price
Type I	15 lbs.	250 lbs.	30 cubic ft.	2,500 gp
Type II	25 lbs.	500 lbs.	70 cubic ft.	5,000 gp
Type III	35 lbs.	1,000 lbs.	150 cubic ft.	7,400 gp
Type IV	60 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	250 cubic ft.	10,000 gp

If a bag of holding is overloaded, or if sharp objects pierce it (from inside or outside), the bag immediately ruptures and is ruined, and all contents are lost forever. If a bag of holding is

turned inside out, all of its contents spill out, unharmed, but the bag must be put right before it can be used again. If living creatures are placed within the bag, they can survive for up to 10 minutes, after which time they suffocate. Retrieving a specific item from a bag of holding is a move action, unless the bag contains more than an ordinary backpack would hold, in which case retrieving a specific item is a full-round action. Magic items placed inside the bag do not offer any benefit to the character carrying the bag.

If a bag of holding is placed within a portable hole, a rift to the Astral Plane is torn in the space: bag and hole alike are sucked into the void and forever lost. If a portable hole is placed within a bag of holding, it opens a gate to the Astral Plane: the hole, the bag, and any creatures within a 10-foot radius are drawn there, destroying the portable hole and bag of holding in the process.

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, secret chest; Cost When active, an apparatus of the crab has the following 1,250 gp (type I), 2,500 gp (type II), 3,700 gp (type III),

Bag of Tricks

Aura faint (gray or rust) or moderate (tan) conjuration; CL 3rd (gray), 5th (rust), 9th (tan)

Slot —; **Price** 3,400 gp (gray); 8,500 gp (rust); 16,000 gp (tan)

Description

This small sack appears empty. Anyone reaching into the bag feels a small, fuzzy ball. If the ball is removed and tossed up to 20 feet away, it turns into an animal. The animal serves the character who drew it from the bag for 10 minutes (or until slain or ordered back into the bag), at which point it disappears. It can follow any of the commands described in the Handle Animal skill. Each of the three kinds of bags of tricks produces a different set of animals. Use the following tables to determine what animals can be drawn out of each.

Gray Bag		Ru	st Bag	Tan Bag		
d% Animal		d% Animal		d%	Animal	
01-30	Bat	01-30	Wolverine	01-30	Grizzly bear	
31–60	Rat	31–60	Wolf	31–60	Lion	
61–75	Cat	61-85	Boar	61-80	Heavy horse	
76–90	Weasel	86–100	Leopard	81–90	Tiger	
91–100	Riding dog	_		91–100	Rhinoceros	

The heavy horse appears with harness and tack and accepts the character who drew it from the bag as a rider.

Animals produced are always random, and only one may exist at a time. Up to 10 animals can be drawn from the bag each week, but no more than two per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, summon nature's ally II (gray), summon nature's ally III (rust), or summon nature's ally V (tan); Cost 1,700 gp (gray); 4,250 gp (rust); 8,000 gp (tan)

Bead of Force

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot —; Price 3,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This small black sphere appears to be a lusterless pearl. A bead of force can be thrown up to 60 feet with no range penalties. Upon sharp impact, the bead explodes, sending forth a burst that deals 5d6 points of force damage to all creatures within a 10-foot radius.

Once thrown, a bead of force functions like a resilient sphere spell (Reflex DC 16 negates) with a radius of 10 feet and a duration of 10 minutes. A globe of shimmering force encloses a creature, provided the latter is small enough to fit Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th within the diameter of the sphere. The sphere contains its subject for the spell's duration. The sphere is not subject to damage of any sort except from a rod of cancellation, a rod of negation, disintegrate, or a targeted dispel magic spell. Description These effects destroy the sphere without harm to the subject. Nothing can pass through the sphere, inside or out, though the subject can breathe normally. The subject may struggle, but the globe cannot be physically moved either by people outside it or by the struggles of those within. The explosion completely consumes the bead, making this a one-use item.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, resilient sphere; Cost gp (+2), 8,000 gp (+4), 18,000 gp (+6) 1,500 gp

Belt of Dwarvenkind

Aura strong divination; CL 12th

Slot belt; Price 14,900 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This belt gives the wearer a +4 competence bonus on Charisma checks and Charisma-based skill checks as they relate to dealing with dwarves, a +2 competence bonus on similar checks when dealing with gnomes and halflings, and a -2 competence penalty on similar checks when dealing with anyone else. The wearer can understand, speak, and read Dwarven. If the wearer is not a dwarf, he gains 60-foot darkvision, dwarven stonecunning, a +2 enhancement bonus to Constitution, and a +2 resistance bonus on saves against poison, spells, and spell-like effects.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, tongues, creator must be a dwarf; Cost 7,450 gp

Belt of Giant Strength

Aura moderate transmutation: CL 8th

Slot belt; **Weight** 1 lb.; **Price** 4,000 gp (+2), 16,000 gp (+4), 36,000 gp (+6)

Description

This belt is a thick leather affair, often decorated with huge metal buckles. The belt grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to Strength of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the belt is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, bull's strength; Cost 2,000 gp (+2), 8,000 gp (+4), 18,000 gp (+6)

Belt of Incredible Dexterity

Slot belt; **Weight** 1 lb.; **Price** 4,000 gp (+2), 16,000 gp (+4), 36,000 gp (+6)

This belt has a large silver buckle, usually depicting the image of a tiger. The belt grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to Dexterity of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the belt is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, cat's grace; Cost 2,000

Belt of Mighty Constitution

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th

Slot belt; **Weight** 1 lb.; **Price** 4,000 gp (+2), 16,000 gp (+4), 36,000 gp (+6)

Description

This belt's golden buckle depicts a bear. The belt grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to Constitution of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the belt is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, bear's endurance; Cost 2,000 gp (+2), 8,000 gp (+4), 18,000 gp (+6)

Belt of Physical Might

Aura strong transmutation; CL 12th

Slot belt; **Weight** 1 lb.; **Price** 10,000 gp (+2), 40,000 gp (+4), 90,000 gp (+6)

Description

This belt has a large steel buckle, usually depicting the image Slot —; Price 7,200 gp; Weight 4 lbs. of a giant. The belt grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to two physical ability scores (Strength, Dexterity, or Constitution) of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the belt is worn. These bonuses are chosen when the belt is created and cannot be changed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, bear's endurance, 20,000 gp (+4), 45,000 gp (+6)

Belt of Physical Perfection

Aura strong transmutation; **CL** 16th

Slot belt; **Weight** 1 lb.; **Price** 16,000 gp (+2), 64,000 gp (+4), 144,000 gp (+6)

Description

This belt has a large platinum buckle, usually depicting the A third word of command causes the boat or ship to fold image of a titan. The belt grants the wearer an enhancement itself into a box once again, but only when it is unoccupied. bonus to all physical ability scores (Strength, Dexterity, and Constitution) of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the belt is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, bear's endurance, bull's strength, cat's grace; Cost 8,000 gp (+2), 32,000 gp Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th (+4), 77,000 gp (+6)

Blessed Book

Aura moderate transmutation; **CL** 7th

Slot —; **Price** 12,500 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This well-made tome is always of small size, typically no more than 12 inches tall, 8 inches wide, and 1 inch thick. All such books are durable, waterproof, bound with iron overlaid with silver, and locked.

A wizard can fill the 1,000 pages of a blessed book with spells without paying the material cost. This book is never Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd found as randomly generated treasure with spells already inscribed in it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, secret page; Cost 6,250 gp

Boat, Folding

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 6th

Description

A folding boat looks like a small wooden box about 12 inches long, 6 inches wide, and 6 inches deep when it is inactive. In this mode, it can be used to store items just like any other box. Yet when the proper command word is given, the box unfolds itself rapidly in the space of a single round to form a boat 10 feet long, 4 feet wide, and 2 feet in depth. A second command word causes it to unfold even further into a bull's strength, and/or cat's grace; Cost 5,000 gp (+2), ship 24 feet long, 8 feet wide, and 6 feet deep. The folding boat cannot unfold if there isn't enough open space for it to occupy once unfolded. Any objects formerly stored in the box now rest inside the boat or ship.

> In its smaller form, the boat has one pair of oars, an anchor, a mast, and a lateen sail. In its larger form, the boat has a deck, single rowing seats, five sets of oars, a rudder, an anchor, a deck cabin, and a mast with a square sail. The boat can hold 4 people comfortably, while the ship carries 15 with ease.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fabricate, creator must have 2 ranks in the Craft (ships) skill; **Cost** 3,600 gp

Boots of Elvenkind

Slot feet; **Price** 2,500 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

These soft boots enable the wearer to move nimbly about in virtually any surroundings, granting a +5 competence bonus on Acrobatics checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, creator must be an elf; Cost 1,250 gp

Boots of Levitation

Slot feet; Price 7,500 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

These soft leather boots are incredibly light and comfortable, Aura faint abjuration and transmutation; CL 5th with thin soles reinforced by strips of tough hide that provide Slot feet; Price 2,500 gp; Weight 1 lb. an unexpected amount of support and protection to the foot. On command, these boots allow the wearer to levitate as if Description she had cast levitate on herself.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, levitate; Cost 3,750 gp

Boots of Speed

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th Slot feet; Price 12,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

As a free action, the wearer can click her heels together. letting her act as though affected by a haste spell for up to 10 rounds each day. The haste effect's duration need not be consecutive rounds.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, haste; Cost 6,000 gp

Boots of Striding and Springing

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd Slot feet; Price 5,500 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

These boots increase the wearer's base land speed by 10 feet. In addition to this striding ability (considered enhancement bonus), these boots allow the wearer to make great leaps. She can jump with a +5 competence bonus on Acrobatics checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, longstrider, creator must have 5 ranks in the Acrobatics skill; Cost 2,750 gp

Boots of Teleportation

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th Slot feet; Price 49,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

Any character wearing this footwear may teleport three times per day, exactly as if he had cast the spell of the same name.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, teleport; Cost 24,500

Boots of the Winterlands

This footgear bestows many powers upon the wearer. First, he is able to travel across snow at his normal speed, leaving no tracks. Second, the boots also enable him to travel at normal speed across the most slippery ice (horizontal surfaces only, not vertical or sharply slanted ones) without falling or slipping. Finally, boots of the winterlands warm the wearer, as if he were affected by an endure elements spell.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, cat's grace, endure elements, pass without trace; Cost 1,250 gp

Boots, Winged

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th

Slot feet; Price 16,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

These boots appear to be ordinary footgear. On command, they sprout wings at the heel and let the wearer fly, without having to maintain concentration, as if affected by a fly spell (including a +4 bonus on Fly skill checks). He can fly three per times day for up to 5 minutes per flight.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fly; Cost 8,000 gp

Bottle of Air

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 7th

Slot —; Price 7,250 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This item appears to be a normal glass bottle with a cork. When taken to any airless environment, it retains air within it at all times, continually renewing its contents. This means that a character can draw air out of the bottle to breathe. The bottle can even be shared by multiple characters who pass it around. Breathing out of the bottle is a standard action, but a character so doing can then act for as long as she can hold her breath.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, water breathing; Cost 3,625 gp

Bracelet of Friends

Aura strong conjuration; CL 15th

Slot wrists; **Price** 19,000 gp; **Weight** —

Description

created. The owner may designate one person known to him gp (+7), 64,000 gp (+8); Weight 1 lb. to be keyed to each charm. (This designation takes a standard action, but once done it lasts forever or until changed.) When a charm is grasped and the name of the keyed individual is spoken, that person is called to the spot (a standard action) along with his gear, as long as the owner and the called person are on the same plane. The keyed individual knows who is calling, and the bracelet of friends only functions on willing travelers. Once a charm is activated, it disappears. Charms separated from the bracelet are worthless. A bracelet Alternatively, bracers of armor can be enchanted with armor each missing charm.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, refuge; Cost 9,500 gp

Bracers of Archery, Greater

Aura moderate transmutation: CL 8th

Slot wrists; **Price** 25,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

These wristbands look like normal protective wear. The bracers empower the wearer to use any bow (not including crossbows) as if she were proficient in its use. If she already has proficiency with any type of bow, she gains a +2 competence bonus on attack rolls and a +1 competence Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, mage armor, creator's bonus on damage rolls whenever using that type of bow. Both bracers must be worn for the magic to be effective.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Craft Magic Arms and Armor, crafter must be proficient with a longbow or Brooch of Shielding shortbow; Cost 12,500 gp

Bracers of Archery, Lesser

Aura faint transmutation; CL 4th

Slot wrists; **Price** 5,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

These wristbands function as greater bracers of archery, except that they grant a +1 competence bonus on attack rolls and no bonus on damage rolls.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Craft Magic Arms and

Armor, crafter must be proficient with a longbow or shortbow; Cost 2,500 gp

Bracers of Armor

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 7th

Slot wrists; **Price** 1,000 gp (+1), 4,000 gp (+2), 9,000 gp This silver charm bracelet has four charms upon it when (+3), 16,000 gp (+4), 25,000 gp (+5), 36,000 gp (+6), 49,000

Description

These items appear to be wrist or arm guards. They surround the wearer with an invisible but tangible field of force, granting him an armor bonus of +1 to +8, just as though he were wearing armor. Both bracers must be worn for the magic to be effective.

found with fewer than four charms is worth 25% less for special abilities. See Table: Armor Special Qualities for a list of abilities. Special abilities usually count as additional bonuses for determining the market value of an item, but do not improve AC. Bracers of armor cannot have a modified bonus (armor bonus plus armor special ability bonus equivalents) higher than +8. Bracers of armor must have at least a +1 armor bonus to grant an armor special ability. Bracers of armor cannot have any armor special abilities that add a flat gp amount to their cost. Bracers of armor and ordinary armor do not stack. If a creature receives a larger armor bonus from another source, the bracers of armor cease functioning and do not grant their armor bonus or their armor special abilities. If the bracers of armor grant a larger armor bonus, the other source of armor ceases functioning.

Construction

caster level must be at least two times that of the bonus placed in the bracers, plus any requirements of the armor special abilities; Cost 500 gp (+1), 2,000 gp (+2), 4,500 gp (+3), 8,000 gp (+4), 12,500 gp (+5), 18,000 gp (+6), 24,500 gp (+7), 32,000 gp (+8)

Aura faint abjuration; CL 1st

Slot neck; Price 1,500 gp; Weight —

Description

This appears to be a piece of silver or gold jewelry used to fasten a cloak or cape. In addition to this mundane task, it can absorb magic missiles of the sort generated by the spell or spell-like ability. A brooch can absorb up to 101 points of damage from magic missiles before it melts and becomes useless.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, shield; Cost 750 gp

Broom of Flying

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 9th

Slot —; Price 17,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This broom is able to fly through the air as if affected by an overland flight spell (+4 on Fly skill checks) for up to 9 hours per day (split up as its owner desires). The broom can carry 200 pounds and fly at a speed of 40 feet, or up to 400 pounds at a speed at 30 feet. In addition, the broom can Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, zone of truth; Cost travel alone to any destination named by the owner as long as she has a good idea of the location and layout of that destination. It flies to its owner from as far away as 300 yards when she speaks the command word. The broom of flying has a speed of 40 feet when it has no rider.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, overland flight, permanency; Cost 8,500 gp

Candle of Invocation

Aura strong conjuration; **CL** 17th

Slot—; **Price** 8,400 gp; **Weight** 1/2 lb.

Description

Each of these special tapers is dedicated to one of the nine alignments. Simply burning the candle generates a favorable aura for the individual if the candle's alignment matches that of the character. Characters of the same alignment as the burning candle add a +2 morale bonus on attack rolls, saving throws, and skill checks while within 30 feet of the flame.

A cleric whose alignment matches the candle's operates as if two levels higher for purposes of determining spells per day if he burns the candle during or just prior to his spell preparation time. He can even cast spells normally unavailable to him as if he were of that higher level, but only so long as the candle continues to burn. Except in special cases (see below), a candle burns for 4 hours. It is possible to extinguish the candle simply by blowing it out, so users often place it in a lantern to protect it from drafts and the like. Doing this doesn't interfere with its magical properties.

In addition, burning a candle also allows the owner to cast a gate spell, the respondent being of the same alignment as the candle, but the taper is immediately consumed in the process.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *gate*, creator must be same alignment as candle created; Cost 4,200 gp

Candle of Truth

Aura faint enchantment; CL 3rd

Slot—; **Price** 2,500 gp; **Weight** 1/2 lb.

Description

This white tallow candle, when burned, calls into place a zone of truth spell (Will DC 13 negates) in a 5-foot radius centered on the candle. The zone lasts for 1 hour, while the candle burns. If the candle is snuffed before that time, the effect is canceled and the candle ruined.

Construction

1,250 gp

Cape of the Mountebank

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th

Slot shoulders; Price 10,080 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

On command, this bright red and gold cape allows the wearer to use the magic of the *dimension door* spell once per day. When he disappears, he leaves behind a cloud of smoke, appearing in a similar fashion at his destination.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, dimension door; Cost 5,400 gp

Carpet of Flying

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th

Slot —; Price varies; Weight —

Description

This rug is able to fly through the air as if affected by an overland flight spell of unlimited duration. The size, carrying capacity, and speed of the different carpets of flying are shown on the table below. Beautifully and intricately made, each carpet has its own command word to activate it-if the device is within voice range, the command word activates it, whether the speaker is on the rug or not. The carpet is then controlled by spoken directions.

Size	Capacity	Speed	Weight	Market Price
5 ft. by 5 ft.	200 lbs.	40 ft.	8 lbs.	20,000 gp
5 ft. by 10 ft.	400 lbs.	40 ft.	10 lbs.	35,000 gp
10 ft. by 10 ft.	800 lbs.	40 ft.	15 lbs.	60,000 gp

A carpet of flying can carry up to double its capacity, but doing so reduces its speed to 30 feet. A carpet of flying can hover without making a Fly skill check and gives a +5 bonus Circlet of Persuasion to other Fly checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, overland flight; Cost 10,000 gp (5 ft. by 5 ft.), 17,500 gp (5 ft. by 10 ft.), 30,000 gp (10 ft. by 10 ft.)

Chime of Interruption

Aura moderate evocation; **CL** 7th

Slot—; **Price** 16,800 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This instrument can be struck once every 10 minutes, and its resonant tone lasts for 3 full minutes.

While the chime is resonating, no spell requiring a verbal component can be cast within a 30-foot radius of it unless the caster can make a concentration check (DC 15 + the spell's level).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, shout; Cost 8,400 gp

Chime of Opening

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 11th Slot —; Price 3,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

A chime of opening is a hollow mithral tube about 1 foot long. When struck, it sends forth magical vibrations that cause locks, lids, doors, valves, and portals to open. The device functions against normal bars, shackles, chains, bolts, and so on. A chime of opening also automatically dispels a hold portal spell or even an arcane lock cast by a wizard of lower than 15th level.

The chime must be pointed at the item or gate to be loosed or opened (which must be visible and known to the user). The chime is then struck and a clear tone rings forth. The wielder can make a caster level check against the lock or binding, using the chime's caster level of 11th. The DC of this check By holding the edges of the garment, the wearer is able to fly cracks and becomes useless.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *knock*; Cost 1,500 gp

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot head; Price 4,500 gp; Weight —

Description

This silver headband grants a +3 competence bonus on the wearer's Charisma-based checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, eagle's splendor; Cost 2,250 gp

Cloak of Arachnida

Aura moderate conjuration and transmutation; CL 6th

Slot shoulders; **Price** 14,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This black garment, embroidered with a web-like pattern in silk, gives the wearer the ability to climb as if a *spider climb* spell had been placed upon her. In addition, the cloak grants her immunity to entrapment by web spells or webs of any sort; she can actually move in webs at half her normal speed. Once per day, the wearer of this cloak can cast web. She also gains a +2 luck bonus on all Fortitude saves against poison from spiders.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, spider climb, web; Cost 7,000 gp

Cloak of the Bat

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 7th

Slot shoulders; **Price** 26,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

Fashioned of dark brown or black cloth, this cloak bestows a +5 competence bonus on Stealth checks. The wearer is also able to hang upside down from the ceiling like a bat.

is equal to the Disable Device DC to open the lock or as per the spell (including a +7 bonus on Fly skill checks). If binding. Each sounding only opens one form of locking, so if he desires, the wearer can actually polymorph himself into an a chest is chained, padlocked, locked, and arcane locked, it ordinary bat and fly accordingly (as beast shape III). All takes four successful uses of a chime of opening to get it possessions worn or carried are part of the transformation. open. A silence spell negates the power of the device. A Flying, either with the cloak or in bat form, can be brand-new chime can be used a total of 10 times before it accomplished only in darkness (either under the night sky or in a lightless or near-lightless environment underground). Either of the flying powers is usable for up to 7 minutes at a time, but after a flight of any duration the cloak cannot bestow any flying power for a like period of time.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *beast shape III*, *fly*; This silvery gray cloak seems to absorb light rather than be Cost 13,000 gp illuminated by it. On command, the cloak makes its wearer

Cloak of Displacement, Major

Aura moderate illusion; CL 7th

Slot shoulders; **Price** 50,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This item appears to be a normal cloak, but on command its magical properties distort and warp light waves. This displacement works just like the *displacement* spell and lasts for a total of 15 rounds per day, which the wearer can divide up as she sees fit.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Extend Spell *displacement*; Cost 25,000 gp

Cloak of Displacement, Minor

Aura faint illusion; CL 3rd

Slot shoulders; **Price** 24,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This item appears to be a normal cloak, but when worn by a character, its magical properties distort and warp light waves. This displacement works similar to the *blur* spell, granting a 20% miss chance on attacks against the wearer. It functions continually.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, blur; Cost 12,000 gp

Cloak of Elvenkind

Aura faint illusion; CL 3rd

Slot shoulders; Price 2,500 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

When this plain gray cloak is worn with the hood drawn up around the head, the wearer gains a +5 competence bonus on Stealth checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *invisibility*, creator must be an elf; **Cost** 1,250 gp

Cloak of Etherealness

Aura strong transmutation; CL 15th

Slot shoulders; **Price** 55,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This silvery gray cloak seems to absorb light rather than be illuminated by it. On command, the cloak makes its wearer ethereal (as the *ethereal jaunt* spell). The effect is dismissible. The cloak works for a total of up to 10 minutes per day. This duration need not be continuous, but it must be used in 1 minute increments.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *ethereal jaunt*; **Cost** 27,500 gp

Cloak of the Manta Ray

Aura moderate transmutation; **CL** 9th **Slot** shoulders; **Price** 7,200 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This cloak appears to be made of leather until the wearer enters salt water. At that time, the *cloak of the manta ray* adheres to the individual, and he appears nearly identical to a manta ray (as the *beast shape II* spell, except that it allows only manta ray form). He gains a +3 natural armor bonus, the ability to breathe underwater, and a swim speed of 60 feet, like a real manta ray.

The cloak does allow the wearer to attack with a manta ray's tail spine, dealing 1d6 points of damage. This attack can be used in addition to any other attack the character has, using his highest melee attack bonus. The wearer can release his arms from the cloak without sacrificing underwater movement if so desired.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, beast shape II, water breathing; Cost 3,600 gp

Cloak of Resistance

Aura faint abjuration; CL 5th

Slot shoulders; **Price** 1,000 gp (+1), 4,000 gp (+2), 9,000 gp (+3), 16,000 gp (+4), 25,000 gp (+5); **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

These garments offer magic protection in the form of a +1 to +5 resistance bonus on all saving throws (Fortitude, Reflex, and Will).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, resistance, creator's caster level must be at least three times the cloak's bonus; **Cost** 500 gp (+1), 2,000 gp (+2), 4,500 gp (+3), 8,000 gp (+4), 12,500 gp (+5)

Crown of Blasting, Minor

Aura moderate evocation; CL 6th

Slot head; Weight 1 lb.; Price 6,480 gp

Description

On command, this simple golden crown projects a blast of searing light (3d8 points of damage) once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, searing light; Cost 3,240 gp

Crown of Blasting, Major

Aura strong evocation; CL 17th

Slot head; Weight 1 lb.; Price 23,760 gp

Description

On command, this elaborate golden crown projects a blast of searing light (5d8 maximized for 40 points of damage) once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Maximize Spell, searing light; Cost 11,880 gp

Crystal Ball

Aura moderate divination; CL 10th

Slot—; **Price** varies; **Weight** 7 lbs.

Description

This is the most common form of scrying device, a crystal sphere about 6 inches in diameter. So well-known are these items that many so-called oracles or fortune-tellers use similar appearing (but completely non-magical) replicas of these items to ply their trades. A character can use a magical When the cube of force is active, attacks dealing more than negates). A crystal ball can be used multiple times per day, maintain each of the cube's six walls is summarized below. but the DC to resist its power decreases by 1 for each additional use.

Certain crystal balls have additional powers that can be used through the crystal ball on the target viewed.

Crystal Ball Type	Market Price
Crystal ball	42,000 gp
Crystal ball with see invisibility	50,000 gp
Crystal ball with telepathy*	70,000 gp
Crystal ball with true seeing	80,000 gp
Crystal ball with detect thoughts (Will DC 13)	51.000 gp

Crystal Ball Type

Market Price

negates)

* The viewer is able to send and receive silent mental messages with the person appearing in the crystal ball. Once per day, the character may attempt to implant a suggestion (as the spell, Will DC 14 negates) as well.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, scrying (plus any additional spells put into item); Cost 21,000 gp (standard), 25,000 (with see invisibility), 25,500 gp (with detect thoughts), 35,000 gp (with telepathy), 40,000 gp (with true seeing)

Cube of Force

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot—; **Price** 62,000 gp; **Weight** 1/2 lb.

Description

This device is just under an inch across and can be made of ivory, bone, or any hard mineral. Typically, each of the cube's faces are polished smooth, but sometimes they are etched with runes. The device enables its possessor to put up a special cube made up of 6 individual wall of force spells, 10 feet on a side around her person. This cubic screen moves with the character and is impervious to the attack forms mentioned on the table below. The cube has 36 charges when fully charged—charges used are automatically renewed each day. The possessor presses one face of the cube to activate a particular type of screen or to deactivate the device. Each effect costs a certain number of charges to maintain for every minute (or portion of a minute) it is in operation. Also, when an effect is active, the possessor's speed is limited to the maximum value given on the table.

crystal ball to see over virtually any distance or into other 30 points of damage drain 1 charge for every 10 points of planes of existence, as with the spell scrying (Will DC 16 damage beyond 30 that they deal. The charge cost to

Cube Face	Charge Cost per Minute	Max. Speed	Effect
1	1	30 ft.	Keeps out gases, wind, etc.
2	2	20 ft.	Keeps out nonliving matter
3	3	15 ft.	Keeps out living matter
4	4	10 ft.	Keeps out magic
5	6	10 ft.	Keeps out all things
6	0	As normal	Deactivates

Spells that affect the integrity of the screen also drain extra

charges. These spells cannot be cast into or out of the cube.

Attack Form	Extra Charges
Disintegrate	6
Horn of blasting	6
Passwall	3
Phase door	5
Prismatic spray	7
Wall of fire	2

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, wall of force; Cost 31,000 gp

Cube of Frost Resistance

Aura faint abjuration; **CL** 5th

Slot —; Price 27,000 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This cube is activated or deactivated by pressing one side. When activated, it creates a cube-shaped area 10 feet on a side centered on the possessor (or on the cube itself, if the Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, unhallow, creator must item is later placed on a surface). The temperature within this area is always at least 65° F. The field absorbs all cold-based attacks. However, if the field is subjected to more than 50 Decanter of Endless Water points of cold damage in 1 round (from one or multiple attacks), it collapses and cannot be reactivated for 1 hour. If the field absorbs more than 100 points of cold damage in a **Slot**—; **Price** 9,000 gp; **Weight** 2 lbs. 10-round period, the cube is destroyed.

Construction

Cost 13,500 gp

Cubic Gate

Aura strong conjuration; CL 13th

Slot —; Price 164,000 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This potent magical item is a small cube fashioned from The geyser effect exerts considerable pressure, requiring the carnelian. Each of the six sides of the cube is keyed to a holder to make a DC 12 Strength check to avoid being different plane of existence or dimension, one of which is the knocked down each round the effect is maintained. In Material Plane. The character creating the item chooses the addition, the powerful force of the geyser deals 1d4 points of planes to which the other five sides are keyed.

If a side of the *cubic gate* is pressed once, it opens a *gate* to a random point on the plane keyed to that side. There is a 10% chance per minute that an outsider from that plane (determine randomly) comes through it looking for food, fun, or trouble. Pressing the side a second time closes the gate. It is impossible to open more than one *gate* at a time.

If a side is pressed twice in quick succession, the character so doing is transported to a random point on the other plane, along with all creatures in adjacent squares. The other creatures may avoid this fate by succeeding on DC 23 Will saves.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, plane shift; Cost 82,000 gp

Darkskull

Aura moderate evocation [evil]; CL 9th

Slot —; Price 60,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This skull, carved from ebony, is wholly evil. Wherever the skull goes, the area around it is treated as though an unhallow spell had been cast with the skull as the touched point of origin. Each darkskull has a single spell effect tied to it. This spell is from the standard list given in the unhallow spell description, and it cannot be changed.

Construction

be evil; **Cost** 30,000 gp

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 9th

Description

If the stopper is removed from this ordinary-looking flask Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, protection from energy; and a command word spoken, an amount of fresh or salt water pours out. Separate command words determine the type of water as well as the volume and velocity.

- "Stream" pours out 1 gallon per round.
- "Fountain" produces a 5-foot-long stream at 5 gallons per round.
- "Geyser" produces a 20-foot-long, 1-foot-wide stream at 30 gallons per round.

damage per round to a creature that is subjected to it. The geyser can only affect one target per round, but the user can direct the beam of water without needing to make an attack role to strike the target since the geyser's constant flow allows for ample opportunity to aim. Creatures with the fire subtype take 2d4 points of damage per round from the geyser rather than 1d4. The command word must be spoken to stop

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *control water*; **Cost** 4,500 gp

Deck of Illusions

Aura moderate illusion; CL 6th

Slot—; **Price** 8,100 gp; **Weight** 1/2 lb.

Description

This set of parchment cards is usually found in an ivory, leather, or wooden box. A full deck consists of 34 cards. When a card is drawn at random and thrown to the ground, a *major image* of a creature is formed. The figment lasts until dispelled. The illusory creature cannot move more than 30 feet away from where the card landed, but otherwise moves and acts as if it were real. At all times it obeys the desires of the character who drew the card. When the illusion is dispelled, the card becomes blank and cannot be used again. If the card is picked up, the illusion is automatically and instantly dispelled. The cards in a deck and the illusions they bring forth are summarized on the following table. (Use one of the first two columns to simulate the contents of a full deck using either ordinary playing cards or tarot cards.)

Playing Card	Tarot Card	Creature
Ace of hearts	IV. The Emperor	Red dragon
King of hearts	Knight of swords	Male human fighter and four guards
Queen of hearts	Queen of staves	Female human wizard
Jack of hearts	King of staves	Male human druid
Ten of hearts	VII. The Chariot	Cloud giant
Nine of hearts	Page of staves	Ettin
Eight of hearts	Ace of cups	Bugbear
Two of hearts	Five of staves	Goblin
Ace of diamonds	III. The Empress	Glabrezu (demon)
King of diamonds	Two of cups	Male elf wizard and female apprentice
Queen of diamonds	Queen of swords	Half-elf ranger
Jack of diamonds	XIV. Temperance	Harpy Male half-orc
Ten of diamonds	Seven of staves	Male half-orc barbarian
Nine of diamonds	Four of pentacles	Ogre mage
Eight of diamonds	Ace of pentacles	Gnoll
Two of diamonds	Six of pentacles	Kobold
Ace of spades	II. The High	Lich
	Priestess	

Playing Card	Tarot Card	Creature
Queen of spades	Four of cups	Medusa
Jack of spades	Knight of pentacles	Male dwarf paladin
Ten of spades	Seven of swords	Frost giant
Nine of spades	Three of swords	Troll
Eight of spades	Ace of swords	Hobgoblin
Two of spades	Five of cups	Goblin
Ace of clubs	VIII. Strength	Iron golem
King of clubs	Page of pentacles	Three halfling rogues
Queen of clubs	Ten of cups	Pixies
Jack of clubs	Nine of pentacles	Half-elf bard
Ten of clubs	Nine of staves	Hill giant
Nine of clubs	King of swords	Ogre
Eight of clubs	Ace of staves	Orc
Two of clubs	Five of cups	Kobold
Joker	Two of pentacles	Illusion of deck's owner
Joker	Two of staves	Illusion of deck's owner (sex reversed)

A randomly generated deck is usually complete (11–100 on d %), but may be discovered (01–10) with 1d20 of its cards missing. If cards are missing, reduce the price by a corresponding amount.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *major image*; **Cost** 4,050 gp

Dimensional Shackles

Aura moderate abjuration; **CL** 11th

Slot wrists; **Price** 28,000 gp; **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

These shackles have golden runes traced across their cold iron links. Any creature bound within them is affected as if a *dimensional anchor* spell were cast upon it (no save). They fit any Small to Large creature. The DC to break or slip out of the shackles is 30.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *dimensional anchor*; **Cost** 14,000 gp

Drums of Panic

Aura moderate necromancy; CL 7th

Slot—; **Price** 30,000 gp; **Weight** 10 lbs. for the pair.

Description

These drums are kettle drums (hemispheres about 1-1/2 feet **Requirements** Craft Wondrous Item, greater invisibility; in diameter on stands). They come in pairs and are Cost 1,750 gp unremarkable in appearance. If both of the pair are sounded, all creatures within 120 feet (with the exception of those within a 20-foot-radius safe zone around the drums) are affected as by a fear spell (Will DC 16 partial). Drums of panic can be used once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fear; Cost 15,000 gp

Dust of Appearance

Aura faint conjuration; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 1,800 gp; Weight —

Description

dust. A single handful of this substance flung into the air coats objects within a 10-foot radius, making them visible even if they are invisible. It likewise negates the effects of blur and displacement. In this, it works just like the faerie fire spell. The dust also reveals figments, mirror images, and projected images for what they are. A creature coated with the dust takes a -30 penalty on its Stealth checks. The dust's effect lasts for 5 minutes.

Dust of appearance is typically stored in small silk packets or hollow bone tubes.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, glitterdust; Cost 900 gp

Dust of Disappearance

Aura moderate illusion; CL 7th

Slot —; Price 3,500 gp; Weight —

Description

This dust looks like dust of appearance and is typically stored in the same manner. A creature or object touched by it **Requirements** Craft Wondrous Item, disguise self; Cost 600 becomes invisible (as greater invisibility). Normal vision gp can't see dusted creatures or objects, nor can they be detected by magical means, including see invisibility or invisibility purge. Dust of appearance, however, does reveal people and objects made invisible by dust of disappearance. Other factors, such as sound and smell, also allow possible detection. The greater invisibility bestowed by the dust lasts for 2d6 rounds. The invisible creature doesn't know when the duration will end.

Construction

Dust of Dryness

Aura moderate transmutation: CL 11th

Slot —; Price 850 gp; Weight —

Description

This special dust has many uses. If it is thrown into water, a volume of as much as 100 gallons is instantly transformed into nothingness, and the dust becomes a marble-sized pellet, floating or resting where it was thrown. If this pellet is hurled, it breaks and releases the same volume of water. The dust affects only water (fresh, salt, alkaline), not other liquids.

If the dust is employed against an outsider with the elemental This powder appears to be a very fine, very light metallic and water subtypes, the creature must make a DC 18 Fortitude save or be destroyed. The dust deals 5d6 points of damage to the creature even if its saving throw succeeds.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, control water; Cost 425 gp

Dust of Illusion

Aura moderate illusion; CL 6th

Slot —; Price 1,200 gp; Weight —

Description

This unremarkable powder resembles chalk dust or powdered graphite. Stare at it, however, and the dust changes color and form. Put dust of illusion on a creature, and that creature is affected as if by a disguise self glamer, with the individual who sprinkles the dust envisioning the illusion desired. An unwilling target is allowed a DC 11 Reflex save to avoid the dust. The glamer lasts for 2 hours.

Construction

Dust of Tracelessness

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd

Slot —; Price 250 gp; Weight -

Description

This normal-seeming dust is actually a magic powder that can conceal the passage of its possessor and his companions. Tossing a handful of this dust into the air causes a chamber

dirty, and cobweb-laden as if it had been abandoned and afterward the efreeti disappears forever, and the bottle disused for a decade.

A handful of dust sprinkled along a trail causes evidence of the passage of as many as a dozen men and horses to be obliterated for 250 feet back into the distance. The results of the dust are instantaneous, and no magical aura lingers afterward from this use of the dust. Survival checks made to track a quarry across an area affected by this dust have a DC 20 higher than normal.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, pass without trace; *Cost* 125 gp

Efficient Quiver

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th

Slot—; **Price** 1,800 gp; **Weight** 2 lbs.

Description

This appears to be a typical arrow container capable of When the gem is crushed, smashed, or broken (a standard holding about 20 arrows. It has three distinct portions, each action), a Large elemental appears as if summoned by a with a nondimensional space allowing it to store far more summon nature's ally spell. The elemental is under the than would normally be possible. The first and smallest one control of the creature that broke the gem. can contain up to 60 objects of the same general size and shape as an arrow. The second slightly longer compartment holds up to 18 objects of the same general size and shape as a javelin. The third and longest portion of the case contains as many as 6 objects of the same general size and shape as a bow (spears, staffs, or the like). Once the owner has filled it, the quiver can quickly produce any item she wishes that is within the quiver, as if from a regular quiver or scabbard. The efficient quiver weighs the same no matter what's placed summon nature's ally V; Cost 1,125 gp inside it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, secret chest; Cost 900

Efreeti Bottle

Aura strong conjuration; CL 14th

Slot—; **Price** 145,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This item is typically fashioned of brass or bronze, with a lead stopper bearing special seals. Periodically, a thin stream of bitter-smelling smoke issues from the bottle's top. The bottle can be opened once per day. When opened, the efreeti Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, scorching ray; Cost imprisoned within issues from the bottle instantly amid a cloud of noxious smoke. There is a 10% chance (01-10 on d %) that the efreeti is insane and attacks immediately upon being released. There is also a 10% chance (91-100) that the Aura faint illusion; CL 5th

of up to 100 square feet of floor space to become as dusty, effecti of the bottle grants three wishes. In either case, becomes nonmagical. The other 80% of the time (11–90), the inhabitant of the bottle loyally serves the character for up to 10 minutes per day (or until the efreeti's death), doing as she commands. Roll each day the bottle is opened for that day's effect.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, planar binding; Cost 72,500 gp

Elemental Gem

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 11th

Slot —; Price 2,250 gp; Weight —

Description

An elemental gem comes in one of four different varieties. Each contains a conjuration spell attuned to a specific elemental plane (Air, Earth, Fire, or Water).

The coloration of the gem varies with the type of elemental it summons. Air elemental gems are transparent, earth elemental gems are light brown, fire elemental gems are reddish orange, and water elemental gems are blue-green.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, summon monster V or

Elixir of Fire Breath

Aura moderate evocation; CL 11th

Slot —; Price 1,100 gp; Weight —

Description

This strange bubbling elixir bestows upon the drinker the ability to spit gouts of flame. He can breathe fire up to three times, each time dealing 4d6 points of fire damage to a single target up to 25 feet away. The victim can attempt a DC 13 Reflex save for half damage. Unused blasts of fire dissipate 1 hour after the liquid is consumed.

Construction

550 gp

Elixir of Hiding

Slot —; Price 250 gp; Weight —

Description

A character drinking this liquid gains an intuitive ability to sneak and hide (+10 competence bonus on Stealth checks for 1 hour).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, invisibility: Cost 125

Elixir of Love

Aura faint enchantment; CL 4th

Slot —; Price 150 gp; Weight -

Description

This sweet-tasting liquid causes the character drinking it to become enraptured with the first creature she sees after consuming the draft (as charm person—the drinker must be a humanoid of Medium or smaller size, Will DC 14 negates). Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, cat's grace; Cost 125 The charm effect wears off in 1d3 hours.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, charm person; Cost 75 Aura faint divination; CL 2nd

Elixir of Swimming

Aura faint transmutation; CL 2nd

Slot —; Price 250 gp; Weight —

Description

elixir bestows swimming ability. An imperceptible magic sheath surrounds the drinker, allowing Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, true seeing; Cost 125 him to glide through the water easily (+10 competence bonus gp on Swim checks for 1 hour).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, creator must have 5 Slot —; Price 5,400 gp; Weight 1 lb. ranks in the Swim skill; Cost 125 gp

Elixir of Truth

Aura faint enchantment; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 500 gp; Weight —

Description

This elixir forces the drinker it to say nothing but the truth for 10 minutes (Will DC 13 negates). She must answer any questions put to her in that time, but with each question she can make a separate DC 13 Will save. If one of these secondary saves is successful, she doesn't break free of the truth-compelling enchantment but also doesn't have to

answer that particular question (if she does answer, she must tell the truth). No more than one question can be asked each round. This is a mind-affecting compulsion enchantment.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, zone of truth; Cost 250

Elixir of Tumbling

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 250 gp; Weight —

Description

This draught of liquid grants the drinker the ability to tumble about, avoiding attacks and moving carefully across nearly any surface, granting a +10 competence bonus on Acrobatics checks for 1 hour.

Construction

Elixir of Vision

Slot —; Price 250 gp; Weight —

Description

Drinking this elixir grants the imbiber the ability to notice acute details with great accuracy (+10 competence bonus on Perception checks for 1 hour).

Construction

Eversmoking Bottle

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd

Description

This metal urn is identical in appearance to an efreeti bottle, except that it does nothing but smoke. The amount of smoke is great if the stopper is pulled out, pouring from the bottle and totally obscuring vision across a 50-foot spread in 1 round. If the bottle is left unstoppered, the smoke billows out another 10 feet per round until it has covered a 100-foot radius. This area remains smoke-filled until the eversmoking bottle is stoppered.

The bottle must be resealed by a command word, after which the smoke dissipates normally. A moderate wind (11+ mph) disperses the smoke in 4 rounds; a strong wind (21+ mph)

disperses the smoke in 1 round.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, pyrotechnics; Cost 2,700 gp

Eyes of Charming

Aura moderate enchantment: CL 7th

Slot eyes; **Price** 56,000 gp for a pair; **Weight** -

Description

These two crystal lenses fit over the user's eyes. The wearer is able to use charm person (one target per round) merely by meeting a target's gaze. Those failing a DC 16 Will save are charmed as per the spell. Both lenses must be worn for the magic item to take effect.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Heighten Spell, charm person; Cost 28,000 gp

Eyes of Doom

Aura moderate necromancy; CL 11th

Slot eyes; Price 25,000 gp; Weight —

Description

These crystal lenses fit over the user's eyes, enabling him to cast doom upon those around him (one target per round) as a gaze attack, except that the wearer must take a standard action, and those merely looking at the wearer are not affected. Those failing a DC 11 Will save are affected as by Swan Boat: A token that forms a swan-like boat capable of partial) as a normal gaze attack once per week. Both lenses combination. The boat lasts for 1 day. must be worn for the magic item to take effect.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, doom, deathwatch, fear; Cost 12,500 gp

Eyes of the Eagle

Aura faint divination; CL 3rd

Slot eyes; Price 2,500 gp; Weight —

Description

These items are made of special crystal and fit over the eyes character to become dizzy and stunned for 1 round. Both boat), 200 gp (tree), 250 gp (whip) lenses must be worn for the magic item to take effect.

Construction

Requirements Wondrous Craft Item. clairaudience/clairvoyance; Cost 1,250 gp

Feather Token

Aura strong conjuration; CL 12th

Slot —; Price 50 gp (anchor), 300 gp (bird), 200 gp (fan), 450 gp (swan boat), 400 gp (tree), 500 gp (whip); Weight -

Description

Each of these items is a small feather that has a power to suit a special need. The kinds of tokens are described below. Each token is usable once. A particular feather token has no specific features to identify it unless its magic aura is viewed even tokens with identical powers can be wildly different in appearance.

Anchor: A token that creates an anchor that moors a craft in water so as to render it immobile for up to 1 day.

Bird: A token that creates a small bird that can be used to deliver a small written message unerringly to a designated target. The token lasts as long as it takes to carry the message.

Fan: A token that forms a huge flapping fan, causing a breeze of sufficient strength to propel one ship (about 25 mph). This wind is not cumulative with existing wind speed. The token can, however, be used to lessen existing winds, creating an area of relative calm or lighter winds (but wave size in a storm is not affected). The fan can be used for up to 8 hours. It does not function on land.

the doom spell. The wearer also gains the additional power of moving on water at a speed of 60 feet. It can carry eight a continual deathwatch effect and can use fear (Will DC 16 horses and gear, 32 Medium characters, or any equivalent

> Tree: A token that causes a great oak to spring into being (5foot-diameter trunk, 60-foot height, 40-foot top diameter). This is an instantaneous effect.

> Whip: A token that forms into a huge leather whip and wields itself against any opponent desired just like a dancing weapon. The weapon has a +10 base attack bonus, does 1d6+1 points of nonlethal damage, has a +1 enhancement bonus on attack and damage rolls, and a makes a free grapple attack (with a +15 bonus on its combat maneuver checks) if it hits. The whip lasts no longer than 1 hour.

Construction

of the wearer. These lenses grant a +5 competence bonus on **Requirements** Craft Wondrous Item, major creation; Cost Perception checks. Wearing only one of the pair causes a 25 gp (anchor), 150 gp (bird), 100 gp (fan), 225 gp (swan

Figurines of Wondrous Power

Aura varies; CL varies

Slot —; Price 10,000 gp (bronze griffon), 10,000 gp (ebony fly), 16,500 gp (golden lions), 21,000 gp (ivory goats), 17,000 gp (marble elephant), 28,500 gp (obsidian steed), 15,500 gp (onyx dog), 9,100 gp (serpentine owl), 3,800 gp (silver raven); Weight 1 lb.

Description

Each of the several kinds of figurines of wondrous power appears to be a miniature statuette of a creature an inch or so high (with one exception). When the figurine is tossed down and the correct command word spoken, it becomes a living creature of normal size (except when noted otherwise below). The creature obeys and serves its owner. Unless stated otherwise, the creature understands Common but does not speak.

If a figurine of wondrous power is broken or destroyed in its statuette form, it is forever ruined. All magic is lost, its power departed. If slain in animal form, the figurine simply reverts to a statuette that can be used again at a later time.

Bronze Griffon: When animated, a bronze griffon acts in all Marble Elephant: This is the largest of the figurines, the ways like a normal griffon under the command of its statuette being about the size of a human hand. Upon possessor. The item can be used twice per week for up to 6 utterance of the command word, a marble elephant grows to hours per use. When 6 hours have passed or when the size and specifications of a true elephant. The animal command word is spoken, the bronze griffon once again created from the statuette is fully obedient to the figurine's becomes a tiny statuette. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; owner, serving as a beast of burden, a mount, or a combatant. Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects.

Ebony Fly: When animated, an ebony fly is the size of a pony and has all the statistics of a pegasus but can make no attacks. The item can be used three times per week for up to Obsidian Steed: This figurine appears to be a small, Wondrous Item, animate objects.

Golden Lions: These figurines come in pairs. They become normal adult male lions. If slain in combat, the lions cannot be brought back from statuette form for 1 full week. Otherwise, they can be used once per day for up to 1 hour. They enlarge and shrink upon speaking the command word. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects.

this trio looks slightly different from the others, and each has transmutation; CL 15th; Craft Wondrous Item, animate a different function:

totaling 24 hours. At this point, or when the

- command word is uttered, it returns to its statuette form for no less than 1 day before it can again be
- The Goat of Travail: This statuette becomes an enormous creature, larger than a bull, with the statistics of a nightmare except for the addition of a pair of wicked horns of exceptional size (damage 1d8+4 for each horn). If it is charging to attack, it may only use its horns (but add 6 points of damage to each successful attack in that round). It can be called to life just once per month for up to 12 hours at a time.
- The Goat of Terror: When called upon with the proper command word, this statuette becomes a destrier-like mount with the statistics of a light horse. However, its rider can employ the goat's horns as weapons (one horn as a +3 heavy lance, the other as a +5 longsword). When ridden in an attack against an opponent, the goat of terror radiates fear as the spell in a 30-foot radius (Will DC 16 partial). It can be used once every 2 weeks for up to 3 hours per use. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects.

The statuette can be used four times per month for up to 24 hours at a time. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects.

12 hours per use. When 12 hours have passed or when the shapeless lump of black stone. Only careful inspection command word is spoken, the ebony fly again becomes a reveals that it vaguely resembles some form of quadruped. tiny statuette. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; Craft On command, the near-formless piece of obsidian becomes a fantastic mount. Treat it as a heavy horse with the following additional powers usable once per round at will: overland flight, plane shift, and ethereal jaunt. The steed allows itself to be ridden, but if the rider is of good alignment, the steed is 10% likely per use to carry him to the lower planes and then return to its statuette form. The statuette can be used once per week for one continuous period of up to 24 hours. Note that when an obsidian steed becomes ethereal or plane shifts, its rider and his gear follow suit. Thus, the user can travel to Ivory Goats: These figurines come in threes. Each goat of other planes via this means. Strong conjuration and objects, etherealness, fly, plane shift.

The Goat of Traveling: This statuette provides a Onyx Dog: When commanded, this statuette changes into a speedy and enduring mount equal to that of a heavy creature with the same properties as a riding dog except that horse in every way except appearance. The goat can it is endowed with an Intelligence of 8, can communicate in travel for a maximum of 1 day each week— Common, and has exceptional olfactory and visual abilities. continuously or in any combination of periods It has the scent ability and adds +4 on its Perception checks. It has 60-foot darkvision, and it can see invisibility. An onyx

dog can be used once per week for up to 6 hours. It obeys **Description** only its owner. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects.

sized horned owl or a giant owl (use the stats for the giant light of one of three sorts. eagle) according to the command word used. The transformation can take place once per day, with a maximum duration of 8 continuous hours. However, after three transformations into giant owl form, the statuette loses all its magical properties. The owl communicates with its owner by telepathic means, informing her of all it sees and hears. Moderate transmutation; CL 11th; Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects.

Silver Raven: This silver figurine turns into a raven on command (but it retains its metallic consistency, which gives it hardness 10). Another command sends it off into the air, bearing a message just like a creature affected by an animal messenger spell. If not commanded to carry a message, the raven obeys the commands of its owner, although it has no special powers or telepathic abilities. It can maintain its nonfigurine status for only 24 hours per week, but the duration need not be continuous. Moderate enchantment and transmutation; CL 6th; Craft Wondrous Item, animal messenger, animate objects.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects, additional spells, see text; Cost 5,000 gp (bronze griffon), 5,000 gp (ebony fly), 8,250 gp (golden lions), 10,500 gp (ivory goats), 8,500 gp (marble elephant), 14,250 gp (obsidian steed), 7,750 gp (onyx dog), 4,550 gp (serpentine gp owl), 1,900 gp (silver raven)

Gauntlet of Rust

Aura moderate transmutation; **CL** 7th

Slot hands; Price 11,500 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This single metal gauntlet looks rusted and pitted but is actually quite powerful. Once per day, it can affect an object as with the rusting grasp spell. It also completely protects the wearer and her gear from rust (magical or otherwise), including the attack of a rust monster.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, rusting grasp; Cost 5,750 gp

Gem of Brightness

Aura moderate evocation; CL 6th

Slot —; Price 13,000 gp; Weight —

This crystal appears to be a long, rough prism. Upon utterance of a command word, though, the gem's facets Serpentine Owl: This figurine becomes either a normal-suddenly grow highly polished as the crystal emits bright

- One command word causes the gem to shed light as a hooded lantern. This use of the gem does not expend any charges, and it continues to emit light until this command word is spoken a second time to extinguish the illumination.
- Another command word causes the gem of brightness to send out a bright ray 1 foot in diameter and 50 feet long. This strikes as a ranged touch attack, and any creature struck by this beam is blinded for 1d4 rounds unless it makes a DC 14 Fortitude save. This use of the gem expends 1 charge.
- The third command word causes the gem to flare in a blinding flash of light that fills a 30-foot cone. Although this glare lasts but a moment, any creature within the cone must make a DC 14 Fortitude save or be blinded for 1d4 rounds. This use expends 5 charges.

A newly created gem of brightness has 50 charges. When all its charges are expended, the gem becomes nonmagical and its facets grow cloudy with a fine network of cracks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, daylight; Cost 6,500

Gem of Seeing

Aura moderate divination; CL 10th

Slot —; Price 75,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This finely cut and polished stone is indistinguishable from an ordinary jewel in appearance. When it is gazed through, a gem of seeing enables the user to see as though she were affected by the true seeing spell. A gem of seeing can be used for as many as 30 minutes a day, in increments of 5 minutes. These increments do not need to be consecutive.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, true seeing; Cost 37,500 gp

Gloves of Arrow Snaring

Aura faint abjuration; CL 3rd

Slot hands; Price 4,000 gp; Weight —

Description

Once worn, these snug gloves seem to meld with the hands, The lenses of this item are made of special crystal. When becoming almost invisible to casual observation. Twice per placed over the eyes of the wearer, the lenses enable her to day, the wearer can act as if he had the Snatch Arrows feat see much better than normal at distances of 1 foot or less, (see Feats for details), even if he does not meet the granting her a +5 competence bonus on Disable Device prerequisites for the feat. Both gloves must be worn for the checks. Both lenses must be worn for the magic to be magic to be effective, and at least one hand must be free to effective. take advantage of the magic.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, shield; Cost 2,000 gp

Glove of Storing

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 6th

Slot hands; **Price** 10,000 gp (one glove); **Weight** —

Description

held in the hand wearing the glove disappears. The item can the lenses are opaque, when placed over the eyes of the weigh no more than 20 pounds and must be able to be held in wearer, they enable him to see normally and also grant him one hand. While stored, the item has negligible weight. With 60-foot darkvision. Both lenses must be worn for the magic a snap of the fingers wearing the glove, the item reappears. A to be effective. glove can only store one item at a time. Storing or retrieving the item is a free action. The item is shrunk down so small within the palm of the glove that it cannot be seen. Spell durations are not suppressed, but continue to expire. If the glove's effect is suppressed or dispelled, the stored item appears instantly. A glove of storing uses up your entire Golem Manual hands slot. You may not use another item (even another glove of storing) that also uses the hands slot.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, shrink item; Cost 5,000 gp

Gloves of Swimming and Climbing

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot hands; Price 6,250 gp; Weight —

Description

competence bonus on Swim checks and Climb checks. Both Craft Construct feat during the construction of the golem, gloves must be worn for the magic to be effective.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, bull's strength, cat's grace; Cost 3,125 gp

Goggles of Minute Seeing

Aura faint divination; CL 3rd

Slot eyes; Price 2,500 gp; Weight —

Description

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, true seeing; Cost 1,250

Goggles of Night

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd

Slot eyes; Price 12,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This device is a single leather glove. On command, one item The lenses of this item are made of dark crystal. Even though

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, darkvision; Cost 6,000

Aura varies; CL varies

Slot —; **Price** 12,000 gp (clay), 8,000 gp (flesh), 35,000 gp (iron), 22,000 gp (stone), 44,000 gp (stone guardian); Weight

Description

A golem manual contains information, incantations, and magical power that help a character to craft a golem. The instructions therein grant a +5 competence bonus on skill checks made to craft the golem's body. Each manual also holds the prerequisite spells needed for a specific golem (although these spells can only be used to create a golem and These apparently normal lightweight gloves grant a +5 cannot be copied), effectively granting the builder use of the and an increase to her caster level for the purpose of crafting a golem.

> The spells included in a golem manual require a spell trigger activation and can be activated only to assist in the construction of a golem. The cost of the book does not include the cost of constructing the golem's body. Once the golem is finished, the writing in the manual fades and the book is consumed in flames. When the book's ashes are sprinkled upon the golem, it becomes fully animated.

Clay Golem Manual: The book contains animate objects, hand, the wearer benefits from the ring as if wearing it divination, enchantment, and transmutation; CL 11th; Craft invisibility each once per day. Construct, creator must be caster level 11th, animate objects, commune, prayer, resurrection.

Flesh Golem Manual: The book contains animate dead, bull's strength, geas/quest, and limited wish. The reader may treat her caster level as one level higher than normal for the purpose of crafting a flesh golem. Moderate enchantment, necromancy [evil], and transmutation; CL 8th; Craft Aura faint transmutation; CL 2nd Construct, creator must be caster level 8th, animate dead, bull's strength, geas/quest, limited wish.

Iron Golem Manual: The book contains cloudkill, geas/quest, limited wish, and polymorph any object. The reader may treat her caster level as four levels higher than normal for the purpose of crafting a iron golem. Strong conjuration, enchantment, and transmutation; CL 16th; Craft Construct, creator must be caster level 16th, cloudkill, geas/quest, limited wish, polymorph any object.

Stone Golem Manual: The book contains geas/quest, limited wish, polymorph any object, and slow. The reader may treat her caster level as three levels higher than normal for the purpose of crafting a stone golem. Strong abjuration and enchantment; CL 14th; Craft Construct, creator must be caster level 14th, antimagic field, geas/quest, limited wish, symbol of stunning.

Stone Golem Guardian Manual: The book contains Description geas/quest, imbue with spell-like ability, limited wish, polymorph any object, shield other, and slow. The reader may A backpack of this sort appears to be well made, well used, treat her caster level as three levels higher than normal for and quite ordinary. It is constructed of finely tanned leather, the purpose of crafting a stone golem guardian. Strong and the straps have brass hardware and buckles. It has two abjuration and enchantment; CL 14th; Craft Construct, side pouches, each of which appears large enough to hold creator must be caster level 14th, antimagic field, geas/quest, imbue with spell-like ability, limited wish, polymorph any holding and can actually hold material of as much as 2 cubic object, shield other, slow.

Construction

Requirements Craft Construct, caster must be of a specific level, additional spells; Cost 6,000 gp (clay), 4,000 gp (flesh), 17,500 gp (iron), 11,000 gp (stone), 22,000 gp (stone greater power. When the wearer reaches into it for a specific guardian)

Hand of Glory

Aura faint varied; CL 5th

Slot neck; Price 8,000 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This mummified human hand hangs by a leather cord around a character's neck (taking up space as a magic necklace would). If a magic ring is placed on one of the fingers of the

bless, commune, prayer, and resurrection. The reader may herself, and it does not count against her two-ring limit. The treat her caster level as two levels higher than normal for the hand can wear only one ring at a time. Even without a ring, purpose of crafting a clay golem. Moderate conjuration, the hand itself allows its wearer to use daylight and see

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate dead, daylight, see invisibility; Cost 4,000 gp

Hand of the Mage

Slot neck; Price 900 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This mummified elf hand hangs by a golden chain around a character's neck (taking up space as a magic necklace would). It allows the wearer to utilize the spell mage hand at

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, mage hand; Cost 450

Handy Haversack

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th

Slot —; Price 2,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

about a quart of material. In fact, each is like a bag of feet in volume or 20 pounds in weight. The large central portion of the pack can contain up to 8 cubic feet or 80 pounds of material. Even when so filled, the backpack always weighs only 5 pounds.

While such storage is useful enough, the pack has an even item, that item is always on top. Thus, no digging around and fumbling is ever necessary to find what a haversack contains. Retrieving any specific item from a haversack is a move action, but it does not provoke the attacks of opportunity that retrieving a stored item usually does.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, secret chest; Cost 1,000 gp

Harp of Charming

Aura faint enchantment; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 7,500 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This beautiful and intricately carved harp can be held comfortably in one hand, but both hands are required to utilize its magic. When played, a *harp of charming* enables the performer to work one *suggestion* (as the spell, Will DC 14 negates) into the music for each 10 minutes of playing if he can succeed on a DC 14 Perform (string instruments) check. If the check fails, the audience cannot be affected by any further performances from the harpist for 24 hours.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, suggestion; Cost 3,750 gp

Hat of Disguise

Aura faint illusion; CL 1st

Slot head; Price 1,800 gp; Weight —

Description

This apparently normal hat allows its wearer to alter her appearance as with a *disguise self* spell. As part of the disguise, the hat can be changed to appear as a comb, ribbon, headband, cap, coif, hood, helmet, and so on.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *disguise self;* Cost 900 gp

Headband of Alluring Charisma

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th

Slot headband; **Price** 4,000 gp (+2), 16,000 gp (+4), 36,000 gp (+6); **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This attractive silver headband is decorated with a number of small red and orange gemstones. The headband grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to Charisma of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the headband is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *eagle's splendor*; **Cost** 2,000 gp (+2), 8,000 gp (+4), 18,000 gp (+6)

Headband of Inspired Wisdom

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th

Slot headband; **Price** 4,000 gp (+2), 16,000 gp (+4), 36,000 gp (+6); **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This simple bronze headband is decorated with an intricate pattern of small green gemstones. The headband grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to Wisdom of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the headband is worn.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *owl's wisdom*; **Cost** 2,000 gp (+2), 8,000 gp (+4), 18,000 gp (+6)

Headband of Mental Prowess

Aura strong transmutation; CL 12th

Slot headband; **Price** 10,000 gp (+2), 40,000 gp (+4), 90,000 gp (+6); **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This simple copper headband has a small yellow gem set so that when it rests upon the forehead of the wearer, the yellow gem sits perched on the wearer's brow as if it were a third eye in the middle of his forehead. Often, the headband contains additional designs to further accentuate the appearance of a third, crystal eye.

The headband grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to two mental ability scores (Intelligence, Wisdom, or Charisma) of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the headband is worn. These bonuses are chosen when the headband is created and cannot be changed. If the headband grants a bonus to Intelligence, it also grants skill ranks as a *Headband of vast intelligence*.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *eagle's splendor*, *fox's cunning*, and/or *owl's wisdom*; **Cost** 5,000 gp (+2), 20,000 gp (+4), 45,000 gp (+6)

Headband of Mental Superiority

Aura strong transmutation; CL 16th

wearer an enhancement bonus to Charisma of +2, +4, or +6. **Slot** headband; **Price** 16,000 gp (+2), 64,000 gp (+4), Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours 144,000 gp (+6); **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This ornate headband is decorated with numerous small white gemstones. The headband grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to all mental ability scores (Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma) of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 hours the headband is worn. The headband also grants skill ranks as a *Headband of vast intelligence*.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, eagle's splendor, fox's cunning, owl's wisdom; Cost 8,000 gp (+2), 32,000 gp (+4), 77,000 gp (+6)

Headband of Vast Intelligence

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 8th

Slot headband; **Price** 4,000 gp (+2), 16,000 gp (+4), 36,000 gp (+6); Weight 1 lb.

Description

This intricate gold headband is decorated with several small blue and deep purple gemstones. The headband grants the wearer an enhancement bonus to Intelligence of +2, +4, or +6. Treat this as a temporary ability bonus for the first 24 has one skill associated with it per +2 bonus it grants. After being worn for 24 hours, the headband grants a number of skill ranks in those skills equal to the wearer's total Hit Dice. These ranks do not stack with the ranks a creature already possesses. These skills are chosen when the headband is created. If no skill is listed, the headband is assumed to grant skill ranks in randomly determined Knowledge skills.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fox's cunning; Cost 2,000 gp (+2), 8,000 gp (+4), 18,000 gp (+6)

Helm of Brilliance

Aura strong varied; CL 13th

Slot head; Price 125,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This normal-looking helm takes its true form and manifests its powers when the user dons it and speaks the command word. Made of brilliant silver and polished steel, a newly created helm is set with large magic gems: 10 diamonds, 20 rubies, 30 fire opals, and 40 opals. When struck by bright light, the helm scintillates and sends forth reflective rays in all directions from its crown-like, gem-tipped spikes. The jewels' functions are as follows:

Diamond: Prismatic spray (save DC 20)

Ruby: Wall of fire

Fire opal: Fireball (10d6, Reflex DC 20 half)

Opal: Daylight

The helm may be used once per round, but each gem can perform its spell-like power just once. Until all its jewels are depleted, a helm of brilliance also has the following magical properties when activated.

· It emanates a bluish light when undead are within

- 30 feet. This light causes 1d6 points of damage per round to all such creatures within that range.
- The wearer may command any weapon he wields to become a flaming weapon. This is in addition to whatever abilities the weapon may already have (unless the weapon already is a *flaming weapon*). The command takes 1 round to take effect.
- The helm provides fire resistance 30. This protection does not stack with similar protection from other sources.

Once all its jewels have lost their magic, the helm loses its powers and the gems turn to worthless powder. Removing a jewel destroys it.

If a creature wearing the helm is damaged by magical fire (after the fire protection is taken into account) and fails an additional DC 15 Will save, the remaining gems on the helm hours the headband is worn. A headband of vast intelligence overload and detonate. Remaining diamonds become prismatic sprays that each randomly target a creature within range (possibly the wearer), rubies become straight-line walls of fire extending outward in a random direction from the helm wearer, and fire opals become fireballs centered on the helm wearer. The opals and the helm itself are destroyed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, detect undead, fireball, flame blade, daylight, prismatic spray, protection from energy, wall of fire; Cost 62,500 gp

Helm of Comprehend Languages and Read Magic

Aura faint divination: CL 4th

Slot head; Price 5,200 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

Appearing as a normal helmet, a helm of comprehend languages and read magic grants its wearer the ability to understand the spoken words of any creature and to read text in any language and any magical writing. The wearer gains a +5 competence bonus on Linguistics checks to understand messages written in incomplete, archaic, or exotic forms. Note that understanding a magical text does not necessarily imply spell use.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, comprehend languages, read magic; Cost 2,600 gp

Helm of Telepathy

Aura faint divination and enchantment; CL 5th

Slot head; Price 27,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

worn. The wearer can use *detect thoughts* at will. as a normal horn, but if the command word is spoken and the Furthermore, he can send a telepathic message to anyone instrument is then played, it deals 5d6 points of sonic whose surface thoughts he is reading (allowing two-way damage to creatures within a 40-foot cone and causes them communication). Once per day, the wearer of the helm can to be deafened for 2d6 rounds (a DC 16 Fortitude save implant a suggestion (as the spell, Will DC 14 negates) along reduces the damage by half and negates the deafening). with his telepathic message.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, detect thoughts, suggestion; Cost 13,500 gp

Helm of Teleportation

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 9th

Slot head; Price 73,500 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

A character wearing this device may teleport three times per day, exactly as if he had cast the spell of the same name.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, teleport; Cost 36,750

Helm of Underwater Action

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot head; **Price** 24,000 gp; **Weight** 3 lbs.

Description

The wearer of this helmet can see underwater. Drawing the small lenses in compartments on either side into position before the wearer's eyes activates the visual properties of the helm, allowing her to see five times farther than water and light conditions would allow for normal human vision. (Weeds, obstructions, and the like block vision in the usual manner.) If the command word is spoken, the helm of underwater action gives the wearer a 30-foot swim speed and creates a globe of air around the wearer's head and maintains it until the command word is spoken again, enabling her to breathe freely.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, water breathing; Cost 12,000 gp

Horn of Blasting

Aura moderate evocation; CL 7th

Slot —; Price 20,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This pale metal or ivory helm covers much of the head when This horn appears to be a normal trumpet. It can be sounded Crystalline objects and creatures take 7d6 points of sonic damage, with no save unless they're held, worn, or carried by creatures (Fortitude DC 16 negates).

> If a horn of blasting is used magically more than once in a given day, there is a 20% cumulative chance with each extra use that it explodes and deals 10d6 points of sonic damage to the person sounding it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *shout*; **Cost** 10,000 gp

Horn of Blasting, Greater

Aura strong evocation; CL 16th

Slot—; **Price** 70,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This horn functions as a horn of blasting, except that it deals 10d6 points of sonic damage, stuns creatures for 1 round, and deafens them for 4d6 rounds (a DC 19 Fortitude reduces the damage by half and negates the stunning and deafening). Crystalline objects take 16d6 points of sonic damage as described for the horn of blasting. A greater horn of blasting also has a 20% cumulative chance of exploding for each usage beyond the first each day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, greater shout; Cost 35,000 gp

Horn of Fog

Aura faint conjuration; CL 3rd

Slot —; Price 2,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This small bugle allows its possessor to blow forth a thick cloud of heavy fog similar to that of an obscuring mist spell. The fog covers a 10-foot square next to the horn blower each round that the user continues to blow the horn; a fog cloud travels 10 feet each round in a straight line from the emanation point unless blocked by something substantial such as a wall. The device makes a deep, foghorn-like noise, with the note dropping abruptly to a lower register at the end of each blast. The fog dissipates after 3 minutes. A moderate wind (11+ mph) disperses the fog in 4 rounds; a strong wind

(21+ mph) disperses the fog in 1 round.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, obscuring mist; Cost 1,000 gp

Horn of Goodness/Evil

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 6th

Slot —; Price 6,500 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This trumpet adapts itself to its owner, so it produces either a good or an evil effect depending on the owner's alignment. If the owner is neither good nor evil, the horn has no power whatsoever. If he is good, then blowing the horn has the effect of a magic circle against evil. If he is evil, then blowing the horn has the effect of a magic circle against good. In either case, this ward lasts for 1 hour. The horn can be blown once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, magic circle against good, magic circle against evil; Cost 3,250 gp

Horn of Valhalla

Aura strong conjuration; CL 13th

Slot —; Price 50,000 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This magic instrument comes in four varieties. Each appears to be normal until someone speaks its command word and blows the horn. Then the horn summons a number of human barbarians to fight for the character who summoned them. Each horn can be blown just once every 7 days. Roll d% and refer to the table above to see what type of horn is found. The Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd horn's type determines what barbarians are summoned and what prerequisite is needed to use the horn. Any character who uses a horn of Valhalla but doesn't have the prerequisite is attacked by the barbarians she herself summoned.

Table 16-24: Horn of Valhalla

d%	Type of Horn		Prerequisite
01–40	Silver	2d4+2, 2nd- level	None
41–75	Brass	2d4+1, 3rd- level	Spellcaster level 1st
76–90	Bronze	2d4, 4th-level	Proficiency with all martial weapons or bardic performance ability

-	d%	Type of Horn	Barbarians Summoned Prerequisite
-	91–100	Iron	1d4+1. 5th- level Proficiency with all martial weapons or bardic performance ability

Summoned barbarians are constructs, not actual people (though they seem to be); they arrive with the starting equipment for barbarians. They attack anyone the possessor of the horn commands them to fight until they or their opponents are slain or until 1 hour has elapsed, whichever comes first.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, summon monster VI: Cost 25,000 gp

Horseshoes of Speed

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd

Slot feet; **Price** 3,000 gp; **Weight** 12 lbs. (for four)

Description

These iron shoes come in sets of four like ordinary horseshoes. When affixed to an animal's hooves, they increase the animal's base land speed by 30 feet; this counts as an enhancement bonus. As with other effects that increase speed, jumping distances increase proportionally (see Using Skills). All four shoes must be worn by the same animal for the magic to be effective.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, haste; Cost 1,500 gp

Horseshoes of a Zephyr

Slot feet; **Price** 6,000 gp; **Weight** 4 lbs. (for four).

Description

These four iron shoes are affixed like normal horseshoes. They allow a horse to travel without actually touching the ground. The horse must still run above (always around 4 inches above) a roughly horizontal surface. This means that non-solid or unstable surfaces can be crossed, and that movement is possible without leaving tracks on any sort of ground. The horse moves at its normal base land speed. All four shoes must be worn by the same animal for the magic to be effective.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, levitate; Cost 3,000 gp

Incense of Meditation

Aura moderate enchantment; CL 7th

Slot —; Price 4,900 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This small rectangular block of sweet-smelling incense is visually indistinguishable from nonmagical incense until lit. Slot —; Price varies; Weight — When it is burned, the special fragrance and pearly hued smoke of this special incense are recognizable by anyone making a DC 15 Spellcraft check.

When a divine spellcaster lights a block of incense of three levels higher (as with the regular metamagic feat).

Each block of incense burns for 8 hours, and the effects persist for 24 hours.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Maximize Spell, bless; Cost 2,450 gp

Instant Fortress

Aura strong conjuration; CL 13th

Slot—; **Price** 55,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This metal cube is small, but when activated by speaking a command word it grows to form a tower 20 feet square and 30 feet high, with arrow slits on all sides and a crenellated battlement atop it. The metal walls extend 10 feet into the ground, rooting it to the spot and preventing it from being tipped over. The fortress has a small door that opens only at the command of the owner of the fortress—even *knock* spells can't open the door.

The adamantine walls of an instant fortress have 100 hit points and hardness 20. The fortress cannot be repaired except by a wish or a miracle, which restores 50 points of damage taken.

The fortress springs up in just 1 round, with the door facing the device's owner. The door opens and closes instantly at his command. People and creatures nearby (except the owner) must be careful not to be caught by the fortress's sudden growth. Anyone so caught takes 10d10 points of damage (Reflex DC 19 half).

The fortress is deactivated by speaking a command word (different from the one used to activate it). It cannot be deactivated unless it is empty.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, mage's magnificent mansion; Cost 27,500 gp

Ioun Stones

Aura strong varied; CL 12th

Description

These crystalline stones always float in the air and must be within 3 feet of their owner to be of any use. When a meditation and then spends 8 hours praying and meditating character first acquires a stone, she must hold it and then nearby, the incense enables him to prepare all his spells as release it, whereupon it takes up a circling orbit 1d3 feet though affected by the Maximize Spell feat. However, all the from her head. Thereafter, a stone must be grasped or netted spells prepared in this way are at their normal level, not at to separate it from its owner. The owner may voluntarily seize and stow a stone (to keep it safe while she is sleeping, for example), but she loses the benefits of the stone during that time. Ioun stones have AC 24, 10 hit points, and hardness 5. The powers of each stone vary depending on its color and shape (see the table).

Table 16-25: Ioun Stones

Color	Shape	Effect	Market Price
Clear	Spindle	Sustains creature without food or water	4,000 gp
Dusty rose	Prism	+1 insight bonus to AC	5,000 gp
Deep red	Sphere	+2 enhancement bonus to Dexterity	8,000 gp
Incandescent blue	Sphere	+2 enhancement bonus to Wisdom	8,000 gp
Pale blue	Rhomboid	+2 enhancement bonus to Strength	8,000 gp
Pink	Rhomboid	+2 enhancement bonus to Constitution	8,000 gp
Pink and green	Sphere	+2 enhancement bonus to Charisma	8,000 gp
Scarlet and blue	Sphere	+2 enhancement bonus to Intelligence	8,000 gp
Dark blue	Rhomboid	Alertness (as the feat)	10,000 gp
Iridescent	Spindle	Sustains creature without air	18,000 gp
Pale lavender	Ellipsoid	Absorbs spells of 4th level or lower*	20,000 gp
Pearly white	Spindle	Regenerate 1 point of damage per 10 minutes	20,000 gp
Pale green	Prism	+1 competence bonus on attack rolls, saves, skill checks, and ability checks	30,000 gp

Color	Shape	Effect	Market Price
Orange	Prism	+1 caster level	30,000 gp
Vibrant purple	Prism	Stores three levels of spells, as a <i>ring of spell storing</i>	36,000 gp
Lavender and green	Ellipsoid	Absorbs spells of 8th level or lower**	40,000 gp

^{*}After absorbing 20 spell levels, the stone burns out and turns to dull gray, forever useless.

**After absorbing 50 spell levels, the stone burns out and turns dull gray, forever useless.

Regeneration from the pearly white *ioun stone* works like a ring of regeneration. It only cures damage taken while the character is using the stone. The pale lavender and lavenderand-green stones work like a rod of absorption, but absorbing a spell requires a readied action, and these stones cannot be used to empower spells. Stored spells in the vibrant purple stone must be placed by a spellcaster but can be used by anyone (see ring of minor spell storing).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, creator must be 12th level; Cost half the market price

Iron Bands of Binding

Aura strong evocation; **CL** 13th

Slot —; Price 26,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This potent item appears to be a 3-inch-diameter rusty iron sphere with bandings on the globe.

When the proper command word is spoken and the spherical iron device is hurled at an opponent, the bands expand and then contract to bind the target creature on a successful ranged touch attack. A single Large or smaller creature can be captured thus and held immobile (as if pinned) until the command word is spoken to bring the bands into spherical form again. The creature can break (and destroy) the bands with a DC 30 Strength check or escape them with a DC 30 combat maneuver check or Escape Artist check. Iron bands Lantern of Revealing of binding are usable once per day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, grasping hand; Cost 13,000 gp

Iron Flask

Aura strong conjuration; **CL** 20th

Slot —; Price 170,000 gp (empty); Weight 1 lb.

Description

These special containers are typically inlaid with runes of silver and stoppered by a brass plug bearing a seal engraved with sigils, glyphs, and special symbols. When the user speaks the command word, he can force any creature from another plane into the container, provided that creature fails a DC 19 Will save. The range of this effect is 60 feet. Only one creature at a time can be so contained. Loosing the stopper frees the captured creature.

The command word can be used only once per day.

If the individual freeing the captured creature speaks the command word, the creature can be forced to serve for 1 hour. If freed without the command word, the creature acts according to its natural inclinations. (It usually attacks the user, unless it perceives a good reason not to.) Any attempt to force the same creature into the flask a second time provides it a +2 bonus on its saving throw and makes it hostile. A newly discovered bottle might contain any of the following:

d%	Contents	d%	Contents
01–50	Empty	89	Demon (glabrezu)
51-54	Large air elemental	90	Demon (succubus)
55–58	Invisible stalker	91	Devil (osyluth)
59–62	Large earth elemental	92	Devil (barbazu)
63–66	Xorn	93	Devil (erinyes)
67-70	Large fire elemental	94	Devil (cornugon)
71–74	Salamander 95	95	Agathion (avoral)
75–78	Large water elemental	96	Azata (ghaele)
79–82	Xill	97	Archon (trumpet)
83–85	Yeth hound	98	Rakshasa
86	Demon (shadow)	99	Demon (balor)
87	Demon (vrock)	100	Devil (pit fiend)
88	Demon (hezrou)		

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, trap the soul; Cost 85,000 gp

Aura faint evocation; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 30,000 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This lantern operates as a normal hooded lantern. While it is lit, it also reveals all invisible creatures and objects within 25 feet of it, just like the spell invisibility purge.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, *invisibility purge*; Cost This holy garment, worn over normal clothing, grants 15,000 gp

Lens of Detection

Aura moderate divination: CL 9th

Slot —; Price 3,500 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This circular prism lets its user detect minute details, granting a +5 competence bonus on Perception checks. It Slot chest; Price 90,000 gp; Weight also aids in tracking, adding a +5 competence bonus on Survival checks when tracking. The lens is about 6 inches in diameter and set in a frame with a handle.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, true seeing; Cost 1,750

Lyre of Building

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 6th

Slot —; Price 13,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

This magical instrument is usually made of gold and inlaid with numerous gems. If the proper chords are struck, a single use of this lyre negates any attacks made against inanimate construction (walls, roof, floor, and so on) within 300 feet. This includes the effects of a horn of blasting, a disintegrate spell, or an attack from a ram or similar siege weapon. The lyre can be used in this way once per day, with the protection lasting for 30 minutes.

The lyre is also useful with respect to building. Once a week, pages and it becomes a normal book. its strings can be strummed so as to produce chords that Construction magically construct buildings, mines, tunnels, ditches, etc. The effect produced in 30 minutes of playing is equal to the work of 100 humans laboring for 3 days. Each hour after the first, a character playing the lyre must make a DC 18 Perform (string instruments) check. If it fails, she must stop and cannot play the lyre again for this purpose until a week has passed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fabricate; Cost 6,500

Mantle of Faith

Aura strong abjuration [good]; CL 20th

Slot chest; Price 76,000 gp; Weight —

Description

damage reduction 5/evil to the character wearing it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, stoneskin; Cost 38,000

Mantle of Spell Resistance

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 9th

Description

This garment, worn over normal clothing or armor, grants the wearer spell resistance 21.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, spell resistance; Cost 45,000 gp

Manual of Bodily Health

Aura strong evocation (if miracle is used); CL 17th

Slot —; **Price** 27,500 gp (+1), 55,000 gp (+2), 82,500 gp (+3), 110,000 gp (+4), 137,500 gp (+5); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This thick tome contains tips on health and fitness, but entwined within the words is a powerful magical effect. If anyone reads this book, which takes a total of 48 hours over a minimum of 6 days, he gains an inherent bonus from +1 to +5 (depending on the type of manual) to his Constitution score. Once the book is read, the magic disappears from the

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, wish or miracle; Cost 26,250 gp (+1), 52,500 gp (+2), 78,750 gp (+3), 105,000 gp (+4), 131,250 gp (+5)

Manual of Gainful Exercise

Aura strong evocation (if miracle is used); CL 17th

Slot —; **Price** 27,500 gp (+1), 55,000 gp (+2), 82,500 gp (+3), 110,000 gp (+4), 137,500 gp (+5); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This thick tome contains exercise descriptions and diet suggestions, but entwined within the words is a powerful magical effect. If anyone reads this book, which takes a total of 48 hours over a minimum of 6 days, she gains an inherent bonus from +1 to +5 (depending on the type of manual) to

her Strength score. Once the book is read, the magic disappears from the pages and it becomes a normal book.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, wish or miracle; Cost 26,250 gp (+1), 52,500 gp (+2), 78,750 gp (+3), 105,000 gp (+4), 131,250 gp (+5)

Manual of Ouickness of Action

Aura strong evocation (if *miracle* is used); **CL** 17th

Slot —; **Price** 27,500 gp (+1), 55,000 gp (+2), 82,500 gp (+3), 110,000 gp (+4), 137,500 gp (+5); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

from the pages and it becomes a normal book.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, wish or miracle; Cost 26,250 gp (+1), 52,500 gp (+2), 78,750 gp (+3), 105,000 gp (+4), 131,250 gp (+5)

Marvelous Pigments

Aura strong conjuration; CL 15th

Slot —; Price 4,000 gp; Weight —

Description

These pigments enable their possessor to create actual, permanent objects simply by depicting their form in two dimensions. The pigments are applied by a stick tipped with bristles, hair, or fur. The emulsion flows from the application to form the desired object as the artist concentrates on the Huge size can use it to loosen or tumble earth or earthen image. One pot of marvelous pigments is sufficient to create ramparts (a 10-foot cube every 10 minutes). It also smashes a 1,000-cubic-foot object by depicting it two-dimensionally rock (a 10-foot cube per hour). If used as a weapon, it is the over a 100-square-foot surface.

Only normal, inanimate objects can be created. Creatures can't be created. The pigments must be applied to a surface. It takes 10 minutes and a DC 15 Craft (painting) check to depict an object with the pigments. Marvelous pigments cannot create magic items. Objects of value depicted by the pigments-precious metals, gems, jewelry, ivory, and so on -appear to be valuable but are really made of tin, lead, glass, brass, bone, and other such inexpensive materials. The Aura strong evocation; CL 15th user can create normal weapons, armor, and any other mundane item (including foodstuffs) whose value does not exceed 2,000 gp. The effect is instantaneous.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, major creation; Cost 2,000 gp

Mask of the Skull

Aura strong necromancy and transmutation; CL 13th

Slot head; Price 22,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This fearsome-looking mask of ivory, beaten copper, or pale wood is typically fashioned into the likeness of a human skull with a missing lower jaw, allowing the bottom half of the wearer's face to remain visible when the mask is worn.

This thick tome contains tips on coordination exercises and Once per day, after it has been worn for at least 1 hour, the balance, but entwined within the words is a powerful magical mask can be loosed to fly from the wearer's face. It travels up effect. If anyone reads this book, which takes a total of 48 to 50 feet away from the wearer and attacks a target assigned hours over a minimum of 6 days, he gains an inherent bonus to it. The grinning skull mask makes a touch attack against from +1 to +5 (depending on the type of manual) to his the target based on the wearer's base attack bonus. If the Dexterity score. Once the book is read, the magic disappears attack succeeds, the target must make a DC 20 Fortitude save or take 130 points of damage, as if affected by a finger of death spell. If the target succeeds on his saving throw, he nevertheless takes 3d6+13 points of damage. After attacking (whether successful or not), the mask flies back to its user. The mask has AC 16, 10 hit points, and hardness 6.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects, finger of death, fly; Cost 11,000 gp

Mattock of the Titans

Aura strong transmutation; CL 16th

Slot—; **Price** 23,348 gp; **Weight** 120 lbs.

Description

This digging tool is 10 feet long. Any creature of at least equivalent of a Gargantuan +3 adamantine warhammer, dealing 4d6 points of base damage.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Craft Magic Arms and Armor, move earth; Cost 13,348 gp

Maul of the Titans

Slot—; **Price** 25,305 gp; **Weight** 160 lbs.

Description

This mallet is 8 feet long. If used as a weapon, it is the equivalent of a +3 greatclub and deals triple damage against inanimate objects. The wielder must have a Strength of at least 18 to wield it properly. Otherwise, she takes a -4 penalty on attack rolls.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, Craft Magic Arms and Construction Armor, clenched fist; Cost 12,305 gp

Medallion of Thoughts

Aura faint divination; CL 5th

Slot neck; Price 12,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This appears to be a normal pendant disk hung from a neck chain. Usually fashioned from bronze, copper, or silver, the medallion allows the wearer to read the thoughts of others, as with the spell detect thoughts.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, detect thoughts; Cost 6,000 gp

Mirror of Life Trapping

Aura strong abjuration; CL 17th

Slot—; **Price** 200,000 gp; **Weight** 50 lbs.

Description

This crystal device is usually about 4 feet square and framed in metal or wood. The frame typically depicts dragons, demons, devils, genies, coiling nagas, or other powerful creatures that are well known for their magical powers. It can be hung or placed on a surface and then activated by giving a command word. The same command word deactivates the Slot neck; Price 9,000 gp; Weight 1 lb. mirror. A mirror of life trapping has 15 extradimensional compartments within it. Any creature coming within 30 feet of the device and looking at its own reflection must make a DC 23 Will save or be trapped within the mirror in one of the cells. A creature not aware of the nature of the device always sees its own reflection. The probability of a creature seeing its reflection, and thus needing to make the saving throw, drops to 50% if the creature is aware that the mirror traps life and seeks to avoid looking at it (treat as a gaze attack).

When a creature is trapped, it is taken bodily into the mirror. Size is not a factor, but constructs and undead are not trapped, nor are inanimate objects and other nonliving matter. A victim's equipment (including clothing and anything being carried) remains behind. If the mirror's owner knows the right command word, he can call the reflection of

any creature trapped within to its surface and engage his powerless prisoner in conversation. Another command word frees the trapped creature. Each pair of command words is specific to each prisoner.

If the mirror's capacity is exceeded, one victim (determined randomly) is set free in order to accommodate the latest one. If the mirror is destroyed (Hardness 1, 5 hit points), all victims currently trapped in it are freed.

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, imprisonment; Cost 100,000 gp

Mirror of Opposition

Aura strong necromancy; CL 15th

Slot—; **Price** 92,000 gp; **Weight** 45 lbs.

Description

This item resembles a normal mirror about 4 feet long and 3 feet wide. It can be hung or placed on a surface and then activated by speaking a command word. The same command word deactivates the mirror. If a creature sees its reflection in the mirror's surface, an exact duplicate of that creature comes into being. This opposite immediately attacks the original. The duplicate has all the possessions and powers of its original (including magic). Upon the defeat or destruction of either the duplicate or the original, the duplicate and its items disappear completely. The mirror functions up to four times per day. Destroying the mirror (Hardness 1, 5 hit points) causes all of the duplicates to immediately vanish.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, clone; Cost 46,000 gp

Necklace of Adaptation

Aura moderate transmutation; **CL** 7th

Description

This necklace is a heavy chain with a platinum medallion. The magic of the necklace wraps the wearer in a shell of fresh air, making him immune to all harmful vapors and gases (such as cloudkill and stinking cloud effects, as well as inhaled poisons) and allowing him to breathe, even underwater or in a vacuum.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, alter self; Cost 4,500

Necklace of Fireballs

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot neck (does not take up slot); Price 1,650 gp (type I), Slot —; Price 48,000 gp; Weight 6 lbs. 2,700 gp (type II), 4,350 gp (type III), 5,400 gp (type IV), 5,850 gp (type V), 8,100 gp (type VI), 8,700 gp (type VII); Weight 1 lb.

Description

This item appears to be a string of beads, sometimes with the ends tied together to form a necklace. (It does not count as an item worn around the neck for the purpose of determining which of a character's worn magic items is effective.) If a character holds it, however, all can see the strand as it really is—a golden chain from which hang a number of golden spheres. The spheres are detachable by the wearer (and only by the wearer), who can easily hurl one of them up to 70 feet. When a sphere arrives at the end of its trajectory, it detonates Pearl of Power as a *fireball* spell (Reflex DC 14 half).

Spheres come in different strengths, ranging from those that deal 2d6 points of fire damage to those that deal 10d6. The market price of a sphere is 150 gp for each die of damage it deals.

Table 16-26: Necklace of Fireballs

Necklace	10 d6	9d6	8d 6	7d 6	6d6	5d 6	4d 6	3d6	2d 6	Market Price
Type I	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	2	_	1,650 gp
Type II	_	_	—	_	1	—	2	—	2	2,700 gp
Type III	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	4	—	4,350 gp
Type IV	_	_	1	_	2	_	2	_	4	5,400 gp
Type V	_	1	_	2	_	2	_	2	_	5,850 gp
Type VI	1	—	2	_	2	—	4	_	—	8,100 gp
Type VII	1	2	—	2	—	2	_	2	—	8,700 gp

Each necklace of fireballs contains a combination of spheres Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, creator must be able to of various strengths. Some traditional combinations, designated types I through VII, are detailed above.

If the necklace is being worn or carried by a character who fails her saving throw against a magical fire attack, the item must make a saving throw as well (with a save bonus of +7). If the necklace fails to save, all its remaining spheres detonate simultaneously, often with regrettable consequences Aura moderate abjuration and transmutation; CL 8th for the wearer.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fireball; Cost 825 gp (type I), 1,350 gp (type II), 2,175 gp (type III), 2,700 gp (type IV), 2,925 gp (type V), 4,050 gp (type VI), 4,350 gp (type VII)

Orb of Storms

Aura strong varied; CL 18th

Description

This glass sphere is 8 inches in diameter. The possessor can call forth all manner of weather, even supernaturally destructive storms. Once per day, she can call upon the orb to use a *control weather* spell. Once per month, she can conjure a storm of vengeance. The possessor of the orb is continually protected by an endure elements effect.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, control weather, endure elements, storm of vengeance; Cost 24,000 gp

Aura strong transmutation; CL 17th

Slot —; **Price** 1,000 gp (1st), 4,000 gp (2nd), 9,000 gp (3rd), 16,000 gp (4th), 25,000 gp (5th), 36,000 gp (6th), 49,000 gp (7th), 64,000 gp (8th), 81,000 gp (9th), 70,000 gp (two spells); Weight

Description

This seemingly normal pearl of average size and luster is a potent aid to all spellcasters who prepare spells (clerics, druids, rangers, paladins, and wizards). Once per day on command, a pearl of power enables the possessor to recall any one spell that she had prepared and then cast that day. The spell is then prepared again, just as if it had not been cast. The spell must be of a particular level, depending on the pearl. Different pearls exist for recalling one spell per day of each level from 1st through 9th and for the recall of two spells per day (each of a different level, 6th or lower).

Construction

cast spells of the spell level to be recalled; Cost 500 gp (1st), 2,000 gp (2nd), 4,500 gp (3rd), 8,000 gp (4th), 12,500 gp (5th), 18,000 gp (6th), 24,500 gp (7th), 32,000 gp (8th), 40,500 gp (9th), 35,000 gp (two spells)

Pearl of the Sirines

Slot —; Price 15,300 gp; Weight —

Description

This pearl is worth at least 1,000 gp for its beauty alone, yet if it is clasped firmly in hand or held to the breast while the possessor attempts actions related to the pearl's powers, she understands and is able to employ the item.

The pearl enables its possessor to breathe in water as if she were in clean, fresh air. Her swim speed is 60 feet, and she can cast spells and act underwater without hindrance.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, freedom of movement, water breathing; Cost 8,150 gp

Periapt of Health

Aura faint conjuration; CL 5th Slot neck; Price 7,500 gp; Weight —

Description

The wearer of this blue gem on a silver chain (worn on the neck) is immune to disease, including supernatural diseases.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, remove disease; Cost 3,750 gp

Periapt of Proof against Poison

Aura faint conjuration; CL 5th

Slot neck; Price 27,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This item is a brilliant-cut black gem on a delicate silver chain meant to be worn about the neck. The wearer is immune to poison, although poisons active when the periapt is first donned still run their course.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, neutralize poison; Cost 13,500 gp

Periapt of Wound Closure

Aura moderate conjuration; **CL** 10th

Slot neck; Price 15,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This stone is bright red and dangles on a gold chain meant to be worn on the neck. The wearer of this periapt automatically becomes stable if his hit points drop below 0 (but not if the damage is enough to kill the wearer). The periapt doubles the wearer's normal rate of healing or allows normal healing of wounds that would not do so normally. Hit point damage Construction caused by bleeding is negated for the wearer of the periapt, but he is still susceptible to damage from bleeding that causes ability damage or drain.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, heal; Cost 7,500 gp

Phylactery of Faithfulness

Aura faint divination; CL 1st

Slot headband; Price 1,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This item is a tiny box containing religious scripture. The box is affixed to a leather cord and tied around the forehead, worn so that the box sits upon the wearer's brow. There is no mundane way to determine what function this religious item performs until it is worn. The wearer of a phylactery of faithfulness is aware of any action or item that could adversely affect his alignment and his standing with his deity, including magical effects. He acquires this information prior to performing such an action or becoming associated with such an item if he takes a moment to contemplate the act.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, detect chaos, detect evil, detect good, detect law; Cost 500 gp

Phylactery of Negative Channeling

Aura moderate necromancy [evil]; CL 10th

Slot headband; Price 11,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This item is a boon to any character able to channel negative energy, increasing the amount of damage dealt to living creatures by +2d6. This also increases the amount of damage healed by undead creatures.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, creator must be a 10thlevel cleric; Cost 5,500 gp

Phylactery of Positive Channeling

Aura moderate necromancy [good]; CL 10th

Slot headband; Price 11,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This item allows channelers of positive energy to increase the amount of damage dealt to undead creatures by +2d6. This also increases the amount of damage healed by living creatures.

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, creator must be a 10thlevel cleric; Cost 5,500 gp

Pipes of Haunting

Aura faint necromancy; CL 4th

Slot —; Price 6,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This magic item appears to be a small set of pan pipes. When Aura strong conjuration; CL 12th played by a person who succeeds on a DC 15 Perform (wind Slot -; Price 20,000 gp; Weight instruments) check, the pipes create an eerie, spellbinding tune. Those within 30 feet who hear the tune must succeed on a DC 13 Will save or become frightened for 4 rounds. Creatures with 6 or more Hit Dice are unaffected. Pipes of A portable hole is a circle of cloth spun from the webs of a haunting can be sounded twice a day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, scare; Cost 3,000 gp

Pipes of the Sewers

Aura faint conjuration; CL 2nd Slot —; Price 1,150 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

If the possessor learns the proper tune, he can use these pipes to attract 1d3 rat swarms if rats are within 400 feet. For each 50-foot distance the rats have to travel, there is a 1-round and when they do so, the piper must make a DC 10 Perform (wind instruments) check. Success means that they obey the piper's telepathic commands so long as he continues to play. the piper ceases playing, the rats leave immediately. The Perform DC increases by +5 for each time the rats have been successfully called in a 24-hour period.

If the rats are under the control of another creature, add the HD of the controller to the Perform check DC. Once control is assumed, another check is required each round to maintain it if the other creature is actively seeking to reassert its control.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, charm animal, summon nature's ally I, wild empathy ability; Cost 575 gp

Pipes of Sounding

Aura faint illusion; CL 2nd

Slot —; Price 1,800 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

When played by a character who has the Perform (wind instruments) skill, these shiny metallic pan pipes create a variety of sounds. The figment sounds are the equivalent of ghost sound.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, ghost sound; Cost 900 gp

Portable Hole

Description

phase spider interwoven with strands of ether and beams of starlight, resulting in a portable extradimensional space. When opened fully, a portable hole is 6 feet in diameter, but it can be folded up to be as small as a pocket handkerchief. When spread upon any surface, it causes an extradimensional space 10 feet deep to come into being. This hole can be picked up from inside or out by simply taking hold of the edges of the cloth and folding it up. Either way, the entrance disappears, but anything inside the hole remains, traveling with the item.

The only air in the hole is that which enters when the hole is opened. It contains enough air to supply one Medium creature or two Small creatures for 10 minutes. The cloth does not accumulate weight even if its hole is filled. Each delay. The piper must continue playing until the rats appear, portable hole opens on its own particular nondimensional space. If a bag of holding is placed within a portable hole, a rift to the Astral Plane is torn in that place. Both the bag and the cloth are sucked into the void and forever lost. If a Failure indicates that they turn on the piper. If for any reason portable hole is placed within a bag of holding, it opens a gate to the Astral Plane. The hole, the bag, and any creatures within a 10-foot radius are drawn there, the portable hole and bag of holding being destroyed in the process.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, plane shift; Cost 10,000 gp

Restorative Ointment

Aura faint conjuration; CL 5th

Slot—; **Price** 4,000 gp; **Weight** 1/2 lb.

Description

A jar of this unguent is 3 inches in diameter and 1 inch deep, and contains five applications. Placed upon a poisoned wound or swallowed, the ointment detoxifies any poison (as neutralize poison with a +5 bonus on the check). Applied to a diseased area, it removes disease (as remove disease with a +5 bonus on the check). Rubbed on a wound, the ointment cures 1d8+5 points of damage (as cure light wounds).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, cure light wounds, neutralize poison, remove disease; Cost 2,000 gp

Ring Gates

Aura strong conjuration; CL 17th

Slot —; Price 40,000 gp; Weight 1 lb. each.

Description

These always come in pairs—two iron rings, each about 18 inches in diameter. The rings must be on the same plane of existence and within 100 miles of each other to function. Whatever is put through one ring comes out the other, and up Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th to 100 pounds of material can be transferred each day. (Objects only partially pushed through and then retracted do not count.) This useful device allows for instantaneous Description transport of items or messages, and even attacks. A character can reach through to grab things near the other ring, or even Once per day this simple wool robe allows you to assume the stab a weapon through if so desired. Alternatively, a form of another humanoid creature, as if using alter self. This character could stick his head through to look around. A change lasts for 1 hour, although you can end it prematurely spellcaster could even cast a spell through a ring gate. A as a free action. While in this form, you also gain the ability Small character can make a DC 13 Escape Artist check to to speak and understand the basic racial languages of your slip through. Creatures of Tiny, Diminutive, or Fine size can chosen form. For example, if you take the form of an orc, pass through easily. Each ring has an "entry side" and an you can speak and understand Orc. "exit side," both marked with appropriate symbols.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, gate; Cost 20,000 gp

Robe of the Archmagi

Aura strong varied; CL 14th

Slot body; Price 75,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

good alignment), gray (46-75, neither good nor evil for the serious necromancer. It appears to be an alignment), or black (76-100, evil alignment). To most unremarkable robe, but a character who dons it notes that it wearers, the robe offers no powers or has no effects unless is adorned with small embroidered figures representing the wearer's alignment doesn't match that of the robe (see undead creatures. Only the wearer of the robe can see the below). Only an arcane spellcaster can fully realize this embroidery, recognize them for the creatures they become, potent magic item's powers once the robe is donned. These and detach them. One figure can be detached each round. powers are as follows.

- +5 armor bonus to AC.
- Spell resistance 18.
- +4 resistance bonus on all saving throws.
- +2 enhancement bonus on caster level checks made figures of each of the following undead: to overcome spell resistance.

As mentioned above, all robes of the archmagi are attuned to a specific alignment. If a white robe is donned by an evil character, she immediately gains three permanent negative levels. The same is true with respect to a black robe donned by a good character. An evil or good character who puts on a gray robe, or a neutral character who dons either a white or black robe, gains two permanent negative levels. While these negative levels remain as long as the garment is worn and

cannot be overcome in any way (including restoration spells), they are immediately removed if the robe is removed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, antimagic field, mage armor or shield of faith, creator must be of same alignment as robe; Cost 37,500 gp

Robe of Blending

Slot body; Price 8,400 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, alter self, tongues; **Cost** 4,200 gp

Robe of Bones

Aura moderate necromancy [evil]; CL 6th

Slot body; Price 2,400 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This normal-appearing garment can be white (01-45 on d%, This sinister item functions much like a robe of useful items Detaching a figure causes it to become an actual undead creature (see the list below). The skeleton or zombie is not under the control of the wearer of the robe, but may be subsequently commanded, rebuked, turned, or destroyed. A newly created robe of bones always has two embroidered

- Human skeleton
- Wolf skeleton
- Heavy horse skeleton
- Fast goblin zombie
- Tough human zombie
- Plague ogre zombie

Construction

1,200 gp

Robe of Eyes

Aura moderate divination: CL 11th

Slot body; **Price** 120,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This valuable garment appears to be a normal robe until it is put on. Its wearer is able to see in all directions at the same moment due to scores of visible, magical eye-like patterns that adorn the robe. She also gains 120-foot darkvision.

The robe of eyes sees all forms of invisible or ethereal creatures or objects within 120 feet.

The wearer of a robe of eyes gains a +10 competence bonus on Perception checks. She retains her Dexterity bonus to AC even when flat-footed, and can't be flanked. She is not able to avert or close her eyes when confronted by a creature with a gaze attack.

A light or continual flame spell cast directly on a robe of eyes causes it to be blinded for 1d3 minutes. A daylight spell blinds it for 2d4 minutes.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, true seeing; Cost 60,000 gp

Robe, Monk's

Aura moderate transmutation; **CL** 10th

Slot body; **Price** 13,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This simple brown robe, when worn, confers great ability in unarmed combat. If the wearer has levels in monk, her AC and unarmed damage is treated as a monk of five levels higher. If donned by a character with the Stunning Fist feat, the robe lets her make one additional stunning attack per day. If the character is not a monk, she gains the AC and unarmed damage of a 5th-level monk (although she does not add her Wisdom bonus to her AC). This AC bonus functions just like the monk's AC bonus.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, righteous might or transformation; Cost 6,500 gp

Robe of Scintillating Colors

Aura moderate illusion: CL 11th

Slot body; **Price** 27,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate dead; Cost The wearer of this robe can cause the garment to display a shifting pattern of incredible hues, color after color cascading from the upper part of the robe to the hem in sparkling rainbows of dazzling light. The colors daze those near the wearer, conceal the wearer, and illuminate the surroundings. It takes 1 full round after the wearer speaks the command word for the colors to start flowing on the robe. The colors create the equivalent of a gaze attack with a 30-foot range. Those who look at the wearer are dazed for 1d4+1 rounds (Will DC 16 negates). This is a mind-affecting pattern effect.

> Every round of continuous scintillation of the robe gives the wearer better concealment. The miss chance on attacks against the wearer starts at 10% and increases by 10% each round until it reaches 50% (total concealment).

The robe illuminates a 30-foot radius continuously.

The effect can be used no more than a total of 10 rounds per

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, blur, rainbow pattern; **Cost** 13,500 gp

Robe of Stars

Aura strong varied; CL 15th

Slot body; **Price** 58,000 gp; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This garment is typically black or dark blue and embroidered with small white or silver stars. The robe has three magical powers.

- It enables its wearer to travel physically to the Astral Plane, along with all that she is wearing or carrying.
- It gives its wearer a +1 luck bonus on all saving throws.
- Its wearer can use up to six of the embroidered stars on the chest portion of the robe as +5 shuriken. The robe grants its wearer proficiency with such weapons. Each shuriken disappears after it is used. The stars are replenished once per month.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, magic missile, astral projection or plane shift; **Cost** 29,000 gp

Robe of Useful Items

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 9th

Slot body; Price 7,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This appears to be an unremarkable robe, but a character who A 60-foot-long rope of climbing is no thicker than a wand, dons it notes that it is adorned with small cloth patches of but it is strong enough to support 3,000 pounds. Upon various shapes. Only the wearer of the robe can see these command, the rope snakes forward, upward, downward, or in patches, recognize them for what items they become, and any other direction at 10 feet per round, attaching itself detach them. One patch can be detached each round, securely wherever its owner desires. It can unfasten itself and Detaching a patch causes it to become an actual item, as return in the same manner. indicated below. A newly created robe of useful items always has two each of the following patches:

- Dagger
- Bullseye lantern (full and lit)
- Mirror (a highly polished 2-foot-by-4-foot steel
- Pole (10-foot length)
- Hempen rope (50-foot coil)
- Sack

In addition, the robe has several other patches. Roll 4d4 for the number of other patches and then roll for each patch on the table below to determine its nature.

d%	Result
01-08	Bag of 100 gold pieces
09–15	Coffer, silver (6 in. by 6 in. by 1 ft.), 500 gp value
16–22	Door, iron (up to 10 ft. wide and 10 ft. high and barred on one side—must be placed upright, attaches and hinges itself)
23-30	Gems, 10 (100 gp value each)
31–44	Ladder, wooden (24 ft. long)
45-51	Mule (with saddle bags)
52-59	Pit, open (10 ft. by 10 ft. by 10 ft.)
60-68	Potion of cure serious wounds
69–75	Rowboat (12 ft. long)
76–83	Minor scroll of one randomly determined spell
84–90	War dogs, pair (treat as riding dogs)
91–96	Window (2 ft. by 4 ft., up to 2 ft. deep)
97-100	Portable ram

Multiple items of the same kind are permissible. Once removed, a patch cannot be replaced.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fabricate; Cost 3,500

Rope of Climbing

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd

Slot —; Price 3,000 gp; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

A rope of climbing can be commanded to knot or unknot itself. This causes large knots to appear at 1-foot intervals along the rope. Knotting shortens the rope to a 50-foot length until the knots are untied, but lowers the DC of Climb checks while using it by 10. A creature must hold one end of the rope when its magic is invoked.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate rope; Cost 1,500 gp

Rope of Entanglement

Aura strong transmutation; CL 12th

Slot —; Price 21,000 gp; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

A rope of entanglement looks just like any other hempen rope about 30 feet long. Upon command, the rope lashes forward 20 feet or upward 10 feet to entangle a victim. An entangled creature can break free with a DC 20 Strength check or a DC 20 Escape Artist check.

A rope of entanglement has AC 22, 12 hit points, hardness 10, and damage reduction 5/slashing. The rope repairs damage to itself at a rate of 1 point per 5 minutes, but if a rope of entanglement is severed (all 12 hit points lost to damage), it is destroyed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, animate objects, animate rope or entangle; Cost 10,500 gp

Salve of Slipperiness

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 6th Slot —; Price 1,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This substance provides a +20 competence bonus on all Escape Artist checks and combat maneuver checks made to escape from a grapple. The salve also grants a +10competence bonus to the wearer's Combat Maneuver Defense for the purpose of avoiding grapple attempts. In addition, such obstructions as webs (magical or otherwise) do not affect an anointed individual. Magic ropes and the like do not avail against this salve. If it is smeared on a floor or

on steps, the area should be treated as a long-lasting grease no damage reduction. spell. The salve requires 8 hours to wear off normally, or it can be wiped off with an alcohol solution (even wine).

container meant to hold sovereign glue.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, grease; Cost 500 gp

Scabbard of Keen Edges

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 16,000 gp; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This scabbard can shrink or enlarge to accommodate any knife, dagger, sword, or similar weapon up to and including a greatsword. Up to three times per day on command, the scabbard casts keen edge on any blade placed within it.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, keen edge; Cost 8,000

Scarab of Protection

Aura strong abjuration and necromancy; CL 18th

Slot neck; Price 38,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This device appears to be a silver medallion in the shape of a beetle. If it is held for 1 round, an inscription appears on its surface letting the holder know that it is a protective device.

The scarab's possessor gains spell resistance 20. The scarab can also absorb energy-draining attacks, death effects, and negative energy effects. Upon absorbing 12 such attacks, the scarab turns to powder and is destroyed.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, death ward, spell resistance; Cost 19,000 gp

Scarab, Golembane

Aura moderate divination; CL 8th

Slot neck; Price 2,500 gp; Weight —

Description

Construction

Salve of slipperiness is needed to coat the inside of a Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, detect magic, creator must be at least 10th level; Cost 1,250 gp

Silversheen

Aura faint transmutation: CL 5th

Slot —; Price 250 gp; Weight —

Description

This shimmering paste-like substance can be applied to a weapon as a standard action. It gives the weapon the properties of alchemical silver for 1 hour, replacing the properties of any other special material it might have. One vial coats a single melee weapon or 20 units of ammunition.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item; Cost 125 gp

Slippers of Spider Climbing

Aura faint transmutation; CL 4th

Slot feet; **Price** 4,800 gp; **Weight** 1/2 lb.

Description

When worn, a pair of these slippers enables movement on vertical surfaces or even upside down along ceilings, leaving the wearer's hands free. Her climb speed is 20 feet. Severely slippery surfaces—icy, oiled, or greased surfaces—make these slippers useless. The slippers can be used for 10 minutes per day, split up as the wearer chooses (minimum 1 minute per use).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, spider climb; Cost 2,400 gp

Sovereign Glue

Aura strong transmutation; CL 20th

Slot —; Price 2,400 gp (per ounce); Weight —

Description

This pale amber substance is thick and viscous. Because of its particular powers, it can be contained only in a flask whose inside has been coated with 1 ounce of salve of slipperiness, and each time any of the bonding agent is This beetle-shaped pin enables its wearer to detect any golem poured from the flask, a new application of the salve of within 60 feet, although he must concentrate (a standard slipperiness must be put in the flask within 1 round to action) in order for the detection to take place. A scarab prevent the remaining glue from adhering to the side of the enables its possessor to combat golems with weapons, container. A flask of sovereign glue, when found, holds unarmed attacks, or natural weapons as if those golems had anywhere from 1 to 7 ounces of the stuff (1d8-1, minimum

1), with the other ounce of the flask's capacity taken up by stoneskin spell. the salve of slipperiness. One ounce of this adhesive covers 1 square foot of surface, bonding virtually any two substances together in a permanent union. The glue takes 1 round to set. If the objects are pulled apart (a move action) before that time has elapsed, that application of the glue loses its stickiness and is worthless. If the glue is allowed to set, then attempting to separate the two bonded objects has no effect, except when universal solvent is applied to the bond. Sovereign glue is dissolved by universal solvent.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, make whole; Cost 1,200 gp

Stone of Alarm

Aura faint abjuration; CL 3rd

Slot —; Price 2,700 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This stone cube, when given the command word, affixes itself to any object. If that object is touched thereafter by anyone who does not first speak that same command word, the stone emits a piercing screech for 1 hour that can be heard up to a quarter-mile away (assuming no intervening barriers).

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, alarm; Cost 1,350 gp

Stone of Good Luck (Luckstone)

Aura faint evocation; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 20,000 gp; Weight —

Description

This small bit of agate grants its possessor a +1 luck bonus on saving throws, ability checks, and skill checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, divine favor; Cost 10,000 gp

Stone Salve

Aura strong abjuration and transmutation; CL 13th

Slot —; Price 4,000 gp per ounce; Weight —

Description

This ointment has two uses. If an ounce of it is applied to the flesh of a petrified creature, it returns the creature to flesh as the stone to flesh spell. If an ounce of it is applied to the flesh Each special bead can be used once per day, except for the of a nonpetrified creature, it protects the creature as a

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, stone to flesh, stoneskin; Cost 2,000 gp

Strand of Prayer Beads

Aura faint, moderate or strong (many schools); CL 1st (blessing), 5th (healing), 7th (smiting), 9th (karma), 11th (wind walking), 17th (summons)

Slot —; **Price** 9,600 gp (lesser), 45,800 gp (standard), 95,800 gp (greater); Weight 1/2 lb.

Description

This item appears to be nothing more than a string of prayer beads until the owner casts a divine spell while the beads are carried. Once that occurs, the owner instantly knows the powers of the prayer beads and understands how to activate the strand's special magical beads. Each strand includes two or more special beads, each with a different magic power selected from the following list.

	Special Bead Type	Special Bead Ability
	Bead of blessing	Wearer can cast bless.
	Bead of healing	Wearer can cast his choice of <i>cure serious</i> wounds, remove blindness/deafness, or remove disease.
	Bead of karma	Wearer casts his spells at +4 caster level. Effect lasts 10 minutes.
	Bead of smiting	Wearer can cast <i>chaos hammer</i> , <i>holy smite</i> , <i>order's wrath</i> , or <i>unholy blight</i> (Will DC 17 partial).
	Bead of	Summons a powerful creature of appropriate alignment from the Outer Planes (an angel, devil, etc.) to aid the wearer for 1 day. (If the wearer
	summons	uses the <i>bead of summons</i> to summon a deity's emissary frivolously, the deity takes that character's items and places a <i>geas</i> upon him as punishment at the very least.)
	Bead of wind walking	Wearer can cast wind walk.

A lesser strand of prayer beads has a bead of blessing and a bead of healing. A strand of prayer beads has a bead of healing, a bead of karma, and a bead of smiting. A greater strand of prayer beads has a bead of healing, a bead of karma, a bead of summons, and a bead of wind walking.

bead of summons, which works only once and then becomes

nonmagical. The beads of blessing, smiting, and wind Construction walking function as spell trigger items; the beads of karma and summons can be activated by any character capable of Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, miracle or wish; Cost casting divine spells. The owner need not hold or wear the 26,250 gp (+1), 52,500 gp (+2), 78,750 gp (+3), 105,000 gp strand of prayer beads in any specific location, as long as he (+4), 131,250 gp (+5) carries it somewhere on his person.

The power of a special bead is lost if it is removed from the strand. Reduce the price of a strand of prayer beads that is missing one or more beads by the following amounts: bead Slot —; Price 27,500 gp (+1), 55,000 gp (+2), 82,500 gp of blessing -600 gp, bead of healing -9,000 gp, bead of (+3), 110,000 gp (+4), 137,500 gp (+5); Weight 5 lbs. karma -20,000 gp, bead of smiting -16,800 gp, bead of summons -20,000 gp, bead of wind walking -46,800 gp.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item and one of the magical effect. If anyone reads this book, which takes a total following spells per bead, as appropriate: bless (blessing); of 48 hours over a minimum of 6 days, he gains an inherent cure serious wounds, remove blindness/ deafness, or remove bonus from +1 to +5 (depending on the type of tome) to his disease (healing); righteous might (karma); gate (summons); chaos hammer, holy smite, order's wrath, or unholy blight from the pages and it becomes a normal book. (smiting), wind walk (wind walking); Cost 4,800 gp (lesser), 22,900 gp (standard), 47,900 gp (greater)

Sustaining Spoon

Aura faint conjuration; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 5,400 gp; Weight —

Description

If this unremarkable appearing utensil is placed in an empty Slot —: Price 27,500 gp (+1), 55,000 gp (+2), 82,500 gp container, the vessel fills with a thick, pasty gruel. Although the gruel tastes like warm, wet cardboard, it is highly nourishing and contains everything necessary to sustain any herbivorous, omnivorous, or carnivorous creature. The spoon can produce sufficient gruel each day to feed up to four humans.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, create food and water; Cost 2,700 gp

Tome of Clear Thought

Aura strong evocation (if miracle is used); CL 17th

Slot —; **Price** 27,500 gp (+1), 55,000 gp (+2), 82,500 gp (+3), 110,000 gp (+4), 137,500 gp (+5); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This heavy book contains instruction on improving memory and logic, but entwined within the words is a powerful magical effect. If anyone reads this book, which takes a total of 48 hours over a minimum of 6 days, she gains an inherent bonus from +1 to +5 (depending on the type of tome) to her Intelligence score. Once the book is read, the magic disappears from the pages and it becomes a normal book.

Tome of Leadership and Influence

Aura strong evocation (if *miracle* is used); **CL** 17th

Description

This ponderous book details suggestions for persuading and inspiring others, but entwined within the words is a powerful Charisma score. Once the book is read, the magic disappears

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, miracle or wish; Cost 26,250 gp (+1), 52,500 gp (+2), 78,750 gp (+3), 105,000 gp (+4), 131,250 gp (+5)

Tome of Understanding

Aura strong evocation (if *miracle* is used); **CL** 17th

(+3), 110,000 gp (+4), 137,500 gp (+5); **Weight** 5 lbs.

Description

This thick book contains tips for improving instinct and perception, but entwined within the words is a powerful magical effect. If anyone reads this book, which takes a total of 48 hours over a minimum of 6 days, she gains an inherent bonus from +1 to +5 (depending on the type of tome) to her Wisdom score. Once the book is read, the magic disappears from the pages and it becomes a normal book.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, miracle or wish; Cost 26,250 gp (+1), 52,500 gp (+2), 78,750 gp (+3), 105,000 gp (+4), 131,250 gp (+5)

Unguent of Timelessness

Aura faint transmutation; CL 3rd

Slot —; Price 150 gp; Weight —

Description

When applied to any matter that was once alive, such as wood, paper, or a dead body, this ointment allows that substance to resist the passage of time. Each year of actual time affects the substance as if only a day had passed. The shape ability; Cost 1,375 gp coated object gains a +1 resistance bonus on all saving throws. The unguent never wears off, although it can be magically removed (by dispelling the effect, for instance). Aura strong conjuration; CL 17th One flask contains enough material to coat eight Medium or smaller objects. A Large object counts as two Medium Slot —; Price 82,000 gp; Weight objects, and a Huge object counts as four Medium objects.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, gentle repose; Cost 75

Universal Solvent

Aura faint transmutation: CL 3rd

Slot —; Price 50 gp; Weight —

Description

This substance has the unique property of being able to **Requirements** Craft Wondrous Item, gate; Cost 41,000 gp dissolve sovereign glue, tanglefoot bags, and all other adhesives. Applying the solvent is a standard action.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, acid arrow; Cost 25 gp

Vest of Escape

Aura faint conjuration and transmutation; CL 4th

Slot chest; Price 5,200 gp; Weight —

Description

Hidden within secret pockets of this simple silk vest are magic lockpicks that provide a +4 competence bonus on Disable Device checks. The vest also grants its wearer a +6 competence bonus on Escape Artist checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, knock, grease; Cost 2,600 gp

Vestment, Druid's

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th

Slot body; Price 3,750 gp; Weight —

Description

This light garment is worn over normal clothing or armor. Most such vestments are green, embroidered with plant or animal motifs. When this item is worn by a character with the wild shape ability, the character can use that ability one additional time each day.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, polymorph or wild

Well of Many Worlds

Description

This strange, interdimensional device looks just like a portable hole. Anything placed within it is immediately cast to another world—a parallel world, another planet, or a different plane (chosen randomly). If the well is moved, it opens to a new plane (also randomly determined). It can be picked up, folded, or rolled, just as a portable hole can be. Objects from the world the well touches can come through the opening just as easily—it is a two-way portal.

Construction

Wind Fan

Aura faint evocation; CL 5th

Slot —; Price 5,500 gp; Weight —

Description

A wind fan appears to be nothing more than a wood and papyrus or cloth instrument with which to create a cooling breeze. By uttering the command word, its possessor causes the fan to duplicate a gust of wind spell. The fan can be used once per day with no risk. If it is used more frequently, there is a 20% cumulative chance per usage during that day that the device tears into useless, nonmagical tatters.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, gust of wind; Cost 2,750 gp

Wings of Flying

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th

Slot shoulders; Price 54,000 gp; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

A pair of these wings might appear to be nothing more than a plain cloak of old, black cloth, or they could be as elegant as a long cape of blue feathers. When the wearer speaks the command word, the cloak turns into a pair of bat or bird wings that empower her to fly with a speed of 60 feet (average maneuverability), also granting a +5 competence bonus on Fly skill checks.

Construction

Requirements Craft Wondrous Item, fly; Cost 27,000 gp

Intelligent Items

Table 16-27: Intelligent Item Alignment

d%	Alignment of Item
01–10	Chaotic good
11-20	Chaotic neutral*
21–35	Chaotic evil
36–45	Neutral evil*
46–55	Lawful evil
56–70	Lawful good
71–80	Lawful neutral*
81-90	Neutral good*
91–100	Neutral

^{*} The item can also be used by any character whose alignment corresponds to the non-neutral portion of the item's alignment.

Table 16-28: Intelligent Item Ability Scores

Score	Base Price Modifier	Ego Modifier
10	_	_
11	+200 gp	_
12	+500 gp	+1
13	+700 gp	+1
14	+1,000 gp	+2
15	+1,400 gp	+2
16	+2,000 gp	+3
17	+2,800 gp	+3
18	+4,000 gp	+4
19	+5,200 gp	+4
20	+8,000 gp	+5

Table 16-29: Intelligent Item Senses and Communication

Ability	Base Price Modifier	Ego Modifier
Empathy	_	_
Speech	+500 gp	_
Telepathy	+1,000 gp	+1
Senses (30 ft.)	_	_
Senses (60 ft.)	+500 gp	_
Senses (120 ft.)	+1,000 gp	_
Darkvision	+500 gp	_
Blindsense	+5,000 gp	+1
Read languages	+1,000 gp	+1

Ability]	Base Price M	lodifier	Ego Modifier
Read mo	agic	+2,000 §	gp	+1

Table 16-30: Intelligent Item Powers

	Tueste To Cot Internigent	1,0,,,,	-
d%	Item Power	Base Price Modifier	0
01–10	Item can cast a 0-level spell at will	+1,000 gp	+1
11–20	spell 3/day	+1,200 gp	+1
21–25	Item can use <i>magic aura</i> on itself at will	+2,000 gp	+1
26–35	spell I/day	+2,400 gp	+1
36–45	Item has 5 ranks in one skill*	+2,500 gp	+1
	Item can sprout limbs and move with a speed of 10 feet	+5,000 gp	+1
51–55	Item can cast a 3rd-level spell 1/day	+6,000 gp	+1
56–60	spell 3/day	+7,200 gp	+1
61–70	Item has 10 ranks in one skill*	+10,000 gp	+2
71–75	Item can change shape into one other form of the same size	+10,000 gp	+2
76–80	Item can <i>fly</i> , as per the spell, at a speed of 30 feet	+10,000 gp	+2
81–85	spell I/day	+11,200 gp	+2
86–90	Item can <i>teleport</i> itself 1/day	+15,000 gp	+2
91–95	Item can cast a 3rd-level spell 3/day	+18,000 gp	+2
96–10	O Item can cast a 4th-level spell 3/day	+33,600 gp	+2

^{*} Intelligent items can only possess Intelligence-, Wisdom-, or Charisma-based skills, unless they also possess some form of ability to move.

Table 16-31: Intelligent Item Purpose

	Purpose	Ego Modifier
01–20	Defeat/slay diametrically opposed alignment*	+2
21–30	Defeat/slay arcane spellcasters (including	+2

d%	Purpose	Ego Modifie
	spellcasting monsters and those that use spell-like abilities)	
31–40	Defeat/slay divine spellcasters (including divine entities and servitors)	+2
41–50	Defeat/slay non-spellcasters	+2
51–55	Defeat/slay a particular creature type (see the <i>bane</i> special ability for choices)	+2
56–60	Defeat/slay a particular race or kind of creature	+2
61–70	Defend a particular race or kind of creature	+2
71–80	Defeat/slay the servants of a specific deity	+2
81–90	Defend the servants and interests of a specific deity	+2
91–95	Defeat/slay all (other than the item and the wielder)	+2
96-100	Choose one	+2
* The nurness of the neutral (M) version of this item is to		

^{*} The purpose of the neutral (N) version of this item is to preserve the balance by defeating/slaying powerful beings of the extreme alignments (LG, LE, CG, CE).

Table 16-32: Special Purpose Item Dedicated Powers

d%	Dedicated Power	Base Price Modifier Mo	Ego difier
01–20	Item can detect any special purpose foes within 60 feet	+10,000 gp	+1
21–35	Item can use a 4th-level spell at will	+56,000 gp	+2
36–50	Wielder gets +2 luck bonus on attacks, saves, and checks	+80,000 gp	+2
51–65	Item can use a 5th-level spell at will	+90,000 gp	+2
66–80	Item can use a 6th-level spell at will	+132,000 gp	+2
81–95	Item can use a 7th-level spell at will	+182,000 gp	+2
96–100	Item can use <i>true</i> resurrection on wielder, once per month	+200,000 gp	+2

Magic items sometimes have intelligence of their own. Magically imbued with sentience, these items think and feel the same way characters do and should be treated as NPCs. Intelligent items have extra abilities and sometimes

extraordinary powers and special purposes. Only permanent magic items (as opposed to single-use items or those with charges) can be intelligent. (This means that potions, scrolls, and wands, among other items, are never intelligent.) In general, less than 1% of magic items have intelligence.

Intelligent items can actually be considered creatures because they have Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma scores. Treat them as constructs. Intelligent items often have the ability to illuminate their surroundings at will (as magic weapons do); many cannot see otherwise.

Unlike most magic items, intelligent items can activate their own powers without waiting for a command word from their owner. Intelligent items act during their owner's turn in the initiative order.

Designing an Intelligent Item

Creating a magic item with intelligence follows these simple guidelines. Intelligent items must have an alignment, mental ability scores, languages, senses, and at least one other special ability. These statistics and abilities can be improved during creation, increasing the item's overall cost. Many of these abilities add to an item's Ego score. Intelligent items with high Ego scores are difficult to control and can sometimes take control of their owner, making them dangerous to possess.

An intelligent magic item has a base price increase of 500 gp. When determining the total value of an intelligent item, add this value to the sum of the prices of all of its additional abilities gained through being intelligent, before adding them to the magic item's base price.

Intelligent Item Alignment

Any item with intelligence has an alignment (see Table: Intelligent Item Alignment). Note that intelligent weapons already have alignments, either stated or by implication. If you're generating a random intelligent weapon, that weapon's alignment must fit with any alignment-oriented special abilities it has.

Any character whose alignment does not correspond to that of the item (except as noted by the asterisks on the table) gains one negative level if he or she so much as picks up the item. Although this negative level never results in actual level loss, it remains as long as the item is in hand and cannot be overcome in any way (including by *restoration* spells). This negative level is cumulative with any other penalties the item might place on inappropriate wielders. Items with Ego scores (see below) of 20 to 29 bestow two

Items with Ego scores (see below) of 20 to 29 bestow two negative levels. Items with Ego scores of 30 or higher bestow three negative levels.

Intelligent Item Ability Scores

for being an intelligent item).

Languages Spoken by Item

can still read and understand the languages it knows.

Senses and Communication

Every intelligent magic item begins with the ability to see and hear within 30 feet, as well as the ability to communicate empathically with its owner. Empathy only allows the item to encourage or discourage certain actions through urges and emotions. Additional forms of communication and better senses increase the item's cost and Ego score, as noted on Table: Intelligent Item Senses and Communication.

Empathy (Su): Empathy allows the item to encourage or discourage certain actions by communicating emotions and urges. It does not allow for verbal communication.

speech can talk using any of the languages it knows.

Telepathy (Su): Telepathy allows an intelligent item to communicate with its wielder telepathically, regardless of its known languages. The wielder must be touching the item to communicate in this way.

Senses: Senses allow an intelligent magic item to see and hear out to the listed distance. Adding darkvision or blindsense allows the item to use those senses out to the same range as the item's base senses.

language, regardless of its known languages.

Read Magic (Sp): An intelligent magic item with this ability can read magical writings and scrolls as if through read magic. This ability does not allow the magic item to activate scrolls or other items. An intelligent magic item can suppress and resume this ability as a free action.

Intelligent Item Powers

Intelligent magic items possess all three mental ability Each intelligent item should possess at least one power, scores: Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma. Each one of although more powerful items might possess a host of these ability scores begins at a value of 10, but can be powers. To find the item's specific powers, choose or roll on increased to as high as 20. Table: Intelligent Item Ability Table: Intelligent Item Powers. All powers function at the Scores shows the cost to increase one of the item's ability direction of the item, although intelligent items generally scores. This cost must be paid for each ability score raised follow the wishes of their owner. Activating a power or above 10. For example, an intelligent magic item with a 15 concentrating on an active one is a standard action the item Intelligence, 12 Wisdom, and 10 Charisma would cost at takes. The caster level for these effects is equal to the item's least 2,400 gp more than the base item (including the 500 gp caster level. Save DCs are based off the item's highest mental ability score.

Special Purpose Items

Like a character, an intelligent item understands Common Some intelligent items have special purposes that guide their plus one additional language per point of Intelligence bonus. actions. Intelligent magic items with a special purpose gain a Choose appropriate languages, taking into account the item's +2 Ego bonus. An item's purpose must suit the type and origin and purposes. If the item does not possess speech, it alignment of the item and should always be treated reasonably. A purpose of "defeat/slay arcane spellcasters" doesn't mean that the sword forces the wielder to kill every wizard she sees. Nor does it mean that the sword believes it is possible to kill every wizard, sorcerer, and bard in the world. It does mean that the item hates arcane spellcasters and wants to bring the local wizards' cabal to ruin, as well as end the rule of a sorcerer-queen in a nearby land. Likewise, a purpose of "defend elves" doesn't mean that if the wielder is an elf, he only wants to help the wielder. It means that the item wants to be used in furthering the cause of elves, stamping out their enemies and aiding their leaders. A purpose of "defeat/slay all" isn't just a matter of selfpreservation. It means that the item won't rest (or let its wielder rest) until it places itself above all others.

Table: Intelligent Item Purpose has a number of sample Speech (Su): An intelligent item with the capability for purposes that a magic item might possess. If the wielder specifically ignores or goes against an intelligent item's special purpose, the item gains a +4 bonus to its Ego until the wielder cooperates. This is in addition to the +2 Ego bonus gained by items with a special purpose.

Dedicated Powers

A dedicated power operates only when an intelligent item is in pursuit of its special purpose. This determination is always made by the item. It should always be easy and Read Languages (Ex): The item can read script in any straightforward to see how the ends justify the means. Unlike its other powers, an intelligent item can refuse to use its dedicated powers even if the owner is dominant (see Items Against Characters). The caster level for these effects is equal to the item's caster level. Save DCs are based on the item's highest mental ability score. See Table: Special Purpose Item Dedicated Powers for a list of dedicated powers.

Item Ego

Ego is a measure of the total power and force of personality that an item possesses. An item's Ego score is the sum of all of its Ego modifiers plus an additional bonus for the cost of the base magic item (excluding the cost of all of the intelligent item enhancements). An item's Ego score helps determine whether the item or the character is dominant in their relationship, as detailed below.

Base Magic Item Value	Ego Modifier
Up to 1,000 gp	_
1,001 gp to 5,000 gp	+1
5,001 gp to 10,000 gp	+2
10,001 gp to 20,000 gp	+3
20,001 gp to 50,000 gp	+4
50,001 gp to 100,000 gp	+6
100,001 gp to 200,000 gp	+8
200,001 gp and higher	+12

Items against Characters

When an item has an Ego of its own, it has a will of its own. The item is absolutely true to its alignment. If the character who possesses the item is not true to that alignment's goals or the item's special purpose, personality conflict—item against character—results. Similarly, any item with an Ego score of 20 or higher always considers itself superior to any character, All magic items with personalities desire to play an and a personality conflict results if the possessor does not important role in whatever activity is under way, particularly always agree with the item.

When a personality conflict occurs, the possessor must make a Will saving throw (DC = item's Ego). If the possessor succeeds, she is dominant. If she fails, the item is dominant. Dominance lasts for 1 day or until a critical situation occurs (such as a major battle, a serious threat to either the item or the character, and so on). Should an item gain dominance, it resists the character's desires and demands concessions such Items with personalities are never totally controlled or as any of the following:

Removal of associates or items whose alignment or personality is distasteful to the item.

- The character divesting herself of all other magic items or items of a certain type.
- Obedience from the character so the item can direct where they go for its own purposes.
- Immediate seeking out and slaying of creatures hateful to the item.
- Magical protections and devices to safeguard the item from molestation when it is not in use.
- That the character carry the item with her on all occasions.
- That the character relinquish the item to a more suitable possessor due to alignment differences or

In extreme circumstances, the item can resort to even harsher measures, such as the following:

- Force its possessor into combat.
- Refuse to strike opponents.
- Strike at its wielder or her associates.
- Force its possessor to surrender to an opponent.
- Cause itself to drop from the character's grasp.

Naturally, such actions are unlikely when harmony reigns between the character's and item's alignments or when their purposes and personalities are well matched. Even so, an item might wish to have a lesser character possess it in order to easily establish and maintain dominance over him, or a higher-level possessor so as to better accomplish its goals.

combat. Such items are natural rivals, even with others of the same alignment. No intelligent item wants to share its wielder with others. An intelligent item is aware of the presence of any other intelligent item within 60 feet, and most intelligent items try their best to mislead or distract their host so that she ignores or destroys the rival. Of course, alignment might change this sort of behavior.

silenced by the characters that possess them, even though they may never successfully control their possessors. They may be powerless to force their demands, but most remain undaunted and continue to air their wishes and demands.

Cursed Items

Table 16-33: Common Item Curses

d%	Curse
01–15	Delusion
16-35	Opposite effect or target
36-45	Intermittent functioning

d% Curse 46-60 Requirement 61-75 Drawback 76–90 Completely different effect 91–100 Substitute specific cursed item on Table: Specific Cursed Items

Cursed items are magic items with some sort of potentially

negative impact. Occasionally they mix bad with good, functioning items all function perfectly as intended—at least almost never made intentionally. Instead they are the result dependent, and uncontrolled items. of rushed work, inexperienced crafters, or a lack of proper components. While many of these items still have functions, they either do not work as intended or come with serious drawbacks. When a magic item creation skill check fails by 5 Dependent: The item only functions in certain situations. To or more, roll on Table: Common Item Curses to determine determine the situation, select or roll on the following table. the type of curse possessed by the item.

Identifying Cursed Items: Cursed items are identified like any other magic item with one exception: unless the check made to identify the item exceeds the DC by 10 or more, the curse is not detected. If the check is not made by 10 or more, but still succeeds, all that is revealed is the magic item's original intent. If the item is known to be cursed, the nature of the curse can be determined using the standard DC to identify the item.

Removing Cursed Items: While some cursed items can be simply discarded, others force a compulsion upon the user to keep the item, no matter the costs. Others reappear even if discarded or are impossible to throw away. These items can only be discarded after the character or item is targeted by a remove curse or similar magic. The DC of the caster level check to undo the curse is equal to 10 + the item's caster level. If the spell is successful, the item can be discarded on the following round, but the curse reasserts itself if the item is used again.

Common Cursed Item Effects

The following are some of the most common cursed item effects. GMs should feel free to invent new cursed item effects to fit specific items.

Delusion: The user believes the item is what it appears to be, yet it actually has no magical power other than to deceive. The user is mentally fooled into thinking the item is *Uncontrolled*: An uncontrolled item occasionally activates at casting of remove curse.

so that either they do the opposite of what the creator must be met for them to be usable. To keep an item with this intended, or they target the user instead of someone else. The kind of curse functioning, one or more of the following interesting point to keep in mind here is that these items conditions must be met. aren't always bad to have. Opposite-effect items include weapons that impose penalties on attack and damage rolls rather than bonuses. Just as a character shouldn't necessarily immediately know what the enhancement bonus of a noncursed magic item is, she shouldn't immediately know that a weapon is cursed. Once she knows, however, the item can be discarded unless some sort of compulsion is placed upon it that compels the wielder to keep and use it. In such cases, a remove curse spell is generally needed to get rid of the item.

Intermittent Functioning: The three varieties of intermittent

forcing characters to make difficult choices. Cursed items are some of the time. The three varieties are unreliable,

Unreliable: Each time the item is activated, there is a 5% chance (01-05 on d%) that it does not function.

Situation

01–03 Temperature below freezing06–

04-05 Temperature above freezing

10 During the day

11–15 During the night

16-20 In direct sunlight26-

21-25 Out of direct sunlight

34 Underwater

35-37 Out of water

38-45 Underground

46-55 Aboveground

56-60 Within 10 feet of a random creature type

61-64 Within 10 feet of a random race or kind of creature

65-72 Within 10 feet of an arcane spellcaster 81-

73-80 Within 10 feet of a divine spellcaster

85 In the hands of a nonspellcaster

86–90 In the hands of a spellcaster

91–95 In the hands of a creature of a particular alignment

96 In the hands of a creature of a particular gender On noty days or during particular astrological

97-99

events

100 More than 100 miles from a particular site

functioning and cannot be convinced otherwise without the random times. Roll d% every day. On a result of 01-05 the item activates at some random point during that day.

Opposite Effect or Target: These cursed items malfunction, Requirement: Some items have stringent requirements that

- Character must eat twice as much as normal.
- Character must sleep twice as much as normal.
- Character must undergo a specific quest (one time only, and the item functions normally thereafter).
- Character must sacrifice (destroy) 100 gp in valuables per day.
- Character must sacrifice (destroy) 2,000 gp worth of magic items each week.
- Character must swear fealty to a particular noble or to his entire family.

- Character must discard all other magic items.
- Character must worship a particular deity.
- Character must change her name to a specific name. The item only works for characters of that name.
- Character must add a specific class at the next opportunity if not of that class already.
- Character must have a minimum number of ranks in a particular skill.
- Character must sacrifice some part of her life energy (2 points of Constitution) one time. If the character gets the Constitution points back (such as from a *restoration* spell), the item ceases functioning. (The item does not cease functioning if the character receives a Constitution increase caused by level gain, a *wish*, or the use of a magic item.)
- Item must be cleansed with holy water each day.
- Item must be used to kill a living creature each day.
- Item must be bathed in volcanic lava once per month
- Item must be used at least once a day, or it won't function again for its current possessor.
- Item must draw blood when wielded (weapons only). It can't be put away or exchanged for another weapon until it has scored a hit.
- Item must have a particular spell cast upon it each day (such as *bless*, *atonement*, or *animate objects*).

Requirements are so dependent upon suitability to the item that they should never be determined randomly. An intelligent item with a requirement often imposes its requirement through its personality. If the requirement is not met, the item ceases to function. If it is met, usually the item functions for one day before the requirement must be met again (although some requirements are one time only, others monthly, and still others continuous).

Drawback: Items with drawbacks are usually still beneficial to the possessor but carry some negative aspect. Although sometimes drawbacks occur only when the item is used (or held, in the case of some weapons), usually the drawback remains with the character for as long as she has the item.

Unless otherwise indicated, drawbacks remain in effect as long as the item is possessed. The DC to save against any of 96 these effects is usually equal to 10 + the item's caster level.

d% Drawback

- 01–04 Character's hair grows 1 inch longer every hour.
- 05–09 Character either shrinks 6 inches (01–50 on d%) or grows that much taller (51–100). Only happens once.
- 10–13 Temperature around item is 10° F cooler than normal.
- 14–17 Temperature around item is 10° F warmer than normal.

d% Drawback

- 18-21 Character's hair color changes.
- 22-25 Character's skin color changes.
- 26–29 Character now bears some identifying mark (tattoo, weird glow, or the like).
- 30-32 Character's gender changes.
- 33-34 Character's race or kind changes.
- Character is afflicted with a random disease that cannot be cured.
- 36–39 Item continually emits a disturbing sound (moaning, weeping, screaming, cursing, insults).
- 40 Item looks ridiculous (garishly colored, silly shape, glows bright pink).
- 41–45 Character becomes selfishly possessive.
- Character becomes paranoid about losing the item and afraid of damage occurring to it.
- 50-51 Character's alignment changes.
- 52–54 Character must attack nearest creature (5% chance [01–05 on d%] each day).
- 55–57 Character is stunned for 1d4 rounds once item function is finished (or randomly, 1/day).
- 58–60 Character's vision is blurry (–2 penalty on attack rolls, saves, and skill checks requiring vision).
- 61–64 Character gains one negative level.
- 65 Character gains two negative levels.
- Character must make a Will save each day or take 1 point of Intelligence damage.
- 71–75 Character must make a Will save each day or take 1 point of Wisdom damage.
- 76–80 Character must make a Will save each day or take 1 point of Charisma damage.
- 81–85 Character must make a Fortitude save each day or take 1 point of Constitution damage.
- 86–90 Character must make a Fortitude save each day or take 1 point of Strength damage.
- 91–95 Character must make a Fortitude save each day or take 1 point of Dexterity damage.
- Character is polymorphed into a specific creature (5% chance [01–05 on d%] each day).
- Character cannot cast arcane spells.
- Character cannot cast divine spells.
- Character cannot cast any spells.
- Either pick one of the above that's appropriate or create a drawback specifically for that item.

Specific Cursed Items

Table 16-34: Specific Cursed Items

d%	Item
01-05	Incense of obsession
06–15	Ring of clumsiness
16-20	Amulet of inescapable location
21–25	Stone of weight
26–30	Bracers of defenselessness 36-
31–35	Gauntlets of fumbling
40	-2 sword, cursed
41–43	Armor of rage
44–46	Medallion of thought projection
47–52	Flask of curses
53-54	Dust of sneezing and choking
55	Helm of opposite alignment
56-60	Potion of poison
61	Broom of animated attack
62–63	Robe of powerlessness
64	Vacuous grimoire
65–68	Spear, cursed backbiter
69–70	Armor of arrow attraction
71–72	Net of snaring
73–75	Bag of devouring
76–80	Mace of blood
81–85	Robe of vermin
86–88	Periapt of foul rotting
89–92	Sword, berserking
93–96	Boots of dancing
97	Crystal hypnosis ball
98	Necklace of strangulation
99	Poisonous cloak
100	Scarab of death

Perhaps the most dangerous and insidious of all cursed items are those whose intended functions are completely replaced by a curse. Yet even these items can have their uses, particularly as traps or weapons. The following are provided as specific examples of cursed items. Instead of prerequisites, each cursed item is associated with one or more ordinary magic items whose creation might result in the cursed item. Cursed items can be sold, if the curse is not known to the buyer, as if they were the item they appear to be.

Cursed suits of armor and weapons can come in many forms, and the examples listed here are merely the most common.

For example, a *cursed* -2 *sword*, might appear as a +3 *shortsword* or a +1 *dagger*, with a similar negative instead of the listed -2.

Amulet of Inescapable Location

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 10th

Slot neck; Weight 1/2 lb.

Description

This device appears to prevent location, scrying and detection, or influence by *detect thoughts* or telepathy, as per an *amulet of proof against detection and location*. Actually, the amulet gives the wearer a –10 penalty on all saves against divination spells.

Creation

Magic Items amulet of proof against detection and location

Armor of Arrow Attraction

Aura strong abjuration; CL 16th

Slot body; Weight 50 lbs.

Description

Magical analysis indicates that this armor is a normal suit of +3 full plate. The armor works normally with regard to melee attacks but actually attracts ranged weapons. The wearer takes a -15 penalty to AC against ranged weapons. The true nature of the armor does not reveal itself until the character is fired upon in earnest.

Creation

Magic Items +3 full plate

Armor of Rage

Aura strong necromancy; CL 16th

Slot body; Weight 50 lbs.

Description

This armor is similar in appearance to *armor of command* and functions as a suit of +1 *full plate*. However, when it is worn, the armor causes the character to take a -4 penalty to Charisma. All unfriendly characters within 300 feet have a +1 morale bonus on attack rolls against her. The effect is not noticeable to the wearer or those affected. In other words, the wearer does not immediately notice that donning the armor is the cause of her problems, nor do foes understand the reason for the depth of their enmity.

Creation

Magic Items armor of command, +1 full plate

Bag of Devouring

Aura strong conjuration; CL 17th

Slot none; Weight 15 lbs.

Description

magical properties makes it seem as if it were a bag of bracers of armor +5 and actually serve as such until the holding. The sack is, however, something entirely different wearer is attacked in anger by an enemy with a Challenge and more insidious. It is—in fact, one of the feeding orifices Rating equal to or greater than her level. At that moment and of an extradimensional creature.

Any substance of animal or vegetable nature is subject to "swallowing" if thrust within the bag. The bag of devouring is 90% likely to ignore any initial intrusion, but anytime thereafter that it senses living flesh within (such as if someone reaches into the bag to pull something out), it is 60% likely to close around the offending member and attempt to draw the whole victim in. The bag has a + 8 bonus on combat maneuver checks made to grapple. If it pins a Aura moderate transmutation; CL 10th creature, it pulls them inside as a free action. The bag has CMD of 18 for those attempting to break free.

The bag can hold up to 30 cubic feet of matter. It acts as a bag of holding type I, but each hour it has a 5% cumulative chance of swallowing the contents and then spitting the stuff out in some nonspace or on some other plane. Creatures drawn within are consumed in 1 round. The bag destroys the victim's body and prevents any form of raising resurrection that requires part of the corpse. There is a 50% a loop-the-loop with its hopeful rider, dumping him on his chance that a wish, miracle, or true resurrection spell can head from 1d4+5 feet off the ground (no falling damage, restore a devoured victim to life. Check once for each since the fall is less than 10 feet). The broom then attacks the destroyed creature. If the check fails, the creature cannot be victim, swatting the victim's face with the straw or twig end brought back to life by mortal magic.

Creation

Magic Items bag of holding (any type)

Boots of Dancing

Aura strong enchantment; CL 16th

Slot feet; Weight 1 lb.

Description

These boots appear and function as one of the other kinds of magic boots. When the wearer is in (or fleeing from) melee Aura strong divination; CL 17th combat, boots of dancing impede movement, making him behave as if *irresistible dance* had been cast upon him. Only a remove curse spell enables the wearer to be rid of the boots once their true nature is revealed.

Creation

Magic Items boots of elvenkind, boots of levitation, boots of speed, boots of striding and springing, boots of teleportation, boots of the winterlands, winged boots

Bracers of Defenselessness

Aura strong conjuration; CL 16th

Slot arms; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This bag appears to be an ordinary sack. Detection for These bejeweled and shining bracers initially appear to be thereafter, the bracers cause a -5 penalty to AC. Once their curse is activated, bracers of defenselessness can be removed only by means of a remove curse spell.

Creation

Magic Items bracers of armor +5

Broom of Animated Attack

Slot none; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This item is indistinguishable in appearance from a normal broom. It is identical to a broom of flying by all tests short of attempted use.

or If a creature attempts to fly using the broom, the broom does and beating him with the handle end. The broom gets two attacks per round with each end (two swats with the straw and two with the handle, for a total of four attacks per round). It attacks with a +5 bonus on each attack roll. The straw end causes a victim to be blinded for 1 round when it hits. The handle deals 1d6 points of damage when it hits. The broom has AC 13, CMD 17, 18 hit points, and hardness 4.

Creation

Magic Items broom of flying

Crystal Hypnosis Ball

Slot none; Weight 7 lbs.

Description

This cursed scrying device is indistinguishable, at first glance, from a normal crystal ball. However, anyone attempting to use the scrying device becomes fascinated for 1d6 minutes, and a telepathic suggestion is implanted in his mind (Will DC 19 negates).

from another plane. Each further use brings the crystal spell, a wish, or a miracle. hypnosis ball gazer deeper under the influence of the controller, either as a servant or a tool. Note that throughout this time, the user remains unaware of his subjugation.

Creation

Magic Items crystal ball

Dust of Sneezing and Choking

Aura moderate conjuration; CL 7th

Slot none; Weight -

Description

This fine dust appears to be dust of appearance. If cast into disabled by choking (treat as stunned) for 5d4 rounds.

Creation

Magic Items dust of appearance, dust of tracelessness

Flask of Curses

Aura moderate conjuration; **CL** 7th

Slot none; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

This item looks like an ordinary beaker, bottle, container, decanter, flask, or jug. It may contain a liquid, or it may emit smoke. When the flask is first unstoppered, all within 30 feet must make a DC 17 Will save or be cursed, taking a -2 penalty on attack rolls, saving throws, and skill checks until a remove curse spell is cast upon them.

Creation

Magic Items decanter of endless water, efreeti bottle, eversmoking bottle, iron flask

Gauntlets of Fumbling

Aura moderate transmutation; CL 7th

Slot hands; Weight 2 lbs.

Description

the wearer finds herself under attack or in a life-and-death all have been used or cast, or until 24 hours have elapsed. situation. At that time, the curse is activated. The wearer becomes fumble-fingered, with a 50% chance each round of

The user of the device believes that the desired creature or dropping anything held in either hand. The gauntlets also scene was viewed, but actually he came under the influence lower Dexterity by 2 points. Once the curse is activated, the of a powerful wizard, lich, or even some power or being gloves can be removed only by means of a remove curse

Creation

Magic Items gauntlet of rust, gloves of arrow snatching, glove of storing, gloves of swimming and climbing

Helm of Opposite Alignment

Aura strong transmutation; CL 12th

Slot head; **Weight** 3 lbs.

Description

When placed upon the head, this item's curse immediately takes effect (Will DC 15 negates). On a failed save, the alignment of the wearer is radically altered to an alignment the air, it causes those within a 20-foot spread to fall into fits as different as possible from the former alignment—good to of sneezing and coughing. Those failing a DC 15 Fortitude evil, chaotic to lawful, neutral to some extreme commitment save take 3d6 points of Constitution damage immediately. (LE, LG, CE, or CG). Alteration in alignment is mental as Those who succeed on this saving throw are nonetheless well as moral, and the individual changed by the magic thoroughly enjoys his new outlook. A character who succeeds on his save can continue to wear the helmet without suffering the effect of the curse, but if he takes it off and later puts it on again, another save is required.

> Only a wish or a miracle can restore a character's former alignment, and the affected individual does not make any attempt to return to the former alignment. In fact, he views the prospect with horror and avoids it in any way possible. If a character of a class with an alignment requirement is affected, an atonement spell is needed as well if the curse is to be obliterated. When a helm of opposite alignment has functioned once, it loses its magical properties.

Creation

Magic Items hat of disguise, helm of comprehend languages and read magic, helm of telepathy

Incense of Obsession

Aura moderate enchantment; CL 6th

Slot none; Weight -

Description

These blocks of incense appear to be incense of meditation. If meditation is conducted while incense of obsession is burning, the user becomes totally confident that her spell ability is superior due to the magic incense. She uses her spells at every opportunity, even when not needed or useless. These gauntlets perform according to their appearance until The user remains obsessed with her abilities and spells until

Creation

Magic Items incense of meditation

Mace of Blood

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 8th

Slot none; Weight 8 lbs.

Description

This +3 heavy mace must be coated in blood every day, or else its bonus fades away until the mace is coated again. The character using this mace must make a DC 13 Will save This net provides a +3 bonus on attack rolls but can only be every day it is within his possession or become chaotic evil.

Creation

Magic Items +3 heavy mace

Medallion of Thought Projection

Aura moderate divination; CL 7th

Slot neck; Weight —

Description

This device seems like a *medallion of thoughts*, even down to the range at which it functions, except that the thoughts overheard are muffled and distorted, requiring a DC 15 Will This engraved gem appears to be of little value. If any presence.

Creation

Magic Items medallion of thoughts

Necklace of Strangulation

Aura strong conjuration; CL 18th

Slot neck; Weight —

Description

A necklace of strangulation appears to be a wondrous piece of magical jewelry. When placed on the neck, the necklace immediately tightens, dealing 6 points of damage per round. It cannot be removed by any means short of a *limited wish*, This cloak is usually made of a wool, although it can be wish, or miracle and remains clasped around the victim's made of leather. A detect poison spell can reveal the presence throat even after his death. Only when he has decayed to a of poison in the cloak's fabric. The garment can be handled dry skeleton (after approximately 1 month) does the necklace without harm, but as soon as it is actually donned, the wearer loosen, ready for another victim.

Creation

Magic Items necklace of adaptation, necklace of fireballs, periapt of health, periapt of proof against poison, periapt of wound closure

Net of Snaring

Aura moderate evocation; **CL** 8th

Slot none; Weight 6 lbs.

Description

used underwater. Underwater, it can be commanded to shoot forth up to 30 feet to trap a creature. If thrown on land, it changes course to target the creature that threw it.

Creation

Magic Items +3 net

Periapt of Foul Rotting

Aura moderate abjuration; CL 10th

Slot neck; Weight —

Description

save to sort them out. However, while the user thinks she is character keeps the periapt in her possession for more than picking up the thoughts of others, all she is really hearing are 24 hours, she contracts a terrible rotting affliction that figments created by the medallion itself. These illusory permanently drains 1 point of Dexterity, Constitution, and thoughts always seem plausible and thus can seriously Charisma every week. The periapt (and the affliction) can be mislead any who rely upon them. What's worse, unknown to removed only by application of a remove curse spell her, the cursed medallion actually broadcasts her thoughts to followed by a cure disease and then a heal, miracle, limited creatures in the path of the beam, thus alerting them to her wish, or wish spell. The rotting can also be countered by crushing a periapt of health and sprinkling its dust upon the afflicted character (a full-round action), whereupon the periapt of foul rotting likewise crumbles to dust.

Creation

Magic Items periapt of health, periapt of proof against poison, periapt of wound closure

Poisonous Cloak

Aura strong abjuration; CL 15th

Slot shoulders; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

takes 4d6 points of Constitution damage unless she succeeds on a DC 28 Fortitude save.

Once donned, a poisonous cloak can be removed only with a and it functions normally. However, as soon as he is in a remove curse spell; doing this destroys the magical property situation requiring concentration and action against hostile of the cloak. If a neutralize poison spell is then used, it is opponents, the true nature of the garment is revealed: the possible to revive a dead victim with a raise dead or wearer immediately suffers a multitude of bites from the resurrection spell.

Creation

Magic Items cloak of arachnida, cloak of the bat, cloak of etherealness, cloak of resistance +5, major cloak of displacement

Potion of Poison

Aura strong conjuration; CL 12th

Slot none; Weight —

Description

This potion has lost its beneficial abilities and become a potent poison. This poison deals 1d3 Constitution damage per round for 6 rounds. A poisoned creature can make a DC 14 Fortitude save each round to negate the damage and end the affliction.

Creation

Magic Items any potion

Robe of Powerlessness

Aura strong transmutation; CL 13th

Slot body; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

A robe of powerlessness appears to be a magic robe of another sort. As soon as a character dons this garment, she takes a -10 penalty to Strength, as well as to Intelligence, Wisdom, or Charisma, forgetting spells and magic knowledge accordingly. If the character is a spellcaster, the robe targets the character's primary spellcasting score, otherwise it targets Intelligence. The robe can be removed easily, but in order to restore mind and body, the character must receive a remove curse spell followed by heal.

Creation

Magic Items robe of the archmagi, robe of blending, robe of bones, robe of eyes, robe of scintillating colors, robe of stars, robe of useful items

Robe of Vermin

Aura strong abjuration; CL 13th

Slot body; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

The wearer notices nothing unusual when the robe is donned,

insects that magically infest the garment. He must cease all other activities in order to scratch, shift the robe, and generally show signs of the extreme discomfort caused by the bites and movement of these pests.

The wearer takes a -5 penalty on initiative checks and a -2penalty on all attack rolls, saves, and skill checks. If he tries to cast a spell, he must make a concentration check (DC 20 + spell level) or lose the spell.

Creation

Magic Items robe of the archmagi, robe of blending, robe of bones, robe of eyes, robe of scintillating colors, robe of stars, robe of useful items

Ring of Clumsiness

Aura strong transmutation; CL 15th

Slot ring; Weight —

Description

This ring operates exactly like a ring of feather falling. However, it also makes the wearer clumsy. She takes a -4 penalty to Dexterity and has a 20% chance of spell failure when trying to cast any arcane spell that has a somatic component. (This chance of spell failure stacks with other arcane spell failure chances.)

Creation

Magic Items ring of feather falling

Scarab of Death

Aura strong abjuration; **CL** 19th

Slot neck; Weight —

Description

If this small scarab brooch is held for more than 1 round or carried in a living creature's possessions for 1 minute, it changes into a horrible burrowing beetle-like creature. The thing tears through any leather or cloth, burrows into flesh, and reaches the victim's heart in 1 round, causing death. A DC 25 Reflex save allows the wearer to tear the scarab away before it burrows out of sight, but he still takes 3d6 points of damage. The beetle then returns to its scarab form. Placing the scarab in a container of wood, ceramic, bone, ivory, or metal prevents it from coming to life and allows for longterm storage of the item.

Creation

Magic Items amulet of mighty fists, amulet of natural armor,

amulet of the planes, amulet of proof against detection and All damage dealt is also reduced by 2 points, but never location, brooch of shielding, golembane scarab, scarab of below a minimum of 1 point of damage on any successful protection

Spear, Cursed Backbiter

Aura moderate evocation; CL 10th

Slot none; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This is a +2 shortspear, but each time it is used in melee against a foe and the attack roll is a natural 1, it damages its wielder instead of her intended target. When the curse takes effect, the spear curls around to strike its wielder in the back, **Slot** none; **Weight** 12 lbs. automatically dealing the damage to the wielder. The curse even functions when the spear is hurled, and in such a case the damage to the hurler is doubled.

Creation

Magic Items +2 shortspear, any magic weapon

Stone of Weight (Loadstone)

Aura faint transmutation; CL 5th

Slot none; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This dark, polished stone reduces the possessor's base land speed to half of normal. Once picked up, the stone cannot be disposed of by any nonmagical means—if it is thrown away or smashed, it reappears somewhere upon the possessor's **Slot** none; **Weight** 2 lbs. person. If a remove curse spell is cast upon a loadstone, the item may be discarded normally and no longer haunts the individual.

Creation

Magic Items ioun stone, stone of alarm, stone of controlling earth elementals, stone of good luck

Sword, –2 Cursed

Aura strong evocation; CL 15th

Slot none; Weight 4 lbs.

Description

This longsword performs well against targets in practice, but when used in combat its wielder takes a -2 penalty on attack rolls.

hit. The sword always forces that character to employ it than another weapon. The sword's automatically draws it and fights with it even when she meant to draw or ready some other weapon.

Creation

Magic Items +2 longsword, any magic weapon

Sword, Berserking

Aura moderate evocation; CL 8th

Description

This sword appears to be a +2 greatsword. However, whenever it is used in battle, its wielder goes berserk (gaining all the benefits and drawbacks of the barbarian's rage ability). He attacks the nearest creature and continues to fight until unconscious or dead or until no living thing remains within 30 feet. Although many see this sword as a cursed object, others see it as a boon.

Creation

Magic Items +2 greatsword, any magic weapon

Vacuous Grimoire

Aura strong enchantment; CL 20th

Description

A book of this sort looks like a normal one on some mildly interesting topic. Any character who opens the work and reads so much as a single word therein must make two DC 15 Will saves. The first is to determine if the reader takes 1 point of permanent Intelligence and Charisma drain. The second is to find out if the reader takes 2 points of permanent Wisdom drain. To destroy the book, it must be burned while remove curse is being cast. If the grimoire is placed with other books, its appearance instantly alters to conform to the look of those other works.

Creation

Magic Items blessed book, manual of bodily health, manual of gainful exercise, manual of quickness of action, tome of clear thoughts, tome of leadership and influence, tome of understanding

Artifacts are extremely powerful. Rather than merely another Each time a spell is cast, there is a chance that the energy form of magical equipment, they are the sorts of legendary connected with its use causes the page to magically turn relics that whole campaigns can be based on. Each could be despite all precautions. The chance of a page turning depends the center of a whole set of adventures—a quest to recover it, on the spell the page contains and what sort of spellcaster the a fight against an opponent wielding it, a mission to cause its owner is. destruction, and so on.

Unlike normal magic items, artifacts are not easily destroyed. Instead of construction information, each artifact includes one possible means by which it might be destroyed.

Artifacts can never be purchased, nor are they found as part of a random treasure hoard. When placing an artifact in your game, be sure to consider its impact and role. Remember that artifacts are fickle objects, and if they become too much of a nuisance, they can easily disappear or become lost once again.

Minor Artifacts

Minor artifacts are not necessarily unique items. Even so, they are magic items that no longer can be created, at least by common mortal means.

Book of Infinite Spells

Aura strong (all schools); CL 18th

Slot none; Weight 3 lbs.

Description

This work bestows upon any character of any class the Description ability to use the spells within its pages. However, any character not already able to use spells gains one negative level for as long as the book is in her possession or while she uses its power. A book of infinite spells contains 1d8+22 pages. The nature of each page is determined by a d% roll: 01–50, arcane spell; 51–100, divine spell.

Determine the exact spell randomly.

Once a page is turned, it can never be flipped back—paging through a book of infinite spells is a one-way trip. If the book is closed, it always opens again to the page it was on before and a character can never draw from this deck any more the book was closed. When the last page is turned, the book cards than she has announced. If the character does not vanishes.

Once per day the owner of the book can cast the spell to which the book is opened. If that spell happens to be one that is on the character's class spell list, she can cast it up to four times per day. The pages cannot be ripped out without Each time a card is taken from the deck, it is replaced destroying the book. Similarly, the spells cannot be cast as scroll spells, nor can they be copied into a spellbook—their magic is bound up permanently within the book itself.

The owner of the book need not have the book on her person in order to use its power. The book can be stored in a place of

Artifacts safety while the owner is adventuring and still allow its owner to cast spells by means of its power.

Condition	Chance of Page Turning
Caster employing a spell usable by own class and level	10%
Caster employing a spell not usable by own class and level	20%
Nonspellcaster employing divine spell	25%
Nonspellcaster employing arcane spell	30%

Treat each spell use as if a scroll were being employed, for purposes of determining casting time, spell failure, and so on.

Destruction

The book of infinite spells can be destroyed when the current page contains the erase spell, by casting the spell on the book itself.

Deck of Many Things

Aura strong (all schools); CL 20th

Slot none; Weight —

A deck of many things (both beneficial and malign) is usually found in a box or leather pouch. Each deck contains a number of cards or plaques made of ivory or vellum. Each is engraved with glyphs, characters, and sigils. As soon as one of these cards is drawn from the pack, its magic is bestowed upon the person who drew it, for better or worse.

The character with a deck of many things who wishes to draw a card must announce how many cards she will draw before she begins. Cards must be drawn within 1 hour of each other, willingly draw her allotted number (or if she is somehow prevented from doing so), the cards flip out of the deck on their own. If the Jester is drawn, the possessor of the deck may elect to draw two additional cards.

(making it possible to draw the same card twice) unless the draw is the Jester or the Fool, in which case the card is discarded from the pack. A deck of many things contains 22 cards. To simulate the magic cards, you may want to use tarot cards, as indicated in the second column of the

accompanying table. If no tarot deck is available, substitute ordinary playing cards instead, as indicated in the third column. The effects of each card, summarized on the table, are fully described below.

Table 16-35: Deck of Many Things

Plaque	Tarot Card	Playing Card	Summary of Effect
Balance	XI. Justice	Two of spades	Change alignment instantly.
Comet	Two of swords	Two of diamonds	Defeat the next monster you meet to gain one level.
Donjon	Four of swords	Ace of spades	You are imprisoned.
Euryale	Ten of swords	Queen of spades	-1 penalty on all saving throws henceforth.
The Fates	Three of cups	Ace of hearts	Avoid any situation you choose, once.
Flames	XV. The Devil	Queen of clubs	Enmity between you and an outsider.
Fool	0. The Fool	Joker (with trademark)	Lose 10,000 experience points and you must draw again.
Gem	Seven of cups	Two of hearts	Gain your choice of 25 pieces of jewelry or 50 gems. Lose 1d4+1
Idiot	Two of pentacles	Two of clubs	Intelligence. You may draw again.
Jester	XII. The Hanged Man	Joker (without trademark)	Gain 10,000 XP or two more draws from the deck.
Key	V. The Hierophant	Queen of hearts	Gain a major magic weapon.
Knight	Page of swords	Jack of hearts	Gain the service of a 4th-level fighter.
Moon	XVIII. The Moon	Queen of diamonds	You are granted 1d4 wishes.
Rogue	Five of swords	Jack of spades	One of your friends turns against you.
Ruin	XVI. The Tower	King of spades	Immediately lose all wealth and property.
Skull	XIII. Death	Jack of clubs	Defeat dread wraith or be forever destroyed.
Star	XVII. The Star	Jack of diamonds	Immediately gain a +2 inherent bonus to one ability score.
Sun	XIX. The	King of	Gain beneficial

Plaque	Tarot Card	Playing Card	Summary of Effect
	Sun	diamonds	medium wondrous item and 50,000 XP.
Talons	Queen of pentacles	Ace of clubs	All magic items you possess disappear permanently.
Throne	Four of wands	King of hearts	Gain a +6 bonus on Diplomacy checks plus a small castle.
Vizier	IX. The Hermit	Ace of diamonds	Know the answer to your next dilemma.
The Void	Eight of swords	King of clubs	Body functions, but soul is trapped elsewhere.

Balance: The character must change to a radically different alignment. If the character fails to act according to the new alignment, she gains a negative level.

Comet: The character must single-handedly defeat the next hostile monster or monsters encountered, or the benefit is lost. If successful, the character gains enough XP to attain the next experience level.

Donjon: This card signifies imprisonment—either by the *imprisonment* spell or by some powerful being. All gear and spells are stripped from the victim in any case. Draw no more cards.

Euryale: The medusa-like visage of this card brings a curse that only the Fates card or a deity can remove. The -1 penalty on all saving throws is otherwise permanent.

The Fates: This card enables the character to avoid even an instantaneous occurrence if so desired, for the fabric of reality is unraveled and respun. Note that it does not enable something to happen. It can only stop something from happening or reverse a past occurrence. The reversal is only for the character who drew the card; other party members may have to endure the situation.

Flames: Hot anger, jealousy, and envy are but a few of the possible motivational forces for the enmity. The enmity of the outsider can't be ended until one of the parties has been slain. Determine the outsider randomly, and assume that it attacks the character (or plagues her life in some way) within 1d20 days.

Fool: The payment of XP and the redraw are mandatory. This card is always discarded when drawn, unlike all others except the Jester.

Gem: This card indicates wealth. The jewelry is all gold set with gems, each piece worth 2,000 gp, and the gems are worth 1,000 gp each.

Idiot: This card causes the drain of 1d4+1 points of

Intelligence immediately. The additional draw is optional.

Jester: This card is always discarded when drawn, unlike all others except the Fool. The redraws are optional.

Key: The magic weapon granted must be one usable by the character. It suddenly appears out of nowhere in the character's hand.

Knight: The fighter appears out of nowhere and serves loyally until death. He or she is of the same race (or kind) and gender as the character. This fighter can be taken as a cohort by a character with the Leadership feat.

Moon: This card bears the image of a moonstone gem with Slot none; Weight 3 lbs. the appropriate number of wishes shown as gleams therein; sometimes it depicts a moon with its phase indicating the number of wishes (full = four; gibbous = three; half = two; quarter = one). These wishes are the same as those granted by the 9th-level wizard spell and must be used within a number of minutes equal to the number received.

for it to be revealed with devastating effect.

Ruin: As implied by its name, when this card is drawn, all nonmagical possessions of the drawer are lost.

Skull: A dread wraith appears. The character must fight it alone—if others help, they get dread wraiths to fight as well. If the character is slain, she is slain forever and cannot be revived, even with a wish or a miracle.

Star: The 2 points are added to any ability the character **Destruction** chooses. They cannot be divided among two abilities.

Sun: Roll for a medium wondrous item until a useful item is indicated.

Talons: When this card is drawn, every magic item owned or possessed by the character is instantly and irrevocably lost, except for the deck.

Throne: The character becomes a true leader in people's eyes. The castle gained appears in any open area she wishes (but Description the decision where to place it must be made within 1 hour).

Vizier: This card empowers the character drawing it with the one-time ability to call upon a source of wisdom to solve any single problem or answer fully any question upon her request. The query or request must be made within 1 year. Whether the information gained can be successfully acted upon is another matter entirely.

The Void: This black card spells instant disaster. The character's body continues to function, as though comatose, but her psyche is trapped in a prison somewhere—in an object on a far plane or planet, possibly in the possession of

an outsider. A wish or a miracle does not bring the character back, instead merely revealing the plane of entrapment. Draw no more cards.

Destruction

The deck of many things can be destroyed by losing it in a wager with a deity of law. The deity must be unaware of the nature of the deck.

Philosopher's Stone

Aura strong transmutation; CL 20th

Description

This rare substance appears to be an ordinary, sooty piece of blackish rock. If the stone is broken open (break DC 20), a cavity is revealed at the stone's heart. This cavity is lined with a magical type of quicksilver that enables any character Rogue: When this card is drawn, one of the character's NPC with at least 10 ranks in Craft (alchemy) to transmute base friends (preferably a cohort) is totally alienated and made metals (iron and lead) into silver and gold. A single forever hostile. If the character has no cohorts, the enmity of philosopher's stone can turn up to 5,000 pounds of iron into some powerful personage (or community, or religious order) silver (worth 25,000 gp), or up to 1,000 pounds of lead into can be substituted. The hatred is secret until the time is ripe gold (worth 50,000 gp). However, the quicksilver becomes unstable once the stone is opened and loses its potency within 24 hours, so all transmutations must take place within that period.

> The quicksilver found in the center of the stone may also be put to another use. If mixed with any cure potion while the substance is still potent, it creates a special oil of life that acts as a true resurrection spell for any dead body it is sprinkled

The philosopher's stone can be destroyed by being placed in the heel of a titan's boot for at least 1 entire week.

Sphere of Annihilation

Aura strong transmutation; CL 20th

Slot none; Weight -

A sphere of annihilation is a globe of absolute blackness 2 feet in diameter. Any matter that comes in contact with a sphere is instantly sucked into the void and utterly destroyed. Only the direct intervention of a deity can restore an annihilated character.

A sphere of annihilation is static, resting in some spot as if it were a normal hole. It can be caused to move, however, by mental effort (think of this as a mundane form of telekinesis, too weak to move actual objects but a force to which the sphere, being weightless, is sensitive). A character's ability to gain control of a sphere of annihilation (or to keep

controlling one) is based on the result of a control check. The following powers drain 1 charge per usage: against DC 30 (a move action). A control check is 1d20 + character level + character Int modifier. If the check succeeds, the character can move the sphere (perhaps to bring it into contact with an enemy) as a free action.

Control of a sphere can be established from as far away as 40 feet (the character need not approach too closely). Once control is established, it must be maintained by continuing to make control checks (all DC 30) each round. For as long as a character maintains control (does not fail a check) in subsequent rounds, he can control the sphere from a distance of 40 feet + 10 feet per character level. The sphere's speed in a round is 10 feet + 5 feet for every 5 points by which the character's control check result in that round exceeded 30.

If a control check fails, the sphere slides 10 feet in the direction of the character attempting to move it. If two or more creatures vie for control of a sphere of annihilation, the rolls are opposed. If none are successful, the sphere slips toward the one who rolled lowest.

See also talisman of the sphere.

Destruction

Should a gate spell be cast upon a sphere of annihilation, there is a 50% chance (01-50 on d%) that the spell destroys levels to exceed its limit of 50 charges, it explodes as if a it, a 35% chance (51-85) that the spell does nothing, and a retributive strike had been performed (see below). The 15% chance (86–100) that a gap is torn in the spatial fabric, catapulting everything within a 180-foot radius into another plane. If a rod of cancellation touches a sphere of annihilation, they negate each other in a tremendous explosion. Everything within a 60-foot radius takes 2d6 × 10 **Destruction** points of damage. Dispel magic and mage's disjunction have no effect on a sphere.

Staff of the Magi

Aura strong (all schools); CL 20th

Slot none; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

A long wooden staff, shod in iron and inscribed with sigils and runes of all types, this potent artifact contains many spell The character breaking the staff has a 50% chance (01–50 on powers and other functions. Unlike a normal staff, a staff of d%) of traveling to another plane of existence, but if she does the magi holds 50 charges and cannot be recharged normally. not (51-100), the explosive release of spell energy destroys Some of its powers use charges, while others don't. A staff of her (no saving throw). the magi does not lose its powers if it runs out of charges. The following powers do not use charges:

- Detect magic
- Enlarge person (Fortitude DC 15 negates)
- Hold portal
- Light
- Mage armor
- Mage hand

- Dispel magic
- Fireball (10d6 damage, Reflex DC 17 half)
- Ice storm
- Invisibility
- Knock
- Lightning bolt (10d6 damage, Reflex DC 17 half)
- Pyrotechnics (Will or Fortitude DC 16 negates)
- Wall of fire
- Web

These powers drain 2 charges per usage:

- Monster summoning IX
- Plane shift (Will DC 21 negates)
- Telekinesis (400 lbs. maximum weight; Will DC 19 negates)

A staff of the magi gives the wielder spell resistance 23. If this is willingly lowered, however, the staff can also be used to absorb arcane spell energy directed at its wielder, as a rod of absorption does. Unlike the rod, this staff converts spell levels into charges rather than retaining them as spell energy usable by a spellcaster. If the staff absorbs enough spell wielder has no idea how many spell levels are cast at her, for the staff does not communicate this knowledge as a rod of absorption does. (Thus, absorbing spells can be risky.)

A staff of the magi can be broken for a retributive strike. Such an act must be purposeful and declared by the wielder. All charges in the staff are released in a 30-foot spread. All within 10 feet of the broken staff take hit points of damage equal to 8 times the number of charges in the staff, those between 11 feet and 20 feet away take points equal to 6 times the number of charges, and those 21 feet to 30 feet distant take 4 times the number of charges. A DC 23 Reflex save reduces damage by half.

Talisman of Pure Good

Aura strong evocation [good]; CL 18th

Slot none; Weight —

Description

A good divine spellcaster who possesses this item can cause a flaming crack to open at the feet of an evil divine spellcaster who is up to 100 feet away. The intended victim is

for this item to function.

A talisman of pure good has 6 charges. If a neutral (LN, N, device.

Destruction

The talisman of pure good can be destroyed by placing it in the mouth of a holy man who died while committing a truly If a talisman of ultimate evil is given to the newborn child of heinous act of his own free will.

Talisman of the Sphere

Aura strong transmutation; **CL** 16th

Slot none; Weight 1 lb.

Description

This small adamantine loop and handle is typically fitted with a fine adamantine chain so that it can be worn about as a necklace. A talisman of the sphere is worse than useless to those unable to cast arcane spells. Characters who cannot cast arcane spells take 5d6 points of damage merely from picking up and holding a talisman of this sort. However, Slot none; Weight 12 lbs. when held by an arcane spellcaster who is concentrating on control of a sphere of annihilation, a talisman of the sphere doubles the character's modifier on his control check (doubling both his Intelligence bonus and his character level for this purpose).

If the wielder of a talisman establishes control, he need check for maintaining control only every other round thereafter. If control is not established, the sphere moves toward him. Note that while many spells and effects of cancellation have jewelry, stonemasonry, traps, and weapons) checks. The no effect upon a sphere of annihilation, the talisman's power wielder of the Axe can summon an elder earth elemental (as of control can be suppressed or canceled.

Destruction

A talisman of the sphere can only be destroyed by throwing the item into a sphere of annihilation.

Talisman of Ultimate Evil

Aura strong evocation [evil]; **CL** 18th

Slot none; Weight —

Description

An evil divine spellcaster who possesses this item can cause a flaming crack to open at the feet of a good divine

swallowed up forever and sent hurtling to the center of the spellcaster who is up to 100 feet away. The intended victim is earth. The wielder of the talisman must be good, and if he is swallowed up forever and sent hurtling to the center of the not exceptionally pure in thought and deed, the evil character earth. The wielder of the talisman must be evil, and if she is gains a DC 19 Reflex saving throw to leap away from the not exceptionally foul and perverse in the sights of her evil crack. Obviously, the target must be standing on solid ground deity, the good character gains a DC 19 Reflex save to leap away from the crack. Obviously, the target must be standing on solid ground for this item to function.

CN) divine spellcaster touches one of these stones, he takes A talisman of ultimate evil has 6 charges. If a neutral (LN, N, 6d6 points of damage per round of contact. If an evil divine CN) divine spellcaster touches one of these stones, she takes spellcaster touches one, he takes 8d6 points of damage per 6d6 points of damage per round of contact. If a good divine round of contact. All other characters are unaffected by the spellcaster touches one, she takes 8d6 points of damage per round of contact. All other characters are unaffected by the device.

Destruction

a redeemed villain, it instantly crumbles to dust.

Major Artifacts

Major artifacts are unique items—only one of each such item exists. These are the most potent of magic items, capable of altering the balance of a campaign. Unlike all other magic items, major artifacts are not easily destroyed. Each should have only a single, specific means of destruction.

Axe of the Dwarvish Lords

Aura strong conjuration and transmutation; CL 20th

Description

This is a +6 keen throwing goblinoid bane dwarven waraxe. Any dwarf who holds it doubles the range of his or her darkvision. Any nondwarf who grasps the Axe takes 4 points of temporary Charisma damage; these points cannot be healed or restored in any way while the Axe is held. The current owner of the Axe gains a +10 bonus on Craft (armor, summon monster IX; duration 20 rounds) once per week.

Destruction

The Axe of the Dwarvish Lords rusts away to nothing if it is ever used by a goblin to behead a dwarven king.

Codex of the Infinite Planes

Aura overwhelming transmutation; CL 30th

Slot none; Weight 300 lbs.

Description

The *Codex* is enormous—supposedly, it requires two strong men to lift it. No matter how many pages are turned, another (assuming that he or she has learned how to access the breath weapon of the dragon in the Orb three times per day. power). The Codex of the Infinite Planes has a caster level of 30th for the purposes of all powers and catastrophes, and all saving throw DCs are 20 + spell level. Activating any power requires a Spellcraft check (DC 40 + twice the spell level of the power; the character can't take 10 on this check). Any failure on either check indicates that a catastrophe befalls the user (roll on the table below for the effect). A character can only incur one catastrophe per power use.

d% Catastrophe

Natural Fury: An *earthquake* spell centered on the reader strikes every round for 1 minute, and an 01 - 25intensified storm of vengeance spell is centered and targeted on the reader.

Fiendish Vengeance: A gate opens and 1d3+1 balors, pit fiends, or similar evil outsiders step through and attempt to destroy the owner of the Codex.

Ultimate Imprisonment: Reader's soul is captured (as trap the soul; no save allowed) in a random gem 51 - 75somewhere on the plane while his or her body is entombed beneath the earth (as imprisonment).

Death: The reader utters a wail of the banshee and 76–100 then is subject to a *destruction* spell. This repeats every round for 10 rounds until the reader is dead.

Destruction

The Codex of the Infinite Planes is destroyed if one page is torn out and left on each plane in existence. Note that tearing out a page immediately triggers a catastrophe.

The Orbs of Dragonkind

Aura strong enchantment; CL 20th

Slot none; Weight 5 lbs.

Description

Each of these fabled Orbs contains the essence and

always remains. Anyone opening the *Codex* for the first time personality of an ancient dragon of a different variety (one is utterly annihilated, as with a destruction spell (Fortitude for each of the major ten different chromatic and metallic DC 30). Those who survive can peruse its pages and learn its dragons). The bearer of an Orb can, as a standard action, powers, though not without risk. Each day spent studying the dominate dragons of its particular variety within 500 feet (as Codex allows the reader to make a Spellcraft check (DC 50) dominate monster), the dragon being forced to make a DC 25 to learn one of its powers (choose the power learned Will save to resist. Spell resistance is not useful against this randomly; add a +1 circumstance bonus on the check per effect. Each Orb of Dragonkind bestows upon the wielder additional day spent reading until a power is learned). the AC and saving throw bonuses of the dragon within. However, each day of study also forces the reader to make a These values replace whatever values the character would Will save (DC 30 + 1 per day of study) to avoid being driven otherwise have, whether they are better or worse. These insane (as the *insanity* spell). The powers of the *Codex of the* values cannot be modified by any means short of ridding the Infinite Planes are as follows: astral projection, banishment, character of the Orb. A character possessing an Orb of elemental swarm, gate, greater planar ally, greater planar Dragonkind is immune to the breath weapon—but only the binding, plane shift, and soul bind. Each of these spell-like breath weapon—of the dragon variety keyed to the Orb. abilities are usable at will by the owner of the Codex Finally, a character possessing an Orb can herself use the

> All Orbs of Dragonkind can be used to communicate verbally and visually with the possessors of the other Orbs. The owner of an *Orb* knows if there are dragons within 10 miles at all times. For dragons of the *Orb's* particular variety. the range is 100 miles. If within 1 mile of a dragon of the Orb's variety, the wielder can determine the dragon's exact location and age. The bearer of one of these Orbs earns the enmity of dragonkind forever for profiting by draconic enslavement, even if she later loses the item. Each Orb also has an individual power that can be invoked once per round at caster level 10th.

- Black Dragon Orb: Fly.
- Blue Dragon Orb: Haste.
- Brass Dragon Orb: Teleport.
- Bronze Dragon Orb: Scrying (Will DC 18 negates).
- Copper Dragon Orb: Suggestion (Will DC 17 negates).
- Gold Dragon Orb: The owner of the gold Orb can call upon any power possessed by one of the other Orbs—including the dominate and breath weapon abilities but not AC, save bonuses, or breath weapon immunity-but can only use an individual power once per day. She can dominate any other possessor of an *Orb* within 1 mile (Will DC 23 negates).
- Green Dragon Orb: Spectral hand.
- Red Dragon Orb: Wall of fire.
- Silver Dragon Orb: Cure critical wounds (Will DC 18 half).
- White Dragon Orb: Protection from energy (cold) (Fortitude DC 17 negates)

Destruction

An orb of dragonkind immediately shatters if it is caught in the breath weapon of a dragon who is a blood relative of the dragon trapped within. This causes everyone within 90 feet to be struck by the breath weapon of that dragon, released as the orb explodes.

The Shadowstaff

Aura strong conjuration; CL 20th.

Slot none; **Weight** 1 lb.

Description

This artifact was crafted ages ago, weaving together wispy strands of shadow into a twisted black staff. The Shadowstaff makes the wielder slightly shadowy and incorporeal, granting him a +4 bonus to AC and on Reflex saves (which stacks with any other bonuses). However, in bright light (such as that of the sun, but not a torch) or in absolute darkness, the wielder takes a -2 penalty on all attack rolls, saves, and checks. The Shadowstaff also has these powers.

Summon Shadows: Three times per day the staff may summon 2d4 shadows. Immune to turning, they

- serve the wielder as if called by a summon monster V spell cast at 20th level.
- Summon Nightshade: Once per month, the staff can summon an advanced shadow demon that serves the wielder as if called by a summon monster IX spell cast at 20th level.
- Shadow Form: Three times per day the wielder can become a living shadow, with all the movement powers granted by gaseous form.
- Shadow Bolt: Three times per day the staff can project a ray attack that deals 10d6 points of cold damage to a single target. The shadow bolt has a range of 100 feet.

Destruction

The Shadowstaff fades away to nothingness if it is exposed to true sunlight for a continuous 24 hour period.

Magic Item Creation

To create magic items, spellcasters use special feats which allow them to invest time and money in an item's creation. At the end of this process, the spellcaster must make a single In addition, some items cast or replicate spells with costly skill check (usually Spellcraft, but sometimes another skill) material components. For these items, the market price to finish the item. If an item type has multiple possible skills, equals the base price plus an extra price for the spell you choose which skill to make the check with. The DC to component costs. The cost to create these items is the magic create a magic item is 5 + the caster level for the item. Failing this check means that the item does not function and the materials and time are wasted. Failing this check by 5 or more results in a cursed item (see Cursed Items for more information).

Note that all items have prerequisites in their descriptions. These prerequisites must be met for the item to be created. Most of the time, they take the form of spells that must be known by the item's creator (although access through another magic item or spellcaster is allowed). The DC to create a creation feat, which is mandatory. In addition, you cannot create spell-trigger and spell-completion magic items without meeting their spell prerequisites.

While item creation costs are handled in detail below, note that normally the two primary factors are the caster level of the creator and the level of the spell or spells put into the item. A creator can create an item at a lower caster level than her own, but never lower than the minimum level needed to The caster can work for up to 8 hours each day. He cannot cast the needed spell. Using metamagic feats, a caster can place spells in items at a higher level than normal.

Magic supplies for items are always half of the base price in gp. For many items, the market price equals the base price. Armor, shields, weapons, and items with value independent

of their magically enhanced properties add their item cost to the market price. The item cost does not influence the base price (which determines the cost of magic supplies), but it does increase the final market price.

supplies cost plus the costs for the components. Descriptions of these items include an entry that gives the total cost of creating the item.

The creator also needs a fairly quiet, comfortable, and welllit place in which to work. Any place suitable for preparing spells is suitable for making items. Creating an item requires 8 hours of work per 1,000 gp in the item's base price (or fraction thereof), with a minimum of at least 8 hours. Potions and scrolls are an exception to this rule; they can take as little as 2 hours to create (if their base price is 250 gp or less). magic item increases by +5 for each prerequisite the caster Scrolls and potions whose base price is more than 250 gp, does not meet. The only exception to this is the requisite item but less than 1,000 gp, take 8 hours to create, just like any other magic item. The character must spend the gold at the beginning of the construction process. Regardless of the time needed for construction, a caster can create no more than one magic item per day. This process can be accelerated to 4 hours of work per 1,000 gp in the item's base price (or fraction thereof) by increasing the DC to create the item by

> rush the process by working longer each day, but the days need not be consecutive, and the caster can use the rest of his time as he sees fit. If the caster is out adventuring, he can devote 4 hours each day to item creation, although he nets only 2 hours' worth of work. This time is not spent in one continuous period, but rather during lunch, morning

preparation, and during watches at night. If time is dedicated to creation, it must be spent in uninterrupted 4-hour blocks. This work is generally done in a controlled environment, where distractions are at a minimum, such as a laboratory or shrine. Work that is performed in a distracting or dangerous environment nets only half the amount of progress (just as with the adventuring caster).

A character can work on only one item at a time. If a character starts work on a new item, all materials used on the under-construction item are wasted.

Magic Item Gold Piece Values

Many factors must be considered when determining the price of new magic items. The easiest way to come up with a price is to compare the new item to an item that is already priced, using that price as a guide. Otherwise, use the guidelines summarized on Table: Estimating Magic Item Gold Piece Values.

Table 16-36: Estimating Magic Item Gold Piece Values

Effect	Base Price	Example
Ability bonus (enhancement)	Bonus squared x 1,000 gp	Belt of incredible dexterity +2
Armor bonus (enhancement)	Bonus squared x 1,000 gp	+1 chainmail
Bonus spell	Spell level squared x 1,000 gp	Pearl of power
AC bonus (deflection)	Bonus squared x 2,000 gp	Ring of protection +3
AC bonus (other) ¹	Bonus squared x 2,500 gp	Ioun stone (dusty rose prism)
Natural armor bonus (enhancement)	Bonus squared x 2,000 gp	Amulet of natural armor +1
Save bonus (resistance)	Bonus squared x 1,000 gp	Cloak of resistance +5
Save bonus (other) ¹	Bonus squared x 2,000 gp	Stone of good luck
Skill bonus (competence)	Bonus squared x 100 gp	Cloak of elvenkind
Spell resistance	10,000 gp per point over SR 12; SR 13 minimum	Mantle of spell resistance
Weapon bonus	Bonus squared x	+1 longsword
(enhancement)	2,000 gp	
Spell Effect Single use, spell completion	Spell level x caster level x 25 gp	Example Scroll of haste

Single use, use- activated	Spell level x caster level x 50 gp	Potion of cure light wounds				
50 charges, spell trigger	Spell level x caster level x 750 gp	Wand of fireball				
Command word	Spell level x caster level x 1,800 gp	Cape of the mountebank				
Use-activated or continuous	Spell level x caster level x 2,000 gp ²	Lantern of revealing				
Special	Base Price	Adjustment Example				
Charges per day	Divide by (5 divided by charges per day)	Boots of teleportation				
No space limitation ³	Multiply entire cost by 2	Ioun stone				
Multiple different abilities	Multiply lower item cost by 1.5	Helm of brilliance				
Charged (50 charges)	1/2 unlimited use base price	Ring of the ram				
Component	Extra Cost	Example				
Armor, shield, or weapon	Add cost of masterwork item	+1 composite longbow				
Spell has material component cost	Add directly into price of item per charge ⁴	Wand of stoneskin				
Spell Level: A 0-le spell for determini	evel spell is half the valuing price.	ue of a 1st-level				
1 Such as a luck, insight, sacred, or profane bonus.						

1 Such as a luck, insight, sacred, or profane bonus.

2 If a continuous item has an effect based on a spell with a duration measured in rounds, multiply the cost by 4. If the duration of the spell is 1 minute/level, multiply the cost by 2, and if the duration is 10 minutes/level, multiply the cost by 1.5. If the spell has a 24-hour duration or greater, divide the cost in half.

3 An item that does not take up one of the spaces on a body costs double.

4 If item is continuous or unlimited, not charged, determine cost as if it had 100 charges. If it has some daily limit, determine as if it had 50 charges.

Multiple Similar Abilities: For items with multiple similar abilities that don't take up space on a character's body, use the following formula: Calculate the price of the single most costly ability, then add 75% of the value of the next most costly ability, plus 1/2 the value of any other abilities.

Multiple Different Abilities: Abilities such as an attack roll bonus or saving throw bonus and a spell-like function are not similar, and their values are simply added together to determine the cost. For items that take up a space on a character's body, each additional power not only has no discount but instead has a 50% increase in price.

0-Level Spells: When multiplying spell levels to determine

value, 0-level spells should be treated as 1/2 level.

Other Considerations: Once you have a cost figure, reduce that number if either of the following conditions applies:

Item Requires Skill to Use: Some items require a specific if they had been cast.) skill to get them to function. This factor should reduce the cost about 10%.

Item Requires Specific Class or Alignment to Use: Even more details. restrictive than requiring a skill, this limitation cuts the price by 30%.

Prices presented in the magic item descriptions (the gold piece value following the item's slot) are the market value, which is generally twice what it costs the creator to make the item.

Since different classes get access to certain spells at different levels, the prices for two characters to make the same item might actually be different. An item is only worth two times what the caster of the lowest possible level can make it for. To create a magic weapon, a character needs a heat source Calculate the market price based on the lowest possible level caster, no matter who makes the item.

Not all items adhere to these formulas. First and foremost, these few formulas aren't enough to truly gauge the exact differences between items. The price of a magic item may be modified based on its actual worth. The formulas only provide a starting point. The pricing of scrolls assumes that, whenever possible, a wizard or cleric created it. Potions and wands follow the formulas exactly. Staves follow the formulas closely, and other items require at least some judgment calls.

Creating Magic Armor

To create magic armor, a character needs a heat source and some iron, wood, or leatherworking tools. He also needs a supply of materials, the most obvious being the armor or the If spells are involved in the prerequisites for making the base price of the item.

Creating magic armor has a special prerequisite: The creator's caster level must be at least three times the enhancement bonus of the armor. If an item has both an At the time of creation, the creator must decide if the weapon magic shield must have at least a +1 enhancement bonus to but once the item is finished, the decision is binding. have any armor or shield special abilities.

armor, the creator must have prepared the spells to be cast (or abilities. must know the spells, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) and must provide any material components or focuses the spells

require. The act of working on the armor triggers the prepared spells, making them unavailable for casting during each day of the armor's creation. (That is, those spell slots are expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as

Creating some armor may entail other prerequisites beyond or other than spellcasting. See the individual descriptions for

Crafting magic armor requires one day for each 1,000 gp value of the base price.

Item Creation Feat Required: Craft Magic Arms and Armor.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft or Craft (armor).

Creating Magic Weapons

and some iron, wood, or leatherworking tools. She also needs a supply of materials, the most obvious being the weapon or the pieces of the weapon to be assembled. Only a masterwork weapon can become a magic weapon, and the masterwork cost is added to the total cost to determine final market value. Additional magic supplies costs for the materials are subsumed in the cost for creating the magic weapon—half the base price of the item based upon the item's total effective bonus.

Creating a magic weapon has a special prerequisite: The creator's caster level must be at least three times the enhancement bonus of the weapon. If an item has both an enhancement bonus and a special ability, the higher of the two caster level requirements must be met. A magic weapon must have at least a +1 enhancement bonus to have any melee or ranged special weapon abilities.

pieces of the armor to be assembled. Armor to be made into weapon, the creator must have prepared the spells to be cast magic armor must be masterwork armor, and the masterwork (or must know the spells, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) cost is added to the base price to determine final market but need not provide any material components or focuses the value. Additional magic supply costs for the materials are spells require. The act of working on the weapon triggers the subsumed in the cost for creating the magic armor—half the prepared spells, making them unavailable for casting during each day of the weapon's creation. (That is, those spell slots are expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as if they had been cast.)

enhancement bonus and a special ability, the higher of the glows or not as a side-effect of the magic imbued within it. two caster level requirements must be met. Magic armor or a This decision does not affect the price or the creation time,

Creating magic double-headed weapons is treated as creating If spells are involved in the prerequisites for making the two weapons when determining cost, time, and special

Creating some weapons may entail other prerequisites

beyond or other than spellcasting. See the individual descriptions for details.

Crafting a magic weapon requires 1 day for each 1,000 gp value of the base price.

Item Creation Feat Required: Craft Magic Arms and Armor.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft, Craft (bows) (for magic weapons).

Creating Potions

Table 16-37: Potion Base Costs (By Brewer's Class)

Spell Level	Cleric, Druid, Wizard	Sorcerer	Bard	Paladin, Ranger*
0	25 gp	25 gp	25 gp	_
1st	50 gp	50 gp	50 gp	50 gp
2nd	300 gp	400 gp	400 gp	400 gp
3rd	750 gp	900 gp	1,050 gp	1,050 gp

^{*} Caster level is equal to class level -3.

Prices assume that the potion was made at the minimum caster level. The cost to create a potion is half the base price.

The creator of a potion needs a level working surface and at least a few containers in which to mix liquids, as well as a source of heat to boil the brew. In addition, he needs ingredients. The costs for materials and ingredients are subsumed in the cost for brewing the potion: 25 gp \times the level of the spell \times the level of the caster.

brewing each potion. (Economies of scale do not apply.)

The imbiber of the potion is both the caster and the target. Spells with a range of personal cannot be made into potions.

The creator must have prepared the spell to be placed in the potion (or must know the spell, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) and must provide any material component or focus the spell requires.

Material components are consumed when he begins working, but a focus is not. (A focus used in brewing a potion can be reused.) The act of brewing triggers the prepared spell, making it unavailable for casting until the character has rested and regained spells. (That is, that spell slot is expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as if it had been cast.) Brewing a potion requires 1 day.

Item Creation Feat Required: Brew Potion.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft or Craft (alchemy)

Creating Rings

To create a magic ring, a character needs a heat source. He also needs a supply of materials, the most obvious being a ring or the pieces of the ring to be assembled. The cost for the materials is subsumed in the cost for creating the ring. bows and arrows), or Craft (weapons) (for all other Ring costs are difficult to determine. Refer to Table: Estimating Magic Item Gold Piece Values and use the ring prices in the ring descriptions as a guideline. Creating a ring generally costs half the ring's market price.

> Rings that duplicate spells with costly material components add in the value of $50 \times$ the spell's component cost. Having a spell with a costly component as a prerequisite does not automatically incur this cost. The act of working on the ring triggers the prepared spells, making them unavailable for casting during each day of the ring's creation. (That is, those spell slots are expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as if they had been cast.)

> Creating some rings may entail other prerequisites beyond or other than spellcasting. See the individual descriptions for

> Forging a ring requires 1 day for each 1,000 gp of the base price.

Item Creation Feat Required: Forge Ring.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft or Craft (jewelry).

Creating Rods

To create a magic rod, a character needs a supply of materials, the most obvious being a rod or the pieces of the All ingredients and materials used to brew a potion must be rod to be assembled. The cost for the materials is subsumed fresh and unused. The character must pay the full cost for in the cost for creating the rod. Rod costs are difficult to determine. Refer to Table: Estimating Magic Item Gold Piece Values and use the rod prices in the rod descriptions as a guideline. Creating a rod costs half the market value listed.

> If spells are involved in the prerequisites for making the rod, the creator must have prepared the spells to be cast (or must know the spells, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) but need not provide any material components or focuses the spells require. The act of working on the rod triggers the prepared spells, making them unavailable for casting during each day of the rod's creation. (That is, those spell slots are expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as if they had been cast.)

> Creating some rods may entail other prerequisites beyond or other than spellcasting. See the individual descriptions for details.

> Crafting a rod requires 1 day for each 1,000 gp of the base

price.

Item Creation Feat Required: Craft Rod.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft, Craft (jewelry), Craft (sculptures), or Craft (weapons).

Creating Scrolls

Table 16-38: Scroll Base Costs (By Scriber's Class)

Spell Level	Cleric, Druid, Wizard	Sorcerer	Bard	Paladin, Ranger*
0	12 gp 5 sp	12 gp 5 sp	12 gp 5 sp	_
1st	25 gp	25 gp	25 gp	25 gp
2nd	150 gp	200 gp	200 gp	200 gp
3rd	375 gp	450 gp	525 gp	525 gp
4th	700 gp	800 gp	1,000 gp	1,000 gp
5th	1,125 gp	1,250 gp	1,625 gp	_
6th	1,650 gp	1,800 gp	2,400 gp	_
7th	2,275 gp	2,450 gp	_	_
8th	3,000 gp	3,200 gp	_	_
9th	3,825 gp	4,050 gp	_	_

^{*} Caster level is equal to class level -3.

Prices assume that the scroll was made at the minimum caster level. The cost to create a scroll is half the base price.

To create a scroll, a character needs a supply of choice writing materials, the cost of which is subsumed in the cost level of the caster.

All writing implements and materials used to scribe a scroll must be fresh and unused. A character must pay the full cost for scribing each spell scroll no matter how many times she previously has scribed the same spell.

The creator must have prepared the spell to be scribed (or must know the spell, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) and must provide any material component or focus the spell requires. A material component is consumed when she begins Crafting a staff requires 1 day for each 1,000 gp of the base writing, but a focus is not. (A focus used in scribing a scroll price. can be reused.) The act of writing triggers the prepared spell, making it unavailable for casting until the character has rested and regained spells. (That is, that spell slot is Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft, Craft (jewelry), Craft expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as (sculptures), or Profession (woodcutter). if it had been cast.)

Scribing a scroll requires 1 day per 1,000 gp of the base price. Although an individual scroll might contain more than one spell, each spell must be scribed as a separate effort, meaning that no more than 1 spell can be scribed in a day.

Item Creation Feat Required: Scribe Scroll.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft, Craft (calligraphy), or Profession (scribe).

Creating Staves

To create a magic staff, a character needs a supply of materials, the most obvious being a staff or the pieces of the staff to be assembled.

The materials cost is subsumed in the cost of creation: 400 $gp \times the$ level of the highest-level spell \times the level of the caster, plus 75% of the value of the next most costly ability $(300 \text{ gp} \times \text{the level of the spell} \times \text{the level of the caster})$, plus 1/2 the value of any other abilities (200 gp × the level of the spell × the level of the caster). Staves are always fully charged (10 charges) when created.

If desired, a spell can be placed into the staff at less than the normal cost, but then activating that particular spell drains additional charges from the staff. Divide the cost of the spell by the number of charges it consumes to determine its final price. Note that this does not change the order in which the spells are priced (the highest level spell is still priced first, even if it requires more than one charge to activate). The caster level of all spells in a staff must be the same, and no staff can have a caster level of less than 8th, even if all the spells in the staff are low-level spells.

The creator must have prepared the spells to be stored (or must know the spells, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) and must provide any focus the spells require as well as material component costs sufficient to activate the spell 50 times (divide this amount by the number of charges one use of the for scribing the scroll: 12.5 gp \times the level of the spell \times the spell expends). Material components are consumed when he begins working, but focuses are not. (A focus used in creating a staff can be reused.) The act of working on the staff triggers the prepared spells, making them unavailable for casting during each day of the staff 's creation. (That is, those spell slots are expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as if they had been cast.)

> Creating a few staves may entail other prerequisites beyond spellcasting. See the individual descriptions for details.

Item Creation Feat Required: Craft Staff.

Creating Wands

Table 16-39: Wand Base Costs (By Crafter's Class)

Spell C Level	Cleric, Druid Wizard	Sorcerer	Bard	Paladin, Ranger*
0	375 gp	375 gp	375 gp	_
1st	750 gp	750 gp	750 gp	750 gp
2nd	4,500 gp	6,000 gp	6,000 gp	6,000 gp
3rd	11,250 gp	13,500 gp	15,750 gp	15,750 gp
4th	21,000 gp	24,000 gp	30,000 gp	30,000 gp

^{*} Caster level is equal to class level -3.

Prices assume that the wand was made at the minimum caster level. The cost to create a wand is half the base price.

To create a magic wand, a character needs a small supply of materials, the most obvious being a baton or the pieces of the wand to be assembled. The cost for the materials is subsumed in the cost for creating the wand: 375 gp \times the level of the spell × the level of the caster. Wands are always **Item Creation Feat Required**: Craft Wondrous Item. fully charged (50 charges) when created.

The creator must have prepared the spell to be stored (or Profession skill check. must know the spell, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) and must provide any focuses the spell requires. Fifty of each needed material component are required (one for each Adding New Abilities charge). Material components are consumed when work begins, but focuses are not. A focus used in creating a wand can be reused. The act of working on the wand triggers the prepared spell, making it unavailable for casting during each day devoted to the wand's creation. (That is, that spell slot is expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as prerequisites required of the new ability to be added to the if it had been cast.)

Crafting a wand requires 1 day per each 1,000 gp of the base price.

Item Creation Feat Required: Craft Wand.

Skill Used in Creation: Spellcraft, Craft (jewelry), Craft (sculptures), or Profession (woodcutter).

Creating Wondrous Items

To create a wondrous item, a character usually needs some sort of equipment or tools to work on the item. She also

needs a supply of materials, the most obvious being the item itself or the pieces of the item to be assembled. The cost for the materials is subsumed in the cost for creating the item. Wondrous item costs are difficult to determine. Refer to Table: Estimating Magic Item Gold Piece Values and use the item prices in the item descriptions as a guideline. Creating an item costs half the market value listed.

If spells are involved in the prerequisites for making the item, the creator must have prepared the spells to be cast (or must know the spells, in the case of a sorcerer or bard) but need not provide any material components or focuses the spells require. The act of working on the item triggers the prepared spells, making them unavailable for casting during each day of the item's creation. (That is, those spell slots are expended from the caster's currently prepared spells, just as if they had been cast.)

Creating some items may entail other prerequisites beyond or other than spellcasting. See the individual descriptions for details.

Crafting a wondrous item requires 1 day for each 1,000 gp of the base price.

Skill Used In Creation: Spellcraft or an applicable Craft or

Sometimes, lack of funds or time make it impossible for a magic item crafter to create the desired item from scratch. Fortunately, it is possible to enhance or build upon an existing magic item. Only time, gold, and the various magic item restrict the type of additional powers one can place.

The cost to add additional abilities to an item is the same as if the item was not magical, less the value of the original item. Thus, a +1 longsword can be made into a +2 vorpal longsword, with the cost to create it being equal to that of a +2 vorpal sword minus the cost of a +1 longsword.

If the item is one that occupies a specific place on a character's body, the cost of adding any additional ability to that item increases by 50%. For example, if a character adds the power to confer invisibility to her ring of protection +2, the cost of adding this ability is the same as for creating a ring of invisibility multiplied by 1.5.

17. Glossary

Special abilities

The following special abilities include rules commonly used by a number of creatures, spells, and traps.

Table 17-1: Special Ability Types

	Extraordinary	Spell-Like	Supernatural
Dispel	No	Yes	No
Spell resistance	No	Yes	No
Antimagic field	No	Yes	Yes
Attack of opportunity	No	Yes	No

Dispel: Can dispel magic and similar spells dispel the effects of abilities of that type?

Spell Resistance: Does spell resistance protect a creature from these abilities?

Antimagic Field: Does an antimagic field or similar magic suppress the ability?

Attack of Opportunity: Does using the ability provoke attacks of opportunity the way that casting a spell does?

Extraordinary Abilities (Ex): Extraordinary abilities are nonmagical. They are, however, not something that just anyone can do or even learn to do without extensive training. Effects or areas that suppress or negate magic have no effect on extraordinary abilities.

Spell-Like Abilities (Sp): Spell-like abilities, as the name implies, are magical abilities that are very much like spells. Spell-like abilities are subject to spell resistance and dispel magic. They do not function in areas where magic is suppressed or negated (such as an antimagic field). Spell-like abilities can be dispelled and counterspelled as normal.

Supernatural Abilities (Su): Supernatural abilities are magical but not spell-like. Supernatural abilities are not subject to spell resistance and do not function in areas where Ability Score Damage, Penalty, and magic is suppressed or negated (such as an antimagic field). A supernatural ability's effect cannot be dispelled and is not subject to counterspells. See Table: Special Ability Types for a summary of the types of special abilities.

Ability Score Bonuses

Some spells and abilities increase your ability scores. Ability score increases with a duration of 1 day or less give only

single ability, apply a +1 bonus to the skills and statistics listed with the relevant ability.

Strength: Temporary increases to your Strength score give you a bonus on Strength-based skill checks, melee attack rolls, and weapon damage rolls (if they rely on Strength). The bonus also applies to your Combat Maneuver Bonus (if you are Small or larger) and to your Combat Maneuver Defense.

Dexterity: Temporary increases to your Dexterity score give you a bonus on Dexterity-based skill checks, ranged attack rolls, initiative checks, and Reflex saving throws. The bonus also applies to your Armor Class, your Combat Maneuver Bonus (if you are Tiny or smaller), and your Combat Maneuver Defense.

Constitution: Temporary increases to your Constitution score give you a bonus on your Fortitude saving throws. In addition, multiply your total Hit Dice by this bonus and add that amount to your current and total hit points. When the bonus ends, remove this total from your current and total hit points.

Intelligence: Temporary increases to your Intelligence score give you a bonus on Intelligence-based skill checks. This bonus also applies to any spell DCs based on Intelligence.

Wisdom: Temporary increases to your Wisdom score give you a bonus on Wisdom-based skill checks and Will saving throws. This bonus also applies to any spell DCs based on Wisdom.

Charisma: Temporary increases to your Charisma score give you a bonus on Charisma-based skill checks. This bonus also applies to any spell DCs based on Charisma and the DC to resist your channeled energy.

Permanent Bonuses: Ability bonuses with a duration greater than 1 day actually increase the relevant ability score after 24 hours. Modify all skills and statistics related to that ability. This might cause you to gain skill points, hit points, and other bonuses. These bonuses should be noted separately in case they are removed.

Drain

Diseases, poisons, spells, and other abilities can all deal damage directly to your ability scores. This damage does not actually reduce an ability, but it does apply a penalty to the skills and statistics that are based on that ability.

For every 2 points of damage you take to a single ability, apply a -1 penalty to skills and statistics listed with the relevant ability. If the amount of ability damage you have temporary bonuses. For every two points of increase to a taken equals or exceeds your ability score, you immediately

day to each ability score that has been damaged. Ability to the affliction and must deal with its effects. damage can be healed through the use of spells, such as lesser restoration.

for a limited amount of time. While in effect, these penalties consecutively, the affliction is removed and no further saves function just like ability damage, but they cannot cause you are necessary. Some afflictions, usually supernatural ones, to fall unconscious or die. In essence, penalties cannot cannot be cured through saving throws alone and require the decrease your ability score to less than 1.

Strength: Damage to your Strength score causes you to take penalties on Strength-based skill checks, melee attack rolls, and weapon damage rolls (if they rely on Strength). The Name: This is the name of the affliction. penalty also applies to your Combat Maneuver Bonus (if you are Small or larger) and your Combat Maneuver Defense.

Dexterity: Damage to your Dexterity score causes you to contracted, such as contact, ingestion, inhalation, injury, take penalties on Dexterity-based skill checks, ranged attack spell, or trap. rolls, initiative checks, and Reflex saving throws. The penalty also applies to your Armor Class, your Combat Maneuver Bonus (if you are Tiny or smaller), and to your Combat Maneuver Defense.

to take penalties on your Fortitude saving throws. In addition, multiply your total Hit Dice by this penalty and subtract that amount from your current and total hit points. Lost hit points are restored when the damage to your Constitution is healed.

to take penalties on Intelligence-based skill checks. This the creature has contracted the affliction and must begin penalty also applies to any spell DCs based on Intelligence.

Wisdom: Damage to your Wisdom score causes you to take penalties on Wisdom-based skill checks and Will saving throws. This penalty also applies to any spell DCs based on Wisdom.

Charisma: Damage to your Charisma score causes you to take penalties on Charisma-based skill checks. This penalty also applies to any spell DCs based off Charisma and the DC to resist your channeled energy.

ability score. Modify all skills and statistics related to that ability. This might cause you to lose skill points, hit points, and other bonuses. Ability drain can be healed through the use of spells such as restoration.

Afflictions

From curses to poisons to diseases, there are a number of afflictions that can affect a creature. While each of these

fall unconscious until the damage is less than your ability afflictions has a different effect, they all function using the score. The only exception to this is your Constitution score. same basic system. All afflictions grant a saving throw when If the damage to your Constitution is equal to or greater than they are contracted. If successful, the creature does not suffer your Constitution score, you die. Unless otherwise noted, from the affliction and does not need to make any further damage to your ability scores is healed at the rate of 1 per rolls. If the saving throw is a failure, the creature falls victim

Afflictions require a creature to make a saving throw after a period of time to avoid taking certain penalties. With most Some spells and abilities cause you to take an ability penalty afflictions, if a number of saving throws are made aid of powerful magic to remove. Each affliction is presented as a short block of information to help you better adjudicate its results.

Type: This is the type of the affliction, such as curse, disease, or poison. It might also include the means by which it is

Save: This gives the type of save necessary to avoid contracting the affliction, as well as the DC of that save. Unless otherwise noted, this is also the save to avoid the affliction's effects once it is contracted, as well as the DC of Constitution: Damage to your Constitution score causes you any caster level checks needed to end the affliction through magic, such as remove curse or neutralize poison.

Onset: Some afflictions have a variable amount of time before they set in. Creatures that come in contact with an affliction with an onset time must make a saving throw immediately. Success means that the affliction is avoided and Intelligence: Damage to your Intelligence score causes you no further saving throws must be made. Failure means that making additional saves after the onset period has elapsed. The affliction's effect does not occur until after the onset period has elapsed and then only if further saving throws are

Frequency: This is how often the periodic saving throw must be attempted after the affliction has been contracted (after the onset time, if the affliction has any). While some afflictions last until they are cured, others end prematurely, even if the character is not cured through other means. If an affliction ends after a set amount of time, it will be noted in Ability Drain: Ability drain actually reduces the relevant the frequency. For example, a disease with a frequency of "1/day" lasts until cured, but a poison with a frequency of "1/round for 6 rounds" ends after 6 rounds have passed.

> Afflictions without a frequency occur only once, immediately upon contraction (or after the onset time if one is listed).

> Effect: This is the effect that the character suffers each time if he fails his saving throw against the affliction. Most afflictions cause ability damage or hit point damage. These effects are cumulative, but they can be cured normally. Other

afflictions cause the creature to take penalties or other **Effect** transforms target into a lizard; see baleful polymorph effects. These effects are sometimes cumulative, with the rest description only affecting the creature if it failed its most recent save. Some afflictions have different effects after the first save is failed. These afflictions have an initial effect, which occurs **Type** curse, spell, trap; **Save** Will DC 14 when the first save is failed, and a secondary effect, when additional saves are failed, as noted in the text. Hit point and ability score damage caused by an affliction cannot be healed naturally while the affliction persists.

Cure: This tells you how the affliction is cured. Commonly, this is a number of saving throws that must be made Frequency 1/day consecutively. Even if the affliction has a limited frequency, it might be cured prematurely if enough saving throws are made. Hit point damage and ability score damage is not removed when an affliction is cured. Such damage must be healed normally. Afflictions without a cure entry can only be cured through powerful spells, such as neutralize poison and remove curse. No matter how many saving throws are made, these afflictions continue to affect the target.

He failed a DC 15 Fortitude save to avoid contracting it, so after the onset period of 1d3 days has passed, he must make another DC 15 Fortitude save to avoid taking 1d6 points of Strength damage. From this point onward, he must make a DC 15 Fortitude save each day (according to the disease's frequency) to avoid further Strength damage. If, on two consecutive days, he makes his Fortitude saves, he is cured Frequency 1/hour of the disease and any damage it caused begins to heal as normal.

Curses

Careless rogues plundering a tomb, drunken heroes insulting a powerful wizard, and foolhardy adventurers who pick up ancient swords all might suffer from curses. These magic afflictions can have a wide variety of effects, from a simple penalty to certain checks to transforming the victim into a toad. Some even cause the afflicted to slowly rot away, leaving nothing behind but dust. Unlike other afflictions, most curses cannot be cured through a number of successful saving throws. Curses can be cured through magic, however, Diseases usually via spells such as remove curse and break enchantment. While some curses cause a progressive From a widespread plague to the bite of a dire rat, disease is items.

The following samples present just some of the possibilities when creating curses.

Baleful Polymorph Spell

Type curse, spell; **Save** Fortitude DC 17 negates, Will DC 17 partial

Bestow Curse Trap

Effect –6 penalty to Strength

Curse of the Ages

Type curse; Save Will DC 17

Effect age 1 year

Mummy Rot

Type curse, disease, injury; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 1 minute; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d6 Con damage and 1d6 Cha damage; Cure mummy rot can only be cured by successfully casting both remove curse and remove disease within 1 minute of each other.

Unluck

Type curse; Save Will DC 20 negates, no save to avoid

Effect target must reroll any roll decided by the GM and take the worse result

Werewolf Lycanthropy

Type curse, injury; Save Fortitude DC 15 negates, Will DC 15 to avoid effects

Onset the next full moon; **Frequency** on the night of every full moon or whenever the target is injured

Effect target transforms into a wolf under the GM's control until the next morning

deterioration, others inflict a static penalty from the moment a serious threat to common folk and adventurers alike. they are contracted, neither fading over time nor growing Diseases rarely have a limited frequency, but most have a worse. In addition, there are a number of magic items that act lengthy onset time. This onset time can also be variable. like curses. See Magic Items for a description of these cursed Most diseases can be cured by a number of consecutive saving throws or by spells such as remove disease.

> The following samples represent just some of the possibilities when creating diseases.

Blinding Sickness

Type disease, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 1d3 days; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d4 Str damage, if more than 2 Str damage, target Onset 1d3 days; Frequency 1/day must make an additional Fort save or be permanently blinded; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Bubonic Plague

Type disease, injury or inhaled; **Save** Fortitude DC 17

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d4 Con damage and 1 Cha damage and target is fatigued; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Cackle Fever

Type disease, inhaled; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d6 Wis damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Demon Fever

Type disease, injury; Save Fortitude DC 18

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d6 Con damage, target must make a second Fort save or 1 point of the damage is drain instead; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Devil Chills

Type disease, injury; Save Fortitude DC 14

Onset 1d4 days; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d4 Str damage; **Cure** 3 consecutive saves

Filth Fever

Type disease, injury; Save Fortitude DC 12

Onset 1d3 days; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d3 Dex damage and 1d3 Con damage; Cure 2

consecutive saves

Leprosy

Type disease, contact, inhaled, or injury; **Save** Fortitude DC 12 negates, Fortitude DC 20 to avoid effects

Onset 2d4 weeks; Frequency 1/week

Effect 1d2 Cha damage; **Cure** 2 consecutive saves

Mindfire

Type disease, inhaled; **Save** Fortitude DC 12

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d4 Int damage; **Cure** 2 consecutive saves

Red Ache

Type disease, injury; Save Fortitude DC 15

Effect 1d6 Str damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Shakes

Type disease, contact; Save Fortitude DC 13

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d8 Dex damage; **Cure** 2 consecutive saves

Slimy Doom

Type disease, contact; Save Fortitude DC 14

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1d4 Con damage, target must make a second Fort save or 1 point of the damage is drain instead; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Poison

No other affliction is so prevalent as poison. From the fangs of a viper to the ichor-stained assassin's blade, poison is a constant threat. Poisons can be cured by successful saving throws and spells such as neutralize poison.

Contact poisons are contracted the moment someone touches the poison with his bare skin. Such poisons can be used as injury poisons. Contact poisons usually have an onset time of 1 minute and a frequency of 1 minute. Ingested poisons are contracted when a creature eats or drinks the poison. Ingested poisons usually have an onset time of 10 minutes and a frequency of 1 minute. Injury poisons are primarily contracted through the attacks of certain creatures and through weapons coated in the toxin. Injury poisons do not usually have an onset time and have a frequency of 1 round. Inhaled poisons are contracted the moment a creature enters an area containing such poisons. Most inhaled poisons fill a volume equal to a 10-foot cube per dose. Creatures can attempt to hold their breaths while inside to avoid inhaling the toxin. Creatures holding their breaths receive a 50% chance of not having to make a Fortitude save each round. See the rules for holding your breath and suffocation in Environment. Note that a character that would normally suffocate while attempting to hold its breath instead begins to breathe normally again.

Unlike other afflictions, multiple doses of the same poison stack. Poisons delivered by injury and contact cannot inflict more than one dose of poison at a time, but inhaled and ingested poisons can inflict multiple doses at once. Each additional dose extends the total duration of the poison (as noted under frequency) by half its total duration. In addition, each dose of poison increases the DC to resist the poison by +2. This increase is cumulative. Multiple doses do not alter the cure conditions of the poison, and meeting these conditions ends the affliction for all the doses. For example,

a DC 18 Fortitude save for the next 8 rounds. Fortunately, themselves. just one successful save cures the character of all three doses of the poison.

to the poison and must save against the poison as normal. make poison. This does not consume the dose of poison. Whenever a character attacks with a poisoned weapon, if the attack roll

a character is bit three times in the same round by a trio of results in a natural 1, he exposes himself to the poison. This Medium monstrous spiders, injecting him with three doses of consumes the poison on the weapon. Characters with the Medium spider venom. The unfortunate character must make poison use class feature do not risk accidentally poisoning

Poisons can be made using Craft (alchemy). The DC to make a poison is equal to its Fortitude save DC. Rolling a natural 1 Applying poison to a weapon or single piece of ammunition on a Craft skill check while making a poison exposes the is a standard action. Whenever a character applies or readies crafter to the poison. Crafters with the poison use class a poison for use there is a 5% chance that he exposes himself feature do not risk poisoning themselves when using Craft to

> The following samples represent just some of the possibilities when creating poisons.

Table 17-2: Sample Poisons

		10	1010 17 2.	Sample I disons			
Name	Type	Fort DC	Onset	Frequency	Effect	Cure	Cost
Arsenic	ingested	13	10 min.	1/min. for 4 min.	1d2 Con	1 save	120 gp
Belladonna	ingested	14	10 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d2 Str, see text	1 save	100 gp
Black adder venom	injury	11	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d2 Con	1 save	120 gp
Black lotus extract	contact	20	1 min.	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d6 Con	2 saves	4,500 gp
Bloodroot	injury	12	1 rd.	1/rd. for 4 rds.	1 Con and 1 Wis	1 save	100 gp
Blue whinnis	injury	14	_	1/rd. for 2 rds	1 Con/unconscious 1d3 hours	1 save	120 gp
Burnt othur fumes	inhaled	18	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1 Con drain/1d3 Con	2 saves	2,100 gp
Dark reaver power	ingested	18	10 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d3 Con and 1 Str	2 saves	800 gp
Deathblade	injury	20	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d3 Con	2 saves	1,800 gp
Dragon bile	contact	26	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d3 Str	_	1,500 gp
Drow poison	injury	13	_	1/min. for 2 min.	unconscious 1 min./2d4 hours	1 save	75 gp
Giant wasp poison	injury	18	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d2 Dex	1 save	210 gp
Greenblood oil	injury	13	_	1/rd. for 4 rds.	1 Con	1 save	100 gp
Green prismatic poison	spell	varies	_	1/rd.	for 6 rds. Death/1 Con	2 saves	_
Hemlock	ingested	18	10 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d6 Dex, see text	2 saves	2,500 gp
Id moss	ingested	14	10 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d3 Int	1 save	125 gp
Insanity mist	inhaled	15	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d3 Wis	1 save	1,500 gp
King's sleep	ingested	19	1 day	1/day	1 Con drain	2 saves	5,000 gp
Large scorpion venom	injury	17	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d2 Str	1 save	200 gp
Lich dust	ingested	17	10 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d3 Str	2 saves	400 gp
Malyass root paste	contact	16	1 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d2 Dex	1 save	250 gp
Medium spider venom	injury	14	_	1/rd. for 4 rds.	1d2 Str	1 save	150 gp
Nightmare vapor	inhaled	20	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1 Wis and confused 1 round	2 saves	1,800 gp
Nitharit	contact	13	1 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d3 Con	1 save	650 gp
Oil of taggit	ingested	15	min.	_	unconscious 1d3 hours	1 save	90 gp
Purple worm poison	injury	24	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d3 Str	2 saves	700 gp
Sassone leaf residue	contact	16	1 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	2d12 hp/1 Con	1 save	300 gp
Shadow essence	injury	17	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1 Str drain/1d2 Str	1 save	250 gp
Small centipede poison	injury	11	_	1/rd. for 4 rds.	1 Dex	save	90 gp

Name	Type	Fort DC	Onset	Frequency	Effect	Cure	Cost
Striped toadstool	ingested	11	10 min.	1/min. for 4 min.	1d3 Wis and 1 Int	1 save	180 gp
Tears of death	contact	22	1 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d6 Con and paralyzed 1 min.	_	6,500 gp
Terinav root	contact	16	1 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d3 Dex	1 save	400 gp
Ungol dust	inhaled	15	_	1/rd. for 4 rds.	1 Cha drain/1d2 Cha	1 save	1,000 gp
Wolfsbane	ingested	16	10 min.	1/min. for 6 min.	1d3 Con	1 save	500 gp
Wyvern poison	injury	17	_	1/rd. for 6 rds.	1d4 Con	2 saves	3,000 gp

Arsenic

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 13

Onset 10 minutes.; **Frequency** 1/minute for 4 minutes

Effect 1d2 Con damage; Cure 1 save

Belladonna

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 14

Onset 10 minutes; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d2 Str damage, target can attempt one save to cure a lycanthropy affliction contracted in the past hour; **Cure** 1 save

Black Adder Venom

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 11

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d2 Con damage; Cure 1 save

Black Lotus Extract

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 20

Onset 1 minute; **Frequency** 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d6 Con damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Bloodroot

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 12

Onset 1 round; Frequency 1/round for 4 rounds

Effect 1 Con damage and 1 Wis damage; Cure 1 save

Blue Whinnis

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 14

Frequency 1/round for 2 rounds

Initial Effect 1 Con damage; **Secondary Effect** unconsciousness for 1d3 hours; **Cure** 1 save

Burnt Othur Fumes

Type poison, inhaled; Save Fortitude DC 18

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Initial Effect 1 Con drain; **Secondary Effect** 1d3 Con damage; **Cure** 2 consecutive saves

Dark Reaver Powder

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 18

Onset 10 minutes; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d3 Con damage and 1 Str damage; Cure 2

consecutive saves

Deathblade

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 20

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d3 Con damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Dragon Bile

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 26

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d3 Str damage

Drow Poison

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 13

Frequency 1/minute for 2 minutes

Initial Effect unconsciousness for 1 minute; **Secondary Effect** unconsciousness for 2d4 hours; **Cure** 1 save

Giant Wasp Poison

Type poison, injury; **Save** Fortitude DC 18

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d2 Dex damage; Cure 1 save

Greenblood Oil

Type poison, injury; **Save** Fortitude DC 13

Frequency 1/round for 4 rounds

Effect 1 Con damage; Cure 1 save

Green Prismatic Poison

Type poison, spell; **Save** Fort DC varies by spell

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Initial Effect death; Secondary Effect 1 Con damage; Cure Type poison, inhaled; Save Fortitude DC 20 2 consecutive saves. See prismatic sphere, prismatic spray, or prismatic wall for more details.

Hemlock

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 18

Onset 10 minutes; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d6 Dex damage, creatures reduced to 0 Dexterity suffocate; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Id Moss

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 14

Onset 10 minutes; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d3 Int damage; Cure 1 save

Insanity Mist

Type poison, inhaled; Save Fortitude DC 15

Frequency 1/rounds for 6 rounds Effect 1d3 Wis damage; Cure 1 save

King's Sleep

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 19

Onset 1 day; Frequency 1/day

Effect 1 Con drain; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Large Scorpion Venom

Type poison, injury; **Save** Fortitude DC 17

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d2 Str damage; Cure 1 save

Lich Dust

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 17

Onset 10 minutes; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d3 Str damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Malyass Root Paste

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 1 minute; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d2 Dex damage; Cure 1 save

Medium Spider Venom

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 14

Frequency 1/round for 4 rounds

Effect 1d2 Str damage; Cure 1 save

Nightmare Vapor

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1 Wis damage and confused for 1 round; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Nitharit

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 13

Onset 1 minute; Frequency 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d3 Con damage; Cure 1 save

Oil of Taggit

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 15

Onset 1 minute

Effect unconsciousness for 1d3 hours; Cure 1 save

Purple Worm Poison

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 24

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d3 Str damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Sassone Leaf Residue

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 1 minute; Frequency 1/minute for 6 minutes

Initial Effect 2d12 hit point damage; Secondary Effect 1

Con damage; Cure 1 save

Shadow Essence

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 17

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Initial Effect 1 Str drain; Secondary Effect 1d2 Str damage;

Cure 1 save

Small Centipede Poison

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 11

Frequency 1/round for 4 rounds

Effect 1 Dex damage; Cure 1 save

Striped Toadstool

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 11

Onset 10 minutes; **Frequency** 1/minute for 4 minutes

Effect 1d3 Wis damage and 1 Int damage; Cure 1 save

Tears of Death

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 22

Onset 1 minute; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d6 Con damage and paralyzed for 1 minute

Terinav Root

Type poison, contact; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 1 minute; **Frequency** 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d3 Dex damage; **Cure** 1 save

Ungol Dust

Type poison, inhaled; Save Fortitude DC 15

Frequency 1/round for 4 rounds

Initial Effect 1 Cha drain; Secondary Effect 1d2 Cha

damage; Cure 1 save

Wolfsbane

Type poison, ingested; Save Fortitude DC 16

Onset 10 minute; Frequency 1/minute for 6 minutes

Effect 1d3 Con damage; Cure 1 save

Wyvern Poison

Type poison, injury; Save Fortitude DC 17

Frequency 1/round for 6 rounds

Effect 1d4 Con damage; Cure 2 consecutive saves

Blindsight and Blindsense

Some creatures possess blindsight, the extraordinary ability to use a nonvisual sense (or a combination senses) to operate effectively without vision. Such senses may include sensitivity to vibrations, acute scent, keen hearing, or echolocation. This makes invisibility and concealment (even magical darkness) irrelevant to the creature (though it still can't see ethereal creatures). This ability operates out to a range specified in the creature description.

- Blindsight never allows a creature to distinguish color or visual contrast. A creature cannot read with blindsight.
- Blindsight does not subject a creature to gaze attacks (even though darkvision does).
- Blinding attacks do not penalize creatures that use blindsight.
- Deafening attacks thwart blindsight if it relies on hearing.
- Blindsight works underwater but not in a vacuum.
- Blindsight negates displacement and blur effects.

Blindsense: Other creatures have blindsense, a lesser ability that lets the creature notice things it cannot see, but without the precision of blindsight. The creature with blindsense

usually does not need to make Perception checks to notice and locate creatures within range of its blindsense ability, provided that it has line of effect to that creature. Any opponent that cannot be seen has total concealment (50% miss chance) against a creature with blindsense, and the blindsensing creature still has the normal miss chance when attacking foes that have concealment. Visibility still affects the movement of a creature with blindsense. A creature with blindsense is still denied its Dexterity bonus to Armor Class against attacks from creatures it cannot see.

Channel Resistance

Creatures with channel resistance gain a bonus on Will saves made against channeled energy. They add their bonus to any Will saves made to halve the damage and resist the effect.

Charm and Compulsion

Many abilities and spells can cloud the minds of characters and monsters, leaving them unable to tell friend from foe—or worse yet, deceiving them into thinking that their former friends are now their worst enemies. Two general types of enchantments affect characters and creatures: charms and compulsions.

Charming another creature gives the charming character the ability to befriend and suggest courses of action to his minion, but the servitude is not absolute or mindless. Charms of this type include the various *charm* spells and some monster abilities. Essentially, a *charmed* character retains free will but makes choices according to a skewed view of the world.

- A charmed creature doesn't gain any magical ability to understand his new friend's language.
- A charmed character retains his original alignment and allegiances, generally with the exception that he now regards the charming creature as a dear friend and will give great weight to his suggestions and directions.
- A charmed character fights his former allies only if they threaten his new friend, and even then he uses the least lethal means at his disposal as long as these tactics show any possibility of success (just as he would in a fight with an actual friend).
- A charmed character is entitled to an opposed Charisma check against his master in order to resist instructions or commands that would make him do something he wouldn't normally do even for a close friend. If he succeeds, he decides not to go along with that order but remains charmed.
- A charmed character never obeys a command that is obviously suicidal or grievously harmful to him.
- If the charming creature commands his minion to do

altogether.

creature who charmed him or by that creature's apparent allies is automatically freed of the spell or effect.

overrides the subject's free will in some way or simply Similarly, ammunition fired from a projectile weapon with an changes the way the subject's mind works. A charm makes alignment gains the alignment of that projectile weapon (in the subject a friend of the caster; a compulsion makes the addition to any alignment it may already have). subject obey the caster.

doesn't ask for.

Damage Reduction

Some magic creatures have the supernatural ability to instantly heal damage from weapons or ignore blows altogether as though they were invulnerable.

The numerical part of a creature's damage reduction (or DR) * Note that this does not give the ability to ignore hardness, is the amount of damage the creature ignores from normal like an actual adamantine weapon does attacks. Usually, a certain type of weapon can overcome this reduction (see Overcoming DR). This information is separated from the damage reduction number by a slash. For example, DR 5/magic means that a creature takes 5 less points of damage from all weapons that are not magic. If a dash follows the slash, then the damage reduction is effective against any attack that does not ignore damage reduction.

from an attack, it also negates most special effects that invisible, and illusions are still visible as what they seem to accompany the attack, such as injury poison, a monk's be. Likewise, darkvision subjects a creature to gaze attacks stunning, and injury-based disease. Damage reduction does normally. The presence of light does not spoil darkvision. not negate touch attacks, energy damage dealt along with an attack, or energy drains. Nor does it affect poisons or diseases delivered by inhalation, ingestion, or contact.

reduction do not disrupt spells.

Spells, spell-like abilities, and energy attacks (even nonmagical fire) ignore damage reduction.

Sometimes damage reduction represents instant healing. Sometimes it represents the creature's tough hide or body. In either case, other characters can see that conventional attacks won't work.

If a creature has damage reduction from more than one source, the two forms of damage reduction do not stack. Instead, the creature gets the benefit of the best damage reduction in a given situation.

something that the influenced character would be **Overcoming DR**: Damage reduction may be overcome by violently opposed to, the subject may attempt a new special materials, magic weapons (any weapon with a +1 or saving throw to break free of the influence higher enhancement bonus, not counting the enhancement from masterwork quality), certain types of weapons (such as A charmed character who is openly attacked by the slashing or bludgeoning), and weapons imbued with an alignment.

Ammunition fired from a projectile weapon with an enhancement bonus of +1 or higher is treated as a magic Compulsion is a different matter altogether. A compulsion weapon for the purpose of overcoming damage reduction.

Weapons with an enhancement bonus of +3 or greater can Regardless of whether a character is charmed or compelled, ignore some types of damage reduction, regardless of their he does not volunteer information or tactics that his master actual material or alignment. The following table shows what type of enhancement bonus is needed to overcome some common types of damage reduction.

DR Type	Weapon Enhancement Bonus Equivalent
cold iron/silver	+3
adamantine*	+4
alignment-based	+5

Darkvision

Darkvision is the extraordinary ability to see with no light source at all, out to a range specified for the creature. Darkvision is black-and-white only (colors cannot be discerned). It does not allow characters to see anything that Whenever damage reduction completely negates the damage they could not see otherwise—invisible objects are still

Death Attacks

Attacks that deal no damage because of the target's damage In most cases, a death attack allows the victim a Fortitude save to avoid the effect, but if the save fails, the character dies instantly.

- Raise dead doesn't work on someone killed by a death attack or effect.
- Death attacks slay instantly. A victim cannot be made stable and thereby kept alive.
- In case it matters, a dead character, no matter how he died, has hit points equal to or less than his negative Constitution score.
- The spell *death ward* protects against these attacks.

Energy Drain and Negative Levels

Some spells and a number of undead creatures have the might provide. ability to drain away life and energy; this dreadful attack results in "negative levels." These cause a character to take a number of penalties.

For each negative level a creature has, it takes a cumulative - Spells, magic items, and certain monsters can affect checks, Combat Maneuver Defense, saving throws, and skill Will saving throw to resist this effect, and a failed roll means checks. In addition, the creature reduces its current and total that the character is shaken, frightened, or panicked. hit points by 5 for each negative level it possesses. The creature is also treated as one level lower for the purpose of level-dependent variables (such as spellcasting) for each negative level possessed. Spellcasters do not lose any Frightened: Characters who are frightened are shaken, and creature's negative levels equal or exceed its total Hit Dice, it dies.

A creature with temporary negative levels receives a new saving throw to remove the negative level each day. The DC of this save is the same as the effect that caused the negative

Some abilities and spells (such as raise dead) bestow permanent level drain on a creature. These are treated just like temporary negative levels, but they do not allow a new save each day to remove them. Level drain can be removed through spells like restoration. Permanent negative levels remain after a dead creature is restored to life. A creature whose permanent negative levels equal its Hit Dice cannot be brought back to life through spells like raise dead and resurrection without also receiving a restoration spell, cast the round after it is restored to life.

Energy Immunity and Vulnerability

A creature with energy immunity never takes damage from that energy type. If a creature has fire immunity, it also has vulnerability to cold. If a creature has cold immunity, it also has vulnerability to fire. Vulnerability means the creature takes half again as much (+50%) damage as normal from that The ability to move about unseen is not foolproof. While energy type, regardless of whether a saving throw is allowed or if the save is a success or failure.

Energy Resistance

A creature with resistance to energy has the ability (usually extraordinary) to ignore some damage of a certain type per attack, but it does not have total immunity.

Each resistance ability is defined by what energy type it resists and how many points of damage are resisted. It doesn't matter whether the damage has a mundane or magical source.

When resistance completely negates the damage from an

energy attack, the attack does not disrupt a spell. This resistance does not stack with the resistance that a spell

Fear

1 penalty on all ability checks, attack rolls, combat maneuver characters with fear. In most cases, the character makes a

Shaken: Characters who are shaken take a -2 penalty on attack rolls, saving throws, skill checks, and ability checks.

prepared spells or slots as a result of negative levels. If a in addition they flee from the source of their fear as quickly as they can. They can choose the paths of their flight. Other than that stipulation, once they are out of sight (or hearing) of the source of their fear, they can act as they want. If the duration of their fear continues, however, characters can be forced to flee if the source of their fear presents itself again. Characters unable to flee can fight (though they are still shaken).

> Panicked: Characters who are panicked are shaken, and they run away from the source of their fear as quickly as they can, dropping whatever they are holding. Other than running away from the source, their paths are random. They flee from all other dangers that confront them rather than facing those dangers. Once they are out of sight (or hearing) of any source of danger, they can act as they want. Panicked characters cower if they are prevented from fleeing.

> Becoming Even More Fearful: Fear effects are cumulative. A shaken character who is made shaken again becomes frightened, and a shaken character who is made frightened becomes panicked instead. A frightened character who is made shaken or frightened becomes panicked instead.

Invisibility

they can't be seen, invisible creatures can be heard, smelled, or felt.

Invisibility makes a creature undetectable by vision, including darkvision.

Invisibility does not, by itself, make a creature immune to critical hits, but it does make the creature immune to extra damage from being a ranger's favored enemy and from sneak attacks.

A creature can generally notice the presence of an active invisible creature within 30 feet with a DC 20 Perception check. The observer gains a hunch that "something's there" but can't see it or target it accurately with an attack. It's practically impossible (+20 DC) to pinpoint an invisible

creature's location with a Perception check. Even once a behind a cloak) and render it effectively invisible. One could character has pinpointed the square that contains an invisible coat an invisible object with flour to at least keep track of its creature, the creature still benefits from total concealment position (until the flour falls off or blows away). (50% miss chance). There are a number of modifiers that can be applied to this DC if the invisible creature is moving or engaged in a noisy activity.

Invisible creature is	Perception
In combat or speaking	20
Moving at half speed	5
Moving at full speed	10
Running or charging	20
Not moving	40
Using Stealth	Stealth check +20
Some distance away	+1 per 10 feet
Behind an obstacle (door)	+5
Behind an obstacle (stone wall)	+15

A creature can grope about to find an invisible creature. A character can make a touch attack with his hands or a weapon into two adjacent 5-foot squares using a standard action. If an invisible target is in the designated area, there is a 50% miss chance on the touch attack. If successful, the groping character deals no damage but has successfully pinpointed the invisible creature's current location. If the invisible creature moves, its location, obviously, is once again unknown.

If an invisible creature strikes a character, the character struck knows the location of the creature that struck him (until, of course, the invisible creature moves). The only exception is if the invisible creature has a reach greater than 5 feet. In this case, the struck character knows the general location of the creature but has not pinpointed the exact location.

If a character tries to attack an invisible creature whose Low-Light Vision location he has pinpointed, he attacks normally, but the invisible creature still benefits from full concealment (and thus a 50% miss chance). A particularly large and slow invisible creature might get a smaller miss chance.

If a character tries to attack an invisible creature whose location he has not pinpointed, have the player choose the space where the character will direct the attack. If the invisible creature is there, conduct the attack normally. If the enemy's not there, roll the miss chance as if it were there and tell him that the character has missed, regardless of the result. That way the player doesn't know whether the attack missed because the enemy's not there or because you Some monsters and spells have the supernatural or spell-like successfully rolled the miss chance.

If an invisible character picks up a visible object, the object remains visible. An invisible creature can pick up a small visible item and hide it on his person (tucked in a pocket or A paralyzed character cannot move, speak, or take any

Invisible creatures leave tracks. They can be tracked normally. Footprints in sand, mud, or other soft surfaces can give enemies clues to an invisible creature's location.

An invisible creature in the water displaces water, revealing its location. The invisible creature, however, is still hard to see and benefits from concealment.

A creature with the scent ability can detect an invisible creature as it would a visible one.

A creature with the Blind-Fight feat has a better chance to hit an invisible creature. Roll the miss chance twice, and he misses only if both rolls indicate a miss. (Alternatively, make one 25% miss chance roll rather than two 50% miss chance rolls.)

A creature with blindsight can attack (and otherwise interact with) creatures regardless of invisibility.

An invisible burning torch still gives off light, as does an invisible object with a *light* or similar spell cast upon it.

Ethereal creatures are invisible. Since ethereal creatures are not materially present, Perception checks, scent, Blind-Fight, and blindsight don't help locate them. Incorporeal creatures are often invisible. Scent, Blind-Fight, and blindsight don't help creatures find or attack invisible, incorporeal creatures, but Perception checks can help.

Invisible creatures cannot use gaze attacks.

Invisibility does not thwart divination spells.

Since some creatures can detect or even see invisible creatures, it is helpful to be able to hide even when invisible.

Characters with low-light vision have eyes that are so sensitive to light that they can see twice as far as normal in dim light. Low-light vision is color vision. A spellcaster with low-light vision can read a scroll as long as even the tiniest candle flame is next to him as a source of light.

Characters with low-light vision can see outdoors on a moonlit night as well as they can during the day.

Paralysis

ability to paralyze their victims, immobilizing them through magical means. Paralysis from poison is discussed in the Afflictions section.

Not even friends can move his limbs. He may take purely resistance is like an Armor Class against magical attacks. If mental actions, such as casting a spell with no components.

A winged creature flying in the air at the time that it becomes paralyzed cannot flap its wings and falls. A swimmer can't swim and may drown.

Scent

This extraordinary ability lets a creature detect approaching enemies, sniff out hidden foes, and track by sense of smell.

A creature with the scent ability can detect opponents by sense of smell, generally within 30 feet. If the opponent is upwind, the range is 60 feet. If it is downwind, the range is 15 feet. Strong scents, such as smoke or rotting garbage, can be detected at twice the ranges noted above. Overpowering scents, such as skunk musk or troglodyte stench, can be detected at three times these ranges.

The creature detects another creature's presence but not its specific location. Noting the direction of the scent is a move action. If the creature moves within 5 feet (1 square) of the scent's source, the creature can pinpoint the area that the source occupies, even if it cannot be seen.

A creature with the Survival skill and the scent ability can follow tracks by smell, making a Survival check to find or follow a track. A creature with the scent ability can attempt to follow tracks using Survival untrained. The typical DC for Spell resistance does not stack, but rather overlaps. a fresh trail is 10. The DC increases or decreases depending on how strong the quarry's odor is, the number of creatures, and the age of the trail. For each hour that the trail is cold, the DC increases by 2. The ability otherwise follows the rules for the Survival skill in regards to tracking. Creatures tracking by scent ignore the effects of surface conditions and poor visibility.

Creatures with the scent ability can identify familiar odors just as humans do familiar sights.

Water, particularly running water, ruins a trail for airbreathing creatures. Water-breathing creatures that have the scent ability, however, can use it in the water easily.

False, powerful odors can easily mask other scents. The presence of such an odor completely spoils the ability to Area Spells: Spell resistance applies if the resistant creature properly detect or identify creatures, and the base Survival DC to track becomes 20 rather than 10.

Spell Resistance

Spell resistance is the extraordinary ability to avoid being affected by spells. Some spells also grant spell resistance.

must make a caster level check (1d20 + caster level) at least already been cast. Check spell resistance when the creature is

physical action. He is rooted to the spot, frozen and helpless. equal to the creature's spell resistance. The defender's spell the caster fails the check, the spell doesn't affect the creature. The possessor does not have to do anything special to use spell resistance. The creature need not even be aware of the threat for its spell resistance to operate.

> Only spells and spell-like abilities are subject to spell resistance. Extraordinary and supernatural abilities (including enhancement bonuses on magic weapons) are not. A creature can have some abilities that are subject to spell resistance and some that are not. Even some spells ignore spell resistance; see When Spell Resistance Applies, below.

> A creature can voluntarily lower its spell resistance. Doing so is a standard action that does not provoke an attack of opportunity. Once a creature lowers its resistance, it remains down until the creature's next turn. At the beginning of the creature's next turn, the creature's spell resistance automatically returns unless the creature intentionally keeps it down (also a standard action that does not provoke an attack of opportunity).

> A creature's spell resistance never interferes with its own spells, items, or abilities.

> A creature with spell resistance cannot impart this power to others by touching them or standing in their midst. Only the rarest of creatures and a few magic items have the ability to bestow spell resistance upon another.

When Spell Resistance Applies

Each spell includes an entry that indicates whether spell resistance applies to the spell. In general, whether spell resistance applies depends on what the spell does.

Targeted Spells: Spell resistance applies if the spell is targeted at the creature. Some individually targeted spells can be directed at several creatures simultaneously. In such cases, a creature's spell resistance applies only to the portion of the spell actually targeted at that creature. If several different resistant creatures are subjected to such a spell, each checks its spell resistance separately.

is within the spell's area. It protects the resistant creature without affecting the spell itself.

Effect Spells: Most effect spells summon or create something and are not subject to spell resistance. Sometimes, however, spell resistance applies to effect spells, usually to those that act upon a creature more or less directly, such as

To affect a creature that has spell resistance, a spellcaster Spell resistance can protect a creature from a spell that's

first affected by the spell.

Check spell resistance only once for any particular casting of a spell or use of a spell-like ability. If spell resistance fails the first time, it fails each time the creature encounters that same casting of the spell. Likewise, if the spell resistance succeeds the first time, it always succeeds. If the creature has voluntarily lowered its spell resistance and is then subjected to a spell, the creature still has a single chance to resist that spell later, when its spell resistance is back up.

Spell resistance has no effect unless the energy created or released by the spell actually goes to work on the resistant creature's mind or body. If the spell acts on anything else and the creature is affected as a consequence, no roll is required. Spell-resistant creatures can be harmed by a spell when they are not being directly affected.

Spell resistance does not apply if an effect fools the creature's senses or reveals something about the creature.

Magic actually has to be working for spell resistance to apply. Spells that have instantaneous durations but lasting results aren't subject to spell resistance unless the resistant creature is exposed to the spell the instant it is cast.

Successful Spell Resistance

Spell resistance prevents a spell or a spell-like ability from affecting or harming the resistant creature, but it never removes a magical effect from another creature or negates a spell's effect on another creature. Spell resistance prevents a spell from disrupting another spell.

Against an ongoing spell that has already been cast, a failed check against spell resistance allows the resistant creature to ignore any effect the spell might have. The magic continues to affect others normally.

Conditions

If more than one condition affects a character, apply them all. If effects can't combine, apply the most severe effect.

Bleed: A creature that is taking bleed damage takes the listed amount of damage at the beginning of its turn. Bleeding can be stopped by a DC 15 Heal check or through the application of any spell that cures hit point damage (even if the bleed is ability damage). Some bleed effects cause ability damage or even ability drain. Bleed effects do not stack with each other unless they deal different kinds of damage. When two or more bleed effects deal the same kind of damage, take the worse effect. In this case, ability drain is worse than ability damage.

Blinded: The creature cannot see. It takes a -2 penalty to Armor Class, loses its Dexterity bonus to AC (if any), and takes a -4 penalty on most Strength- and Dexterity-based

skill checks and on opposed Perception skill checks. All checks and activities that rely on vision (such as reading and Perception checks based on sight) automatically fail. All opponents are considered to have total concealment (50% miss chance) against the blinded character. Blind creatures must make a DC 10 Acrobatics skill check to move faster than half speed. Creatures that fail this check fall prone. Characters who remain blinded for a long time grow accustomed to these drawbacks and can overcome some of them

Broken: Items that have taken damage in excess of half their total hit points gain the broken condition, meaning they are less effective at their designated task. The broken condition has the following effects, depending upon the item.

- If the item is a weapon, any attacks made with the item suffer a -2 penalty on attack and damage rolls. Such weapons only score a critical hit on a natural 20 and only deal ×2 damage on a confirmed critical hit.
- If the item is a suit of armor or a shield, the bonus it grants to AC is halved, rounding down. Broken armor doubles its armor check penalty on skills.
- If the item is a tool needed for a skill, any skill check made with the item takes a -2 penalty.
- If the item is a wand or staff, it uses up twice as many charges when used.
- If the item does not fit into any of these categories, the broken condition has no effect on its use. Items with the broken condition, regardless of type, are worth 75% of their normal value. If the item is magical, it can only be repaired with a mending or make whole spell cast by a character with a caster level equal to or higher than the item's. Items lose the broken condition if the spell restores the object to half its original hit points or higher. Non-magical items can be repaired in a similar fashion, or through the Craft skill used to create it. Generally speaking, this requires a DC 20 Craft check and 1 hour of work per point of damage to be repaired. Most craftsmen charge one-tenth the item's total cost to repair such damage (more if the item is badly damaged or ruined).

Confused: A confused creature is mentally befuddled and cannot act normally. A confused creature cannot tell the difference between ally and foe, treating all creatures as enemies. Allies wishing to cast a beneficial spell that requires a touch on a confused creature must succeed on a melee touch attack. If a confused creature is attacked, it attacks the creature that last attacked it until that creature is dead or out of sight.

Roll on the following table at the beginning of each confused subject's turn each round to see what the subject does in that round.

d%	Behavior
01–25	Act normally.
26–50	Do nothing but babble incoherently.
51–75	Deal 1d8 points of damage + Str modifier to self with item in hand.
76–100	Attack nearest creature (for this purpose, a familiar counts as part of the subject's self).

already devoted to attacking (either because of its most losing hit points naturally. recent action or because it has just been attacked).

actions. A cowering character takes a -2 penalty to Armor Class and loses his Dexterity bonus (if any).

Dazed: The creature is unable to act normally. A dazed creature can take no actions, but has no penalty to AC.

A dazed condition typically lasts 1 round.

Dazzled: The creature is unable to see well because of overstimulation of the eyes. A dazzled creature takes a -1 penalty on attack rolls and sight-based Perception checks.

Dead: The character's hit points are reduced to a negative amount equal to his Constitution score, his Constitution drops to 0, or he is killed outright by a spell or effect. The character's soul leaves his body. Dead characters cannot benefit from normal or magical healing, but they can be affect dead bodies.

Deafened: A deafened character cannot hear. He takes a -4 penalty on initiative checks, automatically fails Perception Exhausted: An exhausted character moves at half speed, checks based on sound, takes a -4 penalty on opposed cannot run or charge, and takes a -6 penalty to Strength and Perception checks, and has a 20% chance of spell failure Dexterity. After 1 hour of complete rest, an exhausted remain deafened for a long time grow accustomed to these exhausted by doing something else that would normally drawbacks and can overcome some of them.

free actions). He moves at half speed. Taking move actions doesn't risk further injury, but performing any standard action (or any other action the GM deems strenuous, including some free actions such as casting a quickened spell) deals 1 point of damage after the completion of the act. Unless the action increased the disabled character's hit points, he is now in negative hit points and dying.

A disabled character with negative hit points recovers hit points naturally if he is being helped. Otherwise, each day he A confused creature who can't carry out the indicated action can attempt a DC 10 Constitution check after resting for 8 does nothing but babble incoherently. Attackers are not at hours, to begin recovering hit points naturally. The character any special advantage when attacking a confused creature. takes a penalty on this roll equal to his negative hit point Any confused creature who is attacked automatically attacks total. Failing this check causes the character to lose 1 hit its attackers on its next turn, as long as it is still confused point, but this does not cause the character to become when its turn comes. Note that a confused creature will not unconscious. Once a character makes this check, he make attacks of opportunity against anything that it is not continues to heal naturally and is no longer in danger of

Dving: A dving creature is unconscious and near death. Cowering: The character is frozen in fear and can take no Creatures that have negative hit points and have not stabilized are dying. A dying creature can take no actions. On the character's next turn, after being reduced to negative hit points (but not dead), and on all subsequent turns, the character must make a DC 10 Constitution check to become stable. The character takes a penalty on this roll equal to his negative hit point total. A character that is stable does not need to make this check. A natural 20 on this check is an automatic success. If the character fails this check, he loses 1 hit point. If a dying creature has an amount of negative hit points equal to its Constitution score, it dies.

> Energy Drained: The character gains one or more negative levels, which might become permanent. If the subject has at least as many negative levels as Hit Dice, he dies. See Energy Drain and Negative levels for more information.

restored to life via magic. A dead body decays normally Entangled: The character is ensnared. Being entangled unless magically preserved, but magic that restores a dead impedes movement, but does not entirely prevent it unless character to life also restores the body either to full health or the bonds are anchored to an immobile object or tethered by to its condition at the time of death (depending on the spell an opposing force. An entangled creature moves at half or device). Either way, resurrected characters need not worry speed, cannot run or charge, and takes a -2 penalty on all about rigor mortis, decomposition, and other conditions that attack rolls and a -4 penalty to Dexterity. An entangled character who attempts to cast a spell must make a concentration check (DC 15 + spell level) or lose the spell.

when casting spells with verbal components. Characters who character becomes fatigued. A fatigued character becomes cause fatigue.

Disabled: A character with 0 hit points, or one who has Fascinated: A fascinated creature is entranced by a negative hit points but has become stable and conscious, is supernatural or spell effect. The creature stands or sits disabled. A disabled character may take a single move action quietly, taking no actions other than to pay attention to the or standard action each round (but not both, nor can he take fascinating effect, for as long as the effect lasts. It takes a -4 full-round actions, but he can still take swift, immediate, and penalty on skill checks made as reactions, such as Perception checks. Any potential threat, such as a hostile creature

approaching, allows the fascinated creature a new saving defender survives, he must make a Fortitude save (DC 10 + as someone drawing a weapon, casting a spell, or aiming a attacks of opportunity. ranged weapon at the fascinated creature, automatically breaks the effect. A fascinated creature's ally may shake it free of the spell as a standard action.

Fatigued: A fatigued character can neither run nor charge and takes a -2 penalty to Strength and Dexterity. Doing anything that would normally cause fatigue causes the fatigued character to become exhausted. After 8 hours of complete rest, fatigued characters are no longer fatigued.

combat is flat-footed, unable to react normally to the as all force effects. situation. A flat-footed character loses his Dexterity bonus to AC (if any) and cannot make attacks of opportunity.

creature takes a -2 penalty on all attack rolls, saving throws, Abilities. skill checks, and ability checks. A frightened creature can use special abilities, including spells, to flee; indeed, the creature must use such means if they are the only way to escape.

Frightened is like shaken, except that the creature must flee if else requiring attention. The only action such a character can possible. Panicked is a more extreme state of fear.

trap, or effect. Grappled creatures cannot move and take a -4 and flee at top speed from the source of its fear, as well as penalty to Dexterity. A grappled creature takes a -2 penalty any other dangers it encounters, along a random path. It can't on all attack rolls and combat maneuver checks, except those take any other actions. In addition, the creature takes a -2 made to grapple or escape a grapple. In addition, grappled penalty on all saving throws, skill checks, and ability checks. creatures can take no action that requires two hands to If cornered, a panicked creature cowers and does not attack, perform. A grappled character who attempts to cast a spell typically using the total defense action in combat. A panicked must make a concentration check (DC 10 + grappler's CMB creature can use special abilities, including spells, to flee; + spell level), or lose the spell. Grappled creatures cannot indeed, the creature must use such means if they are the only make attacks of opportunity.

A grappled creature cannot use Stealth to hide from the Panicked is a more extreme state of fear than shaken or creature grappling it, even if a special ability, such as hide in frightened. plain sight, would normally allow it to do so. If a grappled creature becomes invisible, through a spell or other ability, it gains a +2 circumstance bonus on its CMD to avoid being grappled, but receives no other benefit.

Ranged attacks get no special bonus against helpless targets. through. Rogues can sneak attack helpless targets.

deliver a coup de grace to a helpless foe. An enemy can also breaks, but the broken pieces are joined with the body as he use a bow or crossbow, provided he is adjacent to the target. returns to flesh, he is unharmed. If the character's petrified The attacker automatically hits and scores a critical hit. (A body is incomplete when it returns to flesh, the body is rogue also gets his sneak attack damage bonus against a likewise incomplete and there is some amount of permanent helpless foe when delivering a coup de grace.) If the

throw against the fascinating effect. Any obvious threat, such damage dealt) or die. Delivering a coup de grace provokes

Creatures that are immune to critical hits do not take critical damage, nor do they need to make Fortitude saves to avoid being killed by a coup de grace.

Incorporeal: Creatures with the incorporeal condition do not have a physical body. Incorporeal creatures are immune to all nonmagical attack forms. Incorporeal creatures take half damage (50%) from magic weapons, spells, spell-like effects, and supernatural effects. Incorporeal creatures take full Flat-Footed: A character who has not yet acted during a damage from other incorporeal creatures and effects, as well

Invisible: Invisible creatures are visually undetectable. An invisible creature gains a +2 bonus on attack rolls against Frightened: A frightened creature flees from the source of its sighted opponents, and ignores its opponents' Dexterity fear as best it can. If unable to flee, it may fight. A frightened bonuses to AC (if any). See Invisibility, under Special

> Nauseated: Creatures with the nauseated condition experience stomach distress. Nauseated creatures are unable to attack, cast spells, concentrate on spells, or do anything take is a single move actions per turn.

Grappled: A grappled creature is restrained by a creature, Panicked: A panicked creature must drop anything it holds way to escape.

Paralyzed: A paralyzed character is frozen in place and unable to move or act. A paralyzed character has effective Dexterity and Strength scores of 0 and is helpless, but can take purely mental actions. A winged creature flying in the Helpless: A helpless character is paralyzed, held, bound, air at the time that it becomes paralyzed cannot flap its wings sleeping, unconscious, or otherwise completely at an and falls. A paralyzed swimmer can't swim and may drown. opponent's mercy. A helpless target is treated as having a A creature can move through a space occupied by a Dexterity of 0 (-5 modifier). Melee attacks against a helpless paralyzed creature—ally or not. Each square occupied by a target get a +4 bonus (equivalent to attacking a prone target). paralyzed creature, however, counts as 2 squares to move

Petrified: A petrified character has been turned to stone and As a full-round action, an enemy can use a melee weapon to is considered unconscious. If a petrified character cracks or hit point loss and/or debilitation.

actions. A pinned creature cannot move and is flat-footed. A unconscious. If the character has become stable because of pinned character also takes an additional -4 penalty to his aid from another character (such as a Heal check or magical it can take. A pinned creature can always attempt to free character can make a DC 10 Constitution check each hour to itself, usually through a combat maneuver check or Escape become conscious and disabled (even though his hit points actions, but cannot cast any spells that require a somatic or equal to his negative hit point total. material component. A pinned character who attempts to cast a spell must make a concentration check (DC 10 + grappler's CMB + spell level) or lose the spell. Pinned is a more severe version of grappled, and their effects do not stack.

Prone: The character is lying on the ground. A prone attacker lose 1 hit point. has a -4 penalty on melee attack rolls and cannot use a ranged weapon (except for a crossbow). A prone defender gains a +4 bonus to Armor Class against ranged attacks, but takes a -4 penalty to AC against melee attacks.

attack of opportunity.

rolls, saving throws, skill checks, and ability checks. Shaken take actions, takes a -2 penalty to AC, and loses its Dexterity is a less severe state of fear than frightened or panicked.

rolls, weapon damage rolls, saving throws, skill checks, and helpless. Unconsciousness can result from having negative ability checks.

Stable: A character who was dying but who has stopped losing hit points each round and still has negative hit points

Pinned: A pinned creature is tightly bound and can take few is stable. The character is no longer dying, but is still Armor Class. A pinned creature is limited in the actions that healing), then the character no longer loses hit points. The Artist check. A pinned creature can take verbal and mental are still negative). The character takes a penalty on this roll

> If a character has become stable on his own and hasn't had help, he is still at risk of losing hit points. Each hour he can make a Constitution check to become stable (as a character that has received aid), but each failed check causes him to

Staggered: A staggered creature may take a single move action or standard action each round (but not both, nor can he take full-round actions). A staggered creature can still take swift and immediate actions. A creature with nonlethal Standing up is a move-equivalent action that provokes an damage exactly equal to its current hit points gains the staggered condition.

Shaken: A shaken character takes a -2 penalty on attack Stunned: A stunned creature drops everything held, can't bonus to AC (if any).

Sickened: The character takes a -2 penalty on all attack Unconscious: Unconscious creatures are knocked out and hit points (but not more than the creature's Constitution score), or from nonlethal damage in excess of current hit

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